# Education Barriers for Immigrant Students

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## Who are we talking about?

# **US CITIZENS**

- Birth in US
- Birth abroad (citizen parents)
- Naturalization
- Automatic (parents naturalize)



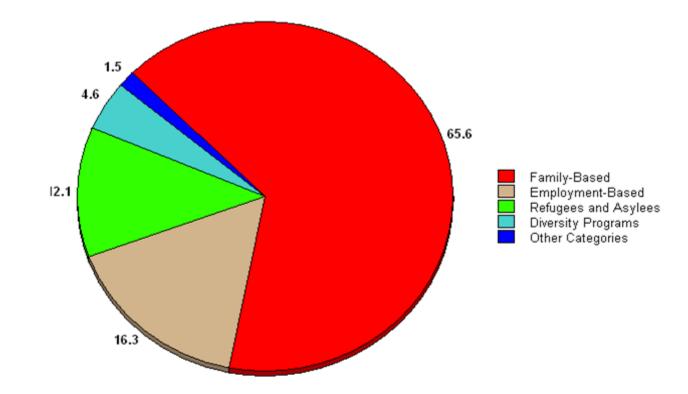
#### Spectrum on non-citizens



#### TPS - Renovar y Permisos de viajar

- Legal Permanent Residents
- Asylees + refugees
- Non-immigrants
- Temporary status
- Undocumented

#### Paths to Permanent Residence



## DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA)

#### DACA 2012

- Arrived in U.S. before 16 years old
- Born after June 15, 1981
- In U.S. by June 15, 2007
- High school diploma, currently in school, GED or military
- •2 year deferred action/work permit



## Dream Act - long history



#### New path to LPR status for youth

- First introduced in 2001- South Korean pianist
- Failed in 2010 Change in tactics
- Youth recruited law professors
- Direct Action against Obama and other lawmakers
- DACA as a short-term fix
- Reform blocked in 2013

#### DACA Under Attack



#### Threats to DACA

- Sept. 5, 2017 Trump announces end of program
- Created chaos with short time frame for renewals
- Jan 9, 2018 Fed judge in San Francisco orders renewals to resume (several other courts also)
- Jan 2019 Supreme Court declines to hear special appeal
- Nov 12, 2019 Supreme Court will hear arguments – decision Jan-June 2020
- RENEW NOW!

# Federal Financial Aid

Federal Financial Aid is limited to Certain categories

- US Citizens (including children of undocumented immigrants)
- Legal Permanent Resident
- Eligible Non-Citizens
  - Refugee/Asylee
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  - VAWA grantee

#### In-State Tuition Policy - Federal vs. State

In 1996, Congress passed a restrictive immigration law that limited states' ability to offer in-state tuition to unlawfully present (undocumented) students.

Several states responded by passing state laws offering in-state tuition based on requirements other than residency in the state.



#### Kansas - In-State Tuition



- In-State tuition regardless of immigration status since 2004
- Requirements:
  - Attended an accredited Kansas high school for at least three years
  - Graduated from either a Kansas high school or has Kansas (GED) certificate
  - Has filed an affidavit stating he/she will apply for legal residency when eligible
- Attempts to Repeal Every Year

#### Kansas - Welcomes Missourians

- Many Kansas schools recruit outof-state students, including immigrant students
- Rural universities and colleges can be good options
- Offer in-state tuition and state scholarships to even undocumented students.



#### Missouri - Steps forward and back



- Pre-2008 no state rules, each university made own decisions on enrollment
- 2008 Bill introduced barring unlawfully present (undocumented) students introduced - enforced as filed
- 2012 DACA launched Students now are lawfully present and able to enroll. Universities extend special tuition programs to DACA students (metro-rate)
- 2014 Missouri Department of Education agrees DACAs eligible for A+ Scholarship
- 2015 Backlash from Legislature

## Legislative Backlash - Courts Review

- 2015 Missouri Legislature passes a law restricting the A+ scholarship to USC/LPR
- 2015 Mo Leg fails to pass bill about DACA tuition, so they put it in the Title of the Budget Bill (HB3) - unlawful status = international tuition rates
- ACLU sues as HB3 unconstitutionally makes policy through the budget
- 2016 ACLU loses in District Court
- Summer 2017 ACLU wins at Appellate Court - HB3 is illegal, but state regulations limit in-state tuition to lawful status
- Language of HB3 moved to body of budget bill Impact is unclear
- 2019 session HB3 almost eliminated



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### Roller coaster for students

- 2013 Students enrolled at UMKC offered in-state tuition (Metrorate)
- 2015 Notified just days prior to start of semester of international/out-of-state cost
- Community rallied to raise funds
- UMKC down from 33 to 11 DACA students



## Future options in Missouri



- HB3 struck down?? Unclear
- Universities can be creative
  - UMKC/UMSL metrorate
  - UCM working on creating a special tuition rate for immigrant students
  - MCC Tax credits (property/income)
  - Midwest Student Exchange Program
- Institutional Scholarships again available
  - HB3 = universities found special money that quickly ran out. Those students could be supported by regular money w/o HB3
- Undocumented students should be able to enroll this has not yet been tested.
- Lawful status = in-state tuition & fin aid

## DREAM and Promise Act 2019

- DREAM Act would provide a path to Legal Permanent Residency (green card) for youth and TPS holders
- LPR's are eligible for all federal and state financial aid
  - Pell Grants
  - Federal Loans
  - Other Scholarships
- Unlikely to pass until after next general election in 2020
- Depend on the courts for now



#### Resources for immigrant youth



- Latinos of Tomorrow
- Movimiento Cosecha
- KS/MO DREAM Alliance
- GKC Hispanic Development Fund
- Professional Networking Organizations
  - HNBA
  - ProHispanica
  - Society of Hispanic Engineers



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