Grease Interceptors : Code Digest and Grease Production Sizing

Rue Bourbon

By Paul Cavalluzzi

EarthCam

- Louisiana State Code Digest
- Grease Production Sizing



January 1st 2016

Independent State Code to 2012 IPC



Louisiana House Bill 1048 was signed by the Governor on June 23rd, 2014 and enacted as Act Number 836 of 2014. With an effective date of January 1st, 2016, this Act repeals the authority of the State Health Officer, acting through the Office of Public Health (OPH) of the Department of Health (DHH), to prepare and promulgate plumbing rules and regulations.

In accordance with the Act, the Louisiana State Plumbing Code [Part XIV (Plumbing) of Title 51 (State Sanitary Code) of the Louisiana Administrative Code (LAC)] will be null, void, and unenforceable on and after January 1, 2016. As required, the Louisiana State Uniform Construction Code Council (LSUCCC) will promulgate State plumbing regulations through the evaluation, adoption, and amendment of the following codes as part of the State Uniform Construction Code: •The 2012 International Building Code, Chapter 29-Plumbing Systems; •The 2012 International Residential Code, Part VII-Plumbing; and, •The 2012 International Plumbing Code.

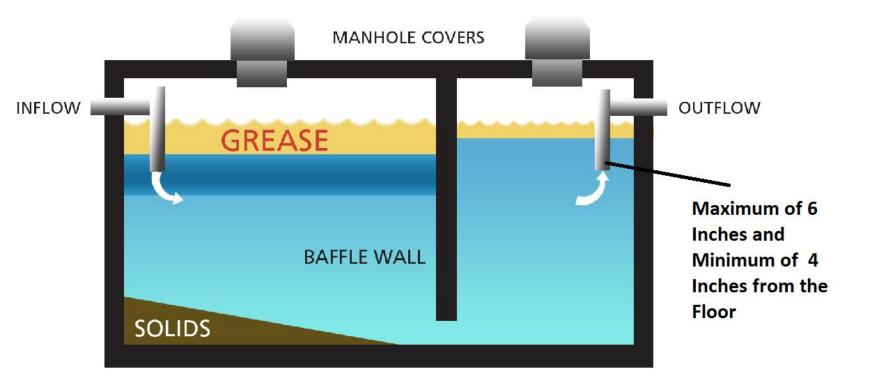
- Gravity Grease Interceptors
- Hydromechanical Grease Interceptors
- Automatic Grease Removal Device

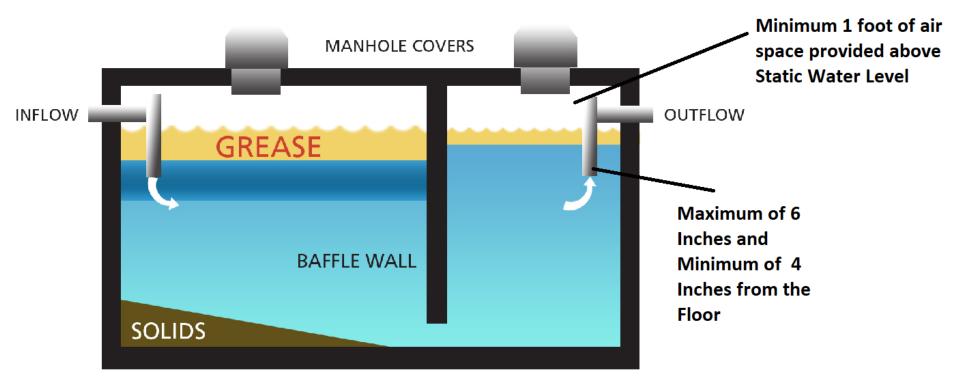


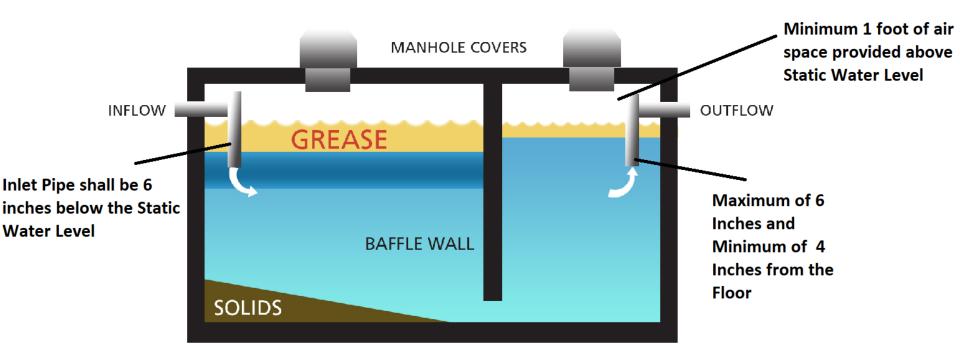
Gravity Grease Interceptor

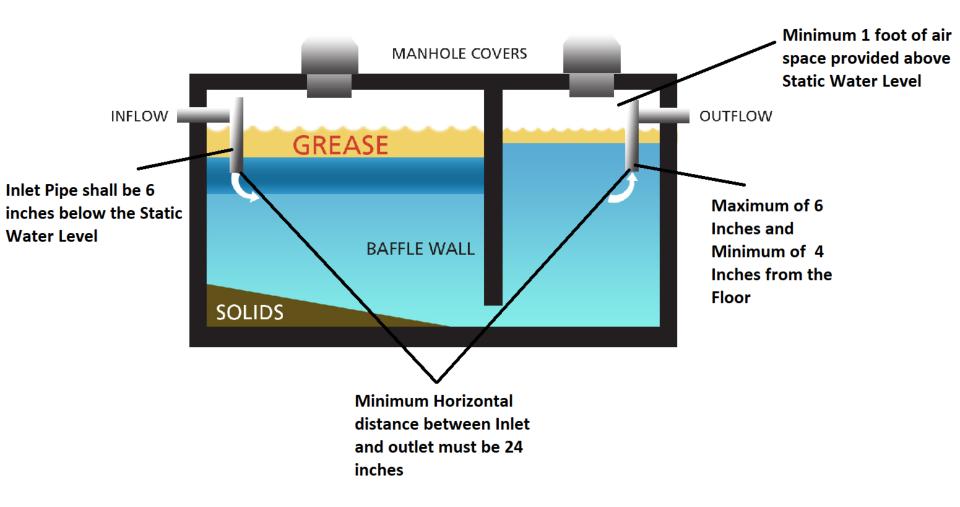


Tells you how to Design









Hydromechanical Grease Interceptor

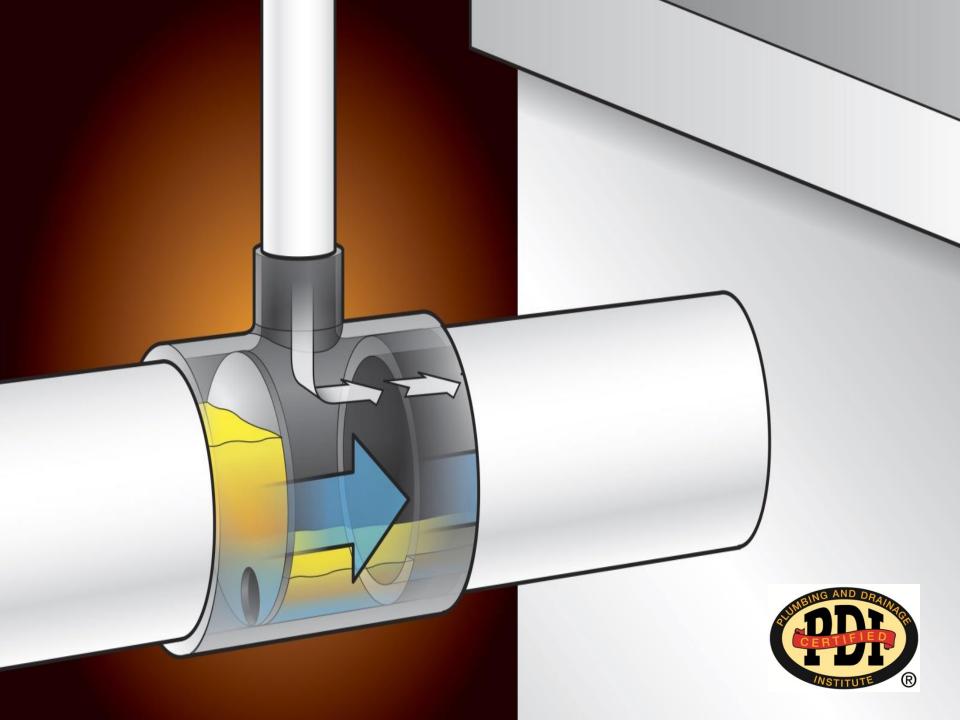




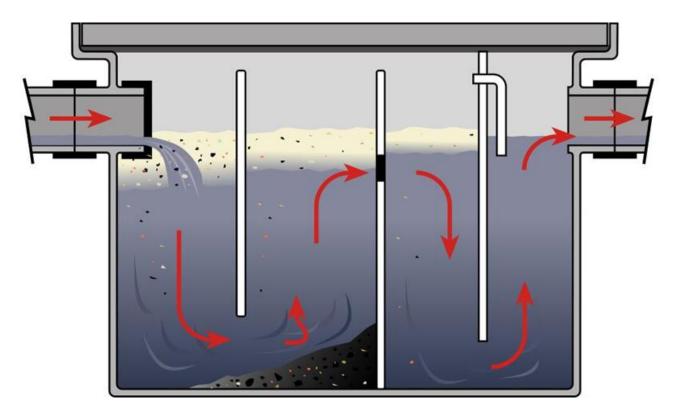
G101



A 112.14.3



Most Models include Baffles PDI G101 Standard







Under the ASME standard there are four types of devices allowed:

- A. Units with an external flow control, with air intake (vent): directly connected
- B. Units with an external flow control, without air intake (vent): directly connected
- C. Units without an external flow control: directly connected
- D. Units without an external flow control: indirectly connected

Automatic Grease Removal Device (GRD)





A 112.14.4

Who Must Comply?



Restaurants Hotel Kitchens Hospitals

Bars

Clubs

School Kitchens

Factory Cafeterias

Fixtures that must be connected due to discharge from Fats Oil and Grease









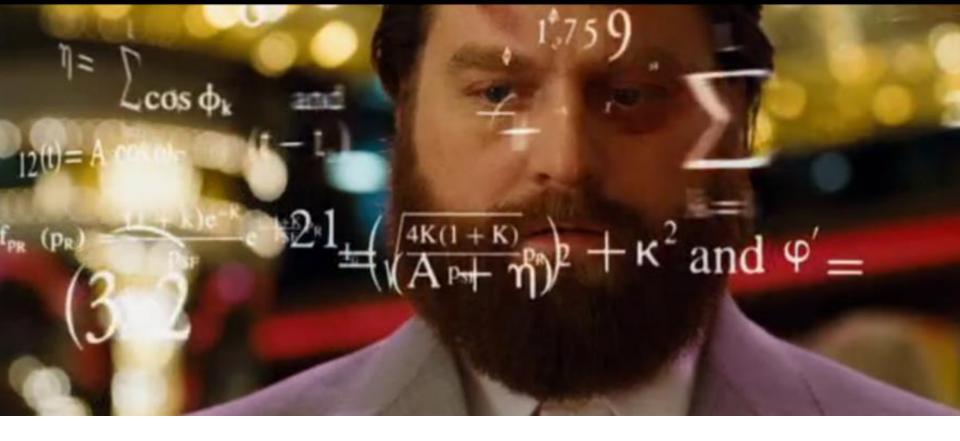


Non Standard Detergents

Bacteria

or nara Baño

APS . FLOOR DRAINS



Sizing Per Code

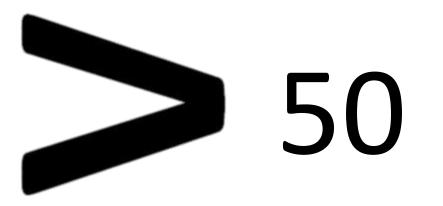
WITHOUT a Garbage Grinder WITH a Garbage Grinder



Minimum Gallon Capacity shall Not be less than 125 Gallons



People served during a Single Meal Period 125 Gallons



People served during a Single Meal Period

2 ½ Gallons per Person beginning with the 51st person



Example WITHOUT Garbage Grinder

80 people served during a single Period

80 people served 50 people = 125 gallon

WITHOUT a Garbage Grinder

<u>80 people served</u>50 people = 125 gallon30 people x 2.5 = 75 gallons

WITHOUT a Garbage Grinder

<u>80 people served</u>
50 people = 125 gallon
30 people x 2.5 = 75 gallons
75 + 125 = **200 gallons**

WITHOUT a Garbage Grinder

Recommended Unit = GB-250

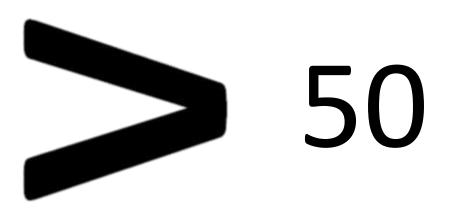


Gallon Capacity = 275

Minimum Gallon Capacity shall Not be less than 500 Gallons



People served during a Single Meal Period 500 Gallons



People served during a Single Meal Period

2 ½ Gallons per Person beginning with the 51st person



Example **WITH** Garbage Grinder

53 people served during a single Period

53 people served 50 people = 500 gallon

WITH a Garbage Grinder

53 people served 50 people = 500 gallon 3 people x 2.5 = 7.5 gallons

WITH a Garbage Grinder

<u>53 people served</u> 50 people = 500 gallon 3 people x 2.5 = 7.5 gallons 7.5 + 500 = **507.5 gallons**

WITH a Garbage Grinder

Recommended Unit = GB-500

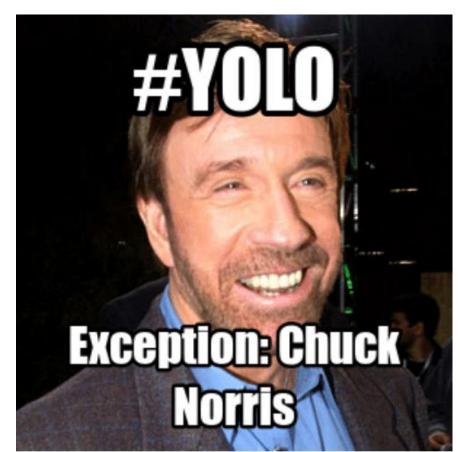


Gallon Capacity = 510

THERE IS AN **EXCEPTION TO EVERY RULE**

At the Discretion of the code official local jurisdictional code official, a smaller, point of use type hydromechanical grease interceptor or automatic grease removal device may be permissible when:

(4) Exceptions



Would have to Brake up a concrete Slab around the building







Located further than 75 feet from the plumbing fixtures that the grease interceptor would be servicing Unfeasible such as when servicing a kitchen located on the upper floors of a multistoried building



Low grease production which utilize singleservice tableware







Exceptions Sizing

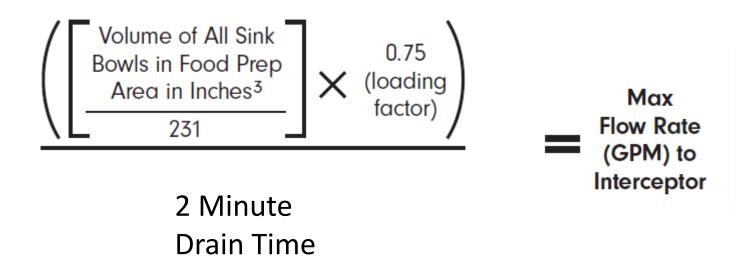


Size in accordance with PDI or ASME

Fixture Volume Sizing

Sizing by Pipe Size

Fixture Volume Sizing

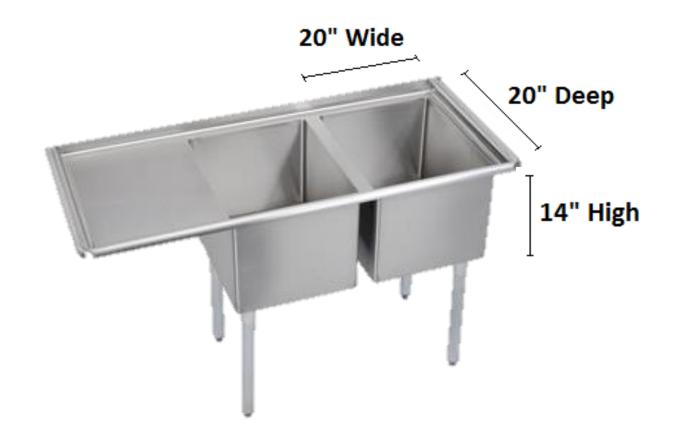


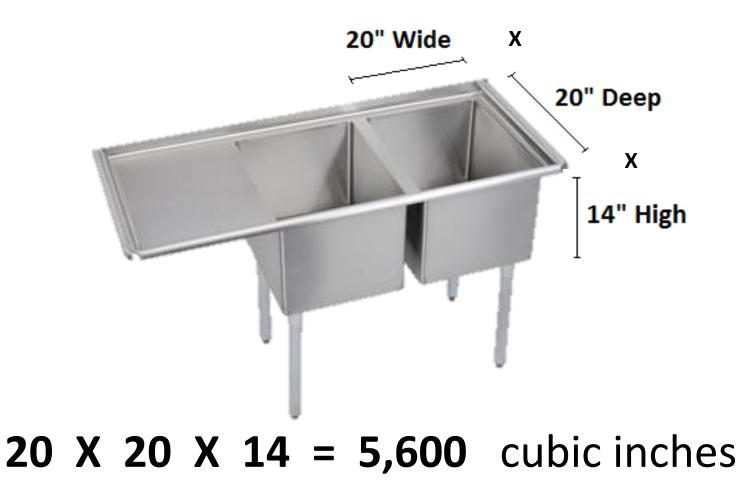
Determine the flow Rate from Each Fixture



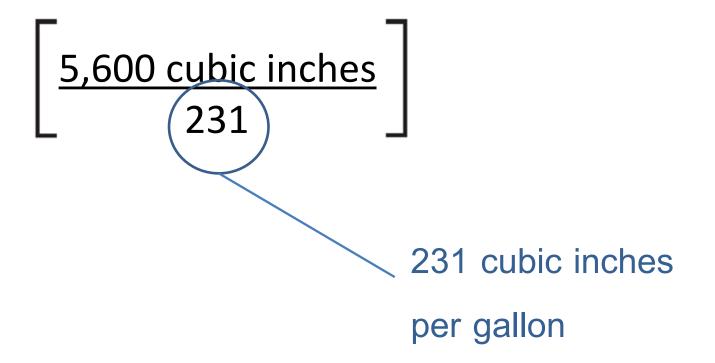








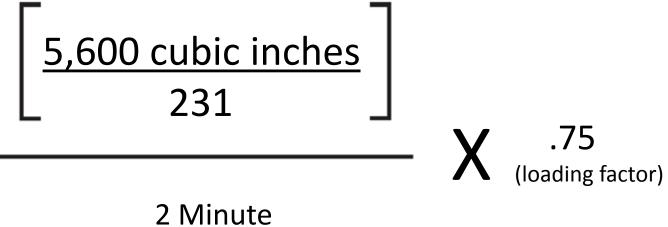
$\begin{bmatrix} 5,600 \text{ cubic inches} \\ 231 \end{bmatrix}$



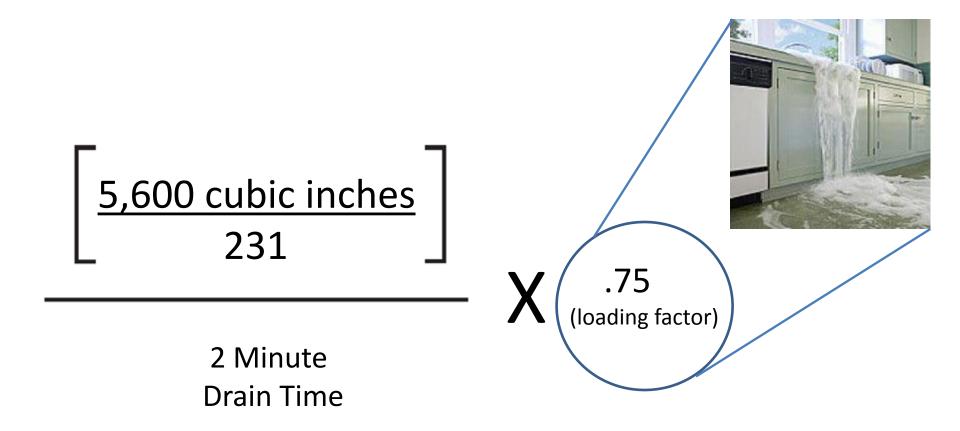
$\begin{bmatrix} 5,600 \text{ cubic inches} \\ 231 \end{bmatrix}$

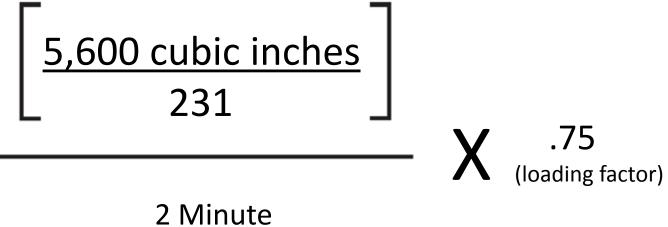
$\begin{bmatrix} 5,600 \text{ cubic inches} \\ 231 \end{bmatrix}$

2 Minute Drain Time

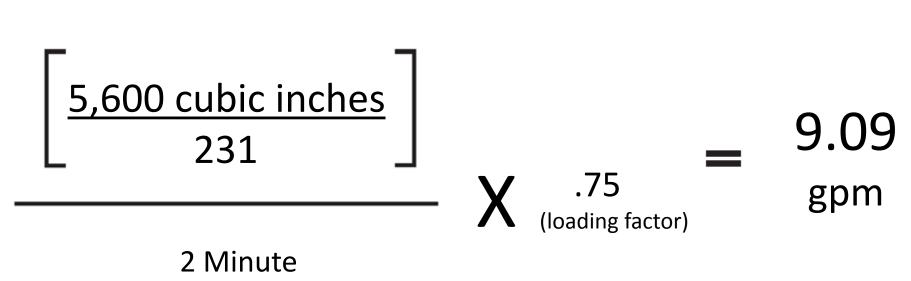


Drain Time





Drain Time



Drain Time

9.09 X (2) Compartment = **18.18 GPM**

Sizing by Pipe Size

Hydromechanical Grease Interceptor Sizing Using Gravity Flow Rates

Diameter of Grease Waste Pipe	Maximum Full Pipe Flow*	Size of Grease Interceptor	
		One-minute Drainage Period	Two-minute Drainage Period
2" (51 mm)	20 GPM (1.3 L/s)	20 GPM (1.3 L/s)	10 GPM (0.6 L/s)
3" (76 mm)	60 GPM (3.8 L/s)	75 GPM (4.7 L/s)	35 GPM (2.2 L/s)
4" (102 mm)	125 GPM (7.9 L/s)	150 GPM (9.5 L/s)	75 GPM (4.7 L/s)
5" (127 mm)	230 GPM (14.5 L/s)	250 GPM (15.8 L/s)	125 GPM (7.9 L/s)
6" (152 mm)	375 GPM (23.6 L/s)	500 GPM (31.5 L/s)	250 GPM (15.8 L/s)







*1/4 inch slope per foot (20.8mm/m) based on Manning's formula with friction factor N = 0.012.



Without Garbage Grinder – Minimum Size 125 Gallons

With Garbage Grinder – Minimum Size 500 Gallons

Exception Granted – Size by Flow Rate

When do I service my Interceptor?

TRA MACK

T) DEBI



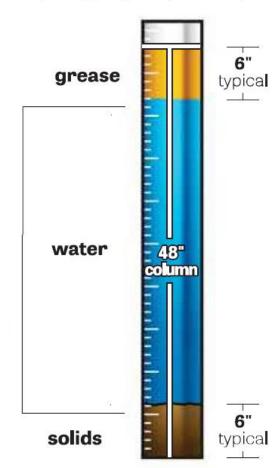
Gravity Grease Interceptors

Core Sample

1,000 gal. gravity interceptor

25% RULE





Automatic Grease Removal Device

Daily!!!



Grease Production Sizing

What is wrong with this picture?





125 Gallons

125 Gallons

When do I service my Interceptor?

TRA MACK

T) DEBI

Calculate Grease Capacity

Low Grease Production

No Flatware: 0.005 lbs/meal With Flatware: 0.0065 lbs/meal



x

Medium Grease Production

No Flatware: 0.025 lbs./meal With Flatware: 0.0325 lbs./meal



High Grease Production

No Flatware: 0.035 lbs./meal With Flatware: 0.0455 lbs./meal



Meals Per Day



Grease Production Values





Days Per Pump-Out Cycle



Grease Capacity Needed



Plumbing Engineering Design Handbook

Volume 4: Plumbing Components and Equipment

170

ASPE Plumbing Engineering Design Handbook --- Volume 4

Example 8-3

To calculate a food service facility's daily potential grease load, multiply the number of meals (customers) per day by the grease production value per meal.

Assume the food service facility is a steak and seafood restaurant serving approximately 300 meals per day on washable dishes and flatware. Select the grease production value for high grease production with flatware from Table 8-3 and then calculate the daily grease load as follows: $300 \times 0.0455 = 13.65$ lbs of grease per day.

Next, select an interceptor based on its certified grease storage capacity and the desired maintenance frequency as follows:

• Weekly maintenance: 7 days × 13.65 lbs

per day = 95.55 lbs of grease storage capacity required

- Monthly maintenance: 30 days × 13.65 lbs per day = 409.5 lbs of grease storage capacity required
- Bimonthly maintenance: 60 days × 13.65 lbs per day = 819 lbs of grease storage capacity required
- Quarterly maintenance: 90 days × 13.65 lbs per day = 1,228.5 lbs of grease storage capacity required

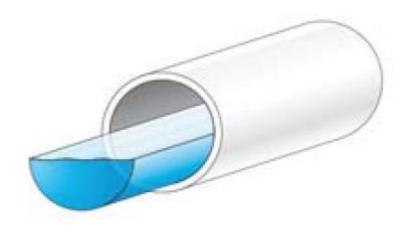
The engineer should work closely with the owner to determine the maintenance frequency that best suits their particular project.

As previously stated, it is mandatory to calculate the minimum required flow rate for the interceptor. The amount of grease storage capacity the interceptor should have then can be determined using a procedure similar to Example 8-3, using the actual grease production values for the facility. The appropriate grease interceptor would have the minimum flow rate required as well as have enough capacity to meet the maintenance frequency that best suits the specific project. HGIs certified to PDI G101, ASME A112.14.3, and CSA B481 will have published flow rates and grease storage capacities as determined by their certification for each model offered, which may be relied on in selecting an appropriately sized interceptor.

Table 8-3 Example Grease Production Values for Restaurants					
Restaurant Type	Grease Production Values	Examples			
Low grease producer	0.005 lbs (2.268 g)/meal (no flatware)	Elementary cafeteria, grocery meat department, hotel			
	0.0065 lbs (2.948 g)/meal (with flatware)	breakfast bar, sub shop, sushi, take-and-bake pizza			
Medium grease producer	0.025 lbs (11.340 g)/meal (no flatware)	Cafe, coffee shop, convenience store, grocery deli, Greek,			
	0.0325 lbs (14.742 g)/meal (with flatware)	Indian, Japanese, Korean, Th Vietnamese			
High grease producer	0.035 lbs (15.876 g)/meal (no flatware)	Full-fare family, fast-food hamburger, hamburger bar and			
	0.0455 lbs (20.638 g)/meal (with flatware)	grill, German, Italian, fast-foo Mexican			
Very high grease producer	0.058 lbs (26.308 g)/meal (no flatware)	Full-fare BBQ, fast-food fried chicken, full-fare Mexican,			
	0.075 lbs (34.019 g)/meal (with flatware)	steak and seafood, Chinese, Hawaiian			



Step 1 Determine the flow Rate



4" Pipe Size

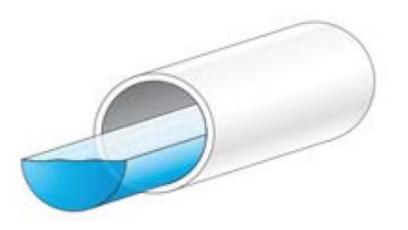


Table 1014.2.1

Hydromechanical Grease Interceptor Sizing Using Gravity Flow Rates

Diameter of Grease Waste Pipe	Maximum	Size of Grease Interceptor			
	Full Pipe Flow*	One-minute Drainage Period	Two-minute Drainage Period		
2" (51 mm)	20 GPM (1.3 L/s)	20 GPM (1.3 L/s)	10 GPM (0.6 L/s)		
3" (76 mm)	60 GPM (3.8 L/s)	75 GPM (4.7 L/s)	35 GPM (2.2 L/s)		
4" (102 mm)	125 GPM (7.9 L/s)	150 GPM (9.5 L/s)	75 GPM (4.7 L/s)		
5" (127 mm)	230 GPM (14.5 L/s)	250 GPM (15.8 L/s)	125 GPM (7.9 L/s)		
6" (152 mm)	375 GPM (23.6 L/s)	500 GPM (31.5 L/s)	250 GPM (15.8 L/s)		







4" Pipe Size = 75 GPM



Step 2: Calculate Grease Capacity



X

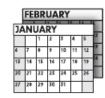


Grease Production Values



Days Per Pump-Out Cycle

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Grease Capacity Needed



Meals or Customers Per Day

750





Low Grease Production

No Flatware: 0.005 lbs/meal With Flatware: 0.0065 lbs/meal



Medium Grease Production

No Flatware: 0.025 lbs./meal With Flatware: 0.0325 lbs./meal



High Grease Production

No Flatware: 0.035 lbs/meal With Flatware: 0.0455 lbs/meal



High Grease Production⁵

No Flatware: 0.035 lbs./meal With Flatware: 0.0455 lbs./meal



High Grease Production⁵

No Flatware: 0.035 lbs./meal



With Flatware: 0.0455 lbs./meal



Days Per Pump-Out Cycle

FEBRUARY								
JANUARY							Į.	
	Г	1	2	3	4	5	L	
6	7		7	10	11	17	2	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	t	
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27	28	29	30	31	t	+	ſ	





30 Days 60 Days 90 Days

Days Per Pump-Out Cycle

FEBRUARY								
JANUARY								
Г	1	2	3	4	5	Ľ		
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60 Days

Days Per Pump-Out Cycle

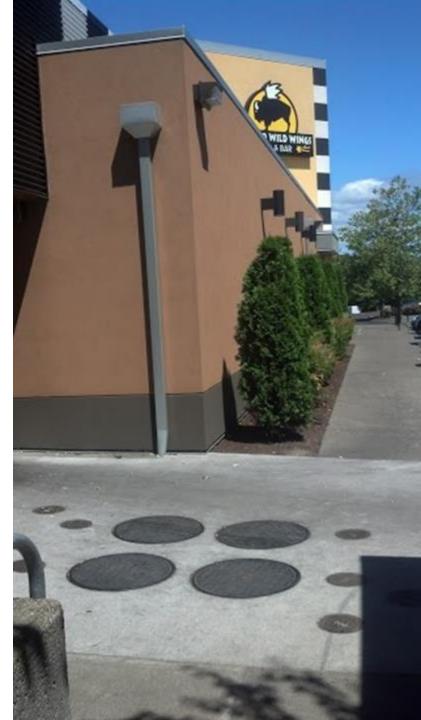
FEBRUARY									
JANUARY									
	Г	1	2	3	4	5	11		
6	7		9	10	11	12	2		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Ľ.		
20	21	22	28	24	25	26	1		
27	28	29	30	31	T	1	1		



(2) GB-250 in series



3,502 lbs of FOG



Grease Monkey

© Schier Products Company 2017

Full Service Grease Interceptor Sizing Tool

MONKEY

PRE-APPROVED

TOWN" SUS

Grease Monkey Sizing Tool

Happy Code Authorities



Happy End User



Thank you!