

Education in the John Strachan Papers

Call Number: MIC-Loyalist FC LFR .S7J6P3

Name: Strachan, John, 1778-1867.

Title: Papers: 1794-1940; (predominant 1794-1867)

Notes: Reels 7*, 8*, 9* and 12* have not been included in this guide. *These are available in the red Loyalist binders; as well check Archives of Ontario's catalogue.

Reel 1

1797: Letter, John Strachan, King's College, Aberdeen, to Dr. Brown, Professor of Natural Philosophy, Glasgow.

- Has to return to Denino by March 1st as schoolmaster.
- Comments on some school matters.

1799: Letter, John Strachan, Kettle, to Dr. Brown, St. Andrews.

- Heard of vacancy in Aberdeen in grammar school.
- Asks his advice in view of possible opening for him.

Same to same.

- Has heard not likely to receive appointment in Aberdeen.
- Members of the town council in whose gift the place is were applied to.

1805: Letter, John Strachan, Cornwall, to Rev. Dr. Brown, St. Andrews, N. Britain.

- Disappointed in not securing an "apparatus" for the Academy.
- Sketches a course in Theology- thinks it would be valuable.
- In Kingston, move permanent; possibility of being assisted by Mr. Cartwright, and raising Academy to greater splendor.
- However, numbers increase; last year 23 & this year expect at least ten more.
- No salary allowed by government- not able to allow anything liberal to assistant.
- Suspects Chaplain to House of Assembly responsible for killing bill authorizing purchase of "apparatus."

1806: Letter, John Strachan, Cornwall, to Rev. Dr. James Brown, St. Andrews, N. Britain.

- House of Assembly appropriated £ 400 for instruments purchase- by next summer - demonstrate mathematical knowledge.

- Parents seldom appreciate advantage of liberal system of education.
- Methodists progress- fill country with fanaticism.
- Well liked in Kingston, clergyman getting old, livings same, best place for Academy that he contemplates & place where more strongly seconded.

1807: Letter, John Strachan, Cornwall, to Dr. James Brown, St. Andrews, N. Britain.

- New apparatus delayed, government mortified.
- Last winter, Legislature – voted £800 year for 4 years: to establish good school in 8 districts in this province.
- Chosen for one of these in residing district, adds 100 a year for revenue, trustees do not meddle with school fees.
- Looked for great diminution of scholars- his reputation for teaching secures him: present number -36.
- Explains practice of “general examinations”.
- Hopes induce government- lands to education for young.
- Provincialists remain ignorant- send children to university.
- Forced this year to build schoolhouse.

Feb 19, 1809: Letter, Bishop of Quebec, to John Strachan.

- Will receive and give ordination to candidates for Holy Orders given by him, provided Bishop satisfied with their attainments & open situation- government consents placement.
- Agrees ideas on establishments of education- explains difficulties with it.

Sept. 25, 1889. Same to same.

- Visited J.S.’s school; states- satisfied, boys deficient in prosody and recommends study be taken up.

Oct. 7, 1809. Letter, Rod’k MacLeod, King’s College, Scotland, to John Strachan.

- Confer academical honor on both John Strachan churches & happy to confer them on you if university should be disposed to confer them.

Oct. 21, 1809: Letter, John Strachan, Cornwall, to Rev. Dr. James Brown, St. Andrews, N. Britain.

- Received apparatus, wants books.
- Numbers preserved, apparatus would increase them.

July 11, 1812: Letter James Reid, St. Armand, to Rev. Dr. John Strachan, York.

- Informs of new school in St. Armand.

1815: Draft of letter from John Strachan concerning McGill University founding plans- urges immediate action.

Feb., 1822: Extract from memoranda given to Attorney General to submit to H.M. Govt.

- Proposals for establishment of schools with teachers, superintendent of general board of education- Dr. Strachan's name suggested for last.

Reel 2

1823: Copy of petition to H. E. Sir Peregrine, Maitland, from President and Members of Board for General superintendence of Education in Upper Canada, concerning school lands.

Feb., 1823: Extract of dispatch from the Rt. Hon, Earl Bathurst to H.E. Major General Sir Peregrine Maitland.

- Conveys Majesty's consent for portion of reserve be reserved for building University for national plan of education.

March 27, 1823: Surveyor General's Report on School Lands.

May 13, 1823: Letter, G. Hillier, Government House, to the Hon. Presiding Councilor.

- Requests attention of Executive Council to appoint general board of Education in Upper Canada: first duty- reserve land for endowment of university.

May 14, 1823: Report of a Committee of the Hon. Executive Council to establish general education system under H.M. Government sanction.

- Income of £50,000 must be raised; Committee suggest lands listed be sold for this purpose.

May 26, 1823: Letter, G. Hillier, Government House, York, to the Hon. & Rev. Dr. Strachan.

- Announces appointed to be President of Board for General Superintendence of Education in Upper Canada.

May 28, 1823: Letter, John Strachan to George Hillier, Private Secretary to H.E. the Lieut. Governor.

- Accepts position for President of Board for General Superintendence of Education in Upper Canada.

July 18, 1823: Letter, John Strachan to the Hon. Samuel Smith, John Small, D. Cameron, and Thos. Ridout, Trustees of Home District School.

- Resigns position of head master at District Grammar School, having been appointed President of Board for General Superintendence of Education.

July 23, 1823: Letter, Samuel Smith, John Small, D. Cameron and Thos. Ridout, Trustees of Home District School, to the Hon. & Rev. Dr. Strachan.

- Appreciate his merits, benefits district has received, wish him well.

June 14, 1825: Draft of report by John Strachan to the H.E. Sir Peregrine Maitland.

- Gives observations on report of commissioners to value lands to be purchased.

July 18, 1825: Letter, G. Hillier, Government House, York, to Rev. Dr. Strachen.

- Notifying him of his appointment as Trustee of Public School in several districts.

October 24, 1825: Letter, H. Hillier, government House, to the Chairman, Board of Education, home District.

- All communications concerning public school be sent to him for general education system creation.
- Students shall not be impeded to further pursue learning due to difference in previous learning system.

Dec. 19, 1825: Dispatch from Sir Peregrine Maitland to the Earl Bathurst.

- Suggesting University reserved lands to be exchanged with reserves remaining in the Crown, being available immediately for the objective.

Feb.3 1826: Extract from Report of Executive Council.

- Related to founding of University in Upper Canada.

March, 1826: Draft of Letter, Sir Peregrine Maitland to Lord Bathurst.

- Sends Dr. Strachan to lay case of University before His Lordship.

June 15, 1826: Copy of letter, John Strachan to Earl Bathurst.

- Draft of proposed charter for University at York, U.C.

June 22, 1826: Letter, Lord Bathurst to Dr. Strachan.

- Discusses charter proposal for new University of King's College- related to established (Anglican) church.

June 27, 1826: Letter, R. Whately, Halesworth, Suffolk, to Dr. Strachan.

- Read his memorial; can be used as claim-candidate for a degree.
- Gives advice regarding statutes of College and some hints as to the studies.
- Botanic garden less necessary at beginning.

July 5, 1826: Letter Anthony Hamilton, 42 Castle Street, Leicestars Square, to Rev. Dr. Starchan.

- Notifies grant from Incorporated Society for Propagation of Gospel of £500- for College Library purchase.

Oct. 1826: Letter, Thos. Duncan, St. Andrews, to Dr. J. Strachan.

- Sent some pamphlets; tells of college activities.

Nov. 6, 1826: Extract from letter to Mr. Partlock, Royal Engineers, by T. G. Anderson, Esq., Resident Agent for Indian Affairs at Drummond's Island, Lake Huron.

- States progress of some Indian (Natives) children in school.

Dec. 7, 1826: Draft of Letter, J. Strachan to Lord Grenville.

- Request allowance increase from £2000 to £3000 annually from Imperial Treasury for college to commence immediately.

1827: Answers to queries of bishop McDonell to education of Indian children.

- **Feb. 24, 1827: Letter, Dandeson Coutes, Church Missionary Home, to Archdeacon Strachan, D.D.,** Sends copy of the resolution –adopted by Church Missionary society committee- regarding grant to King's College, Nova Scotia.

Feb 27, 1827: Draft of Letter, John Strachan to Church Missionary society.

- Asks assistance to educate Indians (Natives) in Upper Canada.

Jan 27, 1827: Letter John Strachan to the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge.

- Solicits assistance to Divinity Library for University to be built in Upper Canada

March 16, 1827: Letter, Church Missionary Society to Dr. Strachan.

- Copy of resolution by Society- grants £100 annually for maintenance of 2 scholarships and a sum not exceeding £100 for Professorship of Indian (Native) Languages.
- Urge Indians (Natives) throughout Prince Rupert's Island should have same privileges at new college as Indians (Natives) of Upper Canada.

March 30, 1827: Draft of letter, John Strachan to Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

- Copy of Royal Charter for new University in Upper Canada.

March 31, 1827: Letter, Earl Bathurst to Sir P. Maitland.

- Announces charter granted to new college at York.
- Grant of £1000 per annum-fund for buildings for college- paid off monies furnished by Canada Company.
- Arranges endowment of college with some Crown Reserve.
- Submits Dr. Strachan's name as first President of King's College.

April 23, 1827: Letter, John Strachan, London, to John B. Robinson.

- Mentions lucky to secure endowment fund of college and arrangement concerning judges before resignation of Lord Bathurst took place.

May 1, 1827: Resolution passed by Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

- £500 granted towards purchase of books for library of newly-chartered University in Upper Canada.

June 5, 1827: Letter, Society for Propagating Gospel in Foreign Parts, to Rev. Dr. Strachan.

- Resolution of society: £500 granted towards library of King's College, York.
- Armorial bearings of society be stamped on book covers.

Feb. 9, 1828: Letter, Rev. Robert Addison, Niagara, to Rev. Dr. Strachan.

- Believes Dr. Strachan better qualified to direct concerns of college.
- Advices to be careful in expressing, possible to be subjected to prosecution for libel- heavy damages.

July 8, 1828: Letter, Geo. Hillier, Government House, to the Hon. Joseph Wells, Bursar, King's College.

- **Directs to pay Dr. Strachan** £678: 6s: 8d:-expenses due to journey back and forth England & 18 months detention-Soliciting from H.M. Government the Charter of King's College.

Sept. 8, 1828: List of Crown reserves which appear to have been omitted in making up the scheduled for the Kings College.

Sept. 17, 1828: Letter, John Small, C.E.C. to the Hon. & Ven. Archdeacon of York

- Summons Executive Council to audit the Public Accounts.

Jan. 19, 1829: Draft of Sir John Colborne's message to Legislative Council.

- Suggests some alterations to Charter of King's College's terms.

March 19, 1829: Resolutions passed by Legislative Council in reply to Sir John Colborne's message.

- Regarding changes in Charter of King's College's terms.
- No test required from members of Council.
- Expedient to connect Royal Grammar School with University but at the beginning do not interfere with endowment granted by Royal bounty.

June 17, 1829: Letter, G. Murray to Archdeacon Strachan.

- Concerns Kings College.
- Funds calculated for establishing the college less productive than anticipated.
- Doubts exclusive principle introduced into the Charter.

July 28, 1829: Letter, Rev. George Mountain, Quebec, to J. Strachan.

- Protests letter objected to G.M.'s address at McGill College regarding overtaking.

- Explains his remarks on J.S.'s nomination to a professorship there.

Aug. 29, 1829: Draft of letter, J. Strachan to Robert Armour, Editor of Montreal Gazette.

- Wants to correct an editorial on opening of McGill College and references to J.S.'s nomination to a professorship there.

Oct. 20, 1829: Letter, John Strachan to Rev, Dr, James Brown, Edinburgh.

- Reports in work on University- 305 acres purchased, part fenced, cleared and planted.
- Hope to begin teaching in 2 years with 3 professors and principal.
- Sailed for England; may go to Germany to study language.

May, 1830: Memorandum of the Lieutenant Governor submitted to Executive Council.

- Concerns lands for schools and University.

June 11, 1830: Letter, John Strachan to Dr. Sumner, Clinton, Niagara District.

- Concerns complaint of Geo. Rankin- school trustees refused to sign certificate of services.
- Points out – trustees liable to action at law unless just cause exists.

June 20, 1831: Letter, Sir John Colborne, Government Houe, to the Archdeon of York.

- Course of studies at Minor College (Upper Canada College).

June 21, 1831L: Letter, Rev. A. N. Bethune, London, England, to the Archdeacon of York.

- Will be glad to receive any University documents.

June 25, 1831: Dispatch from Lord Goderich.

- Asks information about lands reserved for education in Upper Canada- amount sold, leased, spent on education buildings & return of these establishments.

June 30, 1831: Letter, Thomas Talbot, Port Talbot, to archdeacon of York.

- Protests report of council of district school land.
- Wants 200 acre lot in Dunwich – belongs to College and in his way, exchanged for another lot.

Aug. 20, 1831: Minutes of meeting at District School House at Cornwall.

- To present a plate valued £100 guineas to Archdeacon Strachan by those under his tuition at Cornwall- as tribute of his character and to honour him.

Oct. 4, 1831: Letter, Rev. A.N. Bethune, London, England, to the Archdeacon of York.

- Subject of University
- Bishop favoured one instead of two.
- Lord Goderich disagreed.

Same to same, written from Utica.

- Sent pamphlets of reserve to Dr. Wordsworth, Master of Trinity College, Cambridge.
- Added letter- claims of colonial church under two heads: reserves and university.

December 17, 1831: draft of letter, J. Strechan, as President of the University to Lord Goderich.

- Memo on changes proposed in charter.

Feb. 14, 1832: Letter, W. Chewitt, A.S.G., York, to Archdeacon Strachan.

- List of glebe lots in York.

April 19, 1832: Letter, Rev. George O'Kill Stuart, Kingston, to the Archdeacon of York.

- Authorizes him to to act for him at College Council board.

Sept. 27, 1832: Letter, Jas. Nation, Chief Clerk, Inspector General's Office, to the Archdeacon of York.

- Salary of President of General board of Education in Upper Canada paid under authority of Earl Bathurst's letter to Sir Peregrine Maitland.

Sept. 29, 1832: Letter J.B. Robinson to Archdeacon Strachan.

- Understood appointment of Archdeacon to be President of General board of Education- was spontaneous suggest by Lieutenant Governor- same by Lord Bathurst.
- Confident if Secretary of State aware - scarcely determine to abolish appointment and income without imputation of a fault.

Oct. 5, 1832: Draft of Letter for John Strachan, requesting H.E. the Lieut. Governor.

- Transmits memorial respecting discontinuance of Board of Education in Upper Canada.

Oct. 26, 1832: Letter, Wm. Rowan, Government House, York, to Archdeacon of York.

- Acknowledges receipt of letter with Memorial to Secretary of State for colonies.
- States reasons assigned dispatch of Secretary of state –Confidential & tenor of public dispatch explains reason to Board of Education being ordered to be discontinued.

Nov. 15, 1832: Draft of letter from John Strachan.

- Suggestions for a report on College or University.

Nov. 16, 1832: Letter from M. Burwell.

- Encloses Notices of Motion made by him in House of Assembly.
- Concerns modification of Charter of King's College's modification & appointment of committee to enquire into all expenditures and appropriations in connection with grants for education.

Dec. 4, 1835: Memorial of House of Assembly of Upper Canada to the King.

- Concerns land reserved for education, grants to University of King's College, to Upper Canada College and amount left for Grammar schools.
- Suggest Upper Canada College buildings- sufficiently extensive and satisfies Universities purpose; prevent vast expenditure- be designated as University of King's College.
- Be incorporated and endowed as such by Legislature of Province, out of general funds arising from sale of school lands.

March 29, 1834: Draft of letter, John Strachan to Sir John Colborne.

- Opinion regarding address of Assembly respecting University of King's College.
- Ready to remove difficulties associated with delay in carrying into operation Charter of King's College.

April 2, 1834: Letter, Wm. Rowan, Government House, to Archdeacon of Toronto.

- Requires Mr. Stanley's attention- recommends College Charter to be modified & wishes to consult with him a course which would avoid delay in University opening.

April 28, 1834: Letter, John Strachan to Sir John Campbell, H.M. Attorney General.

- Mentions he is Archdeacon of York (now "Toronto") and head at University of King's College of Upper Canada.
- Submits remarks to help difficulties with Lower Canada.

Reels 2&3

Jan. 25, 1836: Letter, Rev. John Bethune, Montreal, to Archdeacon of York.

- Acknowledges copy of J.S. letter to Royal Commissioners.
- Has been appointed Principal of McGill College pro tempore.
- In order to benefit by Mr. McGill's bequest, building must be built within 3 years.

March, 1836: Lists of subscriptions towards Episcopalian Church and towards a school in Village of St. Albans, Simcoe County.

Nov. 8, 1836: memo of Proceedings of House of Assembly on University of King's College Amendment Bill.

Nov. 15, 1836: Letter, S. Walcott, Civil Secretary, Castle St. Lewis, Quebec, to Archdeacon of York.

- Reports Memorial to Secretary of State regarding Mr. McGill's legacy for building college, since erected and known as McGill College near Montreal, has been transmitted to Lord Glenelg.

1836-37: Bill entitles "An Act to Amend the Charter of the University of King's College".

1837: Substance of a Plan for commencing the University of King's College- by President through Chancellor to Council.

Jan. 18, 1837: Report of select committee upon King's College Charter Amendment Bill.

Jan. 31, 1837: Protest of W. Morris and of Jas. Crooks to the Bill entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the University of King's College.

April 26, 1837: President's Report for bringing University into speedy operation with resolution made by College Council.

June 7, 1838: Letter, Sam'l P. Jarvis, Chief S. I. Affairs, Toronto, to Archdeacon of Toronto.

- Concerns mission at Manitowaning, Manitoulin Island and advisability of having a schoolmaster and a surgeon as well as a missionary, Rev. Charles C. Brough.

Sept. 20, 1838: Copy of Minute of Council.

- Approves appointment of schoolmaster and surgeon for Manitoulin Island mission.

Feb. 1, 1839 & March 2, 1842: Estimates of cost of building University buildings.

April 23, 1839: Draft of letter from John Strachan, respecting University Expenditure.

June 5, 1839: Letter, Rev. Fred'k A. O'Meara, Mission House, Sault Ste. Marie, to Rev. H. J. Grasett, Toronto.

- Protests teachings of Rev. Mr. Hallam of Madonté and hopes he will not be appointed in district.

Dec. 19, 1839: Copy of letters from J. Colborne to Rt. Hon. Spring Rice and to W. Hay.

- Under Secretary of State, tells means of supports for Upper Canada College & requests sanction to open King's College under existing Charter.

Feb. 27, 1840: Letter, Robert J. Turner. Temple Chambers, Toronto, to the Bishop of Toronto.

- Takes exception to Dr. MacCaul's statement that unprecedented for Dignitary of church to fill university chair.

Feb. 29, 1840, Chapter I & II of statutes, rules and ordinances of University of King's College at York, Upper Canada

- Passed and adopted by council

March 4, 1840: Certificate from Trinity College, Dublin to James Wm. Smith for Master of arts Degree.

Reel 3&4:

Dec. 2, 1840: Copy of letter from Bishop Strachan to the “Times”.

- Defends against attacks of Lord Sydenham, in regards to financing of King’s College

Jan. 9, 1841: Copy of Letter, John Strachan to Sir Chas. Bagot, concerning the University.

Jan 5, 1842: Establishment of Upper Canada College, 1842.

Jan. 22, 1842: Letter, H. Boys, King’s College Office, Toronto, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns finances of College

Feb. 14, 1842: Memorandum respecting letter from the Governor General.

- Concerns opening of King’s College and staff for same.

Feb. 15, 1842: Copy of letter, Charles Bagot, Government House, Kingston to Bishop of Toronto.

- Approves suggestion of putting King’s College into immediate and effective operation.

Feb. 20, 1842: Resolutions proposed to College Council- affects opening of College

March 1, 1842: Letter, Charles Bagot, government House, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns financing of Upper Canada College and University of King’s College.

March 11, 1842: Memorandum concerning the estimated expenses of Upper Canada College and University of King’s College.

March 21, 1842: Memorandum of Bishop of Toronto and report of C. Widmer.

- Seeks advice regarding building a medical school in connection with University of King’s College.

April 13, 1842: Same to same.

- Accepts invitation to dine on 23rd- meet visitors and council of university.

April 23, 1842: Papers and memorandum.

- Regarding laying cornerstone of University of King’s College.

May 16, 1842: Draft of letter, Bishop of Toronto to the Hon. P. De Blaquiere, Woodstock, Brock District.

- Council of King’s College disposed to accept classical books offer in library and like to choose others as well.

May 21, 1842: Draft of letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Charles Bagot.

- Inquires number of professors that he considers should be invited from England.

- College Council wishes to leave choice of books for college library to them.

August 8, 1842: Letter, Bishop of Dublin to Bishop of Toronto.

- Regrets gentleman sent to investigate institutions for National Education did not allow more time for their work.
- States stand in regard to teaching Bible in schools.

Aug. 29, 1842: Letter, T.W. Keating, river St. Clair, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Suggests educating and training Indian (native) children as best to combat medicine men and lead them to Christianity.

Sept. 7, 1842: Letter, Charles Bagot, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Wishes opinion regarding university matters- two statutes dealing with matriculation and academical terms & also form of notice to candidates.
- Recommends oath of allegiance be dispensed with in case of students from the United States and other foreign countries.
- Tells of efforts to secure professors unsuccessful.

October 12, 1842: Letter, John McCaul, the Bishop of Toronto.

- Regarding terms, matriculation and notice to candidates for University of King's College.

Oct. 21, 1842: Letter, John Bethune, Montreal, to Chief Justice of Upper Canada.

- Notifying about meeting of Board of Governors of McGill University, to consider appointment of professors.

Oct. 24, 1842: Letter, A. N. Bethune, Coburg, to the Bishop of Toronto.

- Sends report on progress of Theological Institution under his charge.

October 25, 1842: Letter, Chris'r Dunkin, Assist. Sec'y to Chief Justice Robinson.

- Concerns meeting of Governors of McGill College to be held on November 2nd – His Excellency worried it might not be convenient for him.

Oct. 31, 1842: Letter, Charles Bagot, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Secured services of Mr. Croft for Chair of Chemistry in King's College.
- Appointment of professors of Mathematics and of Divinity are still doubtful.
- Anxious Dr. McCaul should be appointed Professor of Classical literature and Vice-President and Dr. King to Medical chair.

November 21st, 1842: Letter, Charles Bagot, Government House, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns appointment of professors to staff of King's College and asks requisite note of commencement of operations of college be issued for January 9th.

November 29, 1842: Draft of Letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Charles Bagot.

- Regarding plans of opening of King's College.

December 7, 1842: Draft of letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Charles Bagot.

- Understands Rev. James Keven is to be Professor of Divinity in King's College.
- Urges need of apparatus, question of seniority of professors to be settled.

December 10, 1842: letter, Charles Bagot, Gov't House, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Approves setting aside £ 1750 Sterling for books and apparatus purchase.
- Will notify different professors of their appointment to staff of King's College which Dr. McCaul has persuaded him cannot be opened in January.
- Discusses professors place seniority and place on College Council.
- Would like report on salaries and appointments of professors.
- Has appointed Mr. Draper as Professor of Civil and Common Law.

December 1842: General plan of King's College for proposed establishment and expenditure.

1842: Memorandum of substance of 9 papers left with the Lieutenant Governor concerning Upper Canada and King's College.

1843: Copy of Statutes respecting salaries of professors and certain officers and respecting seniority and precedence of professors.

Jan. 14, 1843: Letter, Charles Bagot, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Introduces Mr. Croft as new Chemical Professor.

Jan 28, 1843: Letter, Charles Bagot to Bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns question of precedence of King's College staff be settled according to faculties.

March 4, 1843: Copy of letter, T.G. Anderson, S.I.A., Manitowaning, to Col. S.P. Jarvis, C.S.I. A., Kingston.

- Sees no need for second bell.
- Does not approve the Indian (Native) testaments used as textbooks – thinks intercourse of rising generation should with whites; therefore, teaching in own language- time & labour lost.
- Thinks children should rule their own foolscap for copy books.

March 18, 1843: Letter, Bagot, Private Sect'y, Gov't House, Kingston to Bishop of Toronto.

- Covers two statutes to be laid before the Council of King's college.

March 19, 1845: Draft of letter. Bishop of Toronto to Dr. John McCaul.

- Disturbed over some decision of Sir Charles Bagot in regards to staff of King's College.

March 21, 1843: Letter, J.B. Robinson to Bishop of Toronto.

- Disturbed over conditions at King's College.
- No salary should be attached to Law Professorship; pupils might give their guineas or so for course of lectures.
- Medical department extravagantly provided for; do not believe council would assent to the scale.
- Predicts a break up in U.C. College soon.
- Dr. McCaul should not have left it (of at all) until successor had taken charge.

March 21, 1843: Copy of letter to Sir Charles Bagot from Bishop of Toronto.

- Points out methods of laying statutes before College Council.
- Hopes suitable person chosen in place of Principal- Dr. McCaul.
- U.C. College has nearly 200 scholars now.

March 23, 1843: Letter, H. Bagot, Private Sect'y, Gov't house, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Decided to wait arrival of Dr. McCaul at Kingston- to consult with him subject of University, better method than correspondence.
- Denies rumor that Mr. Meredith is to be proposed as Principal of Upper Canada College.

March 27, 1843: Draft of Letter, Bishop of Toronto to Rev. Dr. McCaul.

- Concerns University matters to be discussed with Sir Charles Bagot by Dr. McCaul.

April 26, 1843: Memorandum concerning affairs of King's College.

- Given to Dr. McCaul before going to Kingston to see Governor General.

Reel 4 & 5

April 25, 1843: Copy of Letter, Bishop of Toronto to Governor General, Sir Charles Metcalfe, sent by Dr. McCaul.

- Refers to difficulties with university opening.
- Dr. McCaul goes to Kingston to consult with him.

May 3, 1843: Copy of letter, the bishop of Toronto to rev. Dr. McCaul.

- Regrets difficulty with few matters, necessary to be disposed of before opening the University.
- Gives his opinion on some of them.

May 12, 1843: Letter, C.t. Metcalfe, Governor General, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Gives opinion on various matters concerning university.

May 19, 1843: Copy of letter, Bishop of Toronto, to Governor General.

- Taking up for comment that various matters concerning University mentioned in Governor's letter of the 12th.

May 26, 1843: Letter, W.B. O' Shaughnessy, M.D., F.R.S., to J.M. Higginson.

- Offers his services to organize Medical School at Toronto.

May 28, 1843: Letter, J.M. Higginson, Kingston, to Bishop of Toronto.

- States Chancellor suggests propriety of postponing formation of Medical School until H.E. may have an opportunity of completing establishment of Medical Professors to number contemplated.

June 2, 1843: Draft of Letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Chas. T. Metcalfe.

- Agrees to postpone the formation of Medical School.
- Thinks appointment of Dr. O' Shaughnessy to take charge would add to prestige of Medical School.

June 10, 1843: Address to bishop of Toronto, President of King's College, at opening of University.

Aug. 2, 1843: Draft of Letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Chas. T. Metcalfe.

- Urges reorganization of Council of King's College.
- Points out difficulty with precedence between Dr. McCaul as Vice- President and Professor of Classical literature and Dr. Beavens, as Professor of Divinity.

August 19, 1843: Draft of letter from the Bishop of Toronto.

- Comments decision of His Excellency as to precedence in College Council- Dr. McCaul first and then Dr. Beaven second.

September 7, 1843: Petition from the Indians (Natives) at Tyendinaga to Bishop of Toronto.

- Requests Indian language school, as well as English was used.
- Offer to pay for printing of books for use in school.

Nov. 1843: Estimate of the establishment of University.

Nov. 2, 1843: Draft of letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Chas. T. Metcalfe.

- Distressed – without reference to him nor College Council- cancelling of charter and confiscation of endowment.
- Asks that he protect the University.

Nov. 4, 1843: Letter, J.M. Higginson, Gov't House, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Acknowledges receipt of his letter and memorial concerning King's College.

Feb. 28, 1844: Extract from proceedings of the Council of King's College.

- Respecting currency for payment of salaries.

March 6, 1844: Draft of letter, Bishop of Toronto to Sir Chas. T. Metcalfe.

- Concerns measure to be brought about before Legislature affecting management and endowment changes at King's college.
- Protests strongly.

June 12, 1844: Letter, J.M. Higginson, Civil Secretary, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Reports Governor General doesn't see way to grant petition of Indians (Natives) at Manitowaning - praying for a church.
- Suggests a large, convenient school house might be made to serve the double purpose of a church on Sundays and of schoolhouse during remainder of week.

November 26, 1844: Letter, J. M. Higginson, Civil Secretary. Indian (Native) Department, to bishop of Toronto.

- Agreeing with Bishop's views of situation, he cancelled order of abolition of separate office of schoolmaster at Manitoulin Island.

Feb. 21, 1845: Letter. A. N. Bethune, Coburg, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Promises start on printing of "the Letter" soon- suggests 300 copies.
- Fears Provincial government will wreck the University.
- Discusses future prospect for his Lordship's assistant on "The Church". Asks protégé of his should receive scholarship when vacated by Mr. Ruttan next summer.
- Urges printing Family Liturgy.

March 12, 1845: Resolutions passed by the Council of King's College.

- Protests terms of Bill introduced into Legislative Assembly depriving College of rights, powers and privileges &c.; of another Bill authorizing establishing of "University of Upper Canada" and of another depriving college of its land, real estate, monies, &c.

June 12, 1845: Letter, the Bishop of Dublin to Bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns methods used in schools in Ireland.

July 11, 1845: Letter, Edward Coleridge, Eton, to Bishop of Toronto, enclosing a "Proposal for the Foundation, at Canterbury, of a Missionary College, for the Church of England.

March 5, 1846: Copy of letter, James M. Higginson to bishop of Toronto.

- States Earl Cathcart wishes to be furnished “ in a definite and official form with views of Council of King’s College on present state of their Charter as amended by the Statutes of Upper Canada, 7 Wm. 4, “in view of possible further changes.

April 12, 1846: Letter, Earl Cathcart, Montreal, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Thanks him for his letter concerning answer given by Council of King’s College on Charter subject.

1846: Statement of Expenditure of University of King’s College.

May 3, 1847: Letter, A. N. Bethune, Coburg, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Inquires about amount of fees he must re-imburse for honour he has received.
- Do not think Theological Institution has many opponents eastwards of Toronto; Right thinking men can hardly disagree with reasons for its maintenance.
- University gentlemen who are most active in their opposition need to see damage done to their Institution by narrow-minded hostility.

Sept. 1, 1847: Letter, Bishop of Nova Scotia, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Comments King’s College regarding “interference” by Colonial Legislatures with Crown Charters .

Sept. 23, 1847: Letter, Sam’l P. Jarvis to Bishop of Toronto.

- Urges two Indian (Native) boys be left in college to complete their course, in spite of Mr. O’Meara’s desire to have one as a catechist.

Feb. 11, 1848: Address of bishop of Toronto to Graduates and Undergraduates of university of King’s College.

- Replies to their memorial, on his retirement from office of President of King’s College.

Sept. 8, 1848: Letter, H. Boys, King’s College Office, to bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns resolutions passed by the College Council.
- Respects Statutes sent to the late President by Sir Charles Bagot.

Oct. 4, 1848: Letter; Bishop of Toronto to Dr. Boys, Registrar of King’s College.

- Refuses to comply with resolution passed by College Council.
- Requests draft of some Statutes transmitted by him by Sir Charles Bagot- considers such matters strictly confidential.

Reels 5&6

May 25: 1849: letter, Ernest Hawkins, 79 Pall Mall, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Sends resolutions passed by S.P.G. with respect to endowment proposed to be allowed to Theological Institution.
- Recommends two more candidates for missionary employment in Diocese of Toronto- Rev. W.B. Lauder and Mr. Arthur Mulholland.

Aug. 3, 1849: Letter, Robert Peel, Whitehall, to bishop of Toronto.

- Concerns allowance by Crown “of Act passed by Canadian Assembly in respect to Charter of University established in Toronto. “

Nov. 6, 1849: Letter, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine to Bishop of Toronto.

- Daily chapel attendance is no longer essential to academic discipline under existing constitution of University of King’s College.
- Urges establishment of Theological Professorship and a Chapel.

Draft of reply attached:

- States measures in progress to establish seminary in which secular knowledge for happy immortality according to Church of England’s principles, will form basis of all instruction.

1850, Addresses to the Bishop of Toronto from the Minister and Congregation of Church of Holy Trinity, of St. George’s Church and of St. Paul’s Church, all of Toronto.

- Regarding his departure for England to raise funds for Church University in Diocese of Toronto.

1850: Memorandum as to a way and means of raising money for proposed Church University in Diocese of Toronto.

Feb. 20th, 21st, and 22nd, 1850: Copy of correspondence (1) letter from P.B. de Blaquiere, Rockwood, to Hon. J. Macaulay, M.L.C. (2) J. Macaulay to P.B. Blaquiere and (3) J. Macaulay to Chief Justice Robinson.

- Concerning Petition to Queen to repeal Statute changing Charter of King’s College as to religious instruction, the Bishop’s journey to England to raise funds for new college and wisdom of such action.

April 10, 1850: Letter, A.N. Bethune, Coburg, to the Bishop.

- Suggests possible sources of donation for new University, which he might look for in England.

May 24, 1850: Letter, bishop of Toronto to Chief Justice Robinson.

- Plans and actions taken and to be done to raise funds for proposed Church University.

May 29, 1850: Letter, bishop of Toronto to Earl Grey.

- Sends memorandum for “establishing without assistance” for Colonial Gov’t a University in connection with the Church and receiving only from sovereign what other denominations have

long enjoyed a Charter of Incorporation providing for Government of Institution and granting privilege of conferring degrees.

May 29, 1850: Memorandum of a Scheme for establishing a Church University in Upper Canada.

- To be endowed from private sources only.

May 31, 1850: Letter, the Bishop of Toronto to the Chief Justice Robinson.

- Been to Oxford-he was guest of Jeune, who was tutor to Lord Seaton's boys.
- Vice –Chancellor promised to have his application brought before the University authorities.
- Reports Lord Grey as being civil but virtually declining his three requests, a Royal Charter, a Queen's letter, and the Queen to head his subscription list.
- Requests him to prepare a Bill for a Legislative Charter for Church College and have it brought into the House.

June 4, 1850: Letter, Bishop of Toronto to the Vice-Chancellor of University of Cambridge.

- Appealing for Assistance for the proposed Church University in Upper Canada.

June 8, 1850: Letter from the Bishop of Toronto sent to persons whom he invited to act on his committee in connection with raising funds for the proposed Church University in the Diocese of Toronto.

June 12, 1850: Circular letter sent out by the Bishop of Toronto to clergy of the Church of England.

- Asking for contributions towards his new University.

June 18, 1850: Draft of letter, Bishop of Toronto to Earl Grey.

- Concerns suggestions for incorporation of a University in Upper Canada under Church of England.

July 18, 1850: Letter, the Bishop of Toronto to Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort.

- Acknowledges his donation towards new Church University.

July 20, 1850: Letter, Frederick Wilkinson, Surgeon, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Asks him to take charge of medical book 2 to 3 hundred years old.
- He wishes to present it to Library of Medical faculty of University of Upper Canada, in remembrance of "some year's resident Medical Officer of Toronto, Upper Canada".

July 22, 1850: Letter, rev. Thomas Munns, Leeds, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Sends sum of 5 guineas, offertory at Trinity Church, for new college.

July 23, 1850: Letter, Rev. T. Sockett, Petworth, England, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Suggests that he come down to his parish to preach and explain the needs of new University in Upper Canada

July 25, 1850: a letter to Editor of Record, by the Bishop of Toronto.

- Replies to various statements made in his paper.
- Bishop Strachan is an ex- Presbyterian Minister and that he has a predilection for Presbyterianism to the disparagement of Church of England- is a true false information assumption.
- Bishop's father belongs to Episcopal Church in Scotland and his son had from early years a predilection for the Communion.
- Refuses that teaching in Diocese of Toronto is at variance with teaching of Church of England.
- Answers criticism of his refusal to ordain a gentleman on account of his views on baptismal regeneration and that he was responsible for the lamentable change made in constitution of old University.

July 29, 1850: Copy of Earl Grey's dispatch, #514, to Earl of Elgin and Kincardine.

- Asks if any circumstances in state prevent England members from establishing a university by means of funds raised by themselves and without assistance from public, the advantage of a royal charter; in terms of an enclosed draft.
- Hopes no obstacle to grant of proposed Charter since only Church of England facilities can afford for caring on education according their own views and which are usually extended to other religious communities.

Aug. 7, 1850: Letter, John Philip Gell, 16 Upper Seymour St., Portman Square, London, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Gives information respecting the rights and duties of church on education in Tasmania.

Aug. 9, 1850: Letter, Anne McGillivray, Devon, to bishop of Toronto.

- Sends small contribution towards his new college.

Aug. 13, 1850: Letter, Viscount Campden, Campden House, Broadway, to the Bishop of Toronto, sending his contribution towards new college.

Aug. 13, 1850: Letter, Fred'k Anson, Uttoxeter, to the Bishop of Toronto.

- Forwards his contribution of £5 towards new college.

Sept. 7, 1850: Letter, Bishop of Dublin to bishop of Toronto.

- Points out Ireland people will demand more information regarding his proposed college in Upper Canada. It is necessary and Gov't will be willing to grant a charter.- whether they ought to support this plan & whether Gov't will.

Sept. 13, 1850: Letter, Stephen Lett, St. George's Square, Toronto, to Bishop of Toronto

- Respecting arrangements for having a full length portrait of Lordship in Episcopal robes for Hall of new university.

Sept. 18, 1850: Open letter from various clergy men of Liverpool.

- Supports appeal of bishop of Toronto and approves of his pamphlet- “An address to members of Church of England, from Bishop of Toronto, in behalf of Upper Canada Church University.”

Oct. 18, 1850: Copy of letter, Bishop of Toronto, Liverpool, to Rev. Thos. B. Murray, Secretary to Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

- Appreciates contribution of society toward new college.
- States has about ten thousand pounds towards erection and endowment of University in upper Canada for education of all classes under direction and superintendence of our own church.

Nov. 7, 1850: Memorial to Earl of Elgin & Kincardine from Senate of University of Toronto.

- Protests granting a charter for a new college under Church of England.

1851: Memorandum to accompany draft of Charter for Trinity College.

Jan. 11, 1851: Letter, J. Leslie, Sec’y, Toronto, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Gives his Excellency’s opinion on granting of the Charter to a university under the Church of England and enquiries whether a Royal Charter “restricting power of granting degrees to those in Divinity” would be acceptable.

Jan. 20, 1851: Letter, Bishop of Toronto to the Hon. James Leslie, Secretary of province of Canada.

- States his position in regard to powers he wishes conferred in charter of proposed university.

Jan. 24, 1851: Letter, J. Leslie, Sec’y, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Expresses readiness of His Excellency to support new University under certain circumstances; does not feel that it has the undivided support of all members of Church of England in Province and defends bishop’s criticisms of acts of Legislature depriving King’s College of its charter.

Feb. 7, 1851: Draft of letter, J. Leslie from Bishop of Toronto.

- Encloses amended charter of Trinity College.

Feb. 17, 1851: Letter, J. Leslie to bishop of Toronto.

- Acknowledges receipt of draft of amended charter of Trinity College; promises to transmit it to Lord Grey.

March 11, 1851: Copy of letter form Lord Grey, Downing Street, to Earl of Elgin.

- Concerns proposed establishment by Royal Charter of a University in Upper Canada.

- Thinks no ground for interference of Imperial Government and believes local Government and Parliament to have no indisposition to deal justly with Church of England.
- Considers it better to leave it to them to determine on what terms proposed college or University should be chartered, than that a Charter should be issued in this country under Her Majesty's direct authority.

April 30, 1851: Proceedings at the laying of the Corner Stone of Trinity College, Toronto.

May 1, 1851: Copy of letter, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine to Earl Grey.

- Explains some misapprehensions in regard to situation affecting grant of Royal Charter to Trinity College.
- Still thinks unwise, while in negotiations for surrender if Charters of Queen's & Victoria are still pending.

May 15, 1851: Memorandum concerning negotiations bearing on granting of the charter to Trinity College.

- Thanks Major G. T. Denison for acting as marshal of the day at laying of the corner stone of Trinity College.
- List of Candidates for the confirmation by the Bishop of Toronto, at Jordan and Port Dalhousie, Signed. "Alex'r Dixon, B. A., Incumbent."

1851: Letter, P.B. de Blaquiere, Yorkville, to Bishop of Toronto.

- Ready to support Bill for incorporation of Trinity College if it is for a Theological College for Church of England in Upper Canada, to be fixed in city of Toronto, with ample powers to insure its highest efficiency, form of government satisfactory to community; grant Degrees in Divinity.
- He will oppose if bill seeks to establish institution for secular instruction exclusively for use of members of Church of England & with power to confer degrees in Arts & Sciences.
- Incapable of execution & fraught with injury to best interests of Church of England in this Province and community at separate the members of our Church from the brethren of other religious denominations.
- He views such an institution as entirely subversive of those principles necessary in adaptation of education to a mixed community, without prejudice to religious feelings of any, where all justly claim & enjoy equal rights & calculated to undermine & destroy the harmonious working of national education as now in successful operation in Common & Grammar Schools & National University. - May 19, 1851.
- Encloses two statutes recently passed in the University of Toronto, as to Religious Exercises.

May 30, 1851: Copy of letter, Earl Grey, Downing Street to Earl of Elgin and Kincardine.

- Acknowledges his letter correcting some misrepresentations regarding the incorporation of denominational colleges in Upper Canada with University of Toronto.

- Agrees that it will not be expedient to grant Royal Charter as Bishop of Toronto has applied for to any denominational college, while negotiations are pending for surrender of Charter of Queen's and Victoria Colleges.

June 5, 1851: Return to an Address of Legislative Council, on subject of Charter and Correspondence.

- Relating to Church of England University, at Toronto. Parts First and Second.

June 17: 1851: Draft of Letter, Bishop of Toronto to Chief Justice Robinson.

- Asks his advice as to replying to correspondence between Earl Grey and Governor General, on advisability of granting a charter at Trinity College.

June 17, 1851: Letter, J.B. Robinson to Bishop of Toronto.

- Whether to say anything that may interfere now with the grant of Charter of Incorporation.
- Trust in better times, an address to Sov'n to grant a Royal Charter and go on without degrees.

October 25, 1851: Letter, R. Bruce, Indian Office, Quebec, to Bishop of Toronto.

- States His Excellency prepared to recommend Mr. Ray as schoolmaster at Manitowaning, on testimony of Lordship.
- In uncertainty of future of Manitoulin Establishment, would it be more prudent to secure services of some competent person in the Province.

Dec. 9, 1851: Letter, Geo. Whitaker, E. St. John Parry and Geo. Clerk Irving, Toronto to Bishop of Toronto.

- States objections to resolution adopted by Council of Trinity College to the effect.
- Duties of Provost and several Professors shall be from time to time declared by statutes, rules and regulations of College Council.

1852: Charter of trinity College, Toronto. By A.F. Plees, printer to the College.

- Officers of Trinity College – Visitor, provost, Council, trustees, Treasurers and Secretary & Bursar.

1852: Proposed draft of Charter for conferring degrees. Trinity College, 1852.

Feb 3, 1852: Draft of letter sent to Earl of Elgin and Kincardine.

- Expresses hope that as Methodist Conference had decided to retain charter of Victoria College and as Queen's had never shown any disposition to affiliate with University of Toronto.
- Time with no opposition and Methodists & Presbyterians in this Province allowed to have a college supported by themselves, in which their youth can be educated without reserve according to doctrines of their Church & enjoy privilege of conferring degree in Arts & Sciences.

March 1, 1852: Letter, A. N. Morin, Secretary, Quebec, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Advising that the government should no longer object to the issue of the Charter in favor of Trinity College.
- Highlights a discrepancy between the draft Charter and the Act for incorporating the College in the provincial legislature. At issue is the amount of land that the Corporation can hold.

March 9, 1852: Memorandum Concerning the Progress made by Trinity College

- This was issued when the college appealed for funds.

March 25, 1852: Draft of letter sent to Sir John Pakington by the Bishop of Toronto

- Enclosed in the letter was the draft of a petition for the foundation of Trinity College addressed to the queen and a memorandum concerning the college.

March 25, 1852: Draft of letter sent to Hon. A. N. Morin by the Bishop of Toronto

- Requests that an Act of Legislation governs the amount of land held by Trinity College.

May 5, 1852: Letter, R. Bruce, Governors Secretary, Quebec, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Notification that the Governor General forwarded the requested documents which were received from Mr. Morin.
- Governor General will inform Sir. J. Pakington that Reverend Ernest Hawkins is to supervise the progress of the Charter until its passing.

May 14, 1852: Letter, A. N. Bethune, New York, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Statement of payments to be made from the Clergy Reserves' Fund for students in the Divinity. To be paid £300 per annum.

May 16, 1852: Letters of Sir John Pakington and the Honorable F. Hincks Respecting the Clergy Revenues

May 26 to June 10, 1852: Journal of the Rev. A. N. Bethune

- A summary of the Reverend's time in London.
- Notes the distribution of circulars on the present state of Trinity College to his friends in the country.
- Met with Church University Committee and decided to continue the process of appeal.
- Discovers that the required fees to be paid for the Trinity College Charter are £263 sterling.
- Attended a meeting of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge and gave them a report on the status of the college. This led to the decision to issue an appeal.

June 7, 1852: Letter, Captain A. T. Hamilton, 71st Regiment, A.D.C, Government House, Quebec, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Reports that the Charter of Trinity College is in the process of being completed.

June 9, 1852: Letter, T.B. Murry of the S.P.C.K., 67 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Mr. Murray does not think he will receive the response to his appeal for funds for Trinity College which he wishes.
- Reports the Society granted £15 towards a Church at Manvers, and some prayer books for the college.

June 18, 1852: A.N. Bethune, London, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Makes the bishop aware of his continued activities on behalf of Trinity College, and explains some of his difficulties.

June 22, 1852: Letter, Philander Chase, Bishop of Illinois, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Congratulations are extended to the Bishop of Toronto on successfully obtaining aid, in New York, to finish Trinity College.
- Chase sends a printed letter from himself to his son concerning the state of Jubilee College.

June 25, 1852: Letter, A. N. Bethune, London, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Continuation of his journal from June 11 to June 24.
- Reviews his continued efforts to raise funds for Trinity College.

August 20, 1852: Return to an Address of the Legislative Assembly, for a Tabular Return

- Concerns King's College and the University of Toronto.

September 1, 1852: Letter, A. N. Bethune, London, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Includes a continuation of his journal and another update on his activities in London concerning Trinity College.
- Hopes that he has received the Charter for Trinity College.

September 7, 1852: Letter Draft: J.B. Robinson to the Honorable Inspector General

- Charity of Trinity College has been bought out and supposes that it is in the possession of the Bishop.
- Highlights the need for an independent Trinity College and warns of the dangers of political involvement; moreover, there is a warning against the cost of government involvement.

September 24, 1852: Letter, the Bishop of Quebec to the Bishop of Toronto

- Urges the privilege of granting degrees for Bishops' College.
- Asks the Bishop of Toronto if the proposed affiliation of various colleges with the University of Toronto has been acquired.

1852: Bill: An Act to Amend the Laws Relating to the University of Toronto

- Proposes a separation of functions between the college and university. Argues that in doing so the institution could be better managed by separating Upper Canada College.

October 2, 1852: Letter, A. N. Morin, Secretary, Quebec, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Acknowledges his memorial.
- Prays for the establishment of Separate Commons Schools in Upper Canada.

October 4, 1852: Letter, the Bishop of Quebec to the Bishop of Toronto

- Believes that the Bishop of Toronto had been disposed of without giving up his Charter.
- Would like to have as much information as possible on John Monkton.

November 17, 1852: Letter, the Bishop of Quebec to the Bishop of Toronto

- Asking to inform the principle of Bishops' College about the fees that were associated with the Charter of Trinity College.
- The reason for this is that the Charter enables the conferral of degrees.

November 30, 1852: Newspaper Clipping on the University of Toronto

January 1, 1853: Letter, the Bishop of Quebec to the Bishop of Toronto

- Writes from Bishops' College and advises that he will be leaving for Boston to catch a steamer to England.
- Asks for a letter accrediting him as an envoy from B. N. A.

January 6, 1853: Letter, A. N. Bethune to the Bishop of Toronto

- Reports on his activities on behalf of Trinity College and on his progress in compiling supporters on the Reserves Question.

February 8, 1853: Letter, A. N. Bethune to the Bishop of Toronto

- Reports that a change of Ministry means a change in the attitude of the state with regards to the Reserves Question.
- Notes that the Duke of Newcastle declined to write a Queen's Letter for the College.
- He is continuing his trips around England appealing for funds for Trinity College.

February 25, 1853: Letter, A. N. Bethune to the Bishop of Toronto

- Preparing for his last appeal on behalf of Trinity College.
- He believes that £5000 will be realized in reality.
- Sends a continuation of his journal from January 22 to February 24.

March 11, 1853: Letter, A. N. Bethune, Dublin, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Comments on the progress of collections for Trinity College.
- Expresses his views on the current governance system and calls for change.

Assented to April 22, 1853: An Act to Amend the Laws Relating to the University of Toronto

June 2, 1853: Subscription List of the Bishop Strachan Jubilee Scholarship, for Trinity College

June 3, 1853: Address of Chief Justice J. B Robinson

- This took place at his Installation as Chancellor of Trinity College

June 10, 1853: Letter, P. B. de Blaquiére, Workville, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Asking for an appointment to speak upon the subject of the University.

August 20, 1853: Newspaper Clipping from *Toronto Daily Patriot*

- Features an article on Exhibition Examination at Upper Canada College.

1852-1853: Report of Trinity College, Toronto, for the Academic Year

April 4, 1854: Letter, the Bishop of Nova Scotia, Halifax, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Expresses shared concerns about the state of the institution and relates it to that of King's College.
- Notes that the buildings were left to them at Windsor and that the management of the buildings was placed under the Bishop & Board of Churchmen.

December 30, 1854: Letter, the Bishop of Nova Scotia, Halifax, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Congratulates the Bishop for his management of, what is erroneously called, the 'episcopal veto'.
- Encloses copies of the resolutions which passed concerning Assemblies.
- Congratulations on the success of Trinity College are offered.

May 20, 1856: Letter, from M. A. R., a communicant of the Church of St. Luke, Hudson Street, City of New York, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Deploring the state of education in the United States and agreeing with some of the Bishop's remarks.

April 1858: Memorial of the Bishop of Toronto, the Rector and Churchwardens of the Cathedral of Saint James, Toronto, of the Incumbent and Churchwardens of Saint George's Church, Toronto, and of Holy Trinity Church, Toronto, and Trinity Church, Toronto, to the Board of School Trustees of the City of Toronto

- Asking to have the schools associated with these churches recognized as denominational schools.
- Also requests funding for the support of these schools.

June 1858: Examination Paper, Trinity College

- Includes a dialogue of Justin Martyr.

May 31, 1859: Circular, Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, Education Office, Toronto

- In reference to Religious Instruction in the Common Schools of Upper Canada.

July 28, 1860: Newspaper Clipping

- The clipping is a letter from George Whitaker, Provost of Trinity College, to the Bishop of Huron.
- In this letter Whitaker protests the remarks made by the Bishops regarding his lecture.

September 24, 1860: Letter, Edmund Head, Quebec, to the Honorable Sir S. B. Robinson

- Enclosed is an extract from the Duke of Newcastle, concerning the share of Trinity College in the money for prizes left by the Prince of Whales.

October 2, 1860: Copy of a Letter, the Bishop of Toronto to Sir Edmund Walker

- Acknowledgement of £200 from the Prince of Whales to Trinity College.
- There was a decision made to create two prizes with the funds provided. One prize in Literature, and one in Science.

October 8, 1860: Letter, Edmund Head, Quebec, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Approval of the decision to endow two prizes at Trinity College with the £200.

1862: Memorandum concerning Trinity College

December 17, 1862: Letter, George Whitaker, Trinity College, Toronto, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Enclosed is a list of prizes to be distributed the following day.

July 24, 1863: Letter, J. D. Glennie, Secretary, S. P. C. K. , to the Bishop of Toronto

- Society is ready to provide books for the schools.
- Society granted £250 towards the building of a school and chapel in Sault Sainte Marie.

January 5, 1864: Draft of a Letter, the Bishop of Toronto to the Archbishop of Canterbury

- Introduces Reverend William McMurray and his mission to appeal for funds on behalf of Trinity College.

February 9, 1864: Letter, Chas. Magrath, Bursar and Secretary, Trinity College, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Enclosed is a copy of the letter from the Bishop of Huron to the Honorable Mr. Foley, Quebec, giving his reason for wishing an Act of Incorporation for a College.

- He feels that there needs to be more institutions for men to get a University degree so that they can enter the Ministry.

August 18, 1864: Letter, George Whitaker, Trinity College, to the Bishop of Toronto

- The letter in question addresses the concerns of the Bishop over public opinion and his resignation.
- Whitaker proclaims that the resignation of the Bishop would be regretful.

April 29, 1865: Letter, George Whitaker, Trinity College, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Suggests that the Bishop should not resign and proposes a coadjutor rather than resignation.

September 20, 1865: Letter, J. Francis, Saint Augustine's College, Canterbury, to the Bishop of Toronto

- Wants to be admitted as deacon in Toronto.
- Provides a reference and discusses his academic work.

November 8, 1867: Letter, George Whitaker, Trinity College, to James M. Strachan

- Refers to bequests to the College in the will of Bishop Strachan.

November 11, 1867: Printed Letter from 'a graduate' to the Editor of the *Leader*

- Suggests that a convocation hall be erected near Trinity College in memory of Bishop Strachan.

November 12, 1867: Resolutions Passed by the Corporation of Trinity College Respecting the Death of Bishop Strachan

December 10, 1867: Copy of Resolution Passed by the Corporation of Trinity College

- Acknowledging the bequests of Bishop Strachan's library and personal items.

January 21, 1868: Circular Concerning the Raising of Funds for the Erection of a Library and Convocation Hall at Trinity College

- These buildings would be constructed as a memorial to the late Bishop Strachan.

May 25, 1874: Draft of a Letter, Unsigned, to the Board of Trustees of the University of Victoria College

NO DATE, PACKAGE ONE: Remarks Respecting the Canadas.

- These remarks concern the Committee of Grievances and the conditions in Lower Canada.
- There is a strong focus on the importance of keeping the Canadas within the British Empire.
- Suggestions of a union between Upper Canada and Lower Canada.
- Highlights objections and advantage of a General Union of the British North American Colonies, the Clergy Reserves and the University in Upper Canada.

NO DATE, PACKAGE TWO: Resolutions Passed Concerning Grants for Grammar Schools.

- Answers to various questions on school lands, Upper Canada College, and District Schools.
- Estimate of expenditures for McGill College.
- A copy of the petition to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Sir George Gipps for the money required for McGill College.
- Particulars concerning Trinity College, Glenalmond, Perthshire.
- Estimate of expenditures for Maitland College.

NO DATE, PACKAGE THREE: University of Kings College, York.

- Extracts from the Journals of the Legislative Council concerning the opening of the College in York.
- Estimate of Expenditures for the College at York, Upper Canada.
- Draft of a letter by Chief Justice Robinson concerning King's College.
- Extract of a report on the endowment of King's College.
- Preliminary inquiries concerning the endowment of King's College.
- Draft of Changes to be made in the Bill dealing with the Charter of the College.
- University of King's College, York. By the Reverend Dr. Bethune.
- Draft of several resolutions concerning King's College.
- Memorandum concerning change to be made to the Charter of King's College.
- Petition to the Queen from the members of the United Church of England and Ireland protesting the changes to be made in the Charter of King's College.
- Rough notes in the handwriting of Bishop Strachan on the subject of Professors' salaries.
- Memorandum on the Bishop of Toronto's paper relative to the proposed Medical School of Toronto.
- Unsigned letter, in the handwriting of J. B. Robinson, suggesting the answer to be sent to the Lieutenant Governor concerning the University.

NO DATE, PACKAGE FOUR: Diocesan Theological College

- A list of questions regarding the Diocesan Theological College, with answers attached.
- Statement, in the handwriting of A. N. Bethune, conveying the need for an ecclesiastical institution for students of divinity.
- Sketch of the proposed Theological Course.
- A printed statement from the Bishop of Toronto concerning requirements demanded of candidates for Holy Orders.
- A copy of an examination paper on Church Government and Ecclesiastical History.

NO DATE, PACKAGE FIVE: Trinity College

- Draft of an Act to Incorporate Trinity College in the Diocese of Toronto.
- Draft of an address to the Bishop of Toronto congratulating him on the organization of the University.
- Proposals for increasing the endowment of Trinity College.

NO DATE, PACKAGE SEVEN: Church of England

- Remarks on the purposed ordinance to erect and endow an Ecclesiastical Corporation in the province of Lower Canada.
- Remarks on the Probable Effects of the Union of the Canadas on Religion.
- Draft of a petition to the Archbishop of Canterbury respecting the need of a Bishop for Upper Canada.
- Memorandum which includes a scheme to endow the Church in the Diocese of Toronto.
- Memorandum concerning Diocese of Toronto.
- Report on by A. N. Bethune, D. D., H. J. Grasett, M. A., and Henry Scadding, M. A., concerning scholarships and the distribution of religious students.
- Journal of the Bishop: Mention of rural school taught by Irish settlers in Tecumseth.

NO DATE, PACKAGE EIGHT: Personalia

- Memorandum giving a short sketch of the life of the Reverend E. H. Dewar.
- Draft of Memorial to Sir Peregrine Maitland, Lieutenant Governor, from Frederica Ferguson, daughter of John Grant.
- An account of *James McGill and the Origin of his University* by J. W. Dawson, LL. D., F. R. S., F. G. S.

Reels 7 & 8 & 9

***See Archives of Ontario's online catalogue for a listing of documents; Loyalist Collection's print copy is of poor quality.

Reel 10

Winter 1814: Letter to Dugald Stewart, Edinburgh

- Looking for an opinion on the formation of a literary institution.
- The author notes that his friend founded a college in Lower Canada and the personal legacy associated with it.

February 14, 1815: Letter to Sam Sherwood, Andrew Stuart, and James Stuart

- The letter concerns the establishment of Grammar Schools in Quebec and Montreal. The letter also includes the need for these schools to be built on the property left to him by Hon. McGill.
- Detailed estimates of associated costs can also be found in the letter.

February 26, 1815: Report on Education, Page 166

- Recommendations are made for the establishment of a University, the continuation of District Schools, and the establishments of schools in all the townships where population warrants.

Memorial to Lieutenant General Drummond from the Reverend Addison, Niagara, and Reverend Doctor Strachan, Page 118

- A report laying out recommendations, and solutions to problems, regarding the establishment of the General System of Education.

February 4, 1817: Letter to his Brother James

- This letter is an order for £400 in schools books and contains shipping instructions.

May 12, 1817: Letter to the Bishop who has arrived in England

- This letter concerns the defeat of the *School Bill* for a second time.
- The letter also highlights concerns about the mis/under- representation of the Church of England in the Legislative Council.

December 23, 1817: Letter to Chief Justice Powell, Page 183

- This letter is a request for assistance in securing appointment to the position of Inspector or Superintendent of Schools.

December 29, 1817: Memorial to “Your Honor”, Page 184

- Suggesting that it would be a good idea to acquire/create a position of Superintendent of Schools in the province. The author of the letter also includes duties which he believe must be performs and highlights his own qualifications for the position.

February 9, 1818: Letter to Bishop Mountain, Page 188

- Would like to see school appropriation happen before the Bishop is appointed to the Bench in England.
- Also reports that his school is flourishing but is requesting a grant of £200 per year.

November 9, 1818: Letter to Lt. Col. Sheedy, Private Secretary, Page 212

- Acknowledges his appointment to the board of Trustees of the Schools of Royal Foundation.

January 24, 1820: Memorandum respecting the University in Lower Canada, Page 232

September 17, 1820: Letter to Major Hiller, Page 236

- Notification that he was appointed to the office of District Schoolmaster on August 19th, 1820.

Memorandum regarding Material Dealing with University, Page 253-255

May 29, 1830: Reference made to the College Council by the Chancellor, Page 266

Strachan's Letter Book 1827-1839

January 23, 1828: Letter to the Reverend Dr. Addison, Page 13

- Refers to his own acceptance to the position of President of the University and his recognition of Dr. Addison's claim to the same.

August 14, 1828: Letter to Dr. Hamilton, S. P. G., Page 16

- References made to the fact that the majority of Methodist Teachers were educated in the United States.

December 2, 1828: Letter to the Reverend G. Mountain, Page 22

- Concerns are expressed about the Ministries remodeling of the Charter of the University of Kings College by striking out the claim that the Council shall individually sign all 39 Articles.

December 31, 1828: Letter Regretting that the Attorney General Robinson Declines going to England to Present the Case of the Church of England in the Reserves Question. Page 25

- Comments on the threatened changes to the Charter of Kings College.

December 29, 1828: Letter to Hall, Page 27

- Gives an account of the threats to change the Charter of King's College and takes a side in the debate.

February 8, 1829: Letter to the Bishop, Page 32

- Outlines the belief that he should go to England to defend the Charter.

April 13, 1829: Letter to the Rev. Anthony Hamilton, Page 37

- Enclosed is a letter to the Ecclesiastical Board respecting the University of King's College.

April 13, 1829: Letter to the Bishop of London, Page 37

- The letter is written on the purposed threats to the Charter of the University of King's College.

May 4, 1829: Letter to Rt. Hon. Sir George Murray, Page 42

- States objections to any changes made to the Charter of the University of King's College, and hopes that it is given a few years for a fair trial.

July 15, 1829: Letter to the Archdeacon of Quebec, Page 45

- Request that the Archdeacon give an opening speech at McGill College.

September 28, 1829: Letter to the Rev. Alexander Bethune, Page 49

- Presbytery of the Canadas appointed a committee to draft a petition for the Legislature regarding the District and Common Schools.

October 19, 1829: Part of a Letter to Mr. Hargreave, Page 54

- Mentions his willingness to go to England to defend the Charter of the University.

December 9, 1830: Memorandum to Sir John Colborne, Page 102 **This document was never sent!******

- Mentions a number of purposed changes to the Charter of King's College.

January 13, 1831: Letter to Sir J. Colborne, Page 109

- Mentions a report that was received on the intentions of the Government in connection with the University of King's College.

January 18, 1831: Letter to "Stephen", Page 109

- Discusses King's College and the rumor that the Government intended to supersede the establishment, located at York, by the enlargement of McGill College.

March 4, 1831: Letter to the Bishop of Nova Scotia, Page 120

- Appeals for protection of the University Charter.
- Draws attention to the confusion caused by naming Sir John Colborne's new Grammar School *Upper Canada College*.

September 26, 1831: Letter to Col. Burwell, Page 160

- Advises that his petition respecting the District School has had positive results.
- Advises him to keep his activities confined to Common Schools.

November 5, 1831: Letter to the Rev. Alexander Bethune, Page 170

- Is strongly opposed to two Universities of different religious principles. States that he would rather agree to the changes in the Charter.

December 24, 1831: Letter to Rev. Alexander Bethune, Page 180

- Comments on his attitudes regarding the politics behind the Charter.
- Also inquires if he would accept his son John as a companion and superintend his education should college not suffice.

February 2, 1832: Letter to Robert (Cartwright), Page 181

- Included in the letter is a request that the College Council make an unconditional surrender of their Charter.
- There is some uncertainty regarding the action that the College Council will take on the matter in the future.

September 17, 1832: Outline of a Letter to his Son James, Page 204

- Mentions the loss of the salary as the President of the Board of Education.

September 24, 1832: Letter to the Archbishop of Dublin, Page 204

- Advises the Bishop not to send girls to Upper Canada from the Charter Schools because there is a small need for servants in Upper Canada.

March 18, 1833: Letter to CEO Eaille, Page 221

- Notes that he is really feeling the loss of his salary of £300 as President of the General Board of Education.

January 29, 1834: Letter on Various Topics, Page 236

- The letter includes comments about Upper Canada College and his desire to see the University up and running immediately.

Strachan's Letter Book 1827-1841

October 29, 1827: Letter to Thos. Taylor, Page 1

- Comments on the attitude of the Trustees of the District School of Gore while they sought to appoint a new master.
- **This letter was never sent!**

October 29, 1827: Letter to William Ellis, James Racey and William B. Jarvis, Trustees for the District School of Gore, Page 2

- Wants to aid the trustees in the selection of a new master and is prepared to present Steven Randall to the Lt. Governor.

October 25, 1827: Statement of the Trustees of the District School of Gore, Page 3

- Concerning the appointment of a new master.

October 29, 1827: Letter to Major Hiller, Page 3

- Enclosed is a letter from the Trustees of the District School of Gore, concerning the appointment of a new master, and recommending Steven Randall.

November 1, 1827: Letter to the Ven. George Mountain, Archdeacon, Quebec, Page 4

- Informs him that three school masters are needed for Upper Canada and suggests that they should be attached to the Church.
- Explains the agitation associated with having a Presbyterian fill the District School in Gore.

March 30, 1838: Letter to the Rev. Joseph Harris, D.D., Principle of Upper Canada College, Page 7

- Expresses his regret regarding his departure from the province.

March 30, 1838: Letter to the Rev. Joseph Harris, D.D., Principle of Upper Canada College, Page 8

August 28, 1838: Memorandum on the Purposed Mission on Manitoulin Island, Page 39

- Suggests that Benjamin Bayly or Dr. P. Darling be appointed as schoolmaster.

February 17, 1840: Letter to Dr. Bryce, Bursar, King's College, Page 74

- Requesting a statement of his liabilities to the College.

February 17, 1840: Letter to Thos. G. Ridout, Page 74

- States that his failure to pay his fees on time has left him in an embarrassing position and wishes to arrange a settlement of his indebtedness.

March 12, 1840: Letter to the Rev. Chas. Mathews, Page 75

- On the subject of Upper Canada College and the University of King's College.

John Strachan's Letter Book 1839-1843

December 19, 1839: Letter to the Rev. John Grier, Page 33

- This letter concerns sever different churches and the school house at Annwood.

Reel 11

March 26, 1840: Letter Regarding the District School at Belleville and Mr. Williamson's Appointment, Page 47

- Has heard that he has fallen into habits of intemperance and advises that he resign.

May 6, 1840: Letter in Answer to Recommending Dr. Wolff for the Professorship of Hebrew in the University of King's College, Page 55

- Expresses concerns about the fact that the University is still not in operation; moreover, it is highlighted that Dr. Wolff might not be the best selection for the respective colony.

May 23, 1840: Letter to the Rev. J. Sinclair, Page 59

- A discussion on education and its relationship with religion.

August 27, 1840: Letter to the Rev. Alexander Allan, Scotland, Page 64

- Expresses concern over the fact that there is no appointment open in the college and that the University has not been started.

October 22, 1840: Letter to Rev. Robert F. Campbell, Page 72

- States that he would not interfere with his appointment to the District School unless he was found negligent in his clerical duties.

October 27, 1840: Letter to Hon. William Dickson, Dumfries Twp., Page 73

- Suggests that he endow a Grammar School.

February 11, 1841: Letter to Rev. Henry Caswell, Page 95

- Hopes that grants to some District Schools will be arranged in the near future.

March 10, 1841: Letter to Mr. Bonsell, Lebanon, Ohio, Page 100

- Hoping that he be accepted to the Holy Orders or as a schoolmaster.

March 22, 1841: Letter to the Rev. S. Armour, Page 102

- Approves of his idea of founding a school in connection with the mission but insists that the directorate be the Church of England.

April 10, 1841: Letter to the Rev. Francis Evans, Page 107

- Would be pleased to do what he can for his son John Backhouse but notes that there are no openings at the moment.

April 12, 1841: Letter to the Rev. Saltern Givens, Page 107

- Discusses the advisability of his plan to educate the Indian children.

April 26, 1841: Letter to the Rev. E. Denroche, Page 110

- Advises that he cannot interfere in the matter of the choice of a District Teacher.

July 6, 1841: Letter to the Bishop of Montreal, Page 124

- Suggest that education, unless based upon religion, is a curse instead of a blessing.

July 21, 1841: Letter to the Rev. George Salmon, Page 127

- Inquiring about the possibility of an Assistant Teacher at £50 per annum for the District School.

July 27, 1841: Letter to the Rev. Alex. Bethune, Page 128

- Must petition against the School Bill which admits only extracts from the scriptures.

September 18, 1841: Letter to Mr. Troy Haynes, New York, Page 137

- Advises that he not move to Toronto as there are no openings for instructors of youth there.

September 27, 1841: Letter to Capt. Moberly concerning Schools, R. N., Page 140

November 5, 1841: Letter to Alexander Menzies, Page 147

- Points out that he is not eligible for a scholarship.
- Provides information on the required study of theological students.

November 25, 1841: Letter to the Rev. E. Morris, Merrickville, Page 150

- Comments on the School Bill.

November 25, 1841: Letter to the Hon. Wm. Draper, Page 151

- Expresses frustration over the difficulty in getting a quorum for the College Council and suggests that Mr. Grasett be appointed.

December 14, 1841: Letter to the Rev. Geo. M. Armstrong, Page 161

- Discusses the new Education Act.

January 24, 1842: Letter to the Rev. John Flood, Richmond, Page 164

- States that he has no lending libraries for Sunday Schools.

January 24, 1842: Letter to Col. Jarvis, Page 164

- Asks for his support in the appointment of Mr. Burkett as schoolmaster at Manitoulin Island.

January 27, 1842: Letter to E. D. S. Wilkins, Consecon, Hillier, Prince Edward Co., Page 164

- Refers him to the Bursar of King's College for matters dealing with land owned by the college.

February 5, 1842: Letter to Mrs. Blackwood, Page 167

- Advises her on petitioning the Government on the subject of female education.

February 7, 1842: Letter to John Burkett, Page 167

- Notifies him that he has been appointed the schoolmaster at Manitoulin Island.

March 4, 1842: Letter to Greig, Canandaigus, Western New York, Page 170

- Wants information regarding the company's activities in supporting and extending the cause of religion and education.
- Wants this information so that he can apply to the Canada Company for similar aid.

March 17, 1842: Letter to Thos. Duke, Page 171

- Hopes to send a resident clergyman to Barrie, Shanty Bay and notes that until such time he is to continue teaching Sunday school.

March 17, 1842: Letter to Mr. Leversley, Beamsville, Page 173

- Commenting on the new School Bill.

March 24, 1842: Letter to the Rev. Alexander Bethune, Page 174

- Advising that he can assist up to four of his most advanced students with a bona fide loan, but that he can do nothing else.

April 4, 1842: Letter to the Rev. Alexander Bethune, Page 177

- Asks for information on the precedents surrounding the laying of the cornerstone of a college.
- Advises that preparations for that event at King's College are being made.

May 10, 1842: Letter to the Bishop of Montreal, Page 179

- Mentions the laying of the foundation stone of King's College by the Governor General.

May 21, 1842: Letter to Rev. John Sinclair, Page 179

- Refers to the difficulty in legislation on education in Canada.

May 28, 1842: Letter to Dr. James Campbell, Brockville, Page 184

- Providing advice on applying for a position on the staff of King's College.

May, 28 1842: Letter to Sephas Goode, North Gwillimbury, Page 185

- Concerning his efforts to establish a Sunday School.

June 25, 1842: Letter to the Rev. M. Harris, Page 191

- Reports that numerous student of divinity applications have been made and suggests that careful selection must be made.

July 13, 1842: Letter to D. M. Hicks, Page 193

- Lists the conditions on which he may offer himself as a student to the Rev. A. Bethune.

July 15, 1842: Letter to the Rev. A. Bethune, concerning some of his Students, Page 194

October 12, 1842: Letter to the Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Bagot, Page 198

- Respecting appointments to the University of King's College.

October 15, 1842: Letter to Mrs. Radcliff, Page 201

- Is not optimistic about her success with school.

October 18, 1842: Letter to Mrs. Lundy, Page 203

- Although he was responsible for starting McGill College he notes that he does not have any authority now.

October 18, 1842: Letter to Rev. John Bethune, Page 203

- Wishes to know if he has any trust or authority in McGill College.

October 27, 1842: Letter to Mrs. Pilkington, Page 207

- Advises her that appointments to the University are in the hand of others.

November 4, 1842: Letter to the Hon. Col. VanKoughnet, Page 209

- States that he has written to the Bishop of Nova Scotia and drawn his attention to Mr. Vank's son at Windsor College.

November 14, 1842: Letter to Charles Baker, Page 210

- Reports that Upper Canada College Council cannot permit the readmission of his son.

November 21, 1842: Letter to Dr. Mewburn, Stanford, Niagara District, Page 213

- Concerning the appointment of the professors at the University of King's College.

November 24, 1842: Letter to Rev. A. Bethune, page 213

- Advises him of some of his salaries for his students.

December 12, 1842: Letter to John Kent, Page 214

- Points out that Mr. Scadding is anxious to have employment at the University. Notes that Mr. Scadding feels that there has been an undercurrent at work against his employment at the University.

December 20, 1842: Letter to Mrs. Cockburn, Page 215

- Concerns the appointment of a French professor at the University.

December 20, 1842: Letter to the Rev. E. Denroche, Page 215

- Regarding the granting of scholarships.

January 3, 1843: Letter to John Wilson, Tyendinaga, Page 219

- Conveying the great need for a theological college and expressing concern over the lack of support given to the clergy by the people.

January 21, 1843: Letter to the Rev. R. J. C. Taylor, Page 222

- Highlights the fact that he has no influence in regard to appointments at the University or at Upper Canada College.

March 3, 1843: Letter to the Rev. Alexander Bethune, Page 229

- Discusses what can be done with his students at the time.

April 10, 1843: Letter to John w. Keating, Page 235

- Expresses his concerns over new budget cuts and the limitations that he must face.
- Emphasis is given to the impairment of his ability to hire a schoolmaster for the Indians at Sable.

April 17, 1843: Letter to John T. Coleridge, Page 236

- Expressing his gratitude for the copies of Mrs. Arnold's husband's work, and advising that one copy will be kept at King's College.

April 27, 1843: Letter to the Bishop of Montreal, Page 239

- Inquires whether or not he should move his theological seminary from Cobourg to Toronto.
- Also wonders if the Bishop would join him in this feat.

June 14, 1843: Letter to the Rev. Robert Taylor, Page 247

- Notifies him that he is prepared to recommend him for the University staff.

July 10, 1843: Letter to an Applicant as a Candidate for Holy Orders, Page 250

- Provides the realities of what it is like to be a clergyman and explains the educational requirements.

July 8, 1843: Outline of a Letter to Professor Duncan, Page 251

- Comments on the long struggle for the University which just opened.

August 1, 1843: Letter to Rev. Dr. Bethune, Montreal, Page 253

- Regrets that he cannot be present for the opening of McGill College.

August 21, 1843: Letter to the Rev. A. Bethune, Page 254

- Discusses several of his students.

August 24, 1843: Letter to Rawson W. Rawson, Page 254

- Thanking him for his gift to the University.

August 25, 1843: Letter to John Lloyd Thomas, Page 255

- Explains that he has no influence in the appointments to the District or Common Schools.

- Awaiting changes in the School Act.

September 23, 1843: Letter to Col. Jarvis, Chief Superintendent Indian Affairs, Page 256

- Would like to see Rev. John Carey of Trinity College, Dublin, take the place of Rev. James Coleman.

October 14, 1843: Letter to John (Cartwright), Kingston, Page 258

- Gives first impression of Mr. Baldwin's bill affecting the Charter of the University of King's College.

November 9, 1843: Letter to Rev. R. V. Rogers, Page 260

- Believes that his position on the University Bill is the first step in standing up against persecution.

December 11, 1843: Letter to the Hon. Wm. Draper, Page 266

- Thanks him for his speech on the *University Spoliation Bill*.

December 12, 1843: Part of a Letter to Alexander Hood, Page 266

- Asks him to give some of his land as part of an endowment to the proposed Theological College.

December 18, 1843: Letter to Rev. Wm. Macaulay, Page 267

- Advising him on how to educate young men for the Church.

Strachan's Letter Book to Church Societies 1839-1866

April 28, 1840 Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 7

- Discusses the question of granting allowances to theological students.
- Mentions that he is educating a young colored man under the pretense of him entering Holy Orders to serve his community in Toronto.

January 13, 1841: Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 17

- Acknowledges the annual grant of £200 to be spent in the education of Theological students.
- Acknowledges that Rev. R. V. Rogers has taken on the mastership of the District Grammar School at Kingston.

October 4, 1841: Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 30

- Explains that three scholarships have been granted to three young men.

January 12, 1842: Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 34

- Discusses the alterations made to the Charter of King's College and the consequent need of a college for Theological training.

January 17, 1842: Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 35

- Asking for advice on how to approach the S. P. C. K. on the subject of a Theological College.

May 23, 1842: Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 39

- Reports that he has authorized three scholarships.

July 19, 1842: Letter to the Rev. A. M. Campbell, Page 40

- Suggests that a scholarship be granted to John Wilson.

November 7, 1843: Letter giving a Report on an Ordination, Page 49

- Reports that he has granted a scholarship to John Mulook.

July 24, 1844: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 61

- Sends a list of students on the Society's foundation at the Theological seminary at Cobourg.

July 10, 1845: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 66

- Reports on the ordination of Priests and includes a list.
- He recommends two individuals for scholarships.

November 11, 1845: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 69

- Lists a number of missions endowed by several different colleges.

May 25, 1846: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 75

- Recommend more individuals for scholarships.
- It should be noted that one of the individuals he recommends is an Elan Rush Stimson.

November 10, 1846: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 79

- Reports that he has recommended another individual for a scholarship.

December 2, 1846: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 80

- Sends a report on the Theological College at Cobourg.
- Discusses making an appeal for funds.

December 18, 1846: Letter Enclosing his Address at the Opening of the University of King's College in 1843, Page 81

March 23, 1847: Letter concerning the Theological College, Page 85

- Points out the great need for the movement of the college to Toronto due to the increasing demand for clergymen.

- Suggests that a portion of the surplus of the Clergy Reserves Fund be used for the College.

December 1, 1847: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 91

- Recommends two individuals for scholarships.
- Reports that the Theological College is flourishing.

January 14, 1848: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 91

- Reports that he has granted another individual a scholarship.
- Fears the influence of radicals or reformers on King's College.

November 22, 1848: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 100

- Recommends an individual for a scholarship
- Notes that he is going to retire on an allowance of £60 per annum.

March 4, 1851: Letter to Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 119

- Gives an account of his efforts to secure a Charter for the Church University or Trinity College.

May 5, 1851: Letter to "My Dear Lord", Page 120 (2)

- Thanks him for the patronage of his University and reports on the progress of the building.
- Reports that the cornerstone was laid on the 30th of April.

May 12, 1851: Letter to Mr. Henry McKenzie, Page 120 (2)

- Expresses concern over the choice of the salary of the Provost for Trinity College.

June 6, 1851: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 122

- Expects the *Bill for Corporate Powers for Trinity College* will pass with little opposition.

August 8, 1851: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 123

- Writes concerning the appointment of the Provost and two professors to Trinity College.

December 1, 1851 – January 26, 1853: List of Bills Drawn on the S. P. G. for Trinity University, Page 124

January 12, 1842: Letter to the Hon. Lord Prudhoe, Page 132

- Suggests that he found a Theological Seminary in Upper Canada; moreover, he wants the school to be known as *Percy Divinity School*.

May 11, 1845: Letter to the Archbishop of Dublin, Page 147

- Deplores the lack of unity on the subject of education among leaders of the Church.
- Asks for amendments to the *Common School Bill*.

December 10, 1851: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 154

- Reports that he expects to open Trinity College on January 15, 1852.

December 11, 1851: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 159

- Asks him to approach Mr. McKenzie on the subject of money for Trinity College.

March 15, 1852: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 159

- Suggests that the Society show its appreciation of the service of Archdeacon A. N. Bethune.

March 15, 1852: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 159

- Notes that a new Charter for Trinity College is being prepared and will be forwarded to England.

April 17, 1852: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 160

- Notification that ten documents associated with the case of granting a Royal Charter to Trinity College are attached.

May 5, 1852: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 160

- Comments on the proposed new Charter of Trinity College.

June 2, 1852: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 161

- Acknowledges the grant from the *Jubilee Fund* of £1000 towards the endowment of Trinity College.

November 23, 1852: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 163

- Refers to the defacement of the seal on the Charter for Trinity College.

November 24, 1852: Letter to Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 164

- Requires two school teachers for the missions on Lakes Huron & Superior.
- Also interesting to note that he suggests that a canal be built between the two lakes.

February 4, 1853: Letter to Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 164

- He believes that he will be able to sell the 7 ½ acres of land given to him by the Society for the endowment of Trinity College.

February 26, 1853: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 166

- Concerning the *Clergy Reserve Bill* and its impact on funds.
- Reports that he will try to get present changes made perpetual, especially those regarding Trinity College.

March 4, 1854: Letter to Capt. Lefroy, Page 169

- Mentions a box of texts sent to Trinity College, the opening of the Institute, and the progress of Trinity College.

March 3, 1855: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 174

- Reports that Trinity College has 42 students excluding those taking Medicine and Law.

January 5, 1864: Letter to the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, Page 185

- Explains the reason for the second general appeal in favor of Trinity College.

Letter Book 1839- 1866: At Back of Book

January 31, 1840: Letter to the Rev. Wm. Parker, Secretary, S. P. C. K., Page 3

- Tells of his plans to establish a school for every congregation and the immense need for prayer books.

March 25, 1850: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 34

- Hopes to meet him soon and notes that he plans to sail to England soon to collect funds for his proposed Church University.

January 7, 1851: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 34

- Reports that he has chosen a site for his Church University.

April 12, 1851: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 35

- Comments on the educational policy of, Mr. Hyerson, the Methodist Preacher and Chief Superintendent of Schools.
- Reports that the cornerstone at Trinity College has been laid.

May 8, 1851: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 35

- Reports on the progress of the building of Trinity College.

March 16, 1852: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 37

- Sends some views of Trinity College.
- Reports that Lord Elgin has withdrawn his opposition to granting a Royal Charter to Trinity College.

May 6, 1852: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 37

- Requests Service Books and Prayer Books for Trinity College.

November 19, 1852: Letter to the Rev. T. B. Murray, Page 39

- Expresses his concern over the action of the Legislature on the Clergy Reserves and Common Schools.

January 5, 1863: Letter to the Rev. John Glennie, Page 55

- Introduces Rev. Wm. McMurray who goes to England on behalf of Trinity College.

January 15, 1866: Letter to the Rev. John Glennie, Page 56

- Recommending that the memorial of the Rev. J. Hebden be used for books and tracts for his Sunday school.

January 13, 1841: Letter to the Rev. Septimus Ramsay, Page 78

- Acknowledges £200 per annum to assist students of Divinity.

Copies of Letters from the Secretary of the S. P. G. to the Lord Bishop of Toronto: 1851-1855

March 14, 1851: Letter from Ernest Hawkins, Secretary of the S. P. G.

- Reports on the proceedings and events of Church University and notes that he takes pleasure in them.

June 26, 1851

- Notes that Mr. Cowie has not declined Provostship of Trinity College yet, but is likely to not accept.

June 26, 1851

- Notes that he will be on the lookout for professors for Trinity College.

May 7, 1852

- Reports that the Society is pleased to have favorable reports of Trinity College, and as a result plans to make a grant of £1000 to be used for scholarships.
- It is worth noting that the £1000 grant was to be used to make scholarships for students who were to become missionaries.

July 8, 1852

- Congratulations sent on obtaining a Charter for Trinity College.

July 23, 1852

- Letter patent incorporating the University of Trinity College received by the Colonial Office, to be delivered to the Bishop by the Rev. W. Stennett.

Private Letters from the Rev. Ernest Hawkins to the Lord Bishop of Toronto

March 14, 1851

- Notes that McKenzie will answer the Bishop's appeal for aid in securing staff for Trinity College.
- Believes that the salary of the Provost should be £400 and the professor's salary £200.

April 25, 1851

- Expresses excitement over the positive beginning of Church University.