



University of  
St Andrews

---

FOUNDED  
1413

---

# School of Physics and Astronomy

## Handbook for First and Second Level Modules

(pre-honours handbook)

# 2020 - 2021

# 2020-21 HANDBOOK FOR FIRST AND SECOND LEVEL MODULES IN THE SCHOOL OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY, UNIVERSITY OF ST ANDREWS

INTRODUCTION	4
PANDEMIC MATTERS	5
AIMS OF OUR TEACHING PROGRAMMES	6
ENTRY POINTS AND REQUIREMENTS	7
LEVEL-ONE MODULES	11
LEVEL-TWO MODULES	21
STUDENT WORK	32
GENERAL INFORMATION	34
Advisers of Studies	34
External References	34
Examinations	35
Special Circumstances Affecting Attendance and/or Assessment	35
The 0-20 Grading Scale – Pre-Honours Physics and Astronomy	36
Relevance of module grades	39
Progression to Honours Physics and Astronomy	39
Deans' List	39
Absence from Classes or Examinations	40
Penalties for late submission and Word/Space Limit Issues	41
Early Academic Intervention	42
Good Academic Practice, and Academic Misconduct	42
Proof Reading	43
Feedback, and Access to Examination Scripts	43
Appeals and Complaints	44
Online Teaching Sessions	45
J F Allen Library	46
Work Spaces	47
Computing Facilities	48
Lockers	48
Student-Staff Council, and School President	48
Diversity, Respect, Community	49
Journey of Learning, Student Services	49
Advice and Support	50
Information for students	50
Disabilities, Learning Difficulties, Mental Health, Wellbeing	51
CEED Resources	52
English Language Support	53
Fees	53

Health and Safety	53
Academic Session	54
Finding Referees	54
APPENDIX: SOME STAFF MEMBERS	55
APPENDIX B: SYLLABUSES OF FIRST LEVEL MODULES	57
APPENDIX C: SYLLABUSES OF SECOND LEVEL MODULES	61
APPENDIX D: TIMETABLE	64
APPENDIX E: HONOURS DEGREE PROGRAMMES	65
APPENDIX F: HONOURS ENTRY REQUIREMENTS	66
DISCLAIMERS	66

Head of School – Prof Ian Bonnell  
School of Physics and Astronomy, J F Allen Building,  
University of St Andrews  
North Haugh, St Andrews, Fife, KY16 9SS  
Tel: (01334) 463111  
[physics@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:physics@st-andrews.ac.uk)  
[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/)

*We hope that the information in this handbook will be useful to our students. Our pre-honours students are expected to have read and understood what is in this document. Please ask staff if you have any queries. I am happy to meet with our students to discuss any aspects of their study here.*

*Bruce Sinclair, Director of Teaching for the School of Physics and Astronomy  
[physdot@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:physdot@st-andrews.ac.uk), ext 3118, room 221*

## INTRODUCTION

This handbook provides information about the first and second level modules to be taught by the School of Physics and Astronomy in the session 2020-21. Students are asked to read this booklet carefully, and are expected to be familiar with the contents. As well as providing useful information for you, this is the “rule book” for these modules. There should not be any disagreement between centrally published information and what is here.

First Level:	PH1011	Physics 1A
	PH1012	Physics 1B
	PH1501	Gateway – Maths for Physicists 1A
	PH1502	Gateway – Physics Skills 1A
	PH1503	Gateway – Physics Skills 1B
	AS1001	Astronomy & Astrophysics 1
	AS1101	Astrophysics 1 (condensed)
	Not running 2020-21	AS1002
Not running 2020-21	AS1901	The Physical Universe (evening)
Second Level:	PH2011	Physics 2A
	PH2012	Physics 2B
	AS2001	Astronomy & Astrophysics 2
	AS2101	Astrophysics 2 (condensed)

*Module offerings in the School of Physics and Astronomy may change from year to year. The 2020-21 module offerings described in this handbook are therefore indicative rather than definitive of what will be offered in future years. Nevertheless, the number and range of modules offered in 2020-21 is broadly illustrative of the number and range of modules offered in any given year.*

Each of these modules lasts for one semester and is assessed during and/or at the end of the semester in which it is taught. First level modules are each worth 20 credits (except AS1101 at 5 credits), and the second level modules listed are each worth 30 credits (except AS2101, which is 15 credits). Normally 120 credits are taken in each year of study, and this will usually include modules from other Schools.

The selection of modules depends on entry point, on the degree(s) in view, and on the student's own interests and qualifications. Those aiming for a degree involving this School will start with either Physics 1A and 1B or Physics 2A and 2B depending on their entry point. The Gateway modules are available only to those students on the Gateway programmes.

A separate booklet provides full details of the honours degree programmes and modules offered by the School, i.e. those which normally occupy the third, fourth and fifth levels of an honours degree. This is available from the School's web page.

*This list of module offerings is for illustration purposes only and does not constitute a guarantee of the specific modules or module content to be offered in future years.*

## PANDEMIC MATTERS

This academic session will be strongly influenced by the current pandemic. We need to work in a way that is safe and that is within the current regulations of the governments of this country. Our teaching programme has been modified to take account of these needs. Some of our current plans (as of mid August 2020) are set out in this handbook and elsewhere, but we need to regard them as subject to change until we see how the pandemic affects what we can do, and how the range of needs of different parts of the University interact with each other.

We aim to provide teaching programmes where there are good opportunities for students to work together and with their teaching staff, in person and/or online. We expect to deliver almost all semester-one lectures online, and we hope to be able to provide for most modules and most students some “in-building” tutorial, workshop, and/or lab activities, suitably distanced. If all goes well, we hope to return to more normal arrangements in semester two, but we realise that semester two may also need to be more distanced than usual.

Please read carefully the University advice on Coronavirus at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/coronavirus/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/coronavirus/)

and please act on the signage that is in the University’s buildings.

All students and staff are required to behave in an appropriate manner to reduce the chance of spread of the virus. This includes isolating if you exhibit symptoms or if you have been contacted by the NHS Test and Protect team due to your earlier proximity to someone with symptoms. It includes keeping the appropriate distance (currently at least two metres) from other people wherever possible, wearing face coverings in specified areas, good hand hygiene, and avoiding touching your face.

Students who may have concerns or anxiety about the pandemic are encouraged to communicate with staff in Student Services.

## AIMS OF OUR TEACHING PROGRAMMES

- To provide a systematic functional knowledge and understanding of core physical concepts, principles and theories, and some of their applications.
- To provide specialist functional knowledge and understanding relevant to the particular degree programme, for example in astrophysics, theoretical physics, or physics.
- To provide access to physics at the frontiers, capitalising on the strengths of the research undertaken in the School.
- To develop proficiency in the analysis of complex physical problems and the use of mathematical and other appropriate techniques to solve them.
- To develop the ability of students to organise their knowledge in a way that they can articulate the big ideas from the various modules, and can see the inter-relationship of material from different modules. Students should develop the ability to filter their knowledge in such a way that they can access the information that they need to apply to a particular problem or learning situation.
- To provide the ability to plan, execute under supervision, analyse and report upon the results of an experiment or investigation.
- To provide experience and expertise in experimental investigations for all students at the earlier stages of the programme. At least for students on the *Physics* degree programmes to develop these skills further in the honours years. At least for students on the *Astrophysics* degree programmes to develop competence in observational and computational techniques in astronomy. At least for *Physics* students to develop skills in the use of computers for control, data acquisition, and data analysis in experimental investigations.
- To develop the professional skills of teamwork, independent learning, information retrieval, critical analysis, and the communication of scientific concepts in writing and orally.
- To develop the ability to be a self-directed learner, including fostering a healthy intellectual curiosity in this and other disciplines, and the ability to determine one's own learning needs and to organise one's own learning.
- To enthuse students about the discipline and its applications, and to develop their confidence in their work using the discipline.
- To provide students in the School with an educational and social environment which encourages them to become informed, responsible, and respected members of society.
- To provide opportunities and support for all students to reach their full potential during their studies.

## ENTRY POINTS AND REQUIREMENTS

Students who are aiming for a degree in physics or astrophysics (including joint degrees with mathematics but not with other subjects) may consider whether they wish to take the conventional entry route starting with level one physics (and other) modules, or whether they wish to take an accelerated entry route. The former allows a broader education, but the latter allows students to complete their honours degree one year earlier. Joint degrees with all subjects apart from Maths require first year entry.

### First Year Entry to Physics and Astronomy Degree Programmes

The majority of entrants aiming for a degree involving this School start their programme in first year with 120 credits from first year modules, including PH1011 Physics 1A, PH1012 Physics 1B, and MT1002 Mathematics.

### Accelerated Entry to Physics and Astronomy Degree Programmes

The accelerated route gives direct entry to level two physics and maths modules. Qualifying students are given 120 “advanced standing credits” on the basis of their school/college attainment, and can then obtain an honours BSc degree in three years or an honours MPhys degree in four years. Note that the University may withdraw these advanced standing credits if the student changes to a programme where they are no longer appropriate.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-advance-standing-credit/advanced-standing-credits.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-advance-standing-credit/advanced-standing-credits.pdf)

The qualifications required for direct entry to second level are currently normally one of

- AAA in Advanced Higher or A-levels, with A in both Mathematics and Physics, or
- AA in Advanced Higher in Mathematics and Physics, and AA in Highers in two other subjects, or
- IB with at least 38 points including Physics and Mathematics at HL6 or above
- qualifications equivalent to the above.

We strongly recommend that those with A-levels taking direct entry to second level should have included at least one mechanics module in their mathematics A-level.

A-level qualified entrants entering with a degree intention of one of our joint degrees with Mathematics also need an A-grade in Further Mathematics to take second year entry. It is not possible to take second year entry to our joint degrees involving Chemistry, Computer Science, or Philosophy.

For those who take direct entry to second level, the following combinations of modules taken in the entry year can lead into the degree programme shown below. The number of credits for each module is shown in brackets. Other combinations may be possible.

<i>Sem 1</i>	<i>Sem 2</i>
PH2011 (30) 10 am, Physics 2A	PH2012 (30) 10 am, Physics 2B
MT2503 (15) noon, Multivariate Calculus	Choice (30)
MT2501 (15) noon, Linear Maths	

*A. With the modules shown this can lead to a BSc or MPhys in Physics or Theoretical Physics. If two relevant level two maths modules are taken as the choice in second semester then this can also lead to the joint degrees with Mathematics. The Choice credits in second semester may be at level 1 or 2.*

<i>Sem 1</i>	<i>Sem 2</i>
PH2011 (30) 10 am, Physics 2A	PH2012 (30) 10 am, Physics 2B
AS1101 (5), 11 am, Astro 1 condensed	AS2001 (30) 11 am <b>OR</b> [AS2101 (15) 11 am and choice (15)]
MT2503 (15) noon, Multivariate Calculus	
MT2501 (15) noon, Linear Maths	

*B. With modules shown this can lead to BSc or MPhys Astrophysics, Physics or Theoretical Physics, ie to any of the single-honours degrees within the School.*

<i>Sem 1</i>	<i>Sem 2</i>
PH2011 (30) 10 am, Physics 2A	PH2012 (30) 10 am, Physics 2B
MT2503 (15) noon, Multivariate Calculus	MT2501 (15) 11 am, Linear Maths
Another 15-credit level 2 maths module, or a level 1 subject of interest, eg Maths MT1002 (20) or Astrophysics AS1001 (20)	Another level 2 maths module (15), or a level 1 subject of interest

*C. If MT1002 is taken in the first semester this can give a less demanding route in to mathematics study than in A and B above. With the modules shown this can lead to BSc or MPhys Physics or Theoretical Physics.*

*If two relevant level 2 maths modules are taken as the choices then might also lead to the joint degrees with Mathematics. Those seeking an applied maths flavour of a joint degree should take MT2501 and MT2503 in first semester, and MT2506 and MT2507 in second semester. Those seeking a pure maths flavour should take MT2503 and MT2502 in first semester, and MT2501 and MT2505 in second semester.*

<i>Sem 1</i>	<i>Sem 2</i>
MT1002 (20) 9 am Mathematics	
PH2011 (30) 10 am, Physics 2A	PH2012 (30) 10 am, Physics 2B
AS1101 (5) 11 am Astro 1 condensed	AS2101 (15) 11 am Astro 2 condensed
MT2501 (15) noon, Linear Maths	MT2503 (15) noon, Multiv. Calculus

*D. With MT1002 taken in the first semester this can give a less demanding route in to mathematics study than other routes, though is over normal credit load in semester one. This can lead to BSc or MPhys Astrophysics, Physics or Theoretical Physics.*

*This list of modules is for illustrative purposes only and does not constitute a guarantee of the specific modules or module content or route to be offered in future years, but should work for 2020-21.*



The MSci Physics and Chemistry students do not normally have the option of reducing the number of years they study here, but they can use appropriate school qualifications to bypass for example Physics 1A or 1B and take Physics 2A or 2B in their year of entry, thus allowing a more conventional credit load in second year than would otherwise be the case.

Although direct entry to second level may be offered to suitable applicants as part of the admission process, no final decision is required until incoming students have consulted their Adviser of Studies after arrival in St Andrews.

## **Entry to the Gateway Programme**

This programme and its dedicated modules are available only to those who have been offered entry to this programme as part of the admissions process.

## **Summary of Entry Requirements for Pre-Honours AS/PH Modules**

We welcome on to our pre-honours modules those intending to do a degree involving the School and those who are aiming for a degree in a different discipline.

PH1011 Physics 1A and AS1001/1101 Astrophysics 1 assume that students have a familiarity and competence in physics and mathematics (including calculus) equivalent to at least B-grade attainment in SQA Highers or B-grade attainment in A-levels in these subjects. PH1012 Physics 1B builds on the material of Physics 1A, and so Physics 1A is a pre-requisite for Physics 1B.

PH2011 Physics 2A builds on level one physics and maths material, though is also accessible for those joining us on the accelerated entry route having obtained the equivalent of A-grades in the SQA Advanced Highers in physics and maths. PH2012 Physics 2B builds on the material of Physics 2A. AS2001 and AS2101 Astrophysics 2 require the knowledge and skills developed in Astrophysics 1 or in the Gateway Programme, as well as in PH1011, PH1012 and MT1002.

We welcome students with other relevant qualifications on to these modules. Those from outside the UK may wish to look at past Scottish Higher Exam Papers to see the level:- [www.sqa.org.uk/pastpapers/papers/papers/2019/NH\\_Physics\\_all\\_2019.pdf](http://www.sqa.org.uk/pastpapers/papers/papers/2019/NH_Physics_all_2019.pdf) for physics and [www.sqa.org.uk/pastpapers/papers/papers/2019/NH\\_Mathematics\\_all\\_2019.pdf](http://www.sqa.org.uk/pastpapers/papers/papers/2019/NH_Mathematics_all_2019.pdf) for maths.

Those joining us with AP qualifications in both physics and maths should find Physics 1A accessible to them. Those joining us from the USA without AP should consider taking the International Gateway entry route. It seems that there is typically rather more physics covered in a UK school/college experience than in the USA if the AP is not taken.

## Summary of Pathways for Degree Programmes Within the School

### Traditional Entry Route

Level One Sem 1	Level One Sem 2
Physics 1A (20 credits)	Physics 1B (20 credits)
Maths MT1001 or MT1002 (20 credits)	Maths MT1002 or Choice (20 credits)
Astronomy 1 or Choice (20 credits)	Choice (20 credits)



Level Two Sem 1	Level Two Sem 2
Physics 2A (30 credits)	Physics 2B (30 credits)
Typically Maths MT2501 and MT2503, (30 credits)	Astro 2, level two maths, or Choice (30 credits)



### Accelerated Entry Route

Acc Entry Sem 1	Acc Entry Sem 2
Physics 2A (30 credits)	Physics 2B (30 credits)
Typically Maths MT2501 and MT2503, (30credits)	More Maths, Astro 2, or choice (to 30 credits)
AS1101 for astro (5)	



**Junior Honours** Builds on Physics, Maths, and where appropriate Astronomy modules from second year. Honours BSc programmes need grade 11 in level two Physics modules and Maths MT2501 and 2503 (and Astronomy as appropriate), MPhys programmes need grade 15. Full details in handbooks.

All, Semester One	Physics Sem 2	Theoretical Ph Sem 2	Astronomy Sem 2
Maths for Physicists	Electromagnetism	Electromagnetism	Electromagnetism
Quantum Mechanics 1	Quantum Mechanics 2	Quantum Mechanics 2	Quantum Mechanics2
Trans skills 1 <sup>st</sup> section	Trans skills 2 <sup>nd</sup> section	Trans skills 2 <sup>nd</sup> section	Trans skills 2 <sup>nd</sup> section
Computational Physics	Thermal & Stat Phys	Thermal & Stat Phys	Thermal & Stat Phys
Option – Electronics, Extragalactic Astro ...	Physics lab 1	Lag & Ham Dynamics	Computational Astro



**Senior Honours** Builds on knowledge and skills developed in JH and before. Full module choices for different programmes are given in the Honours Handbook. Honours BSc students have project this year, then should graduate. MPhys students have one further year of study.



**MPhys Year** Major project and advanced lecture-based modules. These modules assume knowledge of the core physics and maths covered earlier, and many will have specific pre-requisites in terms of JH and SH modules that may not be taken by all students – please plan ahead.

*NB: This is just an overview. Full details are in the relevant School Handbooks and the University's Course Catalogue, including for joint degrees. There are different routes available.*

**LEVEL-ONE MODULES****Co-ordinators:**

		Room	Tel	e-mail
Physics 1A, PH1011	Dr Peter Voitke	306	1681	pw31
Physics 1B, PH1012	Dr Helen Cammack		3741	hmc9
Lab coordinator	Dr Cameron Rae	132c	7314	cfr
Gateway PH1501	Dr Irina Leonhardt	210	3103	il4
Gateway PH1502 & 3	Dr Lucy Hadfield	304	3144	ljh11
Astrophysics 1 (AS1001)	Dr Aleks Scholz	331	1668	as110
(AS1101)	Dr Anne-Marie Weijmans	334	2823	amw23

**Level One Physics**

The two level-one modules PH1011 and PH1012 provide an introduction to university physics, assuming a prior knowledge and understanding of mathematics and physics at SQA Higher grade BB (or equivalent, or higher) in these subjects. They are not a first course in physics. The modules include appropriate coverage of the traditional disciplines of classical physics, but also exposure to the ideas of modern physics including quantum concepts, and to applications including laser physics. The labs give experience in experimental investigations and techniques. It is intended that the two modules should be similar in standard to that of the SQA Advanced Higher in Physics although the syllabi will not match in detail. In particular, students may find a much greater emphasis here on how mathematical and physical relations are determined.

**Physics 1A PH1011 (20 Credits)**

This module covers the core subjects of mechanics, waves and optics, and the properties of matter. It includes lectures on Newton's laws, simple harmonic motion, the different types of wave motion, geometrical and wave optics, the nature and composition of nuclei, atoms, molecules, solids, and gases.

**Physics 1B PH1012 (20 credits)**

This module covers the mechanics of gravitation and rotational motion, quantum phenomena, and an introduction to lasers. The module is suitable for those who have already taken Physics 1A. It includes lectures on the origins of quantum theory, and its application to atoms and other small scale systems, dynamics and conservation laws, and the principles

of lasers. The module also includes a set of group-based activities associated with the use of physics ideas to solve an interesting problem.

Students who take Physics 1A and/or Physics 1B should acquire

- an understanding of the topics covered in the module,
- an ability to solve problems based on the lecture material,
- an ability to build mathematical models of physical systems
- an increased interest in exploring and understanding the physical world
- a competence in using some of the standard equipment in physics laboratories,
- an appreciation of uncertainty analysis in experimental work.
- an ability to model a real-world problem using physical concepts.
- experience of working in small groups to solve technical problems

### **Gateway Maths for Physicists PH1501 (20 credits)**

This module provides the necessary semester-one mathematics for students following the Physics and Astronomy (Gateway) entry route. The module mirrors the content of that presented in the level one course MT1001. It is designed to give students a solid mathematical background and to introduce them to a range of mathematical techniques required for physics and mathematics degrees. It is a core module in the Gateway first year and is taken in conjunction with the semester two module MT1002. The following topics will be covered: basic algebra (inequalities, functions, coordinate systems, algebraic manipulation), geometric sequences and series, techniques of differentiation and integration. Students who have a grade B at Advanced Higher Mathematics (including units 1 and 2) or B at A-level Mathematics may bypass PH1501 and take MT1002 in the first semester and MT1003 (or another module if there is agreement from their adviser) in the second semester.

### **Gateway Physics Skills 1A PH1502 (20 credits)**

The first of the two Level 1 Gateway skills modules provides a grounding in studying physics at university. The aim is to consolidate basic scientific/numerical skills and equip students with the study and lab skills needed to develop a firm foundation for future learning. The module will also address problem solving in physics with the aim being to develop confident and competent physicists. To this end, emphasis is placed on the understanding of fundamental scientific concepts and the encouragement of independent study. Gateway Physics Skills 1A serves as preparation for Gateway Physics Skills 1B.

### **Gateway Physics Skills 1B PH1503 (20 credits)**

Building upon the skills developed in semester one, the second skills module continues to expand and develop problem solving and communication skills that are essential for progression to more complex challenges. A short astronomy section is included to allow progression to level-two astrophysics for those who wish.

The Gateway Physics Skills 1A and 1B modules will be delivered via a combination of taught material, workshop style tutorials, practical activities and self-study assignments. Students who successfully complete the modules, should

- be able to manage their own learning and understand the requirements of academic integrity
- be able to critically reflect and evaluate personal progress
- develop a portfolio of work to highlight the adoption and integration of good study habits
- approach problem solving in a structured way and become confident in applying knowledge to familiar and unfamiliar problems
- foster an appreciation of the interplay between different areas of physics and independently pursue topics that are of particular interest
- be developing skills in learning from and critically evaluating textual material
- be developing skills in science communication including presenting work using written and oral media

## **Astronomy & Astrophysics 1 - AS1001 (20 credits)**

The aim of this module is to provide an elementary understanding of the structure of the observable universe and our position within it. The physical content of the universe, its structures and their mutual interactions, are explored. It is shown how the properties of planets, stars, galaxies, etc may be determined from observations coupled with theoretical models based on physical principles. The module comprises four 10-lecture courses on The Solar System, Stars and Elementary Astrophysics, The Milky Way Galaxy, and Cosmology, thereby providing a complete overview of the subject at this level.

By the end of this module, students will have gained

- an understanding of the structure and evolution of the physical universe from the solar system, through the galaxy, to the large-scale distribution of galaxies and the origin of the universe,
- an ability to calculate astrophysical properties of planets, stars and galaxies from basic physical and mathematical models and simplified data.

## **Astrophysics 1 – AS1101 (5 credits)**

This is a condensed version of AS1001 that is available for accelerated-entry astrophysics students before taking level two astrophysics in the following semester.

Detailed syllabuses for all first level modules are given in Appendix B.

## Entry Requirements

The general entry requirements for students entering the university are described in the Undergraduate Prospectus. The following are the specific requirements for each of the first level modules in Physics and Astronomy.

### ***Physics 1A, Physics 1B, Astronomy & Astrophysics AS1001 and AS1101***

Passes are normally required in SQA Higher-grade Physics and Mathematics (minimum grades BB) or GCE A-level Physics and Mathematics (minimum grades BB), or an equivalent set of qualifications. Physics 1A is a pre-requisite for Physics 1B.

### ***Gateway Modules***

Only those students who are registered on the Gateway programme may take these modules.

## Recommended Books for Level-One Physics and Astronomy

Some books are available as ebooks to registered students. The links to booklists for AS and PH modules on the School's web page will show you what is available, and will provide links as appropriate.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/timetables-handbooks/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/timetables-handbooks/)

All students may wish to read *Learn How to Study* (3rd edition), by D Rowntree (Macdonald 1998) which provides training in study techniques.

### ***Physics***

The core text is Halliday and Resnick's Principles of Physics, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Global Edition, by J Walker, ISBN: 978-1-119-45401-4. Those who wish to purchase a paper copy may do so for around £55. The University library is purchasing online access to a pdf of this textbook for Physics 1A, 1B, 2A, and 2B students.

Other texts that students may also wish to consult are:-

- *Physics for Scientists and Engineers: A Strategic Approach with Modern Physics* by R D Knight, Pearson, 2014 electronic book
- *Understanding Physics*, 1st Edition by K Cummings, PW Laws, E F Redish, P J Cooney, Wiley, 2004
- *Sears and Zemansky's University Physics* by H D Young and R A Freedman (12<sup>th</sup> edition, Addison-Wesley 2008 or other edition), and
- *Physics for Scientists and Engineers* by P A Tipler and G P Mosca (6th edition, Freeman 2008).

Additional possible reading for the lasers course is *Understanding Lasers* by J Hecht, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, IEEE Press 2008), though we do not recommend purchase; there are multiple copies in the library.

Useful reading for the labs is *Measurements and their Uncertainties: A Practical Guide to Modern Error Analysis* by I G Hughes and T P A Hase, Oxford, 2010. This is available through the library as an ebook.

### ***Astronomy & Astrophysics AS1001 and AS1101***

The main recommended books for this module are *Astronomy – a Physical Perspective* by M L Kutner (CUP 2003), and *Cosmic Perspective*, by J O Bennett. Both are available as an ebook via the University Library, and both are available in hard copy on loan in the library.

## **Tutorials and Workshops**

For the module Physics 1A each student will typically attend one tutorial and one workshop (problem-solving class) per week; for the module Physics 1B arrangements are similar but the workshops are in alternate weeks. The tutorials will involve discussions on lecture material and the solution of conceptual and numerical problems based on the course. Students are expected to have attempted all designated tutorial problems in advance of the tutorial and are required to bring their written solutions to the tutorial. They are also required, prior to the tutorial, to submit a self-reporting form and answers to selected problems for marking. In the workshops, students attempt problems on current lecture topics with demonstrator assistance.

Students will also work through maths revision exercises at the start of the PH1011 class. The purpose of this exercise is to re-acquaint students with the mathematics that will be required to undertake this module. Students carry out mathematical exercises (largely in their own time, but with demonstrator support available) on topics which cover part of the syllabus of Higher and A-level Mathematics. A problem sheet for this work is submitted for assessment.

The Gateway modules involve significant amounts of tutorial and workshop time with input from academic staff. Room 230 is normally used for this purpose.

Astrophysics AS1001 runs one tutorial per week, while AS1101 runs a total of 4 tutorials and 4 sessions of online office hours/Q&A or other activity. The tutorials will involve discussions on lecture material and the solution of conceptual and numerical problems based on the course. Students are expected to have attempted all designated tutorial problems in advance of the tutorial.

## Practical Work

### *Physics*

The aims of first level practical work in physics are

- to allow an exploration of relevant physics,
- to illustrate the subject matter covered in the lectures,
- to introduce students to some of the modern equipment that is used in physics laboratories,
- to teach the principles of precision and accuracy and methods of uncertainty propagation,
- to teach the principles of experimental techniques and methods of analysis underlying experimental procedures.

For 2020-21 we plan that the laboratory component of the Physics 1A module will be carried out remotely. We expect that the work covered should require less than 4-5 hours per week and you will have access to a two hour Q&A session one afternoon per week to support your learning (groups will be arranged for Monday through Friday at the start of semester). To make best use of support sessions we suggest that you should use the time beforehand to familiarise yourself with each activity's material contained in the laboratory manual, including viewing any supporting videos or simulations. Time will also be used for producing graphs or completing other data analysis; maintaining and completing a laboratory notebook style record for a remotely controlled experiment that you will perform towards the end of semester; and attempting short weekly quizzes that monitor progress. The important laboratory skills developed in Physics 1A will be developed further in future hands-on experimental work aimed more at exploring physics.

For the Physics 1B module it is planned that students will attend one "in-lab" afternoon session of 2½ hours per week of experimental work. We expect that most of your practical work should be completed within these normal laboratory hours, with some time 'at home' prior to the start of a practical to familiarise yourself with the upcoming work and attempt the pre-lab questions; between lab session for producing graphs or completing other data analysis; and at the end to finalise your analysis and write a short conclusion. It is anticipated you should spend no more than 4-5 hours per week on lab-related work on this module. Toward the end of semester, experimental work will focus on problem solving and group-work skills.

A detailed description of the arrangements for laboratory related work will be provided separately, including weekly schedules and information on assessed assignments.

### *Astronomy & Astrophysics AS1001 and AS1101*

The aim of practical work is to teach the acquisition and analysis of astronomical data through simple observations, exercises, and computer simulations. Students will gain an appreciation of the physical properties of objects in the universe, e.g., planetary motions, masses and temperatures of stars, distances to stars and galaxies, and the age of the universe.



AS1001 has four lab afternoons in the semester, AS1101 has two. These laboratory sessions are 2½ hours long. AS1001 students work individually, in pairs, or in small groups at their own pace on experiments selected from a range which may cover planetary motions, radiation laws, properties of the Sun and of the stars, the distribution of stars and galaxies in space, and the expansion of the Universe. AS1101 lab sessions focus on galaxies and cosmology, and the development of programming skills. For 2020-21 we expect these lab sessions to be online.

## Monitoring and Assessment

The progress of students taking each module will be monitored in different ways. For Physics 1A and Physics 1B, the workshops and tutorials entail some written work, some of which is submitted for marking, as well as a class test in the middle of the semester. Correspondingly, those taking Astronomy and Astrophysics 1 will be given a brief test, on two occasions during the semester, intended to focus attention on material covered in recent lectures. Those taking AS1101 have a class test, a take-home exam, and online quizzes. The performance of those taking The Physical Universe will also be monitored and assessed through tests. The Gateway skills modules are entirely continuously assessed.

The examinations consist of one written paper of two hours at the end of the semester. There is no choice of questions in the AS and PH exams. Resit examinations for those who are eligible (roughly, those who get a module grade between 4.0 and 6.9 and have not been given an Academic Alert FINAL) are held late in the summer. For any continuous assessment component that is specified in the reassessment below the mark is carried over from what was given during the semester.

A student who achieves grade 7.0 or better in both the practical and examination components will be awarded an overall grade for the module according to the formulae:

- PH1011 60% examination, 15% class test, 25% labs (Reassessment the same)
- PH1012 50% exam, 25% labs, 15% Group Discovery Project, 10% class test (Re-assessment the same)
- PH1501 50% exam, 50% continuous assessment (Reassessment 100% exam)
- PH1502 100% continuous assessment  
Made up of problem solving and study skills exercises (60%), practical work (25%), independent and group research assignments (15%),  
(Reassessment 60% new assignments, 40% carried through from semester)
- PH1503 100% continuous assessment  
Made up of problem-solving and study skills exercises (5%), Astronomy short course (25%), practical work (10%), poster development and presentation (15%),  
(Reassessment 60% new assignments, 40% carried through from semester)

- AS1001 60% examination, 15% tests, 25% practical  
(Re-assessment 75% examination, 25% practical)
- AS1101 50% class test, 25% practical, 15% take-home exam, 10% online quizzes  
(Reassessment 75% resit of class test, 25% practical work)
- AS1002 50% examination, 50% tests (Re-assessment 100% examination)
- AS1901 50% two essays, 50% two class tests (Re-assessment 100% examination)

In modules that have both examination and continuously assessed components, a student who achieves grade 7.0 or better in one component but grade 6.9 or less in the other will be awarded an overall grade for the module which is determined by the formulae above but subject to a maximum grade 6.9.

## Medals and Prizes

In AS1001, AS1002, AS1901, PH1001, PH1002, and Gateway (PH1501-3), a medal is awarded to the student with the best performance overall in the assessment. The J F Allen Prize in Physics is awarded to the most outstanding student in PH1011 and PH1012 taken together. The Margaret Stewart Prize is awarded to the student in the module AS1001 who gains the highest grade.

## Academic Alerts

Academic Alerts are a way of helping students who are having trouble coping with their studies, such as missing deadlines for handing in work, or missing compulsory tutorials. The aim of the Alert system is to help students by flagging up problems before they seriously affect students' grades. Academic Alerts will be issued by email from a member of staff within the School and will tell students what is wrong and what they are required to do (e.g. attend classes in future). The Alerts will also tell students what support the University can offer. If students do not take the action required they will get another Alert, and eventually may automatically get a grade of zero and will fail that module. The system is designed to help and support students in order to remedy any problems or issues before these lead to failing a module. Alerts will never appear on a student's permanent transcript. For more information on Academic Alerts and details on how the categories work, see [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts.pdf)

Guidance for students is available at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts-student-guidance.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts-student-guidance.pdf)

Note that a "FINAL" alert can result in a student receiving grade 0 for the module with no right to a resit examination, ie they will get a fail for the module for that year. This can have serious consequences for their study at the University.

In all pre-honours modules in physics and astronomy, attendance at all classes (lectures, tutorials, workshops, and any specified practical work) is strongly recommended and in some cases is a requirement. In level-one modules (apart from AS1101) in this School, in order to avoid a FINAL alert, a student must:

- 1. For tutorials in Physics 1A and 1B and AS1001 attend where practicable, in person or online, a minimum of 75% of the tutorials of the module.**
- 2. For tutorials in Physics 1A, Physics 1B, and Astronomy AS1001 hand in on time a serious attempt at the specified hand-in questions for a minimum of 75% of the tutorials.**
- 3. For Physics 1A attempt a minimum of 75% of the weekly laboratory progress monitoring quizzes associated with the module, and achieve a grade of at least 7.0 overall for the laboratory work.**
- 4. For Physics (PH) modules, attend a minimum of 75% of the workshops, and in the case of Physics 1B, 75% of the scheduled group-project sessions.**
- 5. For Astronomy AS1001 and Gateway Maths for Physicists PH1501, achieve a grade of at least 4.0 in the combined score for the class tests.**
- 6. For Physics 1A and 1B, achieve a grade of at least 4.0 for the class tests.**
- 7. For the Gateway modules PH1501 to PH1503 complete and submit to an adequate standard a minimum of 75% (measured by credit contribution) of the continuously assessed components of the module.**
- 8. For the Gateway modules attend at least 75% of the scheduled classes, including tutorials and supported study sessions.**
- 9. For PH1503 attain at least a grade 4.0 for the Astronomy class test.**
- 10. For all modules with examinations, achieve a grade of at least 2.0 in the final examination. (This includes the case of students who fail to attend the examination without a satisfactory reason.)**

For AS1101 to avoid a category FINAL academic alert a student must

- 1. Submit at least one of the two lab reports and get for it at least grade 4.0.**
- 2. Attain at least grade 4.0 in the class test.**

Any justifiable reasons for absence from tutorials, workshops, labs, tests and exams should as soon as possible be presented by a self-certificate of absence on the University's systems. This can be completed on MySaint, under "My details and development". In such cases students should also immediately contact the member of staff concerned in order to arrange how and when the missed work should be undertaken. Late justifications of missing work will be accepted only in exceptional circumstances.

## Progression

Students are normally expected to gain at least grade 7 in all level-one modules for progression to level two.

Grade 7 does not indicate mastery of the material, and we expect our students to be aiming for a much higher grade than this. They may wish to note that all module grades will appear on their final degree transcript. The knowledge and skills developed and practised in level one maths and physics (and astrophysics where appropriate) are the foundations for level two study in this School.

## Level-One Module Combinations

Entering at level one, 120 credits are usually taken, which often means that six modules are chosen. This can allow a wide range of combinations of modules that are consistent with a particular honours degree. A student may therefore branch out into subjects unrelated to their honours degree, out of interest.

Students wishing to take an honours degree in the School of Physics and Astronomy and starting at first level on the traditional route must take the modules

PH1011	Physics 1A
PH1012	Physics 1B
MT1001	Introductory Mathematics <sup>1</sup>
MT1002	Mathematics

For the degrees in Astrophysics an additional requirement is to attend the module AS1001 Astronomy & Astrophysics 1. Also, those interested in taking a joint honours degree must attend the module(s) associated with the other subject involved.

The other modules making up the total of about six may be selected according to personal interests and timetabling. The choice is made at the start of the session after the student has met their Adviser of Studies and discussed all the options. Relevant factors to be considered at that time are the timetable and particular interests in second level subjects. It may be possible to choose modules close to the degree topic, such as extra MT modules or the AS1001 module, or some students may wish to take something completely different, such as music or economics.

Students who enter the Gateway programme normally take in their year of entry PH1011, PH1501, PH1502, PH1012, MT1002, and PH1503.

---

<sup>1</sup> The requirement to take Introductory Mathematics is relaxed for students with a pass at grade B or better in SQA Advanced Higher Mathematics or GCE A-level Mathematics or with an equivalent qualification.

**Co-ordinators:**

		Room	Tel	e-mail
Physics (PH2011, PH2012)	Prof Graham Turnbull Dr Cameron Rae (laboratory)	220 132c	7314	gat cfr
Astrophysics (AS2001, AS2101)	Prof Andrew Cameron	315	3147	acc4

**Second Level Physics**

The two modules in physics at second level are intended to be equally suitable for two categories of students: (a) those who have entered the university at first level and who have taken appropriate first level modules in physics and mathematics, and (b) those who have taken direct entry from school or college into second level on the basis of good Advanced Higher, A-Level, IB, or equivalent qualifications including physics and mathematics. Full details are provided in the sections following. Physical topics are covered in greater depth than in the first level modules, but a high priority is given to continuity of treatment between topics at school and university levels.

Physics 2A and Physics 2B are given in the first and second semester respectively. Both are taken by students aiming for any of the degrees taught within the School. Students taking them should acquire

- The ability to reason through scientific concepts, to relate different concepts to one another and to solve qualitative and quantitative problems in the areas covered in the courses with a toolkit of problem-solving techniques.
- Laboratory skills, including the planning of experimental investigations, the use of modern test equipment, and the construction of electronic circuits.
- An appreciation of the value of learning of physics as a transformative experience in terms of motivated use (using physics beyond the course e.g. in everyday situations) and expansion of perception (seeing the world through the lens of physics).

In addition, students who have taken Physics 2A should be able to

- Identify a hierarchy of physical concepts and mathematical equations pertinent to mechanics, understanding which are the most fundamental and which follow from the fundamental laws.
- Embed previously acquired knowledge correctly within the more general framework of mechanics presented in the course and to be aware of the limits of applicability and

connectivity of that previous knowledge and its relation to newly acquired knowledge.

- Solve elementary problems in mechanics, being confident in correctly identifying concepts that are applicable to each problem and to correctly visualize and analyse the problem in order to allow a solution to be formulated.
- Be confident in the use of vectors, their manipulation, their transformation to different coordinate systems, and to be clear about why vectors are necessary to properly understand some problems. This includes being able to visualise a problem in mechanics and then to correctly formulate the problem in vector notation in order to allow a solution to be arrived at. To be clear about when the reduction of a vector problem to a scalar one is possible or advantageous.
- Be confident in the use of Cartesian, polar and cylindrical coordinates, transformations between them, and to recognise which might be the most appropriate system to work in or which system might facilitate better insight into a problem or provide greater ease of solution.
- Apply concepts of classical mechanics to derive equations of motion for oscillatory systems.
- For undamped and simple cases of damped, forced and coupled oscillations, solve the resulting equations of motion and distinguish between general and specific solutions.
- Represent oscillatory motion physically, mathematical and graphically and explain the connections between these representations.
- Give numerous real-world examples of oscillatory systems and be able to model these systems using different representations.
- State the postulates of special relativity, and use them to derive the formulas for length contraction and time dilation.
- Use the Lorentz transformations to find the spacetime coordinates of events in different reference frames.
- Draw and interpret spacetime diagrams.
- Derive and apply the relativistic velocity addition formula.
- Give multiple examples of experimental evidence that supports the theory of special relativity.
- Use the relativistic definitions of energy and momentum, and transform these quantities between different reference frames.
- Identify invariant quantities in special relativity, distinguish invariants from conserved quantities, and use both concepts to determine the outcome of relativistic collisions.
- Give multiple examples of experimental evidence that support the theory of special relativity.
- State the zeroth, first and second laws of thermodynamics, explain their physical meaning and relate them to the thermodynamic identity.
- Solve problems involving thermal expansion, heat capacity and the transport of energy by heating in terms of the thermal properties of materials.
- Appreciate the differences between reversible and irreversible processes.

- State the ideal gas law and equipartition theorem and apply them to a variety of different thermodynamic problems.
- Distinguish between the concepts of heat and work and perform and explain basic calculations for these quantities for ideal gases under various conditions.
- Describe the essential assumptions and conclusions of the kinetic theory of ideal gases and apply these to problems involving ideal gases, including the Maxwell-Boltzmann speed distribution and its behaviour.
- Describe the difference between a macrostate and a microstate of a system and explain the links between multiplicity and the likelihood of a macrostate.
- State the thermodynamic and statistical definitions of entropy and explain the link between them, and relate changes in entropy to the reversibility of a process.
- Explain selected thermodynamic cycles, including the Carnot cycle and state an expression for the Carnot efficiency and the link between entropy and heat engines and refrigerators.
- Write and use computer programs to run simple experiments using microcontrollers.

In addition, students who have taken Physics 2B should be able to

- Represent transverse and longitudinal waves and waves in one, two and three dimensions physically, mathematical and graphically and explain the connections between these representations.
- Explain similarities and differences between different types of mechanical waves, and between mechanical and electromagnetic waves.
- Use the concepts of wave interference, energy transport and the behaviour at boundaries to calculate wave properties.
- Compare and contrast classical and quantum descriptions of light and matter, give examples where one description or the other is valid, and summarise experimental evidence that support the use of either description.
- Use matrix algebra to describe two-level quantum systems, and to calculate probabilities for measurement outcomes.
- Solve the Schrödinger equation for simple 1-D systems, and use these wave functions to calculate expectation values and measurement probabilities for observables such as energy, position and momentum.
- State Coulomb's Law and the Biot-Savart Law, Faraday's Law and Lenz's Law, the definitions of electric field, electric potential, capacitance, and inductance.
- Be able to use the above laws and definitions along with other physics and maths concepts to be able to model and solve a range of examples in electrostatics, magnetostatics, and electromagnetic induction.
- Be able to use the above ideas to justify aspects of DC circuit theory and apply this to solving simple electrical circuit problems.
- Be able to use the above definitions and laws to justify Gauss' Law and Ampere's Law, and use these two laws on a range of electrostatic and magnetostatic examples.

- Qualitatively describe how relativity and electrostatics can be brought together to explain electromagnetism.
- State descriptions of paramagnetism, diamagnetism, and ferromagnetism.
- Appreciate how the concepts in the electricity and magnetism course may be applied to particle accelerators, fusion tokomaks, atom traps, optical tweezers, modern electronics, and electrical engineering.
- State concepts of pn junctions, design circuits using AC circuit theory, build and investigate electronic circuits.

## **Physics 2A PH2011 (30 credits)**

This module covers (i) *mechanics* – revision of Newton’s laws, force, energy, work and power, central forces, conservative forces, conservation laws, gravitational theory, rigid body dynamics, statics, and fluids in motion; (ii) *oscillations in physics* - simple harmonic motion, damped, forced and coupled harmonic oscillations; (iii) *thermal physics* – including elementary thermodynamics and the notion of entropy, (iv) *the special theory of relativity* – Einstein’s theory which unifies mechanics and electromagnetism and fundamentally modifies our notions of space and time, (v) *laboratory work* – includes lab skills development and the opportunity to explore in a practical way some topics covered in lectures, and (vi) *maths revision*.

## **Physics 2B PH2012 (30 credits)**

This module comprises lectures on (i) *quantum physics* – the Schrödinger wave equation, and the solution of the energy eigenvalue equation for simple potentials in one dimension; (ii) *electricity and magnetism* – an elementary introduction to the electromagnetic field comprising electrostatics, magnetostatics, electromagnetic induction and DC circuit theory; (iii) *waves in physics* – waves on strings, energy flow, interference and beats, sound waves, Doppler effect, phase and group velocities, wave properties of light, including polarisation, interference and diffraction, and (v) *laboratory work* – includes theoretical and practical electronics.



## **Astronomy & Astrophysics 2 AS2001 (30 credits)**

This module is designed to complement and extend the knowledge gained in the first level module in Astronomy and Astrophysics, and to prepare the way for the more advanced topics encountered in a study of the subject at honours level. Lectures are based on the principles of physics together with mathematical techniques acquired earlier. It is intended that students should gain

- a strengthening of the skills learned in AS1001/1101 and level 1 physics and mathematics modules,
- a deeper understanding of the structure and evolution of stars, the design of telescopes and instruments for astronomical observations over the entire electromagnetic spectrum, the dynamical interactions of stars in the Galaxy, and exoplanetary science.
- a greater ability to analyse astronomical data, using the Python language and other computer packages.

## **Astrophysics 2 AS2101 (15 credits)**

This is as AS2001, but without the observational techniques lectures and the labs. This is normally taken only by accelerated entry students who are aiming for an astronomy degree. It can also be taken by a continuing student who is more interested in theoretical aspects of astronomy and who, having already taken AS1001, is keen to take an additional level-two 15 credit maths module in S2.

## **Entry Requirements**

For entry to either of the second-level modules in Physics, it is normally necessary to have one of the following sets of qualifications:

(a) Passes in the first level modules

PH1011	Physics 1A
PH1012	Physics 1B
MT1002	Mathematics

It is expected that students will have a total of 120 credits from first year.

(b) School/college qualifications. Passes in Advanced Higher or A-Level Physics and Mathematics, both normally at grade A, or equivalent.

Note: these grade requirements are naturally consistent with those required for accelerated (direct) entry to second level – as discussed earlier. However, they may also be satisfied by a student who is not entering directly into second level, but wishes to take one or both of the level two physics modules in their first year of study. This possibility may be of particular interest to students taking certain joint-honours degrees for which the possibility of direct entry to second level does not arise.

For entry to the second level modules in Astrophysics, the entry requirements are as for second-level physics, plus the requirement to have passed one of the first-level astrophysics modules AS1001 or AS1101, or the Gateway module that had Astrophysics within it.

## Recommended Books

### *Online Book Lists & Access to ebooks*

Some books are available as ebooks to registered students. The booklists for AS and PH modules are at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/timetables-handbooks/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/timetables-handbooks/)

and show the full booklist, what is available online, and provide links as appropriate.

### *Physics*

The core text is Halliday and Resnick's Principles of Physics, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Global Edition, by J Walker, ISBN: 978-1-119-45401-4. Those who wish to purchase a paper copy may do so for around £55. The University library is purchasing online access to a pdf of this textbook for Physics 1A, 1B, 2A, and 2B students.

There are additional books that are recommended for consultation, and details of these can be accessed via the School's Staff and Students web page.

Additional texts (available in the library) are:-

- *Physics for Scientists and Engineers: A Strategic Approach with Modern Physics* by R D Knight, Pearson, 2014 ebook.
- *Understanding Physics*, 1st Edition by K Cummings, PW Laws, E F Redish, P J Cooney, Wiley, 2004,
- *Sears and Zemansky's University Physics* by H D Young and R A Freedman (12<sup>th</sup> edition, Addison-Wesley 2008 or other edition), and
- *Physics for Scientists and Engineers* by P A Tipler and G P Mosca (6th edition, Freeman 2008).

These all provide wide coverage of the lecture courses, examples of how physics is applied in realistic situations, and many problems together with hints for solving them. However, neither these nor Halliday, Resnick and Walker go as deep into the topics as do some of the courses within our modules. We recommend the following additional books, but do not expect students to purchase them. There are multiple copies in the library.

### *Physics 2A*

Mechanics - *An Introduction to Mechanics*, D Kleppner and R Kolenkow, CUP.

Special Relativity - *Basic Concepts in Relativity and Early Quantum Theory*, R Resnick and D Halliday, (Macmillan, 1992); *Nonclassical Physics*; *Beyond Newton's View*, Randy Harris (Addison Wesley Longman, CA, 1999); *Relativity Visualised*, Lewis Carroll Epstein (Insight Press, CA, 1985).

Thermal Physics - *An Introduction to Thermal Physics*, D V Schroeder (Pearson, 2004)

### **Physics 2B**

Quantum Mechanics – *Basic Concepts in Relativity and Early Quantum Theory*, R Resnick and D Halliday, (Macmillan, 1992); *Quantum Mechanics: A Paradigms Approach*, D H McIntyre et al (Oregon State University, 2012); *Quantum Mechanics*, A. I. M. Rae (fifth edition, 2007, Chapman and Hall) - also available as an e-book; *Six quantum pieces: a first course in quantum physics*, V Scarani et al (2010); *The meaning of quantum theory: a guide for students of chemistry and physics*, J E Baggott (2004);

### **Physics 2A and 2B**

Useful reading for the labs is *Measurements and their Uncertainties: A Practical Guide to Modern Error Analysis* by I G Hughes and T P A Hase, Oxford (2010); available as an ebook via the library.

### **Astronomy and Astrophysics 2**

Recommended books for Astronomy & Astrophysics 2 include *Astronomy, a Physical Perspective* by M L Kutner (available as an ebook) and *An Introduction to Modern Astrophysics (second edition)* by B W Carroll and D A Ostlie

Additional reading accessible from ebooks includes  
for the exoplanets course:-

*Methods of Detecting Exoplanets* by V Bozza, L Mancini, and A Sozzetti (eds), Springer (2016) (link as noted below)

for the observational techniques course

*To Measure the Sky: An introduction to Observational Astronomy*, by F R Chromey, CUP  
[www.cambridge.org/core/books/to-measure-the-sky/39FFA869B7A9310AEF912733812E3447](http://www.cambridge.org/core/books/to-measure-the-sky/39FFA869B7A9310AEF912733812E3447)

## **Tutorials and Workshops**

Tutorials form a valuable part of the learning process, help to develop communication skills and provide a forum in which to explore the "*But what if ...?*" questions. In Physics 2A and 2B groups of about eight students meet weekly with a tutor. These tutorials will provide an opportunity to discuss queries which arise on topics covered in the lectures. Students are expected to have attempted all designated tutorial problems in advance of the tutorial, and are required to bring their written solutions to the tutorial. They are also required, prior to the tutorial, to submit a self-reporting form and answers to selected problems for marking. In addition, students in Physics 2B will attend one workshop (problem solving class) each week, usually directly preceding their afternoon laboratory session. In Astronomy 2 students have one tutorial a week, 2-3 pm, usually preceding their lab.

## Practical Work

The aims of the second level practical work in physics are to build on previously acquired experimental skills while at the same time provide the opportunity for students to:

- work toward desired experimental outcomes but with greater freedom to explore the relevant topic;
- broaden competences in the use of various forms of experimental and diagnostic instrumentation;
- explore subject matter covered in lectures and, particularly in electronics, new material;
- develop skills in scientific writing.

For the Physics 2A and 2B modules there is normally one afternoon period of 2½ hours per week of practical work (groups will be arranged for Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at the start of the semester). For 2020-21 we plan that some of the PH2011 lab work will be done outside the School using “take-home” experiments, remotely controlled experiments, and online work. We expect that the practical work should be completed within the time scheduled for laboratory work of up to 7.5 hours per week, including any in-lab laboratory hours. Prior to the start of a practical you should familiarise yourself with the upcoming work and attempt any pre-lab questions; between lab afternoons you should produce graphs or complete other data analysis, and at the end you should finalise your analysis and write a short conclusion where required.

At the start of 1st Semester (Physics 2A), the programme is slightly different for returning students and direct entry students, as direct entry students cover some of the lab skills development that has already been explored by our returning students, to gain a similar skill set and understanding of our expectations. In 2nd Semester (Physics 2B) all students will attempt the same programme of work. There is a choice of a physics experiments, followed by work in electronics. The module also includes an opportunity to see some of our research laboratories and relate the skills being developed in the teaching laboratory to those practiced by the experimental physics researcher.

Astronomy & Astrophysics laboratory sessions are held from 3.00 - 5.30 pm on Tuesdays and Fridays, with students attending one or the other. The aims of practical work in Astronomy & Astrophysics 2 are:

- to give confidence in working with and interpreting astronomical data,
- to instil an appreciation of the practicalities and excitement of making observations using research-grade telescopes,
- to enhance students' awareness of the ever-changing nature of the night sky.

In all second level modules where practical assignments are to be handed in for marking according to a specified timetable, penalties will be applied for lateness up to and including the loss of all marks in particularly serious cases. Please see later in this handbook under coursework penalties.

## Mathematics revision

A good grasp of mathematics and its application to physics is essential for all students of physics and astrophysics. During the first few weeks of the Physics 2A module, some sessions will be provided in which students will be given an opportunity systematically to revise and practise mathematical techniques which they have learned previously. In order to test for a good level of competence in these vital skills, students will have relevant mathematics questions in the Physics 2A exam. Mathematics tutorial exercises will continue through the session.

There is additional maths support material particularly aimed at preparing students for second year maths modules available on a self-enrolment Moodle course

<https://moody.st-andrews.ac.uk/moodle/enrol/index.php?id=10661>

## Monitoring and Assessment

The progress of students will be monitored in different ways. For Physics 2A and Physics 2B the weekly tutorials will entail some written work to be submitted for marking and feedback, and there will be a class test at about half way through the semester. Those taking Astrophysics 2 will be given a brief test on two occasions during the semester, intended to focus attention on material covered in recent lectures.

The examination for each module consists of one written paper of 3 hours at the end of the semester (2 hours for AS2101). The Physics 2A and Astronomy examination papers will continue to focus on material and techniques that should be familiar to students from the module's work. The Physics 2B examination will contain a small amount of questioning that goes beyond the sort of things seen in tutorials and lectures, which is aimed at distinguishing between the very good and the truly excellent. This is a preface to the honours module examinations which routinely have a similar "sting in the tail" of the questions for the same reason. There will be no choice of questions within these papers.

Re-assessment (resit) examinations are held at the end of the summer. Resits are possible only for those who gain less than grade 7.0 but more than 4.0 in the module, and who have not been given a FINAL Academic Alert. The same exam may be taken as an honours entry exam for those who have obtained grades from 7.0 to 10.9. For any continuous assessment component specified in the reassessment below, the mark is carried over from what was given during the semester.

A student who achieves grade 7.0 or better in both the continuous assessment and in the examination will be awarded an overall grade for the module according to the formulae:

PH2011 & PH2012	60% examination, 10% class test, 25% labs, 5% online quizzes (Re-assessment same as above)
-----------------	---

AS2001	60% examination, 15% class tests, 25% practicals (Re-assessment 75% examination, 25% practicals)
AS2101	80% exam, 20% continuous assessment (class tests) (Re-assessment 100% exam)

In modules that have both examination and continuously assessed components, a student who achieves grade 7.0 or better in one component but grade 6.9 or less in the other will be awarded an overall grade for the module which is determined by the formulae above but subject to a maximum grade 6.9.

Note that for honours entry for any degree in our School students will need good passes in PH2011 and PH2012, and also AS2\*01 for astrophysics degrees. If a student for health or other reasons is permitted to defer an exam to the August diet, they may wish to note that should a resit be required this will normally be in the first examination diet for that module in the following session. There is more detail on these matters elsewhere in this handbook and on the University website.

## **Prizes and Medals**

A medal is awarded in Physics 2A, Physics 2B, and Astro 2 to the student who gains the highest grade. The J F Allen Prize is awarded to the most outstanding student (ie the highest mean module grade) in PH2011 and PH2012 taken together.

## **Academic Alerts**

Academic Alerts are a way of helping students who are having trouble coping with their studies, such as missing deadlines for handing in work, or missing compulsory tutorials. The aim of the Alert system is to help students by flagging up problems before they seriously affect students' grades. Academic Alerts will be issued by email from a member of staff within the School and will tell students what is wrong and what they are required to do (e.g. attend classes in future). The Alerts will also tell students what support the University can offer. If students do not take the action required they will get another Alert, and eventually will automatically get a grade of zero and will fail that module. The system is designed to help and support students in order to remedy any problems or issues before these lead to failing a module. Alerts will never appear on a student's permanent transcript. For more information on Academic Alerts and details on how the categories work, see [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts.pdf)

Guidance for students is available at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts-student-guidance.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts-student-guidance.pdf)

In all pre-honours modules in physics and astronomy, attendance at all classes (lectures, tutorials, workshops, and any specified practical work) is strongly recommended and in some cases is a requirement. In level two modules in this School, in order to avoid receiving a FINAL alert, a student must:

- 1. For Astronomy AS2001 and AS2101 attend where practicable a minimum of 75% of the online tutorials.**
- 2. For Astronomy AS2001 and AS2101 modules, achieve a grade of at least 4.0 in the combined score for the tests.**
- 3. For Physics 2A and Physics 2B attend where practicable, in person or online, at least 7 of the weekly tutorials in the module.**
- 4. For Physics 2A and Physics 2B tutorials submit on time the self-reporting form, and a serious attempt at the specified questions, for at least 7 of the weekly tutorials.**
- 5. For Physics 2A and Physics 2B complete on time at least 8 sets of maths revision quiz responses with serious attempts.**
- 6. For Physics 2A and Physics 2B, achieve a grade of at least 4.0 for the class tests.**
- 7. For Physics 2B, attend a minimum of 75% of the workshops**
- 8. For Physics 2A Direct Entrant students - attempt and submit a minimum of 75% of the weekly laboratory progress monitoring quizzes associated with the skills development part of the module.**  
**For Physics 2A returning students (in-person) attend a minimum of 75% of any in-lab laboratory classes associated with the module.**  
**For Physics 2A returning students (remote) attend a minimum of three remote control experiment sessions.**  
**For all students achieve a grade of at least 7.0 overall for the laboratory work.**
- 9. For all modules, achieve a grade of at least 2.0 in the final examination. (This includes the case of students who fail to attend the examination without a satisfactory reason.)**

Any justifiable reasons for absence from tutorials, workshops, labs, tests and exams should be presented by a self-certificate of absence using the University's systems. In such cases students should also immediately contact the member of staff concerned in order to arrange how and when the missed work should be undertaken. Late justifications of missing work will be accepted only in exceptional circumstances.

Physics and Astronomy, in common with most other worthwhile learning, needs study, practice, reflection, and further work in order for a student to come to terms with the material and gain the ability to use it (and to pass exams). In the same way that merely buying a text book does not result in the owner being competent in using the material contained within it, merely turning up to lectures is not enough to understand and learn how to use ideas in physics and astronomy. There is a good deal of support available for learning here in terms of staff time, fellow students, online and paper-based resources, libraries and IT suites, teaching laboratories and lecture rooms, but it is up to every student to organise themselves to do what is necessary for their own learning.

We are aware that our students have all achieved great things in their previous studies. We are keen that such high achievement carries on here. Some students join us having not had to study particularly hard to pass their school exams; some of them may be at particular risk of not putting in the thought and effort needed in their university studies.

### **Keeping Up**

Most lecture courses build concepts on top of understanding of previously described concepts. Therefore you should ensure that you keep up with the work covered. Lectures should be about listening, understanding, asking questions if necessary, and making notes on what is happening. They should not deteriorate into a mere copying exercise! For that to be the case, you will need to be comfortable with the topics in one lecture before the next one occurs. At the end of each day of lectures, it is important to read over your notes, add additional comments where necessary when the ideas are still fresh in your mind, and sort out any difficulties you may have. Reading a textbook, discussing with a friend, or asking your tutor or lecturer can all help. As well as preparing you for the next lecture, this is likely to have the added benefit of aiding your memory of the topic for the end-of-module exams.

Please bear in mind that just because you have seen some topics before in previous study, you may not be as familiar with the ins and outs of the material as we would wish you to be. Here we are as much interested in where physical and mathematical relationships come from as in being able to use them. By understanding the ideas (and limitations) on which a relationship is built, we are better placed to know how and when to use it.

### **Practice**

In a subject such as ours, memorising facts is not enough (though it is still important). We aim to develop an understanding of the subject, and how it can be applied. To help in this, we encourage you to try appropriate questions and problems that relate to the course. The questions in the tutorial sheets and labs should help you practise your physics in the same way that any other skill has to be practised to improve it. Where you find difficulties, look again at the lectures and your notes, text books, or discuss with friends and tutors. Bring questions and queries to tutorials for discussion - that is what tutorials are provided for! Please make good use of your tutors. If there are not enough questions on the tutorial sheets, then there are many more relevant questions in your course textbook.



We aim to teach our students to understand physics and astronomy, not just to pass exams. However, we realise that examination results are important, and it is useful to practice past exam questions. Students may access past papers through MySaint. Example past exam solutions are available via the School's web page –

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/school-information/past-paper-archive/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/school-information/past-paper-archive/)

## **Responsibility**

We hope you are here because you have an interest in physics and astronomy. There are many attractions to life as a student, but a sensible balance between study and recreation has to be found. To be a decent physicist or astronomer (even for those doing only one module) you will need to think about the science and get practice in applying it to different situations. The same comments apply to other subjects too.

*Do you*

- like to be told exactly what to learn parrot-fashion
- read around the subject only in order to complete a particular assignment
- have more interest in getting a degree than in understanding the subject
- only attend tutorials because you get marked down if you don't
- skip lectures if you've had a hard night?

*or are you*

- trying to understand the material presented in your courses
- questioning what you are told and read
- enjoying having your understanding of the material challenged
- following up interesting topics
- preparing for tutorials, discussing and questioning what is being covered
- regularly attending lectures, asking questions when you feel appropriate?

We hope by this stage in your education you are moving strongly towards the latter.

## **Time Allocation**

In addition to their attendance at scheduled classes, students are expected, through independent study, to work at augmenting their knowledge and understanding of the topics currently being taught in lectures. The QAA specifies that each unit of credit should correspond to 10 hours of study time for the average student at that level. This corresponds to a time commitment of around 40 hours per week for students taking the normal 120 credits per year. This means that the average student in the 20-credit level-one modules in the School should be allocating 13 hours a week to each module, and in the 30-credit level-two modules 20 hours a week.

Forty hours a week of study should allow time for students to engage in other activities. While we realise that some students will wish or need to take paid employment, we suggest that during semester time where possible this should not be so many hours that it impacts significantly on your abilities to study.

## **Self-directed Study**

As one of the aims of our teaching programme is

*“To develop the ability to be a self-directed learner, including fostering a healthy intellectual curiosity in this and other disciplines, and the ability to determine one’s own learning needs and to organise one’s own learning”*

students are expected and encouraged to use information in the library and online to help their studies, as well as discussing physics with other students and with staff.

The School encourages students to form groups that can meet on a regular basis to discuss the work being covered in the teaching programme.

If you encounter difficulties in understanding the lecture material which cannot easily be resolved, eg by reference to text books or discussion with a classmate or your tutor, you are encouraged to approach the lecturer concerned who will be pleased to deal with queries of this type.

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **Advisers of Studies**

Your adviser of studies is available to be consulted on any academic queries which may arise during the year. They provide guidance at the start of the session on selection of modules etc. Any subsequent change in module registration can only be done in consultation with your advisor and needs to be completed within the first week from the start of term. Any changes thereafter would also need the permission of the Associate Dean. Should you wish to see your adviser and they are not available, the School’s Director of Teaching may be able to assist with some queries.

### **External References**

The School’s degree programmes are designed with reference to the QAA Subject Benchmark Statement and the UK Institute of Physics specification of “The Physics Degree”  
[www.qaa.ac.uk/docs/qaa/subject-benchmark-statements/subject-benchmark-statement-physics-astronomy-and-astrophysics.pdf?sfvrsn=eff3c881\\_4](http://www.qaa.ac.uk/docs/qaa/subject-benchmark-statements/subject-benchmark-statement-physics-astronomy-and-astrophysics.pdf?sfvrsn=eff3c881_4)  
[http://www.iop.org/education/higher\\_education/accreditation/file\\_64166.pdf](http://www.iop.org/education/higher_education/accreditation/file_64166.pdf)

The School’s teaching and assessment is monitored by external examiners. These are experienced academics from other physics departments. They are consulted on significant changes to the teaching programme, and they attend module boards to monitor fairness in the assessment process and to ensure that academic standards at St Andrews are at an appropriate level compared with other UK physics and astronomy departments.

## **Examinations**

Most modules involve an examination held at the end of the semester. The School's exam papers normally have no choice of questions. Students should note that their exams may be close together, and so should work to be on top of the entire semester's material well before the examination weeks start. This is also good study practice – you want this material and its understanding to “stick” for future work, and not just be a cram for exam and then forget. Although we run degree programmes that are assessed module by module, the knowledge and skills developed in one module is often needed in subsequent modules.

For the 2020-21 session we expect that all examinations will be timed open-book remote exams delivered online. All University examinations are governed by an Examination Policy and this policy relates to assessments that are scheduled using an online delivery method. All students must ensure that they have read and fully understand this policy before sitting online examinations. They include matters related to the conduct of exams.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-examination-rules/online-examination.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-examination-rules/online-examination.pdf)

Exam papers are checked by School staff, and by our external examiners. An exam question that aims to assess student competence in parts of the relevant module will also likely require familiarity and competence with material from previous study. Questions in an exam may require competence with material from different parts of the one module. There is no suggestion that in one module exam the questions should be uniformly distributed from across the module. Please see additional information at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/assets/university/schools/school-of-physics-and-astronomy/documents/current-students/student-exam-guidance.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/assets/university/schools/school-of-physics-and-astronomy/documents/current-students/student-exam-guidance.pdf)

Via the School's Current students web page you can find for most current modules one past examination paper and one sample solution. The University's MySaint portal gives access to the last few years of exam papers.

Students whose first language is not English may request access to an English-foreign language dictionary, provided by themselves, during examinations. Such students should contact the School's Examinations Officer who will provide a certificate to show to the examination invigilator.

## **Special Circumstances Affecting Attendance and/or Assessment**

Unfortunately, some students will suffer unavoidable circumstances that impede their academic performance. These may include illness or bereavement of a close family member. If you find yourself in this position, you should alert the School's Director of Teaching as soon as possible. You can do this directly, or through Student Services or the School's Student Wellbeing Officer. Depending on the circumstances it may be possible

for the School to agree to defer a piece of assessment (including exams) to a later date. We give advice and links to University policies at [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/school-information/illness-exams-absence/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/school-information/illness-exams-absence/)

The policy on deferred assessment is part of the University's "Assessment policies and procedures", which may be seen at [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/Academic-policies-Assessment-examination-and-award/assessment-policies-and-procedures.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/Academic-policies-Assessment-examination-and-award/assessment-policies-and-procedures.pdf).

If an illness, for example, is expected to be longer term, it may be appropriate following a consultation with Student Services to apply to for a leave of absence. [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/Academic-policies-Student-progression-leave-of-absence-re-engagement-and-withdrawal/leave-of-absence.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/Academic-policies-Student-progression-leave-of-absence-re-engagement-and-withdrawal/leave-of-absence.pdf)

## **The 0-20 Grading Scale – Pre-Honours Physics and Astronomy**

The University uses a 20-point Common Reporting Scale for module grades. Details of the Common Reporting Scale can be found at [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-common-reporting-scale/common-reporting-scale.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-common-reporting-scale/common-reporting-scale.pdf)

The minimum grade for which credits for the modules are awarded (i.e. a bare pass) is 7.0. Please note that a grade of 7.0 is not regarded as a "good" grade, and this grade would not normally permit a level two student to progress into honours, and a set of grade sevens at honours level may not result in a student being awarded an honours degree. More details are provided by the University on its website.

In the School of Physics and Astronomy, normal practice is to assess submitted work such as answers to examination questions initially in terms of percentage marks. The module percentage mark is then calculated, and this is then converted to a grade by a mapping procedure.

The correspondence between percentages and grades, for all first and second level modules offered by the School of Physics and Astronomy, is as follows, though in principle this may be changed by the Module Board (including the external examiner) if necessary. We aim to avoid any need to change the mapping scheme used, and this happens relatively rarely. Please note that a different mapping is in place for honours modules.

Grade 5.0 corresponds to 40%. Between 0% and 40%, the grade is the percentage mark divided by 8, meaning that grade 7.0 (bare pass) corresponds to 45%.

Grade 17.0 corresponds to 70%. Between 40% and 70% there is a linear mapping of percentage marks onto grades. For example grade 11.0 corresponds to 55% and grade 15.0 to 65%. Grade 20.0 corresponds to 100%. Between 70% and 100% there is a linear mapping

of percentage marks onto grades. For example grade 18.0 corresponds to 80%, and 19.0 to 90%.

This percentage to grade mapping for level one and two physics and astronomy is shown in a different (and approximate) format on the following page.

<b>%</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Comment</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Comment</b>
10	1.3		56	11.4	
15	1.9		57	11.8	
16	2.0		58	12.2	
17	2.1		59	12.6	
18	2.3		60	13.0	
19	2.4		61	13.4	
20	2.5		62	13.8	
21	2.6		63	14.2	
22	2.8		64	14.6	
23	2.9		<b>65</b>	<b>15.0</b>	Level 2 grades normally needed for MPhys Honours entry
24	3.0				
25	3.1		66	15.4	
26	3.3		67	15.8	
27	3.4		68	16.2	
28	3.5		<b>69</b>	<b>16.6</b>	Deans' List threshold
29	3.6		70	17.0	
30	3.8		71	17.1	
31	3.9		72	17.2	
32	4.0	Minimum for resit	73	17.3	
33	4.1		74	17.4	
34	4.3		75	17.5	
35	4.4		76	17.6	
36	4.5		77	17.7	
37	4.6		78	17.8	
38	4.8		79	17.9	
39	4.9		80	18.0	
40	5.0		81	18.1	
41	5.4		82	18.2	
42	5.8		83	18.3	
43	6.2		84	18.4	
44	6.6		85	18.5	
<b>45</b>	<b>7.0</b>	Minimum for credit	86	18.6	
46	7.4		87	18.7	
47	7.8		88	18.8	
48	8.2		89	18.9	
49	8.6		90	19.0	
50	9.0		91	19.1	
51	9.4		92	19.2	
52	9.8		93	19.3	
53	10.2		94	19.4	
54	10.6		95	19.5	
<b>55</b>	<b>11.0</b>	Level 2 mean grades normally needed for BSc honours entry	96	19.6	
			100	20.0	

## **Relevance of module grades**

Although it is only honours module grades that contribute to the final degree classification, every module grade from level one onwards appears on a student's transcript (the academic record sheet that potential employers or research supervisors will wish to see), and can be important when seeking summer internships. It is thus clear to such people what level of attainment was achieved by an applicant in each year of their studies. The material covered in pre-honours maths and physics forms an essential foundation for honours physics. Thus you should aim for your learning and understanding of this material to be long term, and not a "cram and forget". Fortunately, almost all students in this School work hard and aim for as high a grade as possible, and can show this to people in the future with satisfaction. Beware, however, that such good intentions are not uniformly present in students across the University.

For progression from level one to level two students on the traditional programme need to gain at least grade 7.0 in all their modules.

## **Progression to Honours Physics and Astronomy**

Entry to the physics honours degree programme requires good passes in level two physics and maths; for the astrophysics programme a good pass in level two astronomy is an additional requirement. 240 credits in pre-honours modules are normally required (for those who enter directly in to second year, 120 of these will usually be advanced standing credits).

More details are given in appendix E of this handbook, but in general terms, those wishing to join the physics or astronomy honours programmes need to obtain level two grades in physics and maths modules of 11 or better for entry to BSc honours and 15 or better for entry to MPhys honours. Astrophysicists need to do likewise in second year astrophysics. More details are on the University website and the programme requirements.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/subjects/reqs/2020-21/list.html?v=aw](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/subjects/reqs/2020-21/list.html?v=aw)

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-entry-to-honours/entry-to-honours.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-entry-to-honours/entry-to-honours.pdf).

## **Deans' List**

The University has an annual award for academic excellence, promoted by the Deans of the University. Undergraduate students who achieve an outstanding overall result in the course of an academic year have their names inscribed on the Deans' List, an honour which will also appear on their University transcript. A student who meets all the criteria and who obtains a credit-weighted mean grade of 16.5 or above for the year will be recorded on the Deans' List. The rules will be adapted for part-time students. Full details of the criteria and conditions for the Deans' List are at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/academic/awards/universityprizes/deanslist/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/academic/awards/universityprizes/deanslist/)



## Absence from Classes or Examinations

If, for any reason, you are absent from part of a module, you should complete as soon as possible a Self-Certificate for Absence online. Please go to [mysaint.st-andrews.ac.uk/](https://mysaint.st-andrews.ac.uk/), the relevant section can be found under 'My Details'.

Self-certificates are required if a student

- a) fails to attend an examination, or
- b) fails to engage with any part of the module or programme which is identified as compulsory in each school, or
- c) fails to submit a compulsory assignment on time, including an extended deadline or where a student has previously negotiated an extension.

Self certificates should normally be submitted within three days (or as soon as practicably possible) after the absence. If the absence is unavoidable and known ahead of time, the Self-Certificate should be submitted prior to the event. If the submission of a Self-Certificate is temporarily impossible then the student should make every effort to contact the Module Co-ordinator or the School Office and then complete a self-certificate as soon as is practical thereafter.

There is usually no need to self-certify for missing a lecture, but any illness etc that affects assessed work or compulsory activity (eg tutorial, lab work, class test) must be noted. If you are absent from a small-group teaching session it is polite also to inform the tutor or demonstrator directly, please. If you miss assessed work or a compulsory activity you should communicate as soon as possible with the responsible person to determine what you should do to try to fill the learning or assessment objectives. You should be aware of and act upon the University policies on Academic Alerts and on Student Absence.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts.pdf](https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-academic-alerts/academic-alerts.pdf)  
[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-student-absence/student-absence.pdf](https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-student-absence/student-absence.pdf)

If you submit more than three Self Certificates for Absence in a single semester, or if the period of absence extends to more than two weeks, you may be contacted by Student Services, one of the members of the Deans' Office, or by a member of School staff.

The University's policy on Student Absence contains a number of conditions, including that at least 75% of the assessed work in any module must be submitted in order for a student to gain credit for a module.

Absence from Examinations, which is a serious matter, due to illness or any other unavoidable reason should be reported by submitting a Self-Certificate of Absence as soon as you are able to do so, preferably before the examination is due to take place, and in any case no later than three days after the examination. You must also contact the School responsible for the module. For this School please contact both [physics@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:physics@st-andrews.ac.uk) and [physdot@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:physdot@st-andrews.ac.uk), or speak with one of the office staff on the phone 01334 463111.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/academic/exams/](https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/academic/exams/)



## Penalties for late submission and Word/Space Limit Issues

In those cases where work requires to be handed in for marking, a deadline will be defined in advance and one of a defined range of penalties will be applied for late submission, as per the University policy at the link below.

If no specific penalty is noted, then the “default” penalty of the School will be used, ie penalty A stated in the University policy. If you are unclear about the penalties associated with the late submission of any piece of assessed work, please contact the member of staff concerned.

Where word or page limits apply to a piece of work to be submitted, any penalties for not satisfying the criteria will be published to students in advance. If no specific penalty is noted, then the “default” penalty for this School is penalty A in the University policy.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-coursework-penalties/coursework\\_penalties.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-coursework-penalties/coursework_penalties.pdf)

For the case of laboratory work in Physics 1A, Physics 1B, Physics 2A, Physics 2B, and Astrophysics AS2X01 you will need to manage your time effectively and ensure that all continuously assessed work is submitted for marking by stated deadlines. Marks will be deducted under a modified version of Scheme B of the University’s policy on late submission of work, where a valid explanation for failing to submit on time is not forthcoming. Scheme B as written will apply except in the cases of a paper submission being due, or already overdue, for submission at 17:00 on a Friday. Where such a piece of work is submitted on the subsequent Monday before 10.00 (Physics 2 and Astro 2) or 12:00 (Physics 1) a 10% penalty (in addition to any penalties accrued before 17:00 on Friday) will be applied; this being largely consistent with a missed deadline on any other weekday. Submission after those times on the Monday will result in the application of the full penalty applicable under Scheme B, inclusive of Saturday and Sunday, i.e. 45% in addition to any penalties incurred before 17:00 on the Friday and subsequent to 17:00 on the Monday.

For the case of laboratory work in AS1X01 lab books are normally expected to be submitted at the end of the lab session. Marks will be deducted under a modified version of Scheme B of the University’s policy on late submission of work, where a valid explanation for failing to submit on time is not forthcoming. Scheme B will apply except in the cases of a paper submission being due, or already overdue, for submission at 17:30 on a Friday. Where such a piece of work is submitted on the subsequent Monday before 09:30 there will be a 10% penalty, a 15% penalty for work submitted up until 17:30, and so on, on top of any penalty already gained by the Friday afternoon

The Gateway modules PH1501, PH1502, PH1503 will all use University scheme B for any work that is submitted late.

Students are expected to be at written exams, class tests, and similar scheduled assessments, and will be given a zero if they do not attend without good reason.

## **Early Academic Intervention**

To complement the Academic Alerts process, which is applied at a module level, the University operates an academic intervention process at an overall degree programme level. The principle is to help students recognise when their academic progress may be at risk, at a sufficiently early stage that they have opportunities to take action to address any underlying problems. The process is described in the policy available at:

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-early-academic-intervention/early-academic-intervention.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-early-academic-intervention/early-academic-intervention.pdf)

## **Good Academic Practice, and Academic Misconduct**

Academic integrity is fundamental to the values promoted by the University. It is important that all students are judged on their ability and performance, and no student will be allowed unfairly to gain advantage over others, to affect the security and integrity of the assessment process, or to diminish the reliability and quality of a University of St Andrews degree. All students must exhibit good academic practice.

Academic misconduct includes the presentation of material as one's own when it is not one's own; the presentation of material whose provenance is academically inappropriate; and academically inappropriate behaviour in an examination or class test. Any work that is submitted for feedback and evaluation is liable for consideration under the University's Academic Misconduct policy irrespective of whether it carries credit towards your degree. All work submitted by students is expected to represent good academic practice. "Not knowing" the regulations is not regarded as an acceptable excuse for academic misconduct.

You should be aware that the University takes academic misconduct offences extremely seriously, and penalties even for first offences can be severe.

All students should familiarise themselves with the University policy on good academic practice and its guidance on the policy.

- [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-good-academic-practice/good-academic-practice.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-good-academic-practice/good-academic-practice.pdf)
- [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-good-academic-practice/good-academic-practice-guidance-for-students-frequently-asked-questions.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-assessment-examination-and-award-good-academic-practice/good-academic-practice-guidance-for-students-frequently-asked-questions.pdf)

Students who are unsure about the correct presentation of academic material should approach their tutors or lecturers, and may also contact CEED for advice and training.

Examples of plagiarism at pre-honours level include (a) copying of tutorial solutions, (b) the copying of part of another student's laboratory report which is then passed off as

one's own work, and (c) in the course of writing an essay or project report, "lifting" excerpts from published books, papers or pages on the Internet and incorporating them, without proper acknowledgement, in one's own essay or report.

If you ever need to use textual material verbatim from another source, its appearance in your work **MUST** be within inverted commas, and the source attributed beside that appearance. If you use a picture or diagram produced by someone else you must acknowledge the source in the caption to that picture.

Some student work may be submitted to an electronic tool to check for such problems. The University's procedure will be applied whenever instances of plagiarism or similar practices are detected. However students should carefully distinguish plagiarism from the assistance which they derive by discussing their work with others and, in some approved cases, carrying out their work in collaboration with others. The latter has genuine and legitimate value to the student and is encouraged, whereas plagiarism is at best "poor practice" and at worst "cheating".

## **Proof Reading**

The University has a policy on proof reading for language correction.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-learning-and-teaching-language-correction/language-correction.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-learning-and-teaching-language-correction/language-correction.pdf)

Unless forbidden in the assignment instructions, our School permits the use of proof reading for language correction under the conditions of this policy. Please note that there is a major difference between proof reading for language correction at sentence-level and wholesale restructuring of written work or "ghost writing". The latter two may lead to hearings under the University's Good Academic Practice policy.

## **Feedback, and Access to Examination Scripts**

You should be able to receive feedback on any piece of work that you are asked to submit. Part of the learning process is reflecting on this feedback, and making note of what aspects of your work process you wish to repeat in future assignments, and what improvements you should strive for in the future. If you are not clear from any written or oral comments what are the issues involved, please discuss this with the person who marked the work, or if this is not possible then with the relevant year coordinator. Work that is handed in for tutorials may be discussed in the relevant tutorial. Generic feedback to students after an exam is often posted on Moodle.

The policy of the University is that students may see their examination scripts after the assessment process has been completed, but normally only in the presence of a member of staff. The School aims to ensure that a staff member is present who can provide some feedback to student queries about the exam script. Students wishing to do this should

contact their year coordinator in the first instance. Some groups within the School may have scheduled sessions for this to take place, and this will be announced to the classes concerned. Students are not allowed to take away an examination script, but may have a photocopy on payment of a fee to the University. Requests for this should be made to the School Office.

## Appeals and Complaints

The University is committed to ensuring as high a quality student experience as possible while studying at St Andrews. Occasionally things may go wrong and if you are experiencing a difficulty, or are dissatisfied with your academic experience, you should raise concerns as soon as possible. This allows effective resolutions to be worked out quickly.

Such issues normally fall into one of two categories:

- An appeal requesting a formal review of an academic decision - where, for example, the University has made a judgement about your assessed work or progression within a course of study which you have grounds to query (see the relevant Policy on Student Academic Appeals); [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/rules/appeals/policy/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/rules/appeals/policy/)
- Complaints - where you are dissatisfied with the quality or standard of service that you have received from any part of the University, either academic or non-academic (see the University's Complaints Handling Procedure); [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/assets/university/terms-and-conditions/documents/complaints/complaints-student-guide.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/assets/university/terms-and-conditions/documents/complaints/complaints-student-guide.pdf)

The University web site gives full information on how students should pursue a complaint or appeal, whether this concerns an academic or non-academic issue. For possible academic appeals involving this School you are invited to discuss the matter informally with relevant staff in the School first.

If there are extenuating personal circumstances that may affect your academic performance or impact on your progression you **must** bring these to the attention of an appropriate member of staff (for example your Academic Adviser, module coordinator or the appropriate Associate Dean) as soon as possible and normally prior to completing any assessment. If you base a subsequent academic appeal on such extenuating personal circumstances, you will be required to provide valid reasons to explain why you failed to notify the examiners or other relevant persons of these circumstances prior to completing the assessment.

Within the School of Physics and Astronomy, any complaint or appeal should be addressed (after any informal approach has been tried) to the Director of Teaching or, if the Director of Teaching has already been involved, to the Head of School. Academic issues which could be the subject of an appeal or complaint include the effects of extenuating personal circumstances materially affecting academic performance of which the University was not aware when the academic decision was taken, and which could not reasonably have been

disclosed by the student, and the improper conduct of an assessment that has material impacted on the results awarded

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/rules/appeals/policy/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/rules/appeals/policy/)

The Students' Association provides independent and confidential help and advice for students who are contemplating submitting an academic appeal, complaint or are having discipline proceedings taken against them. The Students' Association employs Iain Cupples, the Student Advocate (Education), whose job it is to ensure that you receive help with writing and submitting a submission. Iain can also accompany you to any hearing. He should be your first point of contact as soon as you feel you need help.

[www.yourunion.net/helphub/education/services/educationadvocate/](http://www.yourunion.net/helphub/education/services/educationadvocate/)

## **Online Teaching Sessions**

### **Lectures**

For some or all of this academic session our lectures will be online. Most will be delivered via the relevant course in MySaint/Moodle. The material may take the form of Panopto video recordings (usually for pre-recorded material), Microsoft Teams video recordings (usually for recordings of live teaching sessions), or PowerPoint slides with embedded audio from the lecturer. Please make sure that you keep “up to date” with your studies, and aim to digest all the material from your lectures before each tutorial.

As with a conventional lecture, to get the most out of it you should make your participation “active”. You should be taking notes, considering how the material ties in with previous study, noting what remaining questions you have on the material, and preparing a summary in your own words of the main things that you have learned from the lectures. With pre-recorded lectures you’ll be able to pause and review the trickier parts. Active participation will be hugely beneficial to you. Our subject is so much more than a pile of facts to be memorised. Look for the underlying ideas. See how particular techniques can be used in different situations. Ask yourself what approximations have been made, and why these are (or are not) justified in different situations. Aim not just to be able to reproduce what you saw in this derivation or problem, but to be able to work out related but different derivations or problems on your own.

Some lectures will include places where the instructor asks students to pause the recording to think about something or to do some problem-solving or complete a short “quiz”. Do please take part in these, whether or not you are asked to submit your views.

You might find it useful to watch lectures online with a group of your classmates, and during and after watching the recording meet with each other on Microsoft Teams or similar to discuss aspects of the science. Our School Student President will organise a sign-up list to help entrants find others in the class to work with should they wish.

All lecture courses will have opportunities to ask the instructor questions, be it during in person sessions, online Q&A sessions, or on discussion boards. Please do make use of these.

Please take responsibility for your studies, and ask for help where you need it. The staff are happy to help.

Think carefully about how best to structure your studies: it's a good idea to do serious study with each online lecture at about the time stated in the timetable. You want to ensure that each week you're up to date with viewing, taking notes, making your summaries, tackling tutorial questions, and asking questions. In many lecture-based modules you will also do significant reading around the subject.

If you are having any issues (be they work or personal) which are affecting your studies on a module, please contact the module coordinator, the School's Student Wellbeing Officer, or Student Services to let them know so that they can assist.

### **Tutorials**

Tutorials will feature in many modules. These classes may be in-person for some or all of the class, or they may all be online. For tutorials you should

- Consider beforehand the material covered up to that time in the module, and work out what queries you may wish to bring to the discussions.
- Attempt all tutorial work that is scheduled to have been done by that session, and consider what aspects of that you would like to discuss.

There will usually be a "tutorial substitute" recorded covering some of the material that is discussed in the face to face tutorial sessions in that week. While this is aimed at students who cannot make the usual slot, this is available for all students.

### **Laboratories**

Laboratory work in some modules will be done online, in others there will be an "in-lab" component also. Many of the suggestions above hold for this work. Prepare for the activity as requested, engage actively, be willing to ask questions where you have them, and aim to understand the broader learning goals not "just" how to do this particular thing that you are doing at that time.

### **J F Allen Library**

The J F Allen library that is situated in the Physics and Astronomy building will be shut due to COVID precautions for at least the first part of the academic session. However, books on the shelves may be borrowed via a click and collect service for collection at the University Main Library off North Street. Some relevant books are available as e-books.

If you have suggestions for additional physics and astronomy books that you think should be in the Library, please contact Dr Hongsheng Zhao ([hz4@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:hz4@st-andrews.ac.uk)) or email [morebooks@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:morebooks@st-andrews.ac.uk).



The Library's online reading list service enables you to find and access the books, journal articles, and other resources you are expected to use for your module. By clicking links in online reading lists you can see straight away the location and availability of books in the Library and get direct access to online resources. By logging in you can use the features which allow you to record what resources you've used, plan ahead, and create personal study notes. You can also export citations to Endnote from reading lists.

The Library subscribes to a large number of journals, most of which are available electronically. There are printer/photocopier/scanners in the Library, operated by your matric card. You can make payments to your account online.

To find out if your module has a reading list check the module in MMS or Moodle, or check the Online Reading List page on the Library website  
[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/library/information/subjectguides/readinglists/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/library/information/subjectguides/readinglists/)

Online resources and information about books available can be searched for through the Library's Physics & Astronomy page: <http://libguides.st-andrews.ac.uk/panda>. Past examination questions for the last few years are available via MySaint, and tutorial sheets and solutions for some modules are available on MySaint > Moodle.

Main Library staff can offer assistance by email, phone or chat [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/library/contact/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/library/contact/). Vicki Cormie (vhc1@st-andrews.ac.uk) is the Academic Liaison Librarian for Physics & Astronomy and is happy to be contacted for any help in using Library resources.

## **Work Spaces**

The J F Allen library (when open) is one obvious space in the building in which students may study; this it is intended to be a quiet area. The main concourse has group-study tables behind the cafeteria. These are equipped with large screen computer monitors, and at least in normal times groups of students may find this space useful for collaborative working and/or as a noisy self-study space. The main part of the concourse may be used as a study and/or social area. The University Library is another study space. If seminar/tutorial rooms in the building are not booked out for teaching or meetings, it is normally possible to use these for work. In all cases, please adhere to the current physical distancing rules. The School office staff can provide information on availability.

## **Computing Facilities**

The PC classroom, which is next to the main entrance of the building, contains 37 PCs, a data projector, and Uniprint facilities, though for two metre distancing the capacity is reduced to 12 people at a time. IT Services operate other clusters of computers and provide training in the use of hardware and software as well as the username and password required to log on the computers and for email. Many computers in the honours laboratory will be used by students during their lab/computational sessions, and may often be used outside laboratory time by students in the School for more general work-related activity.

## **Lockers**

The School has a limited number of lockers available for rent (£10 annual fee plus £10 deposit). Initial priority is given to those in their honours years. If interested, please contact the Building Manager, Dr Andrew Bunting, [asb8@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:asb8@st-andrews.ac.uk).

## **Student-Staff Council, and School President**

The Student-Staff Council has representatives for students in each level of study, postgraduate representatives, and members of staff. Its primary purpose is to serve as a forum for the discussion of academic issues, but it also oversees some of the social facilities available in the building and some student activities. The Council normally meets twice per semester. Meeting minutes, etc, may be accessed from the School's Students and Staff web page. The Council is chaired by the School Student President, who is elected by students at the end of the previous session. For 2020-21 the School President is Sarah Johnston. She may be contacted by email at [physicspresident@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:physicspresident@st-andrews.ac.uk).

Student representatives are elected from year and subject groups, and normally hold office for the whole academic year. Representatives discuss teaching matters with the Year Co-ordinator, and report to meetings of the Council on the issues raised and the action taken. Although all students are welcome to discuss any issues directly with the relevant module coordinators or other members of teaching staff, they may also raise concerns or comments with their class reps or the School President for transmission to the relevant member of staff and/or Student Staff Council.

The Vacation Awards Committee disburses grants to students studying in the School who wish to pursue worthwhile projects during the Summer vacation. The Social Committee is responsible for the organisation of the Student/Staff dinner-dance and for some other social events which may take place during the year.



## **Diversity, Respect, Community**

The University of St Andrews is fully committed to respect and fair treatment for everyone, eliminating discrimination and actively promoting equality of opportunity and delivering fairness to all.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/hr/edi/equalityschemeandpolicies/equalitypolicy/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/hr/edi/equalityschemeandpolicies/equalitypolicy/)

We are keen that this School continues to be a place where we all value and respect each other, and that we continue to have here a community of scholars that includes students and staff. We are keen that members of our community continue to assist and support each other.

The School's Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion Committee, which includes the School President, actively promotes this endeavour. Its web pages are at

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/about/equality-diversity/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/about/equality-diversity/)

We are pleased to have “Juno Champion” status from the Institute of Physics and an Athena SWAN Silver award following submission of details of our activities aiming to provide a workplace that is good for all. Students with concerns or suggestions about equality or diversity are asked to speak to one of the committee.

## **Journey of Learning, Student Services**

As a University of St Andrews student you are on a journey of learning. The person you arrived as will be different from the one who leaves. This change will reflect the knowledge and skills you will gain, and the experiences you will have throughout your time here. It is unlikely that your journey will always be smooth, but dealing with the unexpected challenges you encounter along the way will help you develop the skills you need to make you a better scholar and better able to cope with life beyond university.

Key areas to focus on during your St Andrews journey include:

1. Developing independence. This means that you actively seek out information, take charge of finding the right balance between your study and personal life and take responsibility for your behaviour.
2. Facing challenges. It's perfectly normal to find things challenging in your academic studies and general student life. Some challenges may lead to disappointment or even failure. The important thing to remember is that you will be strengthened by these challenges, developing important life-skills such as problem-solving and resilience.
3. Being involved. As a student at St Andrews you are part of several communities, and you have the opportunity to become involved with them. You are part of the community within your academic school, part of the broader University community and part of the wider community of the St Andrews town. You are encouraged to make the most of the academic,

social, societies and sports opportunities on offer as a way to positively build knowledge, skills, support networks, and physical and mental wellbeing.

For advice and support on any issue, including academic, financial, international, personal or health matters, or if you are unsure of who to go to for help, please contact the Advice and Support Centre, 79 North Street, 01334 462020, [theasc@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:theasc@st-andrews.ac.uk), <https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/>

## **Advice and Support**

If you need advice, then you should feel free to contact any member of academic or secretarial staff in the School; they may be able to help you directly or should be able to tell you who to contact for particular advice. Please feel free to ask questions of your lecturers, tutors, lab demonstrators, or advisers of studies. In a number of cases the paragraphs above suggest who might be the most appropriate person to speak with.

For general queries on academic and other issues, your Adviser of Studies, the School's Student Wellbeing Officer, or the School's Director of Teaching may be good people to start with. If you wish to speak with your Adviser of Studies and they are not available, the School's Director of Teaching would be an appropriate alternative.

If you wish to speak with specialists in student wellbeing and support, then Student Services may accessed by email at [theasc@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:theasc@st-andrews.ac.uk) or via the Advice and Support Centre at 79 North St (01334 46) 2020. These people can provide professional support. They are particularly well placed to help with problems affecting your studies or personal life, including academic matters, finance, accommodation, health and disability, relationships, stress, and anxiety. They also offer special assistance for international students. I am told that the majority of students seek advice from Student Services during their time in St Andrews. They are used to assisting students with problems small and large, serious and much less so.

<https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/>

If there is a problem, please talk with the School or Student Services sooner rather than later.

The School also provides advice on "Who can advise or help me?" on particular issues. This is on the main academic notice board and on the School web site via Current students > Undergraduates > Contacts page.

## **Information for students**

Our School's "Current Students" web pages link to a range of useful information, including this pre-honours handbook, timetables, the student astronomical and physical societies, booklists, internship and career information, and academic issues that are influenced by both School and University policy. The online managed learning environment supported by the University and used in this School is MySaint underpinned by MMS and Moodle.

The University's "Current Students" page linked to the Home page of the University's web site contains information on a wide variety of issues of interest to students. It includes for example details on academic regulations, codes of practice, employment, financial information, health, Library Services, student organisations, student services, student support and guidance, and access to the pre-advising system, previous examination papers and examination timetables.

If you are not sure, if you are worried, if you have any question, please ask a member of staff; we are happy to help.

## **Disabilities, Learning Difficulties, Mental Health, Wellbeing**

If for disability or related reasons you require support, for example particular teaching, study, and assessment arrangements, or more generally with life at St Andrews, please contact the Disability Team in Student Services via the link below. Student Services provides support for a wide range of situations such as learning difficulties, visual and hearing impairments, mobility difficulties, Aspergers, mental health (including depression and anxiety), long standing medical conditions, and much more.

We recognise that not all students are comfortable with disclosing difficulties with health, disability, etc, but the team members at Student Services are an excellent resource to give advice to students and schools on allowances and support, with due regard to confidentiality. We strongly advise relevant students to make contact with Student Services sooner rather than later. The majority of students have a one-to-one consultation with a member of staff from Student Services during their time in St Andrews.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/disabilities/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/disabilities/)

The School's disabilities and specific learning difficulties (SpLD) coordinator is available to liaise with any of the School's students. The School will work in conjunction with Student Services to ensure that appropriate reasonable adjustments are in place for students who have registered that they have a disability. Our aim is to try to make the same or equivalent facilities and experiences and learning outcomes available to all. However, notifications and adjustments cannot always be immediate, and students are welcome to contact our disability officer directly to advise them of their situation.

Most of the School is accessible to those with disabilities affecting mobility. This is via the main entrance and the lift located at the opposite corner of the building from the main entrance. In the event of an emergency the lift must not be used. Where students may have a problem evacuating the building in an emergency, particularly from the top floor, they should contact Environmental, Health and Safety Services who will, with the help of the School Disability Officer and Student Services, produce a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). This plan will ensure that the person knows what actions to take in an emergency and also what actions the School needs to put in place to support evacuation in an emergency. An evacuation chair is located in the stairwell outside room 301, ie roughly

above the main entrance to the building. They may be able to make their presence known to the janitor or the emergency services using the telephone there.

Student Services provides individual consultations for those with concern about wellbeing and about mental health. They also run a number of events during the year, some for students who are concerned about their own wellbeing, and some for students who would like to learn more about how to help support a friend who may have anxiety, low mood, an eating disorder, etc.

An online system called Silver Cloud is available. This is a computer based self-help system that offers helpful programmes to address a range of issues including low mood / depression, anxiety, stress and body image/eating worries. This system can be used independently by students, or by students with support from a member of staff in Student Services.

<https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/advice/personal/silvercloud/>

We recognise that there are times when things can get tough for students. There are few people who sail through university without any problems. Please be aware that there are people here to assist you, both within the School (Student Wellbeing Officer, amongst others) and at Student Services. Please do communicate with them. You may also wish to speak with someone anonymously after hours, and this can be done by a call to a trained student volunteer at Nightline between 8pm and 7am in term time on 01334 462266.

<https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/nightline/>

## **Centre for Educational Enhancement and Development (CEED) Resources**

The University's Centre for Educational Enhancement and Development (CEED) can provide additional input to help students develop the skills they need for their academic studies and beyond. There are three main ways:

1. **Academic skills:** You can book a 1:1 appointment with one of the CEED PhD tutors to help you improve your study skills (e.g. note-taking, time management, essay writing) or mathematics and statistics skills. Over 300 students make use of this service each year. There is also an online ask a tutor service.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/ceed/study-skills/academicskills/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/ceed/study-skills/academicskills/)

2. **Professional Skills:** CEED powers the Professional Skills Curriculum which is a development programme open to all students, accessed through the Careers Centre. It comprises dozens of workshops that will help you develop your graduate attributes and they are delivered via online workshops, lectures, and practical skills sessions. We have everything from leadership to resilience; influencing skills to public speaking; project management to networking. You are welcome to dip in and out of the programme as you wish, but if you complete eight or more topics over an academic year and submit a reflective essay, you receive a certificate and your achievement is listed on your degree transcript. The PSC is endorsed by the Institute of Leadership and Management. There

is also the opportunity to work towards a PSC+ Award in a more specialised skill area.  
[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/careermatters/professionalskills/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/students/careermatters/professionalskills/)

3. IT skills: as part of the PSC, CEED runs a programme of IT workshops for undergraduate students, including sessions on digital wellbeing, using apps to help you learn, and curating digital content. You also have access to the Microsoft IT Academy which offers a range of online courses, from a suite of IT programmes, which you can access and work on flexibly. You also have the opportunity to self-study and sit exams for a Microsoft Office Specialist (MOS) certificate which is a globally recognised IT qualification. Taking part in MOS is free of charge for students at St Andrews.  
[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/it-training/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/it-training/)

There is more information on the CEED webpages [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/ceed/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/ceed/)

## English Language Support

The Academic English Service (AES) offers free language development to matriculated students. The language development is offered in a number of forms, ranging from one-to-one tutorials to workshop programmes on, for example, writing, presentation skills, pronunciation, and grammar. We also have online resources that you can study at your own pace. Further information is available on the AES website and self-enrol Moodle page:

<https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/international-education/aes>

<https://moody.st-andrews.ac.uk/moodle/course/view.php?id=241>

If you would like further information, please contact [academicenglish@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:academicenglish@st-andrews.ac.uk).

## Fees

There are no extra fees for labs and similar in the School. In line with University policy, the School may expect students to purchase a small number of textbooks as part of their study.

## Health and Safety

The Head of the School of Physics and Astronomy is responsible for health and safety within the School and its buildings and requires all persons who enter the buildings for any purpose to take reasonable care of the health and safety of themselves and of others. The School Safety Officer is listed in the key contacts section later in this handbook. The School's safety policy is available at

<https://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/physics-astronomy/students/ug/safety/>

Lists of first aiders, their locations, and their contact numbers, are displayed on notices in the building. If you require first aid, please contact a first aider, or ask any member of staff to do this for you. Mrs Linda Cousins in the School Office is one of the first aiders.

First aid boxes are located at the main entrance, in the School Office, outside room 301, outside the honours teaching labs, and at the lift entrances. The nearest first aid box is noted on the first aid notices around the building. An emergency evacuation chair for those with mobility difficulties is located in the corridor outside room 301.

Anyone who is in the J F Allen building outside the time during which there is janitor cover should sign in and out in the late working book at the janitors' desk.

For session 2020-21 a major consideration for us all will be avoiding the spread of Coronavirus. All students and staff are required to behave in a manner consistent with national regulations and the requirements set out by the University.

[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/coronavirus/guides/journey-to-st-andrews/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/coronavirus/guides/journey-to-st-andrews/)

## **Academic Session**

The dates for the session, including examination periods, are published on the University's web pages. [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/semester-dates/2020-2021/](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/semester-dates/2020-2021/)

Orientation Week is an integral part of the University semester, and students are expected to devote some time in this period to their studies. Many classes will run on the Thursday and Friday of Orientation Week in the same slots as timetabled in the rest of the semester. Independent Learning Week has no scheduled classes, but is a good chance to spend time consolidating your studies in the semester up to this time, and preparing for the coming weeks. There may also be work set to be done over that week. Students are expected to be available for the entire examination period.

## **Finding Referees**

Students are likely to wish to use members of academic staff as referees in applications for summer work experience, etc. To this end, they are advised to cultivate a professional relationship with appropriate staff members. The more a member of staff knows about a student, the more useful a reference they can write. A student's tutor may be in a good position to write a reference. Students should seek the permission of staff members to use them as referees before naming them. As staff members are not permitted to disclose information about students without explicit permission, potential referees may ask for written statements from students authorizing disclosure. It may be worth noting that student attitude and attainment through their time at St Andrews can be relevant, which may be another reason for working hard throughout the degree programme.



## Appendix: Some Staff Members

Lecturing Staff	Room	ext	email
Baily Dr C	310	3127	crb6
Bonnell Prof I A	215	3100	hospanda
Braunecker Dr B	336	1673	bhb
Cameron Prof ACC	315	3147	acc4
Cammack Dr H M			hmc9
Cassettari Dr D	218	3109	dc43
Cruickshank Dr P	305	3296	pasc
Cyganowski Dr C	335	1672	cc243
Dholakia Prof K	217	3184	kd1
Di Falco Prof A	342	3165	adf10
Dominik Dr M	242	3068	md35
Gather Prof M	207B	3108	mcg6
Gillies Dr A D	231	3179	adg1
Hadfield Dr L J	304	3144	ljh11
Helling Dr C	313	1666	ch80
Hooley Dr C A	206	3171	cah19
Horne Prof K D	315A	3322	kdh1
Jardine Prof MMJ	318	3100	mmj
Keeling Dr JMJ	213	3121	jmjk
Kemp Dr J	Music	2145	jk50
King Prof P D	208	3067	pdk6
Koenig Dr F	204	3128	fewk
Kohnle Dr A S	314	3195	ak81
Korolkova Prof N	317	3139	nvk
Lee Prof S L	318A	3143	sl10
Leonhardt Dr I	210	3103	il4
Lovett Dr B	205	3107	bwl4
Lovett Dr J	243	3120	jel20
Mazilu Dr M	337	3210	mm17
Ohadi Dr H	332	1674	ho35
Penedo Dr C		3106	jcp10
Rae Dr C F	132C3	7314	cfr
Rost Dr A W	333	3215	ar35
Samuel Prof IDW	209	3114	idws
Scholz Dr A	331	1668	as110
Schulz Dr S A	343	3196	sas35
Sinclair Dr B D	221	3118	b.d.sinclair
Smith Prof G M	219	2669	gms
Tojeiro Dr R	341	1677	rmftr
Turnbull Prof G A	220	7330	gat
Wahl Prof G P	207	3122	wahl

Lecturing Staff	Room	ext	email
Weijmans Dr A-M	334	2823	amw23
Wild Dr V	308	1680	vw8
Woitke Dr P	306	1681	pw31
Wood Dr K	316	3116	kw25
Zhao Dr H	316A	3135	hz4

### Office Staff

Aitken Ms L M	211	3100	lma1
Cousins Mrs L J	211	3111	ljc21
Nicholson Mrs P	210	3103	pkwm
Vithanage Dr D	211	1682	da16

### Building, Safety and Technical Manager

Bunting Dr A	244	3198	asb48
--------------	-----	------	-------

### Teaching Laboratory Technicians

Donaldson Mr P	324	3132/3148	ptd
Gray Mr D	324	3132/3148	dg79

### Head Janitor

Taylor Mr N		3136	jan-phys
-------------	--	------	----------

### First Aiders

Aitken Ms L M	211	3100	lma1
Bunting Dr A	244	3198	asb48
Cousins Mrs L J	211	3111	ljc21
Dick-Marner R	130	3276	rdm20
Donaldson Mr P	324	3132/3148	ptd
King Mr S	132C2	7309	sk18
Nicholson Mrs P	210	3103	pkwm
Robertson Mr M	130	3191	msfr

### Generic School Contact Details

School Office	211	3111	physics
---------------	-----	------	---------

School Office opening hours:  
Monday-Friday 08.45 - 13.00, 13.30 – 17.00

Photos of most staff members are available on the School's web pages and on a poster board by the Main Entrance to the School

## Key Contacts

School Level		Room	Email
Head of School	Prof Ian Bonnell	215	hospanda
Joint Director of Teaching (DoT)	Dr Bruce Sinclair	221	physdot
Joint DoT (& Vice DoT Physics)	Dr Paul Cruickshank	305	pasc
Vice DoT (Astrophysics)	Prof Moira Jardine	318	mmj
Vice DoT (Th Phys & joints)	Dr Chris Hooley	206	cah19
Director of Research	Prof Peter Wahl	207	physdor
Director of PostGrad Studies	Dr Jonathan Keeling	213	physdogp
Director of Taught PG Studies	Dr Anne-Marie Weijmans	334	physdogpt
Secretary (teaching matters)	Mrs Linda Cousins	211	physics
School Senior Secretary	Ms Lesley Aitken	211	physics

## Advisers of Study

Pre-honours	Dr Claudia Cyganowski	335	cc243
	Dr Friedrich Koenig	204	fewk
	Dr Antje Kohnle	314	ak81
	Dr Sebastian Schulz	343	sas35
	Prof Graham Smith	219	gms
Junior Honours	Prof Moira Jardine	318	mmj
	Dr Donatella Cassetari	218	dc43

## Module and programme coordinators

Physics 1A	Dr Peter Voitke	306	pw31
Physics 1B	Dr Helen Cammack		hmc9
Gateway PH1501	Dr Irina Leonhardt	210	il4
Gateway PH1502 & PH1503	Dr Lucy Hadfield	304	ljh11
Astronomy AS1001	Dr Aleks Scholz	331	as110
Astronomy AS1101	Dr Anne-Marie Weijmans	334	amw23
Physical Universe AS1002			
Physical Universe AS1901			
Physics 2A and 2B	Prof Graham Turnbull	220	gat
Astronomy AS2001 & AS2101	Prof Andrew Cameron	315	acc4

Examination Officer	Dr Brendon Lovett	205	bwl4
Disabilities Coordinator	Mrs Linda Cousins	211	physics
Health and Safety Officer	Dr Andrew Bunting	244	asb48
Student Wellbeing Officer	Dr Paul Cruickshank	305	panda_wellbeing
First Aid	Mrs Linda Cousins et al	211	physics
Deferred exams etc requests	Dr Bruce Sinclair	221	physdot
Library rep	Dr Hongsheng Zhao	316A	hz4
Careers Officer	Dr Charles Baily	310	crb6
Study Abroad Adviser	Dr Charles Baily	310	crb6
Equality, Diversity & Inclusion	Dr Lucy Hadfield	304	physeqdiv
School Student President	Sarah Johnston		physicspresident



## APPENDIX B: SYLLABUSES OF FIRST LEVEL MODULES

# 1

### PH1011 Physics 1A

#### Mechanics I (11 lectures)

Dr Peter Voitke

*Kinematics:* Vectors and scalars. Motion with constant acceleration in a straight line and in two dimensions. Motion under gravity. Calculation of projectile trajectories, including maximum height, time of flight, range etc.

*Dynamics:* Newton's laws of motion, force, mass, and acceleration, inertial reference frames. Work and energy, including potential energy, kinetic energy, and energy conservation.

*Momentum:* conservation of momentum in the absence of external forces, impulse of a force

#### Waves and Optics (15 lectures)

Dr Bruce Sinclair

*What is Light?* Ideas of waves and particles, and how light is generated.

*Ray Optics:* Snell's law, and the use of a lens for imaging. Thin lens formula.

*Oscillations:* SHM of spring. Velocity, acceleration and phase, for mechanical oscillations. Extension to a pendulum. Relation between SHM and circular motion. Energy in SHM. Tuning fork and other resonators.

*Travelling Waves:* Transverse and longitudinal travelling waves, and connection with oscillations. Sound waves, waves on strings, Electromagnetic waves. Transverse velocity and acceleration. Energy carried by a wave. Doppler effect for sound, extended to light. Superposition, beats, phase change on reflection.

*Standing Waves:* Standing waves on strings. Nodes and antinodes. Resonant wavelengths and frequencies in strings and pipes. The laser resonator.

*Wave Optics:* Young's slits and two beam interference. Temporal and spatial coherence and its relevance to interference patterns. Michelson interferometer and its use in precision length measurements. Anti-reflection coatings and thin-film interference. Multiple-beam interference. Wavelength separation by diffraction grating.

#### Properties of Matter (14 lectures)

Dr Janet Lovett

*Atomic basis of matter:* Atoms and molecules, Dalton's and Avogadro's hypotheses, atomic weight, the mole, Avogadro's number.

*Nature of atoms:* charge quantisation, measurement of  $e$  and  $e/m$  for electrons. Behaviour of charged particles in electric and magnetic fields.

*The nucleus:* radioactivity,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  rays, exponential decay, half life, nuclear size. Isotopes, radioactive series. Protons and neutrons.

*Thermal physics and kinetic theory:* Temperature scales and the gas laws. Evidence for and assumptions of simple kinetic theory. Derivation of pressure formula. Molecular speeds and kinetic energy. Mean free path. Thermal conductivity, convection and radiation.

*This list of module offerings is for illustrative purposes only and does not constitute a guarantee of the specific modules or module content to be offered in future years.*

### **Laboratory work and maths revision**

**Dr Cameron Rae**

Develop core laboratory skills in data gathering, uncertainty analysis, and diagnostic instrumentation while exploring aspects of physics in a practical manner.

## **PH1012 Physics 1B**

### **Mechanics II (11 lectures)**

**Dr Lucy Hadfield**

*Circular motion:* uniform circular motion, angular velocity, angular acceleration, centripetal acceleration  
Newton's laws of motion in angular form.

*Newton's universal law of gravity:* Analysis of satellite orbits, escape velocity, gravitational potential energy.

*Rigid Bodies:* Centre of mass, torque

### **Quantum Phenomena (16 lectures)**

**Prof Natalia Korolkova**

*Early quantum ideas:* Photoelectric effect and Compton effect. Rutherford's and Bohr's models of the atom.  
Spectral lines, Rydberg constant.

*Energy levels:* Atomic spectra

*De-Broglie's matter waves:* Diffraction of electrons, neutrons, etc. Wave function, probability and uncertainty. Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.

*Schrödinger's Equation:* Introduction and examples of its applications

*Selected topics from modern quantum science:* Quantum technology and Bose-Einstein condensates.

### **Lasers and Optoelectronics (6 lectures)**

**Dr Sebastian Schulz**

*Lasers:* Introductory overview on lasers and their applications. Basic energy level structures for laser-related media. Einstein A, B coefficients, gain coefficient, laser threshold conditions. Laser oscillator and amplifiers. Properties of laser radiation and important types of laser gain media. Some applications of lasers in science, engineering and medicine.

### **Group Discovery Project (9 lectures equivalent)**

**Dr Carlos Penedo**

In groups of typically six, students will explore a real-world problem applying and extending their knowledge of physics. Students will work self-guided in groups with introductory whole-class sessions and individual group facilitator sessions to review and aid their progress. At the end of the project, each group will give a brief presentation of their results to a panel and submit a written report.

### **Laboratory work**

**Dr Cameron Rae**

Explore aspects of physics in a practical manner, broaden competence in experimental and diagnostic instrumentation, and take part in problem-based-learning laboratory group work.

## **PH1501 Gateway - Maths for Physicists 1A**

**Dr Irina Leonhardt**

This module aims to provide an introduction to a range of mathematical techniques required for physics and engineering degrees, practise in the use of these techniques, and to demonstrate the application of these techniques to problems in physics and astronomy.

The topics covered include basic algebra (inequalities, functions, coordinate systems, algebraic manipulation, partial fractions), geometric sequences and series, techniques of differentiation and integration, and an introduction to solving differential equations.

## **PH1502 & 1503 Gateway – Physics Skills 1A & 1B**

**Dr Lucy Hadfield et al**

### **Study Skills:**

An Introductory overview of general study skills including time management, study and note taking, literature retrieval and evaluation, critical reading, effective revision skills, personal development and reflective feedback.

### **Physics skills:**

Including unit conversion, estimating and order of magnitude calculations, dimensional analysis, scientific writing, planning and execution of practical work.

### **Physics in context:**

General problem-solving in physics, numerical and analytical reasoning,

### **Astronomy Short Course:**

Solar System: structure, evolution and origin.

Planets and life: Detection and properties of extrasolar planets: bias introduced by detection methods, introduction to astrobiology.

Galaxies: Structure of the Milky Way galaxy; galaxy classification; galaxy formation and evolution.

Stellar evolution: Stars and the Hertzsprung-Russell diagram; mass-luminosity relation; stellar evolution for high and low mass stars; stellar nucleosynthesis

# **AS1001 Astronomy & Astrophysics 1**

## **The Solar System (10 lectures)**

**Prof Moira Jardine**

Brief historical introduction including basic observations and the calendar, leading to Kepler's laws of planetary motion and Newton's law of gravitation. Modern exploration of the Solar System and the study of the physical properties of the planets and their satellites - interior structure, atmosphere and climate, magnetospheres and interactions with the solar wind; physical properties of comets, meteors. The atmosphere of the Sun -photosphere, chromosphere, corona and the solar wind. Origin of the Solar System.

## **Stars and Elementary Astrophysics (10 lectures)**

**Dr Aleks Scholz**

Astronomical observations. Telescopes: optical, radio, space. Stellar brightness, apparent and absolute magnitudes, distances, inverse square law. Colours of the stars, black body radiation laws and temperature. Spectra from astronomical sources; Kirchhoff's laws for continuous, emission and absorption spectra. Spectral classification; excitation and ionisation; determination of stellar compositions. Distribution of stellar parameters; the Hertzsprung-Russell diagram. Stellar motions: Doppler effect, radial velocity, redshifts; proper motion. Binary stars for masses, radii, luminosities;

## **The Galaxy (10 lectures)**

**Dr Claudia Cyganowski**

The main-sequence mass-luminosity relationship. Star clusters, their colour-magnitude diagrams, and distances via main-sequence fitting. Effects of interstellar extinction. Spatial distribution of star clusters, differences in chemical composition. Outline of stellar evolution from formation through to end states of white dwarfs, neutron stars and black holes. Mass loss from stars, supernovae. The interstellar medium. Structure of the Galaxy -population groups, spiral structure, rotation curve.

## **Cosmology (10 lectures)**

**Dr Rita Tojeiro**

A preview of the universe. The extragalactic nebulae (galaxies). The determination of extragalactic distances. Types of galaxies. The Hubble classification. Properties of galaxies - sizes, masses, spectra and luminosities. The distribution of galaxies in space - clusters and superclusters. The red-shift - distance relation. Hubble's law. The expansion of the universe. The age of the universe. The Big Bang origin of the universe. A critical density for expansion and contraction. The evolution of the universe.

## **Practical Work**

## **AS1101 Astrophysics 1 (condensed)**

**Dr Anne-Marie Weijmans**

This module provides a streamlined (condensed) introduction to the science of astrophysics for students who have taken direct entry to Second level and who are planning to take level two astrophysics in the second semester of the same academic year. We will cover the essential items of observational astrophysics, and how radiation that we detect on Earth can be used to develop physical models of planets, stars, the Milky Way, other galaxies, and the Universe as a whole. Topics will include stellar evolution, composition and dynamics of galaxies, black holes, the need for dark matter, the expanding Universe, and the discovery of dark energy.

**PH2011 Physics 2A****Mechanics (18 lectures)****Dr Lucy Hadfield**

*Dynamics of a single particle:* Newton's laws of motion, inertial reference frames. Momentum, conservation of momentum in absence of external forces. Central force problems: velocity and acceleration of particles in plane polar coordinates. Work, energy and power. Conservative forces, relation between force and potential energy. Friction. Torque. Conservation of angular momentum.

*Gravitation:* Newton's gravitational force law, potential energy for point source. Kepler's laws for planetary motion.

*Dynamics of a system of particles:* Centre of mass. Internal and external forces. Translational equation of motion. Torque. Angular momentum and kinetic energy of a rotating system. Rotational equation of motion. Rigid bodies. Moments of inertia. Parallel and perpendicular axis theorems.

**Oscillations in Physics (7 lectures)****Prof Graham Smith**

Introduction to oscillations. Mathematical description of oscillations. Circular motion and simple harmonic motion (SHM). Energy in SHM. Examples of SHM: spring-mass systems, pendulums, other oscillating systems. Damped oscillations. Types of damping, Q factor. Forced oscillations. Resonance. Examples of resonant systems. Coupled oscillations and normal modes.

**Thermal Physics (11 lectures)****Dr Helen Cammack**

Temperature, pressure and translational kinetic energy. The thermodynamic temperature scale. The notion of thermal equilibrium. Degrees of freedom. Reversible and irreversible processes. The zero'th law. Ideal gases. Mean Free Path and Maxwell Speed Distribution. Types of thermometer. Thermal expansion (linear, area and volume), interatomic forces and Lennard Jones Potential, crystal structure, elasticity. Equations of state.

Work, heat and the First law of thermodynamics. Heat capacity and phonons. Heat transport, conduction, convection and radiation. Phase changes and latent heat. Adiabatic processes, free expansion of a gas.

Entropy and the second law of thermodynamics. Direction of time. Heat engines, heat pumps, refrigerators, efficiency. Entropy from a statistical viewpoint.

**Special Relativity (9 lectures)****Dr Charles Bailly**

Inertial frames and Galilean relativity. The Galilean transformation equations. The postulate of special relativity. Clock synchronisation and the relativity of simultaneity. Length contraction, time dilation, and the Lorentz transformations. Proper time, invariants, and space-time diagrams. Transformation of velocity. Relativistic Doppler effect. Relativistic momentum and energy. Conservation principles and relativistic collisions.

**Mathematics Revision Lectures, Workshops, and Practice****Dr Irina Leonhardt**

Trigonometry, dimensional analysis, complex numbers, vectors, functions, graphs, differentiation and integration, differential equations, and Taylor series.

**Laboratory work****Dr Cameron Rae**

Direct entry to second year students initially follow a focused laboratory skills development programme that includes: precision and accuracy, error propagation, data analysis and graphical representation, experimental technique and laboratory notebook keeping. All students explore aspects of physics in a practical manner, broaden competence in various forms of experimental and diagnostic instrumentation and will develop computational skills through work with microcontrollers.

*This list of module offerings is for illustrative purposes only and does not constitute a guarantee of the specific modules or module content to be offered in future years.*

## PH2012 Physics 2B

### Electricity and Magnetism (21 lectures)

Dr Bruce Sinclair

Basic electrostatics: Coulomb's Law, electric field  $E$ , electric field from discrete and continuous distributions. Electric potential  $V$ , relation between  $E$  and  $V$ , examples.

DC circuit theory: electric current and drift velocity of charge-carriers. Electric potential and Kirchoff's laws. Input and output impedance of circuits, equivalent circuits.

Gauss' law and capacitors: electric flux, Gauss' law, use to solve fields around high-symmetry charge distributions, electrostatic shielding, capacitors, role of dielectric materials in capacitors.

Magnetic effects of currents: forces on charges moving in a magnetic field, Biot-Savart law and application to long straight wire and coil, force between two current carrying wires and the definition of the units of current, Ampere's law and examples.

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's law, Lenz's law, induced electric fields, self and mutual inductance.

Electricity and magnetism unified via relativity (qualitative). Magnetic materials.

### Classical Waves (12 lectures)

Dr Paul Cruickshank

*Waves*: Waves on stretched strings, the wave equation, wave velocity, transmission of energy, sound waves and light waves, the Doppler effect in sound, superposition of waves, standing waves, Fourier series, interference and beats, phase, dispersion, phase and group velocity, reflection and transmission of waves at an interface or boundary.

*Wave properties of light*: Nature of electromagnetic radiation, the e-m spectrum, polarisation, dispersion, interference, Bragg scattering.

### Quantum Physics (18 lectures)

Drs Charles Baily and Helen Cammack

Photoelectric effect and photodetectors. Optical devices and single-photon experiments. Probabilistic measurements, expectation values. Entanglement and the physical interpretation of quantum mechanics. Wave functions and the Schrödinger equation in one dimension. Operators and eigenvalues. The uncertainty principle. Infinite- and finite-depth square well potential. Quantum tunnelling.

### Laboratory work including practical electronics

Dr Cameron Rae

All students explore aspects of physics in a practical manner, broaden competence in various forms of experimental and diagnostic instrumentation and develop analysis skills. Explore the science behind passive, pn-junction and op-amp devices and their incorporation in circuit designs while developing practical skills in electronics.

## **AS2001 Astronomy & Astrophysics 2**

### **Stellar Structure and Evolution (11 lectures)**

**Dr Kenny Wood**

The determination and distribution of stellar masses, radii and luminosities; the Hertzsprung-Russell diagram, mass-luminosity law and Vogt-Russell theorem. Sources of stellar energy, nucleosynthesis of hydrogen, helium and carbon. Star formation and evolution; the ages of star clusters; supernova events and the synthesis of heavy elements. Final states - white dwarfs, neutron stars (pulsars) and black holes. The evolution of binary stars - Roche lobe overflow, accretion discs and novae.

### **Exoplanetary Science (11 lectures)**

**Prof Andrew Cameron**

Building on earlier work in the module, this course looks at the formation of planets in circumstellar accretion discs and the implication for internal structures of gas-giant and terrestrial-like planets. Theoretical models and observational techniques are discussed.

### **Galactic Astronomy (11 lectures)**

**Dr Anne-Marie Weijmans**

This course will investigate the distribution and motions of stars, gas and dust within our own galaxy in order to determine its dimensions and overall properties. Properties of other galaxies will be discussed. Topics include: galactic coordinate systems; the solar motion and distribution of stellar velocities; differential galactic rotation, the rotation velocity at the Sun and the distance to the Galactic Centre; rotation curves of the Milky Way and other galaxies; galaxy masses and "dark" matter.

### **Observational Techniques (11 lectures)**

**Dr Claudia Cyganowski**

This course provides an introduction to topics relevant to planning and interpreting astronomical observations, including: modern telescopes and telescope design; instruments and detectors for multiwavelength astronomy, including CCDs; atmospheric seeing and extinction; active and adaptive optics; photometry; spectroscopy; aperture synthesis imaging; essential coordinate systems

### **Laboratory work**

## **AS2101 Astronomy & Astrophysics 2 (condensed)**

As AS2001, but without the laboratory work and the Observational Techniques lectures

## APPENDIX D: TIMETABLE

Lectures are expected to be given at the times shown in the following table. All modules involve at least some additional activities such as laboratories, tutorials and workshops, the times of which will be announced. Detailed schedules are on the timetables given in the relevant section of the School's web page, and posted on the main academic notice board in the School's main concourse (seating area and café). Registry may issue personal timetables, but please beware that these may not include the times of all tutorials and laboratories due to you having a choice of times.

### First (Martinmas) Semester

<b>First level</b> AS1001/1101 PH1011 PH1501, 1502	Astronomy and Astrophysics Physics 1A Gateway Modules	11-12 12-1 9-12, some afternoons
<b>Second level</b> PH2011	Physics 2A	10-11

### Second (Candlemas) Semester

<b>First level</b> PH1012 PH1503	Physics 1B Gateway Skills 1B	12-1 10-12, some afternoons
<b>Second level</b> PH2012 AS2001/2101	Physics 2B Astronomy and Astrophysics 2	10-11 11-12



## APPENDIX E: HONOURS DEGREE PROGRAMMES

The honours degrees currently available are set out below. Several of these are taught wholly within the School of Physics and Astronomy, the others being given jointly with the other Schools concerned. Full details of the content and structure of these honours programmes are contained in the separate booklet for Honours students.

### **BSc degrees**

Single Honours

Astrophysics  
Physics

Joint Honours

Physics and *one of*  
Computer Science  
Philosophy  
Mathematics

### **MSci degree**

Joint Honours

Physics and Chemistry

### **MPhys degrees**

Single Honours

Astrophysics  
Physics  
Theoretical Physics

Joint Honours

Theoretical Physics and Mathematics

To obtain any one of these degrees it is normally necessary to include at second level PH2011 Physics 2A, PH2012 Physics 2B, MT2501 and MT2503 Mathematics and (for those wishing to do the Astrophysics degree) AS2001 or AS2101 Astrophysics 2. Those proceeding to a joint honours degree must also satisfy the requirements of the other subject.

The grades required in these modules for admission to each degree programme are set out in the Honours booklet and in the section below. Those wishing to join the physics or astronomy honours programmes need to be aware throughout level two of the need to obtain good grades in modules in order to be allowed to progress to an honours programme (as well as to get good understanding and knowledge to serve as a good foundation for advanced study).

After the end of the second semester, an offer of a place in one or more of the honours programmes will normally be made to those who have achieved the required grades in the relevant second level subjects. In most cases, a final decision by a student regarding choice of honours degree need not be made until the start of the third level or even later.

## APPENDIX F: HONOURS ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

This handbook page gives only an indication. The definitive statements are at:-  
[www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-entry-to-honours/entry-to-honours.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-entry-to-honours/entry-to-honours.pdf)

Students entering honours are expected to have 240 pre-honours credits (for accelerated-entry students 120 of these may be “advanced standing” credits”).

For entry based on first sitting of module exams the requirements are normally as follows:-

### *BSc Honours Programmes*

Passes at mean grade 11 or better in PH2011 and PH2012 and  
Passes at mean grade 11 or better in MT2501 and MT2503

For the BSc in Astrophysics, a grade 11 or better is also required in AS2001 or AS2101  
For the joint degree programmes, also the requirements of the other School.  
The maths requirement may alternatively be satisfied by a mean grade over a set of MT2 modules that includes passes in MT2501 and MT2503.

### *MPhys and MSci Programmes*

Passes at mean grade 15 or better in PH2011 and PH2012 and  
Passes at mean grade 15 or better in MT2501 and MT2503

For the MPhys in Astrophysics, a passing grade in AS2001 or AS2101 is included in the calculated mean with PH2011 and PH2012.  
For the joint degree programmes, also the requirements of the other School.

Qualified honours entry (based on resit or honours-entry exams in August) may be possible for those who do not meet the above requirements. Beware that there is usually not the possibility of repeating the module the next year for another go at honours entry where that module is needed. Please see details at the link above. There is no qualified entry to the MPhys honours programme, but those in the BSc honours cohort who achieve particularly well through JH and who wish to move to the MPhys cohort may be permitted to do so. Students who fail to meet the requirements for entry to honours in their chosen degree programme are eligible to request a review of the decision. For additional information please see [www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-entry-to-honours/requests-for-review-of-decision-for-entry-to-honours.pdf](http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/policy/academic-policies-student-progression-entry-to-honours/requests-for-review-of-decision-for-entry-to-honours.pdf).

### **DISCLAIMERS**

*Some of the arrangements detailed in this booklet may have to be changed, and there may be errors. The School will endeavour to notify registered students of any significant updates to this document. The University's centrally published regulations will normally take precedence in any disagreement with matters stated in this handbook. If you become aware of any disagreement, please consult with Bruce Sinclair as soon as possible.*

*Things that are planned to be the case in session 2020-21 may not be in place in future sessions.*

*BDS 27.8.20*