# Ganado Unified School District #20 GMS Social Studies/7<sup>th</sup> Grade: Ms. Lucy Bahe

## PACING Guide SY 2019-2020

Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness	<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goal	Vocabulary				
	<b>Standards</b>	(HESS Matrix)		(Content/Academic)				
First Quarter								
Rights, Responsibilities, Roles of Citizenship and the Five Themes of Geography								
Textbook: Discovering Our	S3.Civics/Government.C1:Foundations of	Why do people form	Students should be able to know:	Introduce: Quizlet LtoJ				
Past – A History of the	Government	governments?	The structure of the Constitution.	Social Studies Terms (100)				
United States	PO1. Analyze the significance of the	What compromises are	Analyze and describe the	The state of the s				
Chapter 8: The Constitution	principles and ideals of the following	reached in a new	structure of the Constitution	Popular sovereignty				
	documents:	constitution?	The principles contained in the	Limited government				
Textbook: Discovering	a. Bill of Rights		Constitution.	Implied powers				
World Geography		How do new ideas change the	• Identify and evaluate the	Concurrent powers				
Unit 1: The World	S3:Civics/Government.C4:Rights,	way people live?	principles contained in the	Due process				
Chapters 1,2,3	Responsibilities, and Roles of Citizenship	• From where do framers of	Constitution and their	Individual Rights				
	<b>PO1.</b> Describe the benefits of community	a Constitution borrow	importance	Equal protection				
	service.	their ideas about	The importance of Constitutional	Constitution				
BrainPop Movie: U.S.	<b>PO2.</b> Discuss the character traits (e.g.,	government?	interpretations.	Bill of Rights				
Constitution w/transcript	respect, responsibility, fairness,	ENTRE DE MESES	Analyze and evaluate the					
	involvement) that are important to the	How do governments change?	process of amending the					
Learn 360 Videos:	preservation and improvement.	How is a constitution	Constitution					
<ul> <li>Checks, Balances, and</li> </ul>	<b>PO3.</b> Describe the importance of citizens	ratified?	Draw conclusions about the					
the Exercise of Power	being actively involved in democratic		importance of interpreting the					
The New Congress	process (e.g., voting, student government,	How does geography	Constitution instead of					
Designs a Bill of	involvement in political decision making,	influence the way people	amending it.					
Rights	analyzing issues, petitioning public	live?	Understand the importance of					
Video Montage: A	officials).	What does it mean to think	having rules to maintain order at					
World Tour	<b>PO4.</b> Explain the obligations and	like a geographer?	home, at school, in their					
<ul> <li>Coral &amp; Oceans</li> </ul>	responsibilities of citizenships:	How can you make sense	community, and in their country.					
	a. upholding the Constitution	of a subject as large as	Create a "working" Classroom					
Creating a Classroom	b. obeying the law	Earth and its people?	Constitution that governs the					
Constitution	c. paying taxes	How will studying	classroom and supports school					
	d. registering for selective service	geography help you	rules, policies, and procedures					

## Maps

- Explore the World The World
- Interactive Unit Opener Map | Maps of the World
- Static Map Outline Map of the World

Reproducible: Classroom Standards – student rules & consequences

Posterboards Markers Chart paper or whiteboard Copy of the U.S. Constitution Writing paper Pencils Lined paper, one sheet per

student **Examples of Classroom** Standards printable

## Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

Student Travel Log in the My Notes tool of the Online Student Edition Environmental Case Study The World-Maintainence of Freshwater Resources GeoLab Activity | The World-Water: Make It Fresh Enough to Drink Physical Geography Activity | The World-**Elevation Profiles** Cultural Geography Activity The World-World Population Density Geography and History Activity | The World–The Global Warming Debate

e. jury duty

### S4:Geography.C1:The World in Spatial Terms.

**PO4.**Locate physical and cultural features (e.g., continents, cities, countries, significant waterways, mountain ranges, climate zones, major water bodies, landforms) throughout the world. Use this as an opportunity to introduce the key vocabulary and geographic terms in the Arizona unit and reinforce in future units thorough out the year.

#### S4:Geography.C2:Places and Regions:

**PO1.**Describe the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. **PO2**.Explain the concept of regions and why they change.

**PO3.**Compare the historical and contemporary interactions among people in different places and regions.

### **Linking Performance Objective(s):** S4C3 Science Strand 6 Concept 3

Explain the relationships between the Earth and other objects in the solar system.

## S4C3 Science Strand 6 Concept 2

Relate plate tectonics to the resulting landforms and earthquakes.

## S4C3 Science Strand 6 Concept 1

Describe the basic properties of earth materials (rocks, fossils, layers of the earth) and how change over time is estimated.

## S4:Geography.C4:Human Systems

**PO1**. Discuss the implications of the demographic structure of places and regions.

**Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:** 

- develop skills for everyday life?
- What is the difference between maps and globes?
- How do maps work?

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- How do geographers use geospatial technologies?
- Develop a maximum of six positively stated rules or Classroom Standards

Help edit and revise the final draft of the Classroom Constitution

Formal introduction of the Five Themes of Geography:

- Location
- Place
- Human Environment/Interaction
- Movement
- Region

CNH

#### Service Learning:

Make flashcards of important vocabulary terms and distribute for use with ESS students.

- location
- place
- Human Environment/ Interaction
- movement
- region

- plate tectonics (land forms)
- climate zones (arctic, temperate, tropical)
- solar system (earth/sun relationship)

Writing Skills Activity | The
World–Researching:
Recording Facts and
Sources
Graphic Novel with
Teaching Strategies | View
From Above

## Foldable Activity

Earth's Physical Geography

#### **Assessment:**

BrainPop Quiz: U.S.
Constitution
WH Lesson 8 Quiz Physical
Location GeoQuiz | The
World
Political Location GeoQuiz |
The World
Unit Test: The World
Quizzes & Tests

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

### **S2C9-PO2:**

Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO3:

Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21<sup>st</sup> century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.

#### S2C9-PO4:

Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects.

## Arizona in the World

**Textbook:** Studies in AZ History

Chapter 3: Manifest Destiny

Chapter 4: Arizona and the Civil War

Chapter 6: Arizona and the Rise of Industrial America

Chapter 7: AZ, the
Progressive Era,
and WW1

Chapter 9: AZ and WWII

S1:American History C7:Emergence of Modern U.S.

**PO11.**Describe major factors in Arizona history (e.g., territorial status, mining, constitutional convention) leading to statehood.

S4:Geography.C6:Geographic Applications

**PO1.**Describe ways geographic features and conditions influence history.

How do you identify different geographical features?

- Which map form is shown?
- Label each of the geographical terms on the map?
- Name each geographical term?
- How do you scale the map?
- How far is city A from city B?
- Lines of Longitude run \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_?

Students should know and be able to:

- Identify geographical features
- Form geographical maps
- Evaluate different forms of maps
- Match geographical forms with vocabulary
- Create the appropriate graph of given data
- Create geographical map with labels
- Accurately label the needed parts of a map

- territorial status
- Constitutional Convention
- mining
- Sun Belt
- water conservation

YouTube Video:	PO2.Describe (analyze) how environments	• Lines of Latitude run to	Accurately scale a map	
AZ for Kids	(e.g., Sun Belt, urban areas) influence living	7	Accurately explain maps to	
AZ for Kids	conditions.	·	another person	
	conditions.		Accurately measure distances on	
Assessment:	Linking Performance Objective(s):		a map	
Assessment:	S4C2-PO1.Describe (compare) the human		• Choose the appropriate label for a	
	and physical characteristics of places and		geographical term	
	regions.		Accurately name the devices used	
	S4C5-PO1.Identify the physical processes	CACCO	to make a map.	
	(e.g., conservation of natural resources,		• Use the appropriate geographical	
	mining, water distribution in Arizona) that	1	labels.	
	influence the formation and location of	10.10	labels.	
		THISDUSIN		
	resources.	Constitution (C)		
	S2. Civiag/Covernment C1. Foundations			
	S3:Civics/Government.C1:Foundations of Government			
	PO2. Analyze Arizona's transition from		A	
	territory to statehood:	A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P		
	a. locations of capital	MWHMICKTION .		
	b. founding people( Poston, Hunt, Hayden)	V51011111111111111111111111111111111111	4.0	
	1	CAR	111	
	c. Arizona's constitution		111	
	SA Coography C5. Environment and			
	S4.Geography C5: Environment and Society	100000000	1.1. (1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	
	PO1.Identify the physical processes (e.g.,	A A		
	conservation of natural resources, mining,	1-1-1	// /	
	water distribution in Arizona) that influence			
	the formation and location of resources.	VIII CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	1 1 1000	
	PO3:Describe (explain) how humans	ELP & BOCIAL	J. 1000	
	modify environments (e.g., conservation,	LINA REMISS	1 100	
	deforestation, dams) and adapt to the			
	environment.			
	Linking Performance Objective(s):			
	S4C5-PO5.Explain (analyze) how	1,9		
	modification in one place (e.g., canals,			
	dams, farming techniques, industrialization)			
	often leads to changes in other locations.			
	<b>S4C5-PO4</b> . Describe the positive and			
	negative outcomes of human modification			
	on the environment.			
	<b>S4C5-PO6.</b> Describe (analyze) the ways			
	human population growth can affect			

environments and the capacity of environments to support populations. **S4C5-PO7.**Compare different points of view and research on environmental issues (e.g., land use natural resources, wildlife, biomes). **Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:** Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps) EMPARADOR S2C9-PO2: Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps) RESPECTA S2C9-PO3: S2C9-PO3:
Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21st century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world. S2C9-PO4: Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20th century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects. **Westward Expansion and Pre Civil War** S1:American History.C6:Civil War and How does geography influence Manifest Destiny **Textbook:** Discovering Our Students should be able to Past – A History of the the way people live? Civil War Reconstruction know: **PO1.** Analyze the factors leading to the United States What is Manifest Destiny? The ideas and concepts of abolitionist Chapter 13:Manifest Destiny Civil War: underground railroad Manifest Destiny. Chapter 15: The Spirit of a. role of abolitionists and Underground sectionalism Reform Railroad states' rights What motivates people to act?

Chapter 16:

YouTube: Westward Expansion and Manifest Destiny (7:04)

### Introducing the Chapter

- Manifest Destiny Chapter Opener
- Interactive Time Line | North America 1810-1850
- Interactive Map | Territorial Expansion 1800-1853

### Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and
Activities can be customized
or given as online
assignments using McGrawHill Networks Editable
Worksheets.

- Reading Essentials and Study Guide for American History
- Vocabulary Builder Activity | Manifest Destiny
- What Do You Know? | Manifest Destiny
- Hands-On Chapter Project | Manifest Destiny
- Worksheet Answer Key

### Review and Assess Review

 Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the

- b. Sectionalism and States' Rights
- c. Westward expansion (Manifest Destiny, Texas War for Independence, Mexican War)
- d. Missouri and 1850 Compromises
- e. Dred Scott Decision
- f. Kansas-Nebraska Act

# Linking Performance Objective(s): S4C4-PO8:

Explain how cooperation and conflict contribute to political, economic and social activities.

#### **S4C6-PO1**:

Describe (explain) ways geographic features and conditions influence history. (e.g., agrarian south pre-Civil War, Industrial North)

#### S3C3-PO1:

Analyze the significance of the following judicial review:

- a. Dred Scott
- b. Plessy v Ferguson
- c. Scopes Trail

#### S3C4-PO5:

Describe (identify) the impact of laws (i.e., Dawes Act) that came about during the historical time periods studied.

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO2:

Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO3:

- How did Americans' attitude toward slavery change?
- Why did the reform movement gain momentum?
- Who opposed the abolition of slavery?

Why does conflict develop?

- What political compromises were made because of slavery?
- What is the Kansas-Nebraska Act?
- How did a new political party affect the challenges to slavery?
- Why was the Dred Scott case important?
  - How did Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A.
     Douglas play a role in the challenges to slavery?
  - What was the importance of the election of 1860?
  - What did the attack on Fort Sumter signify?

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 Evaluate the concept of and justification for Manifest Destiny.

The influence of certain individuals on social and political developments in the United States.

 Identify and analyze major reform movements and who led them.

The development of the abolitionist movement and its impact.

- Trace the development of the abolitionist movement.
- Identify abolitionist leaders and their actions.
- Contrast the arguments for and against abolition.

What compromises involving the issues of slavery and the admission of new states made or attempted and why they failed.

- Determine the causes that led to the division of the nation
- Discuss and evaluate the political compromises that were made because of slavery.
- Draw conclusions about the Kansas-Nebraska Act.

How slavery contributed to the division of the nation.

 Analyze the new political party and its role in government.

expansion Missouri Compromise 1850 Compromise **Dred Scott Decision** Kansas-Nebraska Act Lincoln Douglas Debates Republican Party (birth of) property rights enslavement population density agrarian South industrial North Treaty of Guadalupe Gadsden Purchase political platform Sojourner Truth Fredrick Douglas Harriet Tubman

Student Center to create comprehensive study notes.

- Chapter Summary | Manifest Destiny
- Foldables Activity | Manifest Destiny

Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21<sup>st</sup> century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.

S2C9-PO4:

Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects.

• Identify and evaluate the importance of the Dred Scott v. Sanford decision.

The events that led to the Civil War.

- Evaluate the importance of the election of 1860.
- Analyze the significance of the attack on Fort Sumter.
- Analyze and compare arguments about whether or not the South had the right to secede.

## **Second Quarter**

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## **Civil War and Reconstruction**

**Textbook:** Discovering Our Past – A History of the United States Chapter 17

### Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and
Activities can be
customized or given as
online assignments using
McGraw-Hill Networks
Editable Worksheets.

- Reading Essentials and Study Guide for American History
- Vocabulary Builder Activity | The Civil War
- What Do You Know? | The Civil War
- Hands-On Chapter Project | The Civil War
- Technology Extension | Civil War Web Site

## S1:American History.C6:Civil War and Reconstruction

**PO2.**Determine the significance of the following events of the Civil War:

- a. firing on Fort Sumter
- b. major battles Bull Run, Antietam, Vicksburg, Gettysburg
- c. Enactment of the Emancipation Proclamation
- d. Sherman's march
- e. surrender at Appomattox
- f. Arizona connection Picacho Peak

**PO3**.Describe significance of the following individuals or groups in the Civil War:

- a. political leaders (i.e., Abraham Lincoln, Jefferson Davis)
- b. military leaders (i.e., Robert E. Lee, Ulysses S. Grant, William Tecumseh Sherman, Thomas "Stonewall" Jackson)
- c. role of African-Americans
- d. role of Women

**PO4.**Analyze the impact of the Civil War on the following personal, social, and economic aspects of American life.

- a. Americans fighting Americans
- b. high casualties caused by disease and the

- How did people, places and things affect the outcome of the Civil War?
- Why did each side in the Civil War think the war would be won easily?
- What were the strengths and weaknesses of the North and South?
- How did each side in the war try to gain an advantage over the other
- Why did neither the North nor the South gain a strong advantage during the early years of the War?
- What were the causes and effects of the Emancipation Proclamation?

### Students should be able to know: The goals and strategies, strengths and weaknesses of the North and

South.

• Identify and evaluate the goals

- of both the North and South

  Compare the strengths and
- weaknesses of the North and South.

Know major battles of the early part of the American Civil War.

• Explain how the Union responded to defeats in the East in 1862.

Know the debate leading up to, and the results of, Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation.

• Evaluate the effect of the Emancipation Proclamation.

Know how the Civil War affected the roles of women, politics, and the economies of the North and South.

- Ft. Sumter
- Bull RunAntietam
- Vicksburg
- Gettysburg
- Emancipation Proclamation
- Sherman's March
- Appomattox
- Abe Lincoln
- Jefferson Davis
- Robert E. Lee
- Ulysses S. Grant
- W. T. Sherman
- Stonewall Jackson
- casualties
- scarcity
- Bill of Rights

• Worksheet Answer Key

## Review and Assess Review

- Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the Student Center to create comprehensive study notes.
- Chapter Summary | The Civil War
- Foldables Activities | The Civil War

## Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and Activities can be customized or given as online assignments using McGraw-Hill Networks Editable Worksheets.

- Reading Essentials and Study Guide for American History
- Vocabulary Builder Activity | The Reconstruction Era
- What Do You Know? |
   The Reconstruction
   Era
- Hands-On Chapter Project | The Reconstruction Era
- Technology Extension
   Andrew Johnson
   Narrated Political
   Cartoon Video

- type of warfare
- c. widespread destruction of American property
- d. change in status of freed slaves
- e. value of railroads and industry

PO5.Describe the impact of various events and movements that influenced Reconstruction:

- a. Lincoln's assassination
- b. Ku Klux Klan and the development of Jim Crow laws
- c. Freedmen's Bureau
- d. Civil War Constitutional Amendments
- e. industrialization
- f. Reconstruction Plans (Lincoln's, Johnson's, and Radical Republicans)

## **Linking Performance Objective(s):**

S3C4-PO5.Describe the impact of Constitutional Amendments and laws (i.e., Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, and Twenty-first Amendments, Jim Crow Laws, Black Codes) that came about.

# **Linking Performance Objective(s):** S2C9-PO1:

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### **S2C9-PO2:**

Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO3:

Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21<sup>st</sup> century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters,

- What social, political and economic changes resulted from the war?
- How did Lincoln and his generals turn the tide of the war?
- How did the events at Gettysburg and Vicksburg change the course of the War?

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- Identify the changes in lifestyles during the Civil War.
- Describe the conditions of the hospitals and the prison camps during the Civil War.
- Analyze political and economic changes that occurred during the war.

Know major battles and turning points of the American Civil War.

- Explain why the South seemed to be winning the war.
- Analyze why the Battle of Gettysburg was a turning point in the war.

Know the events that ended the Civil War.

- Evaluate the idea of total war and how it affected the South.
- Identify and analyze the events that ended the Civil War.
- Reconstruction
- Ku Klux Klan
- Jim Crow Laws
- Freedman's Bureau
- Industrialization
- impeachment
- Andrew Johnson
- Hayes-Tilden
- Compromise
- Thirteenth
- Amendment
- Fourteenth
- Amendment

Worksheet Answer Key

#### Review and Assess Review

- Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the Student Center to create comprehensive study notes.
- Chapter Summary | The Reconstruction Era
- Foldables Activity Reconstruction and the New South

advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.

#### S2C9-PO4:

Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20th century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects.

- Fifteenth Amendment
- · Black Codes
- Radical Republicans

## **Third Quarter**

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## **Immigration** DEVERFACE

**Textbook:** Discovering Our Past – A History of the United States Chapter 21

## Introducing the Chapter

- An Urban Society Chapter Opener
- Interactive Time Line United States 1865 to 1914
- Interactive Map | U.S. **Population Density** 1900
- Interactive Nations of the World Atlas

## Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and Activities can be customized or given as online

### S1:American History.C7:Emergence of the Modern United States

RESPECTA

**PO1.**Examine the reasons why people emigrated from their homelands to settle in the United States during the late 19th century.

PO2.Describe (explain) how the United States was positively and negatively affected by factors and events resulting from the arrival of a large number of immigrants.

**PO4.**Discuss the relationship between immigration and industrialization.

#### **Linking Performance Objective(s): S4C4-PO3:**

Describe the effects of human migration (e.g., imperialism, quota system, changing of political boundaries, multiculturalism) in the U.S. and regions of the world. **S4C4-PO5:** 

## Why do people move?

Why did many people immigrate to the United states during this period?

CHREED

How did immigrants adjust to their new life in the United States?

What factors led to the growth of cities?

What problems faced the people who lived in urban areas?

What actions addressed the problems of the cities?

How do new ideas change the way people live?

## Students should know and be able to:

Why different groups of immigrants decided to come to the United States.

The challenges, obstructions, and oppositions immigrants faced in the United States.

How the new immigrants adapted as well as retained their cultural identity.

- Identify and evaluate the reasons different groups of immigrants were pushed or pulled to come to the U.S.
- Identify and evaluate what happened to many immigrants after their arrival in the U.S.
- Identify and organize the ways immigrants sometimes chose to adapt to the U.S. but still retain their cultural identity.

**Emigrate** Ethnic group Steerage Recruit Assimilate Nativist

Attitude Affect

Urban Tenement Slum Middle class Suburb Settlement house Skyscraper Yellow journalism Vaudeville Ragtime

assignments using McGraw-Analyze the effects of settlement (e.g., What changes expanded How social strata developed in Hill Networks Editable opportunities for education? quality of life, transportation, population cities. Worksheets. density) on places. The problems that resulted from **S4C4-PO6:** How did the literature of this **Reading Essentials** rapid growth of cities and how Describe (compare) the distributions and and Study Guide on time period reflect the values they were solved. patterns of cultural characteristics (e.g., of American society? American History • Describe where different religions, language, standard of living) over classes of people gravitated to Vocabulary Builder Why did new forms of in and around cities. Activity | An Urban recreation develop? How changes in education affected Society the lives of young people and What Do You Know? **Linking Performance Objective(s):** resulted in a growth of literature. | An Urban Society S2C9-PO1: • Identify and draw conclusions Hands-On Chapter Describe current events using information EMPARATE about the changes to Project | An Urban from class discussions and various American culture during this Society resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, period. Technology Extension television, Internet, books, maps) | Online Mindmapping S2C9-PO2: Worksheet Answer Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using Key information from class discussions and Review and Assess various resources (e.g., newspapers, Review magazines, television, Internet, books, Guided Notes: Have maps) Students use the My S2C9-PO3: Notes feature in the Analyze how world events of the late 20th century and early 21st century (e.g., Student Center to terrorism, globalization, conflicts, create comprehensive interdependence, natural disasters, study notes. UP & BOCIAL advancements in science and technology, Chapter Summary | An environmental issues) affected, and continue **Urban Society** INVERFMESS to affect, the social, political, geographic, Foldables Activity |An and economic climate of the world. **Urban Society** S2C9-PO4: Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20th century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects. **Industrial Revolution** Textbook: Discovering Our S1: American History.C7:Emergence of Students should know and be · Industrial Era How does technology change **Modern United States** the way people live and Urbanization Past – A History of the able to:

work?

United States

Chapter 20

**PO3.**Discuss how the Industrial Revolution

in the United States was supported by

Middle class

Labor

## Introducing the Chapter

- The Industrial Age Chapter Opener
- Interactive Time Line | United States 1865-1914
- Interactive Map | Manufacturing in 1900
- Interactive Nations of the World Atlas

### Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and
Activities can be customized
or given as online
assignments using McGrawHill Networks Editable
Worksheets.

- Reading Essentials and Study Guide for American History
- Vocabulary Builder Activity | The Industrial Age
- What Do You Know? | The Industrial Age
- Hands-On Chapter Project | The Industrial Age
- Technology Extension | Online Presentations for the Industrial Age
- Worksheet Answer Key

#### Review and Assess Review

 Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the multiple factors (e.g. geographic security, abundant natural resources, innovations in technology, available labor, global markets).

Linking Performance Objective(s):
S4C4-PO2.Describe (analyze) the push and pull factors (e.g., need for raw materials, enslavement, employment opportunities, impact of war, religious freedom, political freedom) that cause human migrations.
S2C6-PO2.Determine the effect of the Industrial Revolution on the Western World:

- a. growth of cities
- b. rise of middle class
- c. spread of industrialization
- d. rise of imperialism
- e. foundations for future technological advances
- f. labor issues

# S1:American History.C7:Emergence of Modern United States.

**PO7.**Describe how innovations of the Industrial Revolution (e.g., manufacturing, textiles, transportation, improvements) contributed to U.S. growth and expansion.

Linking Performance Objectives: S2C6-PO1.Describe (summarize) how innovations and inventions during the Industrial Revolution impacted industry, manufacturing, and Transportation. S5C2-PO2.Describe (explain) how (private) investment in human capital such as health (e.g. immunizations), education (e.g., college), and training of people (e.g., on the job experience), leads to economic

S1:American History.C7:Emergence of Modern United States How did railroads pave the way for growth and expansion?

What industries benefited from the expansion of the railroad system?

How did innovations in communications change society?

How did new inventions improve people's lives?

How did the inventions of the late 1800s change society?

What is the role of factors of production in making goods and services?

How did John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Carnegie build fortunes in the oil and steel industries?

How did working conditions change during the Industrial Age?

Why did workers form labor unions?

How the development of railroads changed American culture and society.

- Analyze the importance of the railroad in the Industrial Age.
   The inventors and inventions that affected culture, communications, and economic development in the United States.
- Identify and evaluate the inventions of the era.
- Define mass production
- Evaluate the impact of mass production on the U.S. economy.

How big business developed. The importance of Rockefeller and the oil industry.

The importance of Carnegie and the steel industry.

- Identify and analyze the factors of production.
- Evaluate the importance of capital to production.
- Compare and contrast how Rockefeller and Carnegie organized the oil and steel industries.
- Analyze the concept of monopoly and how the Standard Oil Trust exemplified it.

The efforts of labor unions to improve working conditions.

- Describe and evaluate working conditions during the Industrial Age.
- Identify and analyze how and why labor organized during the Industrial Age.

- Inventions
- Natural resources
- · Global markets

- rural
- union
- investment
- capital (physical and human)
- child labor
- big business
- corporation
- entrepreneur
- Andrew Carnegie
- · Henry Ford
- John D. Rockefeller
- J. P. Morgan
- Cornelius Vanderbilt
- Thomas Edison
- Jay Gould
- free enterprise
- monopoly
- trust
- industrialization
- strikes
- Homestead Strike

growth.

Student Center to	PO5. Analyze the impact of
create comprehensive	industrialization on the United States:
study notes.	a. rural to urban migration
Chapter Summary	b. factory conditions, child labor laws
The Industrial Age	c. unions
Foldables Activity	d. influence of big businesses
The Industrial Age	PO6.Describe the following Progressive
The moustral Age	Reforms that resulted from the Industrial
	Revolution:
	a. labor unions
	b. Women's Suffrage
	e. Temperance Movement
	PO8. Identify the following groups'
	contribution to the changing social and
	political structure of the U.S:
	a. Labor leaders (e.g., Samuel Gompers,
	Mother Jones)
	b. Social Reformers (e.g., Susan B.
-	Anthony, Elizabeth Cady Stanton)
	c. Industrialists (e.g., Andrew Carnegie,
	John D. Rockefeller)
	d. Inventors (e.g., Thomas Edison, Henry
	Ford)
	f. Financiers (e.g., J.P. Morgan, Jay Gould)
	Linking performance Objectives(s):
	S5C2-PO4:
	Describe (identify) the role of entrepreneurs
	(e.g., Carnegie, Ford, Rockefeller, J. P.
	Morgan, Vanderbilt) in the free enterprise
	system.
	S5C2-PO5: Describe (cyclein) the function of mirrots
	Describe (explain) the function of private business in producing goods and services.
	S5C2-PO6:
	Describe (explain) how the interaction
	between buyers and sellers determines
	market prices.
	S5C2-PO3:
	Describe how investment in physical capital
	(e.g., factories, machinery, new technology)
	leads to economic growth.
	S5C2-PO1:
	DO WITOIT

Identify the functions and relationships among various institutions (e.g., business firms, banks, government agencies, labor unions, corporations) that make up an economic system **Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:** Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps) S2C9-PO2: Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps) S2C9-PO3: Analyze how world events of the late 20th century and early 21st century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world. LE & BOCIAL S2C9-PO4: MARKWES Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20th century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects. **Progressive Era** • How did Americans benefit **Textbook:** Discovering Our S3C3-PO2: Students should know and be • suffrage Past – A History of the Identify the government's role in from Progressive reforms? • Temperance Movement able to: United States progressive reforms (e.g., women's • Determine the effect of the • Progressive Era Chapter 22 suffrage, labor unions, temperance How did political corruption Progressive Era Samuel Gompers movement, civil rights). lead to new ways of political • Identify technological advances Mother Jones that were made after the thinking? • Susan B. Anthony Introducing the Chapter The Progressive Era **Linking Performance Objectives:** Progressive Era • Elizabeth Cady Stanton • Populist Chapter Opener Analyze the various event that

- Interactive Time Line | The United States 1877-1920
- Interactive Map | Voting Rights for Women 1919
- Interactive Nations of the World Atlas

### Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and
Activities can be customized
or given as online
assignments using McGrawHill Networks Editable
Worksheets.

- Reading Essentials and Study Guide on American History
- Vocabulary Builder Activity | The Progressive Era
- What Do You Know? | The Progressive Era
- Hands-On Chapter Project | The Progressive Era
- Technology Extension | Comic Strip
- Worksheet Answer Key

### Review and Assess Review

- Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the Student Center to create comprehensive study notes.
- Chapter Summary | The Progressive Era

**S1C7-PO6.**Describe (summarize) the following Progressive Reforms that resulted from the Industrial Revolution:

- a. labor unions
- b. Women's Suffrage
- c. trust busting
- d. conservation of natural resources
- e. Temperance Movement

**S1C7-PO8.** Identify the following groups' contributions to the changing social and political structure of the United States:

- a. labor leaders (e.g., Samuel Gompers, Mother Jones)
- b. social reformers (e.g., Susan B. Anthony, Elizabeth Cady Stanton)
- e. Populists (e.g., William Jennings Bryan)

S3C4-PO5.Describe (analyze) the impact of Constitutional Amendments (i.e., Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first) that came about during the historical time periods studied.

**S3C3-PO2.**Identify the government's role in progressive reforms (e.g., women's suffrage, labor unions, temperance movement, civil rights)

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO2:

Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO3:

Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21<sup>st</sup> century (e.g.,

How did reformers go about changing the conditions for
 influenced the Progressive Era
 Describe the political corruption

laborers and children?

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MARRINES.

- during the progressive era
- Explain the reason people emigrated to U.S.
- Describe the positive and negative impact of Progressive Era
- Analyze the Progressive Era in America
- Analyze the impact of the Progressive Era.

- William Jennings Bryan
- trust busting
- conservation
- Eighteenth Amendment
- Nineteenth Amendment
- Twenty First Amendment
- Scopes Trial
- Jane Addams
- Plessy v. Ferguson

The Progressive Era in the United States	terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.  S2C9-PO4:  Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20 <sup>th</sup> century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects.			
	1.1	Fourth Quarter		
		Imperialism	11	
Our Past – A History of the United States Chapter 23  Audio  Power Point Lecture Slides: Age of Imperialism Hawaii & the U.S. Gross Domestic Product The Spanish-American War American Foreign Policy Slides: John Hay, Building the Panama Canal  Videos: Learn 360 The Civil War & the New Century Annexation of Hawaii A Splendid Little War Latin American	S1:American History.C7:Emergence of Modern United States PO9.Describe the following factors that fostered the growth of American Imperialism during the late 19 <sup>th</sup> and early 20 <sup>th</sup> centuries: a. desire for military strength b. interest in new markets c. need for inexpensive source for raw materials.  Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C7-PO1: Describe the effects of the following factors on the rise of imperialism: a. increased need for raw material b. increased need for consumers c. nationalism – countries increased powers S4C2-PO3: Compare the historical and contemporary interactions among people in different places and regions. (e.g. alliance building).  S1:American History.C7:Emergence of Modern United States	Why does conflict develop?  What did the U.S. do to open trade with Japan?  How did Alaska become a territory of the United States?  Why did the Hawaiians resist American influence in their country?  How did the United States expand its trading interests in China?  How did the United States help settle the Russo-Japanese War?  Why did the United States po to war with Spain?  How were Cuba, Puerto Rico, and the Philippines ruled after	Students should know and be able to: How the U.S. changed to a policy of imperialism in the late 1800s. Identify the causes and effects of imperialism in the late 1800s. Analyze the expansion of U.S. economic influence in Latin America. How the U.S. expanded its influence in Asia and the Pacific islands during this period. Explain how the U.S. acquired territories in the Pacific. Evaluate the effects of the Open Door Policy in China. Identify the causes and consequences of the Russo-Japanese War. How the Spanish-American War helped make the U.S. a world power. Identify territories acquired by the U.S. after the Spanish-	imperialism     Expansionism     isolationism     provisional government     sphere of influence     Armistice     Protectorate     Territory     Isthmus     Anarchy     Dollar diplomacy

## **Chapter Vocabulary**

#### World Atlas

Map: The Alaska
Purchase, 1867
Map: The SpanishAmerican War: The
Carribean
Map: Building the Panama
Canal

Chart: American Imperialism – World Leader or Bully? Chapter Test

### **Assessments:**

Lesson Quizzes Chapter Test

- a. Spanish American War
- b. Panama Canal
- c. Alaska and Hawaii
- d. Open Door Policy
- e. China Boxer Rebellion

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C7-PO2:

Describe how areas of the world (e.g., Africa, India, China) were impacted by Imperialism of European countries.

### S2C7-PO4:

Describe (summarize) the impact of American interests in the following areas during the late 19th century and the early 20th century:

- a. Philippines, Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Spanish American War
- b. China and the Boxer Rebellion
- c. Colombia and the building of the Panama Canal
- d. Hawaiian annexation

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps) **S2C9-PO2**:

Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### S2C9-PO3:

Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21<sup>st</sup> century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue

What steps did the United States take to build the Panama Canal?

What was the United States' foreign policy in Latin America?

THENDUNIS

 Summarize the arguments of both imperialists and antiimperialists.

How U.S. presidents shaped policies in Latin America.

- Draw conclusion about how the Panama Canal affected U.S. relations with Latin America.
- Compare and contrast the Roosevelt Corollary, dollar diplomacy, and moral diplomacy.
- Analyze the U.S. role in Mexican Revolution.
- Spanish American War
- Panama Canal
- Open Door Policy
- Boxer Rebellion
- annexation
- · commonwealth
- yellow journalism

to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world. S2C9-PO4: Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20th century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects. World War I **Textbook:** Discovering Our S1:American History.C7:Emergence of Why does conflict develop? Students should know and be • militarism What factors led to the Past – A History of the **Modern United States** able to: alliances United States **PO12.**Describe the following events that outbreak of war in Europe? monarchy The factors that led to the outbreak democracy Chapter 24 led to United States involvement in World of World War I in Europe. Archduke Franz War I: What changes made World The Changes in technology and battle strategy that changed the a. shift away from isolationism Ferdinand Introducing the Chapter War I become a long and b. sinking of the Lusitania deadly war? nature of war. constitutional World War I Chapter IMUNICATION c. Zimmerman Telegraph • Analyze the cause and effect Monarchy Opener Why did the United States try Interactive Time Line of factors that led to the **Linking Performance Objective(s):** to remain neutral during the outbreak of war in Europe. The World 1914-1919 **S2C8-PO1:** war? • Draw conclusions about the Interactive Map | The Explain how the following world World During WWI changes in technology and movements led to World War I: What made the United States • isolationism battle strategy that changed 1914-1919 a. militarism decide to enter the war? the nature of war. • Lusitania Interactive Nations of b. imperialism • Zimmerman telegram Why the United States tried to the World Atlas c. nationalism How did American troops help • Russian Revolution remain neutral during the war. d. formation of alliances (e.g., assassination to turn the tide of the war checks and balances What made the United States Worksheets, Activities, and of Archduke Ferdinand) toward the Allies? • declaration of war decide to enter the war. Projects S4C1-PO4: treaties All Worksheets and • Recognize the historical Locate physical and cultural features (e.g., What events occurred that led Activities can be customized perspectives that led the U.S. continents, cities, countries, significant to the armistice being signed? to try to remain neutral during or given as online waterways, mountain ranges, climate zones, World War I. assignments using McGrawmajor water bodies, landforms) throughout How did the United States Selective Service Act Hill Networks Editable Identify and evaluate the the world. prepare to fight the war? Great Migration Worksheets. reasons the U.S. finally **S3C2-PO1**: • empire decided to enter WWI. **Reading Essentials** Describe (explain) how the powers of Why did the U.S. government Fourteen Points How the American troops helped and Study Guide on checks and balances are used in the approve legislation to control • Woodrow Wilson to turn the tide for the Allies. American History following: public opinion? • League of Nations The events that led to the armistice Vocabulary Builder a. declaring war • Treaty of Versailles Activity | World War I being signed. b. treaties Why did the Allies oppose national debt Identify and evaluate how the What Do You Know? S3C5-PO2: Wilson's plan for peace? socialism American troops helped to | World War I

government:

Compare (describe) different types of

turn the tide for the Allies.

reparations

- Hands-On Chapter
   Project | World War I
- Technology Extension | Editing and Sharing Student Documentaries
- Worksheet Answer Key

## Review and Assess Review

- Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the Student Center to create comprehensive study notes.
- Chapter Summary | World War I
- Foldables Activity | World War I

- a. monarchies
- b. constitutional monarchy
- c. democracy

# S1:American History.C7:Emergence of Modern United States

**PO13.**Describe (explain) important events associated with World War 1:

- a. passing of the Selective Service Act
- b. migration of African-Americans to the north (Great Migration)
- c. Wilson's Fourteen Points
- d. controversy over the Treaty of Versailles

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C8-PO2:

Summarize the outcomes of World War I: a. Treaty of Versailles (e.g., restrictions on Germany, end of the Ottoman Empire, redrawing of European boundaries) b. economic issues (e.g., national debt, spread of socialism)

### S3C5-PO1:

Discuss how negotiations with foreign governments have led to the development of foreign policy initiatives (e.g., Treaty of Versailles, Fourteen Points, League of Nations)

#### **S2C8-PO3**:

Describe the rise of totalitarianism in Europe following World War I:

- a. Italy under Mussolini
- b. Germany under Hitler
- c. Soviet Union under Stalin

#### S5C3-PO4:

Describe how scarcity influences the choices (e.g., war time rationing, women in the workforce, reallocation of resources) made by governments and businesses.

**Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:** 

Why did the U.S. senate reject the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations?

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WARENESS

 Analyze the circumstances that caused Germany to start losing the war and appeal for an armistice.

How the United States prepared to fight the war.

Why the U.S. government approved legislation to control public opinion.

- Identify and organize information about how the U.S. prepared to fight the war.
- Identify points of view about the legislation the American government passed to control public opinion.

The reasons the Allies opposed Wilson's plan for peace. Why the U.S. rejected the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations.

- Identify reasons why the U.S. Senate rejected the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations.
- Recognize the different points of view among the Allies and why they opposed Wilson's plan for peace.

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps) S2C9-PO2:

Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### **S2C9-PO3:**

Analyze how world events of the late 20th century and early 21st century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.

#### S2C9-PO4:

S2C9-PO4:
Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20th century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects.



**Textbook:** Discovering Our Past – A History of the United States Chapter 26

### Introducing the Chapter

- The Depression and the New Deal Chapter Opener
- Interactive Time Line The Depression and the New Deal, United States 1929 to 1939

Connect the results of World War I to causes of World War II

### S1:American History.C8:Depression and WWII

**PO1.**Identify economic policies and factors (e.g., unequal distribution of income, weaknesses in the farm sector, buying on margin, stock market crash) that led to the Great Depression.

**PO2**.Determine the impact of natural and manmade crises (e.g., unemployment, food lines, the Dust Bowl and the western migration of Midwest farmers) of the Great Depression.

### Why do people make economic choices?

- Why did the stock market crash?
- How did the Great Depression bring hardships?
- How did Hoover start to involve the government in the economic crisis?

How do governments change?

### Students should know and be able to:

Know the effect the great Depression had on the United States.

- Explain why the stock market crashed and how the Great Depression brought hardship.
- Analyze the reasons Hoover started to involve the government in the economic crisis.

- rationing
- war time economy
- · women in work force

- Interactive Map | The Dust Bowl
- Interactive Nations of the World Atlas

### Worksheets, Activities, and Projects

All Worksheets and
Activities can be customized
or given as online
assignments using McGrawHill Networks Editable
Worksheets.

- Reading Essentials and Study Guide for American History
- Vocabulary Builder Activity | The Depression and the New Deal
- What Do You Know? | The Depression and the New Deal
- Hands-On Chapter Project | The Depression and the New Deal
- Technology Extension | Multimedia Presentations as Virtual Time Capsules
- Worksheet Answer Key

#### Review and Assess Review

 Guided Notes: Have Students use the My Notes feature in the Student Center to create comprehensive study notes. **PO3.**Describe how the following New Deal programs affected the American people.

- a. works programs (e.g., WPA, CCC, TVA)
- b. farm subsidies
- c. Social Security

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S4C5-PO2:

Describe the consequences of natural hazards (e.g., Dust Bowl, hurricanes, droughts, earthquakes)

#### **S5C1-PO3:**

Identify how governments and businesses make choices based on the availability of resources.

#### S5C3-PO4:

Describe how scarcity influences the choices (e.g., war time rationing, women in the workforce, reallocation of resources) made by governments and businesses.

#### S5C1-PO2:

Analyze how scarcity, opportunity costs, and tradeoffs influence decision making.

### S1:American History.C8:Great Depression and World War II

PO4.Describe (explain) how Pearl Harbor led to United States involvement in World War II.

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C8-PO3:

Describe (summarize) the rise of totalitarianism in Europe following World War I:

- a. Italy under Mussolini
- b. Germany under Hitler
- c. Soviet Union under Stalin

#### **PO5**:

Describe (explain) the impact of World War II on economic recovery from the Great Depression in the United States

- What did Roosevelt do to improve the American economy?
- How did the New Deal affect areas of American life?
- Why was the Depression difficult for Americans?
- How did minority groups adapt to hard times?
- How did the 1930s become a golden age in entertainment and the arts?

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MARRINESS

CNH

The effect of Roosevelt's first 100 days in office.

• Summarize what Roosevelt did to improve the American economy.

How the New Deal affected areas of American life.

• Evaluate how the New Deal affected areas of American life.

Why the Depression was difficult for Americans.

 Describe the difficulties faced by Americans during the Great Depression.

Why the 1930s was considered a golden age in entertainment and the arts.

• Identify the reasons that the 1930s became a golden age in entertainment and the arts.

Why Roosevelt's New Deal programs began to face growing opposition.

 Analyze the opposition that Roosevelt's New Deal faced.

Know the programs introduced by the second New Deal.

• Evaluate the major programs of the Second New Deal.

Why the Second New Deal was challenged by the Supreme Court.

 Understand why Roosevelt wanted to change the Supreme Court.

- dictatorship
- totalitarian
- Benito Mussolini
- · Adolph Hitler
- Joseph Stalin
- Pearl Harbor

- Chapter Summary | The Depression and the New Deal
- Foldables Activity | The Great Depression
- Foldables
   Activity | The New
   Deal

## Linking Performance Objective(s): S3C2-PO1:

Describe (explain) how the powers of checks and balances are used in the following:

- a. declaring war
- b. treaties

# Linking Performance Objective(s): S2C9-PO1:

Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

#### **S2C9-PO2:**

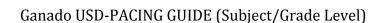
Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps)

### S2C9-PO3:

Analyze how world events of the late 20<sup>th</sup> century and early 21<sup>st</sup> century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.

#### S2C9-PO4:

Compare the economic, political, and social aspects of countries identified during the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century to its contemporary economic, political, and social aspects.



		7 <sup>th</sup> G	rade Socia	l Studies S	S07 - Tea	ching Time	line			
	First Semester						cond Semes	ter		
	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May
Historical Research		_							1	
Skills										
Geography Skills										
Language Arts		-			Ž.					
Connection		- //		1	17		1			
Arizona in the				THIN	HINNS:					
World		11		1,717.7	ben'nd site.		1.1			
Westward Expansion and Pre Civil War		1/ -				Α.,	- 11			
Civil War and		11 6	70	TO JELLYNNY	4454000	1	1			
Reconstruction				COMMUS	TOWN COM-					
Industrial Era			PELTA	100		CHREE			1	
Progressive Era	V	11	Santary a	0020	575.4		- 11			
Imperialism	1			A	A		// B	-		
World War I				S157 S	BOCIAL	7	110	_		

The following Social Studies performance objectives are integrated throughout the entire course.

	1110101	nowing boolar beauties periormance objectives are integrated this oughout the charte course.
		HISTORICAL RESEARCH SKILLS
S1&2	PO 1	Construct charts, graphs, and narratives using historical data.
S1&2	PO 2	Interpret historical data displayed in graphs, tables, and charts.
S1&2	PO 3	Construct timelines (e.g., presidents/world leaders, key events, people) of the historical era being studied.
S1&2	PO 4	Formulate questions that can be answered by historical study and research.
S1&2	PO 5	Describe the difference between a primary source document and a secondary source document and the relationships between them.
S1&2	PO 6	Determine the credibility and bias of primary and secondary sources.
S1&2	PO 7	Analyze cause and effect relationships between and among individuals and/or historical events.
S1&2	PO 8	Describe two points of view on the same historical event.
S1C10	PO 1	Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television,
		Internet, books, maps).
S1C10	PO 2	Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues studied at this grade level using information from class

		discussi	ons and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).					
S1C10	PO 3	Describe how key political, social, geographic, and economic events of the late 20th century and early 21st century affected, and contito affect, the United States.						
S2C9	PO 1	Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).						
S2C9	PO 2	Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues identified in Concept 8 above using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).						
S2C9	PO 3	Analyze how world events of the late 20th century and early 21st century (e.g., terrorism, globalization, conflicts, interdependence, natural disasters, advancements in science and technology, environmental issues) affected, and continue to affect, the social, political, geographic, and economic climate of the world.						
			GEOGRAPHY SKILLS					
S4C1	PO 1	Construc	et maps, charts, and graphs to display geographic information.					
S4C1	PO 2		purposes and differences of maps, globes, aerial photographs, charts, and satellite images.					
S4C1	PO 3	Interpret	maps, charts, and geographic databases using geographic information					
S4C1	PO 5	Interpret thematic maps, graphs, charts, and databases depicting various aspects of the United States and world regions. (Apply to regions studied.)						
S4C6	PO 3	Use geog	graph <mark>ic knowledge and skills (e.g., recognizing patterns, mapping, graphing) when discussing current events.</mark>					
	100		LANGUAGE ARTS CONNECTION					
Reading			DESPECT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE					
S1C4	Vocabulary		Acquire and use new vocabulary in relevant contexts to identify the intended meaning of unfamiliar words and identify the meaning and pronunciations of words by using a variety of reference aids including dictionaries, thesauri, and glossaries (and CD-ROM and the internet when available).					
S1C6	Comprehension Strategies		Employ strategies to comprehend text using prior knowledge, text features, organizing skills, and reading techniques.					
S3C1	Expository Text		Identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the purpose, structure, and elements of expository text.					
S3C3	Persuasive Text		Explain basis elements of argument in text and their relationship to the author's purpose and use of persuasive strategies.					
Waiting			SELF & BOCIAL					
Writing S1C5	<del></del> -							
\$1C3 \$2C1	C		Publishing includes formatting and presenting a final product for the intended audience.  Writing is clear and focused, holding the reader's attention throughout. Main ideas stand out and are developed by strong support and rich details. Purpose is accomplished.					
S2C2	Organization		Organization addresses the structure of writing and integrates the central meaning and patterns that hold the piece together.					
S2C6	Conventions							
S3C2	Expository		Expository writing includes non-fiction that describes, explains, informs, or summarizes ideas and content. The writing supports a thesis based on research, observation and/or experience.					
S3C4	Persuasive		Persuasive writing is used for the purpose of influencing the reader. The author presents an issue and expresses an opinion in order to convince an audience to agree with the opinion or to take a particular action.					
S3C6	Research		Research writing is a process in which the writer identifies a topic or question to be answered. The writer locates and evaluates information about the topic or question, and then organizes, summarizes, and synthesizes the information into a finished product. (Assessed in the classroom).					