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Advanced uses of the passive voice

GRAMMAR

LEVEL Intermediate

NUMBER B2_1035G_EN LANGUAGE English

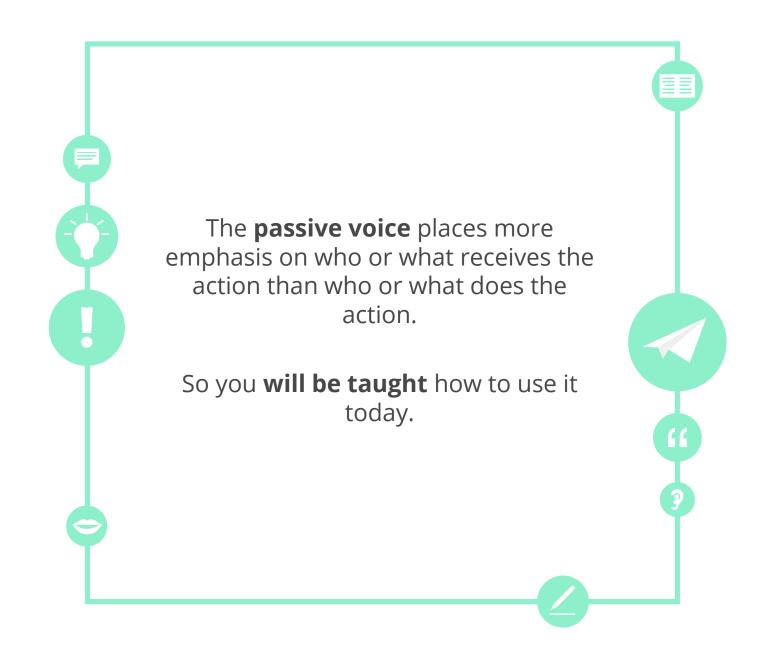




Goals

- Review how to form the passive voice
- Learn when to use passive voice in complex cases
- Practise writing and speaking in the passive voice







Preview and warm-up

In this lesson you are going to **review** how to use the **passive voice** and learn more about how to use it in **complex tenses**.



Our product will be completed soon.



Reviewing the passive voice

- Below are some examples of **active** and **passive sentences** in the **present simple** and the **past simple**.
- Remember, the **passive voice** is formed using the verb **be** in the appropriate tense and the **past participle** of the main verb.

Active	Passive
People speak English in Australia.	English is spoken in Australia.
Elena took the minutes at today's meeting.	The minutes of today's meeting were taken by Elena.
People eat turkey at Christmas in the UK.	Turkey is eaten at Christmas in the UK.





Reviewing the passive voice

Here are some more examples of **passive sentences** in different tenses.

Present continuous	Past simple	Present perfect
The problem is being handled by the customer service team.	Our suggestions were implemented.	A meeting has been arranged for next Wednesday.
My car is being fixed.	The assignment was sent out to the freelancers.	Houses have been built on the land we used to play on.
Lunch is being served in the canteen	Linda was given a promotion.	The project has finally been completed.



Reviewing the passive voice

Here are some more **passive structures** in other tenses.

Past continuous	Past perfect
A dog was being chased by a large cat.	He had been warned about his behaviour before.
A man was being held hostage while the police negotiated.	She was angry because she had just been fired from the job she loved.
Dinner was being served when the plane hit turbulence.	They had been touted as the next big thing but they never made it.



The preposition by

We can use the **passive voice** with or without **by**.

- We use **by** when we want to say who **does the action**.
- We do not use *by* when we **do not know/can't say** who **performs** an action or when it is **obvious** who or what **performs** an action.

Look at the examples below and discuss why **by** was or wasn't used.

A man was arrested.

The clothes are made by children who work very long hours.

My car has been stolen.

The court was told that the accused was seen in the area.

The contract was not signed by my boss.

The notes were written by Joshua.





Transform the sentences from active to passive

1.	The	police	arrested	the	man.
1 .	1110	ponce	arrestea	CIIC	man.

The man was arrested (by the police).

2. People in Britain send 350 million letters every year.

→

3. Nora has conducted the research for this report.

>

4. A co-worker is reviewing Nora's report.

-

5. They had already eaten all the cookies when I arrived.

→



The preposition by

by in the sentences on the previous page.



Fill in the gaps

Choose the passive or active voice in this text.

Alice Hancock	(give) her first piano
	he was 6. They thought it
(be) a l	big gift for a young girl but
they (co	onvince) by her piano
teacher, who	(tell) them that their
daughter was a genius	s. Unfortunately, the piano
(not to	uch) by Alice after the first
week of having it. How	vever, Alice's brother Mike
(turn o	ut) to be a prodigy, and he
(play) t	he piano every day until he
(enter)	for a musical competition
by Alice's teacher. He	(win), and
from then on the pian	











The passive voice with the future simple

Here is how we construct and use the **passive voice** with the **future simple**:

■ *will be* + past participle

Active	Passive
We will finish the project by noon.	The project will be finished by noon.
She will give a speech on time management.	A speech will be given on time management.
An expert will demonstrate how to use the new product.	How to use the new product will be demonstrated by an expert.



The passive voice with the future perfect

Here is how we construct and use the **passive voice** with the **future perfect**:

■ *will have been* + past participle

Active	Passive
We will have implemented all the changes by the deadline.	The changes will all have been implemented by the deadline.
I hope the real estate agent will have sold our house by next month.	I hope our house will have been sold by next month.
We will have released the product by next month.	The product will have been released by next month.



To be born

- One of the most **common verbs** which is used in the **passive voice** is **to be born**.
- It is often used in the **past tense**, but can be used in **others**.

To be born

I was born in 1980.

One baby is born every 40 seconds in the UK.

Seven babies will have been born by the time my shift finishes tonight!

Your baby will be born soon.

Over 100 babies have been born in this hospital so far this year.





Verbs that can't be used in the passive voice



- Intransitive verbs (those without an object) cannot be used in the passive voice.
- Some **stative verbs** can also not be used in the passive. Look at the examples below.

- He has arrived.
- John has a sister and a brother.
- Did you cycle here?
- I will sleep well tonight.
- This bag belongs to Helen.



Fill in the gaps

Fill in the gaps with one of the verbs below in the future simple or the future perfect.

send finish hold tell sell The meeting _____ next Tuesday. If the court convicts you, you _____ to prison. 3. Our product ______ in Europe and Asia. 4. The report_____ by tomorrow morning. 5. The staff _____ about the new management in this afternoon's meeting.





I **am found** at one of the poles but not the other.

My habitat is being destroyed.

People say I **will become** extinct if we don't act soon.



Who/what am I?

Using the previous page as a model, choose three more animals or people that you can describe in three sentences.

Try to use passive sentences as much as possible.

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To be born

Answer the questions below with your classmates.



When and where were you born?

Are any babies going to be born in your family soon?

Where were your parents and grandparents born?



The passive in formal writing

As you probably remember, we often use the **passive voice** in **formal writing**. Look at the examples of sentences below.

The results of the experiment have not yet been examined.

The theory of evolution was first formulated by Charles Darwin.

Staff were observed during their working hours and their movements were measured.





The passive with get

- There is another more **informal** side to the **passive voice** and that is when it is used with **get**. This is used in **spoken** language.
- Look at the examples below of a normal passive construction and the passive with *get*. The structure is: **subject** + *get* + **past** participle.

Passive with <i>be</i>	Passive with get
My findings were confirmed by an expert in the field.	My findings got confirmed by an expert in the field.
My absence was approved by my boss.	My absence got approved by my boss.

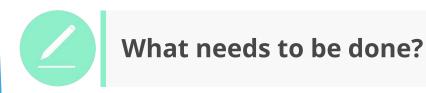


Get or be

Fill in the gaps with the passive voice using *get* or *be* depending on which you think is more appropriate.

- 1. Did you hear that Dave _____ (arrest) last night?
- 2. A man aged 24 _____ (arrest) last night on suspicion of burglary.
- 3. John Parker _____ (fire) for stealing money from the firm.
- 4. John _____ (fire) for taking money!





What projects are you working on at the moment? What needs to be done by the end of this month? Share your response with the class using the passive voice.



True or false?

Fill in the gaps with passive verbs.

- 1. The first canned beer _____ (sell) in 1933.
- 2. The first European Championship football tournament _____ (hold) in 1960.
- 3. Up to the year 2000, almost 2 million pairs of Levi's jeans _____ (sell).
- 4. The first car _____ (invent) by an American.
- 5. George Washington ______ (elect) President of the United States in 1789.



Now say if you think the sentences are true or not.



Write answers to these questions using the passive voice.

Who are the best electronics made by?

Who are your favourite clothes made by?

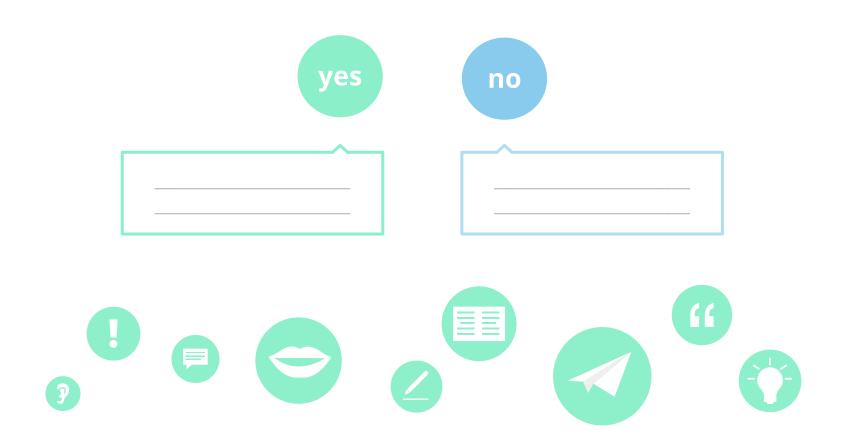
Where are the worst cars manufactured?





Reflect on the goals

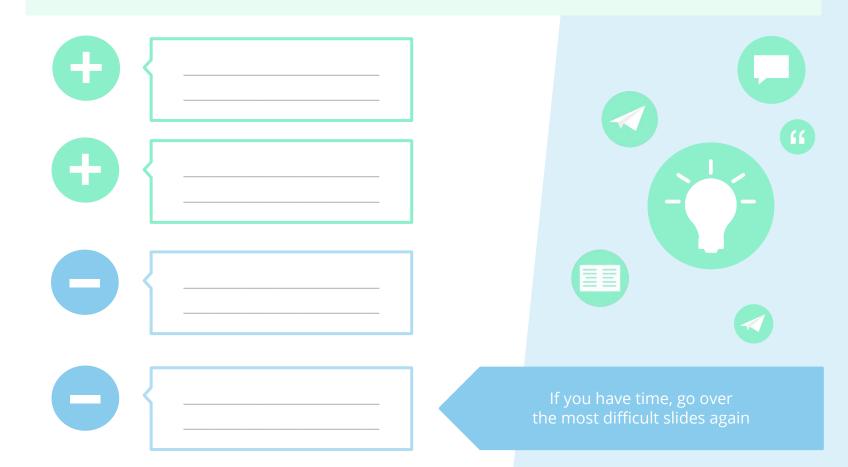
Go back to the second slide of the lesson and check if you have achieved all the goals of the lesson.





Reflect on this lesson

Think about everything you have seen in this lesson. What were the most difficult activities or words? The easiest?



Answer key



Exercise p. 22

1. Got arrested, 2. was arrested, 3. was

fired, 4. got fired

Exercise p. 24

(T) blos saw.f

3. had been sold (F – 2 billion pairs) 2. was held, (T)

4. was invented (F - a German)

5. was elected (T)

sold, 4. will have been finished, 5. will be 1. will be held, 2. will be sent, 3. will be

played, was entered, won told/told, wasn't touched, turned out, was given, was, were convinced, had

Exercise p. 11

Exercise p. 16

co-worker.

told

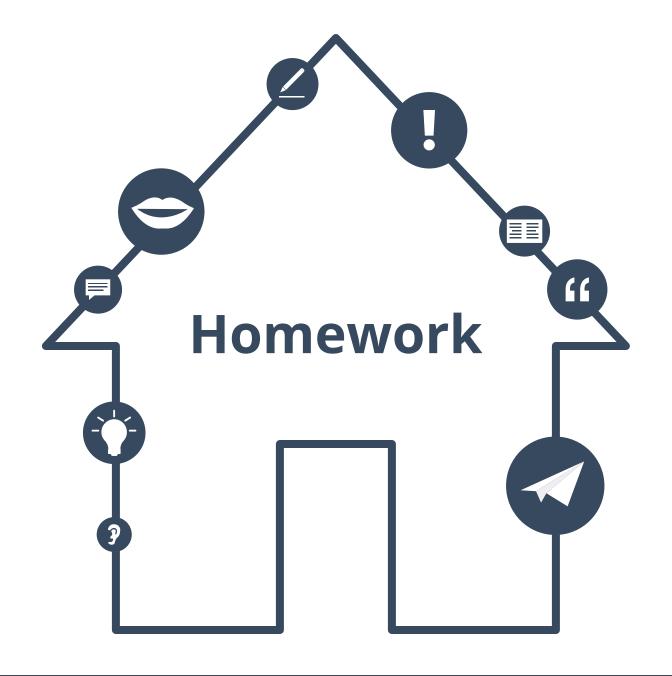
when I arrived. 5. The cookies had already been eaten

conducted by Nora. 3. The research for this report was every year.

2. 350 million letters are sent in Britain

4. Nora's report is being reviewed by a

Exercise p. 9





Complete the table with the past participle of the verbs

give	given
go	
have	
see	
eat	
become	
suspend	
feel	
fell	





Complete the sentences

Complete the sentences so they are true for you.

- 1. A great present I was given...
- 2. A meal I have been cooked by someone was ...
- 3. My favourite book was written by...
- 4. My favourite film was directed by...
- 5. Something I am annoyed by...



Homework answer key

Exercise p. 30 gone/been, had, seen,eaten, become, suspended, felt, fallen





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