Page: 1 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

### Section 1 - Identification of the Material and Supplier

# Manufactured by Transtar Autobody Technologies, USA

Chemical nature: Aerosol for use in undercoating.

Trade Name: Quick Dry Rubberized Undercoat

Product Code: 4363-F

Product Use: Undercoating.
Creation Date: August, 2016

This version issued: November, 2016 and is valid for 5 years from this date. Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia

### Section 2 - Hazards Identification

#### **Statement of Hazardous Nature**

This product is classified as: Xi, Irritating. T, Toxic. F+, Extremely Flammable. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

SUSMP Classification: S5

ADG Classification: Class 2.1: Flammable gases.

**UN Number: 1950, AEROSOLS** 









# GHS Signal word: DANGER

Flammable aerosols Category 1

Gases under pressure - Compressed gas

Aspiration Hazard Category 1 Skin Irritation Category 2

Serious eye irritation Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 3

Carcinogenicity Category 1 Reproductive Toxicity Category 2

Specific Target Organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 1

#### **HAZARD STATEMENT:**

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350: May cause cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H372: Causes damage to organs (Central Nervous System, Central Vascular System, Eyes, Kidney, Liver, Lymphatic System, Respiratory System, and Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **PREVENTION**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

#### **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Page: 2 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Specific treatment (see first aid on this label)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 ℃/122 °F

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Emergency Overview**

Physical Description & Colour: Opaque black aerosol.

Odour: Solvent odour.

**Major Health Hazards:** Exposure can cause respiratory tract and throat irritation, headaches, shortness of breath and symptoms similar to intoxication. Overexposure can produce severe central nervous system depression, coma and respiratory failure. May cause cancer, may cause heritable genetic damage, may impair fertility, may cause harm to unborn children, irritating to eyes and skin, harmful if inhaled, if aspirated, may cause lung damage, repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking, vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients					
Ingredients	CAS No	Conc, %	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	
Acetone	67-64-1	20-30	1185	2375	
Propane/isobutane/n-butane	68476-86-8	20-30	not set	not set	
Toluene	108-88-3	10-20	191	574	
Aromatic hydrocarbon resin	68410-16-2	1-10	not set	not set	
Talc	14807-96-6	1-10	2.5	not set	
Petroleum bitumen	8052-42-4	1-10	5	not set	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1-10	350	655	
Petroleum distillates	8052-41-3	1-10	790	not set	
Carbon black	1333-86-4	1-10	3	not set	
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	1-10	not set	not set	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1-1	434	543	
Crystalline silica	14808-60-7	0.1-1	0.1	not set	

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

### **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### General Information:

#### **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Page: 3 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

**Inhalation:** If symptoms of poisoning become evident, contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor at once. Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure.

**Skin Contact:** Quickly and gently blot away excess liquid. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Quickly and gently wipe or blot material from eyes. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor.

### **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

**Fire and Explosion Hazards**: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is a moderate risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Firefighters should take care and appropriate precautions.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

**Extinguishing Media:** In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or water fog. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

**Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is a danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Cool closed, undamaged containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Flash point: -96.4 °C

Upper Flammability Limit: Not available

Lower Flammability Limit: Not available

Autoignition temperature: No data.

Flammability Class: Flammable Category 2 (GHS); Highly Flammable (AS1940).

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include butyl rubber, Teflon, PE/EVAL, Responder and polyvinyl alcohol. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise, as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8). Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Take suitable precautions e.g. use of non-sparking equipment to avoid creating sparks or flames which may ignite the spilled material. Leaking gases may form an explosion hazard. Any equipment capable of building an electrostatic charge should be electrically grounded. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

### Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to

Page: 4 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

**Storage:** This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Store in a cool (below 30 °C), well ventilated area. Protect from direct sunlight. Make sure that surrounding electrical devices and switches are suitable. Check containers and valves periodically for leaks. If you keep more than 25kg of flammable gases, you are probably required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

### **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits Acetone	<b>TWA (mg/m³)</b> 1185	<b>STEL (mg/m³)</b> 2375
Toluene	191	574
Talc	2.5	not set
Petroleum bitumen	5	not set
Xylene	350	655
Petroleum distillates	790	not set
Carbon black	3	not set
Ethyl benzene	434	543
Crystalline silica	0.1	not set

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems. **Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a

fan is suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Protective glasses or goggles should be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may cause them harm. Emergency eye wash facilities are also recommended in an area close to where this product is being used.

**Skin Protection:** Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

**Protective Material Types:** We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: butyl rubber, Teflon, PE/EVAL, Responder or polyvinyl alcohol.

**Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

## **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:**

Physical Description & colour: Opaque black aerosol.

Odour: Solvent odour. Boiling Point: Not available.

**Freezing/Melting Point:** Not available. Product is an aerosol spray.

Volatiles:No data.Vapour Pressure:No data.Vapour Density:No data.Specific Gravity:0.855

Water Solubility: Practically insoluble.

pH: No data.

Volatility: No data.

Odour Threshold: No data.

Evaporation Rate: No data.

Coeff Oil/water Distribution: No data

Autoignition temp: No data.

Page: 5 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Store below 30 °C, protect from direct sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Keep away from heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from sources of sparks or ignition. Any electrical equipment in the area of this product should be flame proofed. Protect this product from light.

**Incompatibilities:** strong acids, bases, oxidising agents.

**Fire Decomposition:** Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

**Polymerisation:** Polymerisation reactions are unlikely; they are not expected to occur.

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

#### Toxicity:

This product may be toxic if inhaled based on the ingredients. Repeated exposure may cause damage to the organs (blood, central nervous system, eyes, haematopoietic system, kidney, liver, respiratory system and skin). May have chronic toxic effects on the liver. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal.

Propane/isobutane/n-butane is a SWA Class 2 Mutagen, likely to be mutagenic to humans.

Petroleum Distillates is a SWA Class 2 Mutagen, likely to be mutagenic to humans.

Toluene is a SWA Class 3 Reproductive risk.

# **Classification of Hazardous Ingredients**

Ingredient Risk Phrases

Acetone Conc>=20%: Xi; R36

Flammable liquid - category 2Eve irritation - category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 3

Propane/isobutane/n-butane Conc>=0.1%: T; R45; R46

Gas under pressure

Flammable gas - category 1

Toluene >=10%Conc<20%: T; R60; R61; R48/20

Flammable liquid - category 2

Skin irritation - category 2

• Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - category 2

Reproductive toxicity - category 1A

Xylene No risk phrases at concentrations found in this product

Flammable liquid - category 3

Acute toxicity - category 4

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 3

Skin irritation - category 2

Petroleum Distillates >=0.1%Conc<10%: T; R45; R46

Aspiration hazard - category 1

Ethyl Benzene

• Flammable liquid - category 2

Acute toxicity - category 4

Eye irritation - category 2A

Skin irritation - category 2

No risk phrases at concentrations found in this product

Page: 6 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

#### **Potential Health Effects**

### Inhalation:

**Short Term Exposure:** High vapour pressures may cause drowsiness and dizziness. In addition product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents of aerosol containers can be harmful or fatal.

**Long Term Exposure:** Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Skin Contact:** 

Short Term Exposure: Major health effect from this product is misuse of the aerosol function. If sprayed

continuously on skin or in eyes, it can cause frostbite.

Long Term Exposure: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Eye Contact:** 

**Short Term Exposure:** If sprayed directly in the eye, this product will irritate. If spraying is prolonged, it may cause

damage through frostbite.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

Ingestion:

**Short Term Exposure:** Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Because of the low viscosity of this product, it may directly enter the lungs if swallowed, or if subsequently vomited. Once in the lungs, it is very difficult to remove and can cause severe injury or death. This product is unlikely to cause any irritation problems in the short or long term.

**Long Term Exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

**Carcinogen Status:** 

**SWA:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA. **NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: Toluene is Class 3 - unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Xylene is Class 3 - unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Ethyl Benzene is classed 2b IARC - possibly carcinogenic to humans.

See the IARC website for further details. A web address has not been provided as addresses frequently change.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Insufficient data to be sure of status. No testing has been performed using the formulated product. Available data suggests that some of the components may be toxic to aquatic organisms such as algae, fish and aquatic invertebrates such as daphnia. Avoid release into waterways.

### Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Disposal:** Dispose of small quantities and empty containers by wrapping with paper and putting in garbage. For larger quantities, if recycling or reclaiming is not possible, use a commercial waste disposal service. Not suitable for incineration.

### **Section 14 - Transport Information**

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

**UN Number: 1950. AEROSOLS** 

**Hazchem Code: 2YE** 

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277

Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 1000mL for this class of product.

Dangerous Goods Class: Class 2.1: Flammable gases.

Packing Group: Not set Packing Instruction: P003

Class 2.1 Flammable gases shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 3 (Flammable Liquids) (where both flammable liquids and flammable gases are in bulk), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides), and 7 (Radioactive Substances). They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 2.2 (Non-flammable Non-Toxic gases), 3 (Flammable liquids except where both flammable liquids and flammable gases are in bulk), 6 (Toxic Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances) 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous goods), Foodstuffs and foodstuff empties.

Page: 7 of 7

This version issued: November, 2016

# **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

**AICS:** All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations. The following ingredients: Acetone, Toluene, Xylene, are mentioned in the SUSMP.

### **Section 16 - Other Information**

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:

**ADG Code** Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition)

AICS
SWA
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
CAS number
Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services especially firefighters

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOS Not otherwise specified

NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

**R-Phrase** Risk Phrase

**SUSMP** Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

**UN Number** United Nations Number

THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (December 2011)

Copyright © Kilford & Kilford Pty Ltd, November, 2016.

http://www.kilford.com.au/ Phone (02)9251 4532

### **NEW ZEALND:**

Class 2.1.2A Aerosol Flammable

Class 6.1E Aspiration Hazard

Class 6.3A Skin Irritant

Class 6.4A Eye Irritant

Class 6.7A Carcinogenic Hazard

Class 6.8B Reproductive Toxicity

Class 6.9A Target Organ – Repeat

HSR002515 Aerosols (Flammable)