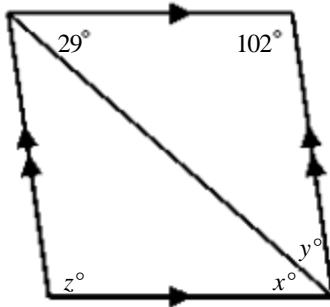


# Geometry Final Exam Review

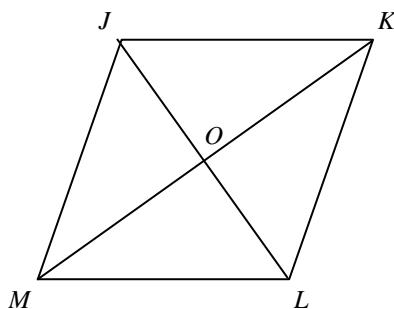
## Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_ 1. The sum of the angle measures of a polygon with  $s$  sides is 2520. Find  $s$ .  
a. 14      b. 16      c. 18      d. 15
- \_\_\_\_ 2. A road sign is in the shape of a regular heptagon. What is the measure of each angle on the sign? Round to the nearest tenth.  
a. 900      b. 231.4      c. 128.6      d. 64.3
- \_\_\_\_ 5. Find the values of the variables in the parallelogram. The diagram is not to scale.



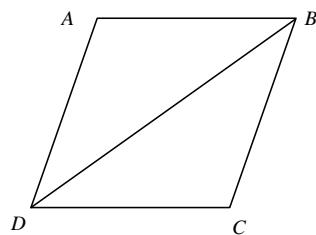
- a.  $x = 49, y = 29, z = 102$       c.  $x = 49, y = 49, z = 131$   
b.  $x = 29, y = 49, z = 131$       d.  $x = 29, y = 49, z = 102$
- \_\_\_\_ 6. In the parallelogram,  $m\angle KLO = 69$  and  $m\angle MLO = 47$ . Find  $m\angle KJM$ . The diagram is not to scale.



- a. 69      b. 106      c. 116      d. 64

7. What is the missing reason in the proof?

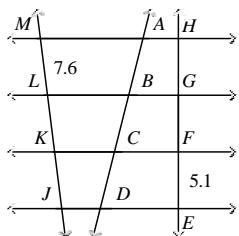
**Given:**  $\square ABCD$  with diagonal  $\overline{BD}$   
**Prove:**  $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$



Statements	Reasons
1. $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{BC}$	1. Definition of parallelogram
2. $\angle ADB \cong \angle CBD$	2. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
3. $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$	3. ?
4. $\angle ABD \cong \angle CDB$	4. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
5. $\overline{DB} \cong \overline{DB}$	5. Reflexive Property of Congruence
6. $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$	6. ASA

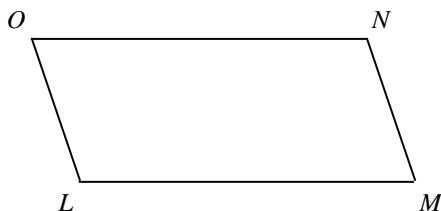
- a. Reflexive Property of Congruence      c. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem  
b. Definition of parallelogram      d. ASA

8. In the figure, the horizontal lines are parallel and  $AB = BC = CD$ . Find  $KL$  and  $FG$ . The diagram is not to scale.



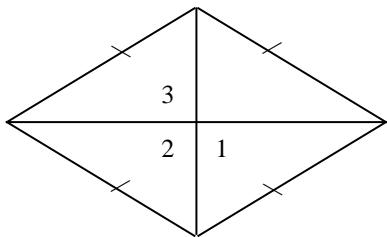
- a.  $KL = 7.6, FG = 7.6$       c.  $KL = 5.1, FG = 5.1$   
b.  $KL = 5.1, FG = 7.6$       d.  $KL = 7.6, FG = 5.1$

9. If  $ON = 5x - 4$ ,  $LM = 4x + 7$ ,  $NM = x - 7$ , and  $OL = 2y - 6$ , find the values of  $x$  and  $y$  for which  $LMNO$  must be a parallelogram. The diagram is not to scale.

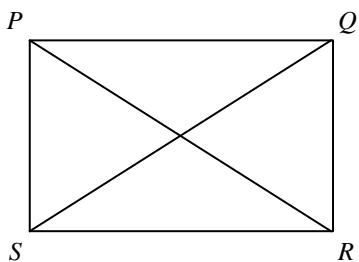


- a.  $x = 4, y = 5$       c.  $x = 11, y = \frac{1}{5}$   
b.  $x = 4, y = \frac{1}{5}$       d.  $x = 11, y = 5$

- \_\_\_\_ 10. In the rhombus,  $m\angle 1 = 18x$ ,  $m\angle 2 = x + y$ , and  $m\angle 3 = 30z$ . Find the value of each variable. The diagram is not to scale.

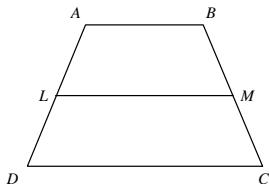


- a.  $x = 10, y = 85, z = 6$   
b.  $x = 5, y = 175, z = 6$   
c.  $x = 5, y = 85, z = 3$   
d.  $x = 10, y = 175, z = 3$
- \_\_\_\_ 11. In rectangle  $PQRS$ ,  $PR = 18x - 24$  and  $QS = x + 146$ . Find the value of  $x$  and the length of each diagonal.



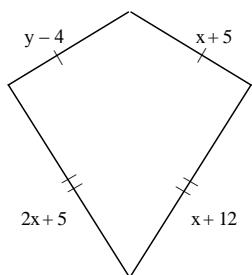
- a.  $x = 10, PR = 156, QS = 156$   
b.  $x = 10, PR = 78, QS = 78$   
c.  $x = 5, PR = 151, QS = 151$   
d.  $x = 11, PR = 174, QS = 174$

- \_\_\_\_ 12.  $\overline{LM}$  is the midsegment of  $\square ABCD$ .  $AB = x + 8$ ,  $LM = 4x + 3$ , and  $DC = 201$ . What is the value of  $x$ ?



- a. 33  
b. 29  
c. 238  
d. 37

- \_\_\_\_ 13. Find the values of the variables and the lengths of the sides of this kite.



- a.  $x = 7, y = 16; 3, 21$   
b.  $x = 16, y = 7; 12, 12$   
c.  $x = 7, y = 16; 12, 19$   
d.  $x = 16, y = 7; 3, 21$

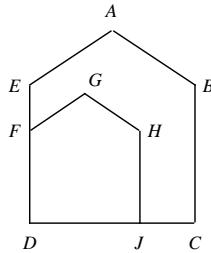
- \_\_\_\_ 14. A model is made of a car. The car is 9 feet long and the model is 6 inches long. What is the ratio of the length of the car to the length of the model?  
 a. 18 : 1      b. 1 : 18      c. 9 : 6      d. 6 : 9
- \_\_\_\_ 15. The measure of two complementary angles are in the ratio 1 : 4. What are the degree measures of the two angles?  
 a.  $45^\circ$  and  $135^\circ$       c.  $36^\circ$  and  $144^\circ$   
 b.  $23^\circ$  and  $68^\circ$       d.  $18^\circ$  and  $72^\circ$

**What is the solution of each proportion?**

\_\_\_\_ 16.  $\frac{n - 6}{3n} = \frac{n - 5}{3n + 1}$   
 a.  $-3$       b.  $\frac{2}{5}$       c.  $\frac{9}{17}$       d.  $3$

- \_\_\_\_ 17.  $ABCDE \sim GHJDF$ . Complete the statements.

a.  $\angle H \cong \square$

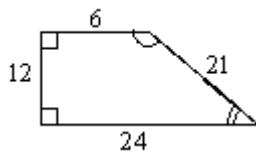
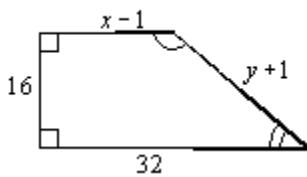


b.  $\frac{GH}{DJ} = \frac{AB}{\square}$

- a.  $\angle B; DC$       b.  $E; AE$       c.  $E; DC$       d.  $\angle B; AE$

**The polygons are similar, but not necessarily drawn to scale. Find the value of  $x$ .**

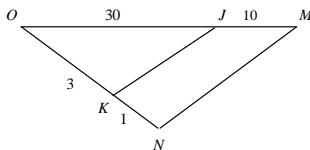
- \_\_\_\_ 18.



- a.  $x = 8$   
 b.  $x = \frac{11}{2}$       c.  $x = 9$   
 d.  $x = 10$

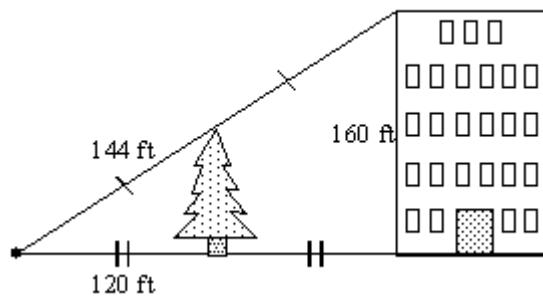
**State whether the triangles are similar. If so, write a similarity statement and the postulate or theorem you used.**

- \_\_\_\_ 19.



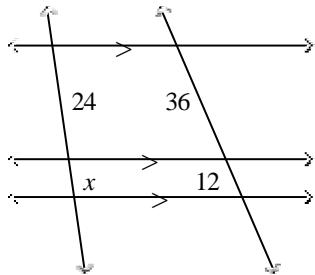
- a.  $\triangle OMN \sim \triangle OJK$ ; SSS~  
 b.  $\triangle OMN \sim \triangle OJK$ ; SAS~  
 c.  $\triangle OMN \sim \triangle KJO$ ; SAS~  
 d. The triangles are not similar.

- \_\_\_\_ 20. Use the information in the diagram to determine the height of the tree to the nearest foot.



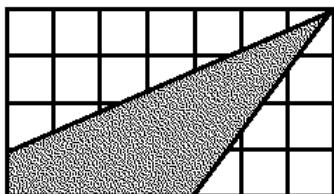
- a. 80 ft      b. 264 ft      c. 60 ft      d. 72 ft

- \_\_\_\_ 23. What is the value of  $x$ ?



- a. 8      b. 12      c. 6      d. 2

- \_\_\_\_ 24. The figure is drawn on centimeter grid paper. Find the perimeter of the shaded figure to the nearest tenth.



- a. 17.6 cm      b. 10.8 cm      c. 15.6 cm      d. 18.0 cm

- \_\_\_\_ 25. A triangle has side lengths of 28 in, 4 in, and 31 in. Classify it as acute, obtuse, or right.

- a. obtuse      b. right      c. acute

- \_\_\_\_ 26. Quilt squares are cut on the diagonal to form triangular quilt pieces. The hypotenuse of the resulting triangles is 10 inches long. What is the side length of each piece?

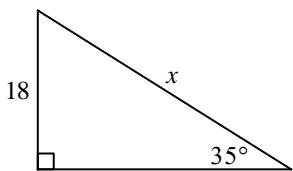
- a. 5      c.  $5\sqrt{3}$   
b.  $5\sqrt{2}$       d.  $10\sqrt{2}$

- \_\_\_\_ 27. The length of the hypotenuse of a  $30^\circ$ - $60^\circ$ - $90^\circ$  triangle is 4. Find the perimeter.

- a.  $4 + 12\sqrt{3}$   
b.  $6 + 2\sqrt{3}$       c.  $2 + 6\sqrt{3}$   
d.  $12 + 4\sqrt{3}$

**Find the value of  $x$ . Round to the nearest tenth.**

— 28.

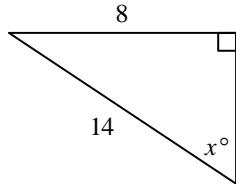


Not drawn to scale

- a. 10.3      b. 31.4      c. 10.7      d. 31.8

**Find the value of  $x$ . Round to the nearest degree.**

— 29.

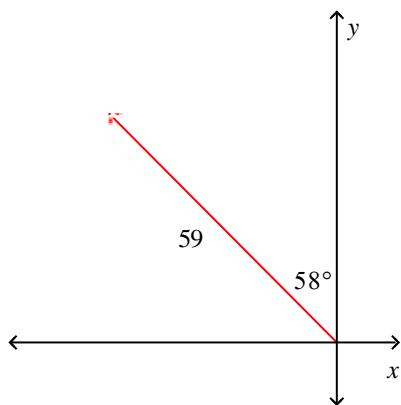


Not drawn to scale

- a. 55      b. 35      c. 30      d. 34

**Describe the vector as an ordered pair. Round the coordinates to the nearest tenth. (Not drawn to scale.)**

— 30.



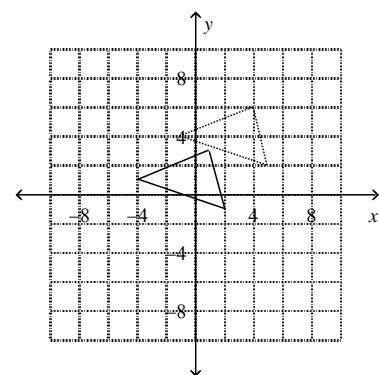
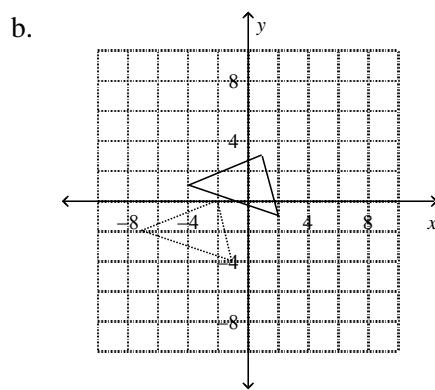
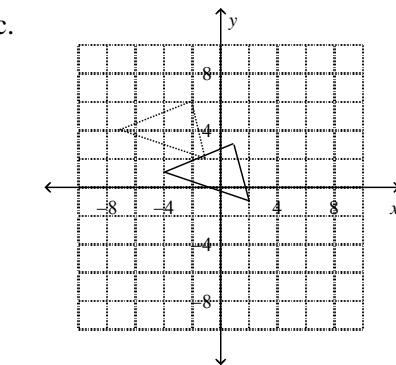
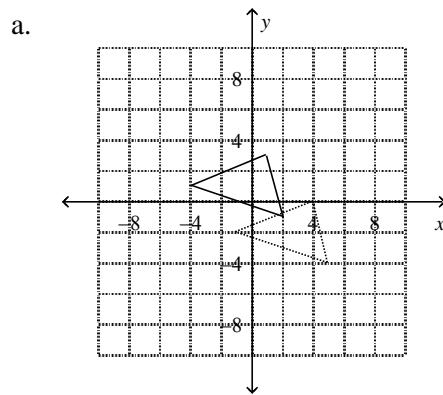
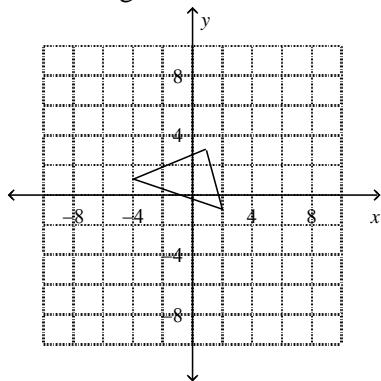
- a.  $\langle -69.6, 111.3 \rangle$       c.  $\langle -111.3, 69.6 \rangle$   
b.  $\langle -50, 31.3 \rangle$       d.  $\langle -31.3, 50 \rangle$

**Write the resultant of the two vectors as an ordered pair.**

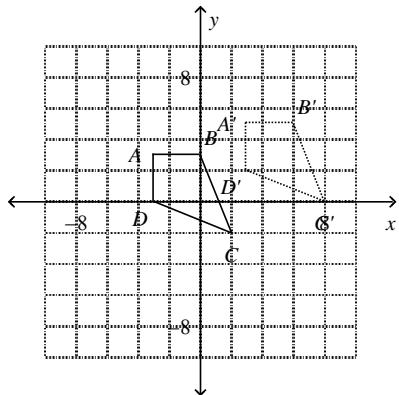
— 31.  $\langle -6, 5 \rangle$  and  $\langle 6, -5 \rangle$

- a.  $\langle 0, 0 \rangle$       b.  $\langle -12, -10 \rangle$       c.  $\langle 12, 10 \rangle$       d.  $\langle 1, 1 \rangle$

32. What image is the translation of the shown triangle given by the translation rule  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 3, y + 3)$ ?



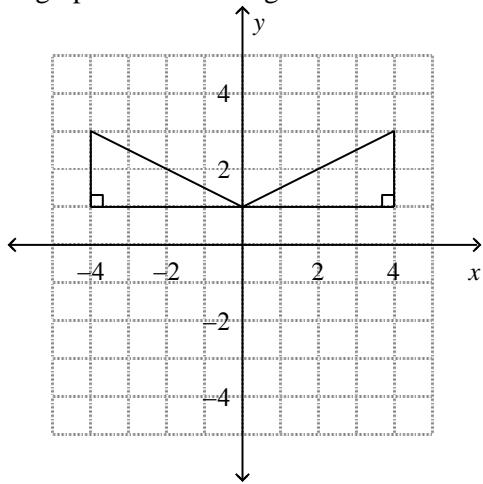
- \_\_\_\_\_ 33. What is a rule that describes the translation  $ABCD \rightarrow A'B'C'D'$ ?



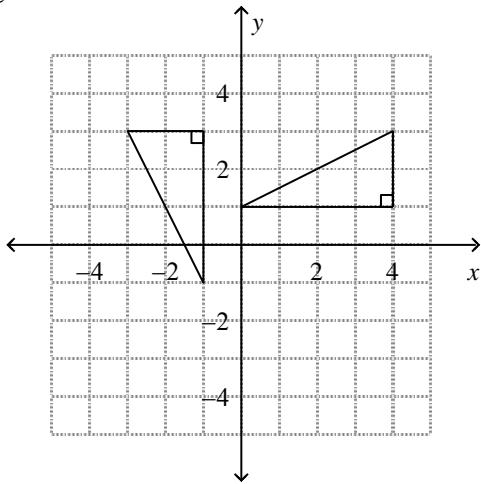
- a.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 6, y + 2)$   
b.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 6, y + 2)$   
c.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 2, y + 6)$   
d.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 6, y - 2)$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 34. Which graph shows a triangle and its reflection image in the  $x$ -axis?

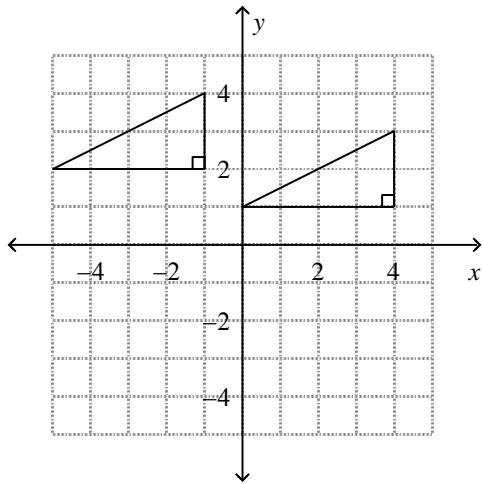
a.



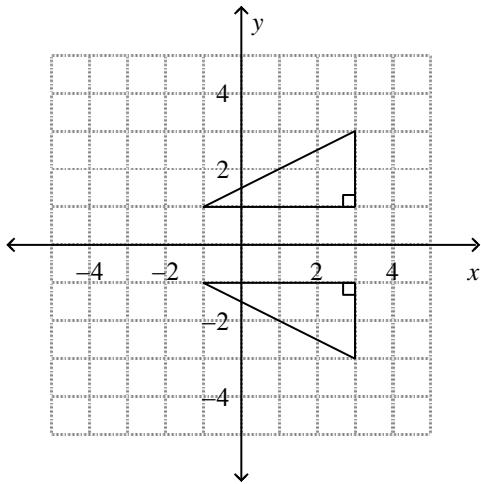
c.



b.



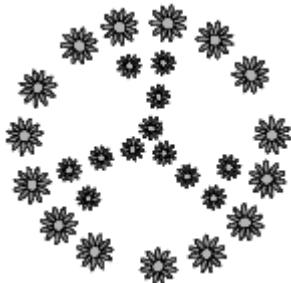
d.



- \_\_\_\_\_ 36. Which letter has at least one line of symmetry?

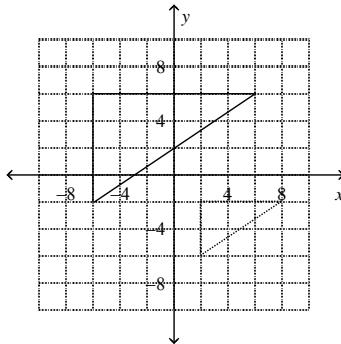
- a. F      b. W      c. Z      d. S

- \_\_\_\_ 37. If the figure has rotational symmetry, find the angle of rotation about the center that results in an image that matches the original figure.



- a.  $90^\circ$       b.  $120^\circ$       c.  $210^\circ$       d. no rotational symmetry

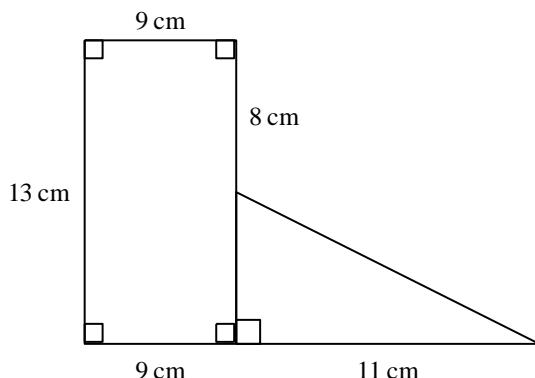
- \_\_\_\_ 38. The dashed-lined triangle is a dilation image of the solid-lined triangle. Is the dilation an enlargement or a reduction? What is the scale factor of the dilation?



- a. reduction; 2      b. reduction;  $\frac{1}{4}$       c. enlargement; 2      d. reduction;  $\frac{1}{2}$

**Find the area. The figure is not drawn to scale.**

- \_\_\_\_ 39.

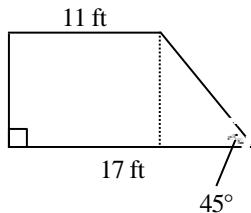


- a.  $144.5 \text{ cm}^2$       b.  $127 \text{ cm}^2$       c.  $172 \text{ cm}^2$       d.  $50 \text{ cm}^2$

- \_\_\_\_ 41. Find the area of an equilateral triangle with a side of 12.

- a.  $36\sqrt{3}$       b. 72      c. 36      d.  $3\sqrt{3}$

**Find the area of the trapezoid. Leave your answer in simplest radical form.**

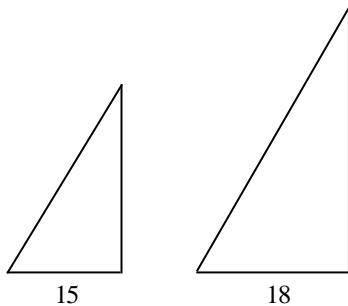


Not drawn to scale

- a.  $84\sqrt{2}\text{ ft}^2$       b.  $84\text{ ft}^2$       c.  $168\text{ ft}^2$       d.  $14\text{ ft}^2$

**The figures are similar. Give the ratio of the perimeters and the ratio of the areas of the first figure to the second. The figures are not drawn to scale.**

44.



- a.  $5 : 6$  and  $25 : 36$       c.  $5 : 6$  and  $36 : 49$   
b.  $6 : 7$  and  $36 : 49$       d.  $6 : 7$  and  $25 : 36$

45. Use Euler's Formula to find the missing number.

Vertices: 11

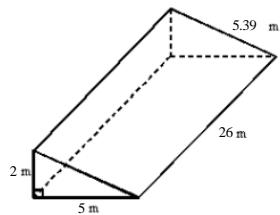
Edges: 34

Faces: ?

- a. 25      b. 28      c. 26      d. 24

**Use formulas to find the lateral area and surface area of the given prism. Round your answer to the nearest whole number.**

46.

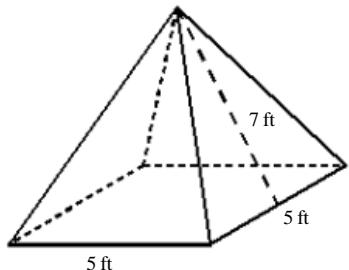


Not drawn to scale

- a.  $322\text{ m}^2$ ;  $327\text{ m}^2$       c.  $296\text{ m}^2$ ;  $332\text{ m}^2$   
b.  $296\text{ m}^2$ ;  $342\text{ m}^2$       d.  $322\text{ m}^2$ ;  $332\text{ m}^2$

**Find the surface area of the pyramid shown to the nearest whole number.**

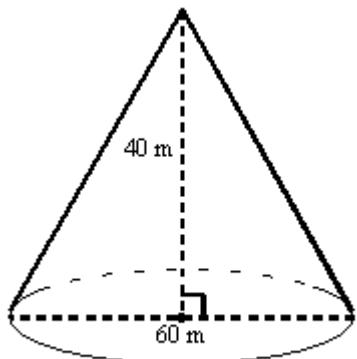
\_\_\_\_ 47.



Not drawn to scale

- a.  $165 \text{ ft}^2$       b.  $95 \text{ ft}^2$       c.  $70 \text{ ft}^2$       d.  $28 \text{ ft}^2$

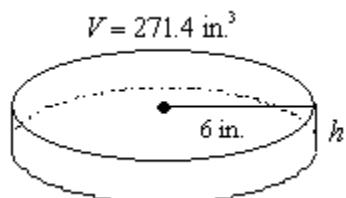
\_\_\_\_ 48. Find the lateral area of the cone to the nearest whole number.



Not drawn to scale

- a.  $7540 \text{ m}^2$       b.  $3770 \text{ m}^2$       c.  $4712 \text{ m}^2$       d.  $9425 \text{ m}^2$

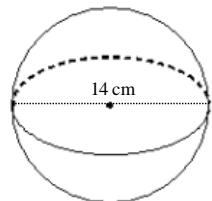
\_\_\_\_ 49. Find the height of the cylinder.



- a. 2.4 in.      b. 7.2 in.      c. 14.4      d. 4.8 in.

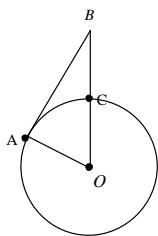
**Find the volume of the sphere shown. Give each answer rounded to the nearest cubic unit.**

\_\_\_\_ 50.



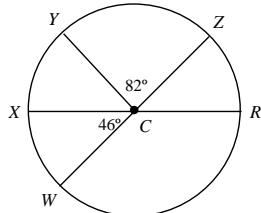
- a.  $11,494 \text{ cm}^3$       b.  $359 \text{ cm}^3$       c.  $1,437 \text{ cm}^3$       d.  $205 \text{ cm}^3$

\_\_\_\_ 51.  $\overline{AB}$  is tangent to  $\odot O$ . If  $AO = 24$  and  $BC = 50$ , what is  $AB$ ?  
The diagram is not to scale.



- a. 74      b. 94      c. 70      d. 100

\_\_\_\_ 52.  $\overline{WZ}$  and  $\overline{XR}$  are diameters. Find the measure of  $\widehat{ZWY}$ . (The figure is not drawn to scale.)



- a. 262      b. 226      c. 308      d. 52

## Geometry Honors Final Exam Review

### Answer Section

#### MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
REF: 6-1 The Polygon Angle-Sum Theorems  
OBJ: 6-1.1 Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a polygon  
STA: MA.912.G.2.1| MA.912.G.2.2 TOP: 6-1 Problem 1 Finding a Polygon Angle Sum  
KEY: sum of angles of a polygon DOK: DOK 2
2. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
REF: 6-1 The Polygon Angle-Sum Theorems  
OBJ: 6-1.1 Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a polygon  
STA: MA.912.G.2.1| MA.912.G.2.2 TOP: 6-1 Problem 2 Using the Polygon Angle-Sum  
KEY: sum of angles of a polygon | equilateral | Corollary to the Polygon Angle-Sum Theorem | regular polygon DOK: DOK 2
3. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L4  
REF: 6-1 The Polygon Angle-Sum Theorems  
OBJ: 6-1.1 Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a polygon  
STA: MA.912.G.2.1| MA.912.G.2.2 TOP: 6-1 Problem 3 Using the Polygon Angle-Sum Theorem  
KEY: Polygon Angle-Sum Theorem DOK: DOK 2
4. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L4  
REF: 6-1 The Polygon Angle-Sum Theorems  
OBJ: 6-1.2 Find the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a polygon  
STA: MA.912.G.2.1| MA.912.G.2.2 TOP: 6-1 Problem 4 Finding an Exterior Angle Measure  
KEY: sum of angles of a polygon DOK: DOK 2
5. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L4 REF: 6-2 Properties of Parallelograms  
OBJ: 6-2.1 Use relationships among sides and angles of parallelograms  
STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4| MA.912.G.4.5  
TOP: 6-2 Problem 1 Using Consecutive Angles  
KEY: parallelogram | opposite angles | consecutive angles | transversal  
DOK: DOK 2
6. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L4 REF: 6-2 Properties of Parallelograms  
OBJ: 6-2.1 Use relationships among sides and angles of parallelograms  
STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4| MA.912.G.4.5  
TOP: 6-2 Problem 1 Using Consecutive Angles KEY: parallelogram | angles  
DOK: DOK 2
7. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 6-2 Properties of Parallelograms  
OBJ: 6-2.2 Use relationships among diagonals of parallelograms  
STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4| MA.912.G.4.5  
TOP: 6-2 Problem 2 Using Properties of Parallelograms in a Proof  
KEY: proof | two-column proof | parallelogram | diagonal DOK: DOK 2
8. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L2 REF: 6-2 Properties of Parallelograms  
OBJ: 6-2.1 Use relationships among sides and angles of parallelograms  
STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4| MA.912.G.4.5  
TOP: 6-2 Problem 4 Using Parallel Lines and Transversals KEY: parallel lines | transversal  
DOK: DOK 1
9. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L2  
REF: 6-3 Proving That a Quadrilateral Is a Parallelogram

- OBJ: 6-3.1 Determine whether a quadrilateral is a parallelogram  
 STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4  
 TOP: 6-3 Problem 1 Finding Values for Parallelograms  
 KEY: algebra | parallelogram | opposite sides DOK: DOK 2
10. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L4  
 REF: 6-4 Properties of Rhombuses, Rectangles, and Squares  
 OBJ: 6-4.2 Use properties of diagonals of rhombuses and rectangles  
 STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4  
 TOP: 6-4 Problem 2 Finding Angle Measures  
 DOK: DOK 2 KEY: algebra | diagonal | rhombus
11. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 6-4 Properties of Rhombuses, Rectangles, and Squares  
 OBJ: 6-4.2 Use properties of diagonals of rhombuses and rectangles  
 STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4  
 TOP: 6-4 Problem 3 Finding Diagonal Length  
 DOK: DOK 2 KEY: rectangle | algebra | diagonal
12. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 6-6 Trapezoids and Kites  
 OBJ: 6-6.1 Verify and use properties of trapezoids and kites  
 STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4  
 TOP: 6-6 Problem 3 Using the Midsegment of a Trapezoid  
 DOK: DOK 2 KEY: trapezoid | base angles
13. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L4  
 REF: 6-6 Trapezoids and Kites  
 OBJ: 6-6.1 Verify and use properties of trapezoids and kites  
 STA: MA.912.G.3.1| MA.912.G.3.2| MA.912.G.3.4  
 TOP: 6-6 Problem 4 Finding Angle Measures in Kites  
 DOK: DOK 2 KEY: algebra | kite
14. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 7-1 Ratios and Proportions  
 OBJ: 7-1.1 Write ratios and solve proportions  
 KEY: ratio | word problem DOK: DOK 2  
 TOP: 7-1 Problem 1 Writing a Ratio
15. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 7-1 Ratios and Proportions  
 OBJ: 7-1.1 Write ratios and solve proportions  
 TOP: 7-1 Problem 2 Dividing a Quantity into a Given Ratio  
 DOK: DOK 2 KEY: ratio
16. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L4  
 REF: 7-1 Ratios and Proportions  
 OBJ: 7-1.1 Write ratios and solve proportions  
 KEY: proportion | Cross-Product Property  
 TOP: 7-1 Problem 4 Solving a Proportion DOK: DOK 2
17. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 7-2 Similar Polygons  
 OBJ: 7-2.1 Identify and apply similar polygons  
 TOP: 7-2 Problem 1 Understanding Similarity  
 DOK: DOK 2  
 STA: MA.912.G.2.3  
 KEY: similar polygons
18. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 7-2 Similar Polygons  
 OBJ: 7-2.1 Identify and apply similar polygons  
 TOP: 7-2 Problem 3 Using Similar Polygons  
 DOK: DOK 2  
 STA: MA.912.G.2.3  
 KEY: corresponding sides | proportion
19. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 7-3 Proving Triangles Similar  
 OBJ: 7-3.1 Use the AA Postulate and the SAS and SSS Theorems  
 STA: MA.912.G.2.3| MA.912.G.4.4| MA.912.G.4.6| MA.912.G.4.8| MA.912.G.5.4| MA.912.G.8.5  
 TOP: 7-3 Problem 2 Verifying Triangle Similarity  
 DOK: DOK 2  
 KEY: Side-Side-Side Similarity Theorem
20. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 7-3 Proving Triangles Similar

- |      |   |      |  |
|------|---|------|--|
| OBJ: | 7-3.2 Use similarity to find indirect measurements  |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.2.3  MA.912.G.4.4  MA.912.G.4.6  MA.912.G.4.8  MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.G.8.5                                  |      |  |
| TOP: | 7-3 Problem 4 Finding Lengths in Similar Triangles  |      |  |
| KEY: | Angle-Angle Similarity Postulate   word problem   | DOK: | DOK 2  |
| 21.  | ANS: C                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L2   | REF: | 7-4 Similarity in Right Triangles                                      |
| OBJ: | 7-4.1 Find and use relationships in similar triangles   |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.2.3  MA.912.G.4.6  MA.912.G.5.2  MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.G.8.3  |      |  |
| TOP: | 7-4 Problem 2 Finding the Geometric Mean  | KEY: | geometric mean   proportion  |
| DOK: | DOK 2   |      |  |
| 22.  | ANS: A                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L4   | REF: | 7-4 Similarity in Right Triangles                                      |
| OBJ: | 7-4.1 Find and use relationships in similar triangles   |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.2.3  MA.912.G.4.6  MA.912.G.5.2  MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.G.8.3  |      |  |
| TOP: | 7-4 Problem 4 Finding a Distance  | KEY: | corollaries of the geometric mean   multi-part question   word problem |
| DOK: | DOK 2   |      |  |
| 23.  | ANS: A                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L2   | REF: | 7-5 Proportions in Triangles   |
| OBJ: | 7-5.1 Use the Side-Splitter Theorem and the Triangles Angle-Bisector Theorem  |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.2.3  MA.912.G.4.5  MA.912.G.4.6  | TOP: | 7-5 Problem 2 Finding a Length   |
| KEY: | corollary of Side-Splitter Theorem  | DOK: | DOK 2  |
| 24.  | ANS: A                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L4   | REF: | 8-1 The Pythagorean Theorem and Its Converse                           |
| OBJ: | 8-1.1 Use the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse  |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.5.1  MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.G.8.3  | TOP: | 8-1 Problem 3 Finding Distance   |
| KEY: | Pythagorean Theorem   perimeter   | DOK: | DOK 3  |
| 25.  | ANS: A                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L3   | REF: | 8-1 The Pythagorean Theorem and Its Converse                           |
| OBJ: | 8-1.1 Use the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse  |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.5.1  MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.G.8.3  |      |  |
| TOP: | 8-1 Problem 5 Classifying a Triangle  | KEY: | right triangle   obtuse triangle   acute triangle                      |
| DOK: | DOK 1   |      |  |
| 26.  | ANS: B                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L3   | REF: | 8-2 Special Right Triangles  |
| OBJ: | 8-2.1 Use the properties of $45^\circ$ - $45^\circ$ - $90^\circ$ and $30^\circ$ - $60^\circ$ - $90^\circ$ triangles |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.5.1  MA.912.G.5.3  MA.912.G.5.4  | TOP: | 8-2 Problem 3 Finding Distance   |
| KEY: | special right triangles   word problem  | DOK: | DOK 2  |
| 27.  | ANS: B                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L4   | REF: | 8-2 Special Right Triangles  |
| OBJ: | 8-2.1 Use the properties of $45^\circ$ - $45^\circ$ - $90^\circ$ and $30^\circ$ - $60^\circ$ - $90^\circ$ triangles |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.5.1  MA.912.G.5.3  MA.912.G.5.4  |      |  |
| TOP: | 8-2 Problem 4 Using the Length of One Side  | KEY: | special right triangles   perimeter                                    |
| DOK: | DOK 3   |      |  |
| 28.  | ANS: B                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L3   | REF: | 8-3 Trigonometry   |
| OBJ: | 8-3.1 Use the sine, cosine, and tangent ratios to determine side lengths and angle measures in right triangles      |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.T.2.1  |      |  |
| TOP: | 8-3 Problem 2 Using a Trigonometric Ratio to Find Distance  | KEY: | sine   side length using sine and cosine   sine ratio                  |
| DOK: | DOK 2   |      |  |
| 29.  | ANS: B                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L3   | REF: | 8-3 Trigonometry   |
| OBJ: | 8-3.1 Use the sine, cosine, and tangent ratios to determine side lengths and angle measures in right triangles      |      |  |
| STA: | MA.912.G.5.4  MA.912.T.2.1  | TOP: | 8-3 Problem 3 Using Inverses   |
| KEY: | inverse of cosine and sine   angle measure using sine and cosine   sine   | DOK: | DOK 2  |
| 30.  | ANS: B                    PTS: 1                    DIF: L3   | REF: | 8-5 Vectors  |

- OBJ: 8-5.1 Describe vectors STA: MA.912.D.9.3| MA.912.G.5.1| MA.912.G.5.4  
 TOP: 8-5 Problem 1 Describing a Vector  
 KEY: vector | initial point of a vector | terminal point of a vector | vector coordinates  
 DOK: DOK 2
31. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 8-5 Vectors  
 OBJ: 8-5.2 Solve problems involving vector addition STA: MA.912.D.9.3| MA.912.G.5.1| MA.912.G.5.4  
 KEY: adding vectors | vector coordinates | vector | resultant
32. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-1 Translations  
 OBJ: 9-1.2 Find translation images of figures STA: MA.912.G.2.4| MA.912.G.2.6  
 TOP: 9-1 Problem 3 Finding the Image of a Translation  
 KEY: translation | transformation | coordinate plane | image | preimage  
 DOK: DOK 1
33. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-1 Translations  
 OBJ: 9-1.2 Find translation images of figures STA: MA.912.G.2.4| MA.912.G.2.6  
 TOP: 9-1 Problem 4 Writing a Rule to Describe a Translation  
 DOK: DOK 1
34. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-2 Reflections  
 OBJ: 9-2.1 Find reflection images of figures STA: MA.912.G.2.4| MA.912.G.2.6  
 TOP: 9-2 Problem 2 Graphing a Reflection Image  
 DOK: DOK 2
35. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-3 Rotations  
 OBJ: 9-3.1 Draw and identify rotation images of figures STA: MA.912.G.2.4| MA.912.G.2.6  
 TOP: 9-3 Problem 2 Identifying a Rotation Image  
 DOK: DOK 2
36. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-4 Symmetry  
 OBJ: 9-4.1 Identify the type of symmetry in a figure STA: MA.912.G.2.4  
 TOP: 9-4 Problem 1 Identifying Lines of Symmetry  
 DOK: DOK 1
37. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-4 Symmetry  
 OBJ: 9-4.1 Identify the type of symmetry in a figure STA: MA.912.G.2.4  
 TOP: 9-4 Problem 2 Identifying Rotational Symmetry  
 DOK: DOK 2
38. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 9-5 Dilations  
 OBJ: 9-5.1 Understand dilation images of figures STA: MA.912.G.2.4| MA.912.G.2.6  
 TOP: 9-5 Problem 1 Finding a Scale Factor  
 DOK: DOK 2
39. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 10-1 Areas of Parallelograms and Triangles  
 OBJ: 10-1.1 Find the area of parallelograms and triangles STA: MA.912.G.2.5| MA.912.G.2.7  
 TOP: 10-1 Problem 4 Finding the Area of an Irregular Figure  
 DOK: DOK 2
40. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 10-1 Areas of Parallelograms and Triangles  
 OBJ: 10-1.1 Find the area of parallelograms and triangles STA: MA.912.G.2.5| MA.912.G.2.7  
 TOP: 10-1 Problem 2 Finding a Missing Dimension  
 DOK: DOK 2
41. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L4 REF: 10-1 Areas of Parallelograms and Triangles  
 OBJ: 10-1.1 Find the area of parallelograms and triangles STA: MA.912.G.2.5| MA.912.G.2.7

- TOP: 10-1 Problem 3 Finding the Area of a Triangle  
 DOK: DOK 2  
 KEY: area | triangle
42. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 10-2 Areas of Trapezoids, Rhombuses, and Kites  
 OBJ: 10-2.1 Find the area of a trapezoid, rhombus, or kite  
 TOP: 10-2 Problem 2 Finding Area Using a Right Triangle  
 DOK: DOK 2  
 STA: MA.912.G.2.5| MA.912.G.2.7  
 KEY: area | trapezoid
43. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L2  
 REF: 10-3 Areas of Regular Polygons  
 OBJ: 10-3.1 Find the area of a regular polygon  
 STA: MA.912.G.2.5| MA.912.G.2.7| MA.912.G.5.3| MA.912.G.6.1  
 TOP: 10-3 Problem 3 Using Special Triangles to Find Area  
 KEY: regular polygon | hexagon | area | apothem | radius  
 DOK: DOK 2
44. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 10-4 Perimeters and Areas of Similar Figures  
 OBJ: 10-4.1 Find the perimeters and areas of similar polygons  
 STA: MA.912.G.2.3| MA.912.G.2.5| MA.912.G.2.7| MA.912.G.4.4  
 TOP: 10-4 Problem 1 Finding Ratios in Similar Figures  
 DOK: DOK 1  
 KEY: perimeter | area | similar figures
45. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 11-1 Space Figures and Cross Sections  
 OBJ: 11-1.1 Recognize polyhedra and their parts  
 TOP: 11-1 Problem 2 Using Euler's Formula  
 KEY: polyhedron | face | vertices | edge | Euler's Formula  
 STA: MA.912.G.7.2| MA.912.G.7.3  
 DOK: DOK 1
46. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: L4  
 REF: 11-2 Surface Areas of Prisms and Cylinders  
 OBJ: 11-2.1 Find the surface area of a prism and a cylinder  
 STA: MA.912.G.7.1| MA.912.G.7.5| MA.912.G.7.7  
 TOP: 11-2 Problem 2 Using Formulas to Find Surface Area of a Prism  
 KEY: surface area formulas | lateral area | surface area | prism | surface area of a prism  
 DOK: DOK 2
47. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 11-3 Surface Areas of Pyramids and Cones  
 OBJ: 11-3.1 Find the surface area of a pyramid and a cone  
 TOP: 11-3 Problem 1 Finding the Surface Area of a Pyramid  
 KEY: surface area of a pyramid | surface area | surface area formulas | pyramid  
 STA: MA.912.G.7.5| MA.912.G.7.7  
 DOK: DOK 2
48. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 11-3 Surface Areas of Pyramids and Cones  
 OBJ: 11-3.1 Find the surface area of a pyramid and a cone  
 TOP: 11-3 Problem 4 Finding the Lateral Area of a Cone  
 KEY: cone | surface area of a cone | surface area formulas | surface area  
 STA: MA.912.G.7.5| MA.912.G.7.7  
 DOK: DOK 2
49. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 11-4 Volumes of Prisms and Cylinders  
 OBJ: 11-4.1 Find the volume of a prism and the volume of a cylinder  
 STA: MA.912.G.7.5| MA.912.G.7.7  
 TOP: 11-4 Problem 3 Finding the Volume of a Cylinder  
 KEY: cylinder | volume of a cylinder | volume  
 DOK: DOK 2
50. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
 REF: 11-6 Surface Areas and Volumes of Spheres  
 OBJ: 11-6.1 Find the surface area and volume of a sphere

- STA: MA.912.G.7.4| MA.912.G.7.5| MA.912.G.7.7  
TOP: 11-6 Problem 3 Finding the Volume of a Sphere  
KEY: volume of a sphere | sphere | volume formulas | volume DOK: DOK 2
51. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L2 REF: 12-1 Tangent Lines  
OBJ: 12-1.1 Use properties of a tangent to a circle  
STA: MA.912.G.6.1| MA.912.G.6.2| MA.912.G.6.3 TOP: 12-1 Problem 2 Finding Distance  
KEY: tangent to a circle | point of tangency | properties of tangents | Pythagorean Theorem  
DOK: DOK 2
52. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 12-1 Tangent Lines  
OBJ: 12-1.1 Use properties of a tangent to a circle  
STA: MA.912.G.6.1| MA.912.G.6.2| MA.912.G.6.3  
TOP: 12-1 Problem 5 Circles Inscribed in Polygons  
KEY: properties of tangents | tangent to a circle | triangle DOK: DOK 2
53. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L2 REF: 12-2 Chords and Arcs  
OBJ: 12-2.1 Use congruent chords, arcs, and central angles  
STA: MA.912.G.6.1| MA.912.G.6.2| MA.912.G.6.3  
TOP: 12-2 Problem 4 Finding Measures in a Circle  
KEY: arc | central angle | congruent arcs | arc measure | arc addition | diameter  
DOK: DOK 1
54. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: L3 REF: 12-3 Inscribed Angles  
OBJ: 12-3.2 Find the measure of an angle formed by a tangent and a chord  
STA: MA.912.G.6.3| MA.912.G.6.4 TOP: 12-3 Problem 3 Using Arc Measure  
KEY: circle | inscribed angle | tangent-chord angle | intercepted arc | arc measure | angle measure  
DOK: DOK 2
55. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: L3  
REF: 12-4 Angle Measures and Segment Lengths  
OBJ: 12-4.2 Find the lengths of segments associated with circles  
STA: MA.912.G.6.2| MA.912.G.6.3| MA.912.G.6.4  
TOP: 12-4 Problem 3 Finding Segment Lengths KEY: segment length | tangent | secant  
DOK: DOK 2