Grade 2 Remote Learning Take Home Pack

Term 3 Week 3

Name: ____

Grade: 2**VF**

Remote Learning

Here is what our week looks like!!!

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
9am		JOIN ME for a 0 Teacher Meet and	GOOGLE MEET Greet, Roll, Prayer		NO MEET TODAY. I WILL POST AN INSTRUCTION VIDEO ON DOJO
9.30am <i>(45-60min)</i>	Literacy Reading, Writing & Spelling	Literacy Reading, Writing & Spelling	Literacy Reading, Writing & Spelling	Literacy Reading, Writing & Spelling	Physical Education
10.00am <i>(30-45min)</i>	Numeracy	Numeracy	Numeracy	Numeracy	Music Art
10.30am <i>(30-45min)</i>	Religion	Religion	Inquiry	Inquiry	Chinese
11.00am	Clarifying questions or any other items				

Work Expectations:

- Check DOJO every day for any posts on Class Story and any set work in PORTFOLIO.
- You are expected to join me on Google Meets for any meetings we have scheduled
- You should read every night
- You are expected to complete all activities from the Learning Packs each day.
- Packs MUST be handed in every Friday (in person or digitally)
- If you have any difficulties you should contact Ms Faraj via Class Dojo or email

I am looking forward to a great term of learning and Ihope you are too. See you soon on MEET!!!

Ms Faraj (Vivian.Faraj@hestalbanssth.catholic.edu.au)

Spelling Words for Week 3

	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Wk 3	 Tree Bee See Feed Reef Been Beef Beep Street Knee 	 Bull Pull Pulling Pulled Full Full Put Bush Push Bully Pushed 	 Bush Push Bully Pushed Pulley Pusher Pushing Pudding Joyful Graceful 	 Pusher Pushing Pudding Joyful Graceful Faithful Careful Wishful Hateful Dreadful

Monday 27th July, 2020



Read the story of **The Boy Who Cried Wolf** *or* watch the video https://youtu.be/Rl42kdb4QWw.

Unswer these comprehension questions. Don't forget to answer the questions in full sentences.

The Boy Who Cried Wolf

Long ago, there was a young, cheeky boy who looked after some sheep near a village. The boy was often bored. One day, he played a trick on the villagers to pass the time.

"Wolf! Wolf!" he shouted loudly.

The villagers came running up the hill to save the sheep. However, when they got there, there was no wolf. The boy laughed at them. "I tricked you!" he said.

"You must not tell lies!" said the villagers angrily and went back to the village.

Soon, the boy was bored again. He thought for a minute and shouted, "Wolf! Wolf!" Again, the villagers rushed up the hill to save the sheep.



The boy laughed at them. "I tricked you again!" he said.

"You must not tell lies!" shouted the villagers. They hurried back down to the village.

Later that day, a huge wolf really did come into the field. The boy cried and cried, "Wolf! Wolf!"

This time, the villagers didn't believe the boy. No one came to help and the wolf ate all of the sheep.

> No one believes a liar, even if they are telling the truth.



2

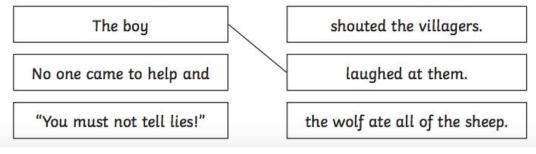
Comprehension questions:

1. Which adjectives are used to describe the boy in the first sentence? Tick two.

		old
		strong
		cheeky
		young
2.	Why	did the villagers come running up the hill? Tick one.
	\square	for some exercise

to shout at the boy

- to save the sheep
- 3. Draw a line to complete the sentences. One has been done for you.



4. What did the wolf do to the sheep?

5. Why didn't the villagers believe the boy at the end of the story?

6. The moral of the story is 'No one will believe a liar, even if they are telling the truth.' Do you think that it is ever all right to lie?



What are narrative texts?

Narrative texts tell a story to entertain the reader. There are many types of narrative texts, such as picture books, short stories and fairy tales.

Narratives have:

- a setting time and place
- some characters people, animals or objects
- a plot events that happen in order (sequence of events).

What are Fairy Tales?

A fairy tale is a narrative text. It is a made-up story that usually includes magical elements.

- Fairy tales are commonly set in a faraway land.
- They usually start with the phrase, "Once upon a time."
- Fairy tale characters often include children, animals and magical creatures.
- There is normally a brave hero who must defeat or outsmart an evil villain.
- Most fairy tales end with the phrase, "They all lived happily ever after."

What are three fairy tales that you know?

Brainstorm some ideas of settings and characters that exist in fairy tales:

Characters (people, animals or objects)



Write your spelling words 3 times in your workbook OR on a sheet of paper OR digitally.

Write the words in your best	Write the words in	Write the words using different
handwriting,	<i>fancy</i> writing	colours - that is rainbow writing.



<u>Mental Maths</u>

- Use the Yellow (Numbers to 20) Chart from last term to practise your number facts to 20. If you have lost your chart, you will find this on ClassDojo
- Extend yourself and complete the Number of the day <u>https://mathsstarters.net/numoftheday</u>

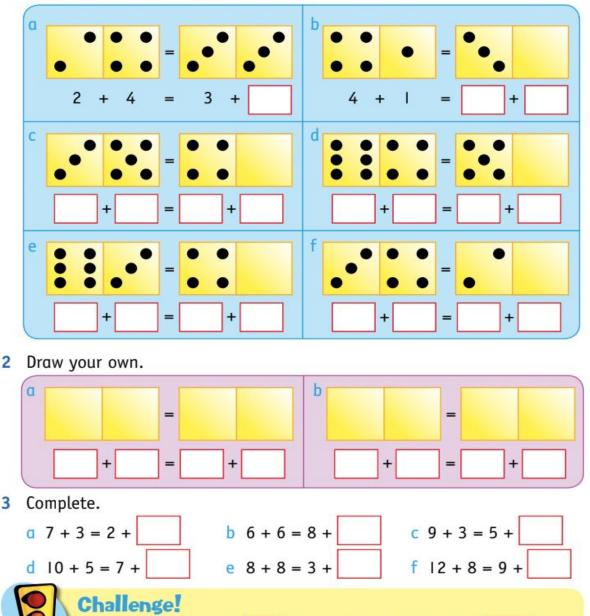
<u>Focus of the day:</u> Equivalence

Task 1: Watch the video and look at the explanation in the image on the right. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-dd1CbxxYI0</u>

a 10 + 30 = 20 +

c 60 + 40 = 30 +

Task 2: Complete the work below.



b 10 + 20 = 15 +

d 20 + 40 = 35 +

I Make the dominoes equal.



Examples

(a) 8 + 5 = 4 + 9(b) 17 + 6 = 13 + 10





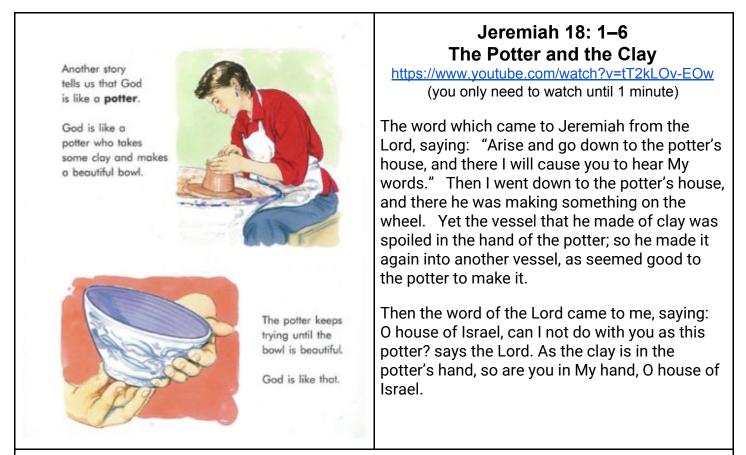
How Deep is Your Love?

Think/Discuss:

Think about the following questions:

- What is a potter?
- What does a potter do?
- How is God like a potter to you?

Read:



Draw your image of God as a potter.

Tuesday 28th July, 2020

Reading

Re-read the story of **The Boy Who Cried Wolf** *or* watch the video https://youtu.be/Rl42kdb4QWw. Then complete the activity below.

What Does Honesty Mean to You?

- 1. What does honesty mean to you?
- 2. Why is it important to be honest?
- 3. When were you last dishonest?
- 4. What were you trying to achieve by being dishonest?
- 5. Can people who are dishonest be trusted?

Which of these things do you think are dishonest? Tick each one.

- 1. Stealing money from a friend.
- 2. Bullying another student.
- 3. Exaggerating the truth.
- 4. Lying to a friend.
- 5. Spreading a rumour that you know is not true.
- 6. Borrowing money from your mum's purse without asking.
- 7. Poor manners at the dinner table.
- 8. Keeping a \$10 note that you found on the floor.
- 9. Cheating during a board game.
- 10. Not listening to the teacher.



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The plot of a fairy tale can be very simple. It could be that something is lost, someone is captured or a magical object is found. Think of all the fairy tales we have read this year.

Draw a line to match the fairy tale to it's plot:

The Princess and the Pea	A boy climbs up a beanstalk to find a giant world.
Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs	A princess has a terrible night sleep.
Jack and the Beanstalk	A girl breaks into a house in the woods.
The Three Little Pigs	A girl hides from her evil stepmother at a cottage in the forest.
Goldilocks and the Three Bears	Three brothers are hunted by a hungry wolf.

Extra Task: What other fairy tale plots can you think of?



Dictionary Meanings:

- 1. Pick five (5) of your spelling words.
- 2. Look up your 5 words in a dictionary (online or book/hardcopy) and **write the meaning** of each word in <u>your workbook</u>, on <u>a sheet of paper</u> or <u>digitally</u>.

Here is an example:

bush: a low-growing plant with many branches.



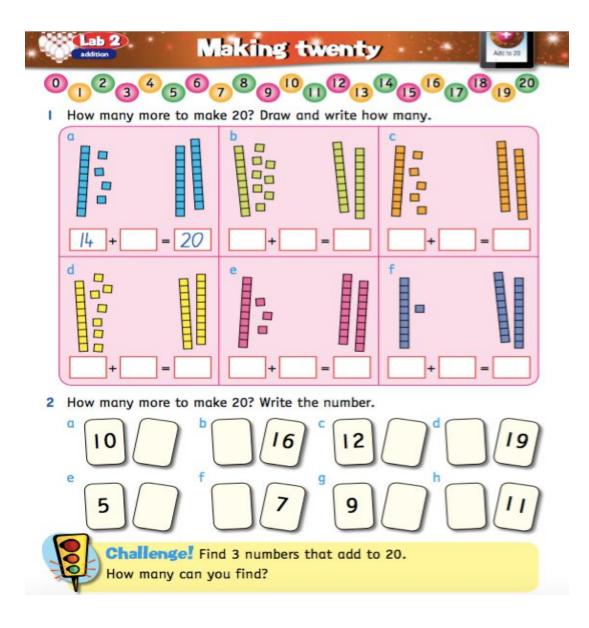
<u>Mental Maths</u>

- Use the Yellow (Numbers to 20) Chart from last term to practise your number facts to 20. If you have lost your chart, you will find this on ClassDojo
- Extend yourself and complete the Number of the day <u>https://mathsstarters.net/numoftheday</u>

Focus of the day: Making 20

THINK: What strategies can we use to add to 20?

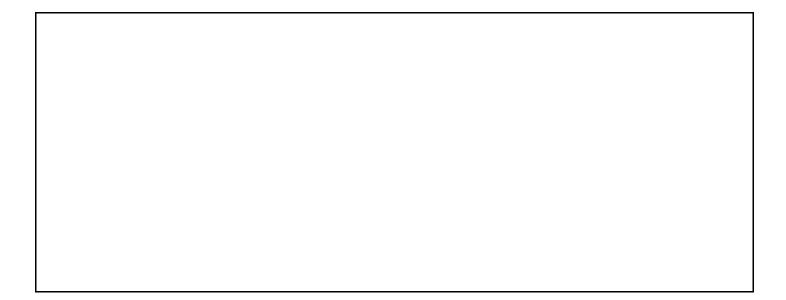
DO: Complete the worksheet below.



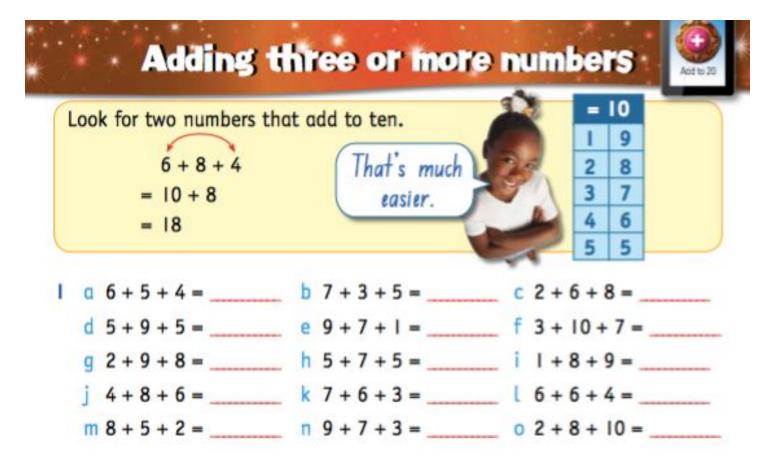
Think: At many times we need to add three or more numbers. To do this we can add 2 numbers first and then add on the next number. What strategies can you use to do this? Eg. 8+5+3 = 2 8+5=13 and then +3 = 16.

DO:

Task 1: Write down/Draw strategies you can use to add three or more numbers.



Task 2 : Complete the worksheet below.





How Deep is Your Love? Read:

Some stories tell us that God is like a father. We also read that God is like a mother. God is like a father who loves all his children, even the God is like a mother who child who runs away and spends the family's money. never forgets her baby. A mother holds her baby close and feeds it. God is like that. God is like a father who runs to welcome that child, who finally comes home. When we read from the bible, our special book, The father celebrates with all his we learn a lot about God. Most of all we learn family and friends. God is like that. that God loves us no matter what happens. 6

<u>THINK</u>: What is your relationship like with your family (mum, dad, brother, sister, grandparents)? How do they take care of you? How do they show you love?

WRITE: In the boxes below, write about 2 important people in your life. Tell me about how they care for you and how they show you their love.

<u>Person 1:</u>	<u>Person 2:</u>

Wednesday 29th July, 2020

<u>Reading</u>

Re-read the story of **The Boy Who Cried Wolf** *or* watch the video https://youtu.be/Rl42kdb4QWw. Then complete the activity below.

Write some examples of honesty and dishonesty.

How can you be honest?	How can you be dishonest?
<i>Example:</i> Telling your friend how you feel.	<i>Example:</i> Cheating on a test.
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.

Draw a picture of a time when you showed honesty.		



Watch the "Parts of a Story" song on Youtube (<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-_nePjWXecQ</u>).

Orientation (the beginning)	Who (characters) is in the story? When and where does the story happen?
Complication (the middle)	What is the problem?
Series of Events (the middle)	What sequence of events lead to the solution?
Resolution (the end)	How is the problem resolved?

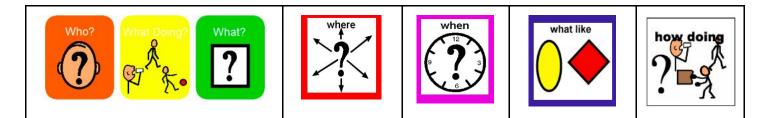
Think about our story for this week, **The Boy Who Cried Wolf**. Complete this table for the story.

Orientation: Who is in the story? When and where does the story take place?	
Complication: What is the problem?	
Series of Events: What events lead to the solution? What are the main events in the story?	
Resolution: How is the problem resolved?	



Words in a sentence:

- 1. Use the five (5) spelling words that you **didn't** use on Wednesday.
- 2. Write these words in a great sentence which has "who" "what-doing" and "what" as well as "where" "when" "what-like" (adjectives) or "how-doing" (adverbs).



Here is an example:

bush. Yesterday, Mum and I pruned the old lilac bush in the garden.

Write the words and sentences on the lines below:



<u>Mental Maths</u>

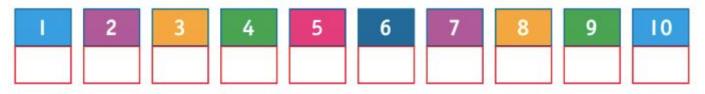
- Use the Yellow (Numbers to 20) Chart from last term to practise your number facts to 20. If you have lost your chart, you will find this on ClassDojo
- Extend yourself and complete the Number of the day https://mathsstarters.net/numoftheday

Focus of the day: Making 20

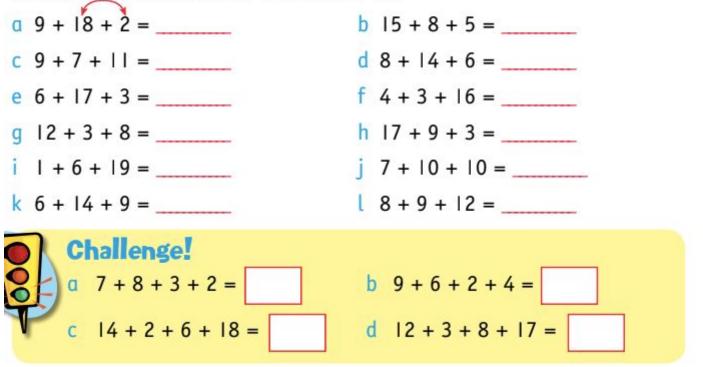
THINK: What strategies can you use to make 20?



Make each pair add to 20.



Now look for two numbers that add to 20.



Reflection: Think about today's work and complete the following sentences.
What I found challenging was
What I found easy was
What I want to learn more about



We are learning about how we change as we grow older.

Baby - <u>Think about</u> What does a baby do? What does a baby <u>need help</u> to do?	Write or draw your answers here:
Toddler -A toddler is beginning to learn to walk.They try to do things without help from Mum or Dad.Think about What are toddlers learning to do by themselves?	Write or draw your answers here:
Child - A child goes to school. Some children belong to sports clubs or other activity groups like dance, music or language schools. <u>Think about</u> What are children good at? What can you do now that you couldn't do when you were a toddler?	Write or draw your answers here:
Teenager - A teenager is aged between 13 and 19 years.Think about How do your skills change when you are a teenager?How does your body change when you are a teenager?	

Thursday 30th July, 2020

<u>Literacy</u>

Read this story and then complete the story map activity on the next page. Remember to use what you learned yesterday about the parts of a story to help you.

Little Red Riding Hood

Once upon a time, there was a girl called Little Red Riding Hood. She lived with her mother in a village near a forest. One day, Little Red Riding Hood went to visit her grandmother. She took a basket of food with her. Her mother warned her before she left, "Remember not to talk to any strangers."

On her way, Little Red Riding Hood met a wolf. "Hello," said the wolf. "Where are you going?"

"I'm going to visit my grandmother who lives in the forest," explained Little Red Riding Hood. She continued on her way.

The wolf ran to her grandmother's house. He went inside and locked Granny in the wardrobe! He put on her nightgown and got into her bed.





A little later, Little Red Riding Hood arrived at Granny's house. She knocked on the door, then went inside. Little Red Riding Hood went over to her grandmother's bed.

'Oh Granny, what big ears you have," she said.

"All the better to hear you with," answered the wolf.

"Oh Granny, what big eyes you have," said Little Red Riding Hood.

"All the better to see you with," replied the wolf.

"Oh Granny, what big teeth you have," gasped Little Red Riding Hood. "All the better to eat you with!" replied the wolf.

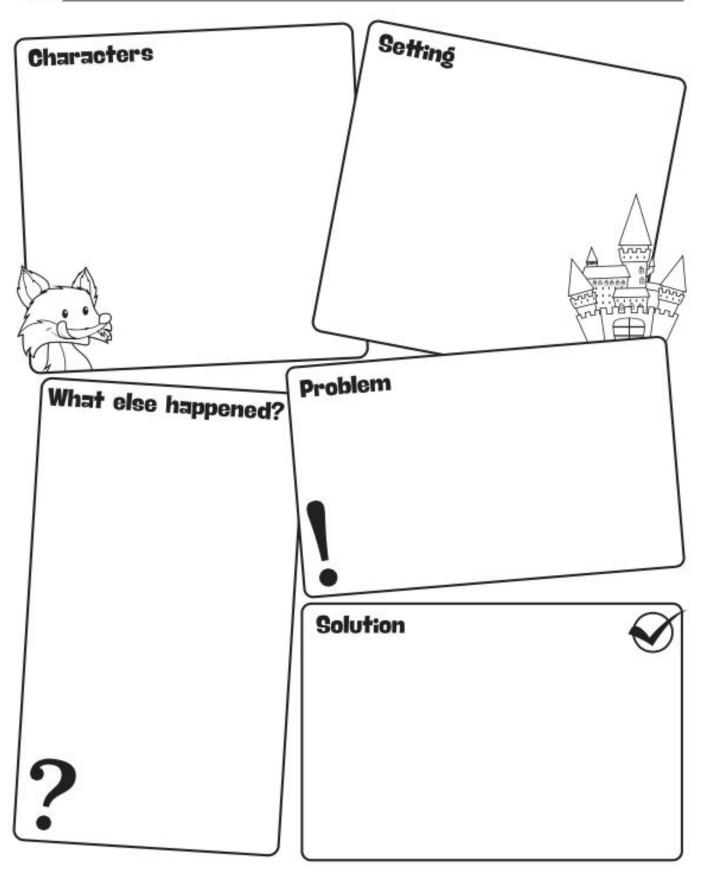
"Help!" shouted Little Red Riding Hood, as she realised that it was in fact a wolf in her grandmother's bed. She ran out of the house.

A woodcutter was nearby. He heard Little Red Riding Hood scream and ran to the house. The woodcutter hit the wolf over the head and let Granny

out of the wardrobe. The wolf ran away and Little Red Riding Hood never saw him again.

Story Map

Title _____





Spelling Test: Ask someone to test you on this week's spelling words. Good luck! *Do your test here:*

1	5	9
2	6	10
3	7	
		How did you go? Colour in the stars for each correct word:
4	8	***



<u>Mental Maths</u>

- Use the Yellow (Numbers to 20) Chart from last term to practise your number facts to 20. If you have lost your chart, you will find this on ClassDojo
- Extend yourself and complete the Number of the day https://mathsstarters.net/numoftheday

Focus of the day: How Many More

THINK: What strategies do you know that help you add or subtract?

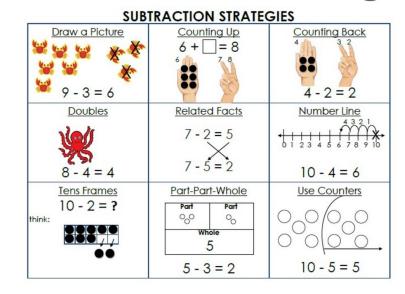
When we go shopping and we see something we really want to buy, we always have to work out

- 1. How much money do we already have
- 2. How much more money do you need to be able to buy it!

To help us work out these everyday problems we can use many strategies like, adding on, skip counting, counting back, using a number line and using our number facts.

Use some of these strategies to complete the worksheet on the next page.

Basic Subtraction Strategies:



How much more money do you need? Draw it.



Reflection: Think about today's work and complete the following sentences.
What strategies did you use to work out the problem?
What I found challenging was
What I found easy was
What I want to learn more about



We are learning to identify the social changes that occur in us as we grow.

1. <u>Read</u> the poster (below) about 7 important social skills for kids.



What are the SkillS children need to help them to get along with each other and learn?

2. Think about it:

- What would **school** be like <u>if we didn't listen</u> to teachers and to each other?
- What would playing be like if we didn't share or co-operate?
- What would **friendships** be like <u>if we didn't use our manners</u> or make eye-contact?
- 3. <u>Discuss</u> your ideas with a parent or adult.

4. **Now, <u>write and draw</u>** SIX (6) different social skills that you have learnt which help you make friends, get along with others and learn new skills.

J	5	

You might like to include some of these ideas:

Saying please and thank-you, **sharing**, not interrupting, **waiting patiently**, taking turns, **saying sorry**, saying excuse me, **working together**, looking at the speaker, **keeping hands to yourself**, trying again, **keep going even when it is hard**, picking yourself up after a fall, **listening to your friends**, asking questions, **asking for help**... Maybe you can think of some other ideas.

Friday 31st July, 2020

We will not have a Class Google Meet today. Today we will have our Parent Teacher Interviews.



Holy Eucharist PS Home Learning: Physical Education

Hi students and parents,

Students and Parents, please don't hesitate to contact me for any help or support on: heribert.herrera@hestalbanssth.catholic.edu.au

STAY SAFE :) Mr. Herrera PE Teacher

Date:	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Activiti es:	Exercise/ Game based skills	Meditation/Yoga	Walk/Run/Bike Ride	Gymnastics	Meditation/Yoga
	Warm Up FIRST: WILF: 1 am looking for students to warm up correctly. WATCH THIS VIDEO The Body Coach TV: https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=d3LPrhl0v- w&t=282s WILF: 1 am looking for students to skip correctly. WATCH THIS VIDEO https://www.youtube.co m/watch?time_continue =L&v=euI.GPcdbcS&&f cature=emb_logo Skipping: 1; Hop & land on 1 foot 2: Switch feet 3: Pump your hands up. Watch My Challenge Video for some skipping activities, It will be on Foundation, Grade 1 and 2 Specialist Class Dojo Page.	Warm Up FIRST: WATCH THIS VIDEO The Body Coach TV: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=d3LPchIf0v- w&ct=282s WILF: 1 am looking for students to concentrate on making different Yoga shapes. WATCH THIS VIDEO: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=fnO- IGEMOXk&t=207s Time 13:06 Cosmic Kids Yoga Spider Power Dance and Yoga together	Warm Up FIRST: WILF: 1 am looking for students to go out and walk/run/bike ride/kick a ball with an adult or sibling. I want students to spend at least 20 mins walking/running/bike ride or kicking a ball with a partner.	WILF: I am looking for students to warm up correctly for gymnastics. WATCH THIS VIDEO: https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=wmtYk8zuff as&feature=emb_logo Prime Coaching Sport: Time: 2:55 WILF: I am looking for students to learn some basic gymnastic shapes. Look for slides show for this Shapes; Lying down pencil/ pike WATCH THIS VIDEO: Hoop Pencil Jumps https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=T9yDmR12 S90&feature=emb_logo (Prime Coaching Resources) Watch my Video for these Gymnastic Shapes It will be on Foundation, Grade 1 and 2 Specialist Class Dojo Page.	WILF: I am looking for students to concentrate on making different Yoga shapes. WATCH THIS VIDEO: https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=rtC2qAD kBnII Time: 10:12 Cosmic Kids Yoga 6 Kids Yoga Poses that begin with letter S!

P-2 Activities Week 3 Term 3 (27th - 31st July 2020)

Have fun and try your best!! Mistakes are proof that you are trying!!



SOUND!

Damian.OBree@hestalbanssth.catholic.edu.au

This week, you will be mixing the sounds you found last week using rhythm patterns.

- 1. Collect 2 of those objects that made last week's sounds.
- Play 2 rhythm patterns and use your objects to play them! Remember *them!* means a *silent* beat (like blinking your eyes or nodding your head)

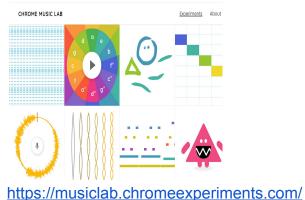
┙┚╸┊┙	תתת	\$ }]
נננ	؛ ا ا 🗅	ן בר ו
」┊┊」	וניניו	עווע

Record yourself playing both rhythm patterns together with 2 different objects and send it to Mr. O'Bree. If you can't record it, draw 2 rhythm patterns together using any symbol you like or the Example: 1.Ta ta ti-ti ta

 I I ... I

2. Ti-ti ti-ti ta ta I I

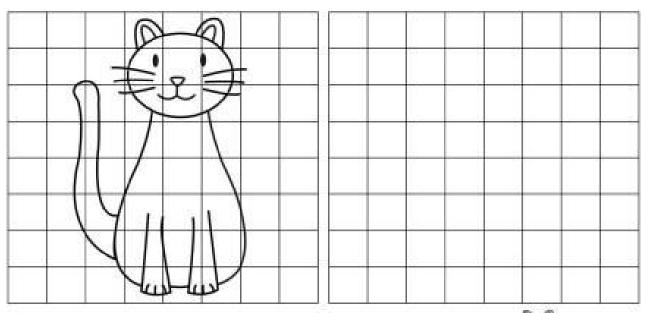
4. Last term, you played with this website and all the fun things it can do with sound.



Today, I want you to just use the **Voice Spinner**. Click on the link below. Press the record button in the middle and play the different objects you found. See what happens to the circle. Does it stay the same? Write down what happened after each object.



Copy the Cat

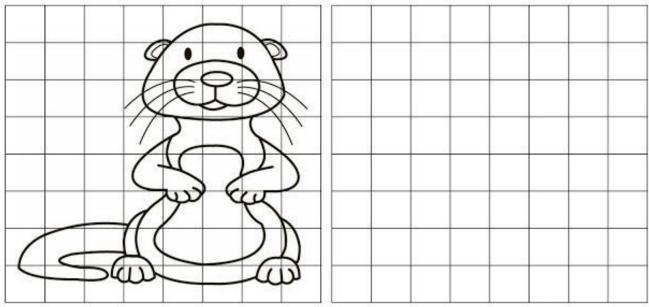


Copy the picture using the grid lines as a guide. You might find it easier to copy one square at a time. Count the squares carefully!



Copyright G www.ActivityVillage.co.uk - Keeping Kida Buay

Copy the Beaver



Copy the picture using the grid lines as a guide. You might find it easier to copy one square at a time. Count the squares carefully!



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Chinese

Term 3 Week 3 Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Activity 1: read each body part in Chinese and point to the right body part as you say the words.

	Chinese Character / Pinyin	English		Chinese Character / Pinyin	English
1	牙齿 / yá chĭ	teeth	2	舌头 / shé tóu	tongue
3	唇 / chún	lip	4	眉毛/ méi mao	eyebrow
5	脸 / liǎn	face			

Activity 2: circle the right answer! → Cover the list above and test yourself!

1.	·耳朵 / ěr duo	·牙齿 / yá chĭ	·眉毛/ méi mao
2. 🕖	·舌头 / shé tóu	·眼睛 / yǎng jing	·鼻子/ bí zi
3.	·唇 / chún	·眉毛/ méi mao	·头发 / tóu fa
4.	·嘴/zŭi ba	·牙齿 / yá chĭ	·脸 / liǎn
5.	·舌头 / shé tóu	·唇 / chún	·耳朵 / ěr duo
6.	·眉毛/ méi mao	·脸 / liǎn	·眼睛 / yǎng jing

Activity 3: Label the body parts with the correct pinyin.



Finished! Well done! ;D - Miss Sun