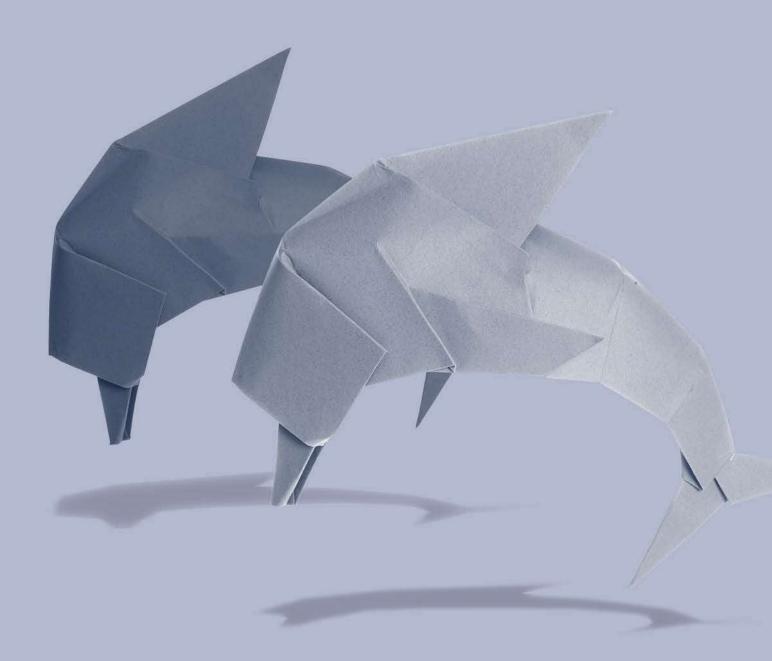


GCSE (9-1) Mathematics



SPECIMEN PAPERS SET 2

Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9-1) in Mathematics (1MA1)

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References to third party materials in these specimen papers are made in good faith.

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All information in this document is correct at time of publication.

Introduction

These specimen papers have been produced to complement the sample assessment materials for Pearson Edexcel Level 1/ Level 2 GCSE (9-1) in Mathematics and are designed to provide extra practice for your students. The specimen papers are part of a suite of support materials offered by Pearson.

The specimen papers do not form part of the accredited materials for this qualification.

General marking guidance

These notes offer general guidance, but the specific notes for examiners appertaining to individual questions take precedence.

All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the last candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the first.

Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded; exemplification/indicative content will not be exhaustive.

All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded; mark schemes should be applied positively. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme. If there is a wrong answer (or no answer) indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

Questions where working is not required: In general, the correct answer should be given full marks.

Questions that specifically require working: In general, candidates who do not show working on this type of question will get no marks – full details will be given in the mark scheme for each individual question.

3 Crossed out work

This should be marked **unless** the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

4 Choice of method

If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer given on the answer line.

If no answer appears on the answer line, mark both methods then award the lower number of marks.

5 Incorrect method

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks. Send the response to review for your Team Leader to check.

6 Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working as you can check the answer, but if ambiguous do not award. Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

7 Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question or its context. (eg. an incorrectly cancelled fraction when the unsimplified fraction would gain full marks).

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect (eg. incorrect algebraic simplification).

8 Probability

Probability answers must be given as a fraction, percentage or decimal. If a candidate gives a decimal equivalent to a probability, this should be written to at least 2 decimal places (unless tenths).

Incorrect notation should lose the accuracy marks, but be awarded any implied method marks.

If a probability answer is given on the answer line using both incorrect and correct notation, award the marks.

If a probability fraction is given then cancelled incorrectly, ignore the incorrectly cancelled answer.

9 Linear equations

Unless indicated otherwise in the mark scheme, full marks can be gained if the solution alone is given on the answer line, or otherwise unambiguously identified in working (without contradiction elsewhere). Where the correct solution only is shown substituted, but not identified as the solution, the accuracy mark is lost but any method marks can be awarded (embedded answers).

10 Range of answers

Unless otherwise stated, when an answer is given as a range (e.g 3.5 - 4.2) then this is inclusive of the end points (e.g 3.5, 4.2) and all numbers within the range.

Guidance on the use of abbreviations within this mark scheme

M method mark awarded for a correct method or partial method

P process mark awarded for a correct process as part of a problem solving question

A accuracy mark (awarded after a correct method or process; if no method or process is seen then full marks for the question are implied but see individual mark schemes for more details)

C communication mark

B unconditional accuracy mark (no method needed)

oe or equivalent

cao correct answer only

ft follow through (when appropriate as per mark scheme)

sc special case

dep dependent (on a previous mark)

indep independent

awrt answer which rounds to

isw ignore subsequent working

Vrite your name here Surname	Of	her names	
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9 - 1)	Centre Number		Candidate Number
Mathemat	tics		
Paper 1 (Non-Calcul			
		Four	ndation Tier
		Pa	ndation Tier aper Reference MA1/1F

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may not be used.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must **show all your working out**.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Find 10% of £320

£

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

2 Write 0.8 as a percentage.

.....

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

3 (a) Work out $84 \div 3$

(1)

(b) Work out 0.17×6000

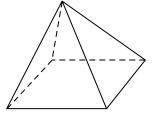
(1)

(c) Work out $(-2)^3$

(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 Here is a square-based pyramid.



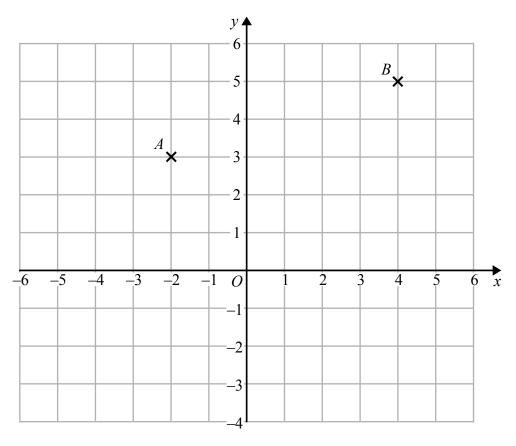
(i) How many faces does the pyramid have?

.....

(ii) How many edges does the pyramid have?

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

5



(a) Write down the coordinates of point B.

(,
(,		
		(1)	

(b) Find the coordinates of the midpoint of AB.

(,		٠,
		(1)	

(c) On the grid, draw the line with equation y = -3

(1)

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

6	Here are the instructions for making a drink.
	Add 100 ml of juice to 2 litres of water
	Dev uses 5 litres of water to make the drink.
	How much drink has he made?
	(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)
	In a box there are three types of chocolates.
	There are 6 plain chocolates, 8 milk chocolates and 10 white chocolates.
	Ben takes at random a chocolate from the box.
	(a) Write down the probability that Ben takes a plain chocolate.
	(2)
	Deon takes 2 chocolates from the box.
	(b) Write down all the possible combinations of types of chocolates that Deon can take.
	(2)

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8 8 identical pens cost £12 Work out the cost of 10 of these pens.

£.....

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)

9 Here are five fractions.

$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 $\frac{10}{40}$ $\frac{12}{48}$ $\frac{5}{24}$ $\frac{20}{80}$

One of these fractions is **not** equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$

(a) Write down this fraction.

(1)

(b) Work out $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{1}{14}$

(2)

(c) Work out $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{3}{10}$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

(b)
$$f = 6$$

 $g = 5$

Work out the value of 3f - 2g

(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11 Write down three different multiples of 4 that add up to 40

(Total for Question 11 is 2 marks)

12 Helen has 80 books to sell.

Each book is Fiction or Non-fiction.

The ratio of the number of Fiction books to the number of Non-fiction books is 3:1

Each book has a normal price of £10 Helen reduces the price of all the Non-fiction books.

Non-fiction

All books ½ price

Helen sells all 80 books.

Work out the total amount of money Helen will receive.

£.....

(Total for Question 12 is 4 marks)

13 Ryan and Carl each get paid a basic pay of £60 per day.

One day, Ryan also gets a bonus of 25% of his basic pay. Carl also gets £20 in tips from customers.

Work out the difference between the total amounts of money that Ryan and Carl each get.

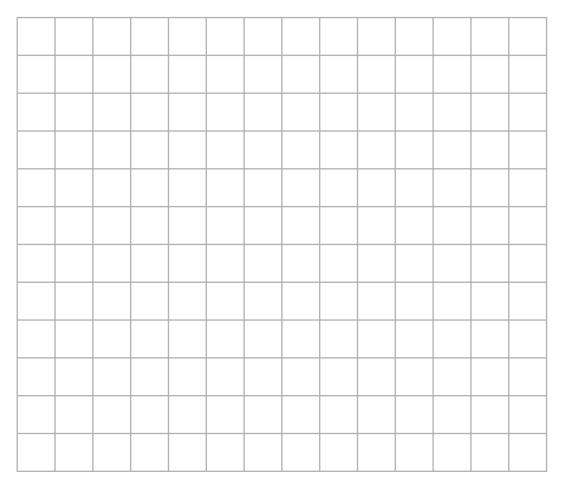
(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

14 Some people were asked if they liked swimming or cycling or running.

The table shows the results for the males and the results for the females.

	Swimming	Cycling	Running
Male	2	6	4
Female	8	5	5

(a) On the grid, draw a bar chart to show this information.



(4)

(b) Work out the percentage of the 30 people that are female.

.....% (2)

(Total for Question 14 is 6 marks)

15 The table shows information about the ages of all the people at a party.

Age (years)	Frequency
11 – 20	6
21 – 30	16
31 – 40	10
41 - 50	8

(a) Work out the total number of these people who were aged 40 or less.

(1)

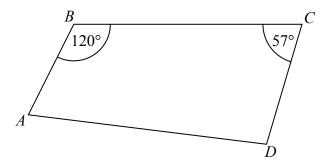
Andy says that the range of ages is 39 years because 50 - 11 = 39

(b) The range may not be 39 years. Explain why.

(1)

(Total for Question 15 is 2 marks)

16 The diagram shows a quadrilateral *ABCD*.



Is *AB* parallel to *DC*? You must give your reasoning.

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 Irena sells ice creams.

One day she sells 80 ice creams.

The next day she sells 108 ice creams.

Work out the percentage increase in the number of ice creams she sells.

%

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18 Dimitar has 20 sweets.

Pip also has 20 sweets.

Dimitar gives Pip x sweets.

Dimitar then eats 5 of his sweets.

Pip then eats half of her sweets.

Write expressions for the number of sweets Dimitar and Pip now have.

Dimitar

Pip

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

19 (a) Factorise $y^2 + 27y$

(1)

(b) Simplify $(t^3)^2$

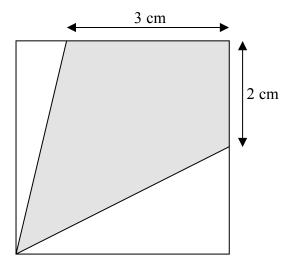
(1)

(c) Simplify $\frac{w^9}{w^4}$

(1)

(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

20 The diagram shows a square with perimeter 16 cm.



Work out the proportion of the area inside the square that is shaded.

(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)

21 David has designed a game.

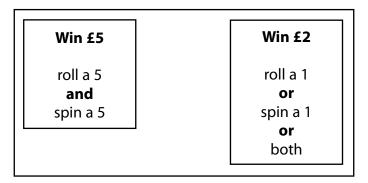
He uses a fair 6-sided dice and a fair 5-sided spinner.

The dice is numbered 1 to 6

The spinner is numbered 1 to 5

Each player rolls the dice once and spins the spinner once.

A player can win £5 or win £2



David expects 30 people will play his game. Each person will pay David £1 to play the game.

(a) Work out how much profit David can expect to make.

	£
	(4)
(b) Give a reason why David's actual profit may be different to the parameter.	profit he expects to
	(1)
(Total for C	Question 21 is 5 marks)

22 Triangle ABC has perimeter 20 cm.

$$AB = 7 \text{ cm}.$$

$$BC = 4$$
 cm.

By calculation, deduce whether triangle ABC is a right-angled triangle.

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)

23 One sheet of A3 card has area $\frac{1}{8}$ m².

The card has a mass of 160 g per m².

Work out the total mass of 25 sheets of A3 card.

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24	Here are the first	st five terms o	of a sequence.				
		2	8	18	32	50	
	(a) Find the nex	kt term of this	sequence.				
							(1)
	The <i>n</i> th term of	a different se	equence is 3	$n^2 - 10$			
	(b) Work out the	e 5th term of	this sequence.				
							(1)
					(Total for Que	estion 24 is 2 ma	rks)
25	Write 504 as a p	product of pov	wers of its prii	me factors.			
	1		1				
					(Total for Que	estion 25 is 3 ma	rks)
_							
				TO	TAL FOR PA	PER IS 80 MAE	RKS

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	Notes											for start to process eg. $5 \div 2 (=2.5)$ for complete process eg. $5000 + 2.5 \times 100$ or $5250 \text{ m}l$
		B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	P1 P1 A1
	Answer	32	08	28	1020	∞	5	∞	(4, 5)	(1, 4)	Correct line	5.25 litres
VI: 1F	Working											
Paper 1MA1: 1F	Question	1	2	3 a	þ	၁	. t	:=	5 a	þ	၁	9

Paper 1MA1: 1F	A1: 1F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
7 a		ਜ I थ*	M1	For $\frac{x}{24}$ with $x < 24$ or $\frac{6}{y}$ with $y > 6$
			A1	for $\frac{6}{24}$ oe
р		PP PM PW	M1	At least 3 correct combinations
		MM MW WW	A1	Fully correct list with no extras or permutations
~		15	M1	For start to scaling process eg 12÷8 or 10÷8
			A1	15
9 a		24	B1	
þ		2 4	M1	For using a correct common denominator
		4	A1	For ⁵ / ₁₄ oe
၁		$2\frac{2}{3}$	M	for $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{10}{3}$ oe
			A1	for $2\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{8}{3}$

LIVIA	Paper IMAI: 1F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
a		-2	M1	For subtraction of 7 from both sides or division of all terms by 3 as first step of solution
			A1	cao
þ		∞	M1	For substitution $3\times6-2\times5$
			AI	cao
		8, 12, 20 or 4 8 28 or	P1	Adds 3 different multiples of 4
		4, 12, 24 or 4 16 20		
			A1	
		700	P1	for process for total non-fiction books
				eg = × 80 (=20)
			P1	process for total takings for non fiction
				$eg 20 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \ (= 100)$
			P1	process to find total takings " 100 " + 60×10
			AI	00/
	£5	£5	P1	for $\frac{25}{400} \times 60$
			P1	for process to find difference between totals
			4	20 15
			AI	CaO

Paper 1MA1: 1F	VI: 1F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
14 a		chart	C1	For key or suitable labels to identify male and female
			C1	For linear scale For chart (combined or separate) correctly
			C1	showing data for at least 2 of swim, run, cycle Fully correct chart with axes correctly scaled and labelled.
p		09	M1	8+5+5 or ft their diagram
			A1	%09
15 a		32	B1	32 cao
þ		Correct reason	C1	Comment about grouped data in context
16		No with reason	M1 A1	Starting reasoning $120 + 57 = 177$ Comparison of 177 with 180
			C1	Completes correct reasoning with reference to eg co-interior (or allied) angles total 180
17		35	M1 A1	for method to find increase $108 - 80 \ (= 28)$ for method to find % increase $eg \frac{28}{80} \times 100$ cao

Paper 1MA1: 1F				
	Working	Answer		Notes
		D: $15 - x$	M1	For writing a correct expression for D or P before sweets are eaten $20 - x$ or $20 + x$
		F1	A1	One correct expression
			A1	Both correct expressions
		y(y+27)	B1	
		gf	B1	
		W^5	B1	
16÷4		LO I C	P1	Using side lengths of 4
$\frac{1 \times 4}{2} = 2 \text{ or } \frac{1 \times 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2 \times 4}{2} = 4 \text{ or } \frac{1 \times 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$	= 1 80 = 1 4 	o	P1	Method to find fraction or area for one unshaded triangle
1×4 2×4 2×4 2×4	$\frac{1\times4}{2} + \frac{2\times4}{2} = 6 \text{ or } \frac{1\times1}{2} + \frac{1\times1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$		P1	Method to complete fraction or area for total unshaded region
16 - 6 = 10 or 1	0 or $1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$		P1	Method to find total fraction or area for shaded region
			A1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ oe or 0.625

Paper	Paper 1MA1: 1F	1:1F			
Question	tion	Working	Answer		Notes
21 a		$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{5} \times 30 \times 5 = 5$ $(\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4}) \times 30 = 10$ $30 \times 1 - 5 - 10 \times 2$	5	P1 P1 A1	for identifying correct process to find probabilities for winning scores. May include use of tree diagram or sample space for correct process to find prize money for completing correct process to find profit cao
<u> </u>	p q		Explanation	C1	for appropriate comment to interpret result eg probability so only likelihood not certainty, other than 30 may play, £5 is small difference.
22			No with reasoning	M1 M1 C1	Derive $AC=9$ cm and identify as hypotenuse $4^2 + 7^2$ for using eg $AC = \sqrt{4^2 + 7^2}$ or 65 and 81 for concluding explanation that ABC is not a right-angled triangle with evidence.
23			500g	P1 P1 A1 B1	$\frac{1}{8} \times 160 \ (=20)$ '20' × 25 500 (or 0.5) Correct units g (or kg)
24 ((a)		72	B1	cao
)	(b)		65	B1	cao

Paper 1MA1: 1	A: 1F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
25		$2^3 \times 3^2 \times 7$	M1	M1 for at least 3 correct divisions by a prime factor
				(may be seen in a factor tree)
			M1	for 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 7 (condone inclusion of 1); may
				be seen in a factor tree
			A1	

Surname	0	Other names
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9 - 1)	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Mathema Paper 2 (Calculator)		
-		Farm dation Ties
		Foundation Tie

I IVIA I/ZI

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Write 6819 to the nearest 1000

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

Write these temperatures in order. Start with the lowest temperature.

7°C

−2°C

10°C

-5°C

3°C

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

3 Write 0.075 as a fraction. Give your fraction in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

Find the value of 5⁴

(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

5

Living to 100 years old

1 in 3 babies born last year are expected to live to 100 years old

720 000 babies were born last year.

How many of these babies are expected to live to 100 years old?

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

6 Here is part of a train timetable from Swindon to London.

		Swi	ndon to L	ondon			
Swindon	06 10	06 27	06 41	06 58	07 01	07 17	07 28
Didcot	06 27	06 45	06 58	_	07 18	_	07 45
Reading	06 41	06 59	07 13	07 28	07 33	07 43	08 00
London	07 16	07 32	07 44	08 02	08 07	08 14	08 33

(a) How long should the 06 58 train from Swindon take to get to London?

(1)

Clare says,

"All these trains take more than one hour to get from Swindon to London."

(b) Is Clare correct?

You must give a reason for your answer.

(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 Tracy buys

2 coffees at £1.10 each 3 teas at 95p each 5 sandwiches at £2.15 each

Tracy shares the total cost equally between 5 people.

How much does each person pay?

£.....

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8 Rachel carried out a survey of 10 people to find out the type of fruit they like best.

The table gives information about her results.

Type of fruit	Number of people
apple	2
banana	5
orange	3

(a) Which type of fruit is the mode?

(1)

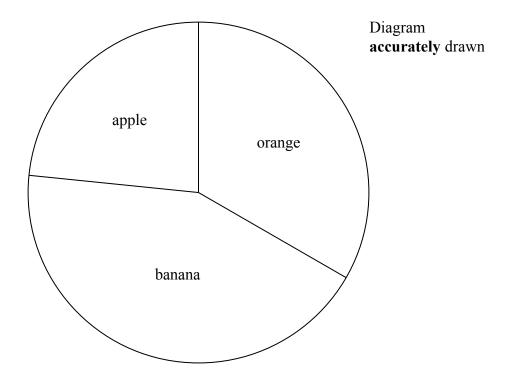
In Rachel's survey, 2 out of 10 people like apples best.

(b) Write 2 out of 10 as a percentage.



Pete also carried out a survey to find out the type of fruit people like best. He asked 30 people which type of fruit they like best.

He drew this pie chart for his results.



A smaller proportion of people like bananas best in Pete's survey than in Rachel's survey.

c)	Explain	how	Pete's	pie	chart	and	Rachel	'S	table	show	this.
----	---------	-----	--------	-----	-------	-----	--------	----	-------	------	-------

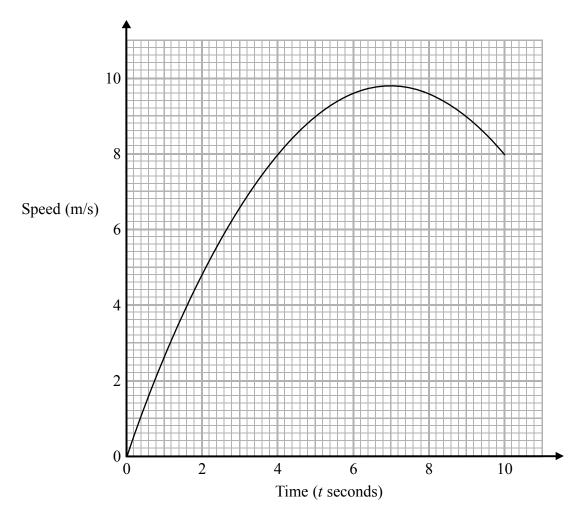
(2)

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

9	The smallest angle of a triangle is 25° The triangle is enlarged by scale factor 3
	Ben says,
	"The smallest angle of the enlarged triangle is 75° because $25 \times 3 = 75$ "
	Is Ben right? Explain your answer.
	(Total for Question 9 is 1 mark)

10 Karol ran in a race.

The graph shows her speed, in metres per second, t seconds after the start of the race.



(a) Write down Karol's speed 3 seconds after the start of the race.

.....m/s

(b) Write down Karol's greatest speed.

.....m/s

There were two times when Karol's speed was 9 m/s.

(c) Write down these two times.

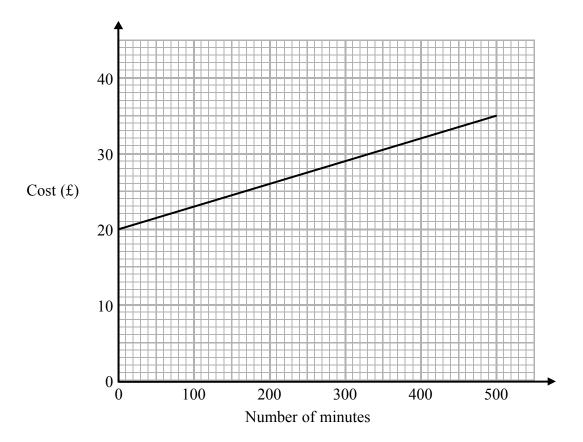
seconds seconds (1)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

			(1)
	(c) Write down the 7th and 8th terms of Jack's number pattern.		
	He says the first six terms of the number pattern are 1 2 4 7 11	16	
	Jack uses a different rule.		
			(1)
	(b) Write down the our term of flester's number pattern.		
	(b) Write down the 6th term of Hester's number pattern.		(1)
	(a) Write down the rule Hester could have used to get the 4th and 5th terms.	10	
11	Hester says the first five terms of this number pattern are 1 2 4 8	16	
11	The first three terms of a number pattern are 1 2 4		

12	Martin has 8 pints of soup in a pan. He also has 24 soup bowls. He puts 0.3 pints of soup into each bowl.	
	How much soup has Martin left over?	
		pints
	(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)	
12	Abi invests £500 for 4 years in a bank account.	
IJ	The account pays simple interest at a rate of 2.3% per year.	
	Work out the total amount of interest Abi has got at the end of 4 years.	
	£	
	(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)	

14 The graph shows the cost of using a mobile phone for one month for different numbers of minutes of calls made.



The cost includes a fixed rental charge of £20 and a charge for each minute of calls made. Work out the charge for each minute of calls made.

(Total for Question 14 is 2 marks)

15 Here is a list of ingredients for making chocolate mousse for 2 people.

Chocolate mousse for 2 people

40 grams sugar

110 grams dark chocolate

2 eggs

 $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon lemon juice

Ellie has 250 grams of sugar and 550 grams of dark chocolate. She assumes that she has plenty of lemon juice and plenty of eggs.

(a) What is the greatest number of people Ellie can make chocolate mousse for? You must justify your answer.

(3)

Ellie only has 6 eggs.

(b) What effect would this have on the greatest number of people Ellie can make chocolate mousse for?

(1)

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

16 A sprinter runs a distance of 200 metres in 25 seconds.

Work out the average speed of the sprinter.

.....m/s

(Total for Question 16 is 1 mark)

17 (a) Simplify 7x + 2y - 3x + 4y

(2)

(b) Factorise 10x - 15

(1)

(c) Solve 5p = 3p + 8

p = (2)

(Total for Question 17 is 5 marks)

18 There are 64 cards in a pack.

Each card is either red or black.

The ratio of the number of red cards to the number of black cards is 1:1

8 red cards are removed from the pack.

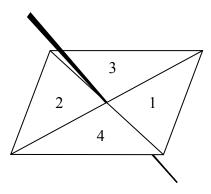
Find the ratio of the number of red cards now in the pack to the number of black cards now in the pack.

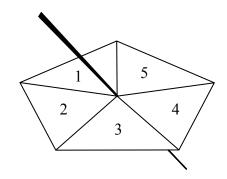
Give your answer in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

19 Here are a 4-sided spinner and a 5-sided spinner.

The spinners are fair.





Jeff is going to spin each spinner once.

Each spinner will land on a number.

Jeff will get his score by adding these two numbers together.

(a) Complete the possibility space diagram for each possible score.

5-sided spinner

	1	2	3	4	5
1	2	3	4	5	6
2	3				
3	4				
4	5				

4-sided spinner

Jeff spins each spinner once.

- (b) Find the probability that Jeff gets
 - (i) a score of 3

.....

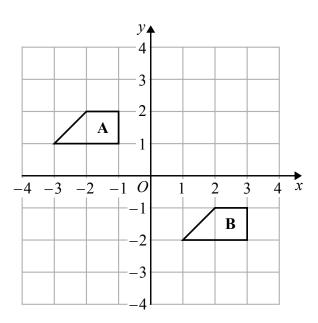
(1)

	(ii) a score of 5 or more.		
			(2)
		(Total for Question 19	9 is 3 marks)
20	Water flows through a pipe at a rate of 20 gallons per	minute.	
	1 gallon = 4.55 litres. Change 20 gallons per minute to litres per second.		
	Change 20 gallons per minute to litres per second. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.		
			litres per second
		(Total for Question 20	0 is 2 marks)

21 Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 32, 48 and 72

(Total for Question 21 is 2 marks)

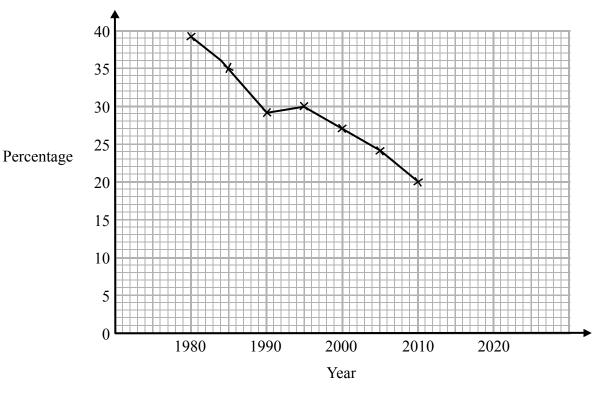
22



Describe the single transformation that maps shape $\bf A$ onto shape $\bf B$.

(Total for Question 22 is 2 marks)

23 The time series graph shows information about the percentages of the people in a village that used the village shop for the years between 1980 and 2010



(a) Describe the trend in the percentage of the people in the village who used the shop for this period.

(1)

(b) (i) Use the graph to predict the percentage of the people in the village likely to use the shop in the year 2020

(

(ii) Is your prediction reliable? Explain your answer.

(3)

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24 (a) Expand and simplify 3(y-2) + 5(2y+1)

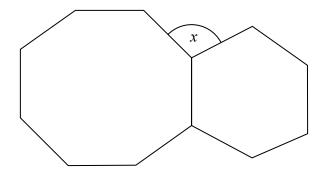
(2)

(b) Simplify $5u^2w^4 \times 7uw^3$

(2)

(Total for Question 24 is 4 marks)

25



The diagram shows a regular octagon and a regular hexagon.

Find the size of the angle marked *x* You must show all your working.

(Total for Question 25 is 3 marks)

- (a) Write down the numbers that are in set
 - (i) $A \cup B$

.....

(ii) $A \cap B$

(2)

One of the numbers in the diagram is chosen at random.

(b) Find the probability that the number is in set A'

(2)

(Total for Question 26 is 4 marks)

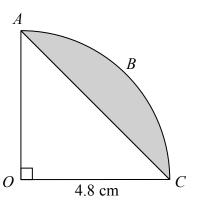
27 On a farm

the number of cows and the number of sheep are in the ratio 6 : 5 the number of sheep and the number of pigs are in the ratio 2 : 1

The total number of cows, sheep and pigs on the farm is 189

How many sheep are there on the farm?

(Total for Question 27 is 3 marks)



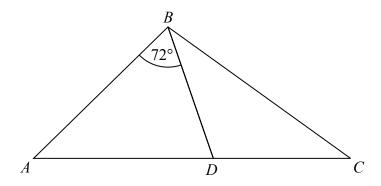
The arc *ABC* is a quarter of a circle with centre *O* and radius 4.8 cm. *AC* is a chord of the circle.

Work out the area of the shaded segment. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

 cm^2

(Total for Question 28 is 3 marks)

29



ABC is an isosceles triangle with BA = BC.

D lies on AC.

ABD is an isosceles triangle with AB = AD.

Angle $ABD = 72^{\circ}$

Show that the triangle *BCD* is isosceles.

You must give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 29 is 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS

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Pape	Paper 1MA1: 2F	: 2F			
Ou	Question	Working	Answer		Notes
1			0002	B1	cao
2			_5°C, _2°C, _3°C, 3°C, 7°C, 10°C	B1	correct order
3			$\frac{3}{40}$	M1	$\frac{75}{1000}$ oe
				A1	
4			625	B1	cao
2		720 000 ÷ 3	240 000	P1 A1	for division by 3 cao
9	(a)		1 hr 4 mins	B1	cao
	(b)		No + explanation	B1	for no + explanation, eg the 0717 from Swindon takes less than one hour

Paper 1MA1: 2F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
7	$2 \times £1.10 (= £2.20)$ $3 \times £0.95 (= £2.85)$	3.16	P1	for process of working out total cost of coffees or teas or sandwiches in pence or pounds
	$5 \times £2.15 (= £10.75)$ £2.20 + £2.85 + £10.75		P1	for process of finding total cost using consistent units
	£15.80 ÷ 5		P1 A1	for process of dividing by 5 cao
8 (a)		Banana	B1	cao
(b)		20	B1	cao
(3)		explanation	C2	for full explanation, eg table shows exactly $\frac{1}{2}$; pie chart shows less than $\frac{1}{2}$ as angle is less than 180°
				(C1 for partial explanation or reference to just pie chart or just table)
6		No + explanation	C1	No, with explanation, eg the angle will still be 25°
10 (a)		6.4 – 6.6	B1	for 6.4 – 6.6
(b)		8.6	B1	for 9.75 – 9.85
(c)		5,9	B1	сао

Paper 1MA1: 2F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
11 (a)		rule stated	C1	for rule stated, eg number doubles
(q)		32	B1	cao
(c)		22, 29	B1	cao
12		0.8	P1	for process to find amount of soup put in bowls, eg 24×0.3 or amount of soup when 8 pints are shared between 24 bowls, eg $24 \div 8$
			P1 A1	for complete process to find amount of soup left over
13		46	M1 M1	for process to find value after 1 year for process to find value after 4 years cao
14		3p	M1 A1	for method to find gradient of line for 3p oe

Paper 1MA1: 2F	1: 2F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
15 (a)		10	P1	for process to find number of people that Ellie can make mousse for using the sugar available
			P1	for process to find number of people that Ellie can make mousse for using the chocolate
			A1	for correct answer with supportive working
(p)		correct explanation	C1	for "can only make mousse for 6 people" oe
16		8	B1	cao
17 (a)		4x + 6y	M1 A1	for $4x$ or $6y$ for $4x + 6y$ or $2(2x + 3y)$
(p)		5(2x-3)	B1	cao
(c)		4	M1	for method to isolate terms in <i>p</i> on one side and constants on the other side
			A1	cao
18		3:4	M1 M1 A1	for 32 – 8 (= 24) (dep) for "24" : 32 cao

Paper 1MA1: 2F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
19 (a)		Table complete	B1	cao
(bi)		$\frac{1}{10}$	B1	for $\frac{1}{10}$ oe or ft from table
(bii)		$\frac{7}{10}$	B1	for $\frac{7}{10}$ oe or ft from table
20		1.52	M1 A1	for $20 \times 4.55 \div 60$ for 1.52 or 1.516()
21		&	M1 A1	for finding the HCF of any two of the three numbers or for 2^5 and 3×2^4 and $2^3 \times 3^2$ cao
22		Translation $\operatorname{by}\begin{pmatrix} 4\\-3 \end{pmatrix}$	B1 B1	for translation $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

Paper 1MA1: 2F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
23 (a)		Trend described	C1	for "percentage of people who use the shop decreases" oe
(bi)		13 - 17	P1 A1	for process to draw trend line on graph for 13 - 17
(bii)		No + reason	C1	for comment, eg "no, because 2020 is beyond the time period covered by the given data"
24 (a)		13y - 1	M1 A1	for expansion of one bracket for full simplification
(b)		$35u^3w^7$	B1 B1	for 2 of 35, u^3 and w^7 correct cao
25		105	P1 P1	for process to find the exterior angle or interior angle of a hexagon or octagon for process to find the both exterior angles or both interior angles
			A1	for 105 from correct working

Paper 1MA1: 2F	1: 2F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
26 (a)(i)		10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18	B1	cao
(ii)		12, 18	B1	cao
(b)		7 10	M	for 7 or indicating correct region or for 10, 14, 16, 11, 13, 17, 19 listed
			A1	for $\frac{7}{10}$ oe
27	6:5=12:10 2:1=10:5	70	P1	for strategy to start to solve the problem eg 12 : 10 and 10: 5
	C: S: P = 12: 10: 5		P1	for process to solve the problem $eg_{\frac{10}{27}} \times 189$
	$\frac{10}{27} \times 189$		A1	cao
28	$\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2$	6.58	B1	for use of formula for area of a circle
	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$		P1	for complete process to find area of shaded region
	$\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$		A1	for 6.56 – 6.58

Paper 1MA1: 2F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
29	$\angle ADB = 72^{\circ}$ (base angles of isosceles triangle ABD)	Result shown	M1	for $\angle ADB = 72^{\circ}$ and $\angle BAD = 180^{\circ} - 2 \times 72^{\circ}$
	$\angle BAD = 180^{\circ} - 2 \times 72^{\circ}$ (angle sum of a triangle is 180°)		\mathbf{M}	for $\angle BCA = \text{``36}^\circ$ ''
	$\angle BCA = 36^{\circ}$ (base angles of isosceles triangle ABC)		M_1	for $ = BDC = 180^{\circ} - 72^{\circ} $
	$\angle BDC = 180^{\circ} - 72^{\circ}$ (angles on a straight line sum to 180°)		C1	for complete chain of reasoning to find angle $DBC = 36^{\circ}$ and one correct reason
	$\angle DBC = 180^{\circ} - 36^{\circ} - 108^{\circ}$ (angle sum of a triangle is 180°)		C1	C1 dependent on all previous marks for correct deduction and full reasons.

Pearson Edexcel	Centre Number	Candidate Nur	nher
Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9 - 1)			
Mathemate Paper 3 (Calculator)			
		Foundation	Tier

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

PEARSON

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Change 4500 g to kg.

.....kg

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

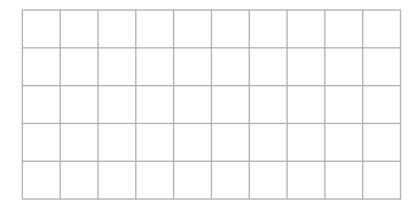
2 Write 0.19 as a fraction.

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

Write down an even number that is a multiple of 7

(Total for Question 3 is 1 mark)

4 On the grid, draw a parallelogram.



(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

5 Write $\frac{3}{5}$ as a percentage.

.....%

(Total for Question 5 is 1 mark)

6	Coffee is sold in jars. There are 200g of coffee in each jar.	
	Ben makes 8 cups of coffee each day. He thinks he uses 2g of coffee to make each cup of coffee.	
	Ben wants to buy enough coffee for 28 days.	
	(a) How many jars of coffee does Ben need to buy?	
		(3)
	Ben finds that he uses 2.5 g of coffee to make each cup of coffee.	
	(b) How does this affect the number of jars of coffee he needs to buy?	
	You must give a reason for your answer.	
		(2)
	(Total for Question	n 6 is 5 marks)
		,
7	Write down three different factors of 18 that add together to give a prime nun	nber.
	(Total for Question	n 7 is 2 marks)

8 A model plane has a length of 17 cm.

The scale of the model is 1:200

Work out the length of the real plane. Give your answer in metres.

metres

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)

9 (a) Find the value of $\sqrt[3]{97.336}$

(1)

(b) Find the value of $\sqrt{7.29} + (2.3 - 0.85)^2$

(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

10 The stem and leaf diagram gives information about the speeds of 27 cars.

3	8									
4	1	3	4	6	7	8	8	9	9	
5	2	2	4	6	7	7	8	8	9	
6	1	1	2	2	2	2	3			
7	0									

Key: 3 | 8 means 38 miles per hour

(a) Find the median speed.

miles per hour

(b) Work out the range.

miles per hour

One of the cars is chosen at random.

Jack says,

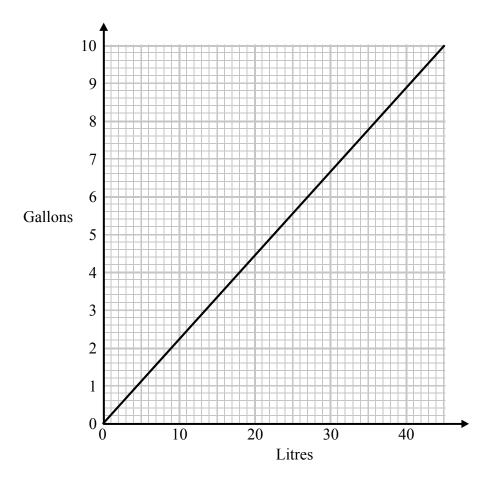
"The probability that the speed of this car is more than 60 miles per hour is $\frac{1}{3}$ "

(c) Jack is wrong. Explain why.

(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11 You can use this graph to change between litres and gallons.



Which is the greater, 60 litres or 12 gallons? You must show how you get your answer.

(Total for Question 11 is 2 marks)

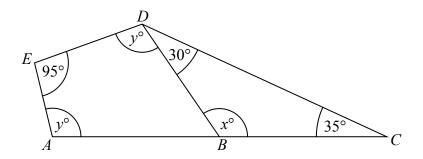
12 Ibrar buys 3 kg of apples. He also buys 0.4 kg of mushrooms. The total cost is £6.93

1 kg of apples cost £1.95

Work out the cost of 1 kg of mushrooms.

£

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)



ABC is a straight line. BCD is a triangle. ABDE is a quadrilateral.

(a) (i) Work out the value of x.

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(b) Work out the value of y.

(2)

(2)

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)

14	You can use	this rule to	work out the	total cost, ir	pounds.	of hiring a	carpet cleaner.
----	-------------	--------------	--------------	----------------	---------	-------------	-----------------

Multiply the number of days by 7.8 and then add 12

Andy hires a carpet cleaner.

The total cost is £82.20

(a) Work out the number of days Andy hires the carpet cleaner for.

_____days (2)

Chloe hires a carpet cleaner for y days.

The total cost is $\pounds T$.

(b) Write down a formula for *T* in terms of *y*.

(2)

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)

15	There are 35 pens in a box. 15 of the pens are green. The rest of the pens are red.	
	(a) What fraction of the pens in the box are red?	
		(1)
	(b) Write down the ratio of the number of green pens to the number of red pens. Give your ratio in its simplest form.	
		(2)
	(Total for Question 15 is 3	

16 Ross rolled an ordinary dice 30 times.

The frequency table gives information about his results.

Score	Frequency
1	7
2	5
3	4
4	4
5	6
6	4

Ross worked out the mean score as 8

(a) Explain why it is impossible for the mean score to be 8

(1)

Graham also worked out the mean score.

Here is his working.

$$1 \times 7 + 2 \times 5 + 3 \times 4 + 4 \times 4 + 5 \times 6 + 6 \times 4 = 99$$

$$99 \div 6 = 16.5$$

The mean score is 16.5

(b) Describe the mistake Graham made in his method to work out the mean score.

(1)

(Total for Question 16 is 2 marks)

17 Amelia, Hayden and Sophie did a test. The total for the test was 75 marks.

The total for the test was 75 mark

Amelia got 56% of the 75 marks.

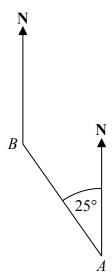
Hayden got $\frac{8}{15}$ of the 75 marks. Sophie got 43 out of 75

Who got the highest mark?

You must show all your working.

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18 The diagram shows the positions of two churches, A and B.



Amber says,

"The bearing of church B from church A is 025°"

Amber is wrong. Explain why.

(Total for Question 18 is 1 mark)

19 There are only blue counters, green counters, red counters and yellow counters in a bag. George is going to take at random a counter from the bag.

The table shows each of the probabilities that George will take a blue counter or a green counter or a yellow counter.

Colour	blue	green	red	yellow
Probability	0.5	0.2		0.25

(a) Work out the probability that George will take a red counter.

(1)

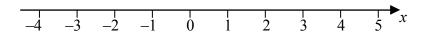
There are 120 counters in the bag.

(b) Work out the number of green counters in the bag.

(2)

(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

20 (a) Show the inequality $-2 \le x \le 3$ on the number line below.



(2)

(b) Solve the inequality 4y + 7 < 16

(2

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

21	Here are	the f	irst five	terms of	an arith	metic sec	guence
	ricic arc	uic i	1156 1146	terring or	an antin		quence.

– 3

1

5

13

9

Find an expression, in terms of n, for the nth term of this sequence.

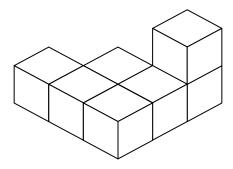
(Total for Question 21 is 2 marks)

22 The ratio of the number of boys to the number of girls in a school is 4:5 There are 95 girls in the school.

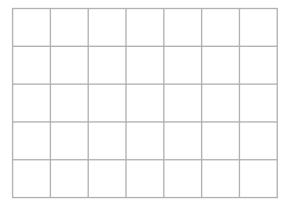
Work out the total number of students in the school.

(Total for Question 22 is 3 marks)

23 The diagram represents a solid made from seven centimetre cubes.



On the centimetre grid below, draw a plan of the solid.



(Total for Question 23 is 2 marks)

24 Make *t* the subject of the formula $y = \frac{t}{3} - 2a$

(Total for Question 24 is 2 marks)

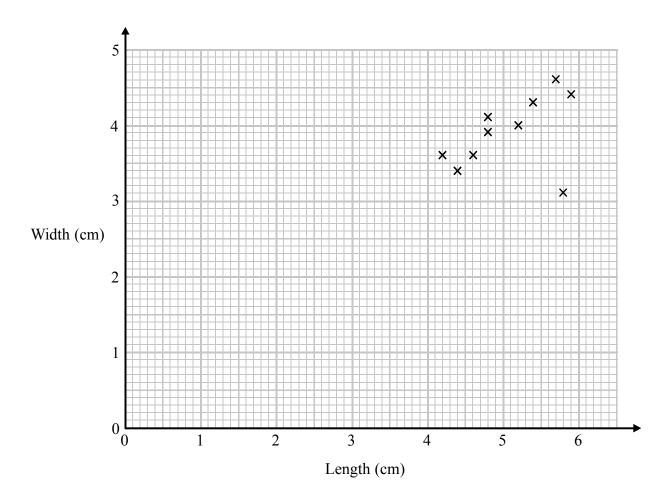
25 Jim rounds a number, x, to one decimal place. The result is 7.2

Write down the error interval for x.

(Total for Question 25 is 2 marks)

26 Katie measured the length and the width of each of 10 pine cones from the same tree.

She used her results to draw this scatter graph.



(a) Describe one improvement Katie can make to her scatter graph.

(1)

The point representing the results for one of the pine cones is an outlier.

(b) Explain how the results for this pine cone differ from the results for the other pine cones.

(1)

(Total for Question 26 is 2 marks)

27 At a depth of x metres, the temperature of the water in an ocean is T° C. At depths below 900 metres, T is inversely proportional to x.

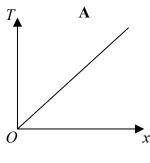
T is given by

$$T = \frac{4500}{x}$$

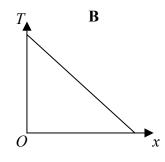
(a) Work out the difference in the temperature of the water at a depth of 1200 metres and the temperature of the water at a depth of 2500 metres.

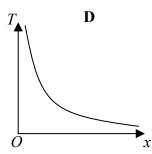
(3)

Here are four graphs.



C





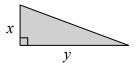
One of the graphs could show that T is inversely proportional to x.

(b) Write down the letter of this graph.

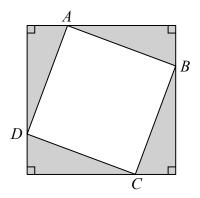
(1)

(Total for Question 27 is 4 marks)

28 Here is a right-angled triangle.



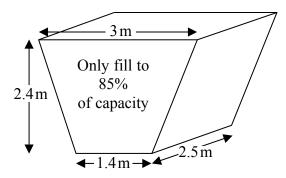
Four of these triangles are joined to enclose the square ABCD as shown below.



Show that the area of the square ABCD is $x^2 + y^2$

(Total for Question 28 is 3 marks)

29 The diagram shows an oil tank in the shape of a prism. The cross section of the prism is a trapezium.



The tank is empty.

Oil flows into the tank.

After one minute there are 300 litres of oil in the tank.

Assume that oil continues to flow into the tank at this rate.

(a) Work out how many **more** minutes it takes for the tank to be 85% full of oil. $(1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ litres})$

_____ minutes (5)

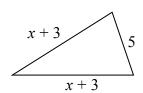
The assumption about the rate of flow of the oil could be wrong.

(b) Explain how this could affect your answer to part (a).

(1)

(Total for Question 29 is 6 marks)

 $2x \sqrt{2x-1} \sqrt{x-3}$ 3x



In the diagram all measurements are in centimetres.

The perimeter of the quadrilateral is twice the perimeter of the triangle.

Work out the perimeter of the quadrilateral.

.....

(Total for Question 30 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS

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Paper 1MA1: 3F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
1		4.5	B1	cao
2		19 100	B1	сао
3		even mult of 7	B1	for an even multiple of 7
4		parallelogram	B1	for parallelogram drawn
5		09	B1	сао
6 (a)		3	P1 P1 A1	start of process eg $8\times2\times28$ (= 448) eg '448' ÷ 200 (= 2.24) or build up method cao
(b)		No change with reason	P1 C1	process to evaluate effect of 2.5g explanation that number of jars is unchanged
7		1,3,9 or 2,6,9 or 2,3,6 or 2,3,18 or 2,9,18	M1 A1	3 factors of 18 or 3 numbers with prime total eg 2, 3, 6
8		34	M1 A1	for first step in process eg 17×200 (= 3400) cao

Paper 1MA1: 3F	A1: 3F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
9 (a)		4.6	B1	cao
(b)		4.8025	B1 B1	for 2.7 or 2.1025 (implied by answer of 4.8025) cao
10 (a)		99	B1	cao
(p)		32	B1	cao
(c)		Reason	C1	starts argument eg 8 cars or $8/27$ completes argument eg with $1/3 = 9/27$
11		60 litres with evidence	M1 C1	reads from graph, eg $30l = 6.6$ gals or 6 gals = $27l$ 60 litres with sufficient evidence
12		2.70	P1 P1 A1	start of process $1.95 \times 3 (= 5.85)$ complete process eg $(6.93 - 5.85) \div 0.4$
13 (a) i ii		115	B1 C1	cao angles in a triangle add to 180
(b)		100	P1 A1	complete process to find y ft from (a) for 100 or ft from (a)

Paper 1MA1: 3F	1:3F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
14 (a)		6	M1	for - 12 and ÷ 7.80
			A1	cao
(q)		T = 7.8y + 12	C1	for 7.8y + 12 or $T = \text{linear expression in } y$ T = 7.8y + 12 oe
15 (a)		$\frac{20}{35}$	B1	$\frac{20}{35}$ oe
(b)		3 : 4	M1 A1	15 : 20 cao
16 (a)		No and reason	C1	No and reason eg the mean must be less than 6
(p)		explanation	C1	Should have divided by 30, not by 6
17		Sophie and correct	P1	process leading to two comparable values eg $75 \div 15 \times 8 (= 40)$ or $56 \div 100 \times 75 (= 42)$ oe
		values	P1 C1	complete process leading to 3 comparable values correct deduction with correct comparable values
18		explanation	C1	'The bearing is 335°' or 'She should have measured clockwise from north' oe
19 (a)		0.05	B1	cao
(b)		24	M1 A1	for 120 × 0.2 oe cao

Paper 1MA1: 3F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
20 (a)		diagram	C1 C1	line drawn from –2 to 3 cao
(b)		<i>y</i> < 2.25	M1	for clear intention to subtract 7 from both sides of inequality or equation or divide all terms of
			A1	inequality of equation by 4 of 4 $y < 9$ of 2.25 oe $y < 2.25$ oe as final answer
21		4n – 7	M1 A1	method to deduce <i>n</i> th term e.g. $4n + k$ for $4n - 7$ oe
22		171	P1 P1 A1	for process to find one share for process to find total cao
23		plan	C1 C1	a partially correct plan correct plan
24		t = 3(y + 2a)	M1 A1	adding 2a to both sides or multiplying each term by 3 $t = 3(y + 2a)$ or $t = 3y + 6a$
25		$7.15 \le x < 7.25$	B1 B1	for 7.15 and 7.25 cao

Paper 1MA1: 3F				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
26 (a)		improvement	C1	appropriate improvement eg do not have axes starting at $(0,0)$
(b)		explanation	C1	explanation eg pine cone has a very short width for its length
27 (a)		1.95	M1 M1	method to find one temperature eg 4500 ÷ 1200 for complete method cao
(p)		D	B1	cao
28		complete chain of reasoning	D D D	starts chain of reasoning eg finds area of large square and area of triangle or use of Pythagoras for $(x+y)^2 - 4 \times (x \times y \div 2)$ oe or $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \times \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ complete chain of reasoning with correct algebra

Paper 1MA1: 3F	11: 3F			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
(a) 29		36.4	P1 p1	start process eg method to find area of trapezium
			P1	process to find time eg volume $\times 1000 \div 300$
			P1	process to find 85% of volume or of time
			A1	for 36.4 or 36 mins 24 secs
(q)			C1	explanation eg if the average rate was slower it
				would take more time, if the average rate was
				faster it would take less time
30		48	P1	process to start solving problem, eg forms an
				appropriate equation
			P1	complete process to isolate terms in x
			A1	for $x = 6.5$ oe
			B1	ft (dep P1) for correct perimeter for their x

Vrite your name here Surname	Other	names
earson Edexcel evel 1/Level 2 GCSE (9 -	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Mathema	tics	
Paper 1 (Non-Calcu		Higher Tie
	ulator)	Higher Tier Paper Reference 1MA1/1H

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may not be used.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must **show all your working out**.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 (a) Factorise $y^2 + 27y$

(1)

(b) Simplify $(t^3)^2$

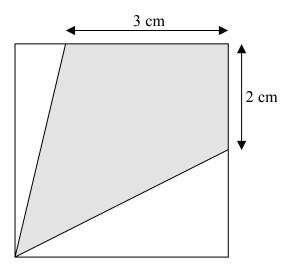
(1)

(c) Simplify $\frac{w^9}{w^4}$

(1

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 The diagram shows a square with perimeter 16 cm.



Work out the proportion of the area inside the square that is shaded.

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)

3 David has designed a game.

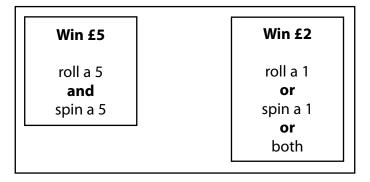
He uses a fair 6-sided dice and a fair 5-sided spinner.

The dice is numbered 1 to 6

The spinner is numbered 1 to 5

Each player rolls the dice once and spins the spinner once.

A player can win £5 or win £2



David expects 30 people will play his game. Each person will pay David £1 to play the game.

(a) Work out how much profit David can expect to make.

	£(4)
(b) Give a reason why David's actual profit may be different to the make.	profit he expects to
	(1)
(Total for	r Question 3 is 5 marks)

4 Triangle ABC has perimeter 20 cm.

$$AB = 7$$
 cm.

$$BC = 4$$
 cm.

By calculation, deduce whether triangle ABC is a right-angled triangle.

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

5 One sheet of A3 card has area $\frac{1}{8}$ m².

The card has a mass of 160 g per m².

Work out the total mass of 25 sheets of A3 card.

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

6 (a) Work out $2\frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{3}$

Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.



(b) Write the numbers 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the boxes to give the greatest possible total. You may write each number only once.

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 + $\frac{2}{2}$

(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

7 A shop has a sale.

Microwave ovens

 $\frac{1}{3}$ off normal price

Combination ovens

40% off normal price

A microwave oven has a sale price of £90 A combination oven has a sale price of £84

Which of these ovens has the greater normal price? You must show all your working.

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8 Work out an estimate for $\sqrt{4.98 + 2.16 \times 7.35}$

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

All measurements are in centimetres.

x is an integer.

The total volume of the cuboid is less than 900 cm³

Show that $x \leq 5$

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

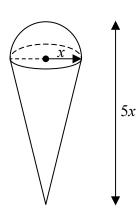
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

10 y is inversely proportional to x When x = 1.5, y = 36

Find the value of y when x = 6

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11 A solid is made by putting a hemisphere on top of a cone.



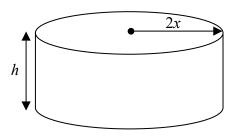
Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$



Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$



The total height of the solid is 5xThe radius of the base of the cone is xThe radius of the hemisphere is x

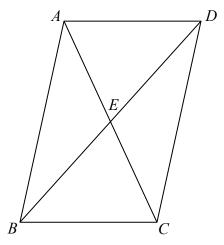


A cylinder has the same volume as the solid. The cylinder has radius 2x and height h All measurements are in centimetres.

Find a formula for h in terms of x Give your answer in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 11 is 5 marks)

12 *ABCD* is a parallelogram.



E is the point where the diagonals AC and BD meet.

Prove that triangle ABE is congruent to triangle CDE.

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13 Mr Brown gives his class a test.

The 10 girls in the class get a mean mark of 70%

The 15 boys in the class get a mean mark of 80%

Nick says that because the mean of 70 and 80 is 75 then the mean mark for the whole class in the test is 75%

Nick is not correct.

Is the correct mean mark less than or greater than 75%?

You must justify your answer.

(Total for Question 13 is 2 marks)

Show that $\frac{(4-\sqrt{3})(4+\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{13}}$ simplifies to $\sqrt{13}$

(Total for Question 14 is 2 marks)

15 (a) Find the value of $\sqrt[3]{8 \times 10^6}$



(b) Find the value of $144^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 64^{-\frac{1}{3}}$



(c) Solve $3^{2x} = \frac{1}{81}$

$$x =$$
 (2)

(Total for Question 15 is 5 marks)

16 The probability that Sanay is late for school tomorrow is 0.05 The probability that Jaden is late for school tomorrow is 0.15

Alfie says that the probability that Sanay and Jaden will both be late for school tomorrow is 0.0075 because $0.05 \times 0.15 = 0.0075$

What assumption has Alfie made?

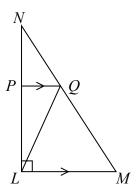
(Total for Question 16 is 1 mark)

17 Solve $x^2 - 6x - 8 = 0$

Write your answer in the form $a \pm \sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18 LMN is a right-angled triangle.



Angle $NLM = 90^{\circ}$ PQ is parallel to LM.

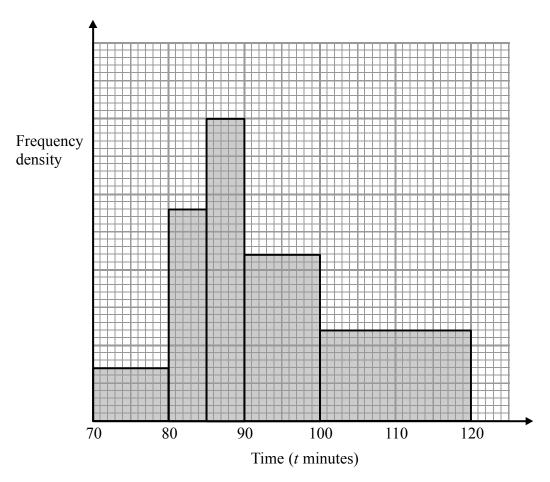
The area of triangle PNQ is 8 cm² The area of triangle LPQ is 16 cm²

Work out the area of triangle LQM.

cm

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

19 The histogram shows information about the time taken by cyclists to finish a cycle race.



7 cyclists took 80 minutes or less to finish the race.

(i) Work out an estimate for the number of cyclists who took more than 105 minutes to finish the race.

(ii) Explain why your answer to part (i) is only an estimate.

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

20 Show that $\frac{3x+6}{x^2-3x-10} \div \frac{x+5}{x^3-25x}$ simplifies to ax where a is an integer.

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

21 Solve the inequality $x^2 > 3(x+6)$

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)

22 The line *l* is a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point *A*. *A* is the point (2, 6).

The line l crosses the x-axis at the point P.

Work out the area of triangle *OAP*.

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS

Question Working Answer Notes 1 a $y(y+27)$ B1 b f^6 B1 f^6 c w^5 B1 w^5 2 $\frac{16+4}{2}$ $\frac{16+4}{2}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ P1 Using side lengths of 4 2 $\frac{14+6}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ P1 Method to find fraction or area for one unshad triangle $\frac{12+4}{2}$ $\frac{12+4}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ <t< th=""><th>Paper 1MA1: 1H</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Paper 1MA1: 1H				
a b $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$ $16 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $1 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $2 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $3 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ $4 - 6 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$	Question	Working	Answer		Notes
c $ho = \frac{16 \div 4}{16 \div 4}$ $ho = \frac{1}{2}$ $ho = \frac{1}{8}$ $ho = \frac{1}{2}$ $ho = $	1 a		y(y+27)	B1	
c $horspace 10$ $horspace 10$ $horspace 10$ $horspace 11$ $horspace 11$ $horspace 12$ $horspace 12$ $horspace 13$ $horspace 14$ $horspace 14$ $horspace 15$ $horspace 15$ $horspace 15$ $horspace 15$ $horspace 16$ $horspace 17$ $horspace 18$	þ		t^6	B1	
$ \frac{16 \div 4}{\frac{2}{2}} = 2 \text{ or } \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8} $ $ \frac{\frac{2}{2}}{\frac{2}{4}} = 4 \text{ or } \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} $ $ \frac{1 \times 4}{2} + \frac{2 \times 4}{2} = 6 \text{ or } \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8} $ $ 16 - 6 = 10 \text{ or } 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8} $ P1 P1	ပ		$\mathcal{W}^{\mathcal{S}}$	B1	
$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$ $-\frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ PI PI AI	2	16÷4	w I o	P1	Using side lengths of 4
P1 P1 A1		$\frac{1 \times 4}{2} = 2 \text{ or } \frac{1 \times 1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{2 \times 4}{2} = 4 \text{ or } \frac{1 \times 1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$	0	P1	Method to find fraction or area for one unshaded triangle
P1 P1 A1		$\frac{1\times4}{2} + \frac{2\times4}{2} = 6 \text{ or } \frac{1\times\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\times\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}}{2}$		P1	Method to complete fraction or area for total unshaded region
				P1	Method to find total fraction or area for shaded region
				A1	for $\frac{5}{8}$ oe or 0.625

Paper 1MA1: 1H				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
3 a	$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{5} \times 30 \times 5 = 5$ $(\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{5}) \times 30 \times 2$ $30 - 5 - 20$	5	P1 P1 P1 A1	for identifying correct process to find probabilities for winning scores. May include use of tree diagram or sample space for correct process to find prize money for completing correct process to find profit
þ		Explanation	C1	for appropriate comment to interpret result eg probability so only likelihood not certainty, other than 30 may play, £5 is small difference.
4		No with reasoning	M1 M1 A1 C1	Derive $AC=9$ cm and identify as hypotenuse $4^2 + 7^2$ for using eg $AC = \sqrt{4^2 + 7^2}$ or 65 and 81 for concluding explanation that ABC is not a right-angled triangle with evidence.
5		500g	P1 P1 A1 B1	$\frac{1}{8} \times 160 \ (=20)$ '20' × 25 500 (or 0.5) Correct units g (or kg)

Paper 1MA1: 1H	A1: 1H			
Question	Working	Answer	Notes	38
6 a		$7\frac{1}{2}$	$M1 = \frac{9}{4} \times \frac{10}{3} \text{ oe}$ $M1 = \frac{90}{90} \text{ oe}$	
p		$5\frac{1}{4} + 6\frac{2}{3} \text{ or}$ $5\frac{2}{3} + 6\frac{1}{4}$	B1 $5\frac{1}{4} + 6\frac{2}{3}$ or $5\frac{2}{3} + 6\frac{1}{4}$	
7	$\frac{90}{2} \times 3 = 135$	Combination with reason	P1 Links either $\frac{2}{3}$ with 90 and 60% with 84	and 60% with 84
	$\frac{84}{60} \times 100 = 140$		P1 Process to find origina $\frac{90}{2} \times 3 \ (=135)$	Process to find original price of microwave oven eg $\frac{90}{2} \times 3$ (=135)
			P1 Process to find original price of combination $\frac{2}{600000000000000000000000000000000000$	I price of combination
			A1 Correct original prices £135 and £140 with interpretation of results to conclude that	£135 and £140 with s to conclude that
			combination oven had greater normal price.	greater normal price.
8		4 - 4.5	B1 Rounds appropriately using two of 5, 2 or 7	using two of 5, 2 or 7
			M1 $\sqrt{19}$ A1 4-4.5	

Paper 1MA1: 1H	A1: 1H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
6	$x \times 2x \times 3x =$	Reasoning to reach $x \le 5$	M1	Starts reasoning to find volume in terms of x
		1	M1	Gives inequality $6x^3 \le 900$
				or substitutes 5 and 6 into $6x^3$
			M	Completes reasoning to show $x \le 5$
10		6	M1	Finds constant $36 \times 1.5 \ (=54) \text{ or } \frac{6}{1.5} = 4$
			M	$54 \div 6 \text{ or } 36 \div 4$
			A1	9 cao
11	$\frac{4}{2\sqrt{3}}\pi x^3 + \frac{4}{2}\pi x^3 = 2\pi x^3$	$h=\frac{x}{2}$	P1	Process to find volume of cone or hemisphere
	0	ı	P1	Process to total volume of solid
	$(2x)^2 \pi h = 4x^2 \pi h$		P1	Process to find volume of cylinder
	$4x^2 \pi h = 2 \pi x^3$		P1	Equates 2 volumes
			A1	Reaches $h = \frac{x}{2}$
12		Complete proof	M1	Begins proof BAE=ACD and ABE=EDC
			M	AB = DC because opposite sides of a
			į	parallelogram are equal
			Cl	Completes proof with all reasons eg alternate
				angles are equal and reference to ASA

Paper 1MA1: 1H	J:1H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
13		more than	C1	Makes reference to different numbers of girls and boys
			C1	Completes reasoning eg there are more (boys) with 80% than (girls) with 70% or correct mean $(700+1200)\div25 = 76$
14		Completes	M1	Expansion of $(4 - \sqrt{3})(4 + \sqrt{3})$ with at least 3
)	C1	for $\sqrt{13}$ from correct working
15 a		200	B1	$200 \text{ or } 2 \times 10^2$
þ		3	B1	12 and $\frac{1}{4}$
			A1	3 cao
၁		-2	M1	$81 = 3^4$ or $\frac{1}{61} = 3^{-4}$
			A1	cao
16		Events independent	C1	Statement that events are independent

Paper 1MA1: 1H	A1: 1H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
17		$3 \pm \sqrt{17}$	M	For $(x-3)^2 - 9 - 8 = 0$ or
				$(x =) \frac{-(-6)\pm\sqrt{(-6)^2-4(1)(-8)}}{2(1)}$ allow sign error for b
			M1	For $x - 3 = \pm \sqrt{17}$ or $x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{68}}{2}$
			A1	cao
10		OF	5	TINE THE TO SEE THE STATE
18		δ4	F1	Identities that $10 \pm 8 \pm 2.80 FL = 2NP$ Process to find area of $LMN + 8 \times (2+1)^2 (=72)$
			P1	Completes process to find area of LQM
				,72,-16-8
			A1	48 cao
19 i		18	M1	Uses frequency density for under 80 bar eg 7÷10
			M	Completes method to find over 105 minutes
				frequency eg 1.2 ×15 or $\frac{3}{4}$ ×(1.2×20)
			A1	18 cao
:=		Reasoning	C1	Correct explanation about grouped data so actual values between 100 and 120 unknown

Paper 1MA1: 1H	A:1H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
20		3x	M1	Factorising numerator and denominator of first
			M1	fraction $\frac{3(x+2)}{(x-5)(x+2)}$ $\left(=\frac{3}{(x-5)}\right)$ Factorising denominator of second fraction
			M	$\frac{x+5}{x(x+5)(x-5)} \left(= \frac{1}{x(x-5)} \right)$ Multiplication by reciprocal $\frac{3(x+2)}{(x-5)(x+2)} \times \frac{x(x+5)(x-5)}{(x+5)}$
			A1	Completing algebra to reach $3x$
21		x < -3, x > 6	M1 M1 A1	Rearrange to $x^2 - 3x - 18 > 0$ Correct method to solve $x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$ Establish critical values -3 and 6 x < -3, x > 6
22		09	P1 P1 P1 A1	process to start problem eg draw diagram and find gradient of OA (= 3) process to find equation of tangent with $m=-1/3$ process to find x-axis intercept of tangent process to find area of triangle cao

Write your name here		
Surname		Other names
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9 - 1)	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Mathemat	tics	
Paper 2 (Calculator)		
		Higher Tier

Specimen Papers Set 2

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

1MA1/2H

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

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Advice

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- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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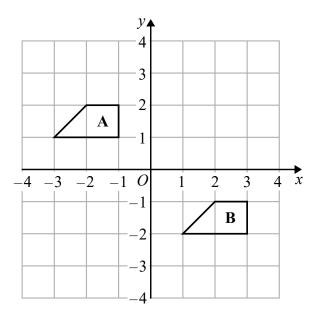


Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

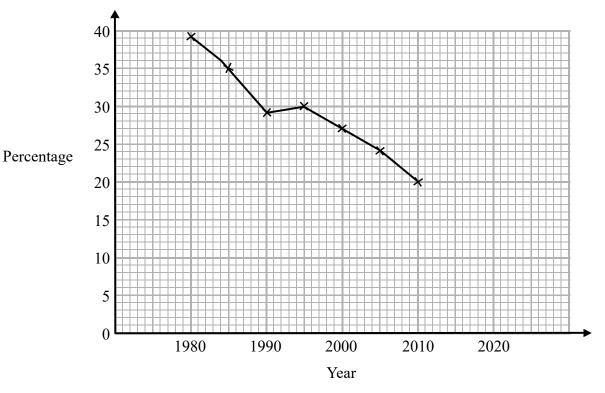
1



Describe the single transformation that maps shape ${\bf A}$ onto shape ${\bf B}$.

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

The time series graph shows information about the percentages of the people in a village that used the village shop for the years between 1980 and 2010



(a) Describe the trend in the percentage of the people in the village who used the shop for this period.

(1)

(b) (i) Use the graph to predict the percentage of the people in the village likely to use the shop in the year 2020

Q

(ii) Is your prediction reliable? Explain your answer.

(3)

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

3 (a) Expand and simplify 3(y-2) + 5(2y+1)

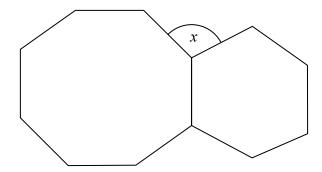
(2)

(b) Simplify $5u^2w^4 \times 7uw^3$

(2)

(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)

4

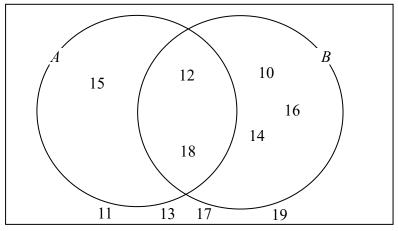


The diagram shows a regular octagon and a regular hexagon.

Find the size of the angle marked *x* You must show all your working.

r	=			

(Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)



- (a) Write down the numbers that are in set
 - (i) $A \cup B$

.....

(ii) $A \cap B$

(2)

One of the numbers in the diagram is chosen at random.

(b) Find the probability that the number is in set A'

(2)

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

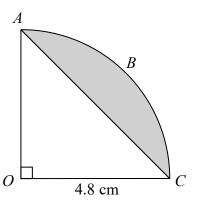
6 On a farm

the number of cows and the number of sheep are in the ratio 6:5 the number of sheep and the number of pigs are in the ratio 2:1

The total number of cows, sheep and pigs on the farm is 189

How many sheep are there on the farm?

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)



The arc ABC is a quarter of a circle with centre O and radius 4.8 cm. AC is a chord of the circle.

Work out the area of the shaded segment. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....cm²

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

8 Steve is asked to solve the equation 5(x + 2) = 47

Here is his working.

$$5(x+2) = 47$$
$$5x + 2 = 47$$
$$5x = 45$$
$$x = 9$$

Steve's answer is wrong.

(a) What mistake did he make?

(1)

Liz is asked to solve the equation $3x^2 + 8 = 83$

Here is her working.

$$3x^{2} + 8 = 83$$
$$3x^{2} = 75$$
$$x^{2} = 25$$
$$x = 5$$

(b) Explain what is wrong with Liz's answer.

(1

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)

9 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3(x-4)$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{x}{5} + 1$

(a) Find the value of f(10)

(1)

(b) Find $g^{-1}(x)$

$$g^{-1}(x) = \dots$$

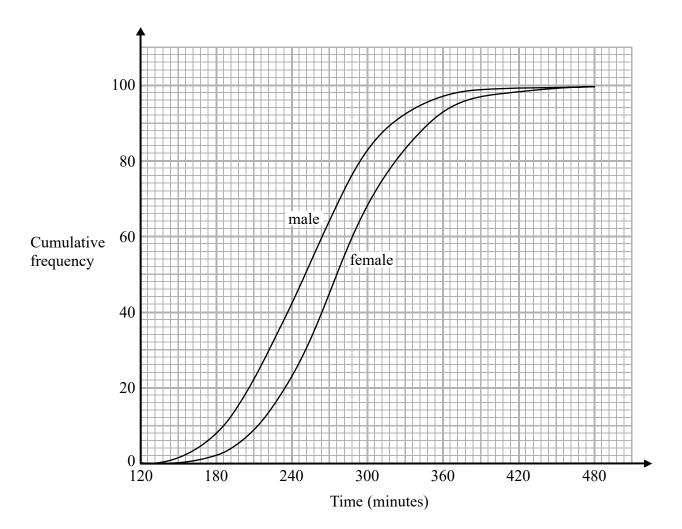
(c) Show that ff(x) = 9x - 48

(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

0	The population of a city increased by 5.2% for the year 2014
	At the beginning of 2015 the population of the city was 1560 000
	Lin assumes that the population will continue to increase at a constant rate of 5.2% each year.
	(a) Use Lin's assumption to estimate the population of the city at the beginning of 2017 Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.
	(3)
	(b) (i) Use Lin's assumption to work out the year in which the population of the city will reach 2000000
	(ii) If Lin's assumption about the rate of increase of the population is too low, how might this affect your answer to (b)(i)?
	(3)

11 The cumulative frequency graphs show information about the times taken by 100 male runners and by 100 female runners to finish the London marathon.



A male runner is chosen at random.

(a) Find an estimate for the probability that this runner took less than 4 hours to finish the London marathon.

(2)

(4) (Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)	(b) Use medians and interquartile ranges to compare to by the male runners with the distribution of the tin	
(Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)		(4)
		(Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)

12 Marie has 25 cards.

Each card has a different symbol on it.

Marie gives one card to Shelley and one card to Pauline.

(a) In how many different ways can Marie do this?

(2)

There are 12 boys and 10 girls in David's class.

David is going to pick three different students from his class and write their names in a list in order.

The order will be

boy girl boy or

girl boy girl

(b) How many different lists can David write?

(3)

(Total for Question 12 is 5 marks)

13 The number of slugs in a garden t days from now is p_t where

$$p_0 = 100$$

$$p_{t+1} = 1.06p_t$$

Work out the number of slugs in the garden 3 days from now.

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

14 D is directly proportional to the cube of n.

Mary says that when n is doubled, the value of D is multiplied by 6

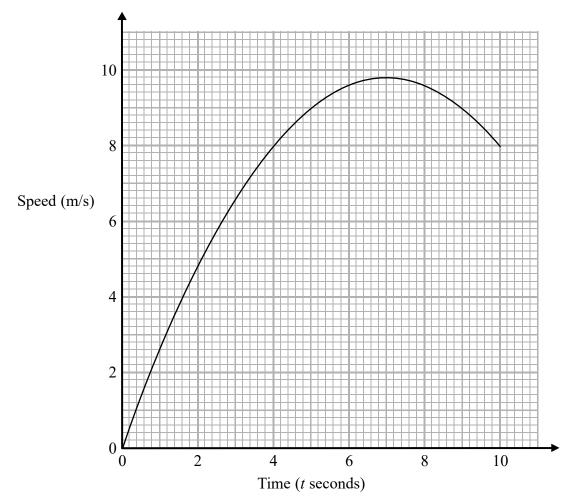
Mary is wrong. Explain why.

(Total for Question 14 is 1 mark)

(1)

15 Karol runs in a race.

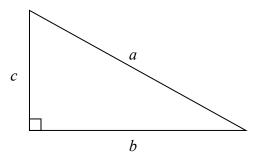
The graph shows her speed, in metres per second, t seconds after the start of the race.



(a) Calculate an estimate for the gradient of the graph when t = 4 You must show how you get your answer.

(3)

(b) Describe fully what your answer to part (a) represents.	
(c) Explain why your answer to part (a) is only an estimate.	(2)
(Total fo	(1)
16 (i) Find the value of $\sqrt[5]{3.2 \times 10^{11}}$	r Question 15 is 6 marks)
(ii) Find the value of $10^{\frac{3}{4}}$	
Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.	
(Total fo	r Question 16 is 2 marks)



a is 8.3 cm correct to the nearest mm b is 6.1 cm correct to the nearest mm

Calculate the upper bound for c. You must show your working.

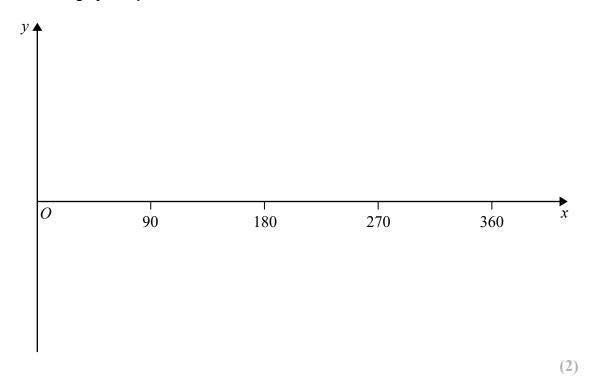
cm

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

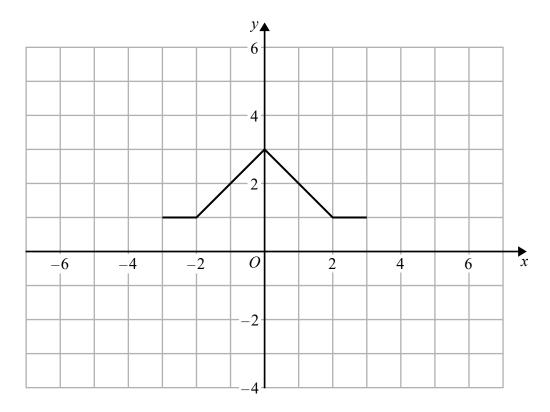
18 Simplify fully $(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{4b})(\sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{b})$

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

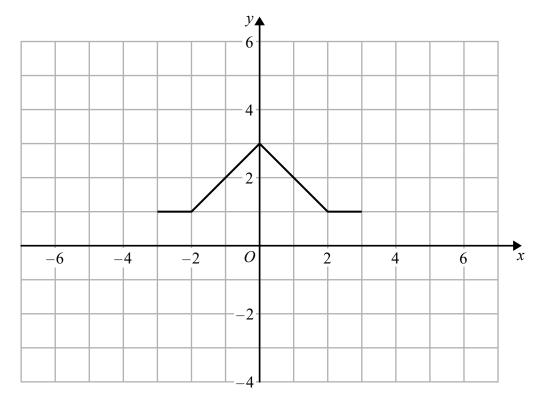
19 (a) Sketch the graph of $y = \cos x^{\circ}$ for $0 \le x \le 360$



- (b) The graph of y = f(x) is shown on both grids below.
 - (i) On this grid, draw the graph of y = -f(x)

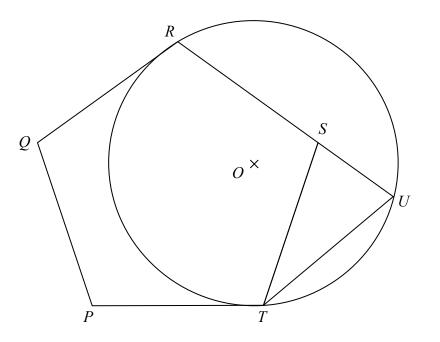


(ii) On the grid below, draw the graph of y = f(x - 3)



(2)

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)



PQRST is a regular pentagon.

R, U and T are points on a circle, centre O.

QR and PT are tangents to the circle.

RSU is a straight line.

Prove that ST = UT.

(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)

21 Given that

$$2x-1 : x-4 = 16x+1 : 2x-1$$

find the possible values of x.

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS

Pap	Paper 1MA1: 2H	: 2H			
Ö	Question	Working	Answer		Notes
			Translation $\operatorname{by}\begin{pmatrix} 4\\-3 \end{pmatrix}$	B1	for translation
			,	B1	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$
7	(a)		Trend described	C1	for "percentage of people who use the shop decreases" oe
	(bi)		13 - 17	P1 A1	for process to draw trend line on graph for 13 - 17
	(bii)		No + reason	C1	for comment, eg "no, because 2020 is beyond the time period covered by the given data"
8	(a)		13y - 1	M1 A1	for expansion of one bracket for full simplification
	(b)		$35u^3w^7$	B1 B1	for 2 of 35, u^3 and w^7 correct cao
4			105	P1 P1 A1	for process to find the exterior angle or interior angle of a hexagon or octagon for process to find the both exterior angles or both interior angles for 105 from correct working

Question Working Answer 10,12, 14, 15, 16, 18 B1 cao (ii) 12, 18 B1 cao (iii) 12, 18 B1 cao (b) $\frac{7}{10}$ M1 for 7 or indicating correction of 16, 11, 13, 17, 19 liste (b) $\frac{7}{10}$ M1 for 7 or indicating correction of 16, 11, 13, 17, 19 liste (c) $\frac{7}{2}$ M1 for 7 or indicating correction of 16, 11, 13, 17, 19 liste (a) $\frac{7}{2}$ M1 for $\frac{7}{2}$ (a) $\frac{7}{2}$ M1 for $\frac{7}{2}$ (ii) $\frac{7}{2}$ M1 for $\frac{7}{2}$ (iii) $\frac{7}{2}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ (iii) $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ (iii) $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$	Paper 1MA1: 2H	1: 2H			
(ii) $(5) = \frac{10}{10} \times 10^{1} \times 10^{1$	Question	Working	Answer		Notes
(ii) 12, 18 B1 (b) $\frac{7}{10}$ M1 6 : 5 = 12 : 10 2 : 1 = 10 : 5 C : S : P = 12 : 10			10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18	B1	cao
(b) $\frac{7}{10}$ MI All $\frac{1}{2} \times 189$ $\frac{7}{10}$ MI All $\frac{10}{27} \times 189$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ 6.58 BI PI $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ All $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ All $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ All $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ All $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ All $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 \times 4.8 \times 4.8$	(ii)		12, 18	B1	cao
$6:5 = 12:10$ $2:1 = 10:5$ $C:S:P = 12:10:5$ $C:S:P = 12:10:5$ $\frac{10}{27} \times 189$ $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2}$	(q)		$\frac{7}{10}$	M	for 7 or indicating correct region or for 10, 14, 16, 11, 13, 17, 19 listed
6:5=12:10 70 P1 2:1=10:5 C:S:P=12:10:5 C:S:P=12:10:8 $\frac{10}{27} \times 189$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ A1 P1 A1				A1	for $\frac{7}{10}$ oe
C: S: P = 12: 10:5 $\frac{10}{27} \times 189$ A1 $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2}$ 6.58 B1 $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ P1 $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ A1	9	6:5 = 12:10 $2:1 = 10:5$	70	P1	P1 for strategy to start to solve the problem eg 12 : 10 and 10: 5
$ \frac{10}{27} \times 189 $ A1 $ \frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2} $ 6.58 B1 $ \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8 $ P1 $ \frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8 $ A1		: 10		P1	P1 for process to solve the problem eg $\frac{10}{27} \times 189$
$\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$ A1		$\frac{10}{27} \times 189$		A1	A1 cao
P1 A1 A1		$\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2$	6.58	B1	for use of formula for area of a circle
$.8 \times 4.8$ A1		$\frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$		P1	for complete process to find area of shaded region
		$\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 4.8^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 4.8 \times 4.8$		A1	for 6.56 – 6.58

Paper 1MA1: 2H	1MA1	: 2H			
Question	tion	Working	Answer		Notes
8 (a)	a)		explanation	C1	for "incorrect expansion of brackets" oe
(b)	(c		explanation	C1	for "has not obtained both solutions" oe
(a)	a)		18	B1	cao
(b)	(c		5(x-1)	M1 A1	for method to find inverse function for $5(x-1)$ or $5x-5$
(c)	૽		9x - 48 shown	M1 A1	for method to find composite function for working leading to $9x - 48$
10 (a)	a)	$1560000 \times (1.052)^2$	1730000	P1 P1 A1	for process to find population in 2016 for complete process to find population in 2017 for 1725000 - 1730000
(k	(b)(i)		2020	P1 A1	for process to find when population will exceed 2 000 000 for 2020
	(ii)			Cl	for correct comment on how assumption will affect the answer, eg if the percentage growth is higher the population may exceed 2 000 000 earlier.

Paper 1MA1: 2H	l: 2H	ı		
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
11 (a)		0.43	M1 A1	for use of graph at 240 minutes for 0.42 – 0.44 oe
(9)		comparison	B1 B1 C1 C1 C1	for at least one median $(249 - 252 \text{ or } 273 - 276)$ for least one interquartile range $(69 - 73 \text{ or } 67 - 71)$ for comment comparing average times eg females take longer than males oe for comment comparing spreads of times from IQRs, eg the spread of times is about the same
				(NB – at least one of the comments must be in context)
12 (a)	25 × 24	009	P1 A1	for process to find number of ways cao
(a)	12 × 10 × 11 10 × 12 × 9 1320 + 1080	2400	P1 P1 A1	for process to find number of lists with boy then girl then boy or the number of lists with girl then boy then girl for complete process to find the total number of lists cao

Paper 1MA1: 2H	: 2H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
13		611	M1 M1 A1	for 1.06×100 oe for $1.06^3 \times 100$ oe accept 119.1016
14		explanation	C1	for a correct evaluation, eg the value of D should be multiplied by 8, she has used 2×3 instead of 2^3
15 (a)		1.0 – 1.3	M1 M1	for finding gradient by drawing tangent for method to calculate gradient For 1.0 – 1.3
(b)			C1 C1	for acceleration for eg "4 second after the start of the race", "when the speed is 7.6 m/s", "in m/s2"
(3)		limitation	C1	for comment, eg dependent on accuracy of constructing a tangent
16 (i)		200	B1	cao
(ii)		5.6	B1	For 5.6(2)

Paper 1MA1: 2H	1: 2H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
17	$\sqrt{8.35^2-6.05^2}$	5.754997828	B1	for finding bounds of one measurement, 8.25 8 35 6 05 or 6 15
			P1	for process of choosing and using correct bounds
			P1	for process of Pythagoras' rule with correct bounds
			A1	for 5.754(997)
18	$(\sqrt{a} + 2\sqrt{b})(\sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{b})$	a-4b	M1	for expansion of brackets or $\sqrt{4b} = 2\sqrt{b}$
	$\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + 2\sqrt{b}$		M1	for a or $(-4b)$
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		A1	cao
19 (a)		sketch	B1 B1	for correct shape for $0 \leqslant x \leqslant 360$ for fully correct sketch with labels
(b)(i)		sketch	B1	cao
(ii)		sketch	B1	cao

Paper 1MA1: 2H				
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
20	$\angle TSU = 360 \div 5 (=72)$	proof	M1	for method to find interior or exterior angle of
	Exterior angles of a polygon add up to 360°			regular pentagon
	$\angle QRO = \angle OTP = 90$		M1	for using angle between tangent and radius
	The tangent to a circle is			
	perpendicular (90°)to the			
	$\angle ROT = 540 - 2 \times 90 - 2 \times$		M1	for method to find angle ROT
	108 (= 144))
	$ = RUT = 144 \div 2 (= 72) $		C1	for method to find angle <i>RUT</i> with reason
	The angle at the centre of a			
	circle is twice the angle at			
	the circumference			
	Base angles of an isosceles		C1	for deduction that $ST = UT$ with reasons
	triangle are equal			
21	$\frac{2x-1}{} = \frac{16x+1}{}$	1 5	P1	for process to write as an equation
	-	12, 5	10	for any contract to allow the forces
	$(2x-1)^2 - (10x+1)(x-4)$		LI	ioi process to crear the fractions
	$12x^2 - 59x - 5 = 0$		Pl	for process to write equation in form $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3$
	(12x+1)(x-5)=0		P1	ax + bx + c = 0 for process to solve the equation
			A1	cao

Paper 3 (Calculator)		
Mathema		
Pearson Edexcel	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Surname	Other	names

Specimen Papers Set 2

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

1MA1/3H

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

PEARSON

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

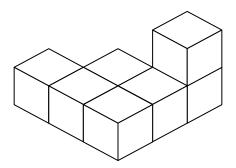
You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 The ratio of the number of boys to the number of girls in a school is 4:5 There are 95 girls in the school.

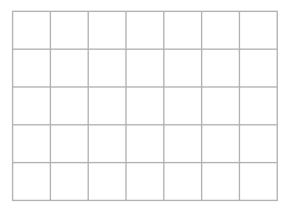
Work out the total number of students in the school.

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 The diagram represents a solid made from seven centimetre cubes.



On the centimetre grid below, draw a plan of the solid.



(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)

3 Make t the subject of the formula $y = \frac{t}{3} - 2a$

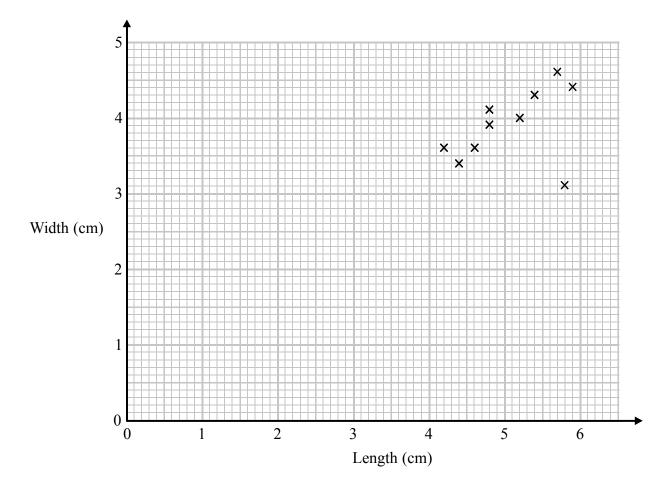
(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

4 Jim rounds a number, x, to one decimal place. The result is 7.2

Write down the error interval for x.

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

5 Katie measured the length and the width of each of 10 pine cones from the same tree. She used her results to draw this scatter graph.



(a) Describe one improvement Katie can make to her scatter graph.

(1)

The point representing the results for one of the pine cones is an outlier.

(b) Explain how the results for this pine cone differ from the results for the other pine cones.

(1

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

6 At a depth of x metres, the temperature of the water in an ocean is T $^{\circ}$ C. At depths below 900 metres, T is inversely proportional to x.

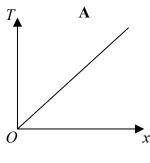
T is given by

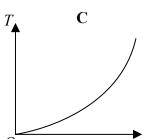
$$T = \frac{4500}{x}$$

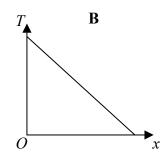
(a) Work out the difference in the temperature of the water at a depth of 1200 metres and the temperature of the water at a depth of 2500 metres.

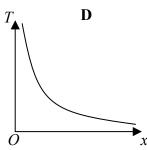
(3)

Here are four graphs.









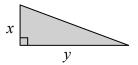
One of the graphs could show that T is inversely proportional to x.

(b) Write down the letter of this graph.

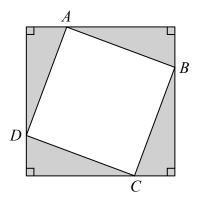
(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

7 Here is a right-angled triangle.



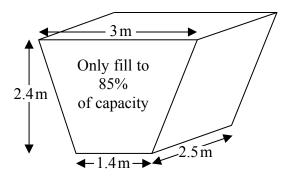
Four of these triangles are joined to enclose the square ABCD as shown below.



Show that the area of the square *ABCD* is $x^2 + y^2$

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

8 The diagram shows an oil tank in the shape of a prism. The cross section of the prism is a trapezium.



The tank is empty.

Oil flows into the tank.

After one minute there are 300 litres of oil in the tank.

Assume that oil continues to flow into the tank at this rate.

(a) Work out how many **more** minutes it takes for the tank to be 85% full of oil. $(1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ litres})$

_____ minutes (5)

The assumption about the rate of flow of the oil could be wrong.

(b) Explain how this could affect your answer to part (a).

(1)

(Total for Question 8 is 6 marks)

9 Ibrar bought a house for £145 000

The value of the house depreciated by 4% in the first year. The value of the house depreciated by 2.5% in the second year.

Ibrar says,

"4 + 2.5 = 6.5 so in two years the value of my house depreciated by 6.5%"

(a) Is Ibrar right?

You must give a reason for your answer.

(2)

The value of Ibrar's house increases by x% in the third year. At the end of the third year the value of Ibrar's house is £140 000

(b) Work out the value of x.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(3)

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

10 The surface gravity of a planet can be worked out using the formula

$$g = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \ m}{r^2}$$

where

m kilograms is the mass of the planet *r* metres is the radius of the planet

For the Earth and Jupiter here are the values of m and r.

Earth
$$m = 5.98 \times 10^{24}$$

$$r = 6.378 \times 10^{6}$$

Jupiter

$$m = 1.90 \times 10^{27}$$
 $r = 7.149 \times 10^{7}$

Work out the ratio of the surface gravity of Earth to the surface gravity of Jupiter. Write your answer in the form 1:n

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11 Solve the simultaneous equations

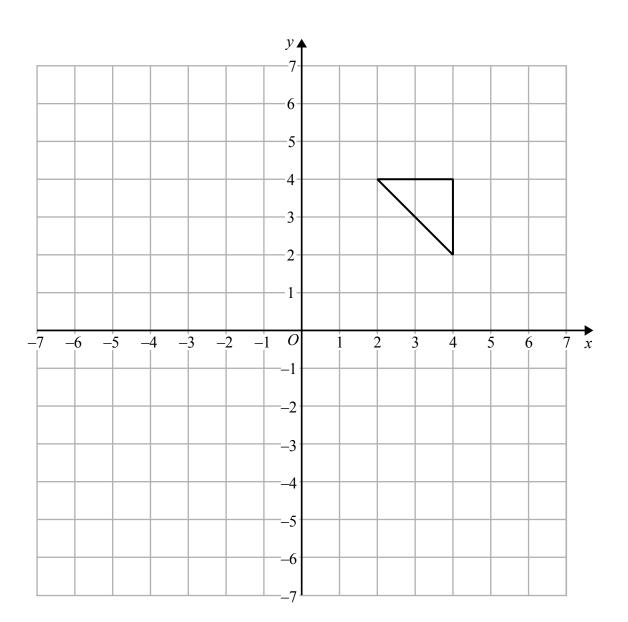
$$2x - 4y = 19$$
$$3x + 5y = 1$$

(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)

12	Zahra mixes 150g of metal A and 150g of metal B to make 300g of an alloy.
	Metal A has a density of 19.3 g/cm ³ . Metal B has a density of 8.9 g/cm ³ .
	Work out the density of the alloy.

g/cm³

(Total for Question 12 is 4 marks)



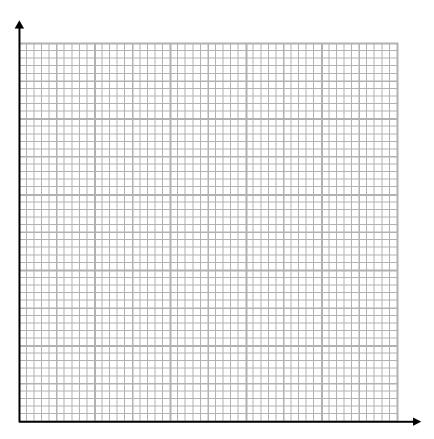
On the grid, enlarge the triangle by scale factor $-1\frac{1}{2}$, centre (0, 2)

(Total for Question 13 is 2 marks)

14 The table gives information about the speeds, in km/h, of 81 cars.

Speed (s km/h)	Frequency
$90 < s \leqslant 100$	13
$100 < s \leqslant 105$	16
$105 < s \leqslant 110$	18
$110 < s \leqslant 120$	22
$120 < s \leqslant 140$	12

(a) On the grid, draw a histogram for the information in the table.



(3)

(b) Find an estimate for the median.

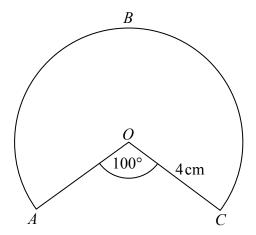
.....km/h

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)

15 Show that $\frac{a}{b+1} - \frac{a}{(b+1)^2}$ can be written as $\frac{ab}{(b+1)^2}$

(Total for Question 15 is 2 marks)

16 The diagram shows a sector of a circle of radius 4 cm.



Work out the length of the arc *ABC*.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

cm

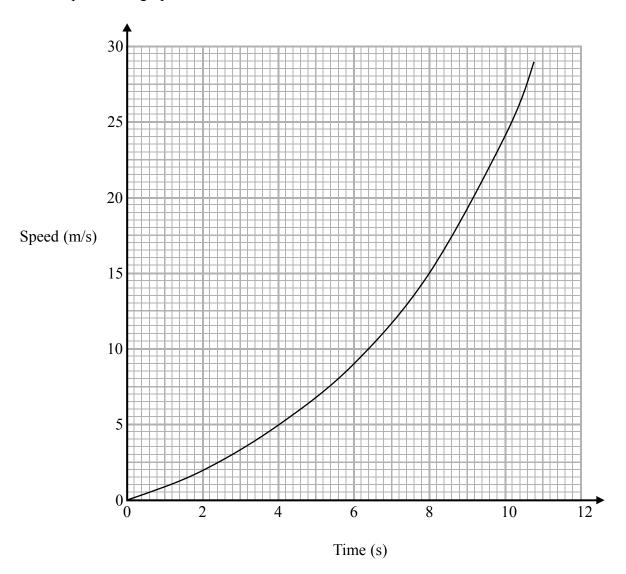
(Total for Question 16 is 2 marks)

17	The product of two	consecutive	positive	integers	is added	l to the	larger	of the	two
	integers.								

Prove that the result is always a square number.

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18 Here is a speed-time graph for a car.



(a) Work out an estimate for the distance the car travelled in the first 10 seconds. Use 5 strips of equal width.

(3)

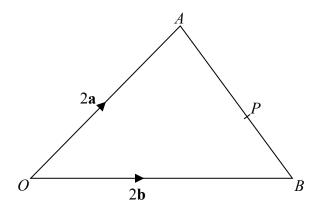
(b) Is your answer to (a) an underestimate or an overestimate of the actual distance? Give a reason for your answer.

(1)

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

19 Prove algebraically that the recurring decimal $0.3\dot{18}$ can be written as $\frac{7}{22}$

(Total for Question 19 is 2 marks)



OAB is a triangle.

P is the point on AB such that AP: PB = 5:3

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = 2\mathbf{a}$$

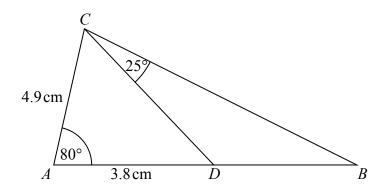
$$\overrightarrow{OB} = 2\mathbf{b}$$

$$\overrightarrow{OP} = k(3\mathbf{a} + 5\mathbf{b})$$
 where k is a scalar quantity.

Find the value of k.

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

21



ABC is a triangle.

D is a point on AB.

Work out the area of triangle *BCD*. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

cm

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

22 There are y black socks and 5 white socks in a drawer.

Joshua takes at random two socks from the drawer.

The probability that Joshua takes one white sock and one black sock is $\frac{6}{11}$

(a) Show that $3y^2 - 28y + 60 = 0$

(4)

(b) Find the probability that Joshua takes two black socks.

(3)

(Total for Question 22 is 7 marks)

23 (a) Write $2x^2 + 16x + 35$ in the form $a(x+b)^2 + c$ where a, b, and c are integers.

(3)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, write down the coordinates of the turning point of the graph of $y = 2x^2 + 16x + 35$

(1)

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS

Paper 1MA1: 3H	1: 3H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
1		171	P1 P1 A1	for process to find one share for process to find total cao
2		plan	C1 C1	a partially correct plan correct plan
3		t = 3(y + 2a)	M1 A1	adding $2a$ to both sides or multiplying each term by 3 $t = 3(y + 2a)$ or $t = 3y + 6a$
4		$7.15 \le x < 7.25$	B1 B1	for 7.15 and 7.25 cao
5 (a)		improvement	C1	appropriate improvement eg do not have axes starting at (0, 0)
(p)		explanation	C1	explanation eg pine cone has a very short width for its length
6 (a)		1.95	M1 M1 A1	method to find one temperature eg $4500 \div 1200$ for complete method cao
(p)		D	B1	cao

Pap	Paper 1MA1: 3H	: 3H			
nÒ	Question	Working	Answer		Notes
7			complete chain of reasoning	C1	starts chain of reasoning eg finds area of large square and area of triangle or use of Pythagoras
				Cl	for $(x+y)^2 - 4 \times (x \times y \div 2)$ oe or $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \times$
					$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$
				C1	complete chain of reasoning with correct algebra
∞	(a)		36.4	P1	start process eg method to find area of trapezium
				P1	complete process to find volume of tank
				P1	process to find time eg volume $\times 1000 \div 300$
				P1 A1	process to find 85% of volume or of time for 36 4 or 36 mins 24 secs
				117	101 00:1 01 00 HIIII
	(p)			C1	explanation eg if the average rate was slower it would take more time, if the average rate was
					faster it would take less time
6	(a)		No with reason	C C	partial explanation, eg 0.96×0.975 No with full explanation, eg $0.96 \times 0.975 =$
)	0.936 so only a 6.4% reduction
	(b)		3.15	P1	complete process to find value after 2 years eg (145000 – '5800') \times 2 5/100 oe or 145000 \times 0 96
					$\times 0.975 (= 135720)$
				P1	$(140000^{\circ} - '135720') \div '135720' \times 100$ oe
				AI	101 3.13 — 3.134

Paper 1MA1: 3H	:3H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
10		1:2.53	P1	for substituting values to find surface gravity of either Earth (= 9.805) or Jupiter (= 24.796)
			P1	for complete process
			AI	TOF 1: 2.528 to 2.53
11		x = 4.5	M1	for a correct process to eliminate one variable
		y = -2.5	A1	(condone one arithmetic error) cao for either x or y
			M	(dep) for substituting found value into one of the
				equations or appropriate method after starting again (condone one arithmetic error)
			A1	cao
12		12.2	P1	begins process eg 150÷19.3 (= 7.77) or 150÷8.9
			P1	(= 10.02) complete process to find total volume
			P1	complete process to find the density of the alloy
			AI	tor answer in range 12.1 to 12.2
13		Triangle	M1	for correct shape and the correct orientation in
		(-3, -1), (-0, -1),	A1	cao

Paper 1MA1: 3H	I: 3H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
14 (a)		histogram		for 2 correct bars of different widths or at least 3 correct frequency densities
			J	an bars in correct proportions of 4 correct bars with axes scaled and labelled
			C1	fully correct histogram with axes scaled and labelled
ζ		000		
(<u>a</u>)	$81 \div 2 = 40.5$ 90 to 105 is 29	108.2	J	for $81 \div 2 = 40.5$ and $11.5 \div 18 \times 5 (= 5.19)$ For answer in range 108 to 109
15		shown	C1	for $\frac{a(b+1)-a}{(b+1)^2}$ or $\frac{a(b+1)^2-a(b+1)}{(b+1)^3}$ oe
				(0+1) $(0+1)$
			C1	complete chain of reasoning
16		18.2	M1	for $\frac{260}{360} \times \pi \times 8$ oe or $\frac{100}{360} \times \pi \times 8$ oe
			A1	for 18.1 to 18.2
17		proof		starts proof eg $n(n+1)$ or $(n-1) \times n$ $n(n+1) + n+1$ or $(n-1) \times n + n$
			5	for convincing proof including $(n+1)^-$ or n^-

Paper 1MA1: 3H	: 3H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
		10.4	Ы	starts process by using cosine rule to find CD
				$eg (CD)^2 = 4.9^2 + 3.8^2 - 2 \times 4.9 \times 3.8 \times \cos 80 (=$
				31.98)
			P1	uses sine rule to find angle ACD or angle ADC
				$\int_{C} \sin C \sin 80$ $\int_{C} \sin 80$
				$\frac{68}{3.8} = \frac{15.655}{15.655}$ or $\frac{1}{4.9} = \frac{15.655}{15.655}$
			P1	uses sine rule to find BC or BD
				BD '5.655'
				$\frac{\text{eg}}{\sin 25} = \frac{\sin 33.6}{\sin 33.6}$
			P1	process to find area eg $1/2$ absinC
			A1	for 10.4 to 10.43

Paper 1MA1: 3H	: 3H			
Question	Working	Answer		Notes
22 (a)		chain of reasoning	C1	for a relevant product eg $\frac{y}{y+5} \times \frac{5}{y+4}$
			C1	for a correct equation eg $2 \times \left(\frac{y}{y+5} \times \frac{5}{y+4} \right) = \frac{6}{11}$
			C1	for method to eliminate fractions from algebraic
			C1	complete chain of reasoning
(q)		3	M1	method to solve equation eg $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ with $ac = 3$ and $bd = \pm 60$
		11	A1	for selecting $y = 6$
			A1	for $\frac{3}{11}$ oe
23		$2(x+4)^2+3$	P1	process to find a, eg $2x^2 + 16x + 35 = 2(x^2 +)$
			P1	or $d = 2$ for $2((x+4)^2 +)$ or $b = 4$
		(-4, 3)	B1	If from answer of form $a(x + b)^2 + c$