

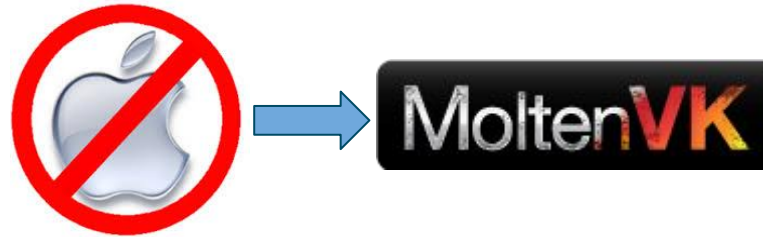
# Getting Started with Vulkan

Loader, Layers, and Other Resources

# Before You Begin

## Supported Operating Systems:

- Windows 7+ (32-bit or 64-bit)
- Linux
  - Ubuntu 14.04 or newer
  - Fedora Core 23 or newer
- Android Nougat or newer



## C/C++ Compiler (minimum):

- Visual Studio 2013
- GCC 4.8.1
- Clang 3.3

## Tools:

- Python 3
- CMake 3.0+
- Git

# Graphics Hardware

## Desktop Devices (minimum):

AMD:	Radeon HD 77xx	[Windows]
	Radeon R9	[Linux]
Intel:	Skylake	[Windows]
	Ivy Bridge	[Linux]
Nvidia:	GeForce 600 series	

## Android Nougat (or newer) Devices:

ARM:	Mali T760
Imagination:	PowerVR Series 6
Nvidia:	Tegra K1
Qualcomm:	Adreno 500

NOTE: This is an approximate list. Contact your HW provider for up-to-date support info.

# Vulkan SDKs Contain Useful Content

- Latest Documentation
- Validation layers
- Samples
- Other Useful Tools



# Android Vulkan SDK

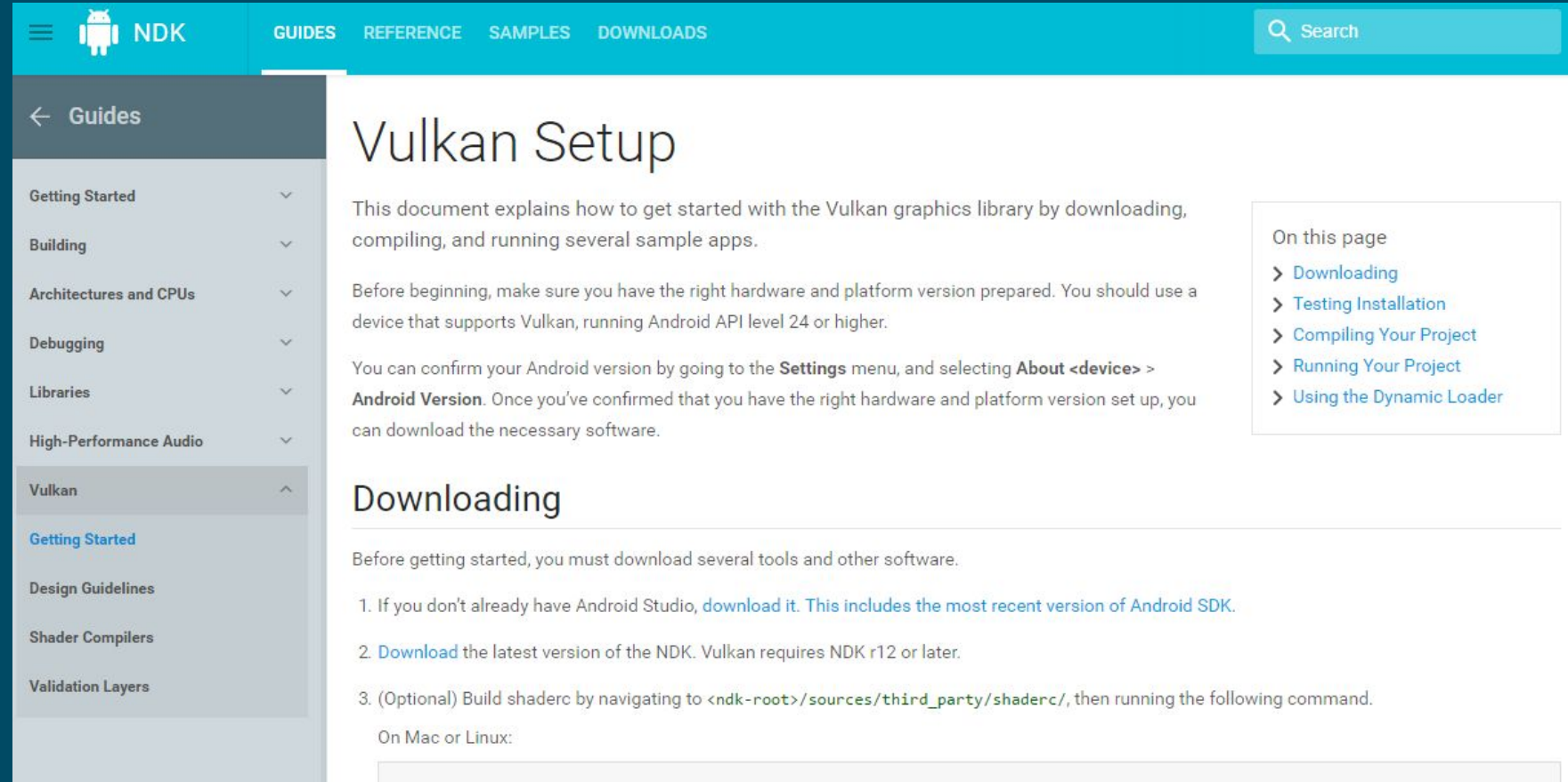
<https://developer.android.com/ndk/guides/graphics/getting-started.html>

Targets:

- Android Nougat Devices

Requires:

- Android Studio 2.1+



The screenshot shows the Android NDK Vulkan Setup guide page. The page has a teal header with the Android NDK logo and navigation links for GUIDES, REFERENCE, SAMPLES, and DOWNLOADS. A search bar is located in the top right corner. The main content area is titled "Vulkan Setup" and contains the following text:

This document explains how to get started with the Vulkan graphics library by downloading, compiling, and running several sample apps.

Before beginning, make sure you have the right hardware and platform version prepared. You should use a device that supports Vulkan, running Android API level 24 or higher.

You can confirm your Android version by going to the **Settings** menu, and selecting **About <device>** > **Android Version**. Once you've confirmed that you have the right hardware and platform version set up, you can download the necessary software.

The page also features a "Getting Started" section titled "Downloading" with the following instructions:

Before getting started, you must download several tools and other software.

1. If you don't already have Android Studio, [download it](#). This includes the most recent version of Android SDK.
2. [Download](#) the latest version of the NDK. Vulkan requires NDK r12 or later.
3. (Optional) Build shaderc by navigating to `<ndk-root>/sources/third_party/shaderc/`, then running the following command.

On Mac or Linux:

On this page

- > [Downloading](#)
- > [Testing Installation](#)
- > [Compiling Your Project](#)
- > [Running Your Project](#)
- > [Using the Dynamic Loader](#)

# Desktop Vulkan SDK

<https://vulkan.lunarg.com/>

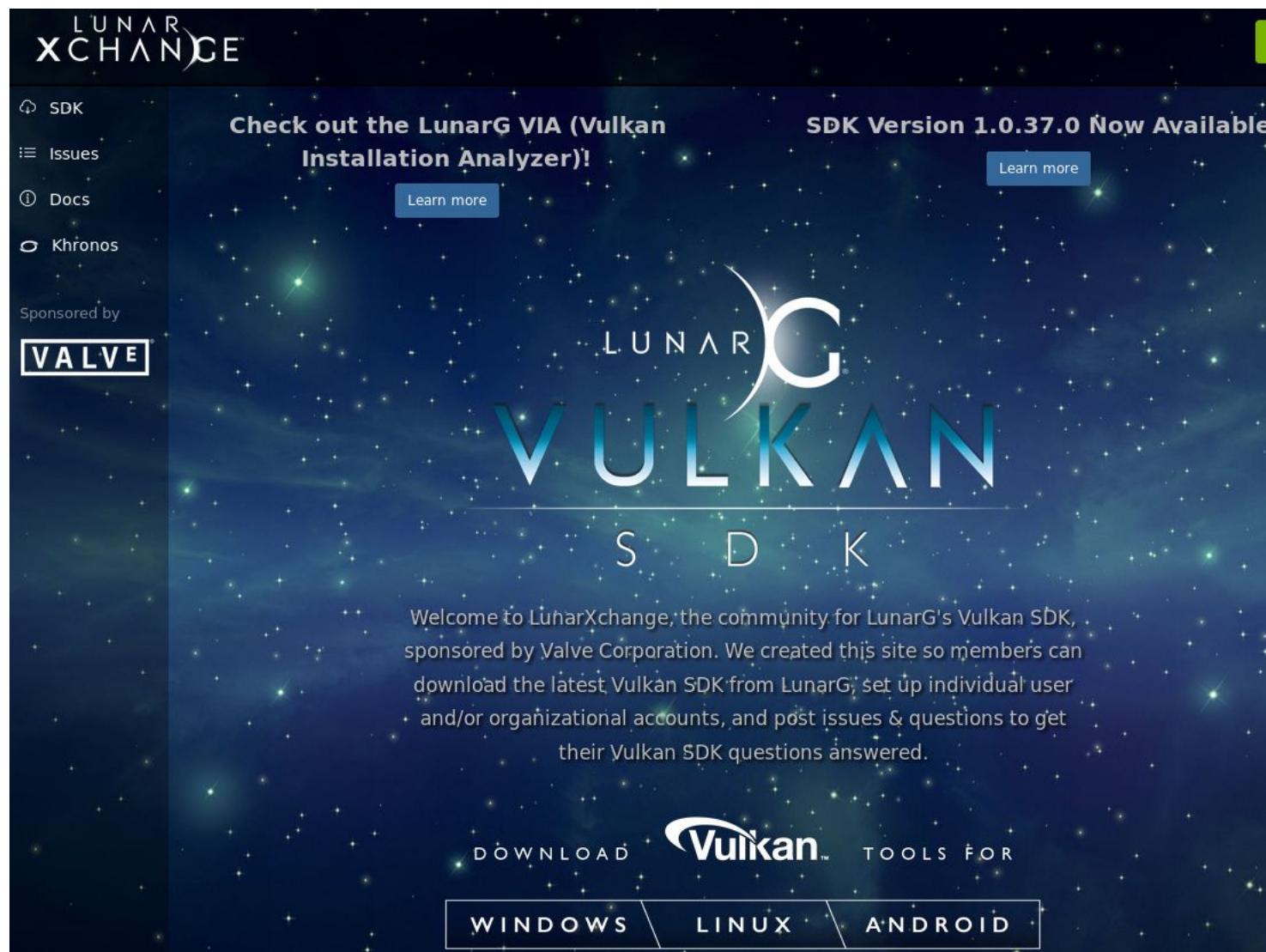
Targets:

- Windows
- Linux

Also Includes:

- Latest Vulkan Loader/Run-time
- Additional Layers
  - Screenshot
  - Trace/replay
- Tutorial

Released every 4 - 6 weeks



The screenshot shows the LunarXchange website for the Vulkan SDK. The page has a dark blue background with a starry space theme. At the top left, the 'LUNAR XCHANGE' logo is visible. A navigation menu on the left includes links for 'SDK', 'Issues', 'Docs', and 'Khronos'. Below the menu, it says 'Sponsored by' followed by the 'VALVE' logo. The main content area features a large 'LUNAR G VULKAN SDK' logo. Above the logo, there are two promotional banners: 'Check out the LunarG VIA (Vulkan Installation Analyzer)!' with a 'Learn more' button, and 'SDK Version 1.0.37.0 Now Available' with a 'Learn more' button. Below the logo, a welcome message reads: 'Welcome to LunarXchange, the community for LunarG's Vulkan SDK, sponsored by Valve Corporation. We created this site so members can download the latest Vulkan SDK from LunarG, set up individual user and/or organizational accounts, and post issues & questions to get their Vulkan SDK questions answered.' At the bottom, there are buttons for 'DOWNLOAD' and 'Vulkan TOOLS FOR', with a sub-menu for 'WINDOWS', 'LINUX', and 'ANDROID'.

# Vulkan Installation Analyzer (VIA)

## Validates your desktop setup

- Determines available Vulkan drivers, runtime, and layers
- Captures system state into HTML

## Run it:

- After installing SDK or new drivers
- When you file a bug

# VIA Results

Overall Result spit out to Command-line (detailed in Readme file):

```
SUCCESS: Validation completed properly  
ERROR: Failed to find Vulkan Driver JSON  
ERROR: Failed to find Vulkan Driver Lib  
ERROR: Vulkan failed to find a compatible driver  
...
```

HTML contains details (in collapsible sections)

LUNAR G VIA  
Vulkan Installation Analyzer  
Version 1.1

< NOTE: Click on section name to expand table >

### System Info

- Environment
- Hardware
- Executable
- Vulkan Driver Info
- Vulkan Runtimes
- LunarG Vulkan SDKs
- Implicit Layers
- Explicit Layers
- Layer Settings File



# Vulkan Loader

The gateway to Vulkan on a user's system

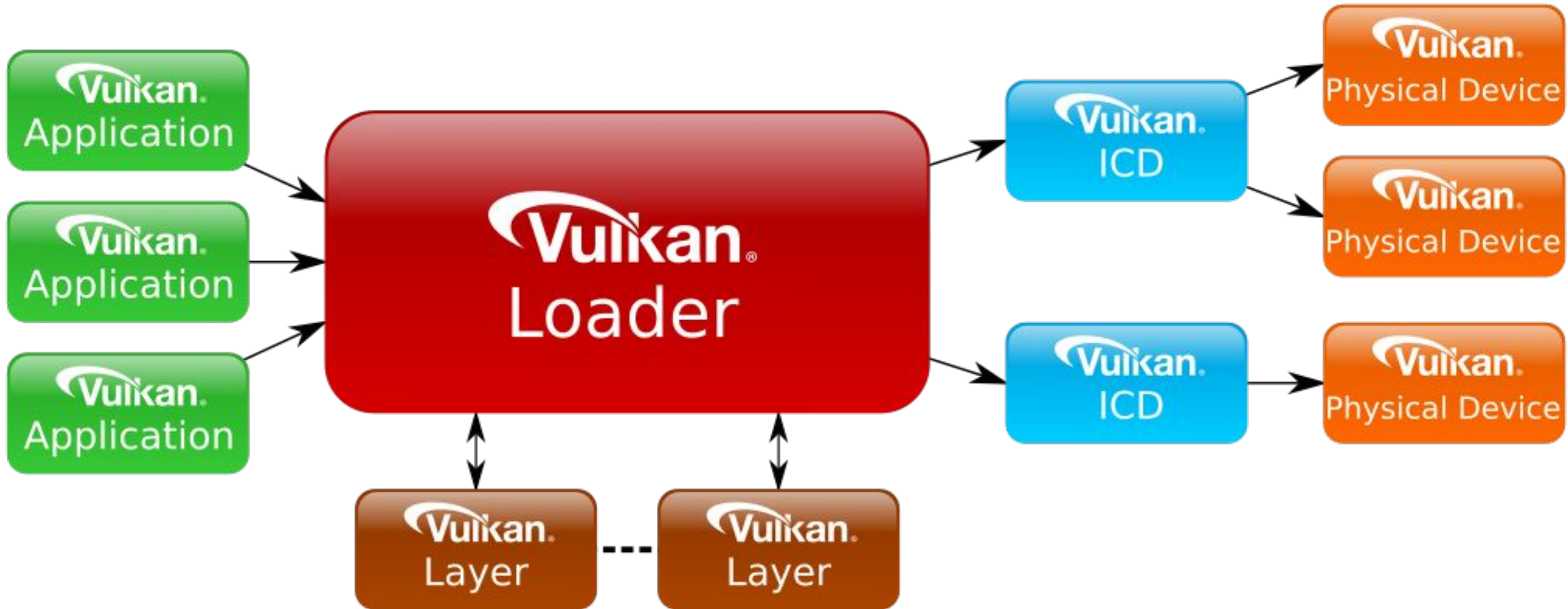
Similar to OpenGL loader typically provided by OS Vendors, but:

- Owned by Khronos
- Updated regularly (4-6 weeks)
- Desktop Loader is Open Source on GitHub
  - Largely developed by LunarG (funded by Valve)
  - Community support/bug-fixes greatly appreciated and accepted
    - NOTE: CLA required for any contributions

How does it get installed on a system?

- Drivers
- Applications
- SDKs

# Vulkan Loader (High Level Interfaces)



# Okay, Really Vulkan Loaders (Plural)

Intent is only one loader to rule them all

Two different loaders:

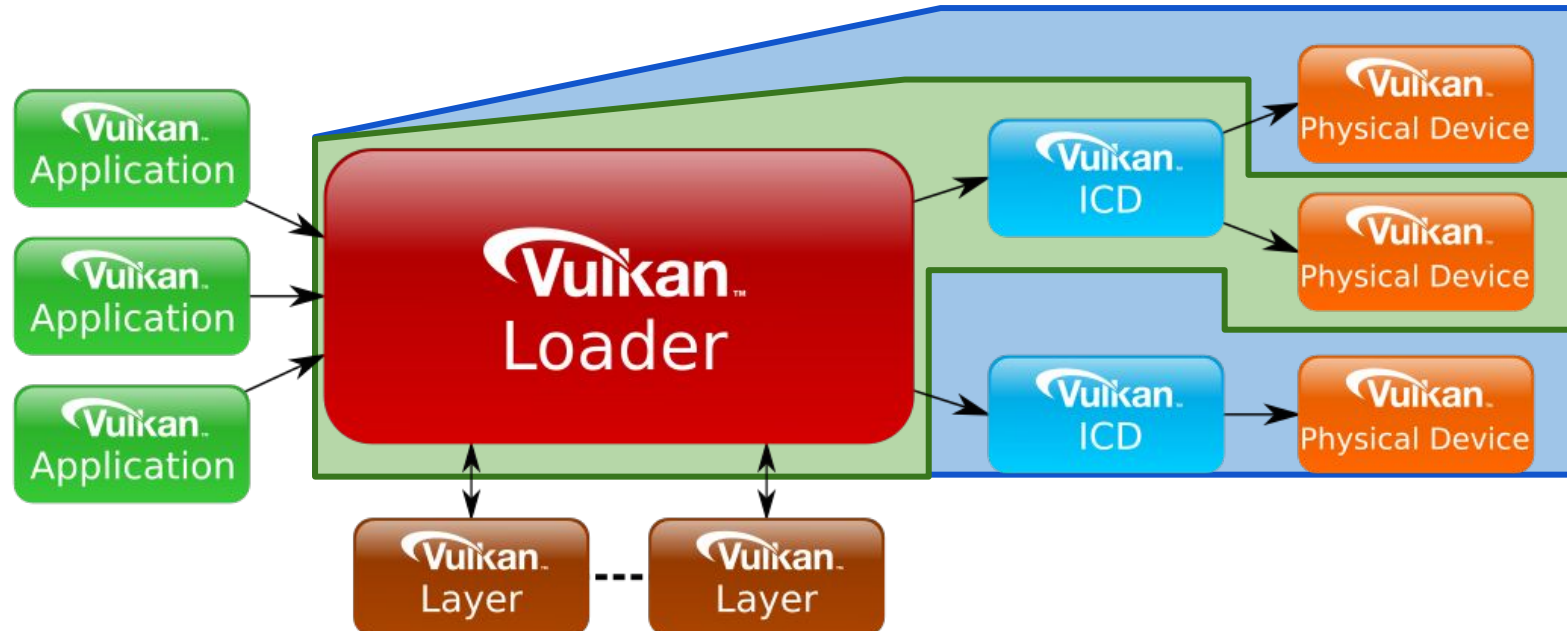
- Desktop Loader
  - Same source used for Linux/Windows
  - Open Source (in Github)
- Android Loader
  - Nougat+ devices
  - Closed Source

But one loader interface design (in GitHub and LunarG Vulkan SDK)  
[Link provided at end]

# Object Groups

**Instance:** High-level construct (similar to GL Context)  
Works with all ICDs and Physical Devices  
Includes: [VkInstance](#) and [VkPhysicalDevice](#)

**Device:** Logical accessor to a particular Physical Device (through a particular ICD)  
Includes: [VkDevice](#), [VkQueue](#), [VkCmdBuffer](#) and other objects derived from these

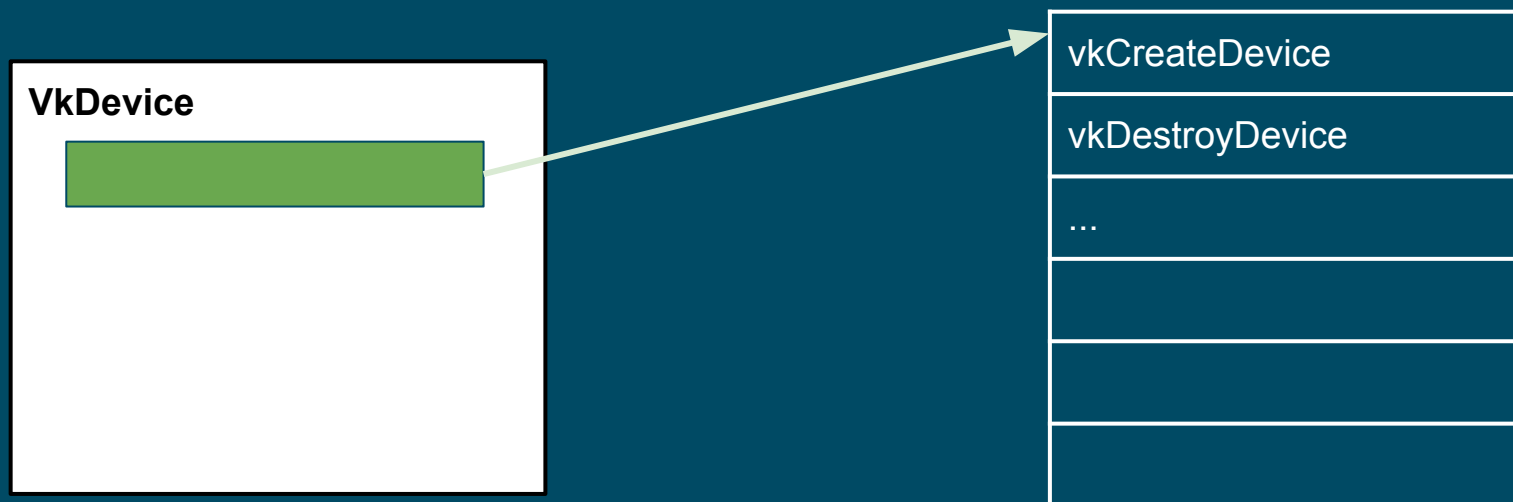


# Dispatchable Objects

- Most commands take an opaque dispatchable object as first parameter

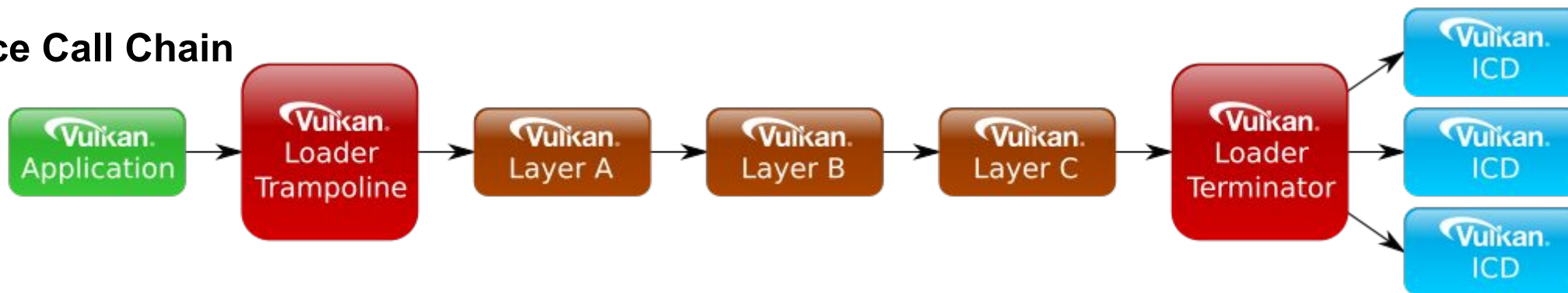
```
VkResult vkGetEventStatus(VkDevice device, VkEvent event);
```

- First field in each dispatchable object is a dispatch table pointer
  - Used by loader trampoline code
  - ICDs must reserve first element of created objects for a pointer the loader will fill in

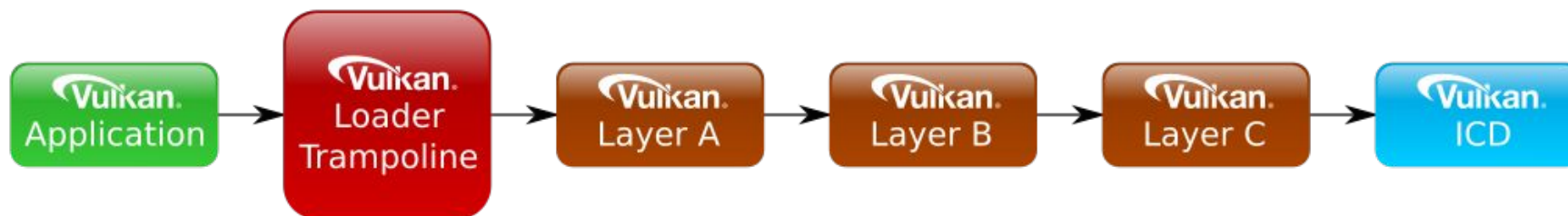


# Call Chains

## Instance Call Chain



## Device Call Chain using loader exports \*



## Device Call Chain using vkGetDeviceProcAddr \*

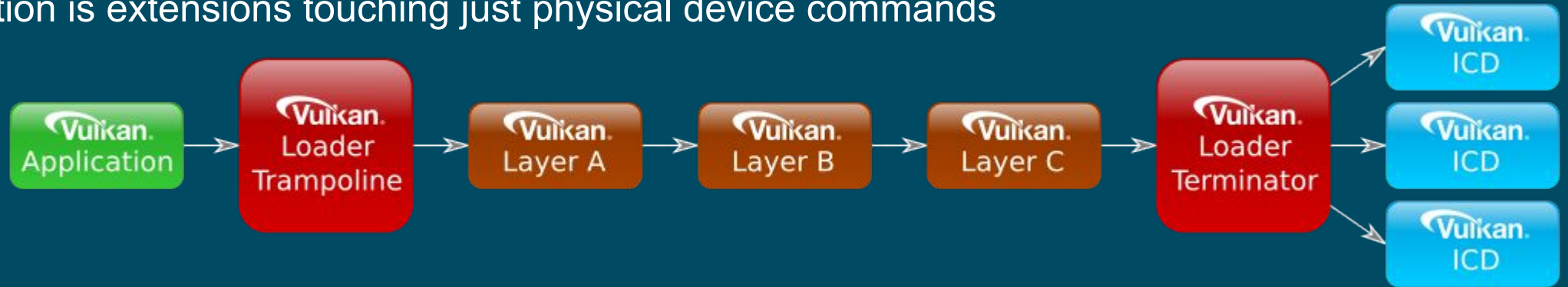


\* Some special cases still require a specific device call chain to include a trampoline/terminator

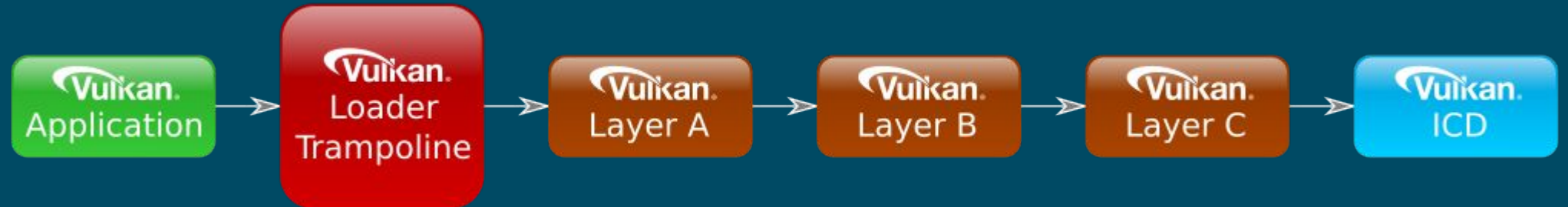
# Vulkan Loader - Extensions

Instance Extensions **must be known by the loader!**

- Exception is extensions touching just physical device commands



The loader doesn't need to know about Device Extensions



# Vulkan Desktop Loader Debug Environment Variable

Enable Loader debug messages:

VK\_LOADER\_DEBUG      warn, error, info, perf, debug, all



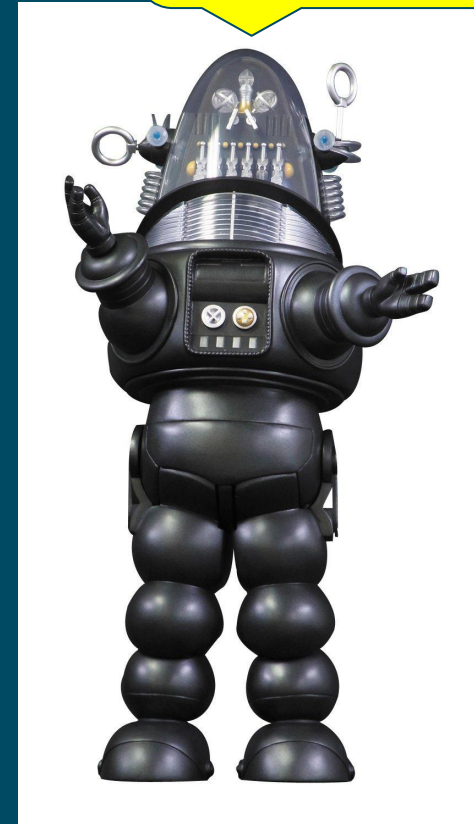


# Vulkan Loader Warning

- Loader will crash if you use it improperly
- Designed for performance and functionality
- Like C, enough rope...



**WARNING,  
VULKAN  
DEVELOPER!**



# Vulkan ICDs [Desktop]

- Looks for Manifest files
  - Formatted in JSON
  - Contain basic information about ICD (name, API version, library)
  - Windows
    - Registry: HKLM/Software/Khronos/Vulkan/Drivers
  - Linux
    - Standard folders (under vulka/icd.d/):
      - /usr/local/etc/vulkan/icd.d
      - /usr/local/share/vulkan/icd.d
      - ...
- Loader investigates these during `vkEnumerateInstanceExtensions` and `vkCreateInstance`

# Vulkan Loader ICD Debug Environment Variables

Force a particular Driver path:

`VK_DRIVERS_PATH`

Delimited list of paths to location of driver JSON files

Force a particular ICD:

`VK_ICD_FILENAMES`

Delimited list of specific driver JSON files (by full driver name)

# Vulkan Layers

- Optional components, enabled by request
  - App passes layer names to `vkCreateInstance` via `VkInstanceCreateInfo` member `ppEnabledLayerNames`
  - Desktop environment var: `VK_INSTANCE_LAYERS`
- Can add, remove, or augment Vulkan behavior
  - Validation `VK_LAYER_LUNARG_standard_validation`
  - Track debug data `VK_LAYER_RENDERDOC_Capture`
  - Render FPS `VK_LAYER_LUNARG_monitor`
  - Log content `VK_LAYER_LUNARG_api_dump`
  - Grab screenshots `VK_LAYER_LUNARG_screenshot`
  - Write your own!

# Reasons for Using Validation

Determine application correctness

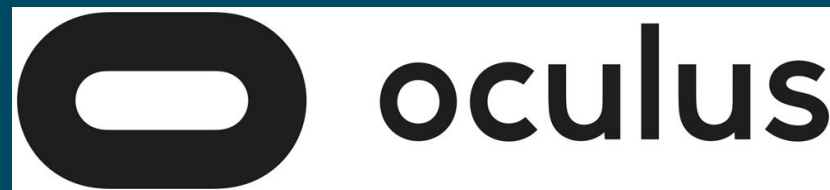
Catch portability issues

- Produces validation errors, but still works for you
- May not work for others

Evaluate Vulkan usage efficiency

- More focus on this in the future

You want to be like:



# What's in Standard Validation?

A “Meta-Layer” grouping other layers in proper order

VK\_LAYER\_LUNARG\_standard\_validation

VK\_LAYER\_GOOGLE\_threading

VK\_LAYER\_LUNARG\_parameter\_validation

VK\_LAYER\_LUNARG\_object\_tracker

VK\_LAYER\_LUNARG\_image

VK\_LAYER\_LUNARG\_core\_validation

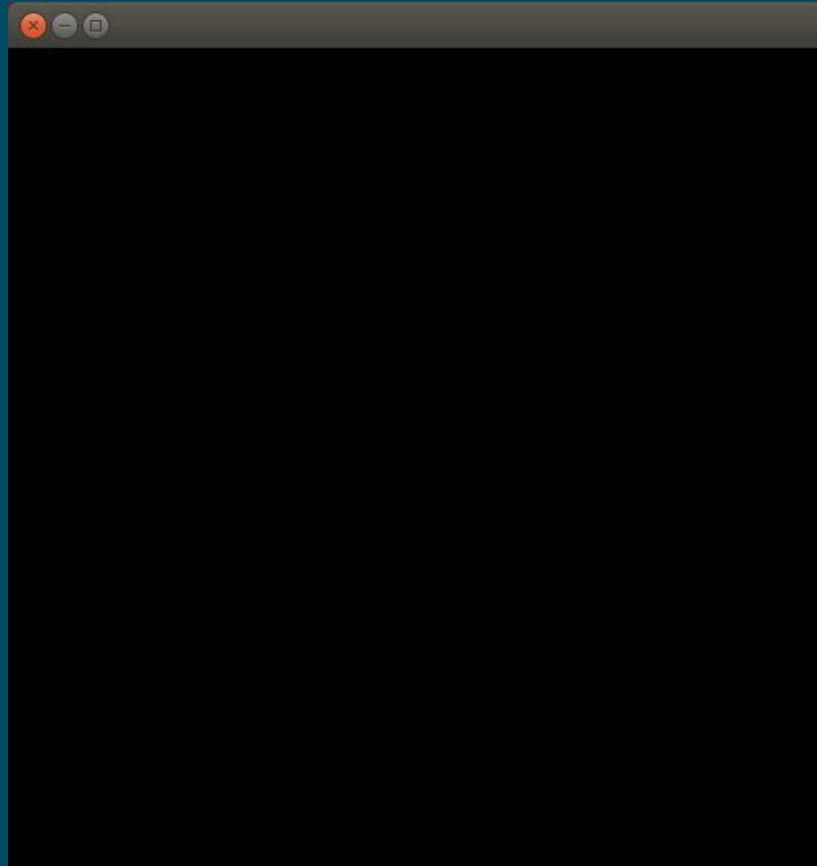
VK\_LAYER\_LUNARG\_swapchain

VK\_LAYER\_GOOGLE\_unique\_objects

Only on  
Desktop,  
Sorry  
Android  
Developers

# Using Standard validation

I wrote my app, it runs (without returning a bad VkResult) but...



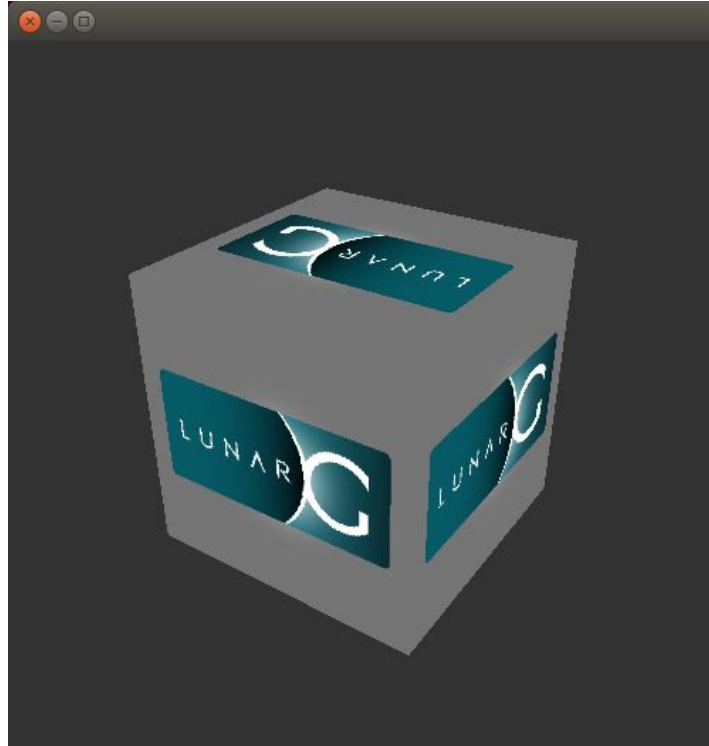
Initial response: “Man, Vulkan Sucks!”

# Validation Output

Turn on validation and you see:

```
ERROR: [DS] Code 31 : You must call vkEndCommandBuffer() on  
CB 0x97b8e0 before this call to vkQueueSubmit()!
```

Easy fix, and then:





# Always Grab the Latest

Download the latest SDKs (for Desktop or Android)

Continually improving:

- Validation coverage
- Support for new Extensions
- Bug fixes
- Performance tweaks
- Warning/Error message clarifications
  - Listing Spec sections

# Useful, But Don't Always Enable

Validation layers causes perf impact

Performance hit depends on application complexity

Smoke (in LVL demos) on Intel Linux Mesa:

Normal: 160+ fps

With Validation: 6+ fps (roughly 4% of initial perf)

If higher perf needed

- Don't use "standard\_validation"
- Manually enable some validation layers

Needed during development, but not final product

# Vulkan Layer Dispatching

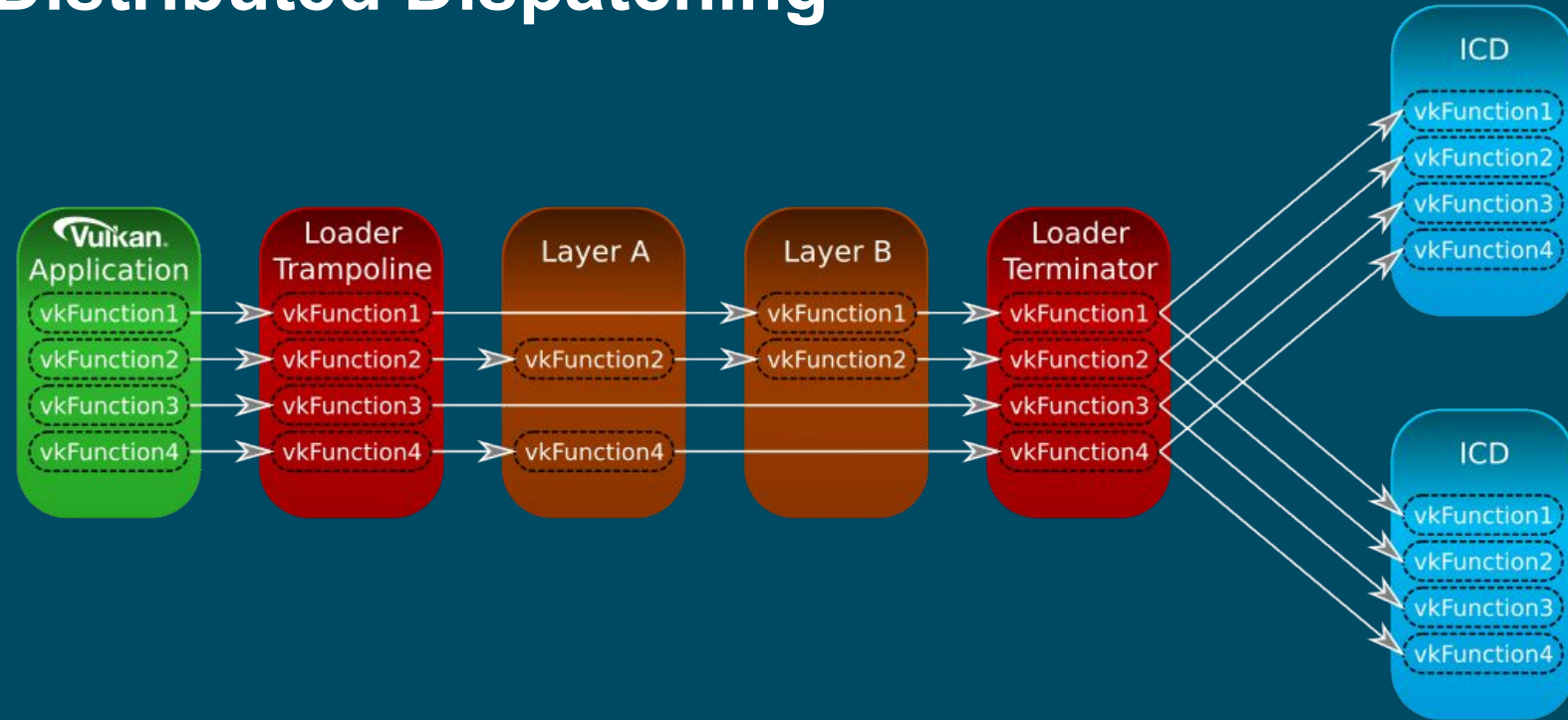
- Must have own dispatch table (to call next in chain)
  - Don't use table in object
- Assistance available:
  - vk\_layer.h defines instance and device dispatch table structures and utility funcs
  - Some extensions present, but layers may need to define their own extension function pointer storage

# Vulkan Layer Distributed Dispatching

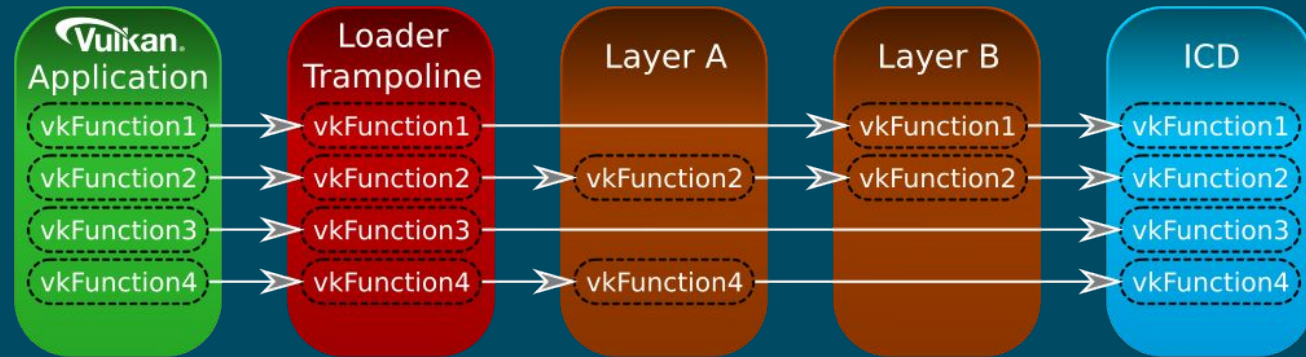
- Layers do NOT have to intercept all calls
  - Must intercept
    - vkCreateInstance
    - vkEnumerateInstanceLayerProperties
    - vkGetInstanceProcAddr
  - If implementing device commands, must also intercept
    - vkCreateDevice
    - vkGetDeviceProcAddr
- Layers should pass the info along, except
  - vkNegotiateLoaderLayerInterfaceVersion
  - Others may choose to not pass down

# Vulkan Layer Distributed Dispatching

Instance Chain



Device Chain



# Vulkan Layer Definitions (Desktop)

- Stored in JSON file
  - Windows : Define in Registry
    - HKLM/Software/Khronos
  - Linux: Found in Standard paths
    - /usr/local/etc/vulkan
    - /usr/local/share/vulkan
    - /etc/vulkan
    - /usr/share/vulkan
    - \$HOME/.local/share/vulkan
- Queried by loader without loading library for security reasons

# Desktop Layer Debug Environment Vars

- Force on a Layer from outside the application:

VK\_INSTANCE\_LAYERS      Delimited list of layer names to enable

- Force/Override the Layer path:

VK\_LAYER\_PATH              Delimited list of paths to search for layer  
JSON files

# Desktop Layer Loading

## Implicit

- Can be always enabled
- Disable with Environment Variable (Defined in JSON)
- Example: `VK_LAYER_NV_Optimus`

## Explicit

- Must be enabled by app or environment

## Different registry/folder locations:

- Windows Registry:
  - ImplicitLayers
  - ExplicitLayers
- Linux folders:
  - `implicit_layer.d`
  - `explicit_layer.d`



Only  
“Explicit Layers” on  
Android



# Overall Desktop Layer Order



# Vulkan Layer Wrapping

- “Wrapping”
  - Creating your own object that contains a dispatchable object
  - Return your object pointer back up call chain
  - When called, “unwraps” object on way back down call chain
- Possibilities
  - If you can avoid wrapping:
    - Use hash table (or something similar) to reference your data based on dispatchable object value
  - If you have to wrap:
    - **Must** “unwrap” your object in any extension command that uses that object for everything to work properly
    - **Suggest** you maintain a “whitelist” of supported extensions and warn on something new
    - Layer **must** wrap with struct containing dispatch table
      - Initialize with SetInstanceLoaderData or SetDeviceLoaderData



# RenderDoc

Graphical Debugger with Vulkan support

Currently only on Windows

Record and then investigate

Where?

- Installed with LunarG's Vulkan SDK
- Source available in Github

# RenderDoc



The screenshot displays the RenderDoc application interface for a scene named "OutdoorLightScatteringSample.rdc". The main window shows a rendering pipeline with four passes: Depth-only Pass #1, Colour Pass #1 (1 Targets + Depth), Colour Pass #2 (2 Targets + Depth), and Colour Pass #3 (1 Targets + Depth). Below the pipeline is a timeline showing texture reads and writes.

The Event Browser on the left lists various GPU events with their EIDs and durations. The API Calls section at the bottom left shows the current call: ID3D11DeviceContext::DrawIndexed.

The Texture Viewer in the center shows a wireframe mesh of a mountain range. The right sidebar contains OM Targets, PS Resources, and Pixel Context. The OM Targets section shows Texture2D RTV 315 (highlighted in red) and Texture2D DSV 318.

At the bottom, a status bar indicates: "OutdoorLightScatteringSample.rdc loaded. No problems detected."

EID	Name	Duration (us)
3	ClearDepthStencilView(0.0000, ...	0.00
406	Depth-only Pass #1	0.00
532	Colour Pass #1 (1 Targets + De...	0.00
415	ClearRenderTargetView(0.00...	0.00
416	ClearDepthStencilView(0.000...	0.00
438	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
440	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
442	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
444	DrawIndexed(575)	0.00
446	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
448	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
450	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
452	DrawIndexed(575)	0.00
454	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
456	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
458	DrawIndexed(574)	0.00
460	DrawIndexed(575)	0.00

EID	API Call
449	ID3D11DeviceContext::IASetIndexBuffer
450	ID3D11DeviceContext::DrawIndexed

# Beyond RenderDoc

RenderDoc is a great place to start, but missing GPU internal data

- No kernel-level thread timing
- No GPU context submission information
- Missing throughput information

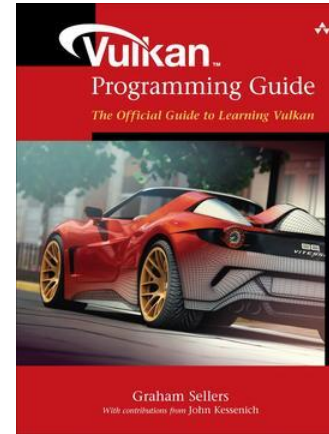
For that, use your HW vendor's tools (Vulkan Support may vary):

- AMD PerfStudio
- Intel GPA
- Nvidia Nsight
- ARM Streamline Performance Analyzer
- Imagination PowerVR Tools
- Qualcomm Adreno Profiler
- ...

## Other Resources

### Vulkan Book:

Vulkan Programming Guide is out!



### Vulkan Tutorial:

LunarG SDK : <https://vulkan.lunarg.com/doc/sdk/latest/windows/tutorial/html/index.html>

### Fancier Examples:

Sascha Willems : <https://github.com/SaschaWillems/Vulkan>

Many others available (listed in Khronos' Vulkan Resource Page)

# Links

Khronos Vulkan Resources:

<https://github.com/KhronosGroup/Khronosdotorg/blob/master/api/vulkan/resources.md>

Vulkan SDKs:

- LunarG : <https://vulkan.lunarg.com/>
- Android : <https://developer.android.com/ndk/guides/graphics/index.html>

LoaderAndValidationLayers GitHub (Khronos): Loader, Validation Layers, Docs

<https://github.com/KhronosGroup/Vulkan-LoaderAndValidationLayers>

LoaderAndLayerIf Document: [<GitHub>/blob/master/loader/LoaderAndLayerInterface.md](https://github.com/KhronosGroup/Vulkan-LoaderAndValidationLayers/blob/master/loader/LoaderAndLayerInterface.md)

VulkanTools GitHub (LunarG): VIA, VkTrace, ApiDump, Screenshot layer

<https://github.com/LunarG/VulkanTools>

MoltenVK : <https://moltengl.com/moltenvk/>

RenderDoc : <https://github.com/baldurk/renderdoc>