



FSA
ELA & Mathematics
Assessments

Geometry
FSA Mathematics
Practice Test Questions

The purpose of these practice test materials is to orient teachers and students to the types of questions on paper-based FSA Mathematics tests. By using these materials, students will become familiar with the types of items and response formats they may see on a paper-based test. The practice questions and answers are not intended to demonstrate the length of the actual test, nor should student responses be used as an indicator of student performance on the actual test. The practice test is not intended to guide classroom instruction.

**Directions for Answering the
Mathematics Practice Test Questions**

If you don't know how to work a problem, ask your teacher to explain it to you. Your teacher has the answers to the practice test questions.

You may need formulas and conversions to help you solve some of the problems. You may refer to the Reference Sheets on pages 5 and 6 as often as you like.

Use the space in your Mathematics Practice Test Questions booklet to do your work.

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Directions for Completing the Response Grids

1. Work the problem and find an answer.
2. Write your answer in the answer boxes at the top of the grid.
 - Write your answer with the first digit in the left answer box OR with the last digit in the right answer box.
 - Write only one digit or symbol in each answer box. Do NOT leave a blank answer box in the middle of an answer.
 - Be sure to write a decimal point, negative sign, or fraction bar in the answer box if it is a part of the answer.
3. Fill in a bubble under each box in which you wrote your answer.
 - Fill in one and ONLY one bubble for each answer box. Do NOT fill in a bubble under an unused answer box.
 - Fill in each bubble by making a solid mark that completely fills the circle.
 - You MUST fill in the bubbles accurately to receive credit for your answer.

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7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

} Answer boxes
} Negative sign
} Fraction bar
} Decimal point
} Number bubbles

When a percent is required to answer a question, do NOT convert the percent to its decimal or fractional equivalent. Grid in the percent value without the % symbol. Do the same with dollar amounts.

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4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	●	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	●	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	●
9	9	9	9	9	9	9

2	5	.	3			
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5	●	5	5	5	5	5
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Do NOT write a mixed number, such as $13\frac{1}{4}$, in the answer boxes.

Change the mixed number to an equivalent fraction, such as $\frac{53}{4}$, or to an

equivalent decimal, such as 13.25. Do not try to fill in $13\frac{1}{4}$, as it would be

read as $\frac{131}{4}$ and would be counted wrong.

CORRECT

INCORRECT

5	3	/	4			
⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖
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1	1	1	1	1	1	1
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6	6	6	6	6	6	6
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OR

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0	0	0	0	0	0	0
●	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	●	2	2	2
3	●	3	3	3	3	3
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7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9

1	3	1	/	4		
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●	1	●	1	1	1	1
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3	●	3	3	3	3	3
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9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Geometry EOC FSA Mathematics Reference Sheet

Customary Conversions

1 foot = 12 inches
1 yard = 3 feet
1 mile = 5,280 feet
1 mile = 1,760 yards

1 cup = 8 fluid ounces
1 pint = 2 cups
1 quart = 2 pints
1 gallon = 4 quarts

1 pound = 16 ounces
1 ton = 2,000 pounds

Metric Conversions

1 meter = 100 centimeters
1 meter = 1000 millimeters
1 kilometer = 1000 meters

1 liter = 1000 milliliters

1 gram = 1000 milligrams
1 kilogram = 1000 grams

Time Conversions

1 minute = 60 seconds
1 hour = 60 minutes
1 day = 24 hours
1 year = 365 days
1 year = 52 weeks

Geometry EOC FSA Mathematics Reference Sheet

Formulas

$$\sin A^\circ = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos A^\circ = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan A^\circ = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$

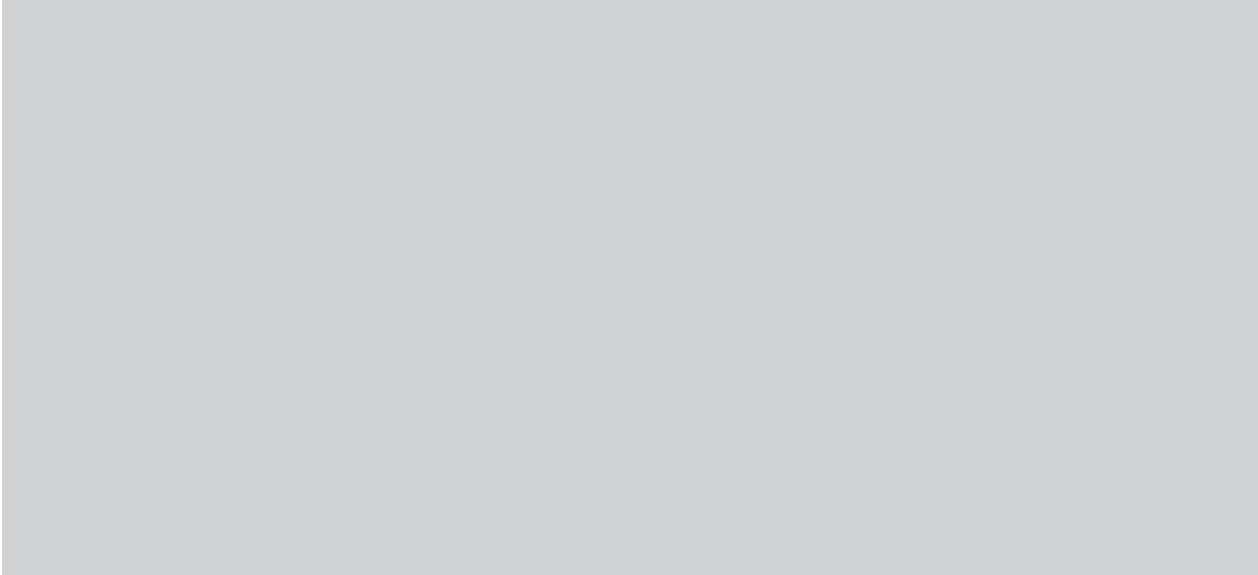
$$V = Bh$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$$

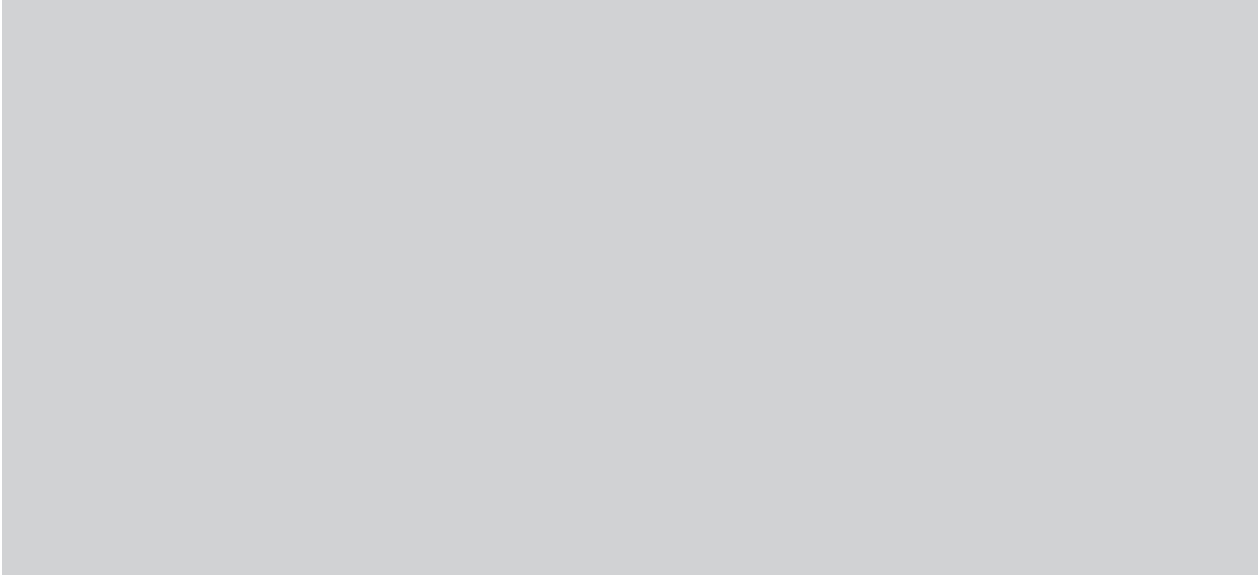
$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$y = mx + b, \text{ where } m = \text{slope and } b = y\text{-intercept}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1), \text{ where } m = \text{slope and } (x_1, y_1) \text{ is a point on the line}$$

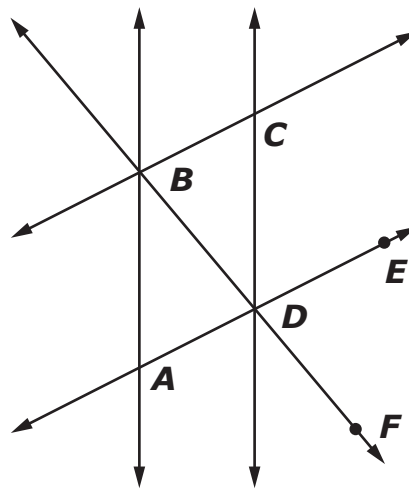


Session 1



Use the space in this booklet to do your work. For multiple-choice items, fill in one bubble for the correct answer. For matching items and multiselect items, fill in the bubbles for all of the correct answers. For items with response grids, refer to the Directions for Completing the Response Grids on pages 3 and 4. If you change your answer, be sure to erase completely. Calculators are **NOT** permitted for Session 1 of this practice test.

1. In the figure, $\overleftrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overleftrightarrow{CD}$ and $\overleftrightarrow{BC} \parallel \overleftrightarrow{AE}$. Let $\angle ABD$ measure $(3x + 4)^\circ$, $\angle BCD$ measure $(6x - 8)^\circ$, and $\angle EDF$ measure $(7x - 20)^\circ$.

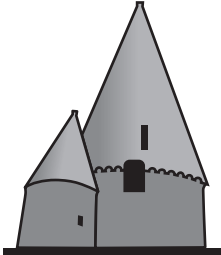

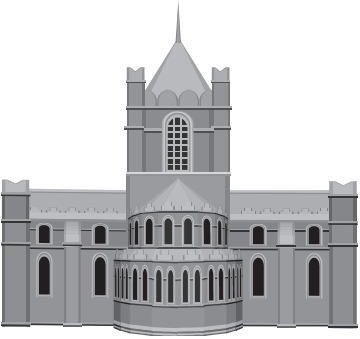


What is the **degree measure** that completes the equation shown?

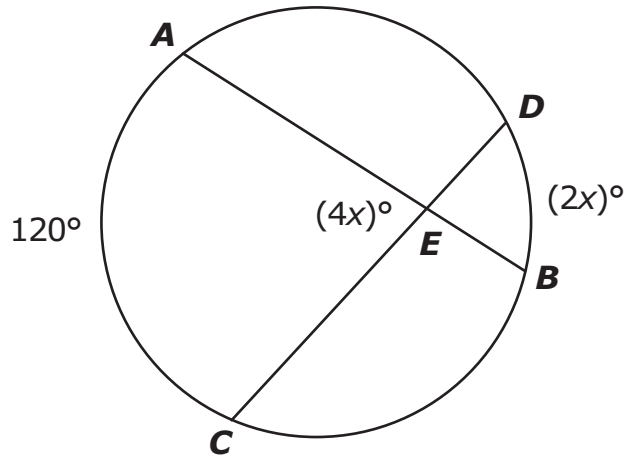
$m \angle BCD =$

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8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

2. Match each building with the geometric shapes that can be used to model it.

	Cone	Cylinder	Pyramid	Rectangular Prism
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)
	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)

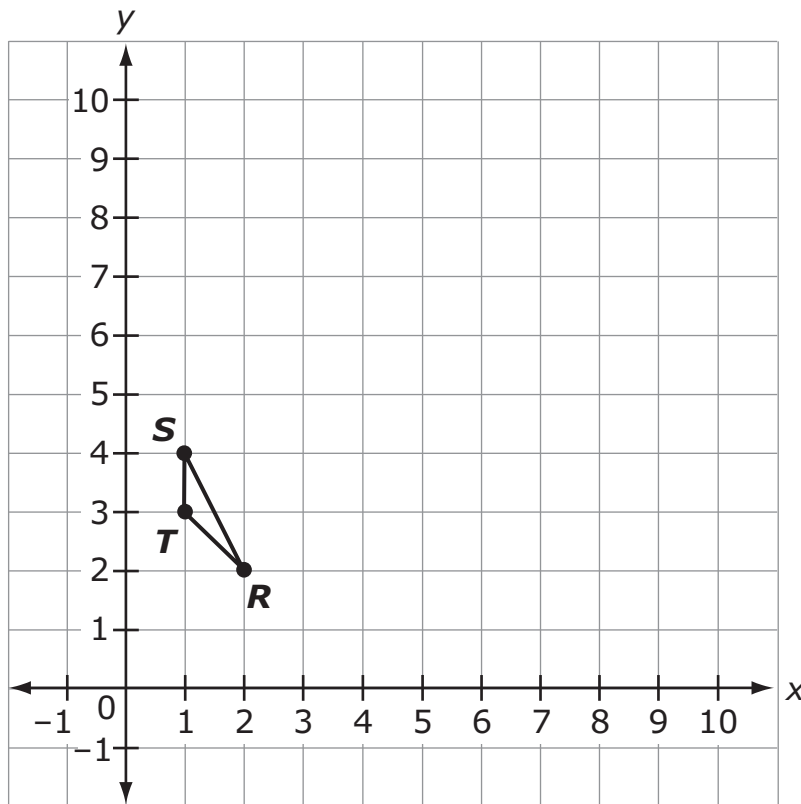
3. In the diagram shown, chords AB and CD intersect at E . The measure of \widehat{AC} is 120° , the measure of \widehat{DB} is $(2x)^\circ$, and the measure of $\angle AEC$ is $(4x)^\circ$.



What is the degree measure of $\angle AED$?

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7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

4. Triangle SRT is shown.



Choose the correct equation or phrase to fill in each blank in the paragraph. For each blank, fill in the bubble **before** the equation or phrase that is correct.

The vertices of $\triangle SRT$ are $S(1, 4)$, $R(2, 2)$ and $T(1, 3)$. A reflection across the line _____ [(A) $x = 4$ (B) $x = 6$ (C) $y = -x + 5$ (D) $y = -x + 6$] and then across the line _____ [(A) $y = 6$ (B) $y = 8$ (C) $y = -x + 10$ (D) $y = -x + 12$] is the same as a translation of 4 units to the right and 4 units up because the lines are _____ [(A) congruent (B) parallel (C) perpendicular (D) similar].

5. Johnny wants to find the equation of a circle with center $(3, -4)$ and a radius of 7. He uses the argument shown.

Choose the correct word or phrase to fill in each blank in the argument. For each blank, fill in the bubble **before** the word or phrase that is correct.

Johnny's Argument

Let (x, y) be any point on the circle. Then, the horizontal distance from (x, y) to the center is _____.

- (A) $|x - 3|$
- (B) $|x + 3|$
- (C) $|x - 4|$
- (D) $|x + 4|$

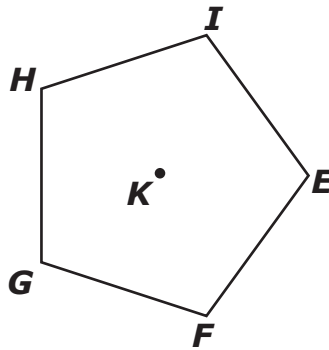
The vertical distance from (x, y) to the center is _____.

- (A) $|y - 3|$
- (B) $|y + 3|$
- (C) $|y - 4|$
- (D) $|y + 4|$

The total distance from (x, y) to the center is the radius of the circle, 7. The _____ can now be used to create an equation that shows the relationship between the horizontal, vertical, and total distance of (x, y) to the center of the circle.

- (A) perimeter formula
- (B) Pythagorean Theorem
- (C) quadratic formula

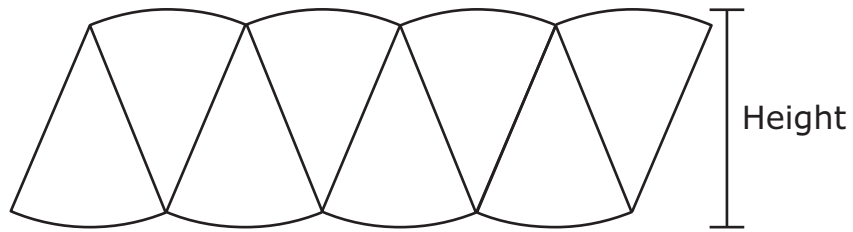
6. Regular pentagon $EFGHI$ with center K is shown.



Select all the transformations that carry pentagon $EFGHI$ onto itself.

- (A) a reflection across line EK , a 180° counterclockwise rotation about point K , and a reflection across a vertical line through point K
- (B) a 90° counterclockwise rotation about point E , a reflection across line FG , and a vertical translation
- (C) a reflection across line FI , a reflection across line GH , and a 180° clockwise rotation about point K
- (D) a reflection across a vertical line through point K , a 180° clockwise rotation about point K , and a reflection across line EK
- (E) a 180° clockwise rotation about point E , a reflection across a vertical line through point E , and a reflection across a horizontal line through point E

7. Alejandro cut a circle with circumference C and radius r into 8 congruent sectors and used them to make the figure shown.

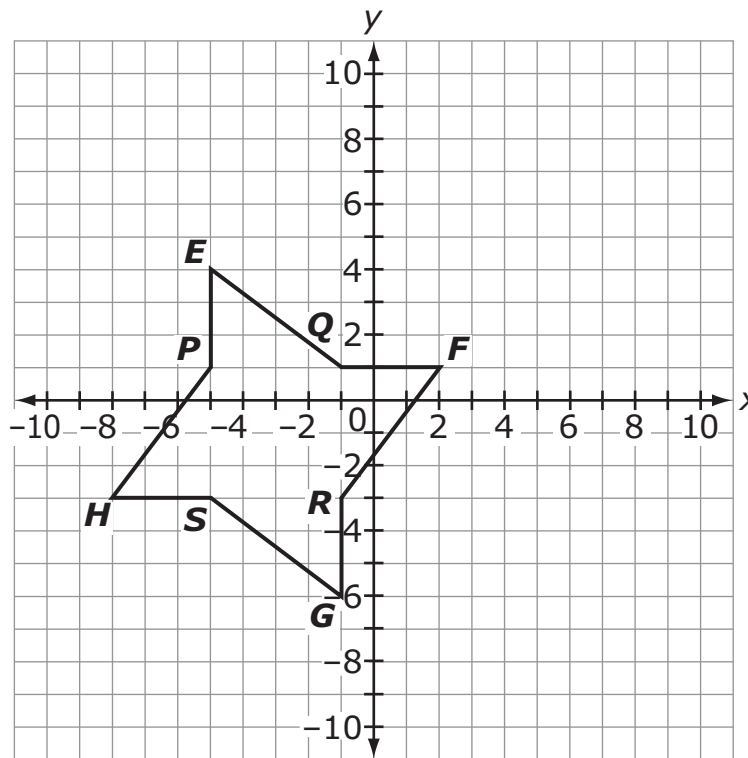


Alejandro noticed that the figure was very close to the shape of a parallelogram.

Select all the statements that apply to the figure.

- (A) The height of the parallelogram is approximately equal to the circle's diameter.
- (B) The area of the parallelogram is approximately $\frac{1}{2} Cr$.
- (C) The length of the parallelogram is approximately equal to the circle's circumference.
- (D) The radius of the circle is approximately equal to the height of the parallelogram.
- (E) The area of the parallelogram is approximately $8\left(\frac{45}{360} \pi r^2\right)$.

8. Evelyn is designing a pattern for a quilt using polygon $EQFRGSHP$ shown.

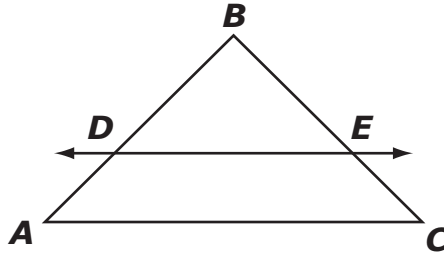


Evelyn transforms $EQFRGSHP$ so that the image of E is at $(2, 0)$ and the image of R is at $(6, -7)$.

Which transformation could Evelyn have used to show $EQFRGSHP$ and its image are congruent?

- (A) $EQFRGSHP$ was reflected over the line $y = x + 2$.
- (B) $EQFRGSHP$ was translated right 7 units and down 4 units.
- (C) $EQFRGSHP$ was rotated 135 degrees clockwise about the point Q .
- (D) $EQFRGSHP$ was rotated 90 degrees clockwise about the point $(-3, -1)$.

9. Katherine uses $\triangle ABC$, where $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{AC}$ to prove that a line parallel to one side of a triangle divides the other two sides proportionally. A part of her proof is shown.

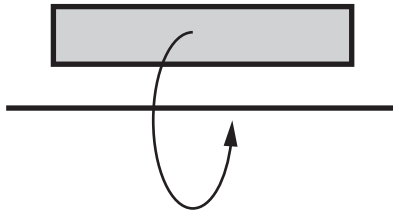


Statements	Reasons
1. $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{AC}$	1. Given
2. $\angle BDE \cong \angle BAC$ and $\angle BED \cong \angle BCA$	2.
3. $\triangle BAC \sim \triangle BDE$	3.
4. $\frac{BA}{BD} = \frac{BC}{BE}$	4.
5. $BA = BD + DA$; $BC = BE + EC$	5. Segment addition postulate
6.	6.
7.	7.
8.	8. Subtraction property of equality

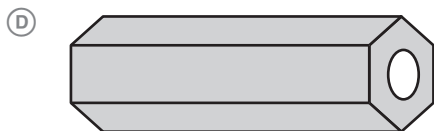
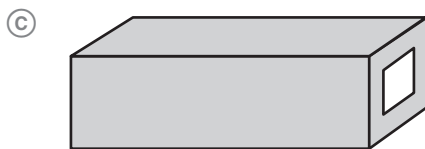
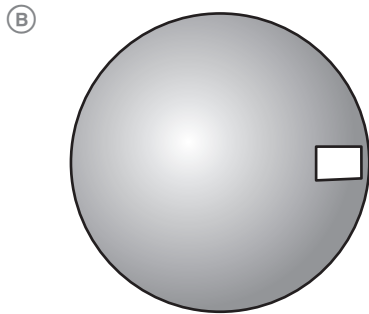
Which statement completes step 8 of the proof?

- (A) $BA - BD = DA$ and $BC - BE = EC$
- (B) $AD = BD$ and $CE = BE$
- (C) $\frac{BA}{BC} = \frac{DA}{EC}$
- (D) $\frac{DA}{BD} = \frac{EC}{BE}$

10. A rectangle and a horizontal line segment are shown.

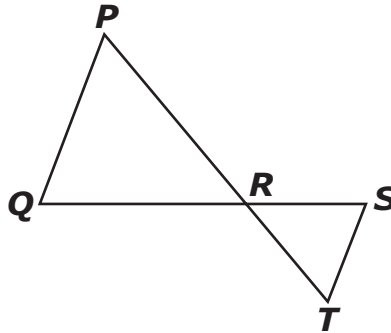


What is the resulting object when the rectangle is rotated around the horizontal line segment?



11. This question has **three** parts.

Triangles PRQ and TSR are shown.



Part A. Select all assumptions that must be made about $\triangle PRQ$ and $\triangle TSR$ to show AA similarity for triangles.

- (A) $\frac{RT}{PR} = \frac{ST}{PQ}$
- (B) $\frac{RT}{PR} = \frac{RS}{RQ}$
- (C) $\angle S \cong \angle Q$
- (D) $\angle S \cong \angle P$
- (E) $\angle T \cong \angle Q$
- (F) $\angle SRT \cong \angle QRP$

Part B. Which transformations should be applied to show similarity?

- (A) rotation about point R followed by translating point S to point P
- (B) reflection about point R followed by translating point S to point Q
- (C) rotation about point R followed by a dilation using the scale factor $\frac{PR}{TR}$
- (D) reflection about point P followed by a dilation using the scale factor $\frac{TR}{PR}$

Part C. Which conclusion can be made from the transformations?
For each box, fill in the bubble before the option that is correct.

Applying

- Ⓐ proportionality of all corresponding pairs of sides
- Ⓑ the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions
- Ⓒ corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent
- Ⓓ the definition of similarity in terms of similarity transformations

shows that $\triangle PRQ \sim \triangle$

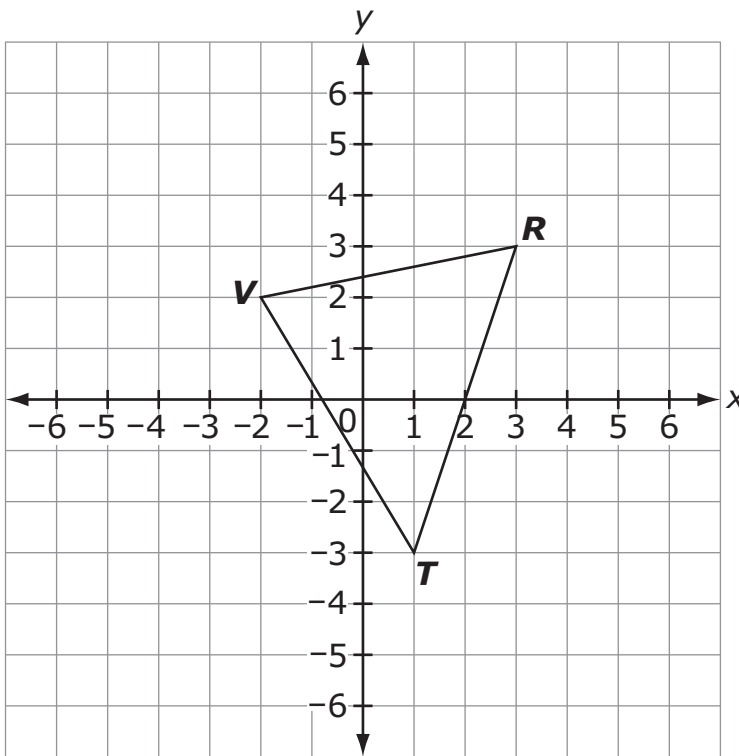
- Ⓐ *RST*
- Ⓑ *RTS*
- Ⓒ *SRT*
- Ⓓ *STR*
- Ⓔ *TRS*
- Ⓕ *TSR*

thereby showing that

- Ⓐ two congruent angles
- Ⓑ one congruent angle and one set of proportional sides
- Ⓒ two congruent angles and one set of proportional sides

are sufficient to prove similarity of two triangles.

12. Triangle RTV is shown on the graph.



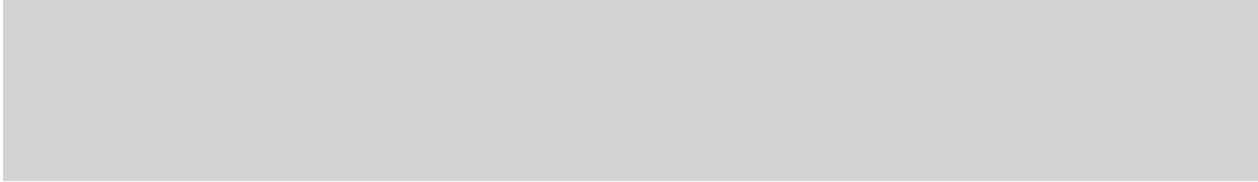
Triangle $R'T'V'$ is formed using the transformation $(0.2x, 0.2y)$ centered at $(0, 0)$.

Select the three equations that show the correct relationship between the two triangles based on the transformation.

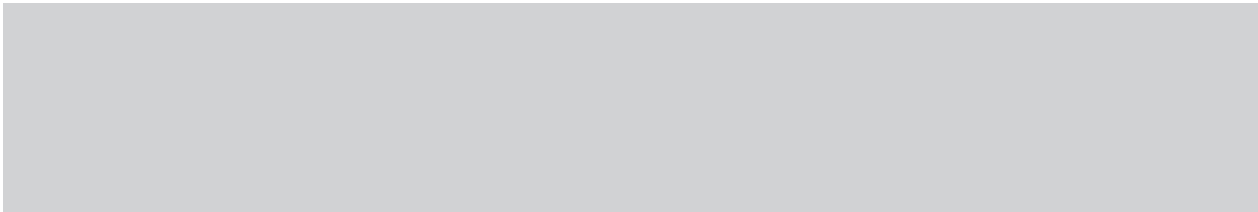
- (A) $RV = 5R'V'$
- (B) $\frac{R'V'}{RV} = \frac{\sqrt{26}}{0.2\sqrt{26}}$
- (C) $0.2\sqrt{10}RT = \sqrt{10}R'T'$
- (D) $RT = 0.2R'T'$
- (E) $0.2T'V' = TV$
- (F) $\frac{TV}{T'V'} = \frac{\sqrt{34}}{0.2\sqrt{34}}$

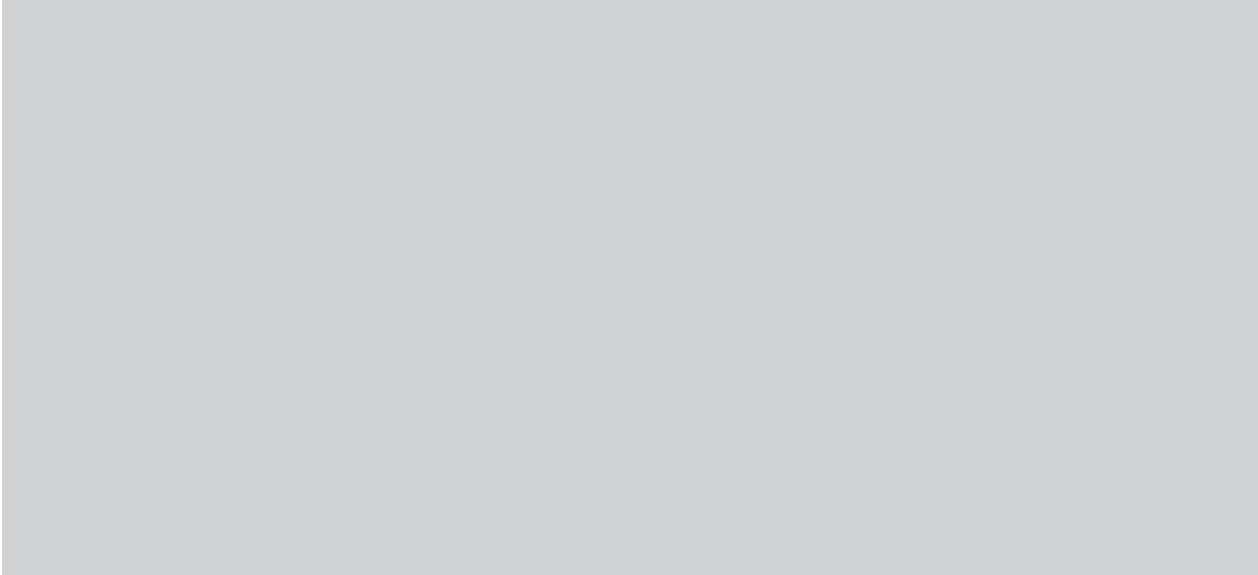
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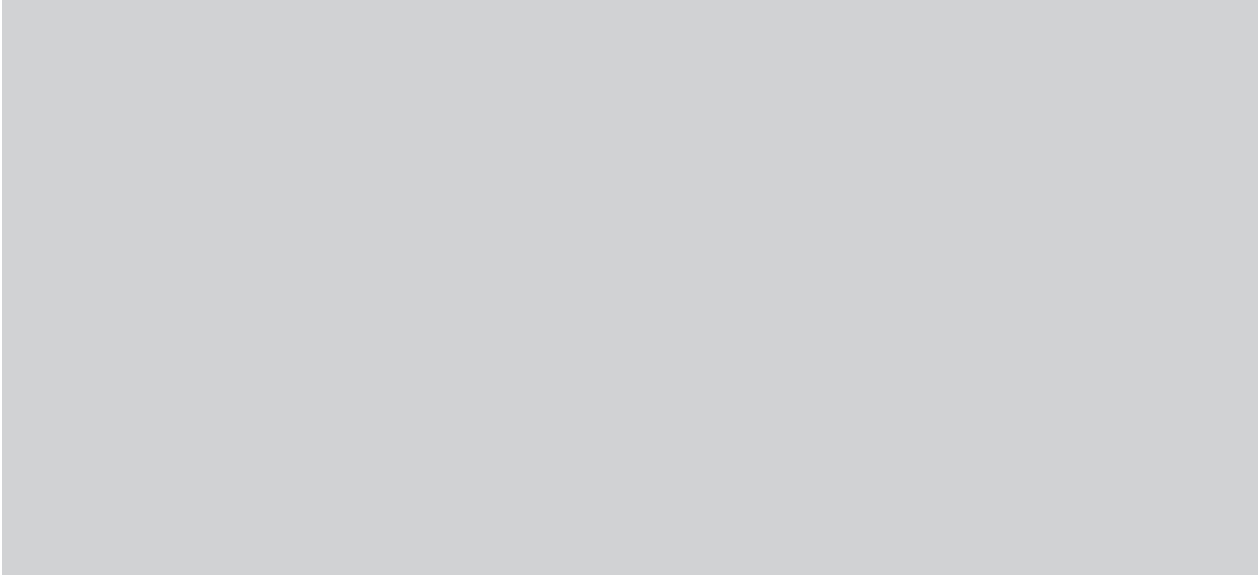


This is the end of Session 1.





Session 2



Use the space in this booklet to do your work. For multiple-choice items, fill in one bubble for the correct answer. For editing task choice items, matching items, and multiselect items, fill in the bubbles for all of the correct answers. For items with response grids, refer to the Directions for Completing the Response Grids on pages 3 and 4. If you change your answer, be sure to erase completely. Scientific calculators may be used for Session 2 of this practice test.

13. Points A , B , and C are collinear and $AB:AC = \frac{2}{5}$. Point A is located at $(-3, 6)$, point B is located at (n, q) , and point C is located at $(-3, -4)$.
What are the values of n and q ?

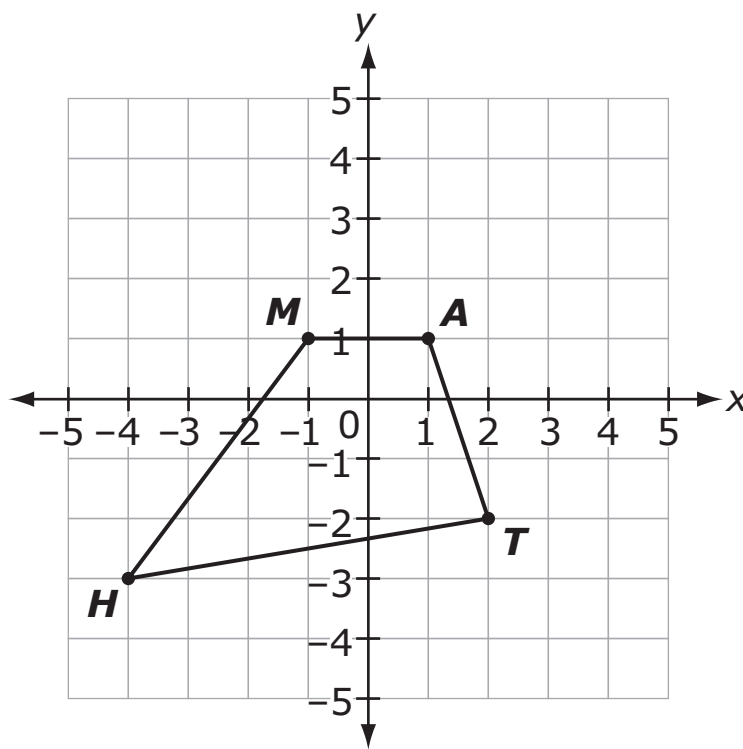
$n =$

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0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

$q =$

<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

14. Quadrilateral $MATH$ is shown.

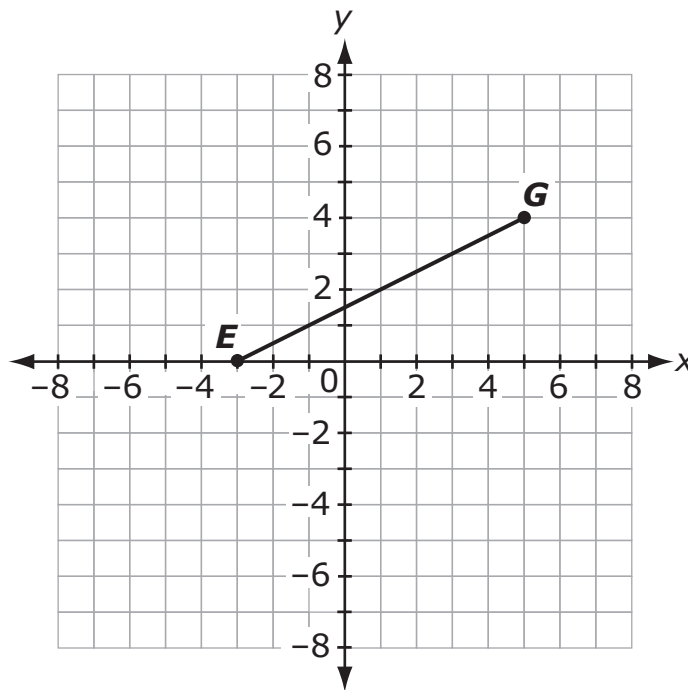


Quadrilateral $MATH$ is dilated by a scale factor of 2.5 centered at $(1, 1)$ to create quadrilateral $M'A'T'H'$.

Select all the statements that are true about the dilation.

- (A) $\overline{MA} \cong \overline{M'A'}$
- (B) $\overline{A'T'}$ will overlap \overline{AT} .
- (C) $\overline{M'A'}$ will overlap \overline{MA} .
- (D) The slope of \overline{HT} is equal to the slope of $\overline{H'T'}$.
- (E) The area of $M'A'T'H'$ is equal to 2.5 times the area of $MATH$.

15. One diagonal of square $EFGH$ is shown on the coordinate grid.



Complete the sentence to describe square $EFGH$. For each box, fill in the bubble before the coordinate or phrase that is correct.

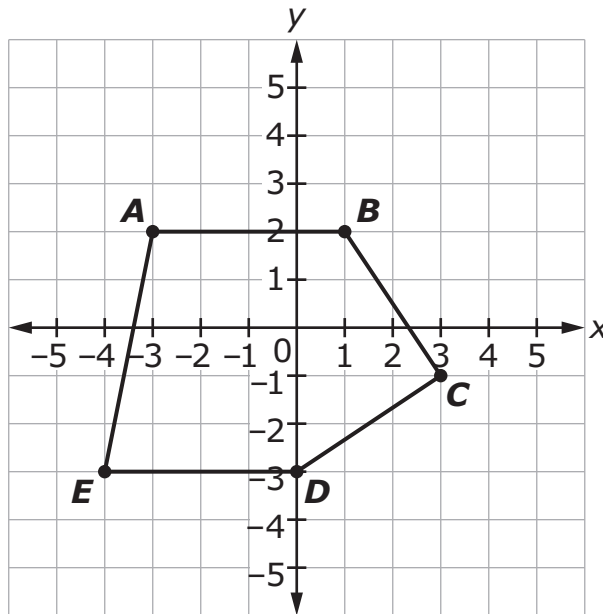
The location of point F could be

- (A) $(-3, 4)$
- (B) $(-1, 6)$
- (C) $(1, -8)$

because diagonals of a square are congruent and

- (A) have the same slope
- (B) bisect each other
- (C) are perpendicular

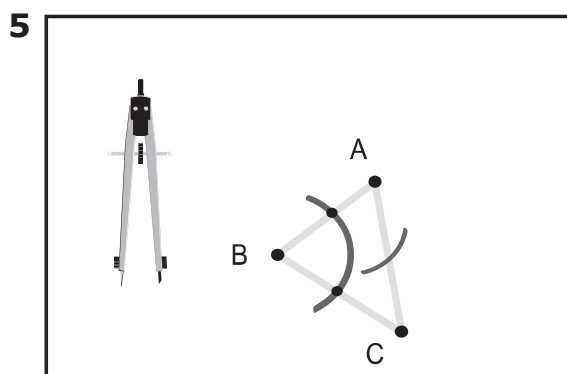
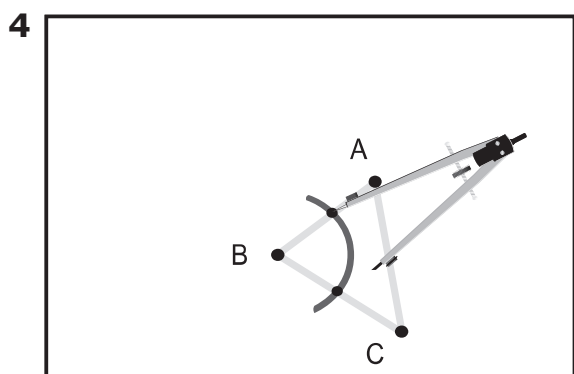
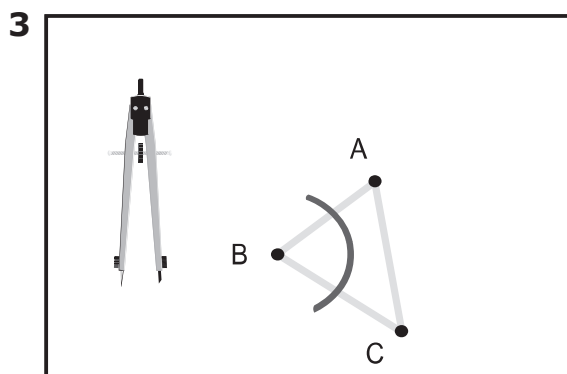
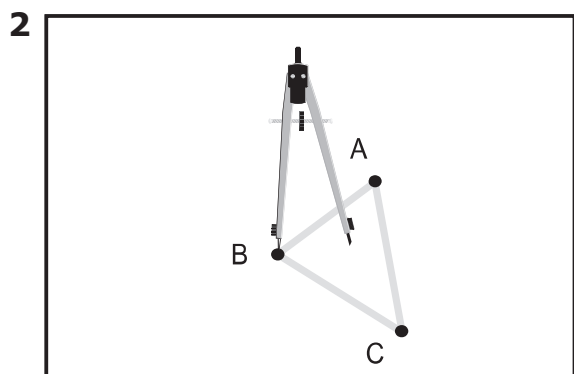
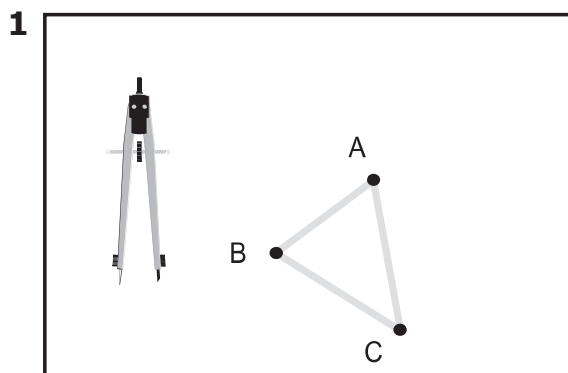
16. Polygon $ABCDE$ is shown on the coordinate grid.



What is the perimeter, to the nearest hundredth of a unit, of polygon $ABCDE$?

-	-	-	-	-	-	-
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9

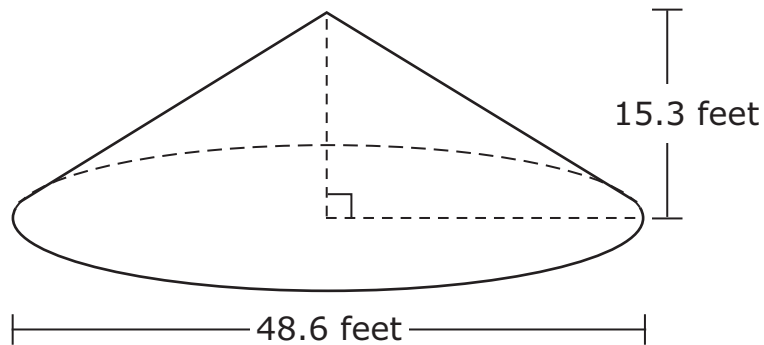
17. Ruben carries out a construction using $\triangle ABC$. A sequence of diagrams shows a part of his construction.



What will be the result of Ruben's construction?

- Ⓐ Ruben constructs a segment perpendicular to \overline{AC} .
- Ⓑ Ruben constructs the bisector of \overline{AC} .
- Ⓒ Ruben constructs an angle congruent to $\angle B$.
- Ⓓ Ruben constructs the bisector of $\angle B$.

18. As phosphate is mined, it moves along a conveyor belt, falling off of the end of the belt into the shape of a right circular cone, as shown.



A shorter conveyor belt also has phosphate falling off of the end into the shape of a right circular cone. The height of the second pile of phosphate is 3.6 feet shorter than the height of the first. The volume of both piles is the same.

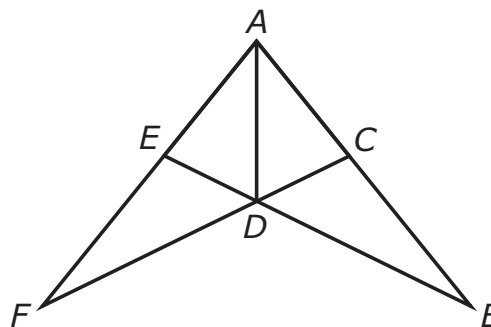
To the nearest tenth of a foot, what is the diameter of the second pile of phosphate?

-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9

19. Gabriel wrote a partial narrative proof to prove $\overline{FD} \cong \overline{BD}$.

Given: \overline{AD} bisects $\angle EAC$
 $\angle FDA \cong \angle BDA$

Prove: $\overline{FD} \cong \overline{BD}$



There are three blanks in the proof below. Choose the correct option to fill in each blank. For each blank, fill in the bubble **before** the option that is correct.

It is given that \overline{AD} bisects $\angle EAC$, and $\angle FDA \cong \angle BDA$. Since \overline{AD} bisects $\angle EAC$, then $\angle DAE \cong \angle DAC$ from the definition of angle bisector. $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{AD}$ by the reflexive property.

\triangle _____ [A DAE B DAC C DEF D CDF E DAF F DAB] is congruent to \triangle _____ [A DAE B DAC C DEF D CDF E DAF F DAB] because of _____ [A SSS B SAS C AAS D ASA].

Therefore, $\overline{FD} \cong \overline{BD}$ because corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent.

20. The population of Florida in 2010 was 18,801,310 and the land area was 53,625 square miles. The population increased 5.8% by 2014.

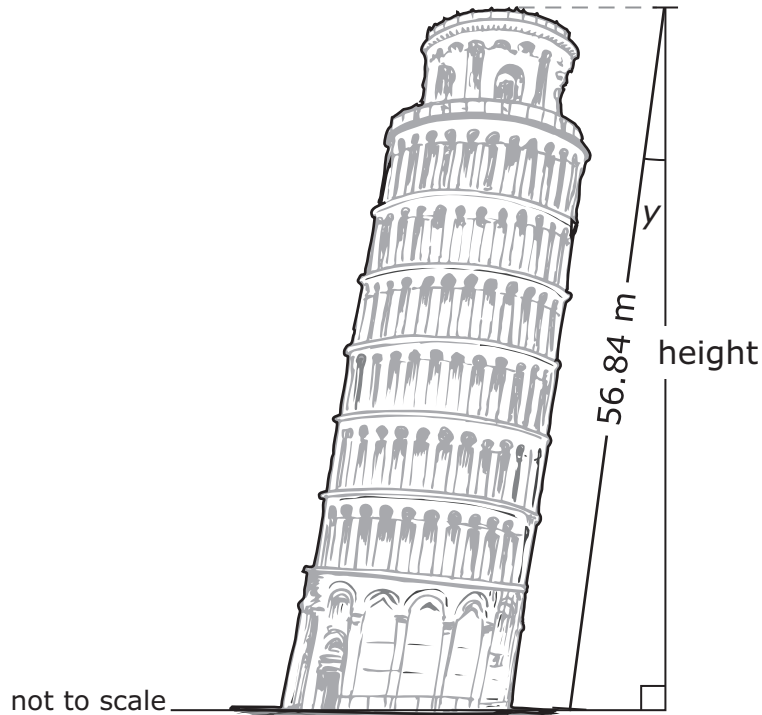
A. To the nearest whole number, what is the population density, in people per square mile, for Florida in 2014?

-	-	-	-	-	-	-
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
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B. To the nearest whole number, how much did the population density, in people per square mile, increase from 2010 to 2014?

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.
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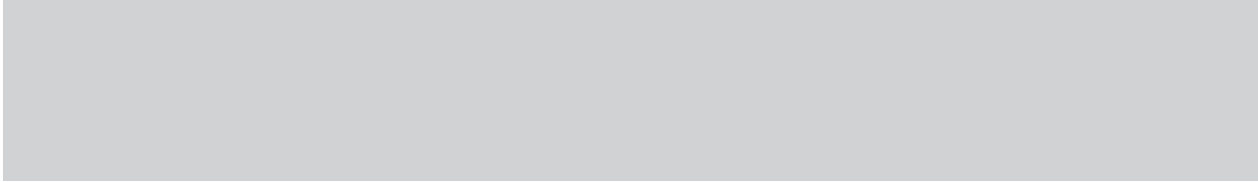
21. The Leaning Tower of Pisa is 56.84 meters (m) long.



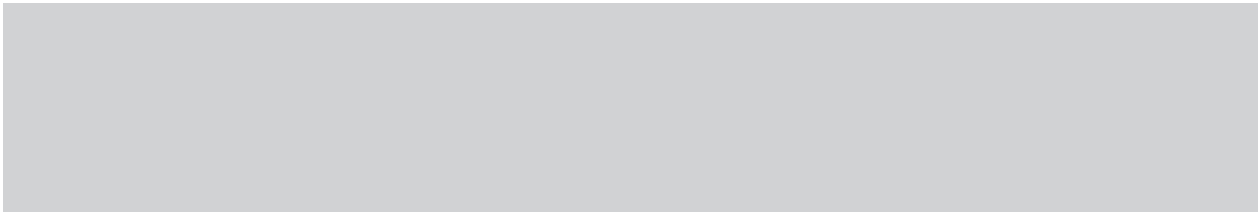
In the 1990s, engineers restored the building so that angle y changed from 5.5° to 3.99° .

To the nearest hundredth of a meter, how much did the restoration change the height of the Leaning Tower of Pisa?

-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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This is the end of Session 2.



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Florida Department of Education, Tallahassee, Florida
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