

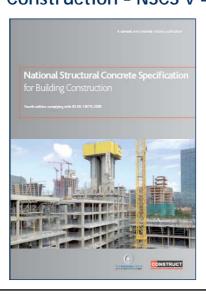






The National Structural Concrete Specification for Building Construction - NSCS v 4

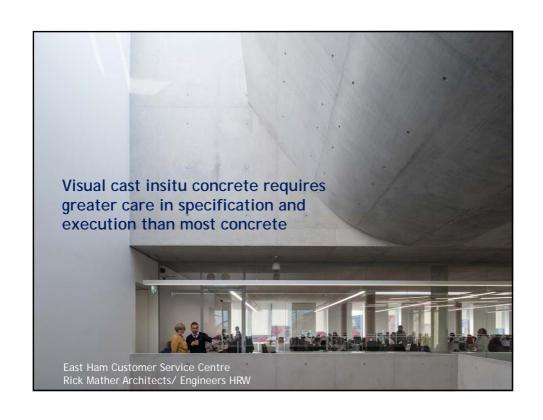




- Definitive, simple and straightforward
- Prepared by the industry

 clients, designers,
 contractors and
- Aims to benefit all, with information collected together in one place
- Download free pdf:

 $\frac{\text{http://www.construct.org.uk/index.}}{\text{php/useful-stuff/publications}}$



Achieving visual cast in situ concrete - a summary

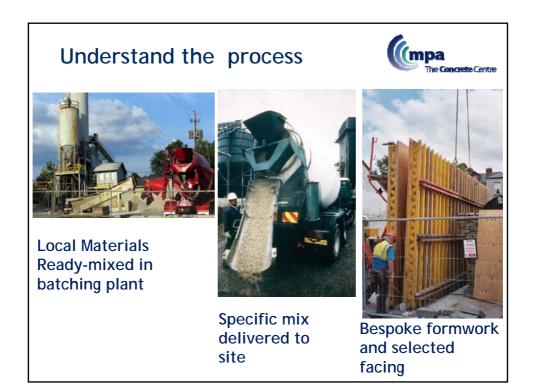


- Correct and consistent mix
- Suitable facing, formwork and accessories
- Appropriate release agent
- Careful workmanship/process for all elements
- Adequate protection
- Test panel(s)
- Team work and communication
- A little bit of luck!

Specifying visual cast insitu concrete



- It is a team effort. Structural Engineers specification will require input from the architect. Concrete contractor input required for final details. Consult suppliers pre tender
- <u>Understand</u> the creation processes
- Be realistic about what is achievable
- <u>Describe</u> clearly the result you want to achieve (use benchmarks)







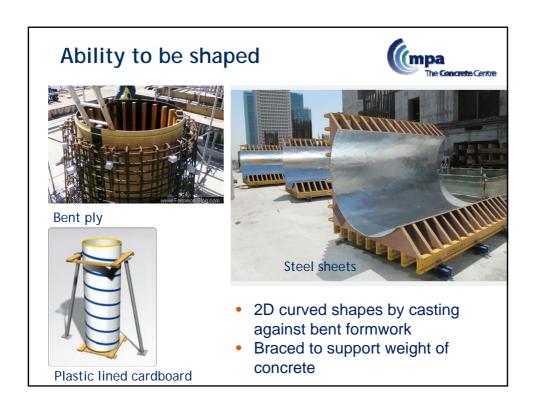


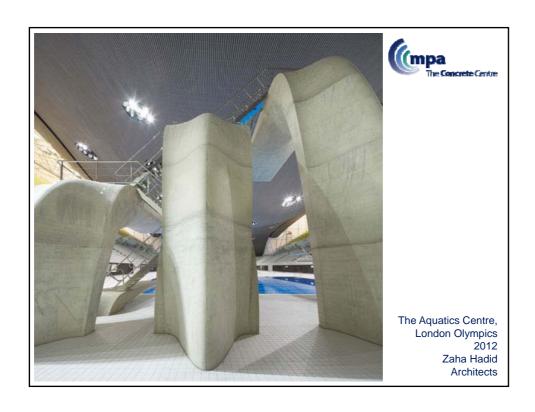
Understand form face qualities (mpa



- Range of repeated use
- Cost
- Quality
- Potential shapes/forms
- Finish of concrete produced
- Size
- Fixing method
- Edge conditions
- Relationship with release agent







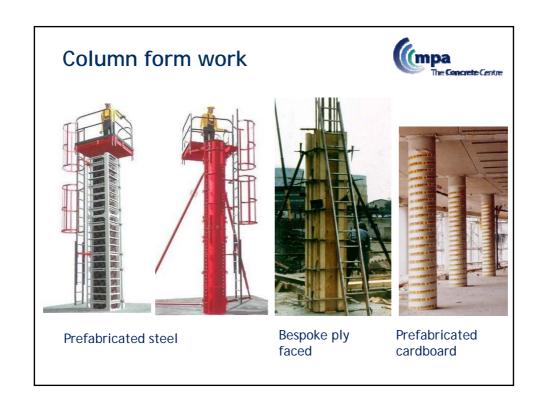




- 5 axis router to cut multi dimensional surfaces in polystyrene
- Subsequent processes included: Lining for rigidity, milled further & resin sealer
 - Glass fibre forms created from curved mould, and stiffened for support



The Aquatics Centre, London Olympics 2012 Zaha Hadid Architects



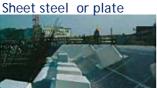
Impermeable form liners





Impermeable materials: tend to give a smooth shiny finish

Typically can be re-used many 100's of times (e.g cores/high rise)



Blow holes are likely

GRP

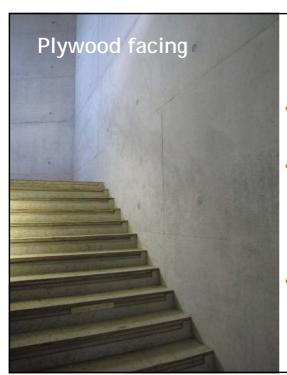
Tend not to 'add' colour to the concrete*



*steel can create dark mottling, especially if over compacted



* High levels of GGBS create a temporary blue colour





- Smooth, large format sheets
- Typically imperial ply sheet sizes (2440 x1220) but metric and oversized boards also available
- Shiny, matte or slight timber grain finish depending on ply facing

Ply facings for visual concrete





Phenolic Film Faced Panels and High Density Overlay (HDO)- Smooth Shiny finish to the concrete. (hard wearing - multiple re-use)



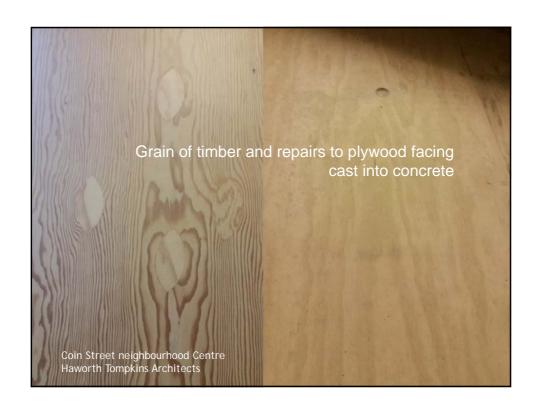
High quality medium density overlay (MDO) - Resin impregnated paper faced Panels. Matt non- shiny surface finish to the concrete -less re-use



High Quality Birch faced (or other) ply - Matt finish, light timber grain expressed. Often little re- use possible













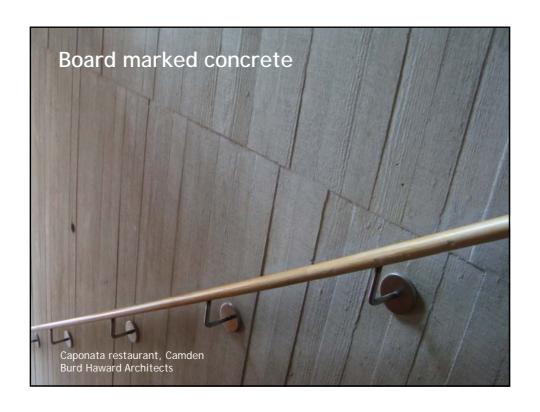






- Agree surface tolerances
- Establish board fixings (usually from behind so hidden and avoids damaging board facing)
- Requirements often refined during process of trial panels











- Sandblasted SW timber
- 'cut throughs' are hand burnished

Oriel mostyn gallery

Llandudno: EWA Architects





- 100mm boards lining plywood formwork
- Limited reuse of boards possible
- could be resandblasted to remove concrete out of grain with a harder wood e.g. Oak

Oriel mostyn gallery

Llandudno: EWA Architects

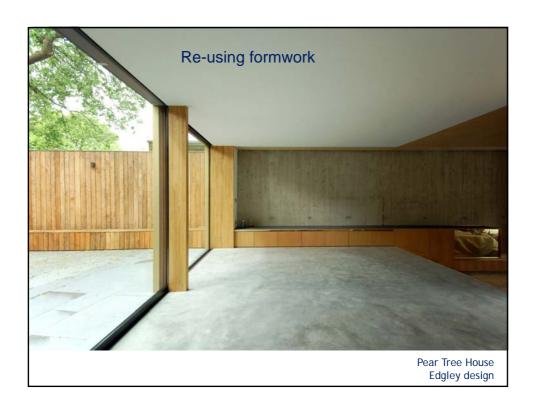




- •Planed redwood boards of differing thicknesses
- •Self compacted concrete

Lincoln museum

Panter Hudspith







- •Canadian grown douglas fir
- •Sand blasted timber face to expose grain
- •Self compacted concrete with fly ash
- •Dark colouring enhanced by sealant

IStrcutE offices, London

Hugh Brougton Architects/ Expedition engineering,

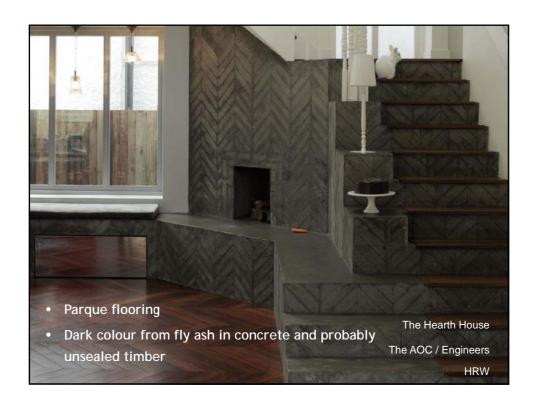


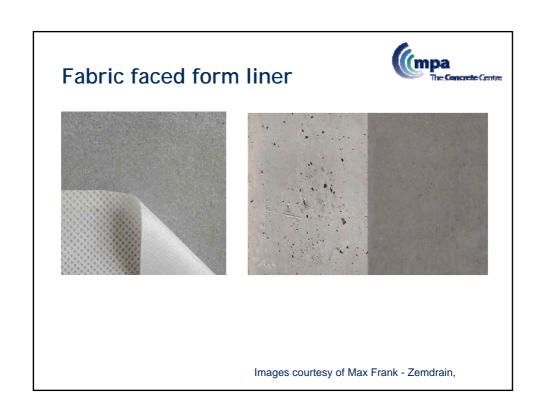


- Smooth faced boards
- •Self compacted concrete with fly ash
- Dark colouring enhanced by sealant

IStrcutE offices, London, rear wall

Hugh Brougton Architects/ Expedition engineering,





Appropriate Release Agent







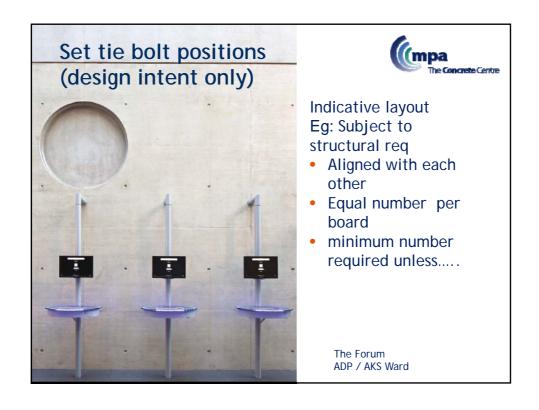


Right quantity applied

Too much agent applied

- Not essential to be specific at tender
- Specify 'to suit concrete mix and facing material' but also to test on site before use
- Correctly applied to manufacturers guidance other wise will be visible on the concrete







Consider location Of day work joints

- Describe/agree
 where day joints are
 to be avoided
- Consider expressing joint for large areas

Angel building, London AHMM/ AKT





Appropriate tie bolts, covers and spacers









- Specify types appropriate for visual concrete. I.e. with minimal appearance on face of concrete
- · Similar colours where possible

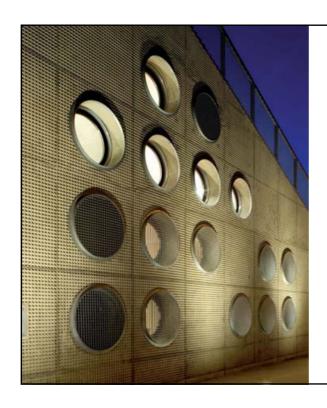




Proprietary form liner products

- Polyurethane or plastic mats bonded to inside of formwork
- •Designed for single or multiple use
- Bespoke or ready made designs

Manchester School of Art FCB Studio

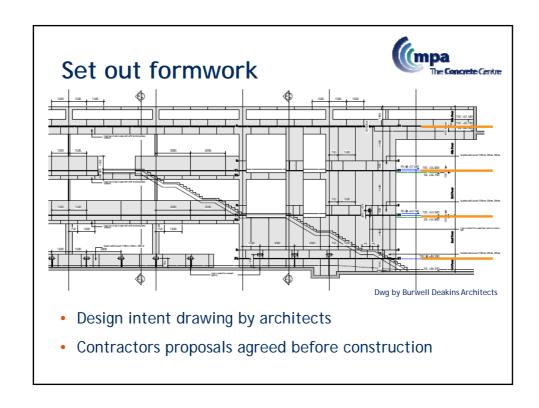




Plastic dimpled drainage board used as a mould

Camden Square Adventure Playground, Peckham

Eger Architects and Margret Higginson



Design and describe elements in 3D









Precast formwork for Experian Data Centre Sheppard Robson

East Ham Customer Service Centre Rick Mather Architects/ Engineers HRW

Understand and describe the forms to improve buildability and optimise formwork

