#### EFFECT OF pH ON PACIFIC WHITE SHRIMP Litopenaeus vannamei GROWTH AND SURVIVAL

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### Heterotrophic Culture Systems





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## Shrimp Culture System



- It is super-intensive shrimp culture system, which is possible to have productivities up to 6 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.
- •Zero exchange water, high aeration, feeding based on high quality feeds and natural productivity.
- •Heterotrophic environment to keep water quality and availability of supplemental feeding

### Heterotrophic environment is based on bacterial floc

marine snow, marine flake, microbial floc, moulinetes, marine aggregates

or

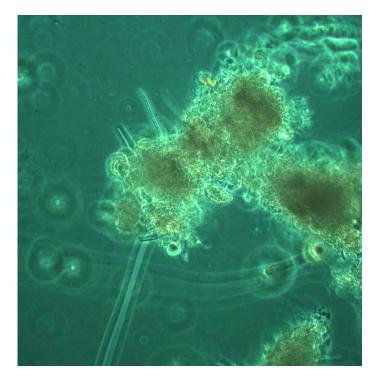
### **Bacterial Floc**

Improves water quality, removing nitrogen by products

Feed supplement for shrimps

It is possible to rearing in high stocking densities

Shrimp production up to 60 ton/ha.





### **Example of Shrimp Production**

Shrimp	IW	FW	Prod.	Time	Surv
per m <sup>2</sup>	<b>(g)</b>	<b>(g)</b>	(Kg/m²)	(Days)	(%)
300	1.00	16.6	4.5	75	91
420	0.01	21.3	6.8	113	80
450	1.00	25.6	6.3	123	54

Source: Craig Browdy, 2006

➡ CO<sub>2</sub> concentration can be augmented in heterotrophic environment, due to high bacterial-, shrimp-, and other microorganisms respiration



### → pH may be lowered



# Low pH can be a risk for Litopenaeus vannamei culture?????

## **Objectives**

Analyze the effect of low pH on survival, growth and FCR of *L. vannamei* 

⇒ In clear water (experiment 1)

→ In a heterotrophic culture system (experiment 2)

### Experiment 1 – Effect of pH on *Litopenaeus vannamei* in clear water

## Materials e Methods



#### Treatments (pH): $\Rightarrow$ 5,1 $\Rightarrow$ 5,9 $\Rightarrow$ 6,5 $\Rightarrow$ 7,0 $\Rightarrow$ Control

#### Greenhouse in WMC - SCDNR



## **Experimental media**



➡ HCI
➡ 200 L tanks
➡ 48 hour prior
➡ Monitoring 3 X / day



## **Experimental Units**



 $\Rightarrow$  15 X 50 L-tanks ⇒5 treatments X 3 replicates  $\Rightarrow$  22 shrimps per tank (1,57 g) ➡ Stocking density: 150/m2 Renewal: 50 % / day  $\Rightarrow$  Commercial feed (42 % PB)  $\Rightarrow$  Experimental time: 15 days

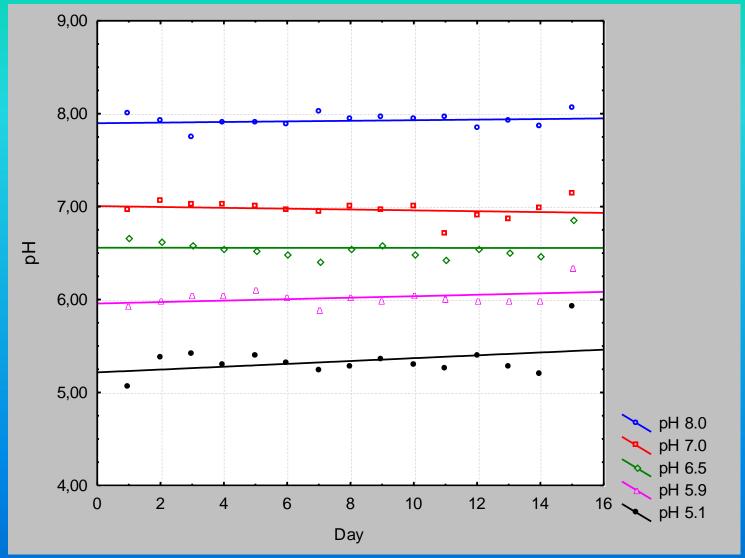


### ➡ Monitoring: 3 X / day

- ✤ Dissolved oxygen

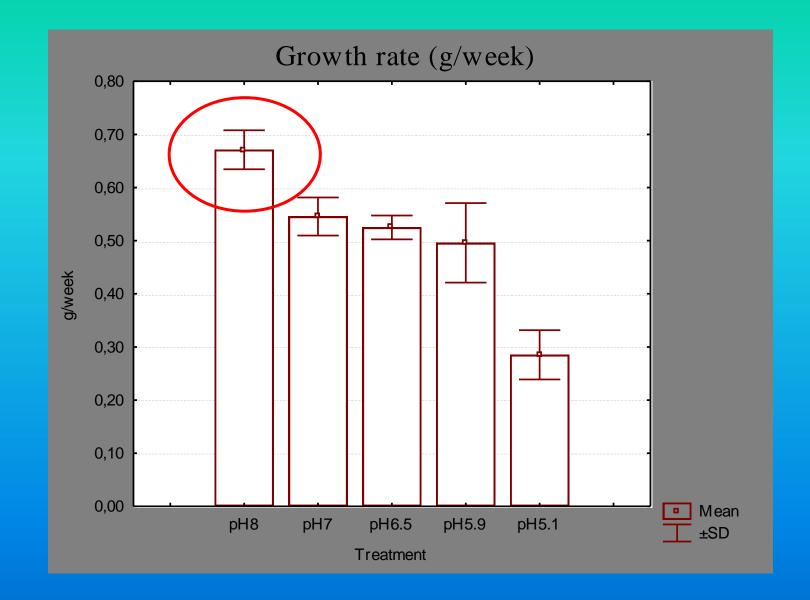
pH was checked and adjusted 6 X /day

## Results



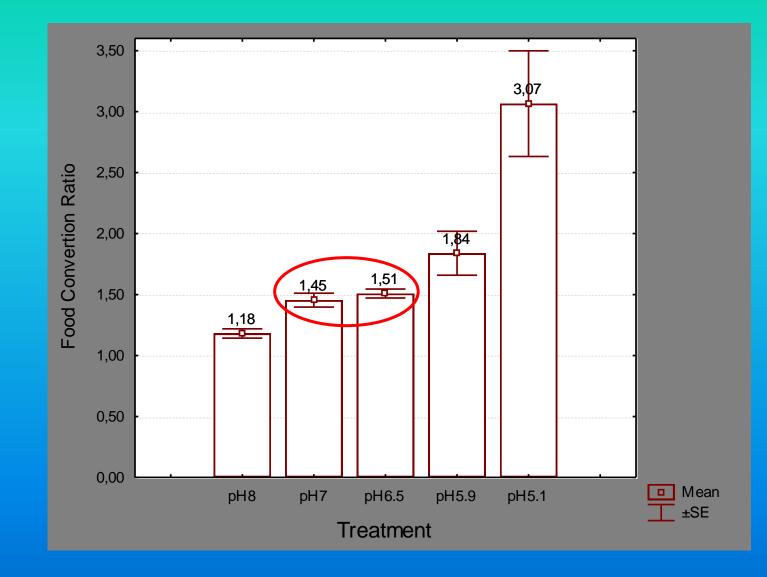
pH variation along the time in different treatments

	pH						
	5.1	5.9	6.5	7.0	Control		
Mean survival	98.4	95.5	100	100	100		
Final weight	2.19	2.51	2.58	2.71	2.90		
Tukey test (Final weight)	Α	В	В	СВ	С		



Weekly growth rate was significantly affected by pH (p<0,05)

### **FCR**



FCR were significantly higher in all low pH the treatments (p<0,05)

## **Conclusion – Experiment 1**

### ⇒ Survival was high even in low pH

## ⇒ pHs ≤ 7.0 affected significantly growth and FCR of *Litopenaeus vannamei.*

Experiment 2 – Effect of pH to Litopenaeus vannamei in heterotrophic environment

## Materials and methods





## Two raceway with five 50L-tanks each.

### Experiment 2 – Treatments

➡ Normal pH (control)

 $\implies$  Reduced pH (with CO<sub>2</sub>)

## pH was diminished with CO<sub>2</sub> injection



CO<sub>2</sub> bottle



Venturi tub to increase CO<sub>2</sub> injection efficiency in water

## **Experimental Units**



 Two treatment X 5 replicates
 44 shrimps per tank Stocking density: 300/m<sup>2</sup>
 Renewal: Constant
 Commercial feed 30 % CP
 Experimental time: 30 days



### ⇒ <u>Monitoring:</u>

- Dissolved oxygen



### **Experimental Units**



## •Designed feeding tray to regulate feed supplied.

### Feeding tray



### Feed supplying: ⇒ 9:00 ⇒ 15:00 ⇒ 21:00







### Example in clear water how the feed was spread in the tray





### Remaining feed was removed daily from each bin.

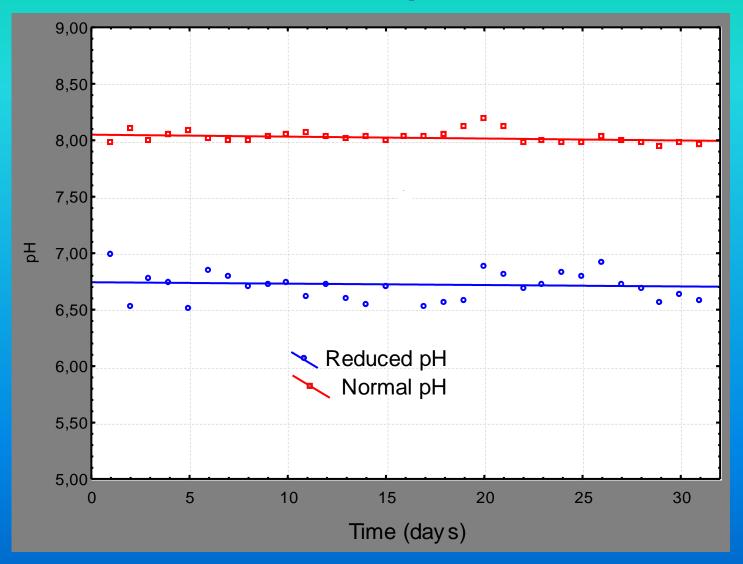


#### Rinsing the tray

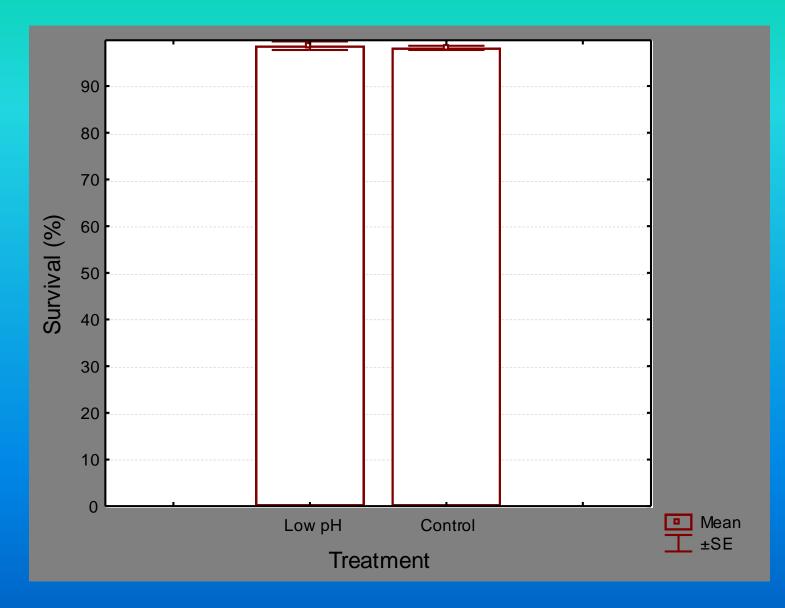


Residual feed was removed daily and dried

## **Results - Experiment 2**



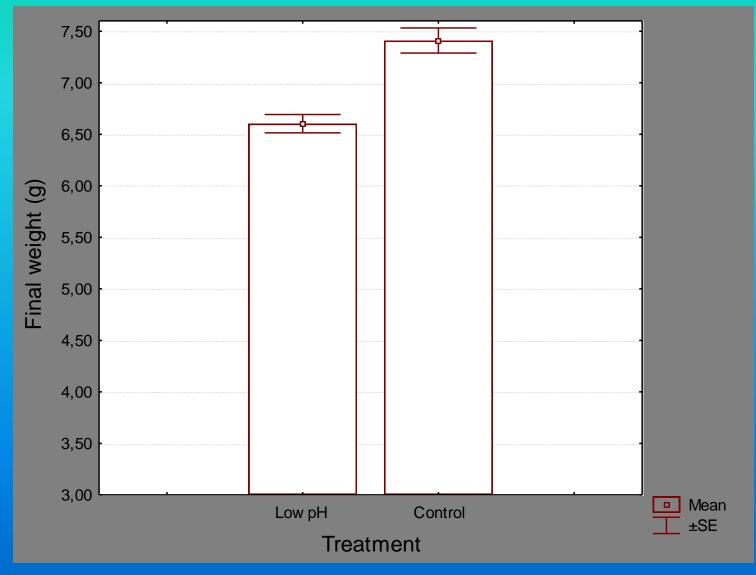
## Survival



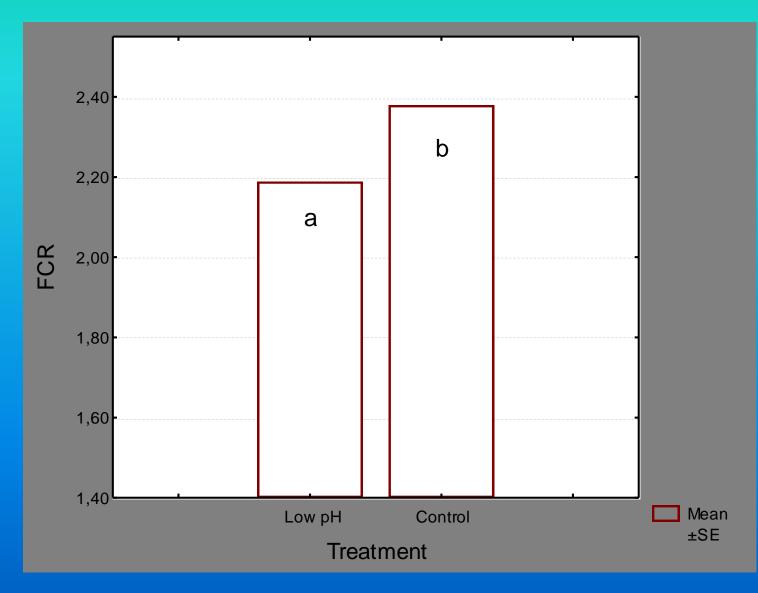
### Weekly growth rate



## Final weight



## FCR



## Conclusion – Experiment 2

Low pH did not affected significantly survival of *L. vannamei*, even in a long period;

Results confirm that pHs below 7.0 can affect significantly growth rate of *L. vannamei*;

## **General conclusion**

Production costs of L. vannamei can be significantly affected in a heterotrophic culture system when pH is lower than 7.0, due to reduced growth and increased FCR The authors would like to acknowledge to the US Marine Shrimp Farming Program (USDA) and Brazilian Council of Research, CNPq – Brazil (Process: 200039/04-0) for financial support

