ExploreLearning

Getting Ready for Florida Assessments with Gizmos

Examples from Florida Standards Assessments, FCAT 2.0, and End-of-Course Assessments

Gizmos assessment alignments

- Slides were created using select sample questions from the following:
 - Florida Standards Assessments, <u>mathematics</u> (grades 3-8)
 - FCAT 2.0, mathematics (grades 6-8)
 - FCAT 2.0, science (grade 8)
 - End-of-Course Assessments, biology 1

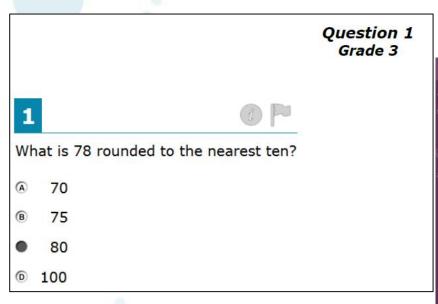
Mathematics, Grades 3-8

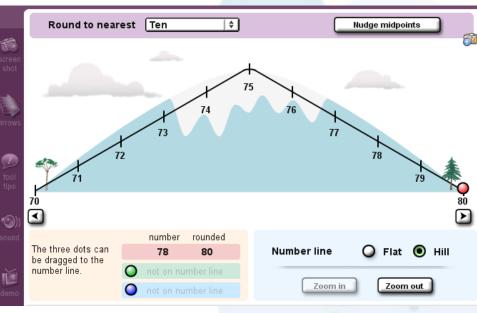
FLORIDA STANDARDS ASSESSMENTS



Gizmo: Rounding Whole Numbers (Number Line)

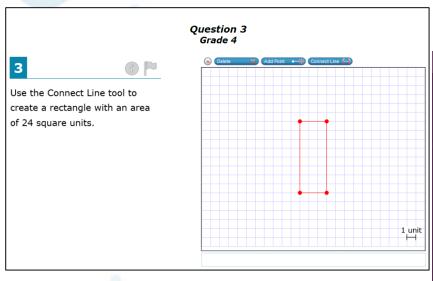
GRADE 3 MAFS.3.NBT.1.1: Use place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100.

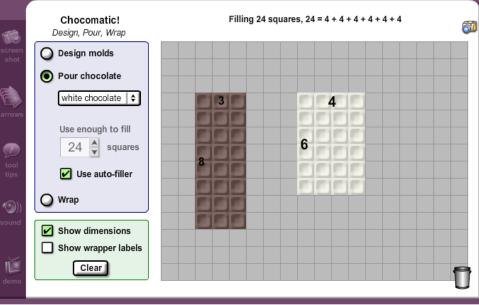




Gizmo: Chocomatic (Multiplication, Arrays, and Area)

GRADE 4. MAFS.4.NBT.2.5 Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a one-digit whole number, and multiply two two-digit numbers, using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.

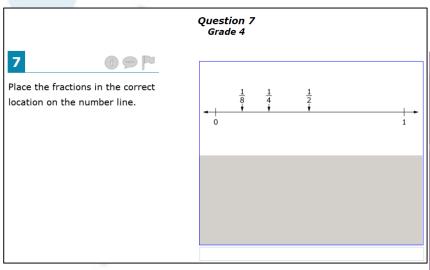


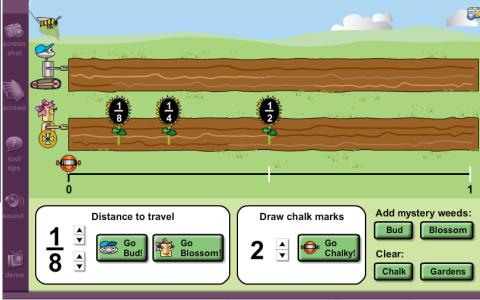




Gizmo: Fraction Garden

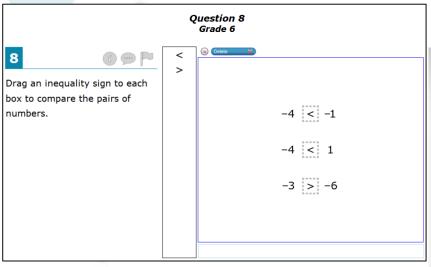
GRADE 4 MAFS.4.NF.1.2: Compare two fractions with different numerators and different denominators, e.g., by creating common denominators or numerators, or by comparing to a benchmark fraction such as ½.

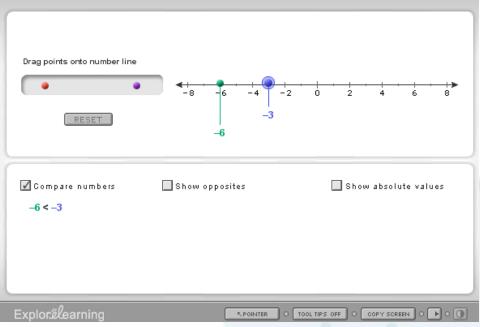




Gizmo: Integers, Opposites, and Absolute Values

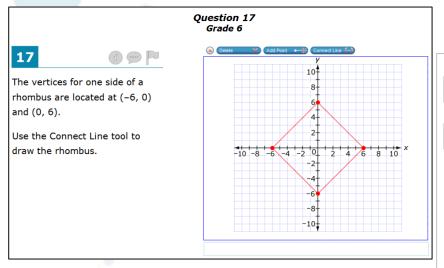
GRADE 6 MAFS.6.NS.3.6c Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.

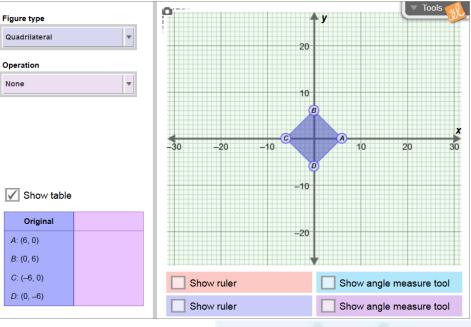




Gizmo: Reflections, Rotations, and Translations

GRADE 6 MAFS.6.G.1.3 Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the length of a side joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate.

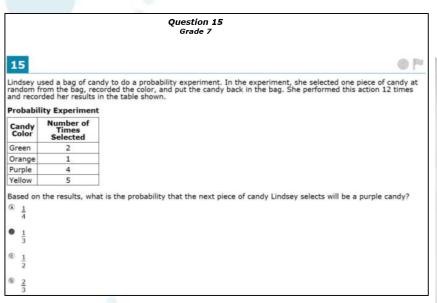


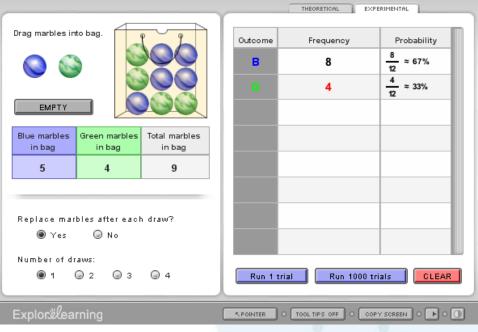




Gizmo: Independent and Dependent Events

GRADE 7 MAFS.7.SP.3.8: Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and simulation.

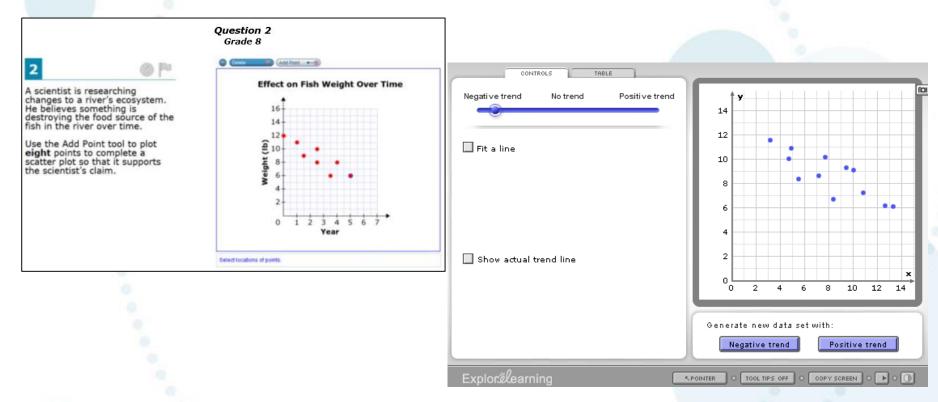






Gizmo: Trends in Scatter Plots

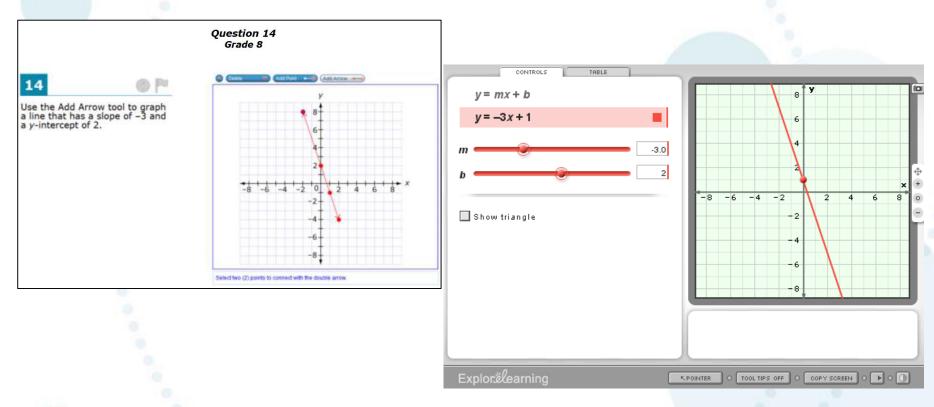
GRADE 8 MAFS.8.SP.1.1: Construct and interpret scatter plots for bivariate measurement data to investigate patterns of association between two quantities. Describe patterns such as clustering, outliers, positive or negative association, linear association, and nonlinear association.





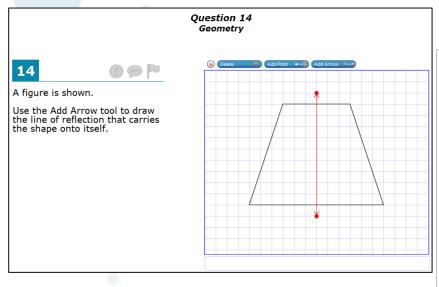
Gizmo: Slope-Intercept Form of a Line Activity B

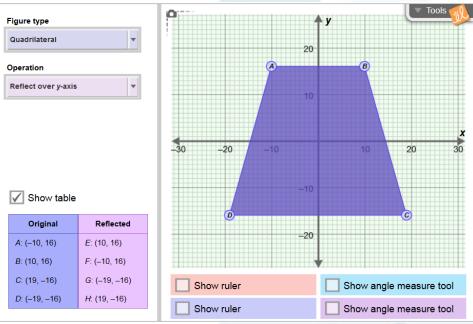
GRADE 8 MAFS.8.EE.2 Understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.



Gizmo: Reflections, Rotations, and Translations

GRADE 9 MAFS.912.G-CO.1.2: Represent transformations in the plane using, e.g., transparencies and geometry software; describe transformations as functions that take points in the plane as inputs and give other points as outputs.





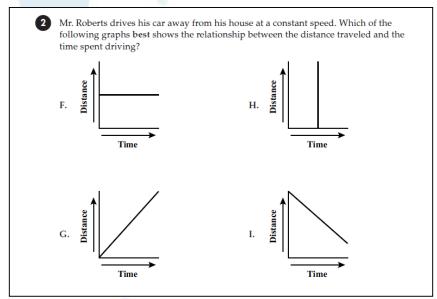
Science, grade 8

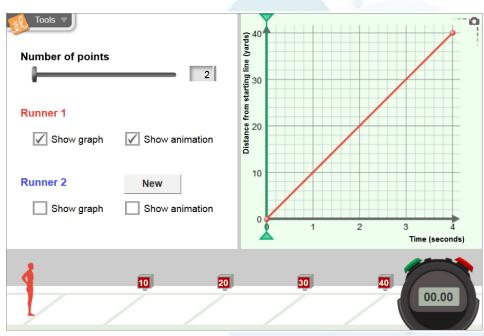
FCAT 2.0



Gizmo: Distance-Time Graphs

GRADE 8 FCAT 2.0 Science sample test question.

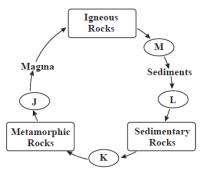




Gizmo: Rock Cycle

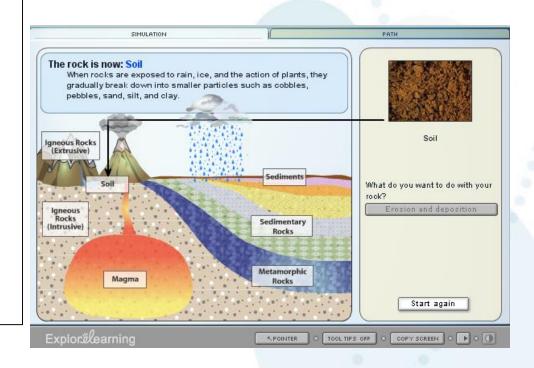
GRADE 8 FCAT 2.0 Science sample test question.

Ice forms in the cracks of a basalt rock formation and breaks some rock into smaller pieces. The diagram below shows part of the rock cycle.



At which point in the cycle shown above would the process of breaking down rocks occur?

- Δ
- R k
- C I
- D. M

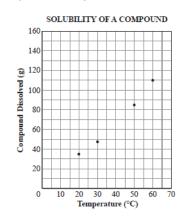




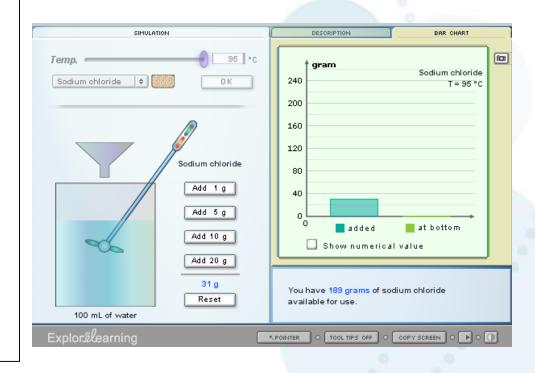
Gizmo: Solubility and Temperature

GRADE 8 FCAT 2.0 Science sample test question.

Students in Ms. Alvarez's eighth grade science class are investigating how temperature, in degrees Celsius (°C), affects the solubility of a compound in 100 milliliters (mL) of water. Ms. Alvarez provides the students with a graph that shows the solubility of a certain compound, as shown below.



She then tells the students that she will demonstrate how many grams (g) of the compound will dissolve in 100 mL of water at 40°C. Based on the information in the graph, which of the following is the best prediction of how many grams of the compound will dissolve at 40°C?





Gizmo: Food Chain & Forest Ecosystem

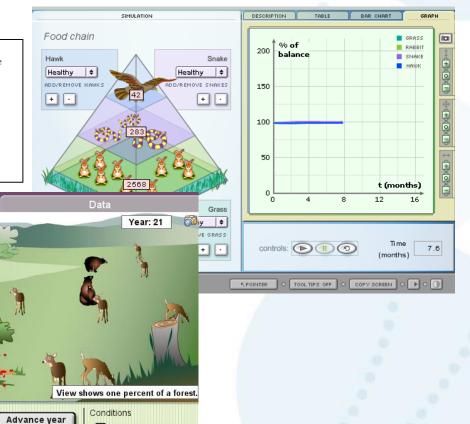
GRADE 8 FCAT 2.0 Science sample test question.

7

Food webs show feeding relationships among different types of organisms. Those organisms each have a specific niche. Which of the following **best** describes a function of decomposers in food webs?

Forest

- A. to recycle nutrients into soil
- B. to convert solar energy into food
- C. to provide food for secondary consumers
- D. to compete with secondary consumers for oxygen



Hunting allowed

Logging allowed

Reset



Biology 1

END-OF-COURSE ASSESSMENTS

Gizmo: Osmosis

HIGH SCHOOL Biology I EOC sample test question.

Sample Item 1 SC.912.N.1.1

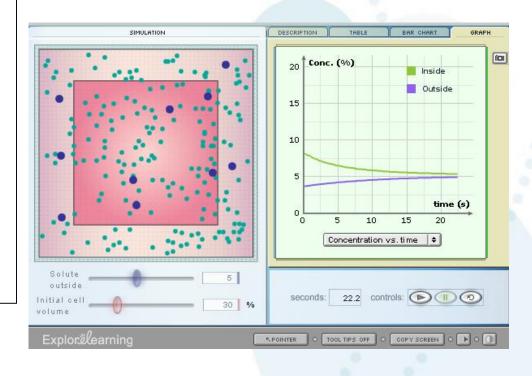
An osmosis investigation was conducted using chicken eggs to represent cells with semipermeable membranes. The mass of each egg was measured to determine how much water diffused into or out of the eggs. The eggs were first soaked in vinegar to dissolve the shell. Each egg was then placed in one of three different solutions for 24 hours. The table below shows the results of the investigation.

OSMOSIS IN CELLS

Solution	Average Mass of Eggs Before Soaking (grams)	Average Mass of Eggs After Soaking (grams)	Difference in Average Mass (grams)	Percent Change in Average Mass
Vinegar (95% water)	71.2	98.6	27.4	+38.5
Corn syrup (5% water)	98.6	64.5	34.1	-34.6
Distilled water (100% water)	64.5	105.3	40.8	+63.3

Based on this experiment, which of the following should be inferred about cells with semipermeable membranes?

- A. Substances other than water may also cross the cell membrane.
- B. Substances other than water may block pores in the cell membrane.
- ★ C. Water enters the cell when placed in environments of high water concentration.
 - D. Water leaves the cell when placed in environments with a low concentration of solutes.

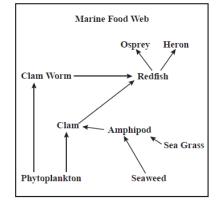




Gizmo: Food Chain & Forest Ecosystem

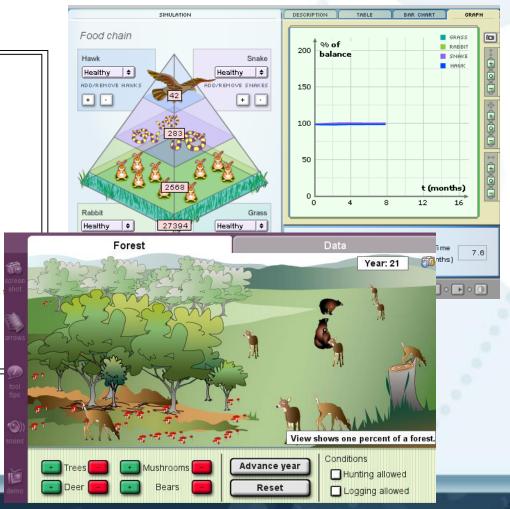
HIGH SCHOOL Biology I EOC sample test question.

A marine food web is shown below.



Which of the following organisms is found in the trophic level with the highest biomass sustains the ecosystem represented by this food web?

- A. Amphipod
- B. Heron
- C. Redfish
- ★ D. Seaweed





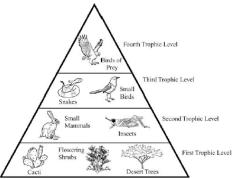
Gizmo: Food Chain & Forest Ecosystem

HIGH SCHOOL Biology I EOC sample test question.

Sample Item 18 SC.912.L.17.9

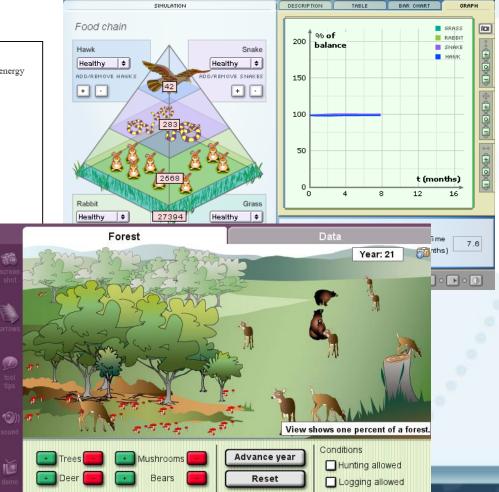
A team of ecologists observed feeding patterns of several populations in the desert. The energy pyramid shown below depicts the feeding patterns the ecologists observed.

DESERT ENERGY PYRAMID



Which of the following best explains the difference in the amount of available energy in trophic levels of the desert ecosystem?

- A. There is less energy available in the producers because their tissues are less dene those at higher trophic levels.
- B. There is more energy available in the second trophic level because less energy is for hunting compared to the higher trophic levels.
- C. There is more available energy in the birds of prey because they have greater m mass for storing energy than organisms in lower trophic levels have.
- ★ D. There is less available energy in the fourth trophic level because of the loss of enthrough metabolism in each of the lower trophic levels.





Gizmo: <u>Cell Energy Cycle</u> and <u>Photosynthesis</u>

CHEMICALS

Oxygen

HIGH SCHOOL Biology I EOC sample test question.

Biology 1 End-of-Course Assessment SC.912.L.14.7

Sample Item 4 SC.912.L.14.7

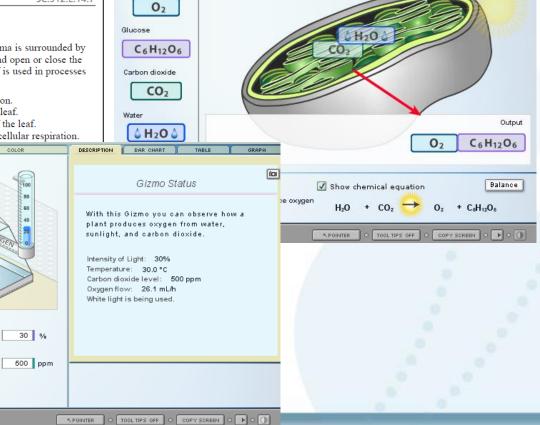
Terrestrial plants have stomata on the surface of their leaves. A single stoma is surrounded by two guard cells that change shape in response to environmental factors and open or close the stoma. Which of the following best explains how the structure of the leaf is used in processes that occur in the plant?

- A. Water enters the plant through the surface of the leaf for transpiration.
- ★ B. Gases for photosynthesis are exchanged through the surface of the leaf.
 - C. Energy for cellular reproduction is absorbed through the surface of the leaf.
- D. Carbon dioxide enters the plant through the surface of the leaf for cellular respiration.

Light intensity

GO₂ level

© 30.0



PHOTOSYNTHESIS

Add light



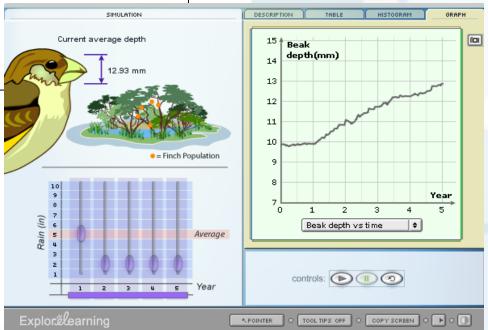
Gizmo: Rainfall and Bird Beaks

HIGH SCHOOL Biology I EOC sample test question.

Sample Item 11 SC.912.L.15.13

Over time, the climate of an island became drier, which resulted in changes to the populations of various island finch species. Finch populations with a certain beak shape thrived, while those not having that beak shape decreased. Which of the following describes a necessary condition for these changes in the finch populations to occur?

- A. fewer mutations
- ★ B. limited food resources
 - C. limited beak variations
 - D. overproduction of offspring



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