Grade 9	Theme- Decisions, Actions and Consequences	 Essential Questions- How do decisions, actions, and consequences vary depending on the different perspectives of the people involved? What is the relationship between decisions and consequences? How can a person's decisions and actions change his/her life? How do authors use the resources of language (rhetoric) to create meaning?
Grade 10	Theme- Revolution and Evolution in Society (Utopia & Dystopia)	 Essential Questions- What is the cost of attaining utopia? What is the impetus for change (evolution & change)? How is change related to conflict (evolution & change)? How do differing perspectives impact change? How do authors use the resources of language (rhetoric) to create meaning?

• Four modules per year at all grades; each module is approximately 8-9 weeks long (one module per quarter)

• Each module includes a "gap week" that can be used for reviewing, re-teaching, incorporating timely instruction based upon assessments, further assessing or extending content (These days should be distributed as needed throughout the module)

• Modules alternate between an informational and a literary focus (Module 1—Informational focus, Module 2—Literary focus, Module 3—Informational focus, & Module 4—Literary focus)

Module Requirements Overview

Reading	Writing About Text	Research	Language	Speaking & Listening	
 Close reading of 2-3 short literary texts Close reading of 1-2 short informational texts In depth study of 1 extended text 	 Cite evidence and analyze content in: 2 Analysis pieces, each focused on a single text 1 Analysis piece comparing 2 or more texts 1 Analysis piece incorporating research 1 Narrative piece 	 1 Research project students research a particular related topic -students can present their findings in a variety of informal or formal contexts -this same research will be incorporated into the analysis piece 	 Regular study and application of grade level grammar concepts Regular study and application of tier 2 vocabulary (5-10 words per week & 10-15 words per extended text) 	 Presentation of research Discussions about text 	

• Each 8 week module must contain these components

Grades 9 & 10	Module Focus	Common Core Learning Standards	Focused Learning Goals from the Common Core Learning Standards	Time Line	Assessments
Module 1	 Developing self-determining readers and writers (includes summer reading). Determining meaning of non-fiction through analysis and synthesis. Developing researchers. Writing analysis to inform/explain (40% over the course of the year). Writing to develop narrative voice through purposeful imitation (20% over the course of the year). 	RI 9-10.1a RI 9-10.2 RI 9-10.4 RI 9-10.5 RI 9-10.9a W 9-10.2a,b,f W 9-10.5 W 9-10.7a W 9-10.7a W 9-10.9b W 9-10.10 SL 9-10.1 SL 9-10.2 SL 9-10.6 L 9-10.2 L 9-10.4a,c L 9-10.6 W 9-10.6 *incorporate into module(s) where appropriate	 <u>Reading</u> Students will: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. a. Develop factual, interpretive, and evaluative questions for further exploration of the topic(s). (RI 9-10.1) Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper). (RI 9-10.4) Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter). (RI 9-10.5) Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts. a. Read, annotate, and analyze informational texts on topics related to diverse and nontraditional cultures and viewpoints. (RI 9-10.9) <u>Writing</u> Students will: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of 	8-9 weeks	 Formative: Routine writing tasks about close reading -i.e.: paraphrasing, summarizing, answers/thoughts on text-dependent questions, revisions to summaries or paraphrases Text-dependent questions -i.e.: whole class discussion, small group discussion, independent responses, multiple choice Routine writing tasks to develop informative/explanatory texts Routine writing to develop narrative voice -i.e.: application of mini-lessons, purposeful imitation of literature 1st and 2nd analytical pieces each on single text Narrative piece Summative: 3rd analytical piece comparing two or more texts -including language standards (inform/explain) 4th analytical piece incorporating research All summative assessments focus only on targeted instruction areas based on teacher analysis of the formative assessments Interim: Multiple choice test

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	 content. a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). (W 9-10.2) Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (W 9-10.5) Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. (W 9-10.6) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. a. Explore topics dealing with different cultures and world viewpoints. (W 9-10.7) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. b. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and falacious reasoning"). (W 9-10.9) 		
	is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").		

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a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. (W 9-	
10.10)	
Speaking and Listening	
Students will:	
Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse	
partners on grades 9-10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others'	
ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	
b. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched	
material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by	
referring to evidence from texts and other research on the	
topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned	
exchange of ideas.	
c. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and	
decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key	
issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and	
deadlines, and individual roles as needed.	
d. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions	
that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger	
ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and	
clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.	
e. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize	
points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted,	
qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make	
new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning	
presented.	
f. Seek to understand other perspectives and cultures and	
communicate effectively with audiences or individuals from	
varied backgrounds.	
(SL 9-10.1)	
(01 9 10.1)	
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse	
media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating	
the credibility and accuracy of each source. (SL 9-10.2)	
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating	
command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See	
grades 9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 54 for specific	
expectations.) (SL 9-10.6)	
<u>Language</u>	
Students will:	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English	

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			 grammar and usage when writing or speaking. b. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations. (L 9-10.1) Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses. b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation. c. Spell correctly. (L 9-10.2) Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology. (L 9-10.4) Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. (L9-10.6) 		
Module 2	 Comprehending, interpreting and analyzing literature. Developing researchers. Writing analysis to argue/persuade (40% over the 	RL 9-10.1 RL 9-10.2 RL 9-10.3 RL 9-10.4 RL 9-10.7 RL 9-10.11 W 9-10.1a,b,e W 9-10.3 W 9-10.4	Reading Students will: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. (RL 9-10.1) Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective	8-9 Weeks	 Formative: Routine writing tasks about close reading -i.e.: paraphrasing, summarizing, answers/thoughts on text-dependent questions, revisions to summaries or paraphrases Text-dependent questions -i.e.: whole class discussion, small group discussion, independent responses, multiple choice Routine writing tasks to develop

	course of the	W 9-10.10	summary of the text. (RL9-10.2)	informative/explanatory texts
	year).	W9-10.9a		 Routine writing to develop narrative voice
•	Writing to		Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or	-i.e.: application of mini-lessons, purposeful
	develop	SL 9-10.1	conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact	imitation of literature
	narrative voice	SL 9-10.2	with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.	• 1 st and 2 nd analytical pieces each on single text
	through	SL 9-10.6		
	purposeful		(RL 9-10.3)	Summative:
	imitation (20%	L 9-10.1b		• 3 rd Analytical piece comparing two or more texts
	over the course	L 9-10.2	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the	-including language standards (argue/persuade)
	of the year).	L 9-10.4a,c	text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the	• 4 th analytical piece incorporating research
		L 9-10.5	cumulative impact of specific word Interpret, analyze, and evaluate	Narrative piece
		L 9-10.6	narratives, poetry, and drama, aesthetically and ethically by making \sim	
			connections to: other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, eras,	All summative assessments focus only on targeted
			personal events and situations. (RL 9-10.4)	instruction areas based on teacher analysis of the formative
				assessments
			Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two	
			different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent	
			in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and	Texturing
			Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).	Interim: Multiple choice test
			a. Analyze works by authors or artists who represent diverse	Multiple choice test
			world cultures.	
			(RL 9-10.7)	
			(RL 5-10.7)	
			Interpret, analyze, and evaluate narratives, poetry, and drama,	
			aesthetically and ethically by making connections to: other texts,	
			ideas, cultural perspectives, eras, personal events and situations.	
			a. Self-select text to respond and develop innovative	
			perspectives.	
			b. Establish and use criteria to classify, select, and evaluate texts	
			to make informed judgments about the quality of the pieces.	
			(RL 9-10.11)	
			Writing	
			Students will:	
			Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive	
			topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient	
			evidence. Explore and inquire into areas of interest to formulate an	
			argument.	
			a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from	
			alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that	
			establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims,	
			reasons, and evidence.	
			b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence	
			for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of	
			both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge	
			both in a manner that anticipates the authence's knowledge	

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	 level and concerns. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. (W 9-10.1) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole. d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative. f. Adapt voice, awareness of audience, and use of language to accommodate a variety of cultural contexts. (W 9-10.3) Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) (W 9-10.4)
	 e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative. f. Adapt voice, awareness of audience, and use of language to accommodate a variety of cultural contexts. (W 9-10.3) Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
	 (W 9-10.4) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]"). (W 9-10.9) Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or

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	a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. (W 9-		
	10.10)		
	Speaking and Listening		
	Students will:		
	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative		
	discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse		
	partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others'		
	ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		
	a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched		
	material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by		
	referring to evidence from texts and other research on the		
	topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned		
	exchange of ideas.		
	b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and		
	decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key		
	issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and		
	deadlines, and individual roles as needed.		
	c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions		
	that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger		
	ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and		
	clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.	1	
	d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize		
	points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted,		
	qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make		
	new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	presented.		
	e. Seek to understand other perspectives and cultures and		
	communicate effectively with audiences or individuals from		
	varied backgrounds.		
	(SL 9-10.1)		
	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse		
	media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating		
	the credibility and accuracy of each source. (SL 9-10.2)		
	the credibility and accuracy of cach source. (6E > 10.2)		
	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating		
	command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See		
	grades 9-10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 54 for specific		
	expectations.) (SL 9-10.6)		
	Language		
	Students will:		
	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English		
	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English		

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grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	
b. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial,	
participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent,	
dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific	
meanings and add variety and interest to writing or	
presentations.	
(L9-10.1)	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English	
capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link	
two or more closely related independent clauses.	
b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.	
c. Spell correctly.	
(L9-10.2)	
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-	
meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content,	
choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence,	
paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence)	
as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	í I
c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g.,	
dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to	
find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its	
precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.	
(L9-10.4)	
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word	
relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	
a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in	
context and analyze their role in the text.	
b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar	
denotations.	
(L9-10.5)	
Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific	
words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and	
listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate	
independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering	
a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.(L9-	
10.6)	
	<u> </u>

M. 1.1	•	Determining	RI 9-10.3	Reading	8-9	Formative
Module		meaning of non-	RI 9-10.5 RI 9-10.6	Students will:	8-9 weeks	 Formative: Routine writing tasks about close reading
3		fiction through	RI 9-10.7		WCCK5	-i.e.: paraphrasing, summarizing,
		analysis and	RI 9-10.8	Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or		answers/thoughts on text-dependent questions,
		synthesis.	RI 9-10.9	events, including the order in which the points are made, how they		revisions to summaries or paraphrases
	•	Writing analysis	14 / 10.5	are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn		
		to	W 9-10.1c,d	between them. (RI 9-10.3)		Text-dependent questions
		argue/persuade	W 9-10.8			-i.e.: whole class discussion, small group
		(40% over the	W 9-10.9b	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and		discussion, independent responses, multiple
		course of the	W 9-10.10	analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or		choice
		year).		purpose. (RI 9-10.6)		
	•	Writing to	SL 9-10.3			 Routine writing tasks to develop
		develop	SL 9-10.4	Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums		informative/explanatory texts
		narrative voice	SL 9-10.6	(e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia),		
		through		determining which details are emphasized in each account. (RI 9-		 Routine writing to develop narrative voice
		purposeful	L 9-10.2	10.7)		-i.e.: application of mini-lessons, purposeful
		imitation (20%	L 9-10.3			imitation of literature
		over the course	L 9-10.4b,d	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text,		1st 1ond 1 i i i i i i i i
		of the year).	L 9-10.6	assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant		• 1 st and 2 nd analytical pieces each on single text
		Developing		and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning. (RI		Narrative piece
	•	researchers.		9-10.8)		• Narrative piece
		Presenting		5-10.0)		Summative:
		research.		Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary		• 3 rd Analytical piece comparing two or more texts
		i obcuren:				-including language standards (argue/persuade)
				significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg		······································
				Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from		• 4 th analytical piece incorporating research
				Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and		
				concepts.		
				a. Read, annotate, and analyze informational texts on topics		All summative assessments focus only on targeted
				related to diverse and nontraditional cultures and viewpoints.		instruction areas based on teacher analysis of the formative
				(RI 9-10.9)		assessments
				Writing		Tertenine
				Students will:		<u>Interim:</u> Multiple choice test
				Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive		• Multiple choice test
				topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient		
				evidence. Explore and inquire into areas of interest to formulate an		
				argument.		
				c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of		
				the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between		
				claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and		
				between claim(s) and counterclaims.		
				d. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone		
				while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline		
				in which they are writing.		
				in which die, are writing.		

	(W 9-10.1)		
	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. (W 9-10.8)	P)	
	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.		
	b. Apply <i>grades 9–10 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a		
	text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").		
	(W 9-10.9)		
	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. (W 9-10.10)		
	Speaking and Listening Students will:		
	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence. (SL 9-10.3)		
	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task. (SL 9-10.4)		
	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 54 for specific expectations.) (SL 9-10.6)		
	Language Students will:		
	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
	a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link		

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			 two or more closely related independent clauses. b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation. c. Spell correctly. (L 9-10.2) Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. a. Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., <i>MLA Handbook</i>, Turabian's <i>Manual for Writers</i>) appropriate for the discipline and writing type. (L 9-10.3) Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 9–10 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>analyze</i>, <i>analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy</i>). d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). (L 9-10.4) Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. (L 9-10.6) 		
Module 4	 Comprehending, interpreting and analyzing literature. Writing analysis to inform/explain (40% over the course of the year). 	RL 9-10.5 RL 9-10.6 RL 9-10.9 RL 9-10.10 RL 9-10.11 W 9-10.2c,d,e W 9-10.4 W9-10.9a W 9-10.10	Reading Students will: Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise. (RL 9-10.5) Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a	8-9 weeks	 Formative: Routine writing tasks about close reading -i.e.: paraphrasing, summarizing, answers/thoughts on text-dependent questions, revisions to summaries or paraphrases Text-dependent questions -i.e.: whole class discussion, small group discussion, independent responses, multiple choice Routine writing tasks to develop
	Writing to develop narrative voice through	W 9-10.11 SL 9-10.3 SL 9-10.4	wide reading of world literature. (RL 9-10.6) Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from		 informative/explanatory texts Routine writing to develop narrative voice -i.e.: application of mini-lessons, purposeful imitation of literature

2	2011-2012 Year-Long English Language Arts Curriculum Map for Grades 9 & 10					
purposeful imitation (20%SL 9 SL 9 over the course of the year).L 9-1 L 9-1• Developing researchers.L 9-2 L 9-1	 10.5 Ordi or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare). (RL 9-10.9) By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including 10.2 by the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including 10.4 0.4 many factority, with scalfolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including 10.6 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. (RL 9-10.10) Interpret, analyze, and evaluate narratives, poetry, and drama, aesthetically and ethically by making connections to: other texts, ideas, cultural prospectives, eras, personal events and situations. a. Self-select text to respond and develop innovative perspectives. b. Establish and use criteria to classify, select, and evaluate texts to make informed judgments about the quality of the pieces. (RL 9-10.11) Writing Students will: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and calrify the relationships among complex ideas, and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to marage the complexity data, create cohesion, and calrify the order writing. (W 9-10.2) Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific vocabulary to marage the complexity of the roys and conventions of the discipline in which the appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific vocabulary to marage the complexity of the roys.) (W 9-10.4) 					
	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply <i>grades 9–10 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., "Analyze					

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how an author draws on and transforms source material in a	
specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic	
from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play	
by Shakespeare]").	
(W 9-10.9)	
Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research,	
reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or	
a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. (W 9-	
10.10)	
Create literary texts that demonstrate knowledge and understanding	
of a wide variety of texts of recognized literary merit.	
a. Engage in a wide range of prewriting experiences, such as	
using a variety of visual representations, to express personal,	
social, and cultural connections and insights.	
b. Identify, analyze, and use elements and techniques of various	
genres of literature.	
c. Develop critical and interpretive texts from more than one	
perspective, including historical and cultural.	
d. Create poetry, stories, plays, and other literary forms (e.g.	
videos, art work).	
(W 9-10.11)	
(w 9-10.11)	
Speaking and Listening	
Students will:	
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence	
and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or	
distorted evidence. (SL 9-10.3)	
Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly,	
concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of	
reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style	
are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task. (SL 9-10.4)	
Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio,	
visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance	
understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add	
interest. (SL 9-10.5)	
Adapt speech to a variaty of contacts and tasks domonstrating	
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating	
command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See	
grades 9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 54 for specific	
expectations.) (SL 9-10.6)	

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Language Students will: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Use parallel structure. (L 9-10.1) Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English conitalization, superturbing, and gralling when writing	
 capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses. b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation. c. Spell correctly. (L 9-10.2) 	
 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. a. Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., <i>MLAHandbook</i>, Turabian's <i>Manual for Writers</i>) appropriate for the discipline and writing type. (L 9-10.3) 	
 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 9–10 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>analyze</i>, <i>analysis</i>, <i>analytical</i>; <i>advocate</i>, <i>advocacy</i>). d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). (L 9-10.4) 	
 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text. b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. (L 9-10.5) Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and 	

	listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate		
	independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering		
	a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. (L 9-		
	10.6)		