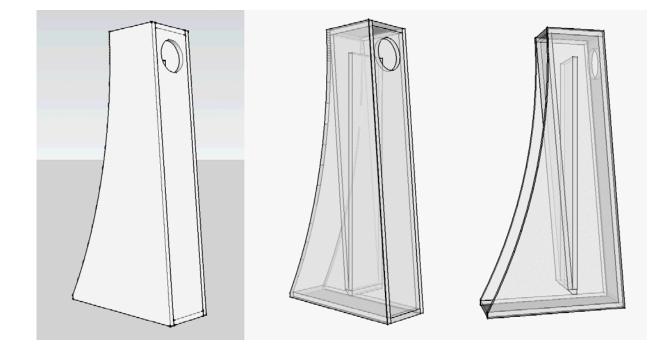
# Frugel-Horn Mk3

18-june-2012 | © 2010-2016 Frugal-Horn.com



In late 2006 – '07 a small group of enthusiasts collaborated to develop a compact, inexpensive corner-horn design for the DIY community. This project became the very successful Frugel-Horn, which even spawned an extremely expensive commercial adaptation.

The Frugel-horn Mk3 [FH3] is a well tested design, with the objectives of improving upon the performance of the original box in a substantially simpler cabinet that would be tolerant of a wide range of drive units. Topologically, it is a tapped hypex corner-horn (approximated by 2 conical sections) with an internal choke serving as a low pass filter. The curved terminus is carried over from Ron Clarke's contribution to the original cabinet, and helps the wavefront exiting the horn mouth to return to its more natural spherical shape.

The cabinet has to date been successfully tested with Fostex FE126En, FE126e, FE127e, FF105wk, FF125wk, FE138eSR\*, Mark Audio CHR-70, CHP-70, Alpair7, A7.3, A7p, Pluvia Seven, CSS EL70, Tangband W5-1611, more. Any 4-5" (100-130mm) driver is worth trying. Adjustment & tuning of the cabinet is accomplished with varying amounts of damping, and proximity to rear boundary walls / corners.

\* (this driver does bass really well in FH3, but has other issues which preclude it being recommended)

FH3 is made freely available for DIY builders to make their own cabinets; we see it as an introduction to back-loaded horns, from which people may wish in future to move on to larger and / or more complicated designs.

Use of deflectors & supraBaffles yet to be explored.

Note: any commerical entity intent on manufacturing complete speakers or flat-paks for resale will need to follow the guidelines on the Frugal-Horn site: www.frugal-horn.com/use.html

This project's contributors: DIYers who went ahead, assisted in beta testing, offered comment and suggestions diyAudio: host for interactive discussion threads Scott Lindgren <http://www.wodendesign.com/> design & documentation Ron Clarke: the curved mouth

Chris Bobiak: Original test builds & drawing contribution

Colin Topps: drawing contribution

Your name here: you can help with FAQ, assembly diagrams & pictures, photo gallery. Probably more.

Local cottage industry to make & distribute flat-paks encouraged, please contact Dave (david@planet10-hifi.com)

Major Sponsors & Cheerleaders







please email me <david@planet10-hifi.com> with corrections & suggestions to make this document more useful

## Drawings/Contents (provisional)

io/ Intro i1/ Pictures i2/ Notes

FH3-O/ Plan 15mm FH3-O.1/ Details 15mm FH3-1/ Plan 15mm + 18mm baffle FH3-2/ Plan 18mm FH3-3/ Plan 16mm FH3-3/ Plan 16m

FH3-5/ Alternate Choke Point Execution FH3-6/ Side pattern creation FH3-7/ Side template (metric 15mm) FH3-8/ Side template (imperial 15mm) FH3-9/ swappable supraBaffle (updated)

D-o/ Damping D-1/ full size side felt template (15mm)

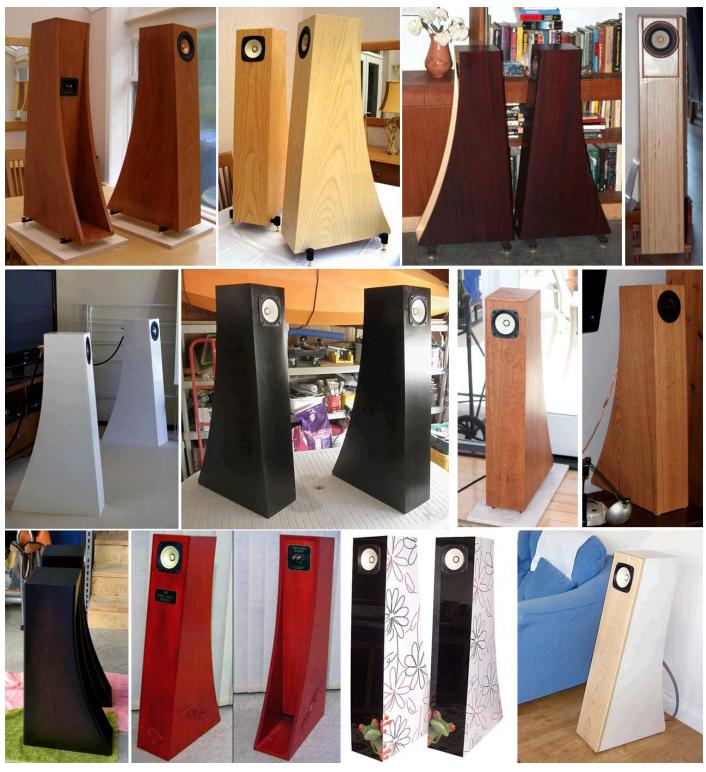
C-0/ 5x5 15mm cut plan C-1/ 4x8 15mm cut plan C-2/ 4x8 18mm simple cut plan C-3/ 4x8 18mm cut plan *(updated)* C-4/ 4x8 18mm alternate cut plan *(updated)* 

FH3-x/ Stacked FH3 Plan 15mm FH3-x/ Stacked FH3 MTM options

Centres for HT – FE126En, A7.3, FF125wk, EL70, A7, CHR70.x

## Pictures

## 25-february-2012



more pictures at http://www.diyaudio.com/forums/full-range/199849-fh3-build-gallery.html

## 30-september-2011

#### Notes

o/ quality multi-ply/plywood is recommended. In general, void free, the greater number of plies the better

1/ reference build is 15mm plywood, to allow rebate for some drivers 18mm baffles recommended (ie Alpair 7)

2/ if MDF or particle board used a minimum panelthickness of 18mm, good multi-ply minimum 12mm

3/ the most difficult detail in the build is the joint at the bottom of back, inside divider. A number of means to achieve this are detailed 4/ a removable vestigial supraBaffle is shown that allows

experimentation with different drivers

5/ a full size supraBaffle can be added as shown in the Frugel-Horn Mk1 document

6/ A full height rear deflector based on that shown in the Frugel-Horn Mk1 document can be added

7/ a stealthWoofer based on a full-height deflector is under development.

## Donations

Frugel-Horns have always been free for DIY builders to construct. We received many inquiries by buiders who wanted to send some money. For this iteration we would encourage you to pay it forward with a donatation of money or time to some charitable organization. Listed below are some choosen by the three main contributors to the design & documentation. Quite literally, every little helps.

Royal British Legion: www.britishlegion.org.uk Alzheimer's Research UK: www.alzheimersresearchuk.org Cancer Research UK: www.cancerresearchuk.org Donor's Choose: www.donorschoose.org Save The Children: www.savethechildren.org Big Brothers Big Sisters: www.bbbs.org Chris 1 Chris 2 Chris 3

for those without major woodworking kit, a growing number of independent flat-pak vendors ar ecoming on-line. Canada (North America), Netherlands & UK (Europe) & Australia as of this document revision

#### Comments & tips pulled form forum posts

#### Bob Brines:

Taking Colin's diagram (sheet C-2), here is how I would one-man it out of a 4x8 panel.

o. Build yourself a T-square cutting guide out of scrap material. You can find the instructions out there on the Internet.

oo. I have a 3'x6' sacrificial table top on a pair of saw horses. I can still manage to get a 4x8 sheet of plywood on it, but I can no longer get a sheet of MDF on it. For MDF, I just drop the sheet on the driveway and put 4 2x4's under it.

1. With a circular saw, cut off the 4 140mm pieces.

2. Cut between the remaining doubled pieces.

3. Now you can rip the individual pieces on a table saw as long as you can rig some kind of outflow table. I have a jig that fits my router table so that it can double as an outflow table for the table saw. Of course, if you don't have a table saw, you can do this with a circular saw and the rip fence you made above.

You can get the two cross cuts done at Lowes'/HD (speaking to the USA now), but my experience is that their panel saws are not square in any axis and I have to re-cut the ends. Also, the utility blade in their saw really tears up the cut. I have a 60 tooth blade in my circular saw that does an acceptable job. Not as good as the 80 tooth blade in my table saw, but acceptable.

That's my technique. YMMV.

ВоЬ

#### PDRCanada:

Another tip for cutting sheet goods on saw horses.....

Go to your nearest hardware store buy a 2'x4' pc of 2 or 3" white styrofoam and a roll of duct tape.

Cut the stryo to match the top of your saw horses.....use the duct tape to fasten it around the top of the horse.

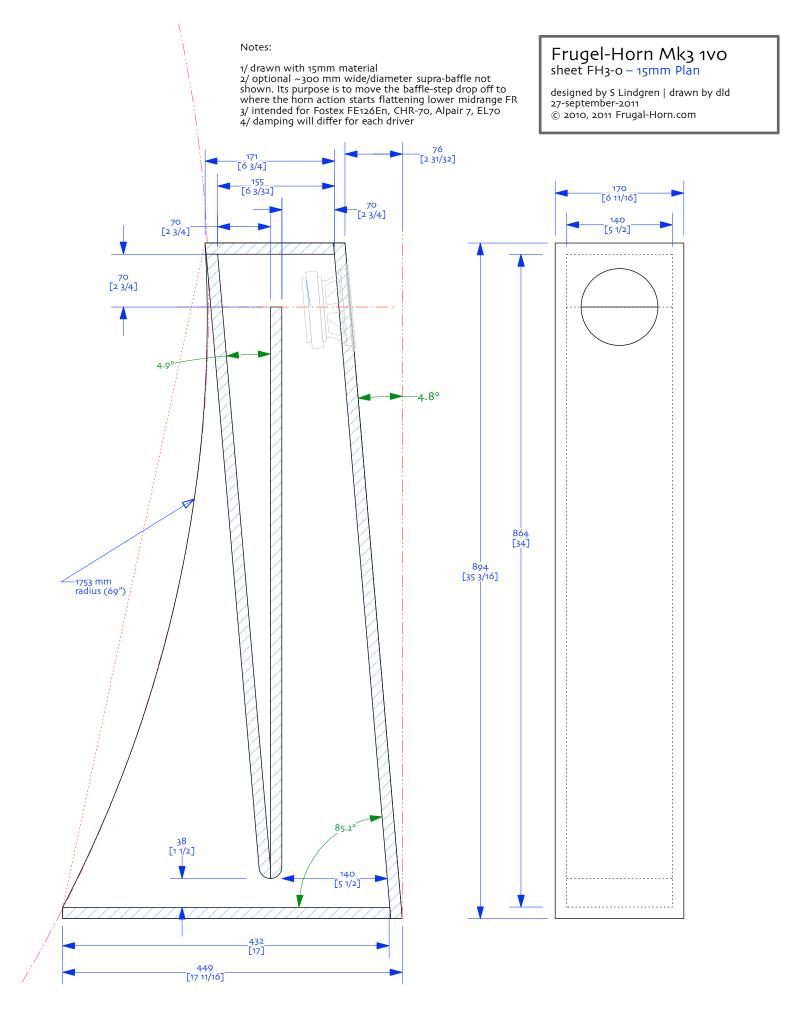
You can now cut your sheets with out hanging them over the saw horses. Just cut thru the styro.....make sure your styro is deeper than your saw cut.

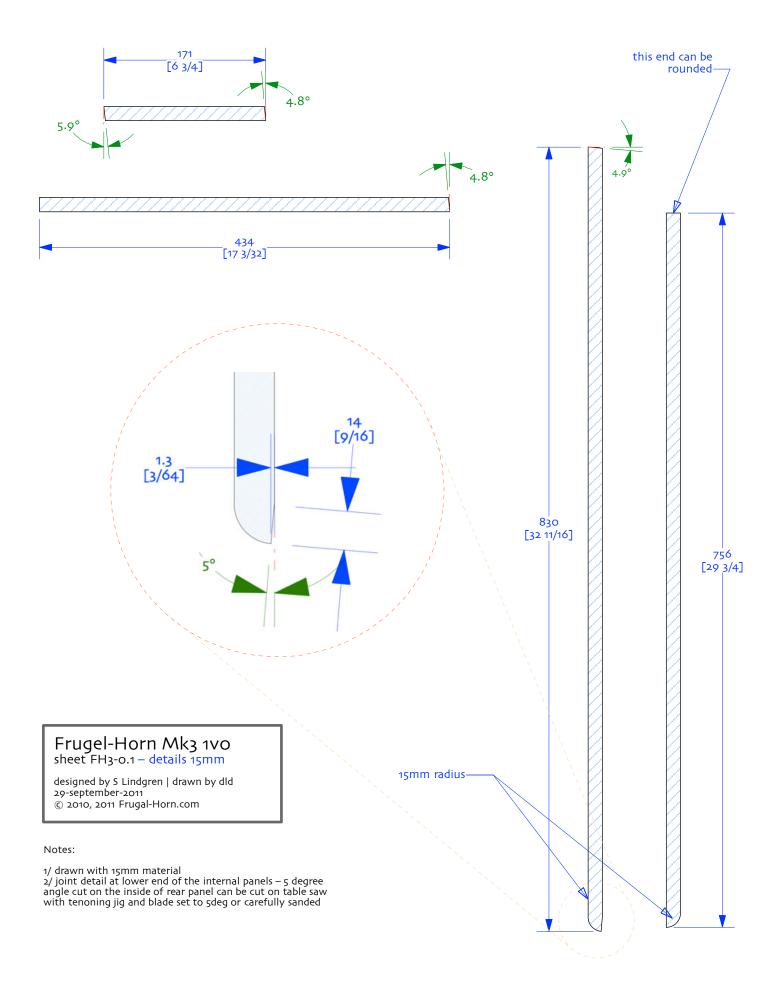
When the styro gets beat up...remove and replace.

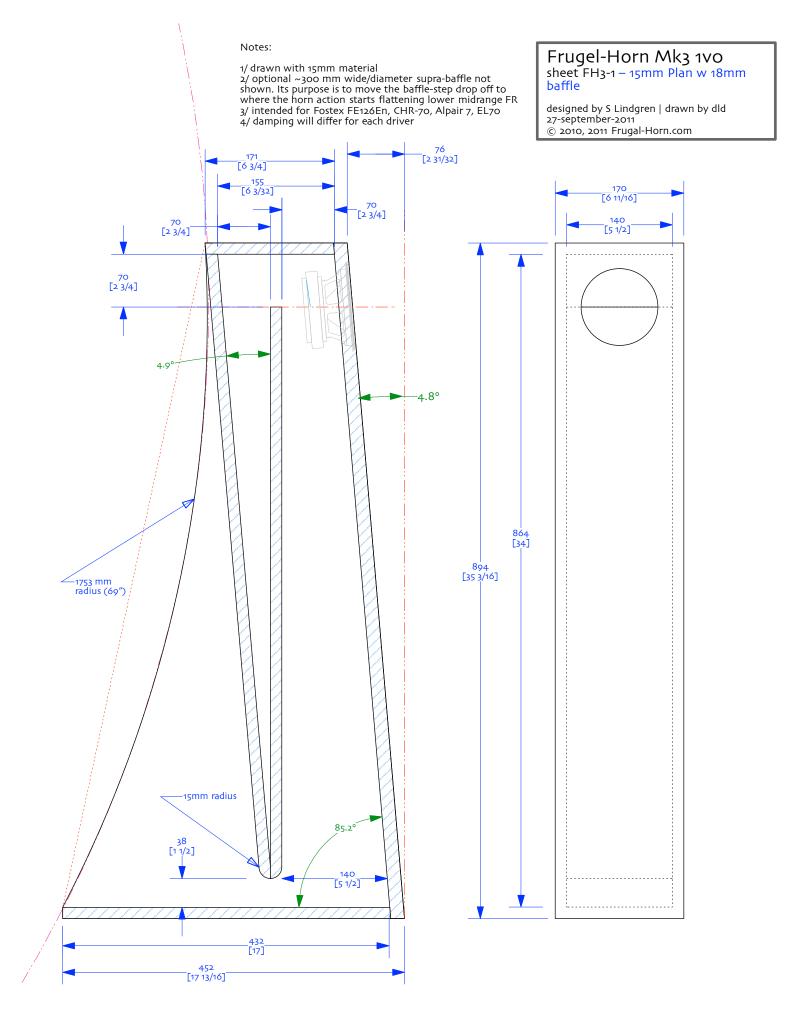
This method is used on jobsites all over to cut large panels.

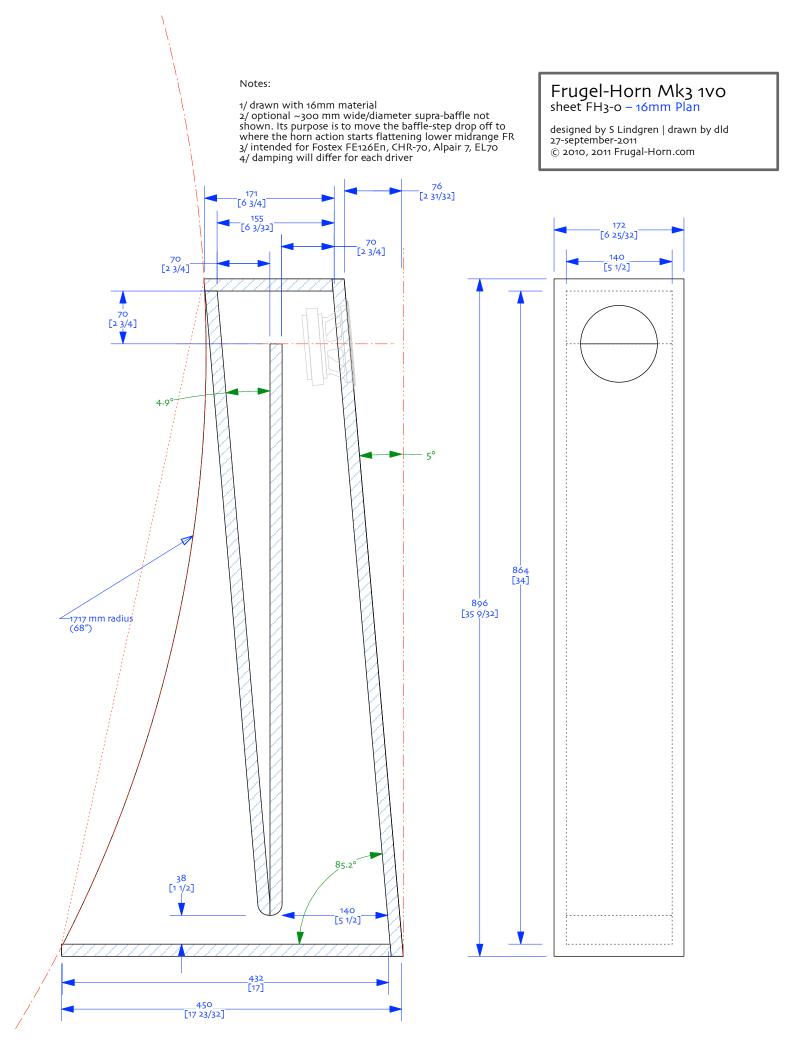
#### Poultrygeist:

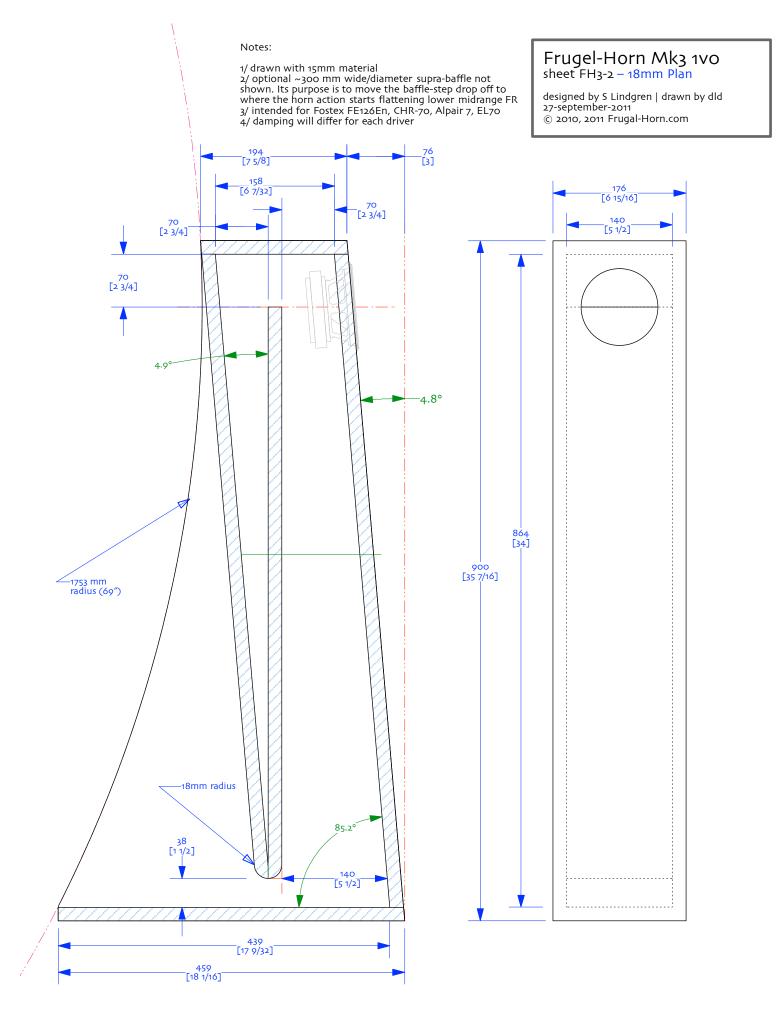
After much frustration in searching for 1/2 " (12mm ) cotton or wool felt I found an unlimited supply at my local auto junk yard. The carpet backing from 1990's Fords is 1/2 inch thick, works great and costs nothing. Had it not been up for sale I would have scavenged my own Mustang but instead I found a F150 donor which surrendered enough felt for a herd of horns.

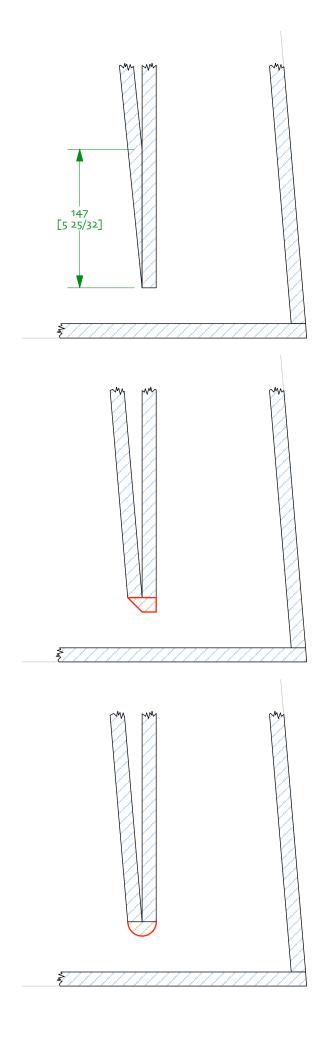












As originally designed A difficult piece to cut

Modified for easier build

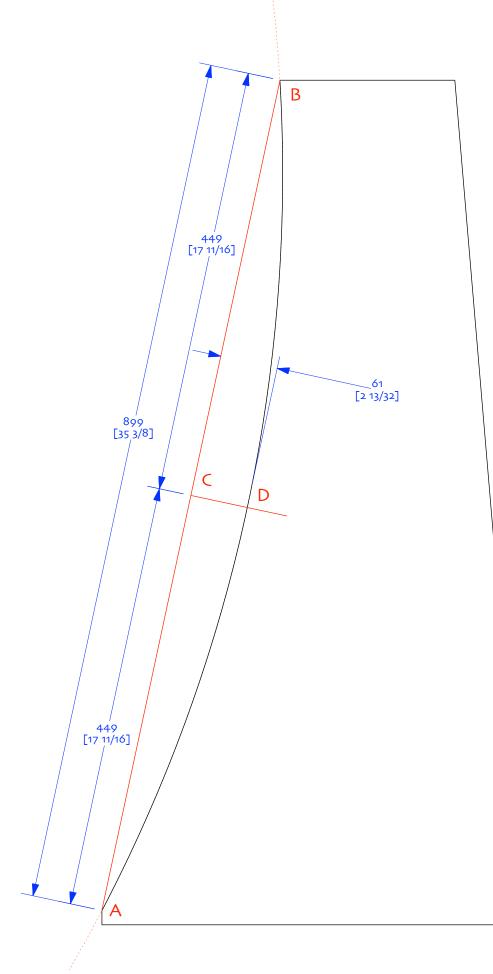
Adds an additional piece, not all that tolerent of thicker material

Alternateeasier build

Overcomes material thickness issues. Requires extra material – 1/2 round with radius of build material

Frugel-Horn Mk3 1vo sheet FH3-5 – alternate choke point execution

designed by S Lindgren | drawn by dld 27-september-2011 © 2010, 2011 Frugal-Horn.com



## Frugel-Horn Mk3 1vo sheet FH3-6 – curve chord & height

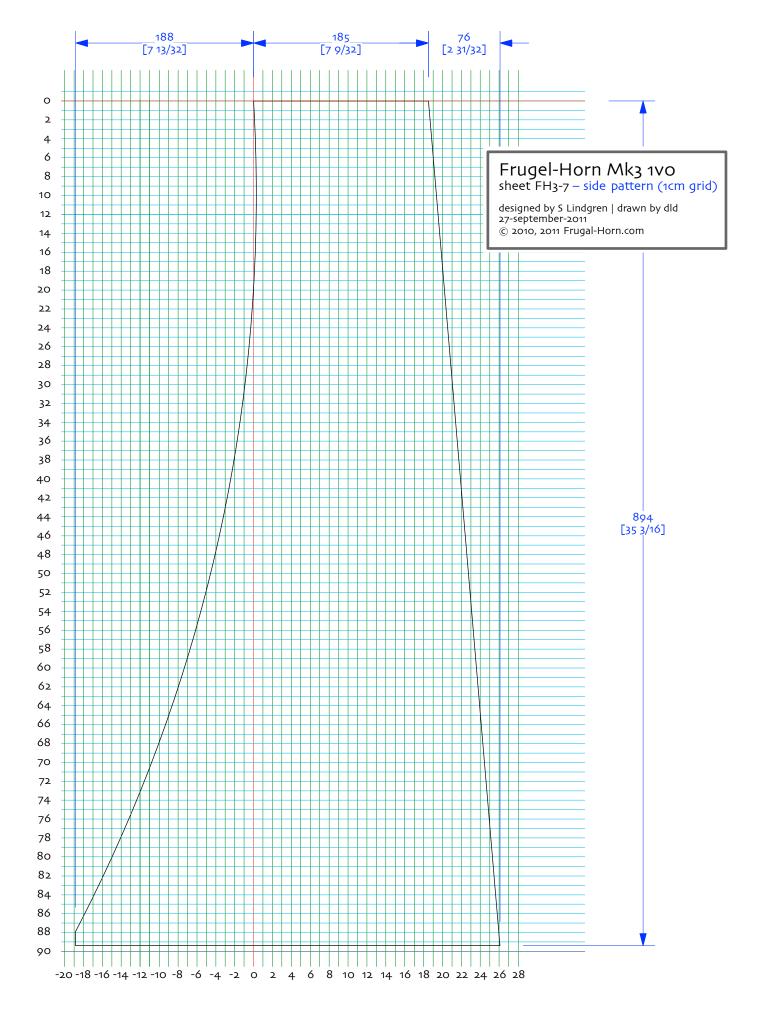
designed by S Lindgren | drawn by dld 27-september-2011 © 2010, 2011 Frugal-Horn.com

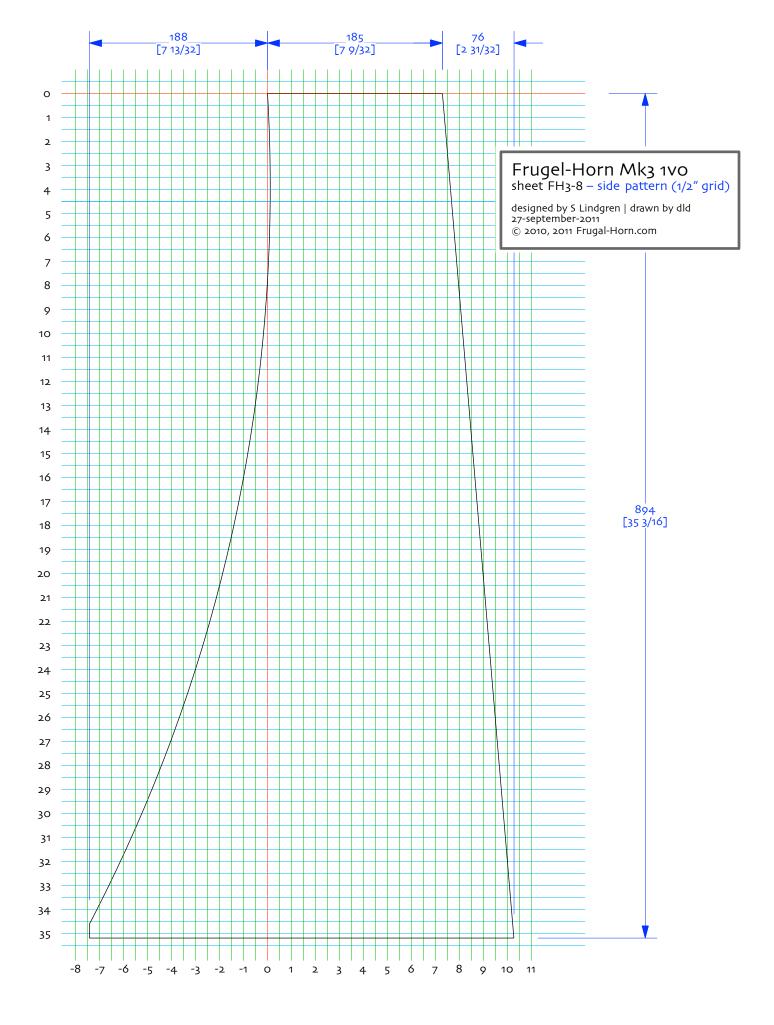
To fabricating a side panel template by hand, the curve can easily be drawn using a narrow flexible board (1/4" MDF works great) and the 4 points as dimensioned.

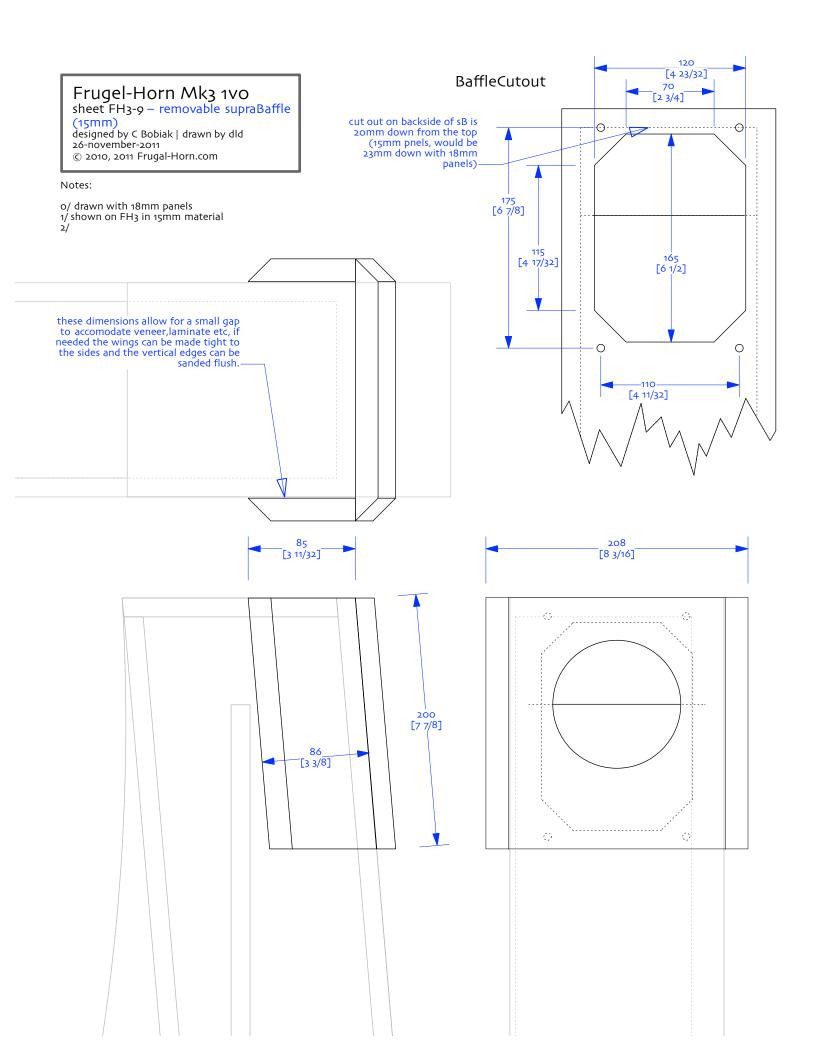
Mark points A, B (chord ends), C (chord centre line) and D (segment height) on the work-piece. Use a square to draw a perpendicular line (C-D)

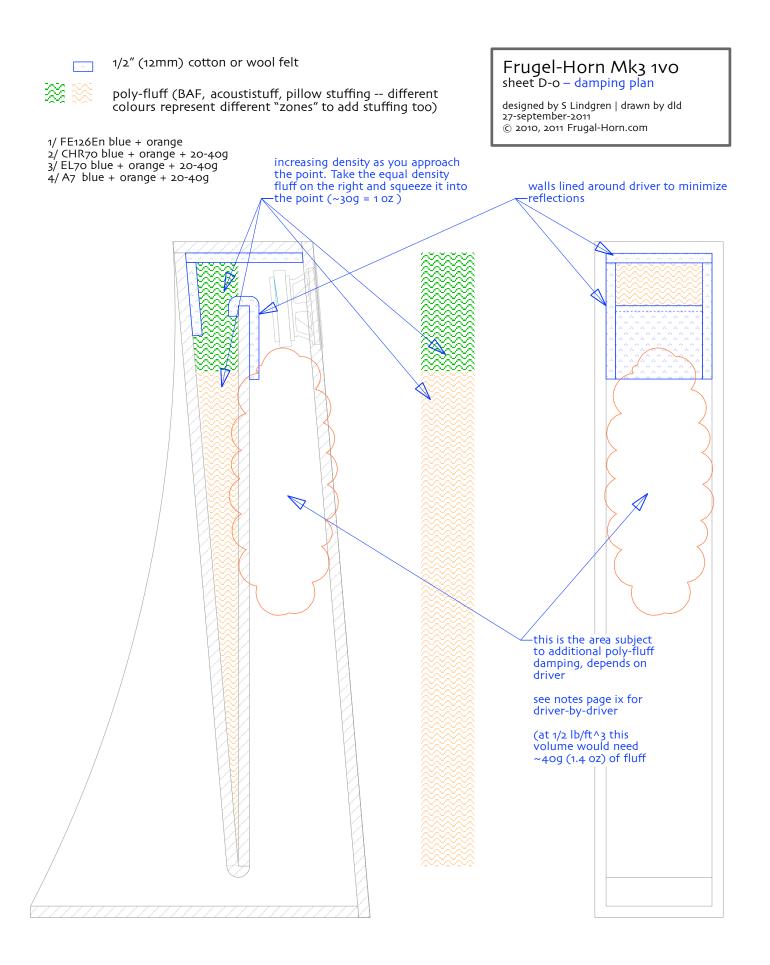
Clamp or screw a wood block straddling the centreline at D, clamp the flexible board to this block and each end of the chord (A & B) then draw the curve.

Cut to the outside with jig or band saw, and carefully sand to line



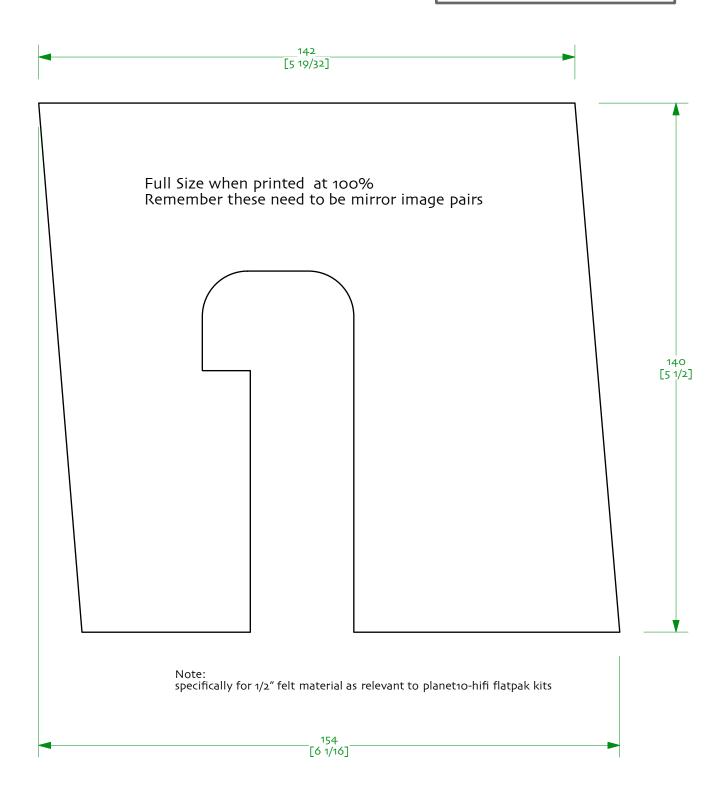


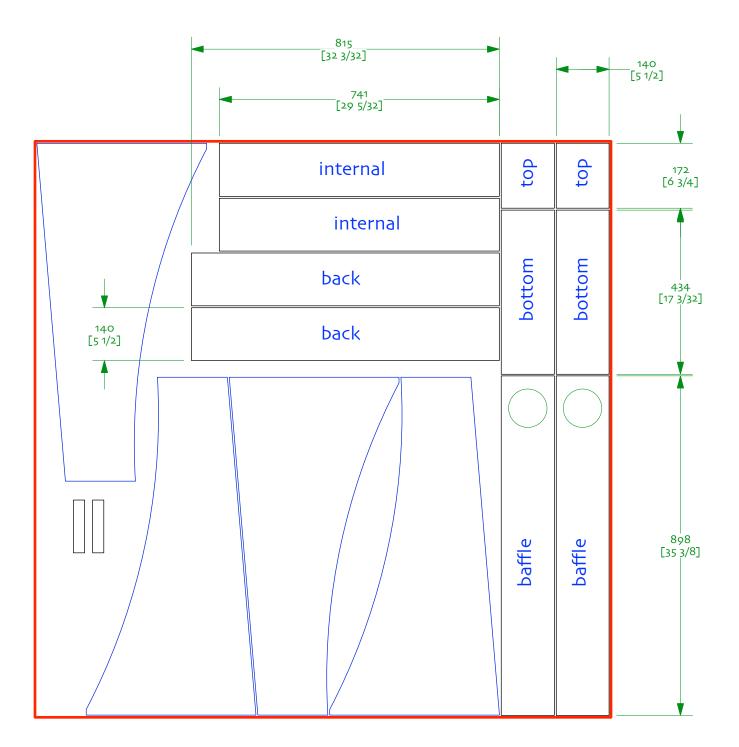




## Frugel-Horn Mk3 1vo sheet D-1 – Side felt template (15mm)

designed by S Lindgren | drawn by dld 27-september-2011 © 2010, 2011 Frugal-Horn.com

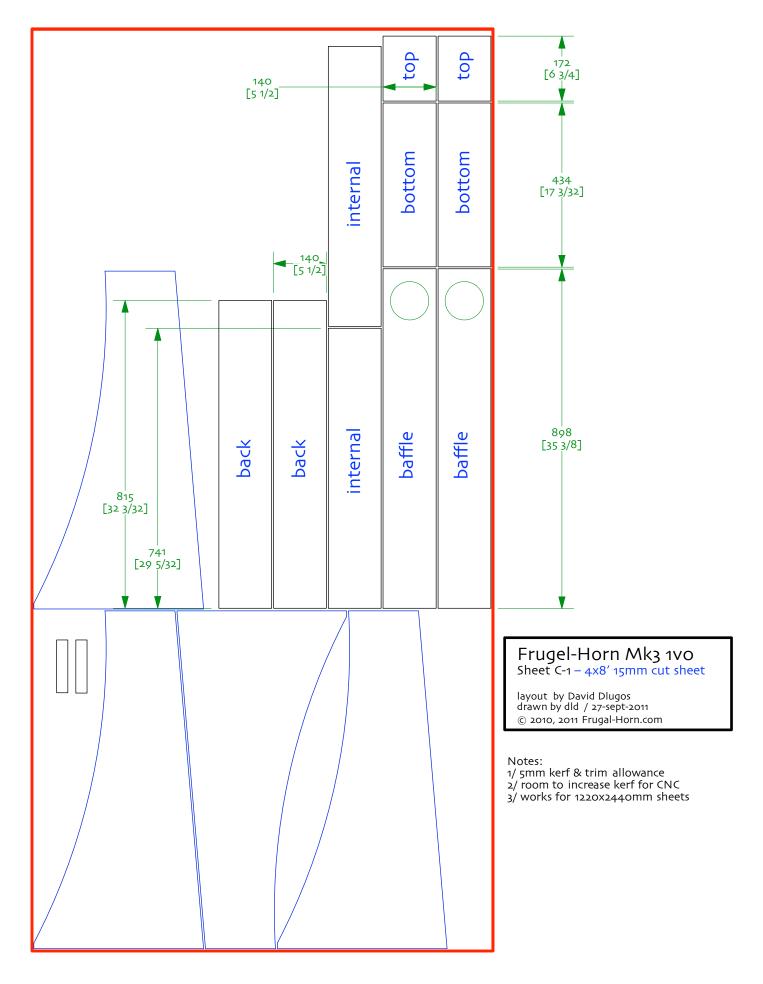


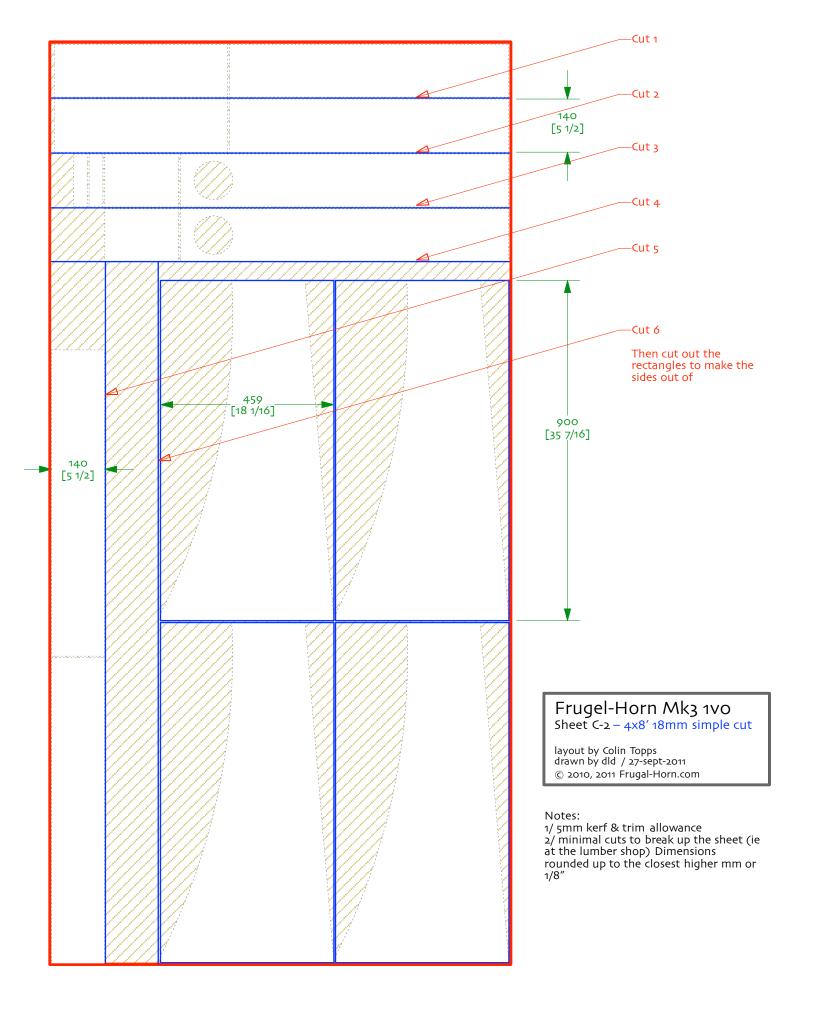


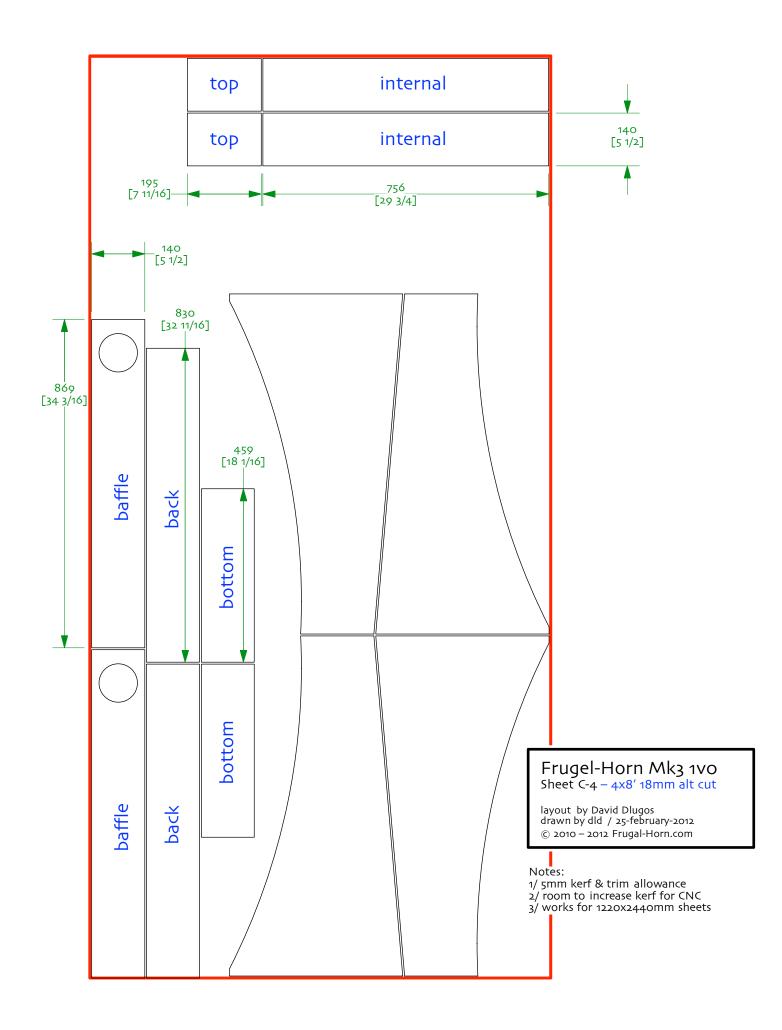
Frugel-Horn Mk3 1vo Sheet C-o – 5x5 15mm cut sheet

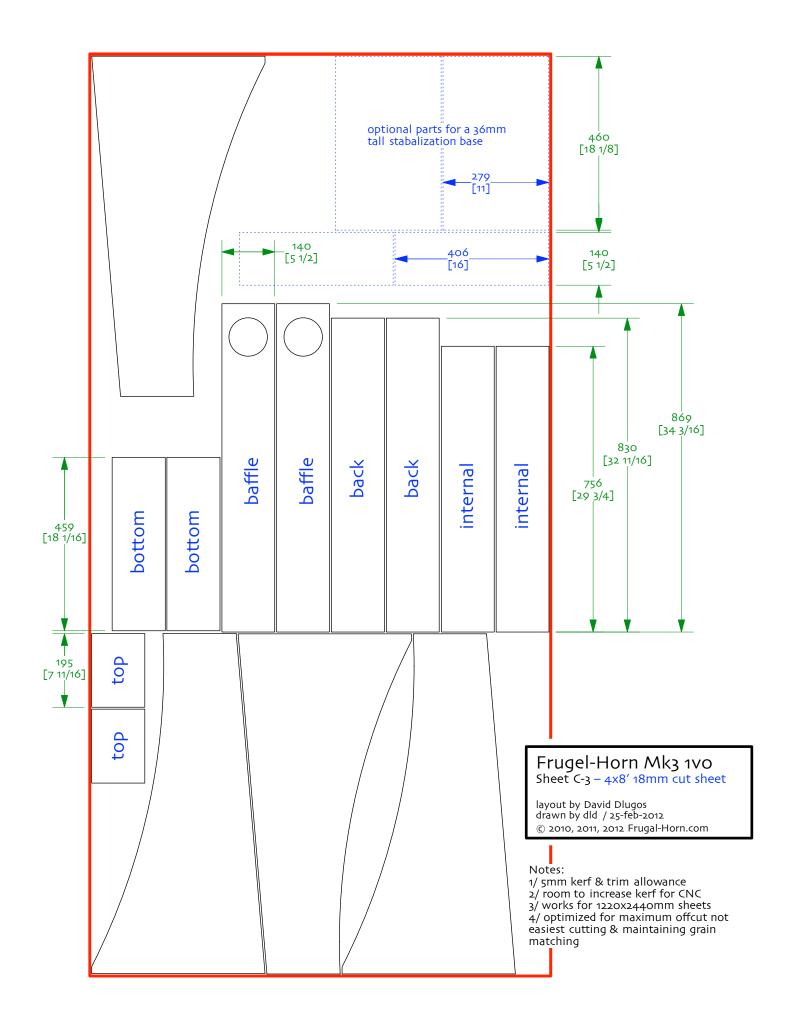
layout by Chris Bobiak drawn by dld / 27-sept-2011 © 2010, 2011 Frugal-Horn.com

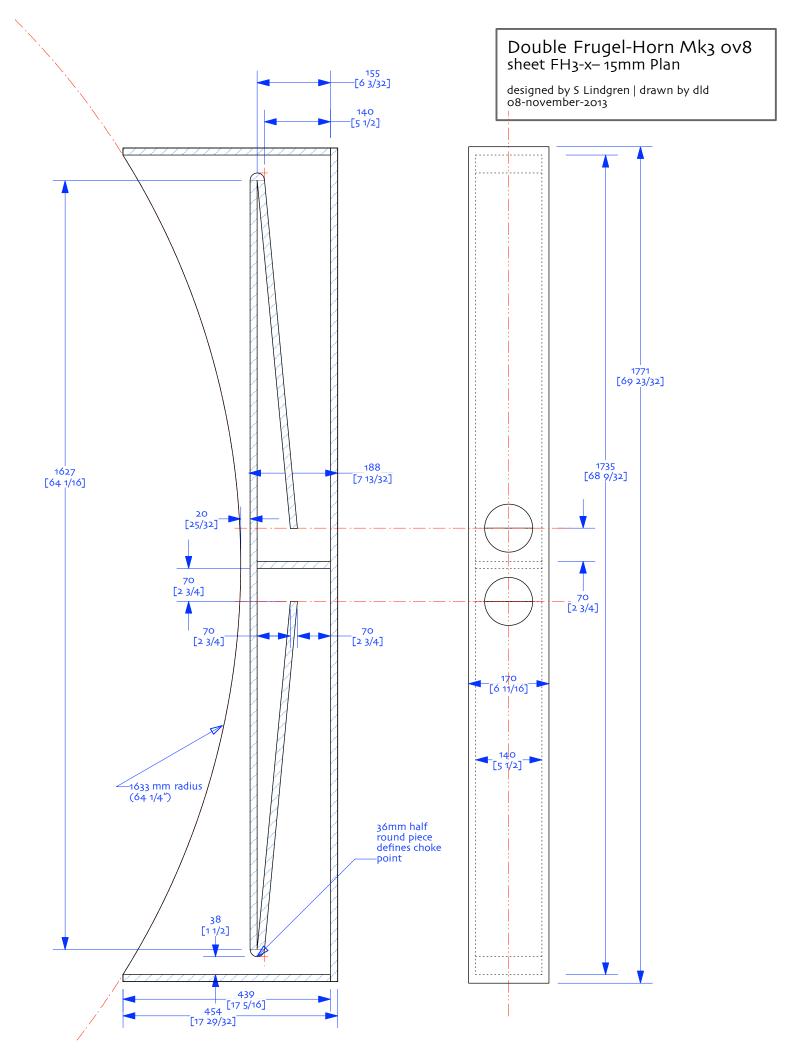
Notes: 1/ 5mm kerf & trim allowance 2/ very tight cut plan

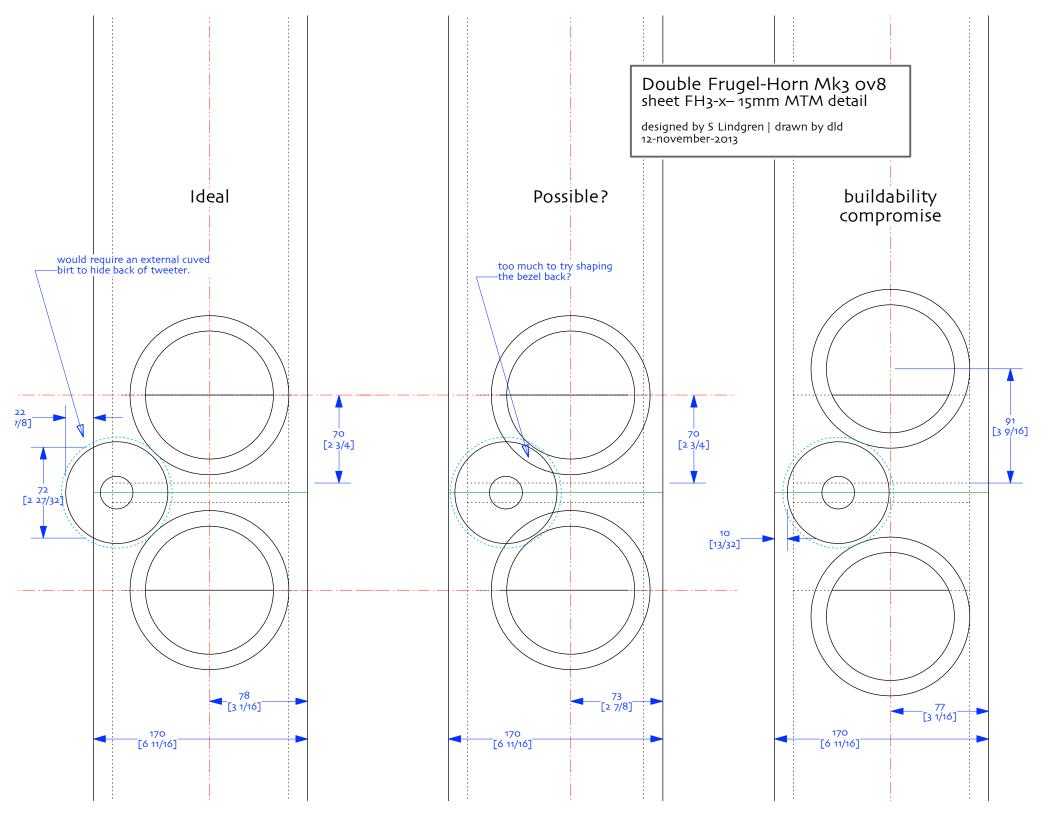








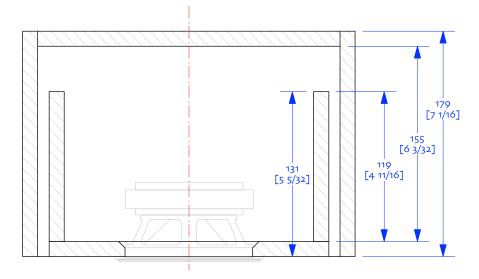


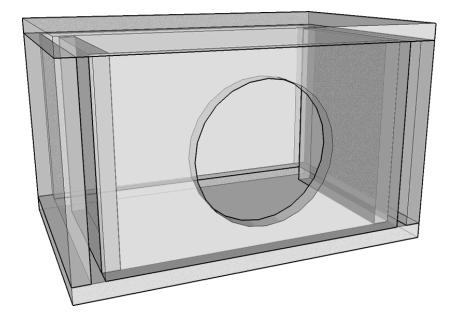


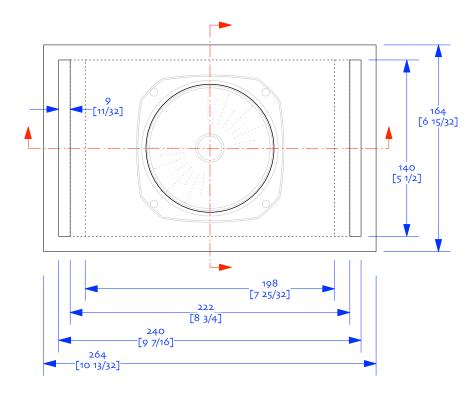
Notes:

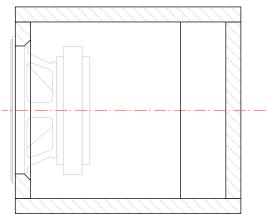
#### 1/ drawn with 12mm material

2/ this design does not go low, designed as a timbre matched centre for FE126En Frugel-Horn Mk3s 3/ All internal panels lined with ~1/2" (12mm) wool felt (preferred), 1" (25mm) poly-fluff batting, or 3/4" (19mm) fiberglass Note that it is hard to get into the box after it is sealed up. Do not occlude vent opening.



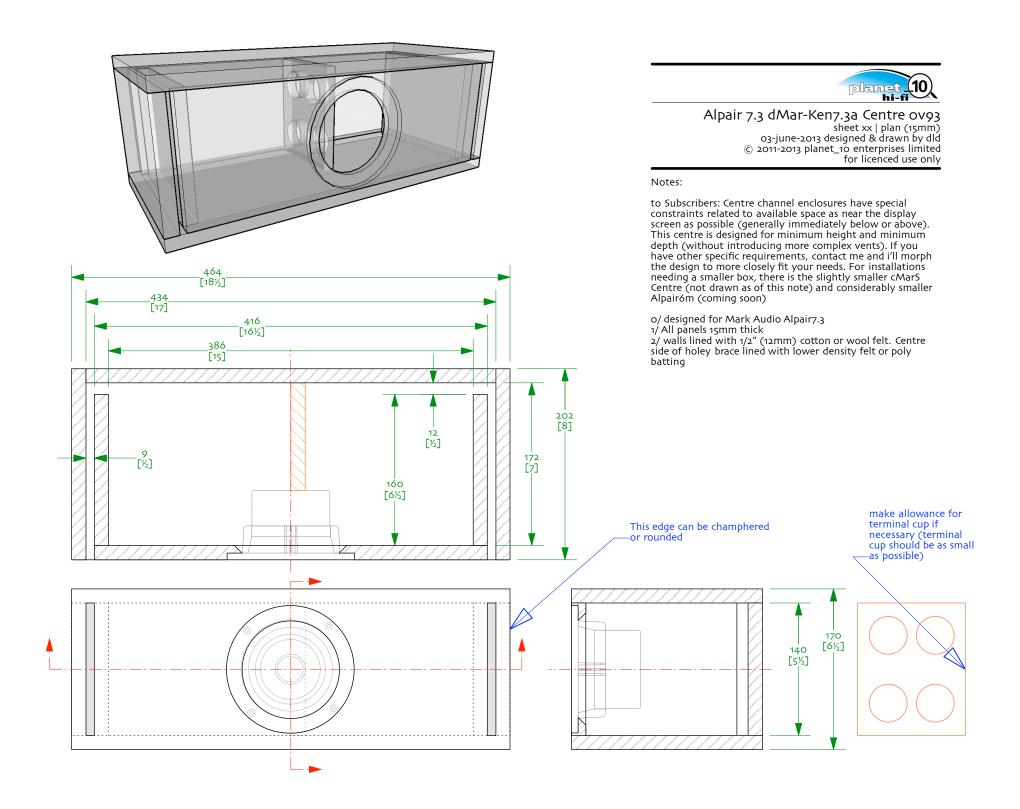






## FE126En Centre sheet Aux-o – 12mm Plan

designed by & drawn by D Dlugos o3-november-2011

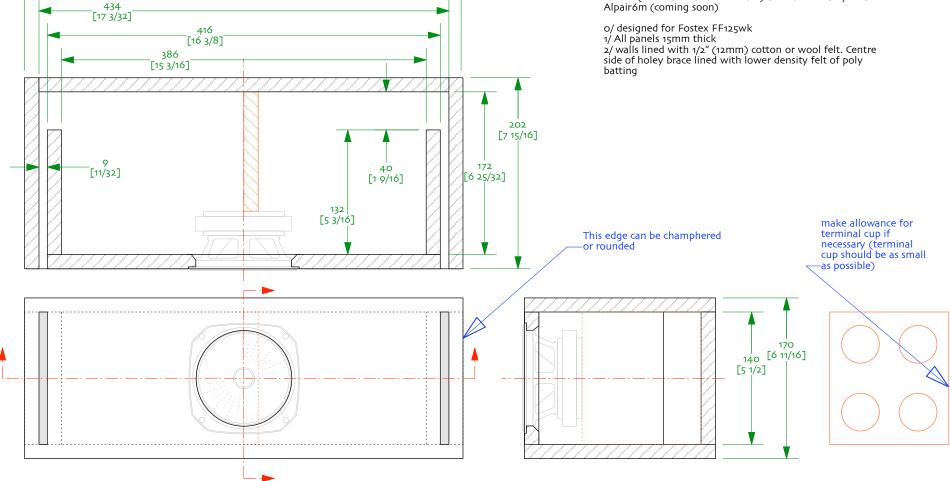




Fostex FF125wk dFonken125 CentreA ov82 sheet xx | plan (15mm) 23-november-2015 designed & drawn by dld © 2011-2015 planet\_10 enterprises limited free for non-commercial use only

#### Notes:

to Subscribers: Centre channel enclosures have special constraints related to available space as near the display screen as possible (generally immediately below or above). This centre is designed for minimum height and minimum depth (without introducing more complex vents). If you have other specific requirements, contact me and i'll morph the design to more closely fit your needs. For installations needing a smaller box, there is the slightly smaller cMarS Centre (not drawn as of this note) and considerably smaller Alpair6m (coming soon)



462 [18 3/16]



## Centre A Mar-Kel70 0v9

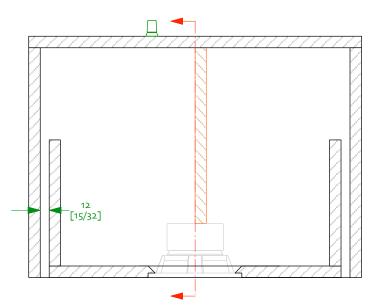
CSS EL70 | 15mm © 2011-2012 planet\_10 enterprises limited 18- februaet-2012 | designed & drawn by dld free for non-commercial use only

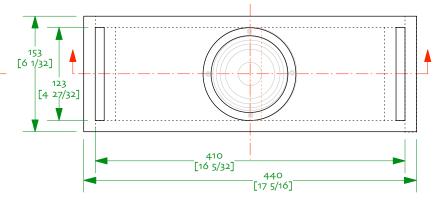
#### Notes:

o/ A centre channel based derivative of the Mar-Kel7o designed for modified Creative Sound/Mark Audio EL7o, will work well with stock driver

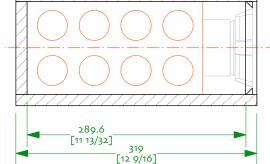
1/ All panels 15mm

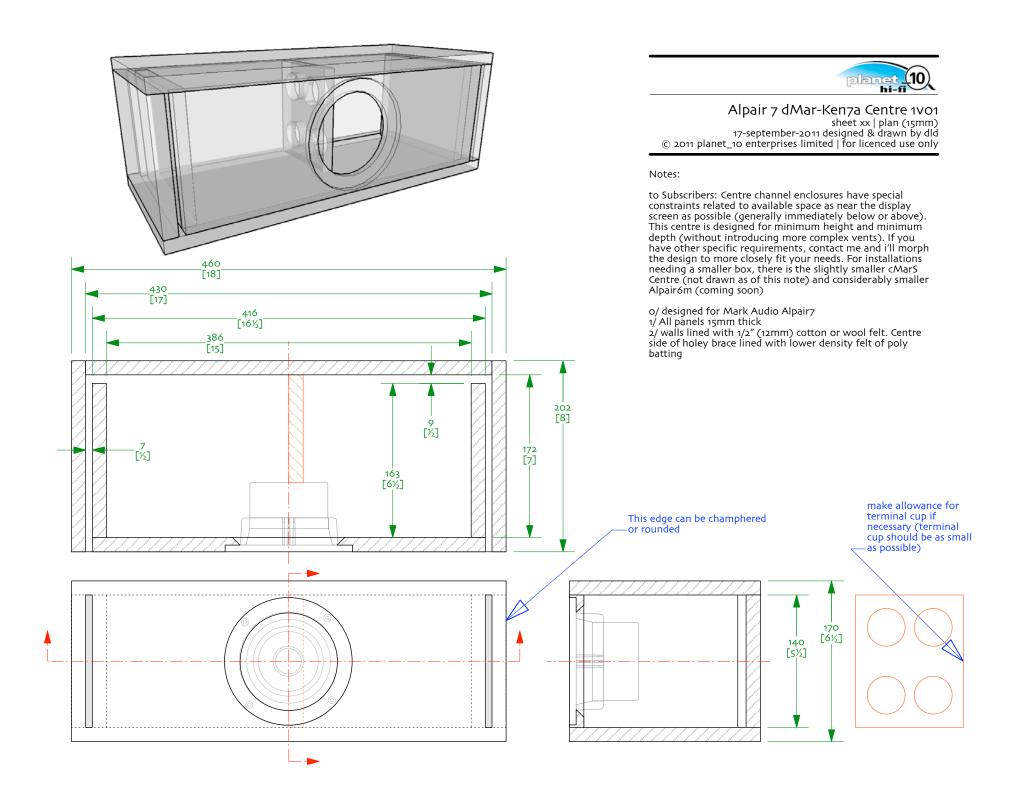
1/ All panels 15mm
2/ brace shape is only suggestive – prime purpose is to brace driver, it needs to be about 35-40% holes. (ie if you have to mount a terminal cup in the middle, you'll want to make sure the brace allows clearance), It is centrally mounted on the driver magnet
3/ Don't forget to angle cut the back of the driver cut-out to give it breathing room
4/ All internal panels lined with ~1/2" (12mm) cotton or wool felt (preferred), 3/4" (19mm) poly-fluff batting, or 1" (25mm) fiberglass Note that it is hard to get into the box after it is sealed up (means terminals need to be solderable from outside the box as well)

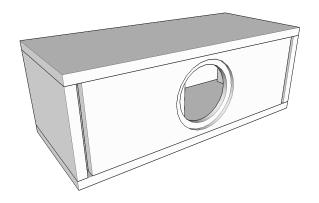


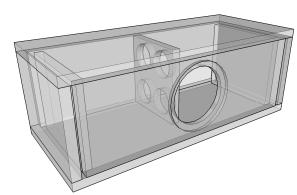














# CHR70 (any) dCHR-Ken70a Centre 1vo sheet xx | plan (15mm) 16-february-2012 designed & drawn by dld © 2011-2012 planet\_10 enterprises limited for noncommercial use only

Notes: o/ designed for Mark Audio CHR70/70.2/70.3 1/ All panels 15mm thick 2/ walls lined with 1/2" (12mm) cotton or wool felt. Centre side of holey brace lined with lower density felt of poly batting

