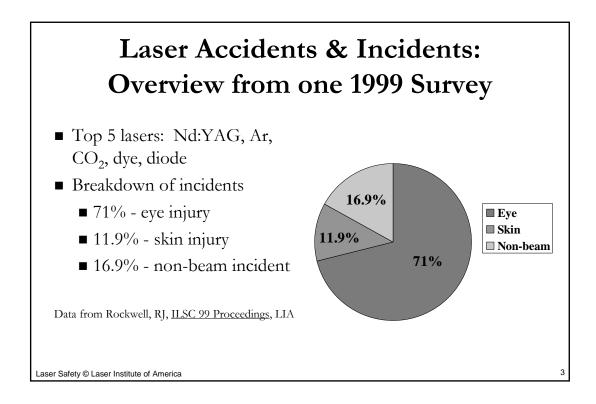
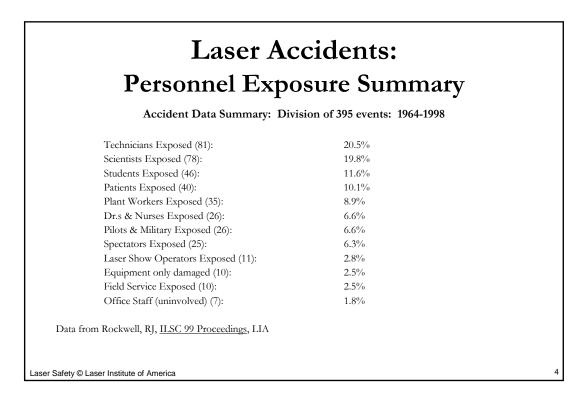
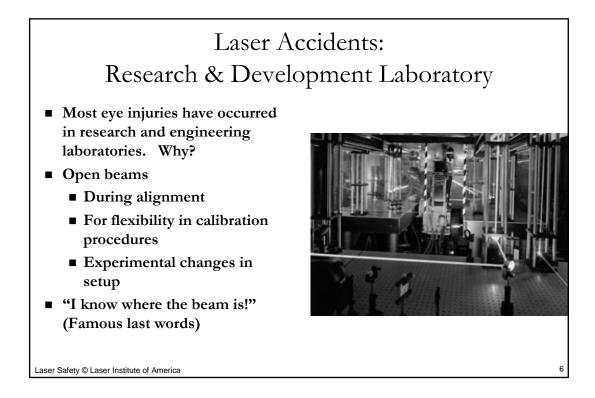


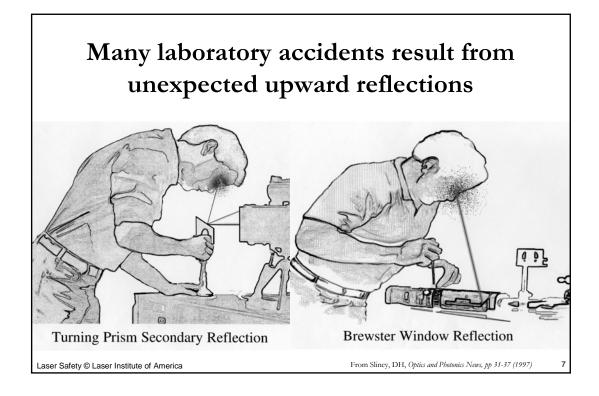
Laser Safety Overview	
Laser Safety Accidents Hazards Controls	
Laser Safety © Laser Institute of America	2

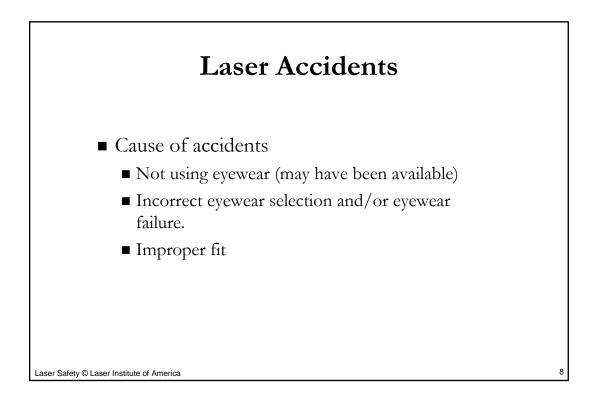




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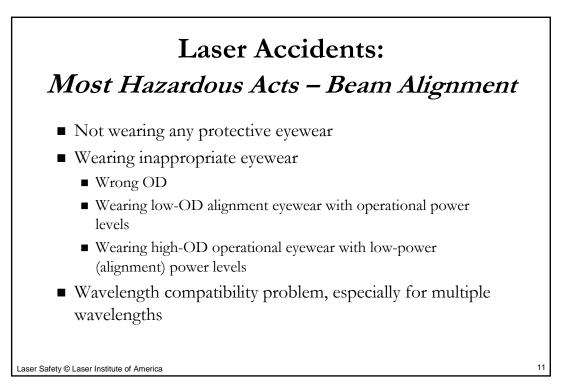


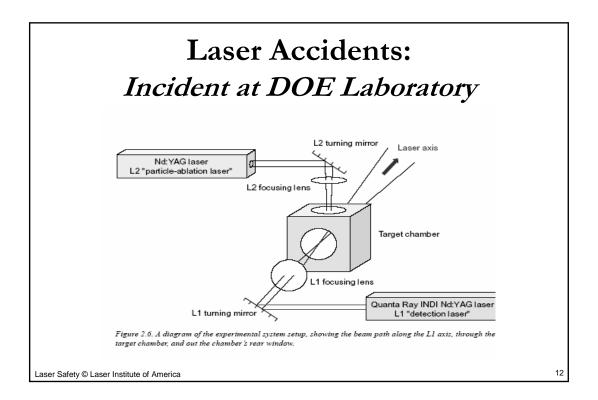
### Laser Accidents: Most Hazardous Acts – Beam Alignment • Estimates • ~1/3 of all (known) accidents • ~60-70% of all (known) laboratory accidents • Common scenario: unanticipated reflection from an optic while not waring protective eyewear

Laser Safety © Laser Institute of America

# Laser Accidents: Most Hazardous Acts - Bean Alignment Optics or devices involved in reflections of errant / stray bans Prisms, Brewster windows, frequency doubling crystals, blade, color center crystal, chrome objective, polarizers, chrome objective, polarizers, chrome objective, polarizers, chrom

Laser Safety © Laser Institute of America





### Laser Accidents: Incident at DOE Laboratory

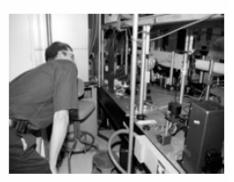


Figure 2.10. A team member demonstrates S1's position when she looked into the target chamber on July 14.

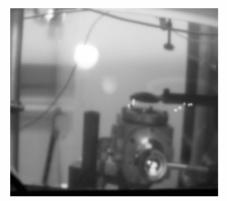
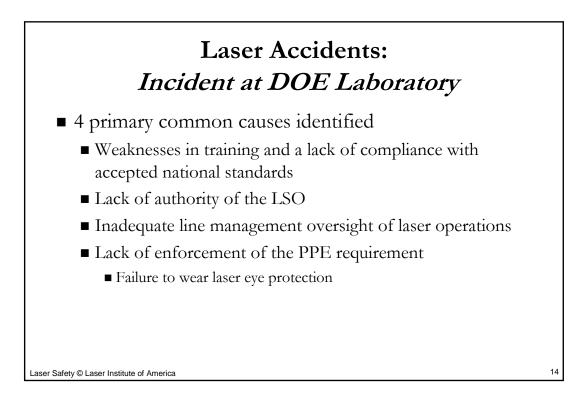
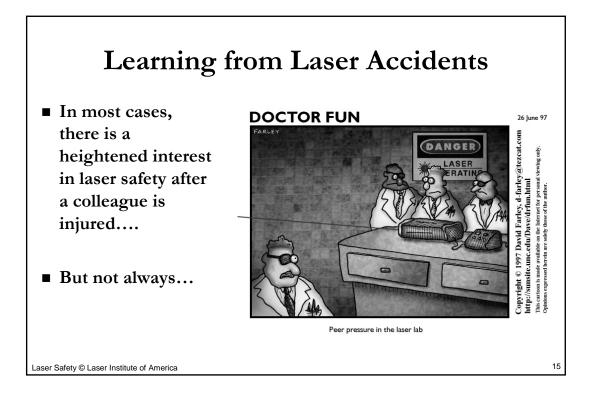
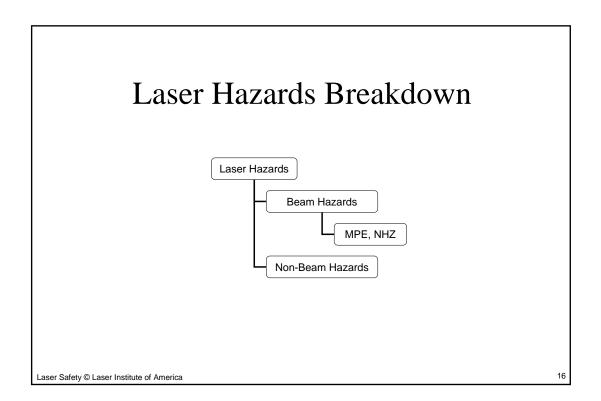


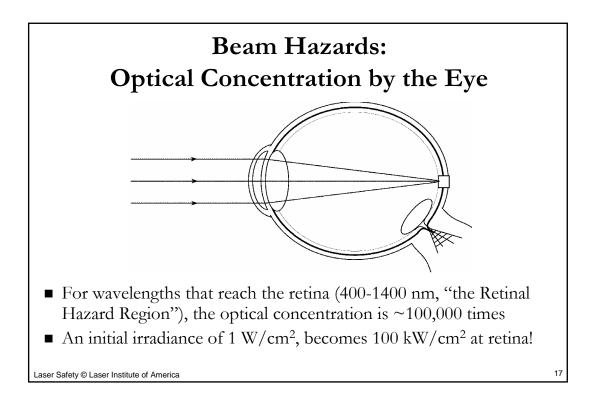
Figure 3.1. IR image of the transmitted laser pulse image on the back wall.

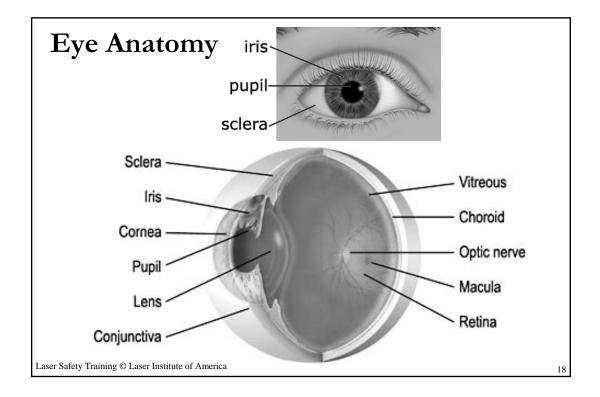
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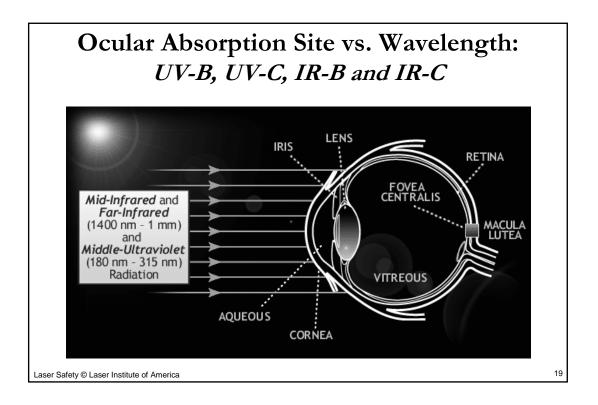


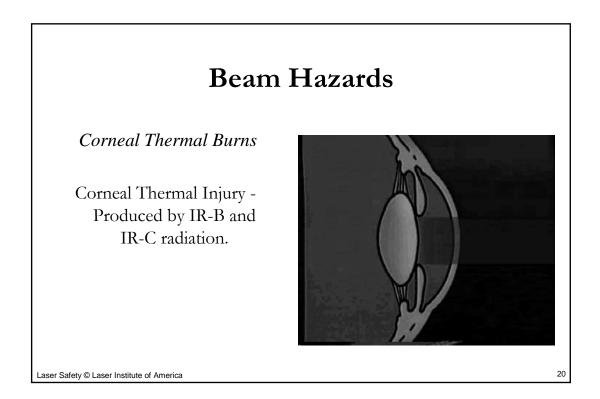


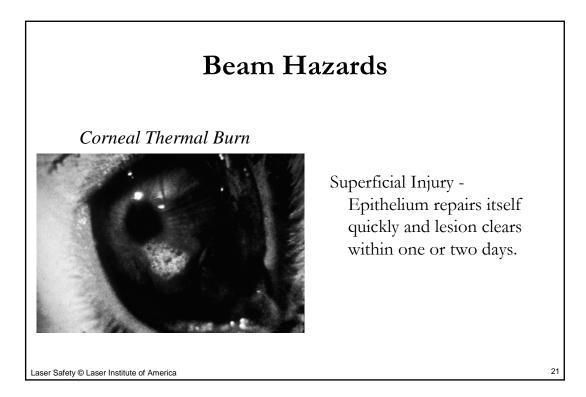


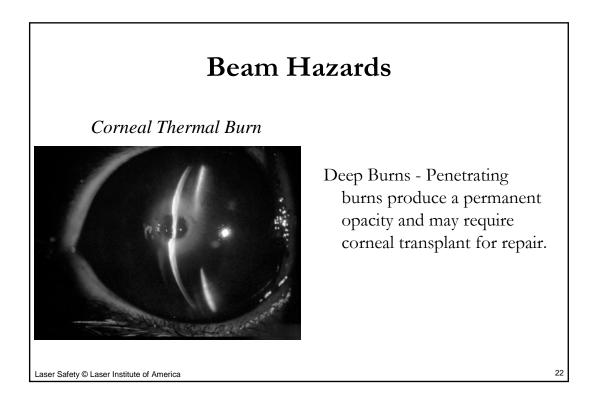


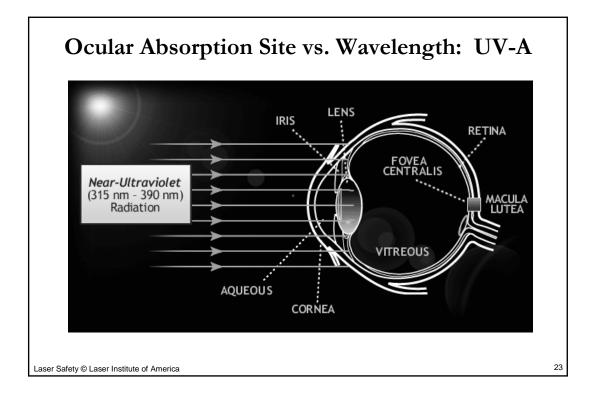


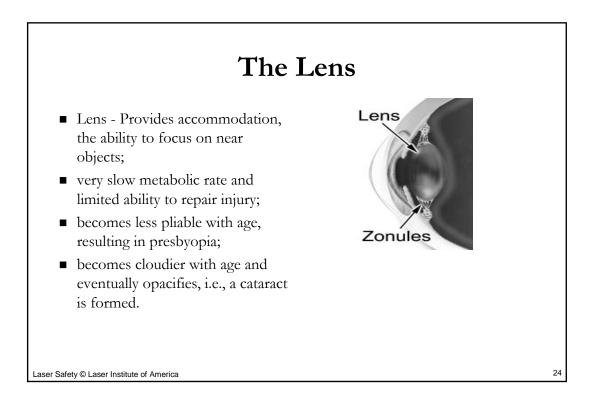








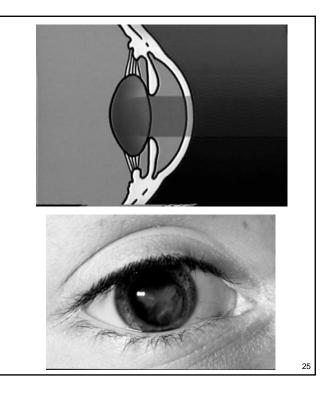


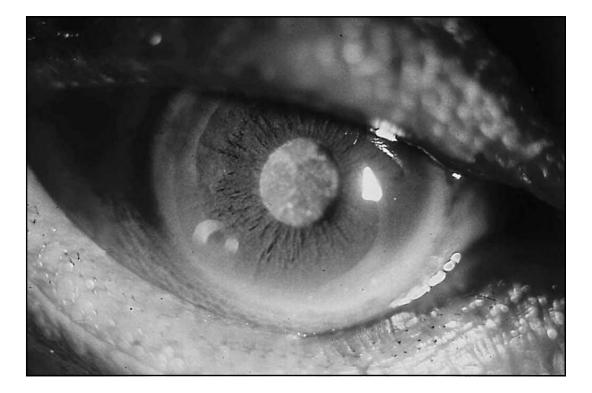


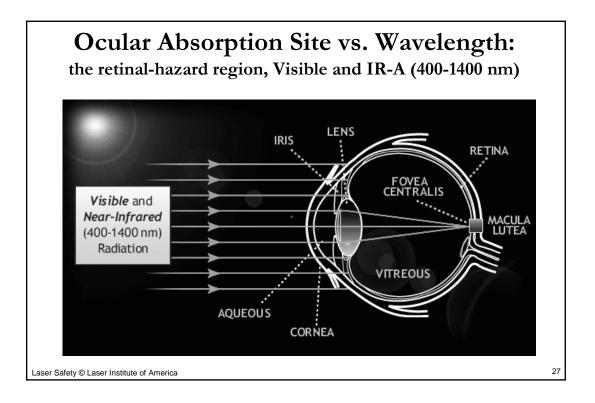
### Cataract

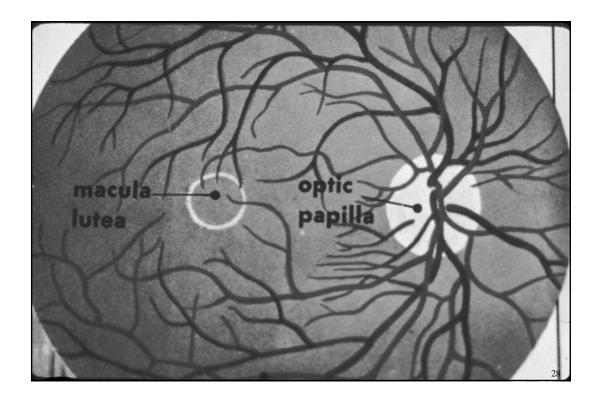
*Opacification of the Lens* - clouding of the lens

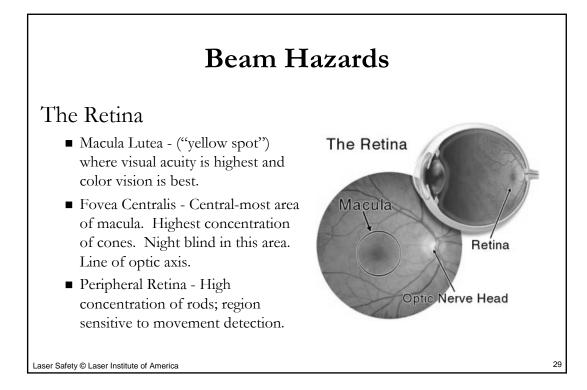
- Ultraviolet Action Spectrum - Ultraviolet at 300 nm (UV-B).
- Infrared (770-3000nm)
- Cataract Industrial heat cataract common in glassblowers and foundry men at turn-of-the-century.
- Requires many years of exposure to excessive infrared radiant energy.



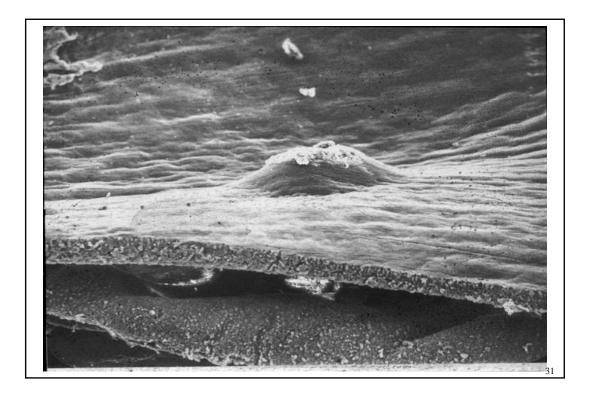






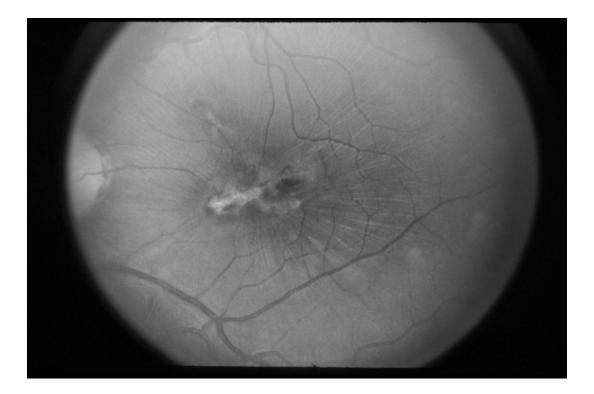


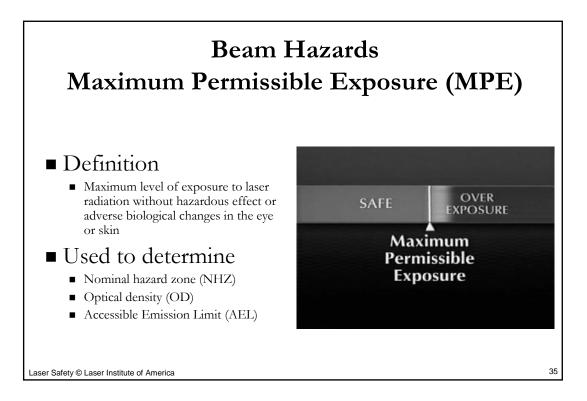


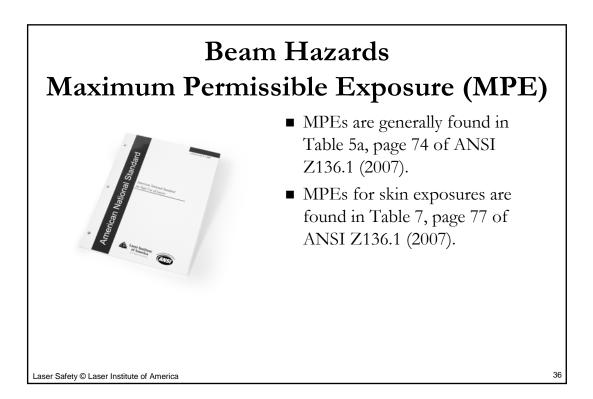








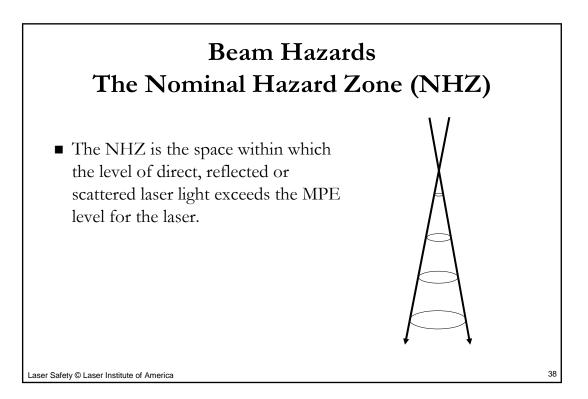




### Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Summary of Five MPE Examples for CW Lasers

Laser Type	Eye or Skin MPE	MPE [W/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	Exposure Duration
CO <sub>2</sub>	Eye	0.100	10 s or longer
Visible	Eye	0.00255	0.25 s
Nd:YAG	Eye	0.0050	10 s or longer
CO <sub>2</sub>	Skin	0.100	10 s or longer
Nd:YAG	Skin	1.00	10 s or longer

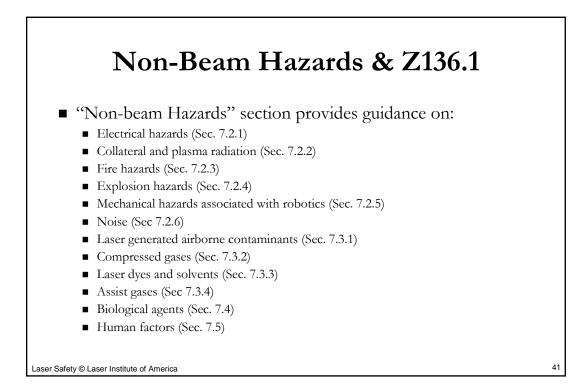
Laser Safety © Laser Institute of America

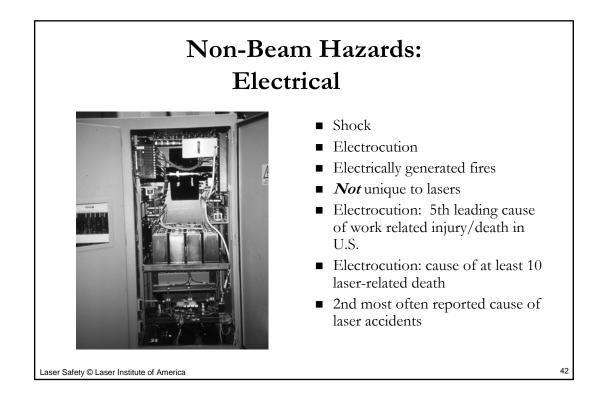


# The Nominal Hazard Zone, NHZ: Laser Criteria Used for NHZ Calculations

Laser Parameter	Nd:YAG	$CO_2$	Argon
Wavelength, $\lambda$ , ( $\mu$ m)	1.064	10.6	0.514
Beam Power, Φ, (W)	100	500	5.0
Beam Divergence, <b>\$</b> , (mrad)	2.0	2.0	1.0
Beam Size at Aperture, a, (mm)	2.0	20.0	2.0
Beam Size at Lens, b, (mm)	6.3	30.0	3.0
Lens Focal Length, f <sub>o</sub> , (mm)	25.4	200	200
MPE, 8 hr (Wcm <sup>-2</sup> )	5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.1	1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
MPE, 10s (Wcm <sup>-2</sup> )	5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.1	
MPE, 0.25s (Wcm <sup>-2</sup> )			2.5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>

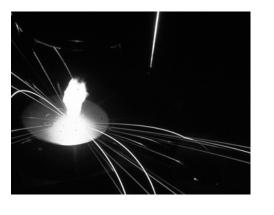
The Nominal Hazard Zone, NHZ: Nominal Hazard Zones (NHZ) for Various Lasers Nominal hazard distance (m) Laser Type Diffuse Exposure Direct Lens-on Duration Laser Nd:YAG 10 s 790 6.4 0.8  $CO_2$ 10 s 399 5.3 0.4 Argon 0.25 s 505 33.6 0.25 Laser Safety © Laser Institute of America 40

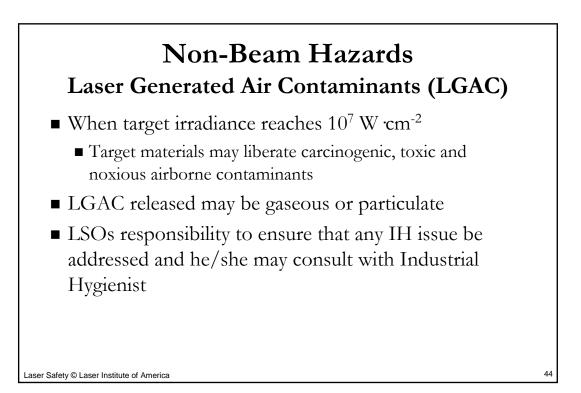




### Non-Beam Hazards Laser Generated Air Contaminants (LGAC)

- Generated when class 3b or 4 laser beams interact with matter
- LGAC depends upon target material, cover gas and beam irradiance
- Difficult to predict what LGAC is released into air

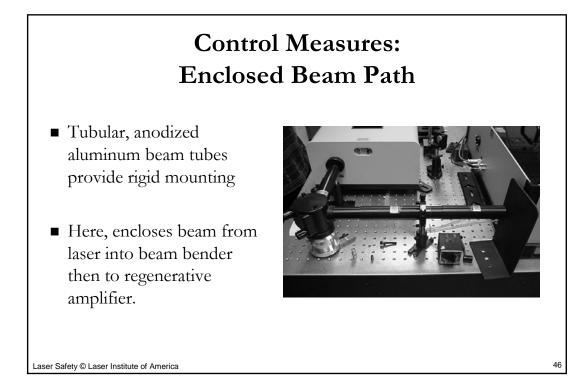




### Non-Beam Hazards: Compressed Gas

- Rapid release may propel tank
- "low" concentration in tank may produce high concentration in air
- Release of "non-toxic" gases may produce asphyxia due to oxygen displacement

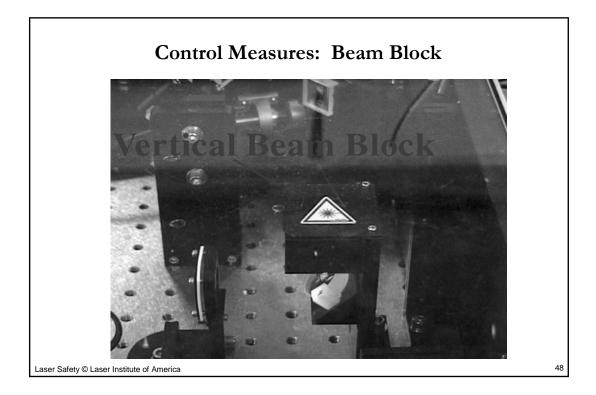




# Control Measures: Enclosed Beam Path

- Use of closed-circuit TV (CCTV) to view micromaterial processing application
- Processing occurs in chamber beneath laser; access door is interlocked to laser



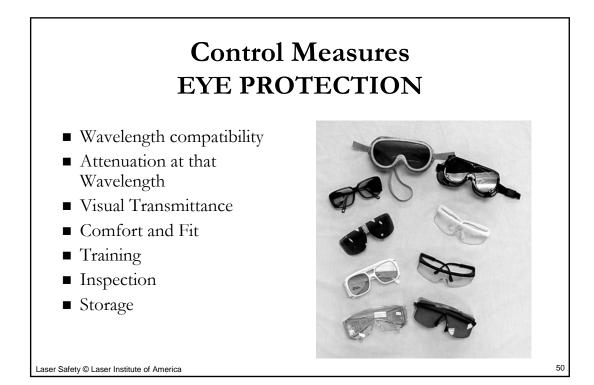


### **Control Measures: Beam Stop**

Confines the beam to the edge of the table using a metal barrier.

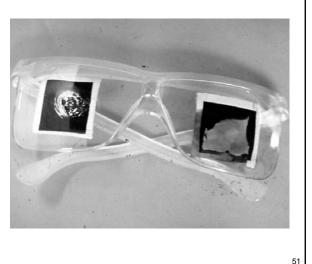


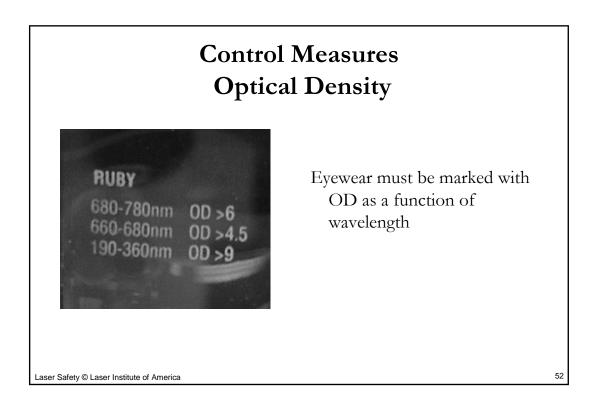
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### Control Measures Wavelength Compatibility

- Visible beam was transmitted through lens and damaged carbon paper
- IR-C beam was absorbed by and damaged plastic lens, while carbon paper is intact

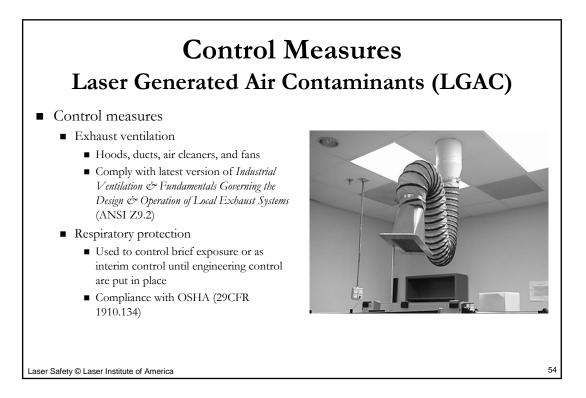




### **Control Measures** Electrical Hazards Controls – Work Practices

- Work on deenergized parts of electrical systems
- Use insulated tools
- Use insulating blankets & covers as applicable
- Don't wear highly conductive items on hands or arms

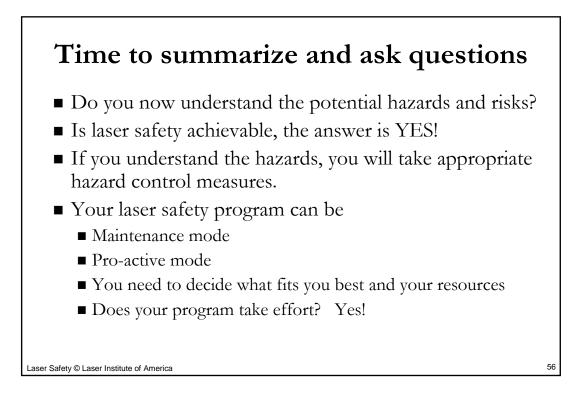
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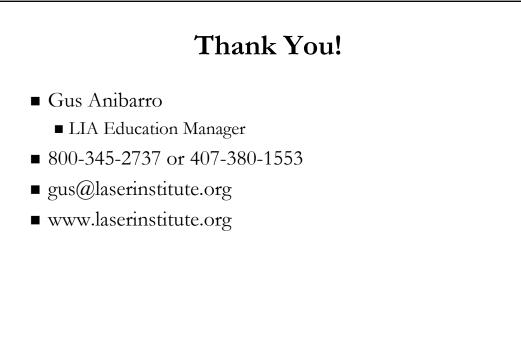


### Control Measures: Compressed Gas

- Hazardous gases shall be contained in an approved exhausted gas cabinet
- Shall have a sensor and alarm to detect leaks
- Shall be stored according to OSHA and Compressed Gas Association requirements







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