

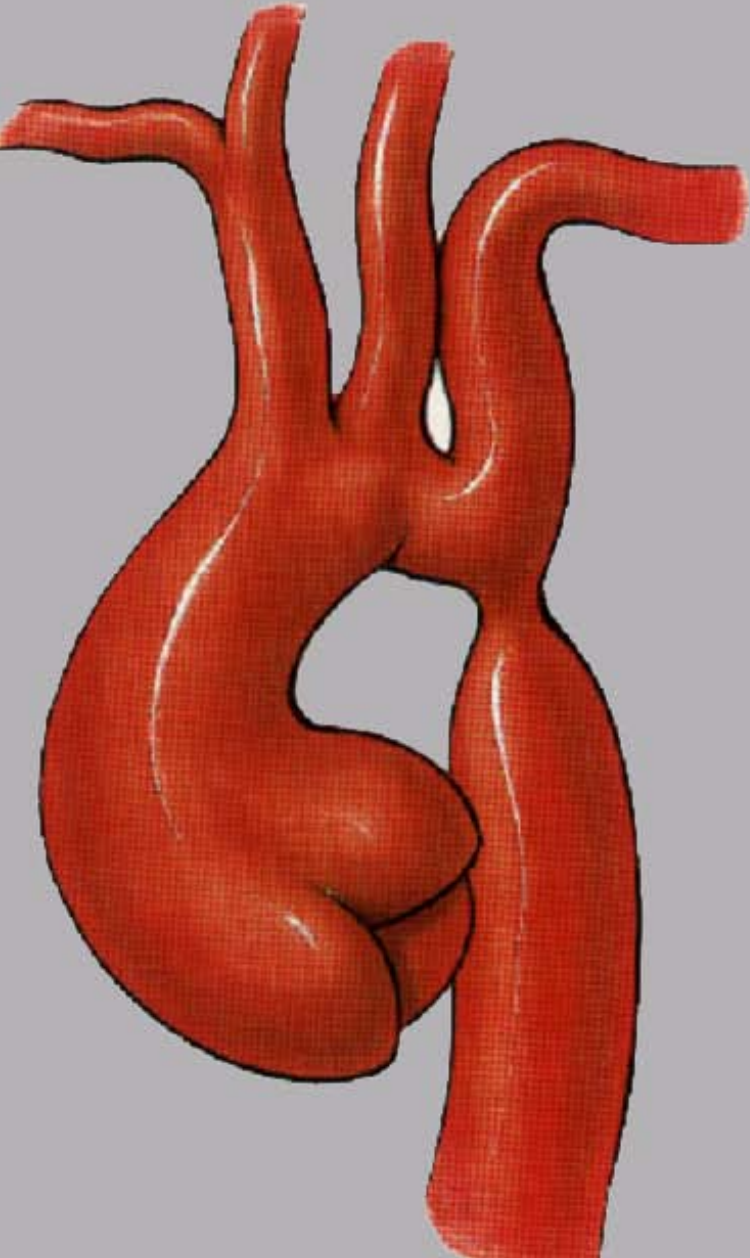


**Endovascular reconstruction
of post CoA repair
aortic aneurysms**

**Nevelsteen A
Leuven, Belgium**



AORTIC COARCTATION



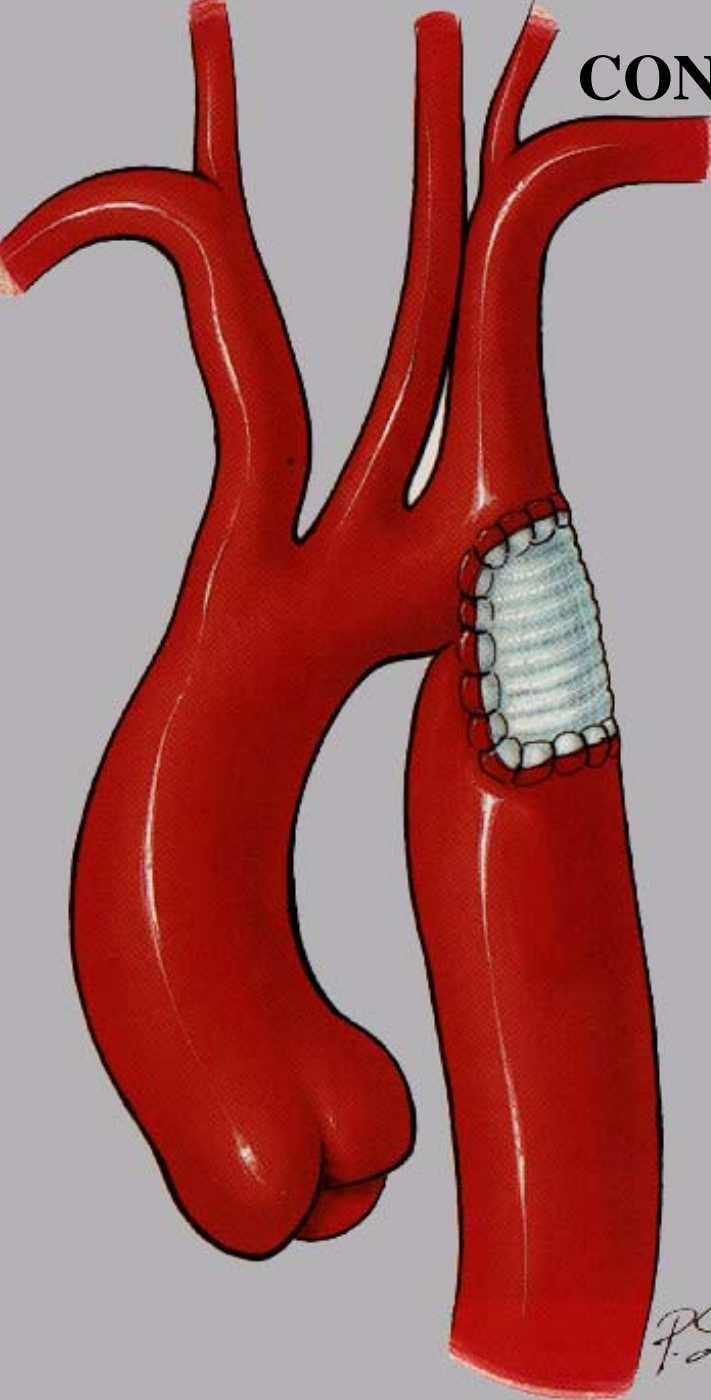
Incidence: 4 in 10.000 live births

=5-8% of all congenital heart defects

Frequently associated with hypoplasia of the aortic arch and bicuspid aortic valve

Mn. Life expectancy without correction is 35 years and 90% of the patients die before the age of 50 years

CONVENTIONAL SURGICAL RECONSTRUCTION



Resection and end to end anastomosis

Patch graft repair (Dacron or subclavian artery)

Late (pseudo) aneurysm formation: 9%

Promoting factors:

advanced age at the time of repair

hypoplasia aortic arch

patch graft repair

**Reoperation is taken into consideration with
an isthmic-diaphragmatic aortic diameter
ratio >1.5**

Endovascular reconstruction post CoA repair aneurysm

2000-2006: N=9



8 men – 1 woman

mn. Age: 38.7 (28 to 66) yrs.

Uncomplicated N=8

Aortobronchial fistula N=1

Fusiform aneurysm N=8

Localised false aneurysm N=1

Mn. delay after primary operation

23.2 (17 to 29 yrs)

Mn. aneurysm diameter

57 (48 to 74.6) mm.

Endovascular reconstruction post CoA repair aneurysm

2000-2006: N=9

Three different grafts:

Gore TAG N=2

Zenith N=3

Talent N=4

Landingszone:

1	N=0
2	N=3
3	N=4
4	N=2

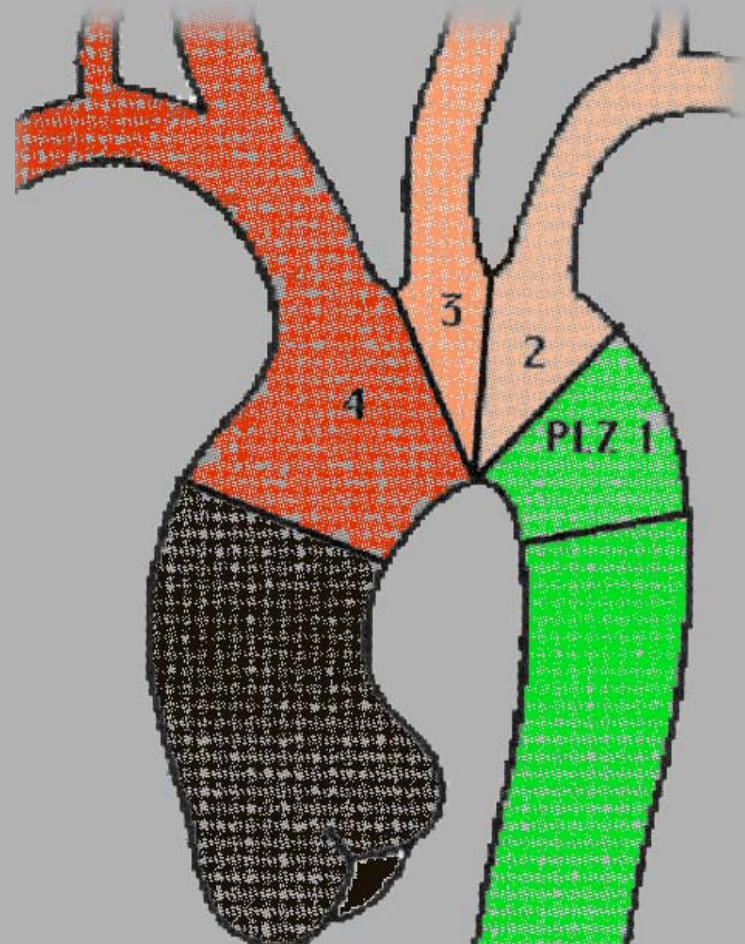
Hybridoperations N=7

extrathoracic (hemiarch transpos.) N=5

intrathoracic (arch transpos.) N=2

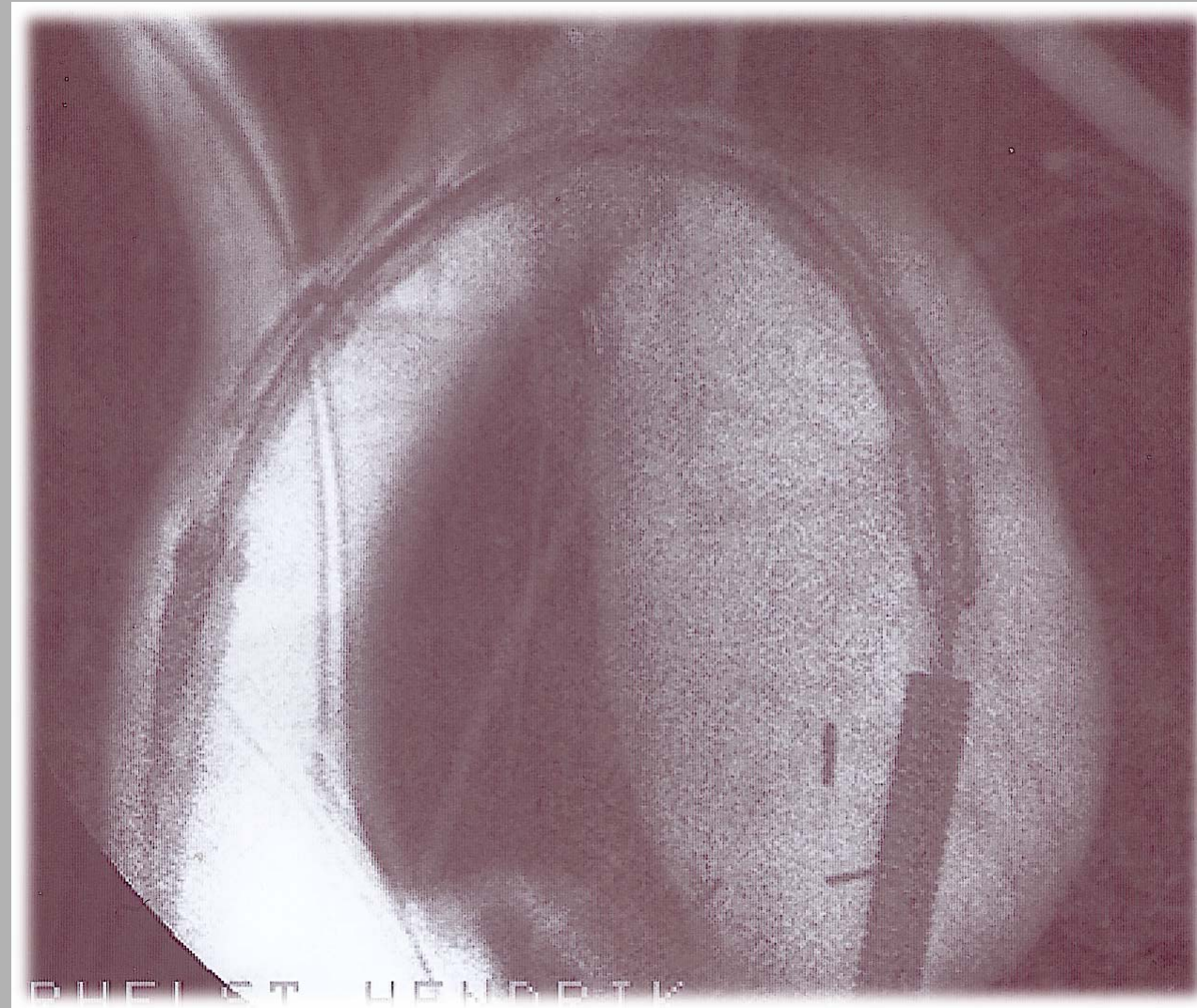
Technical success: N=8

One operative death!



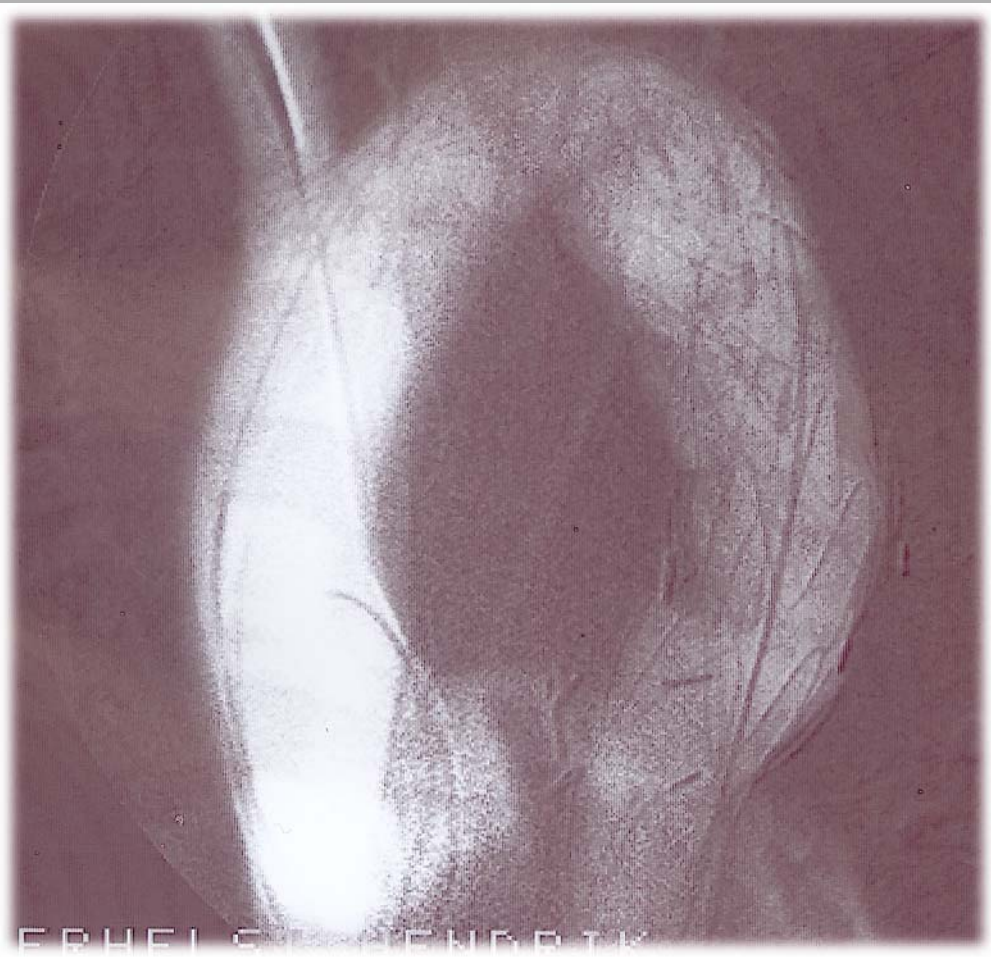
Endovascular reconstruction post CoA repair aneurysm

Landingszone 3 - R/ Talent + hemi-arch transposition



Endovascular reconstruction post CoA repair aneurysm

Landingszone 3 - R/ Talent + hemi-arch transposition

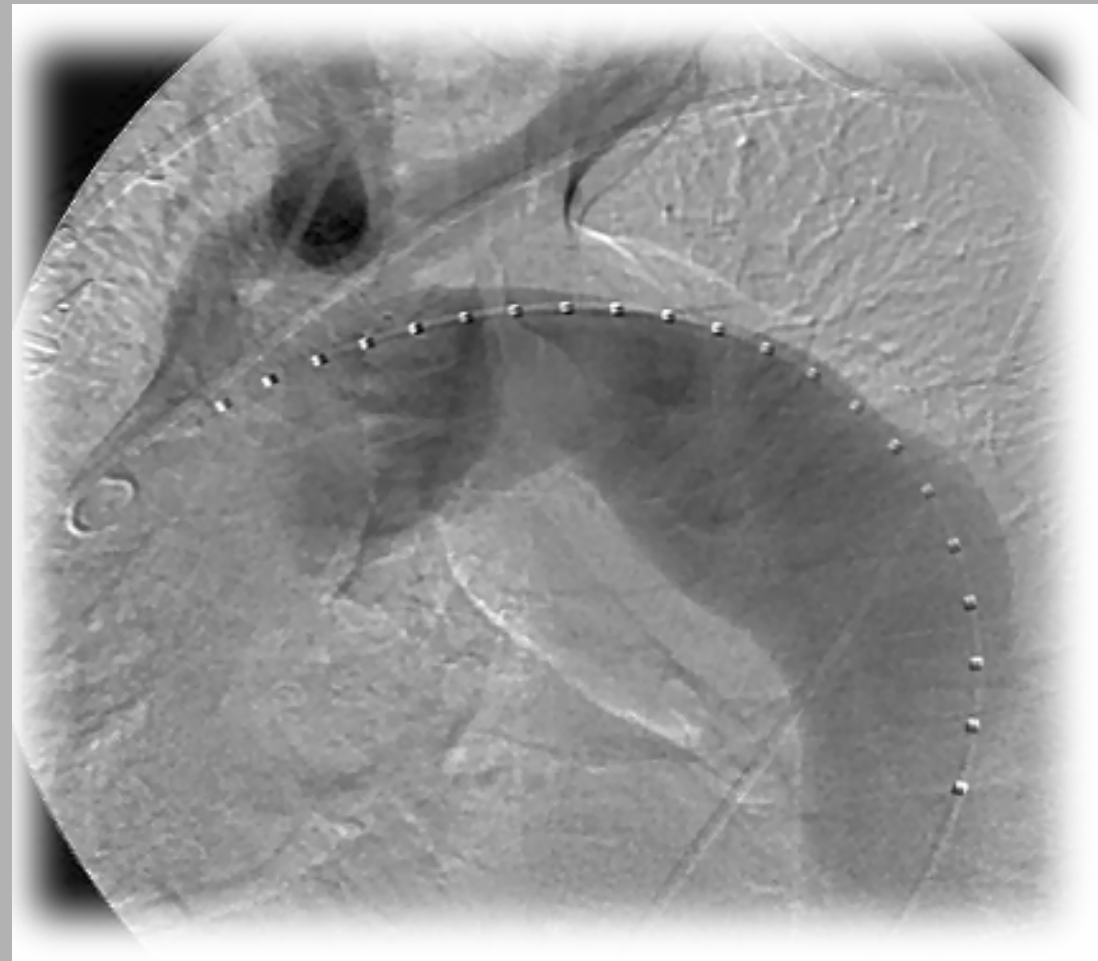


1.

Geometry of the aortic arch

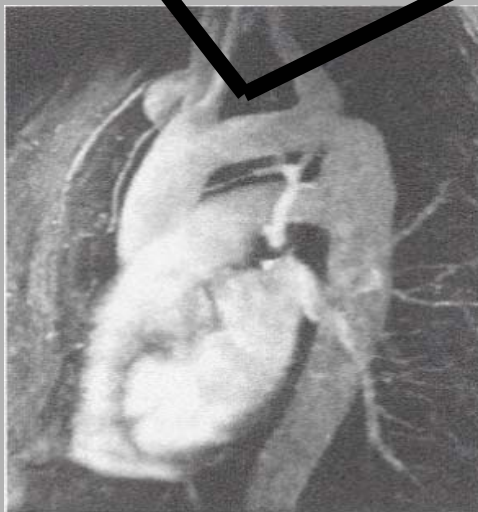


Atherosclerotic aneurysm



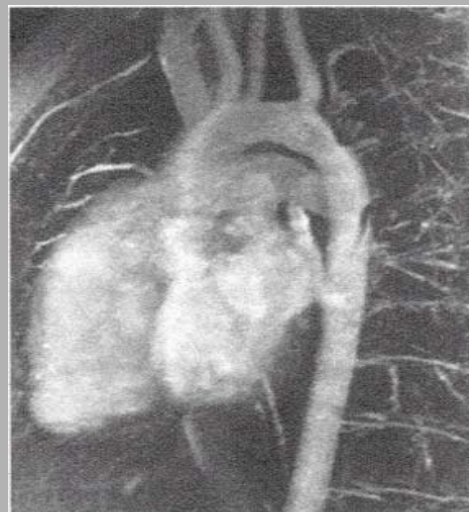
Aortic dissection

**Geometry
of the
aortic arch
after CoA repair**



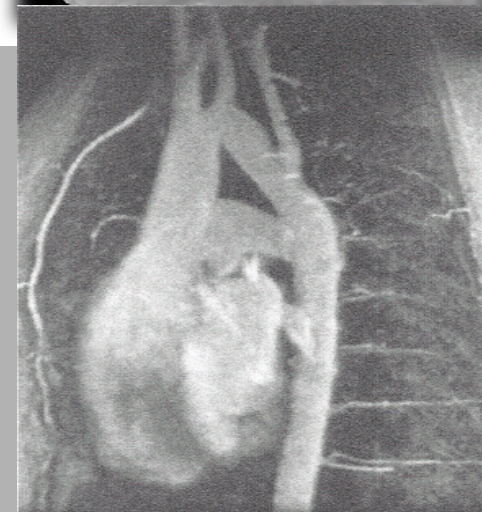
CRENEL

N=3



ROMANESQUE

N=2



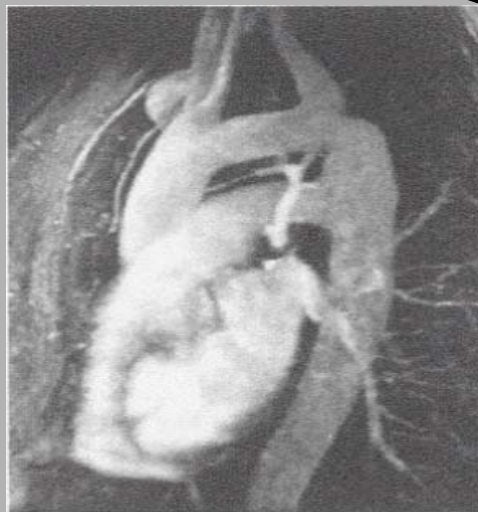
GOTHIC

N=4

MEET, June 2007

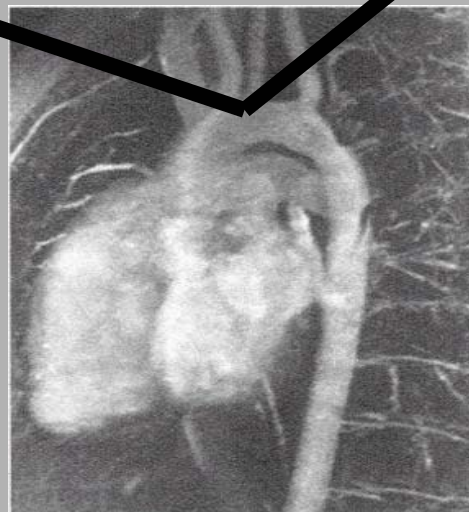


Geometry of the aortic arch after CoA repair



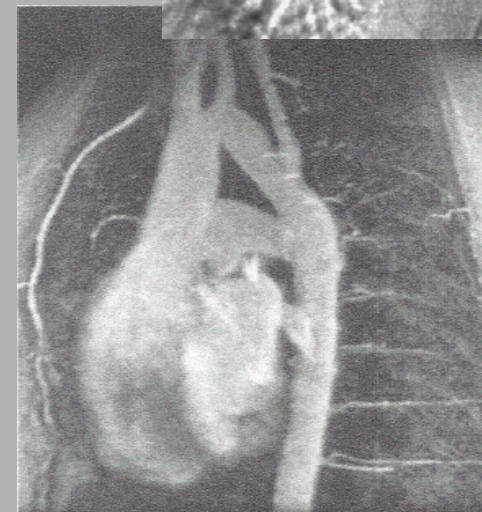
CRENEL

N=3



ROMANESQUE

N=2

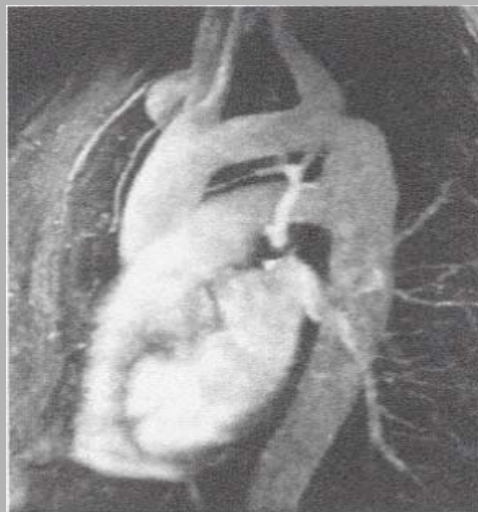


GOTHIC

N=4

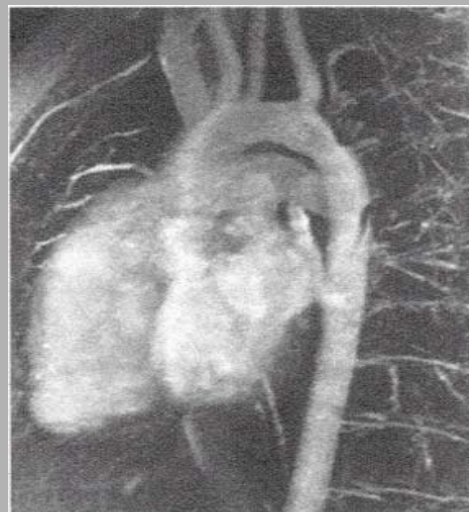
MEET, June 2007

**Geometry
of the
aortic arch
after CoA repair**



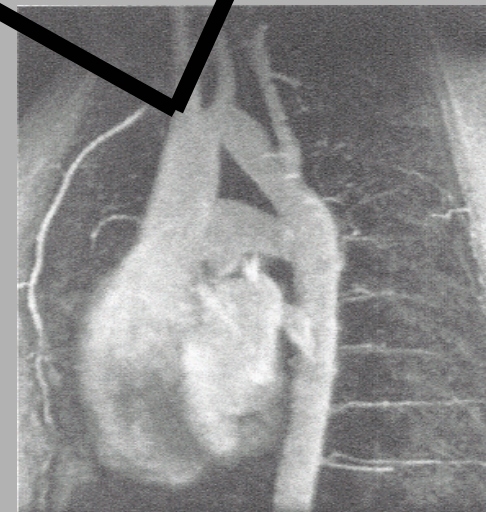
CRENEL

N=3



ROMANESQUE

N=2



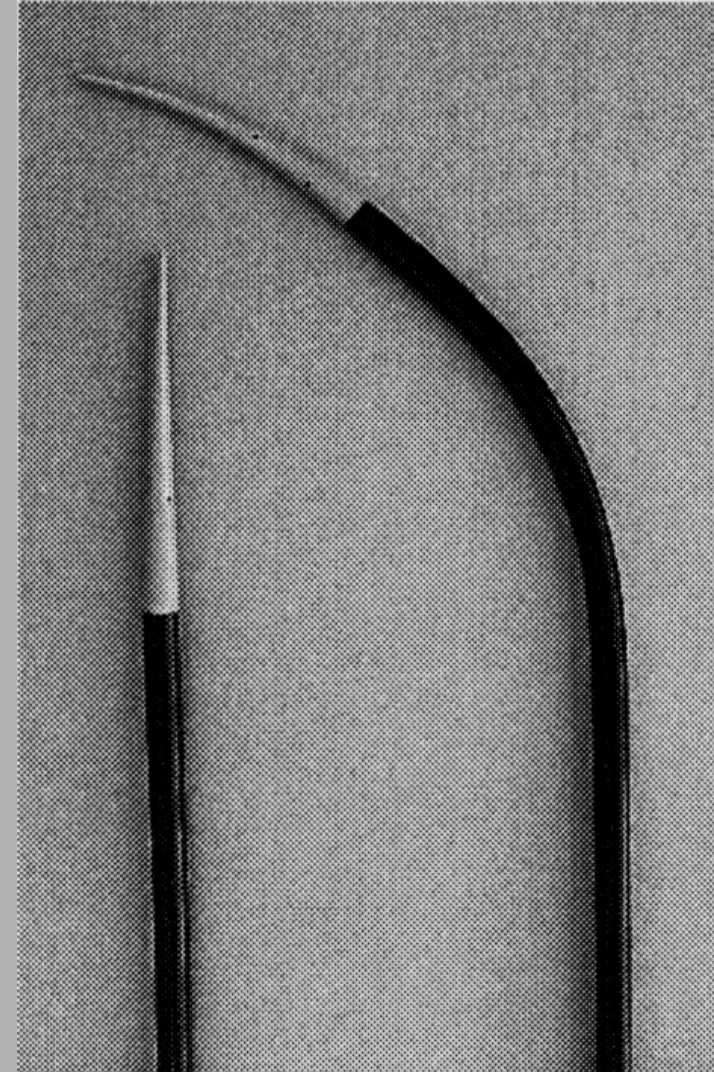
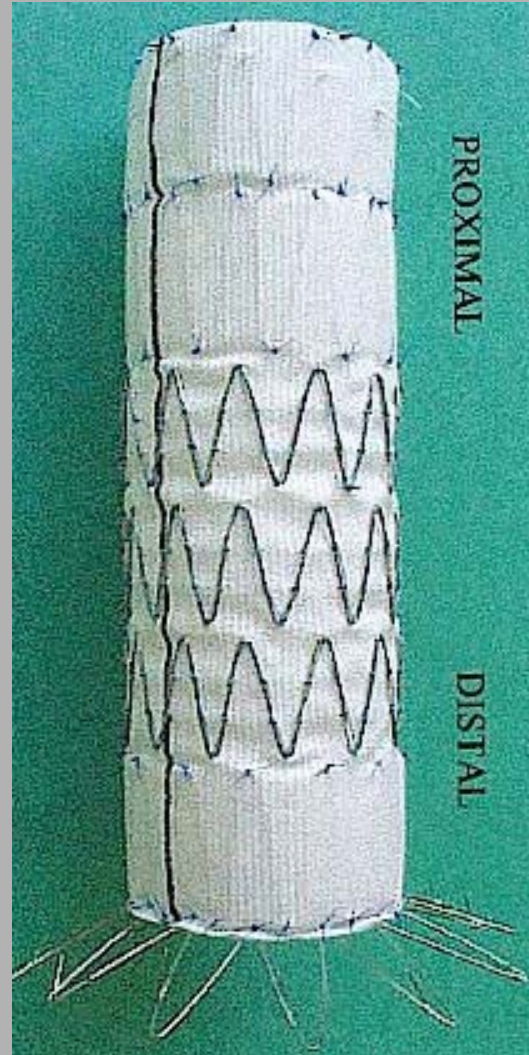
GOTHIC

N=4

MEET, June 2007

Crenel arch

R/ Zenith (precurved) + C-S transposition



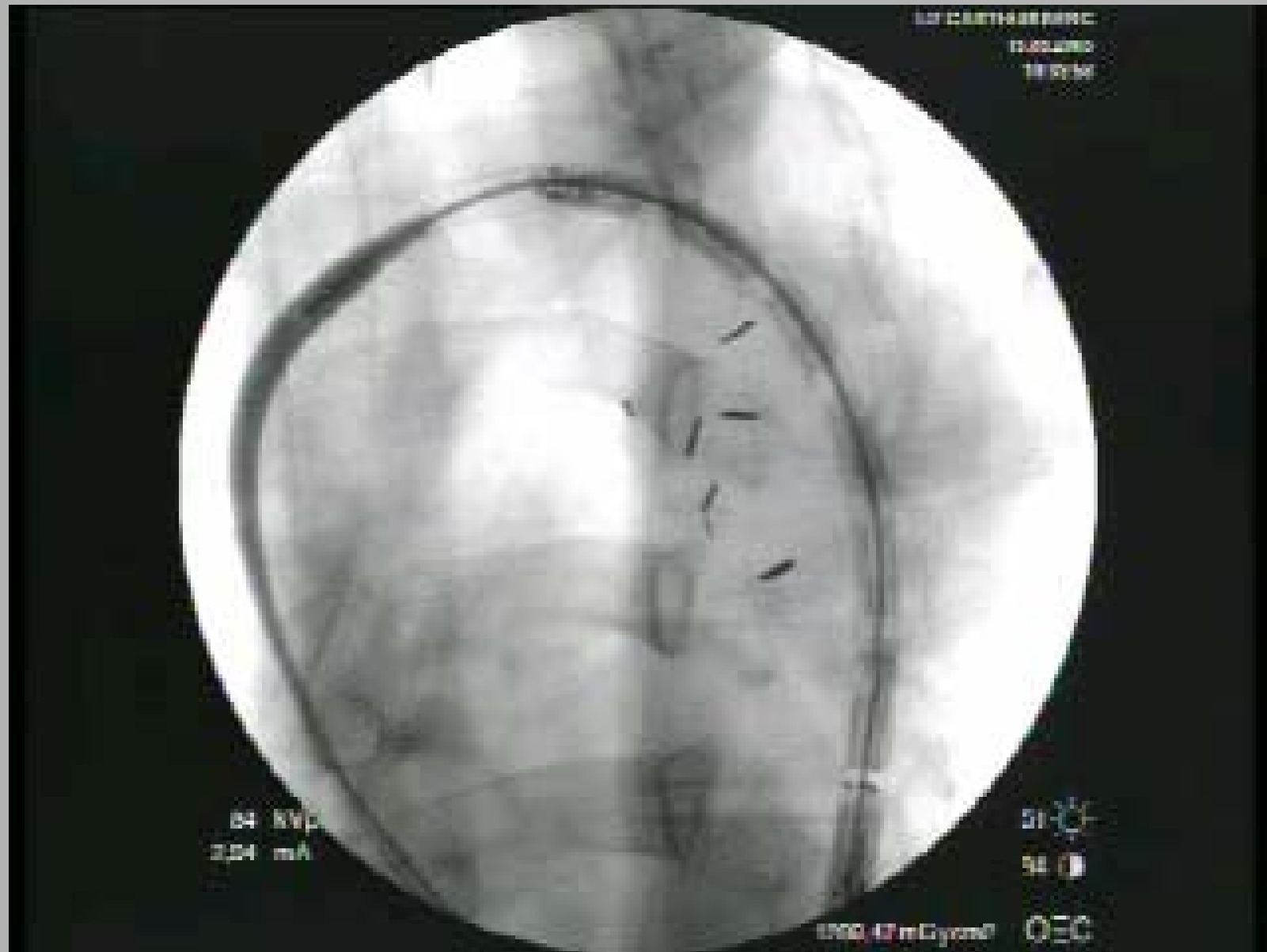
Crenel arch

R/ Zenith (precurved) + C-S transposition



Crenel arch

R/ Zenith (precurved) + C-S transposition

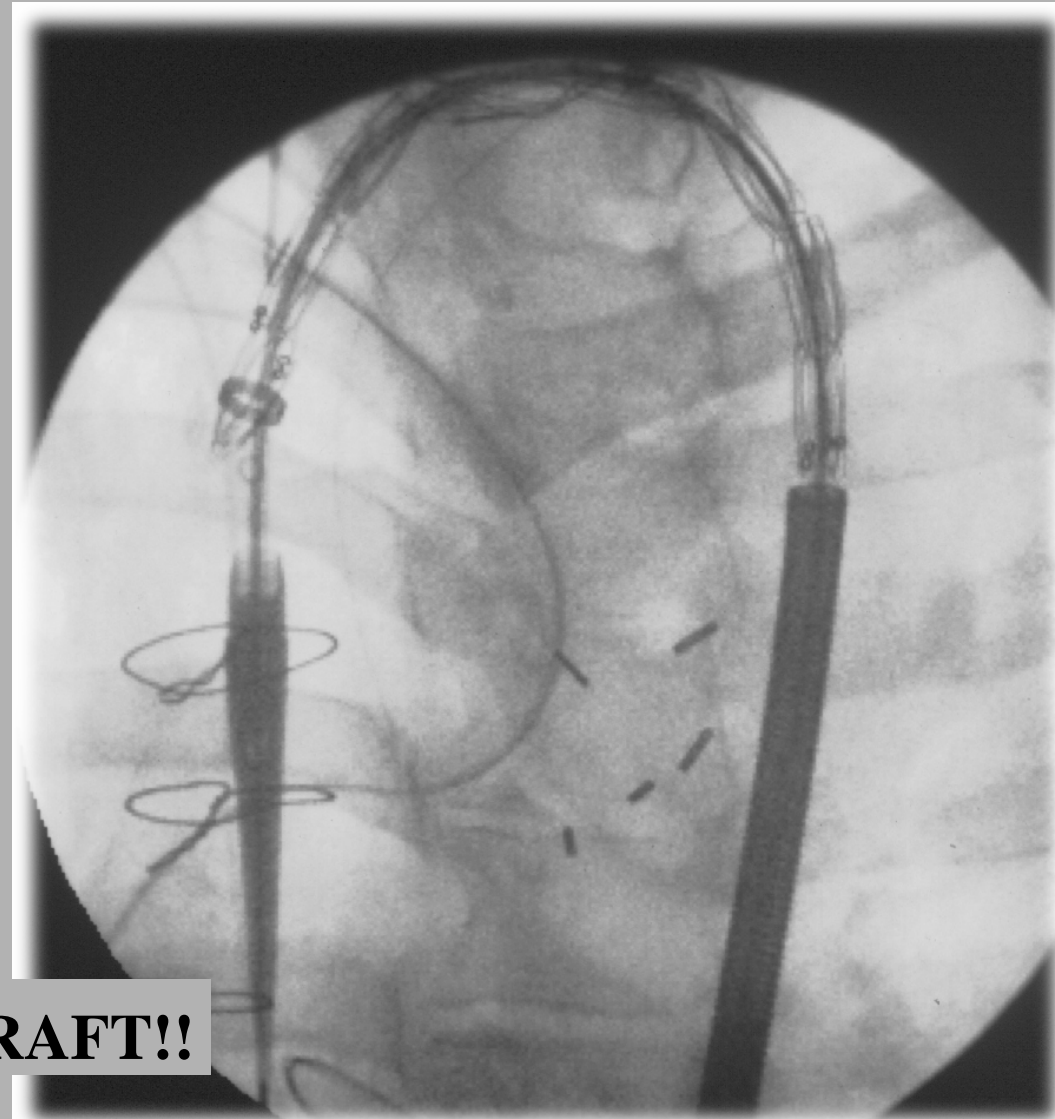


Crenel arch

R/ Zenith (precurved) + C-S transposition

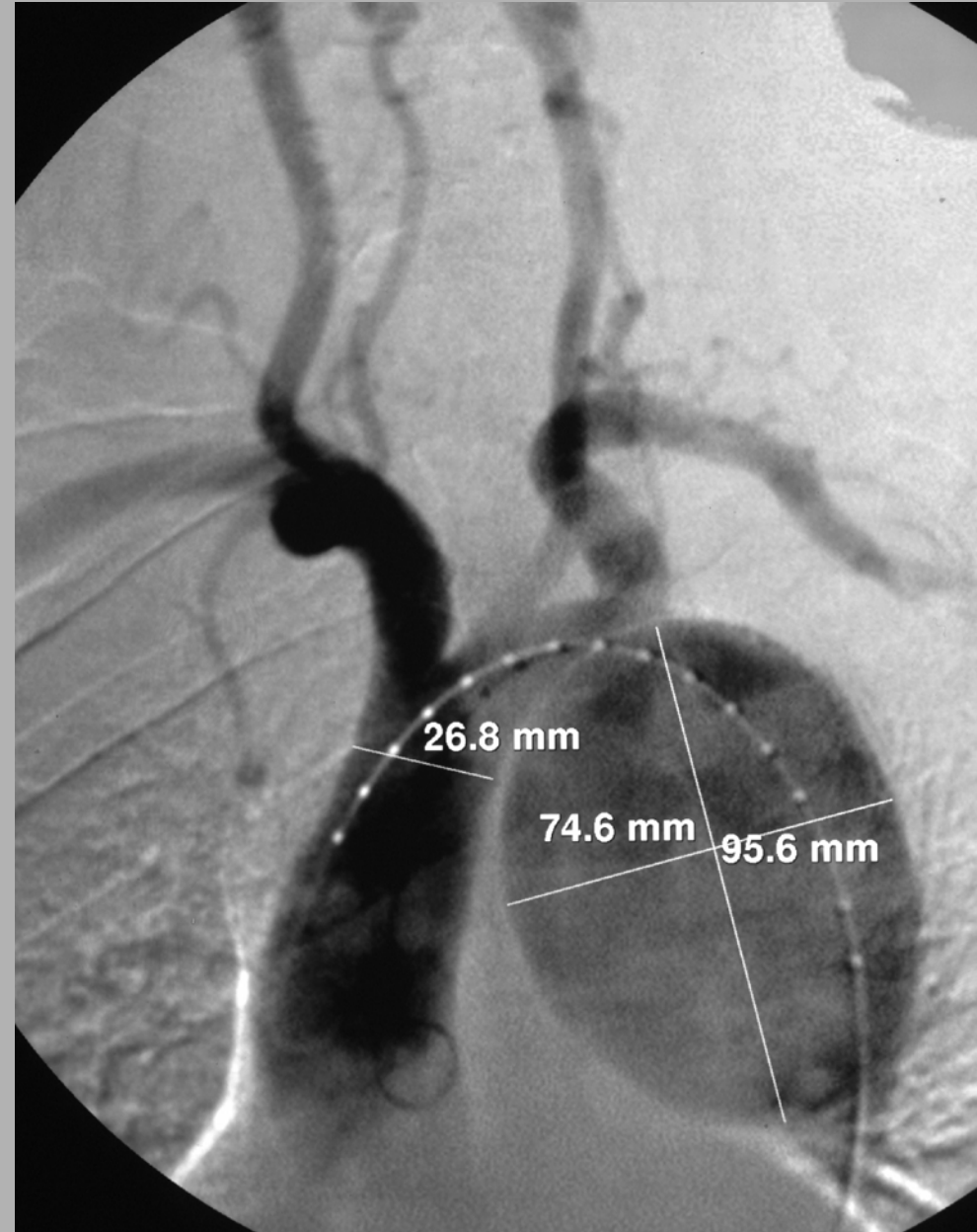


Gothic arch
R/ Talent + complete arch transposition



FLEXIBLE GRAFT!!

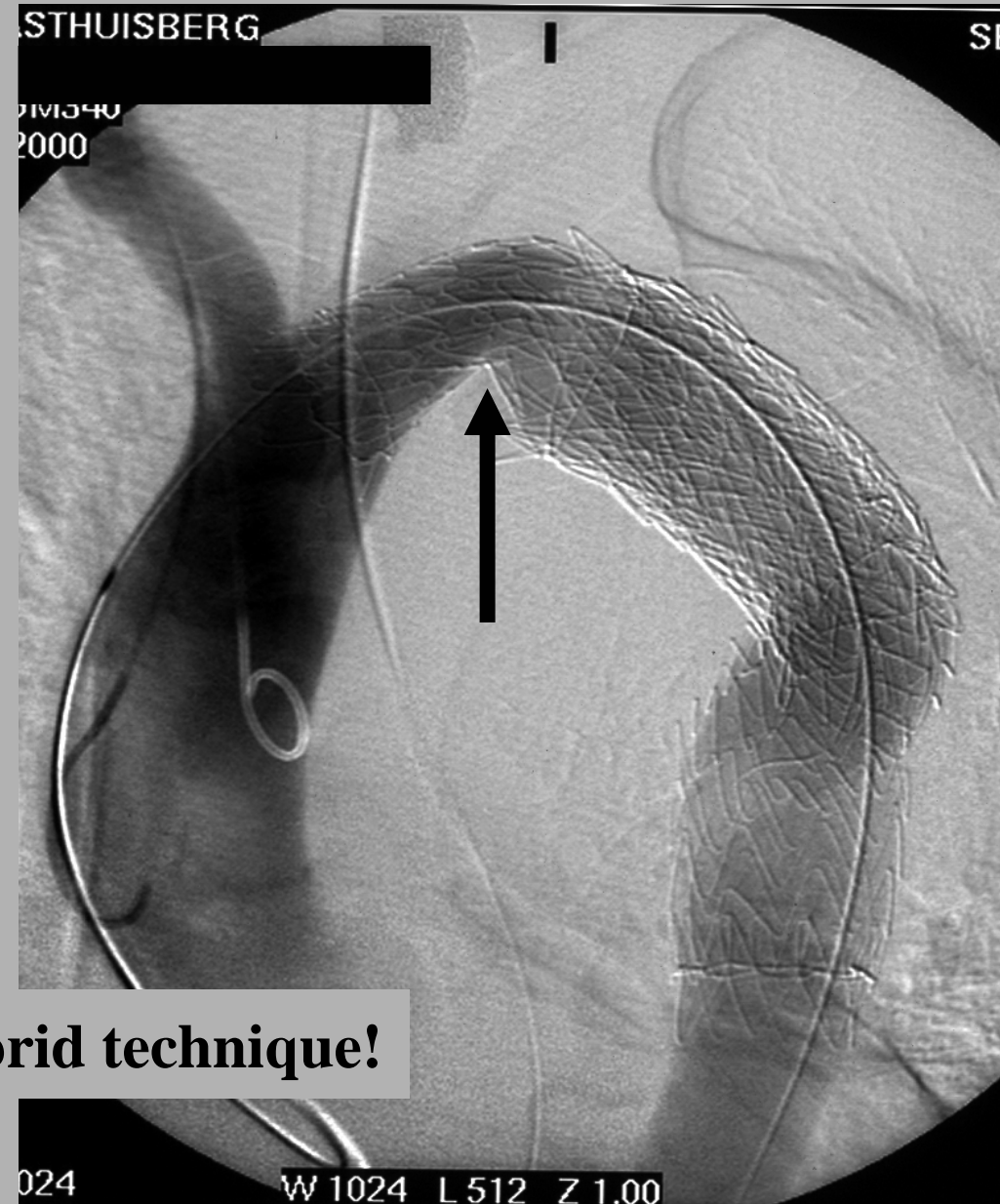
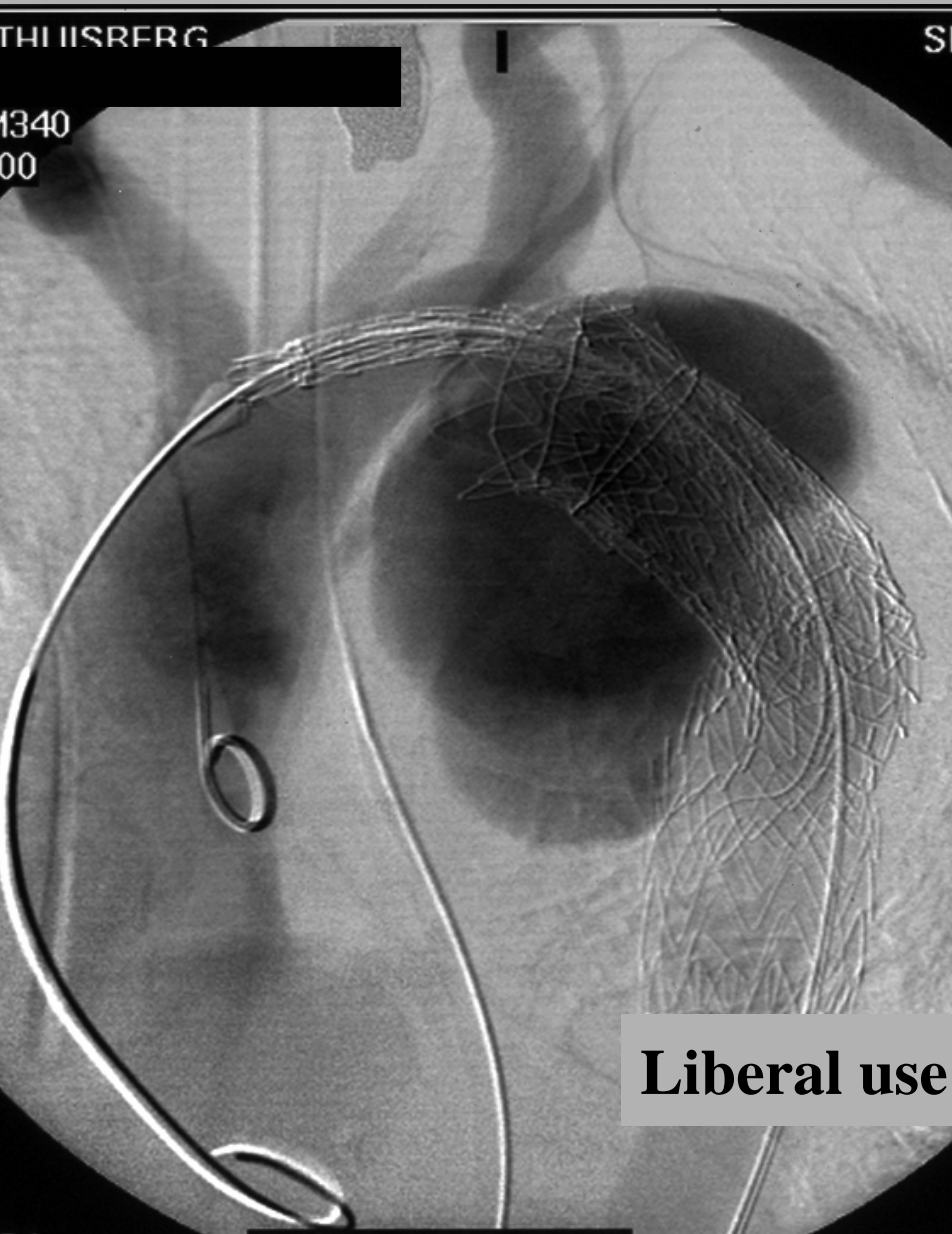
2. Postoperative fibrosis and stiffness at the aortic isthmus! Take care of a good proximal landingszone!!



Postoperative fibrosis and stiffness at the aortic isthmus!
Take care of a good proximal landingszone!!



Postoperative fibrosis and stiffness at the aortic isthmus!
Take care of a good proximal landingszone!!



Liberal use of hybrid technique!

3. Frequent mismatch between landingszones (distal>>proximal) → thrombone technique or (reversed) tapered grafts



Conclusion

**Endovascular repair of postCoA
repair aneurysms is feasible
but challenging**

**Study the geometry of the arch
→Flexible graft**

**Postop. Fibrosis at the isthmus
→Landingszone**

**Dismatch arch – descending aorta
→Thrombone or reversed tapered
graft**

