## Handwriting Analysis and Forgery

6°



#### Objectives

- Describe 12 types of handwriting exemplars that can be analyzed in a document.
- Demonstrate an example of each of the 12 exemplars of handwriting traits.
- Identify the major goals of a forensic handwriting analysis.
- Describe some of the technology ised in handwriting analysis.
- Distinguish between the terms forgery and fraudulence.
- Identify several ways in which businesses prevent check forgery.
- Describe 4 features of paper currency that are used to detect counterfeit bills.



#### Introduction

#### Document analysis

- Examination and comparison of questioned documents with known material
  - Questioned documents any signature, handwriting, typewriting, or other written mark whose source or authenticity is in dispute of uncertain.

#### Document expert

 specially trained person who scientifically analyzes handwriting and other features in a document.

## Introduction to Handwriting

- Factors that cause variation in a person's handwriting
  - Different types of writing instruments
    - Pen
    - Pencil
    - Marker
    - Crayon
  - Mood
  - Age
  - How hurried the person is
- BUT each person has a unique handwriting styledeveloped over time as they become adults.

#### **12** Characteristics of Handwriting

- I. Line Quality
  - Do the letters flow or are they erratic and shaky?
- 2. Spacing
  - Are the letters equally spaced or crowded?
- 3. Size consistency
  - Is the ratio of height to width consistent?
- 4. Continuous
  - Is the writing continuous or does the writer lift the pen?

#### **12** Characteristics of Handwriting

- 5. Connecting Letters
  - Are capitals and lowercase letters connected and continuous?
- 6. Letters Complete
  - Are letters completely formed? Or, is a part of the letter missing?
- 7. Cursive and printed letters
  - Are there printed letters, cursive letters, or both?

## 12 Characters of Handwriting

- 8. Pen Pressure
  - Is pressure equal when applied to upward and downward strokes?
- 9. Slant
  - Left, right, or variable?
- 10. Line Habits
  - Is the text on the line, above the line, or below the line?

#### **12** Characteristics of Handwriting

- 11. Fancy curls or loops
  - Are there fancy curls?
- I 2. Placement of crosses on t's and dots on i's
  - Correct or misplaced? Are t's crossed, crossed in the middle, toward top, or toward the bottom? Are the i's dotted, dotted toward the right, left, or centered?

- Forgeries
  - Documents made, adapted, or falsified with the intention of deceiving someone

5 fleen Grey a Heren

- Analyzing a handwriting sample
  - 3 basic steps
    - I. Questioned document & the standards (exemplars) are examined & detectable characteristics are recorded.
      - Best exemplars are letters, diaries, greeting cards, or personal notes.
    - 2. Characteristics of the questioned document are compared with the known standard
    - 3. Experts determine which characteristics are valuable for drawing a conclusion about the authenticity & authorship of the questioned document.

- Similarities do not guarantee common authorship – may not be the same person
  - Unique characteristics of one person's handwriting can occur in another's.
  - Experts have to take into account a lot of factors in their analysis.

- Experts also have ways of determining if someone tries to disguise their handwriting or copy someone else's (conscious writing effort).
  - Suspect should NOT be shown the questioned document
  - Suspect should NOT be given specific instructions about punctuation and spelling
  - The pen and paper should be similar to the questioned document

- Technology Used in Handwriting Analysis
  - Biometric Signature Pads



- Computerized Analysis
  - Forensic Information System of Handwriting (FISH)
    - Computerized handwriting database maintained by the Secret Service

- Handwriting Evidence in Court
  - Expert prepares a written report to present to jury
  - Expert called upon as an expert witness

- Shortcomings in Handwriting Analysis
  - Some forgeries can be missed
  - Quality of the standards obtained can be poor
  - The effects of mood, age, drugs, fatigue, & illness on a person's handwriting

#### Forgery

 Process used by criminals to make, alter, or falsify a person's signature or another aspect of a document with the INTENT to deceive another.

#### Fraudulence

 When material gain, such as money, accompanies a forgery

- Check Forgery
  - Americans write approximately 70 Billion checks a year!
  - About \$27 Million in illegitimate checks are cashed EACH DAY!!!!!!
  - Checks are altered by
    - Ordering someone else's checks from a deposit slip
    - Directly altering a check
    - Intercepting someone's check, altering it, and cashing it
    - Creating forged checks from scratch.



- Preventing Check Forgery
  - How do companies protect themselves?
    - Print checks on chemically sensitive paper
    - Use a large font size that requires more ink and makes alterations more difficult
    - Use high resolution borders on the checks that are difficult to copy
    - Print checks in multiple color patterns
    - Embed fibers in checks that glow under different types of light
    - Use chemical-wash detection systems that change color when a check is altered



## Literary Forgery

- Forgery of a piece of writing, such as an historic letter or manuscript
- Best literary forgers try to duplicate the original document by using materials that are similar to those in the original document
- Documents can be treated to make them look older