

Duct Leakage Testing

Ken Helfers, TSI Inc.



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Agenda



- Need for duct leakage testing
- Duct leakage testing standards and regulations
- Performing duct leakage testing

Why Test Ducts for Leakage?



- Conserve energy
 - 10-30% of heated/cooled air lost through ductwork
 - Leaky supply ducts don't delivery air where needed
 - Leaky return ducts add load

Why Test Ducts for Leakage?



- Indoor Air Quality
 - Leaky returns can pull in air from uncontrolled spaces, causing
 - Humidity problems
 - Contaminants





- IAQ, Comfort, Energy issues caused by leakage from HVAC System
- System Leakage = Duct Leakage + Equipment Leakage

+ Accessory Leakage

- Scope of presentation = Duct leakage
 - Does not include:
 - Leakage through Equipment (See ASHRAE 193)
 - Leakage through Accessories
 - Commercial & industrial systems

TRUST. SCIENCE Similar concepts for residential

Why Test Ducts for Leakage?

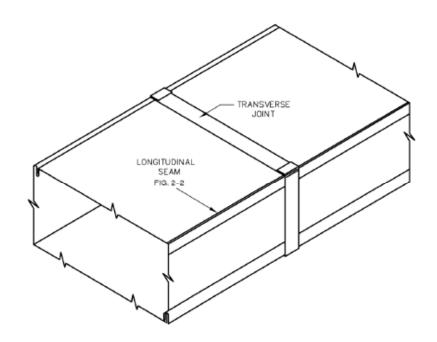


- Requirements
 - US
 - SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test manual, First edition, 1985
 - ASHRAE 90.1 (Proposed)
 - Project specifications
 - California Title 24 → residential testing required if ahu/furnace in garage or ducts in non-conditioned space (attic)
 - Europe
 - BS EN 12237:2003 Circular Ductwork
 - BS EN 1507:2006 Rectangular Ductwork
 - DW/143 (HVAC—A practical guide to Ductwork leakage testing)
 - Eurovent 2/2 (Air leakage rate in sheet metal air distribution systems)

Where Does Duct Leakage Occur?

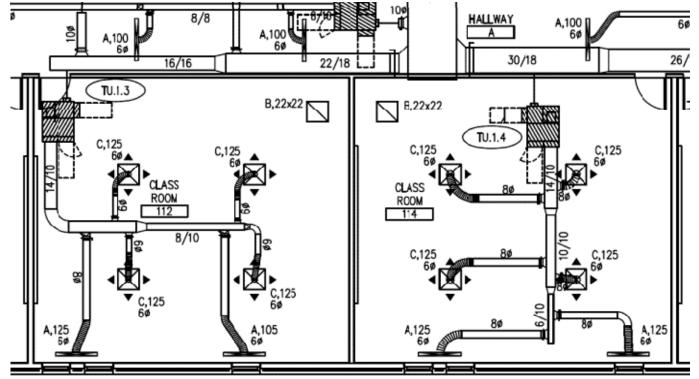


- Transverse Joint
 - Duct-to-duct, -branch, -tap, etc.
- Longitudinal Seam
 - Joining of 2 edges in direction of airflow
- Penetration
 - Rod, wire, tubing, etc.
- Sealing not required:
 - Spiral seams
 - Screws & fasteners
 - Damper rods



Where Does Duct Leakage Occur?





- Higher-pressure ductwork
 - ASHRAE 90.1 recommends only testing ductwork rated >3 in H_2O
 - Don't test flex duct

How to Test Duct Leakage (Basic)



- Identify ductwork section to be tested
 - Calculated surface area
- Seal ductwork
- Pressurize ductwork to specified level
- Measure flow required to maintain duct pressure
- Compare to standards

Duct Leakage Measurements



- % of Flow requirements
 - Problem: Disregards size of ductwork & static pressure
 - i.e. 1% of flow on 3900 cfm system = 39 cfm. If 1300 ft² duct area = 3 cfm leakage / 100 ft² 300 ft² duct area = 13 cfm leakage / 100 ft²
- Test pressure requirements
 - Problem: Test pressure higher than duct design
 - i.e. testing system designed for 2 in H_2O operation at 10 in H_2O
- Need to consider
 - Surface area of ductwork
 - Type of ductwork (round, rectangular)
 - Static pressure

US Duct Leakage Testing Requirements - (SMACNA)



Duct Class	¹ / ₂ -, 1-, 2-inwg	3-inwg	4-, 6-, 10-inwg	
Seal Class	С	В	А	
Sealing Applicable	Transverse Joints Only	Transverse Joints and Seams	Joints, Seams and All Wall Penetrations	
Leakage Class (C _L) – CFM Leakage per 100 ft ² @ 1 in H ₂ O				
Rectangular Metal	24	12	6	
Round Metal	12	6	3	

$F=C_{L}^{*}P^{0.65}$

- $F = Max Leakage (cfm/100 ft^2)$
- C_L = Leakage Class (from table above)

• $P = Pressure (in H_2O)$

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1) Duct System Designer:

Include on Design/Contract Drawing:

• Specify Duct Pressure Classification

US Duct Leakage Testing Requirements - (SMACNA)



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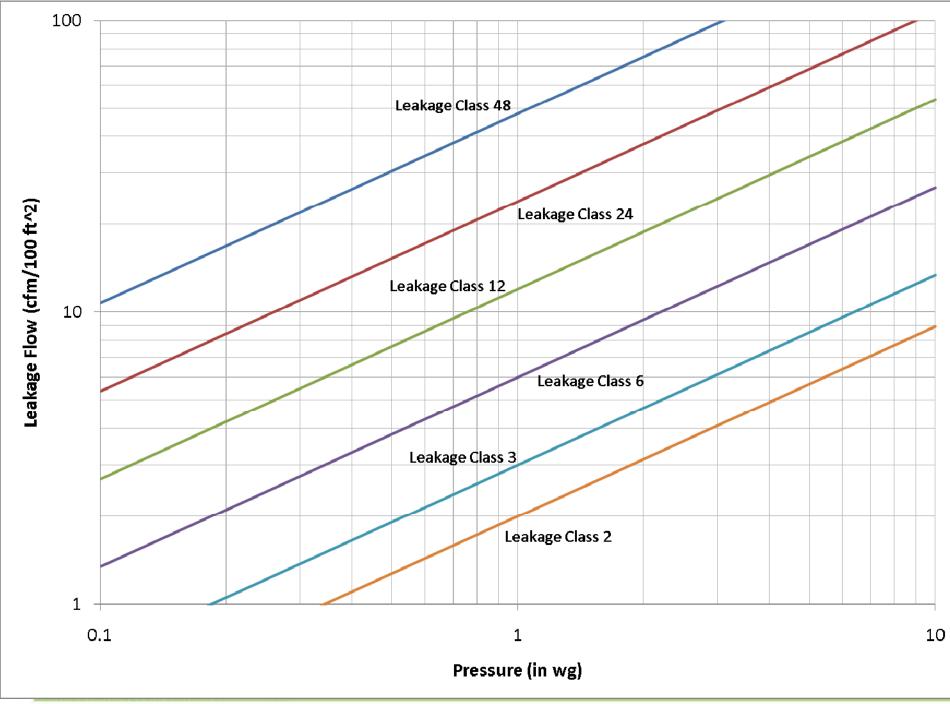
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Duct Leakage Equation

$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathbf{P}^{.65}$

- Where F = Leakage [CFM] / 100 ft² duct
 - C_L = Duct Leakage Classification P = Duct Static Pressure ["w.g.]



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1) Duct System Designer:

Include on Design/Contract Drawing:

- Test (or not) as installed? Depends on design intent/requirements
- If Test: Specify on Dwgs
 - Portion of ductwork, or whole system?
 - Positive Pressure? Negative?
 - Provide method details



Quote from HVAC AIR DUCT LEAKAGE TEST MANUAL (SMACNA):

"WHERE NO SPECIFIC DUCT PRESSURE CLASS DESIGNATIONS ARE PROVIDED BY THE DESIGNER THE 1" WATER GAGE PRESSURE CLASS IS THE BASIS OF COMPLIANCE...



... EXCEPT WHEN THE DUCT IS VARIABLE VOLUME: ALL VARIABLE VOLUME DUCT UPSTREAM OF VAV BOXES HAS A 2" W.G. BASIS OF COMPLIANCE WHEN THE DESIGNER DOES NOT GIVE A PRESSURE CLASS."

– from SMACNA HVAC AIR DUCT LEAKAGE TEST MANUAL, 1985



2) Testing Agency: Prepare paperwork

- Test plan
- Test report form



3) Testing Agency: Prepare the site

- Plan/Coordinate with construction/installation contractors
- Blanking materials
- Equipment
 - Select according to Test Requirements
 - Consider
 - System Flowrate
 - Leakage Classification
 - Flow Capacity of Test System



- Equipment Details:
 - Must use instruments that have been calibrated within the past 12 months
 - Calibration certificates traceable to NIST
 - Consider Test System capabilities:
 - Ability to Log data and download with Time/Date stamp vs. using liquid-inclined and U-tube manometers



• Contingency planning

(Designer: Put plans in contract drawing/specs)

– If duct leak test FAILS – then what?

REMEDIATE!



- REMEDIATION Plan
 - Seal the leaks
 - Wait for seals to cure
 - Re-test
 - Re-test failed section only?
 - Does section failure trigger need to test more sections?

SPECIFY!

Test Procedure



1) Select Duct Section for Testing

2) Measure and Calculate Duct Surface Area

3) Seal All Openings (except one)



DW/143 Ductwork Leakage Testing A practical guide

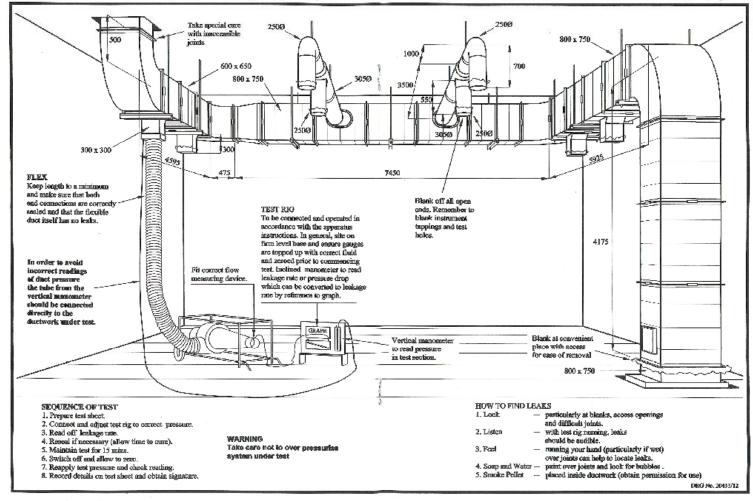
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DW/143 Ductwork Leakage Testing A practical guide

Fig. 1 Hints on Ductwork Leakage Testing

The dimensions on this ductwork are used in an example on page 7



Test Apparatus



Duct Leakage Test System consists of:

1) Blower with speed control (VFD) to generate range of pressure/flow

2) Flow measuring devices

- Flow Grid/Flow Station (High Flow)
- Orifice Plate (Low Flow)
- 3) Pressure instruments (manometers)
- 4) Accessories to attach to duct system
- 5) Optional item (smoke generator)

Test System: Considerations

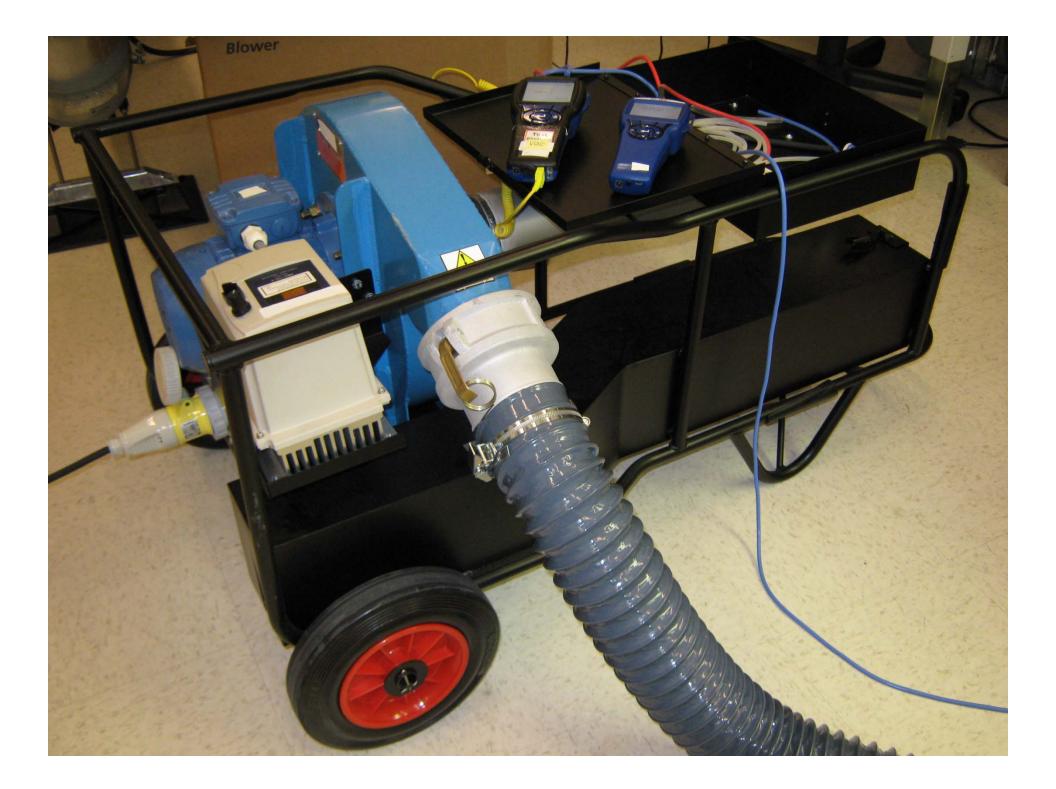


- Maximize: Flow Range
 - Limits duct section size/Leakage Rate
- Maximize: Pressure Range
 - High Pressure Blower to cover duct classes
 - ½" to 10" w.g.
- Maximize: Instrument Measurement Accuracy
 - Flow: 2.5% of reading
 - Pressure: 1% of reading

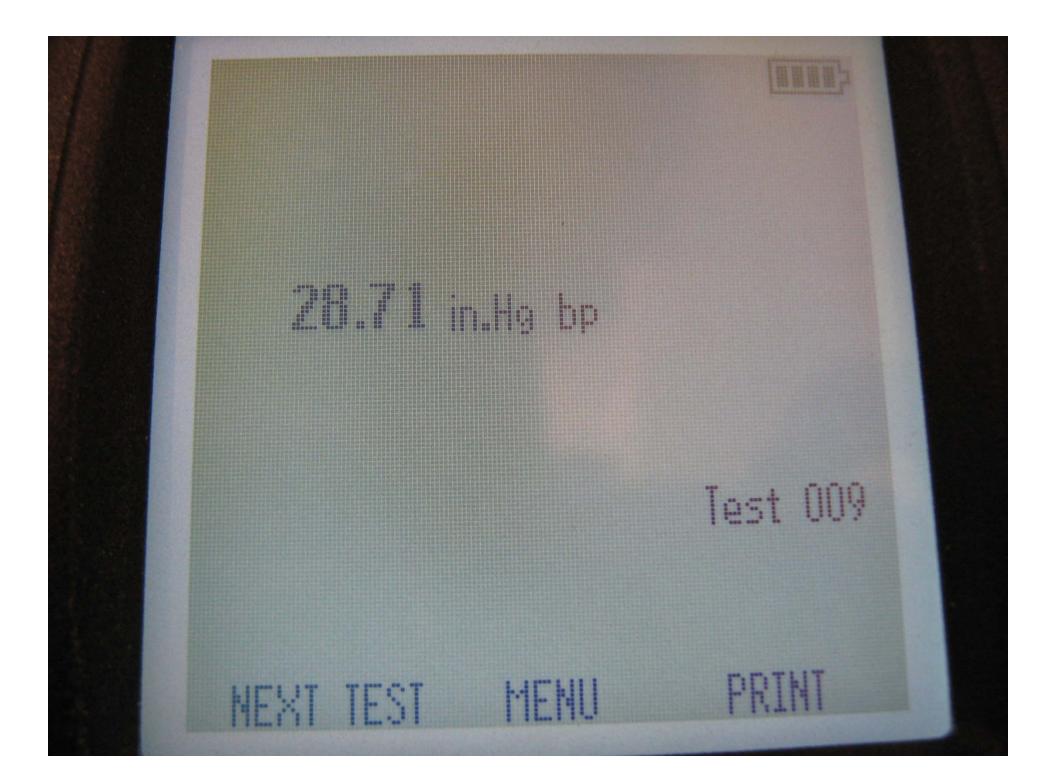


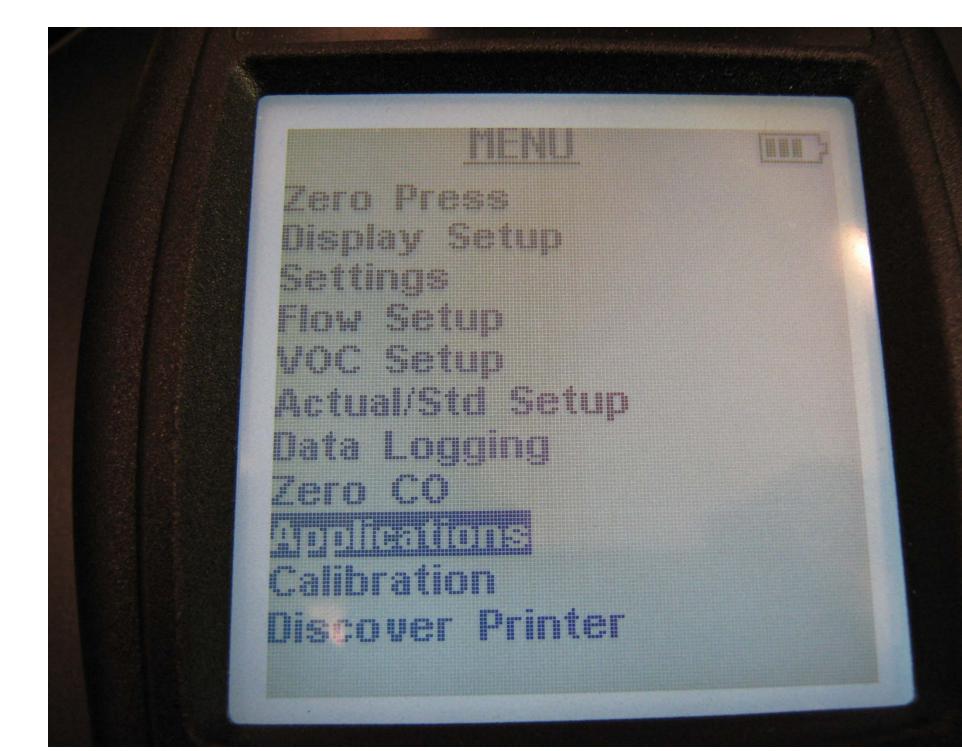
Test System Considerations

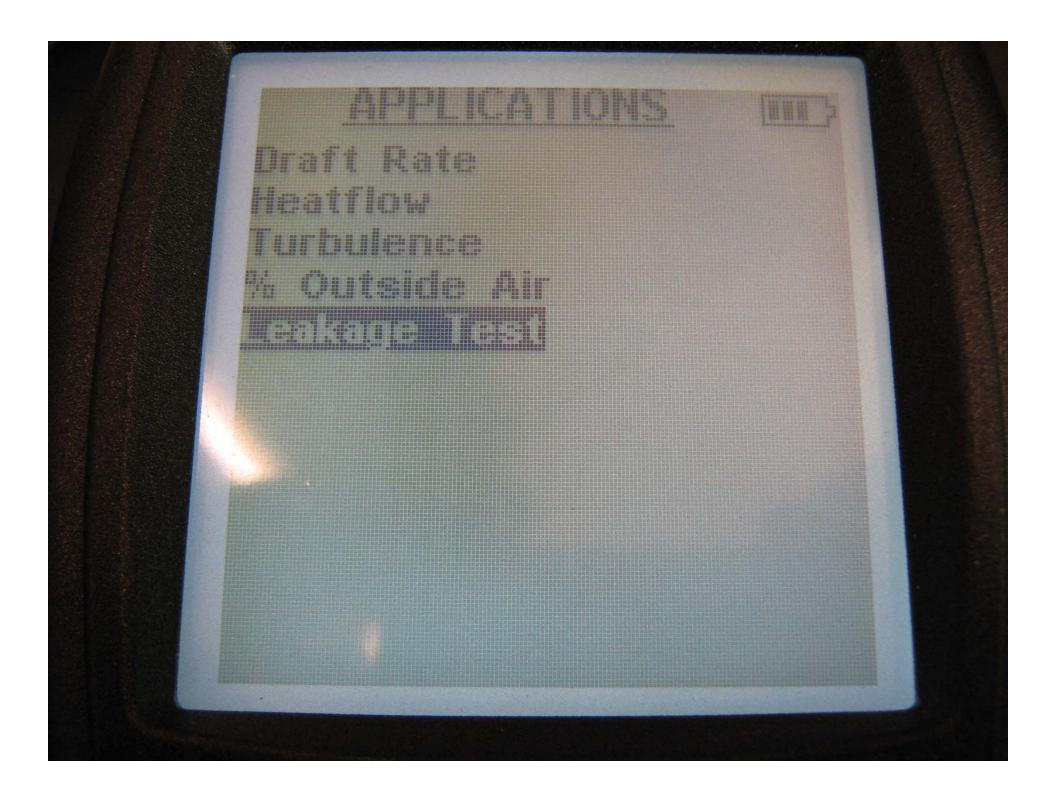
- Instrumentation:
 - Traceable to National Standards (NIST)
 - Logging capability SIMPLIFY!
 - Time/Date Stamp on each data set
 - Calculates Flows
 - Calculates Leakage rate based on duct ft² input
 - Indicates PASS/FAIL status according to selectable defined leakage classifications
 - Report generation and validation

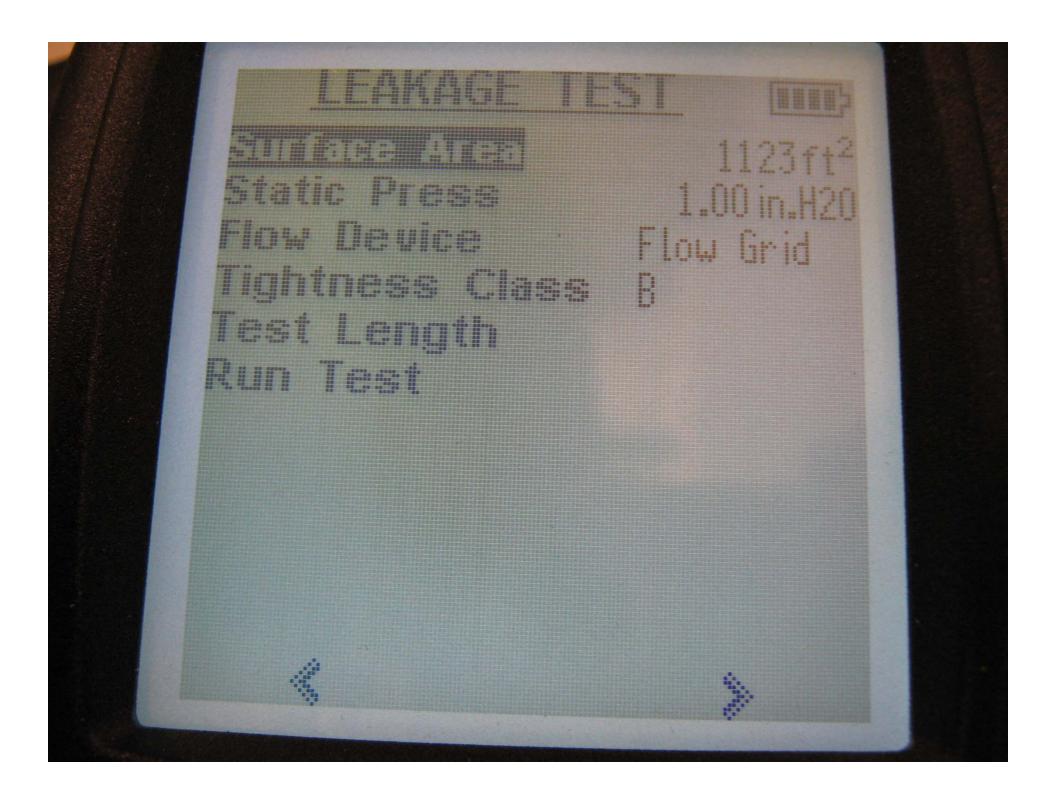


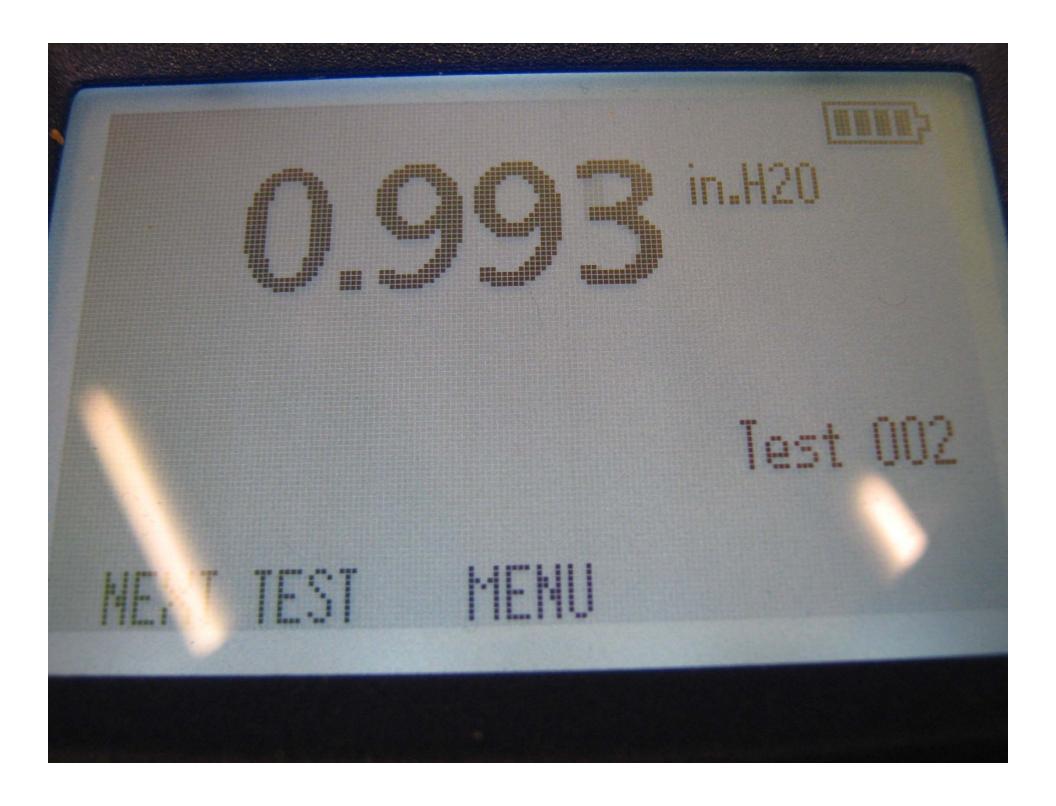


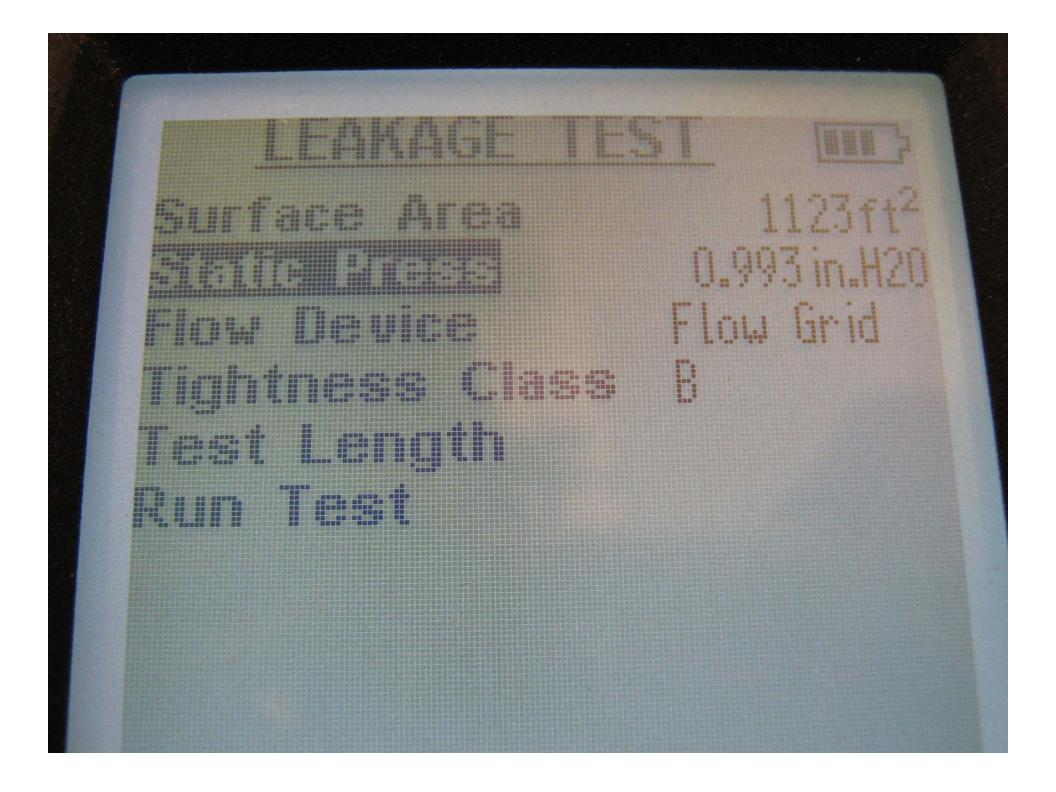


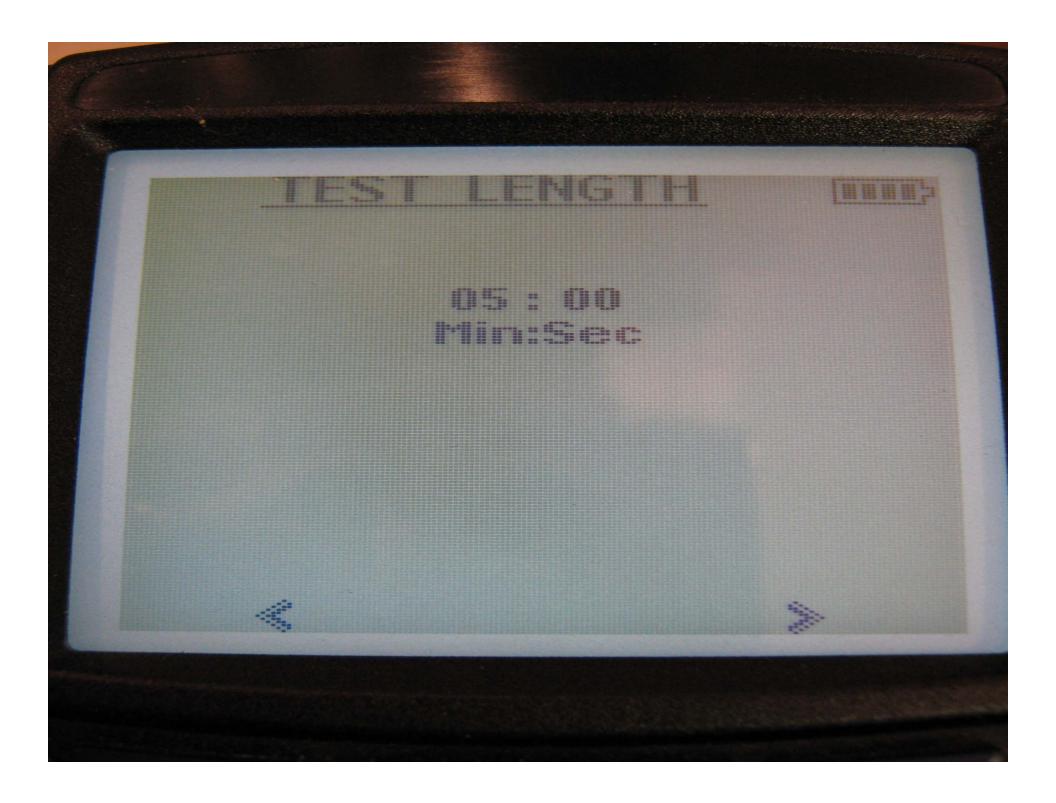


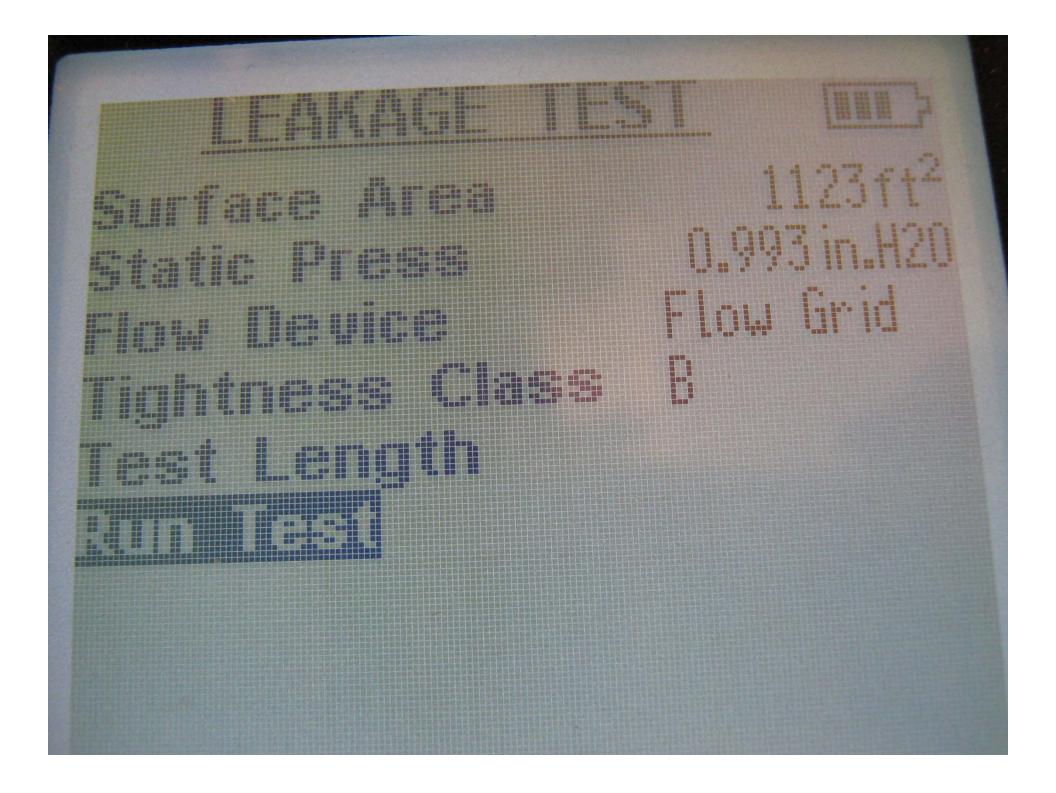












Leak Factor Leak Linnit	0.08085CFH/ft ² 0.0637CFH/ft ²
Leak Rate	0.0001 UFTRATT 892.89CFM
Status Flow Device	High,
Baro Press	Flow Grid 28.65 in.Hg
Temperature	67.0°F
	0:05
Standard	Test 009
	Sample
	0
STO	

LLIMAGE	IESI WHEEP
Leak Factor	0.08099CFM/ft2
Leak Limit	0.0637CFM/ft2
Leak Rate	90.95CFM
Status	Fail
Flow Device	Flow Grid
	28.65 in.Hq
	67.8°F
	0:00
Standard	Test 009
	Sample
Test Done	0
0.01	IF FIFTLIT

Factor Leak Leak Limit Leak Rate Status Flow Device Baro Press Temperature TITTE Standard

LEAKACE

Test Done

Street Treet 0.06218CFH/ft2 0.0637CFH/ft2 69.83CFM Pass Flow Grid 28.70 in.H9 63.9°F 0:00 Test 009 Sample

PRIN

SAUE

Summary



- Leaky ductwork is costly
- There are Standards and Test Procedures
- Designer: Be Specific with specs and

instructions

• Choose the right Test Equipment

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Appendix



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European Duct Leakage Requirements - Round Ducts



	Static Pressure Limit		Maximum	Air leakage
Duct Pressure	Positive	Negative	Air Velocity	limts
Class	Pa	Pa	m/s	l/s/m ²
Low pressure	500	500	10	0.027*** 0.65
– Class A	500	500	10	$0.027*p_t^{0.65}$
Medium				
pressure –	1000	750	20	$0.009*p_t^{0.65}$
Class B				
High pressure	2000	750	40	0.002*-0.65
– Class C	2000	750	40	$0.003*p_t^{0.65}$

• $P_t = test pressure$

European Duct Leakage Requirements - Rectangular Ducts

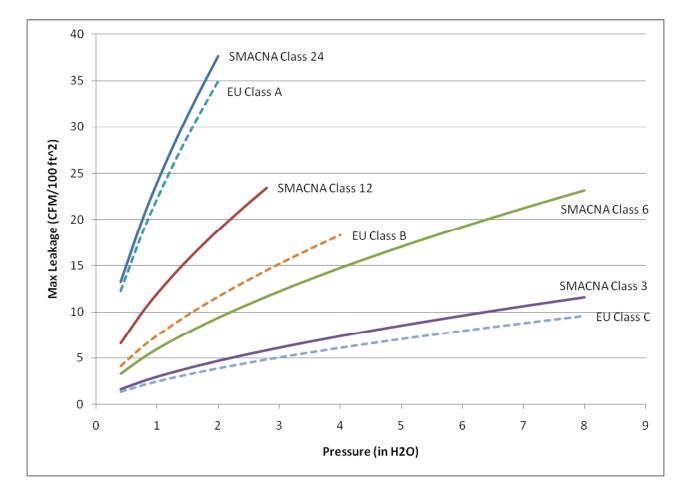


	Static Pressure Limit (p _s) Pa			Air	
	Positive at pressure			Leakage	
Air Tightness	class			Limit	
Class	Negative	1	2	3	l/s/m ²
Low pressure – Class A	500	400	NA	NA	$0.027*p_t^{0.65}$
Medium pressure – Class B	750	400	1000	2000	$0.009*p_t^{0.65}$
High pressure – Class C	750	400	1000	2000	$0.003*p_t^{0.65}$

• $P_t = test pressure$



Comparison of SMACNA & EU Leakage Requirements



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	EU Standards	SMACNA Standard
Standard / Actual Conversions	Required	Suggested if: • Air Temp <40°F or >100°F • Elevation >1500 feet • Duct static <-20 in H ₂ O or >+20 in H ₂ O

Comparison



	EU Standards	SMACNA Standard
Report Requirements	Specified in Standards • Site details • Date • Location • Test equipment • Personnel & witnesses • Ductwork installer & manufacturer • Duct design operating pressure • Required Air Tightness Class	Defers to project specifications. Suggests: • Site Details • Date • Location • Personnel & witnesses • Duct section tested

Comparison



	EU Standards	SMACNA Standard
Report Requirements	Specified in Standards Measurements Duct surface area Test pressure Leakage rate Pressurizing time Calculated Leakage factor Air Leakage Limit Pass/fail result 	Defers to project specifications. Suggests: • Measurements • Duct surface area • Test pressure • Leakage rate • Calculated • Max Air Leakage allowed • Pass/fail result