#### 25 May 2020



## Hello P7B boys and girls @

I hope you and your families are keeping well.

We are all getting exciting about the upcoming changes.

Things will look a little bit brighter for us soon. I hope you are getting plenty of exercise, that helps to keep your body and mind healthy.

However, we have to make sure we take baby steps — follow the advice - stay safe and yes... also keep learning from home.

Hope to see you soon.

**Building Resilience** 



Be happy! Keep smiling! Keep learning! Have fun!
Look after yourselves and your families.
Miss you all very much
Mrs Short

Ps. Just to note that I am checking your BigMaths, ReadTheory and SumDog results on Friday 2pm.

#### GILMERTON PRIMARY SCHOOL: CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE



### **Primary 7B**





In no particular order, the children who accessed the online home-learning resources this week are:

Big Maths: Eilidh, Logan, Georgia, Brady, Noah, Ava, Brodie, Murray, Riley and Tayla.

Read Theory: Noah, Ray, Brady, Logan, Georgia, Ava, Cara, Jaromir and Murray.

Sumdog: Murray, Logan, Jaromir, Miriam, Noah, Ava, Eric, Brodie and Leon.

Well done to ALL of you whether you're working on screen or on paper!

YOU are all STARS!!!



100% in BigMaths
Ultimate challenge
72/72 in 90 sec

Jaromír

Logan, scored 10/10 in both CLIC and SAFE. Well done!



Thank you for sharing your brilliant Lion King art work!

## **Newsround**

Watch Daily news stories for children and young people. Be up to date what is happening in the world and around you.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround



https://subscribe.firstnews.co.uk/free-downloadable-issue/

#### Assessment ANSWERS

Measure the line with a ruler.

Varied answers

2 From the list, choose an appropriate unit of measure for the height of each object.

centimetres metres millimetres



Lighthouse

Tin of beans

metres

centimetres

3 How long is the lollipop?

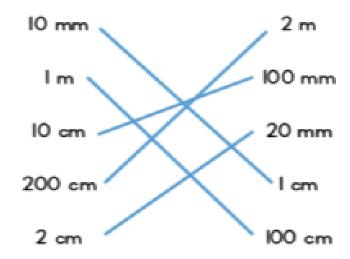




**MILD** 

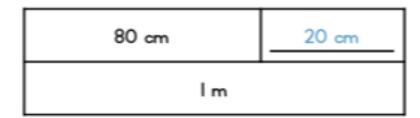
6 cm

Match the equivalent measurements.
One has been done for you.

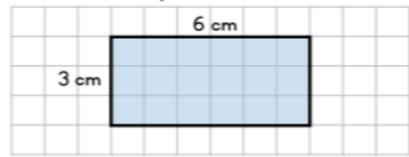


I mark for 2 correct.

5 Complete the bar model



6 Calculate the perimeter of the rectangle.
Write units with your answer.



I mark for 18 with no units.

18 cm

Write the lengths in order of size starting with the shortest.

 I m
 I6 cm
 6I mm

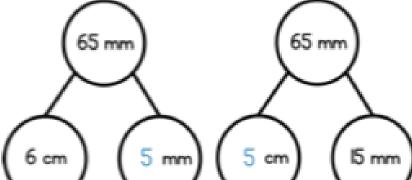
 6I mm
 I6 cm
 Im

 shortest
 Im
 Im

8 Complete the part-whole model.

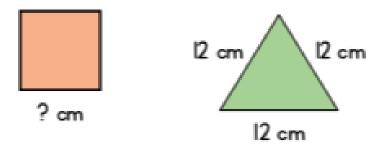


**MILD** 



The perimeter of the triangle is equal to the perimeter of the square.

What is the length of the square?



I mark for perimeter of triangle is 36 cm.

q cm

Here is a clock.



Use the words to complete the sentences.

minute hour day time

The shortest hand is the <u>hour</u> hand.

The longest hand is the <u>minute</u> hand.

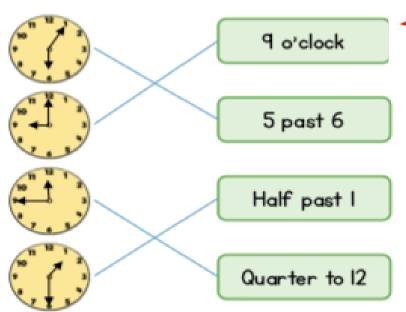
Complete.

There are  $\underline{\phantom{0}60}$  minutes in an hour.

There are <u>15</u> minutes in a quarter of an hour.

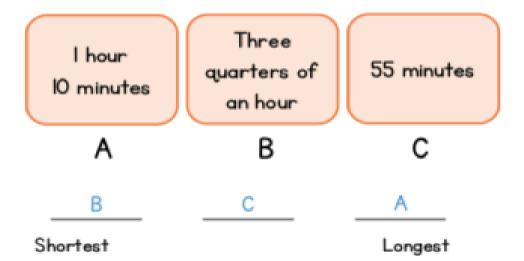
There are 30 minutes in half an hour.

Match the clocks to the correct times.



**MILD** 

Order the times from shortest to longest.

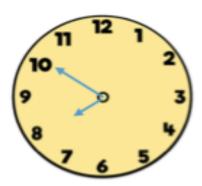


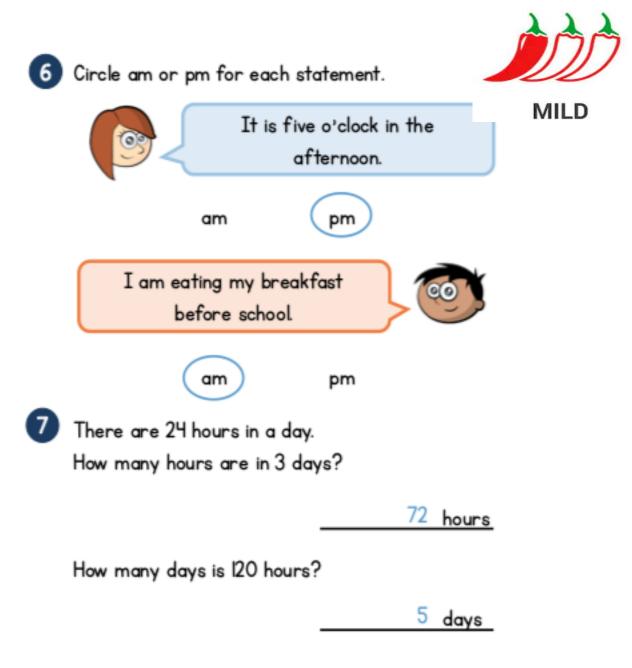
5 Aisha leaves her house at sixteen minutes past 4
She walks 10 minutes to the bus stop.
What time does she reach the bus stop?
Write your answer in words.

Twenty-six minutes past 4

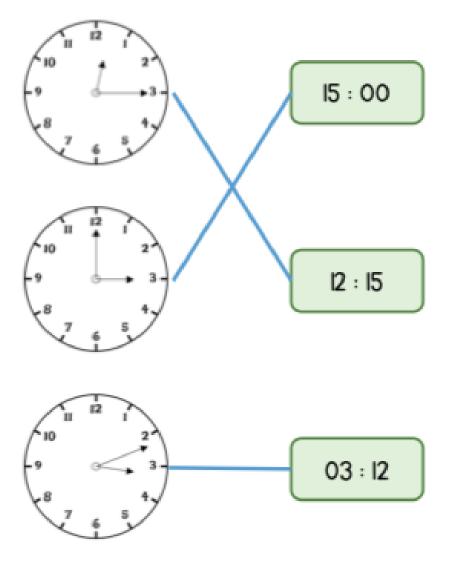
Henry is walking from his house to school.

- The walk is 18 minutes long.
- He arrives at 8 minutes past 8
   What time does he leave the house?
   Draw the time on the clock.





Match the analogue and digital clocks that show the same time.



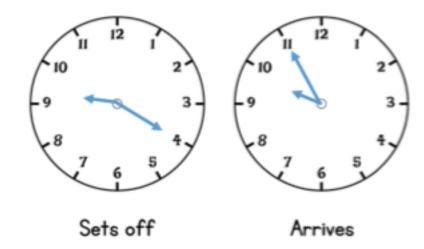
2 Complete the table.

Month	Number of Days
March	31
November	30
February	28 or 29



Jack sets off to the shop at twenty past nine.
He arrives at the shop 35 minutes later.

Draw the times on the clock faces.

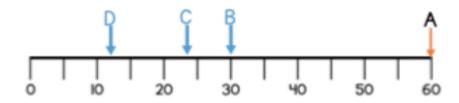


Unaw arrows to match the statements to the correct position on the number line. One has been done for you.

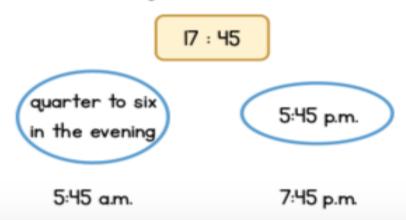
A B C D

Seconds in a in half an hour D

Months in a year



5 Circle the times that match the time shown on the digital clock.



6 A machine makes one gadget every 20 seconds.



How many gadgets does it make in 5 minutes?

15 gadgets

Tim and Jemima both walk 12 kilometres.

Tim takes 4 hours and 10 minutes.

Jemima takes 270 minutes.

Who takes the longest?

Tim

Jemima

How much longer?

20 minutes

#### Section 1

Complete this number line:

-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
												1

#### Section 2

A bag contains 120 potatoes. A grocer has 7 bags.

To the nearest 100, how many potatoes are there in the bags?

800 potatoes

#### Section 3

Calculate:

#### Section 4

Order the following fractions from smallest to largest:

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
  $\frac{3}{10}$   $\frac{9}{10}$   $\frac{1}{10}$ 

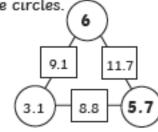
10 10 10 10		10	3 10	7	9 10
-------------	--	----	---------	---	------

smallest largest

#### Section 5

The numbers in the squares are the sum of the numbers in the adjacent circles. Find the numbers in the circles.

SPICY



#### Section 6

1 inch ≈ 2.5cm

Complete the following:

#### Section 7

Write the names of these shapes:

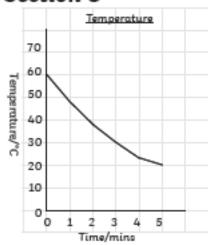


Cuboid



Square-based pyramid

#### Section 8



Some children measure the temperature of some hot water as it cools. They draw this line graph.

How far does the temperature fall in the first 4 minutes?

37°C



#### SPICY

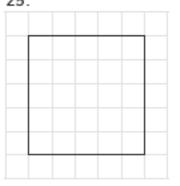
#### Section 1

A spinner is divided into 16 sections. 3 sections are red, 6 are blue, 5 are purple and 2 are orange. If you spin the spinner once, what is the probability that you will land on orange? Show this as a fraction.

$$\frac{2}{16} = \frac{1}{8}$$

#### Section 2

Draw a square to represent the number 25.



#### Section 3

Complete these calculations:

	5	0	6					
х			5				8	2
2	5	3	0		3	2	4	6

#### Section 4

Calculate:

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \boxed{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \boxed{\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}}$$

#### Section 5

Write the following decimals as fractions:

$$0.4 = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$0.25 = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{100}$$

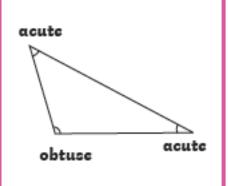
$$0.9 = \frac{9}{10} = \frac{90}{100}$$

#### Section 6

One pint of milk is 568ml. How many litres is 2 pints?



#### Section 7



#### Section 8

Sydney Town Hall	0045
Central Station	0049
Regent Street	0054
Banksia	0059
Rockdale	0105
Kogarah	0110

How long is the journey from start to finish?

25 minutes

The bus leaves Regent Street as 1am. How late is it running?

6 minutes

#### Section 1

In the number 576 213, which digit represents the number of ten thousands?

7

In the number 923 648, what place value does the digit '3' represent?

> thousands, 3 thousands or 3000

#### Section 2

Calculate the following in your head:

#### Section 3

Calculate:

#### Section 4

Use the < or > signs to compare these fractions:

2 3	=	6
1 4	^	3 16
17 20	۸	5



#### Section 5

In order from smallest to largest, write the following numbers in digits:

four point seven two

four point seven

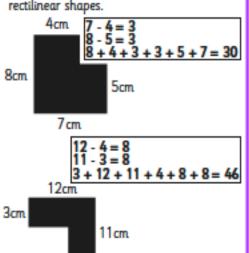
forty point six nine



smallest largest

#### Section 6

Calculate the perimeter of these composite rectilinear shapes.



#### Section 7

Explain why this shape is regular.



All sides are of equal length and

the internal angles are equal.

Explain why this shape is irregular.



Either of or both the length of the sides

and internal angles are not equal.

#### Section 8

Here is a table showing the number of boys and girls in each year group.

	<b>Y3</b>	Y4	<b>Y</b> 5	Y6	Total
Boys	34	52	45	48	179
Girls	47	37	44	39	167
Total	81	89	89	87	346

Complete the table.

. . . . . . . . . . . . .

#### Section 1

Order the following numbers from the smallest to largest: 1 101 011 1 110 101 1 100 111 1 010 011

1 010 011 | 1 100 111 | 1 101 011 | 1 110 101

#### Section 2

Four classes share 3 boxes of 500 pencils. Ring the amount which is a good estimate of how many pencils each class will have.

42

420

380

38

450

45

#### Section 3

A box holds six eggs. There are 532 eggs. How many full boxes will there be?

88 boxes

### Section 4

Simplify the following fractions:

$$\frac{8}{12} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

#### Section 5

Calculate:

#### Section 6

Convert the following:

#### Section 7

Draw two shapes that will go into each area of this Venn Diagram, including outside the circles.

Example shapes that could appear in each section:

One right angle: Irregular pentagon and hexagon with at least one right angle

**Four or less sides**: Equilateral triangle, isosceles triangle (no right angle)

Both: Right angled triangle, square

Outside: Regular hexagon, regular octagon

#### Section 8

Class A researched children's favourite flavour of crisps. They presented the results in a pie chart.

4

12

8

**Eight** children chose Ready Salted as their favourite. How many children chose Cheese and Onion, Salt and Vinegar and Smokey Bacon?

Cheese and Onion:

Salt and Vinegar:

Smokey Bacon:



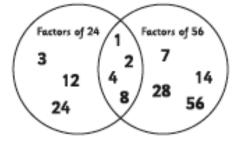
HOT

#### Section 1

Round the following numbers to the nearest 10 million:

#### Section 2

Draw a Venn Diagram to show the common factors of 24 and 56.



#### Section 3

What number, when multiplied by 5, is one third of the sum of 64 and 56?

8

#### Section 4

Calculate:

$$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{6} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{24} \text{ or } \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{8}{15} = \frac{24}{120} \text{ or } \frac{1}{5}$$

#### Section 5

Calculate, writing the answer as a decimal:

#### Section 6

Draw (not to scale) two rectangles with the same area and different perimeters, writing the length of the sides.

Accept any reasonable answer.

#### Section 7

Calculate the unknown angle in this triangle:

not to scale



36°

#### Section 8

A range of answers. Here are some examples:

$$2a + b = 8$$

$$2c - d = 8$$



182.25

#### Section 1

In the number 3 927 381, what is the value of the two 3 digits?

3 000 000, 300

#### Section 5

Calculate:

#### Section 6

5 miles = 8 km

How many kilometres in 205 miles?

328km

#### Section 2

A stationery store has 2543 pencils in stock. The shop orders a further 1 368 pencils, and then sells 928 pencils in a month. How many pencils does that shop have left?

2983 pencils

#### Section 3

Calculate:

			5	8	3	
1	7	9	٩	1	1	
		8	5			
		1	4	1		
		1	3	6		
				5	1	
				5	1	
					0	

#### Section 4

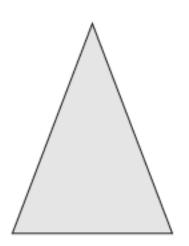
Use <, =, or > to compare these fractions:

7 4	^	3 2
7 6	٧	3
13 2	=	<u>39</u> 6



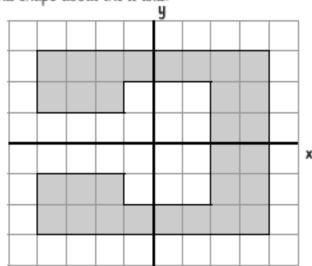
#### Section 7

Draw an isosceles triangle.



#### Section 8

Reflect this shape about the  ${\boldsymbol x}$  axis.



## Please log on to **Sumdog** to warm up before you do your Maths tasks ©

https://pages.sumdog.com



Also try:

https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/7-11-years/

https://www.transum.org/Software/Game/

www.nrich.maths.org



Let's remind ourselves what a decimal number is.

This week in Maths we will be revising fractions, decimals and money problems.

#### First, let's have an example:

Here is the number "forty-five and six-tenths" written as a decimal number:

Ones Tenths
Tens
45.6
Decimal Point

The decimal point goes between Ones and Tenths.

45.6 has 4 Tens, 5 Ones and 6 Tenths, like this:

$$45.6$$
 =  $40 + 5 + \frac{6}{10}$ 

Decimal Number













- 1) How much would it cost to buy a slice of pizza and a beef burger?
- Solve the following Money problems.
  - 2)

3)

Shella bought a hot dog and a cheese burger. How much did it cost?

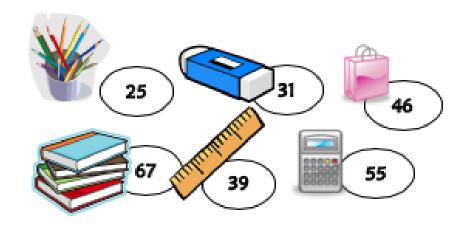
Show your working out.

Tyler bought a beef burger, some fish and chips and a hot dog. How much did she spend?

Remember, the decimal point is very important.

A bacon butty costs 50p less than a beef burger. What item does a bacon butty cost the same as?

Maths	5)	Nina bought three Hot Dogs. How much change did she get from £5?
	6)	Which three meals can you buy for exactly £5?
MILD	7)	Saleh had £2.50 to spend. How much more would he need if he wanted to buy some fish and chips and a slice of pizza?
Solve the following Money problems.	8)	Abdul wants to buy three slices of pizza and three lots of fish and chips. He has £7. Does he have enough money?
Show your working out.	9)	Ria had £5. She got £3.50 change when she bought a meal. What did she buy>?
Remember, the decimal point is very important.	10)	Shakur goes out to buy a beef burger, a cheese burger and two slices of pizza. How much change would he get from £10?



Solve the following Money problems.

Show your working out.

Remember, the decimal point is very important.



- 1. If you buy a rubber for 31p and a bag for 46p, how much will it cost?
- 2. Saira bought two pencils and a calculator, how much did it cost altogether?
- 3. How much will it cost if <u>Tabiha</u> bought a bag, a ruler and a pencil?
- 4. If you bought two bags for 46p, a pencil for 25p and a ruler for 39p, how much would you have to pay?
- 5. Mariya bought two books and a ruler, how much did she spend?
- 6. How much change will you get from £1 if you bought a calculator for 67p?



Solve the following Money problems.

Show your working out.

Remember, the decimal point is very important.

#### \_\_\_\_\_

- I went to the shop and bought 10 packs of biscuits. Each pack cost £1.50. How much did I spend?
- Amanda is given £35 for her birthday and pops it into her purse. She already had £7.72 in her purse. How much does she have in her purse?
- Peter has these coins in his pocket: 50p, 20p, 10p. He spends a quarter of his money on some sweets and also gives his sister 5p. How much does he have left?
- 4. Rosie buys three apples for 36p each, two bananas for 17p each, five mangoes for 25p each and a pineapple for £1.12. She pays with a £10 note. How much change does she receive?





Fractions and decimals are similar because they both represent part of a whole number. In decimals, this part is shown in tenths, hundredths, thousandths of a number, and so on.

1 1		1 10	1 100	1 1000
Unit		Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
1	•	1	1	1

This means that the decimal for one half is 0.5 because five tenths is equal to one half.

Two fifths is equivalent to four tenths so the decimal would be 0.4.

Seven tenths is equivalent to 0.7.





Sometimes, we are able to use what we know about fractions to work out its equivalent as a decimal. For example, we know that three quarters of 100 is 75.

This means that three quarters as a decimal is 0.75.

However, it is not always that simple to work out what a fraction is as a decimal.

You are allowed to use a calculator.





To work out what any fraction is as a decimal, all you need to do is divide the numerator by the denominator.

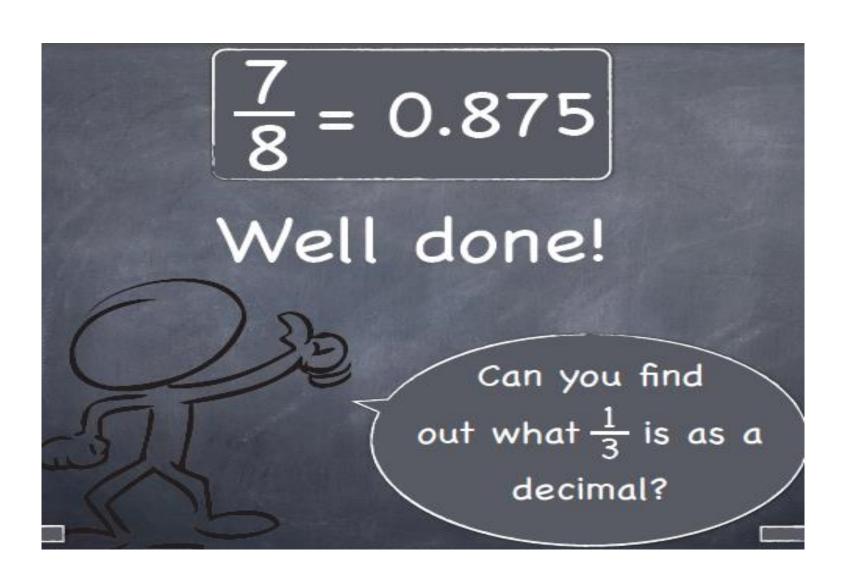
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 2 ÷ 5 = 0.4

Sometimes, this can be really tricky so we can use a calculator to help us. Can you use a calculator to work out what  $\frac{7}{8}$  is as a decimal?

#### You are allowed to use a calculator.





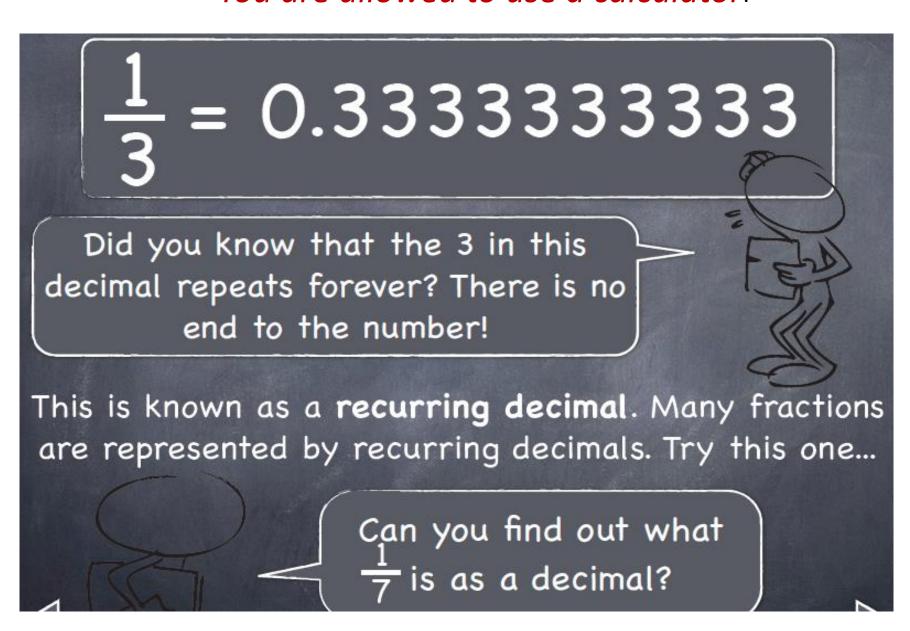


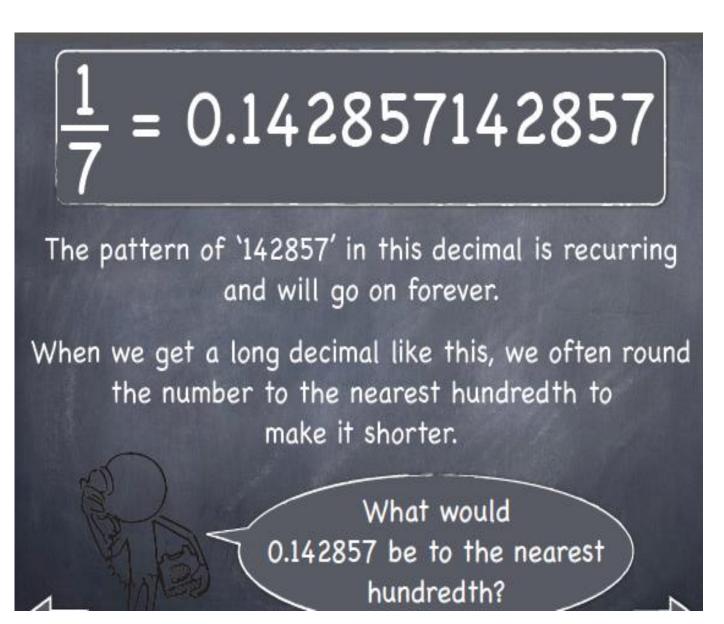
#### You are allowed to use a calculator.

## Maths

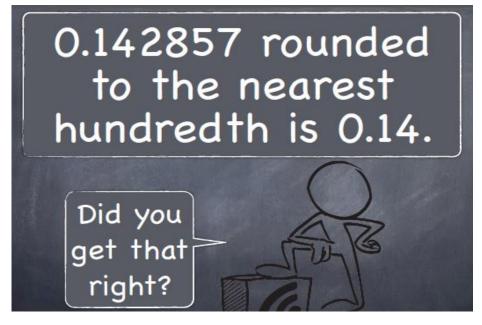




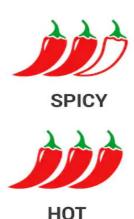




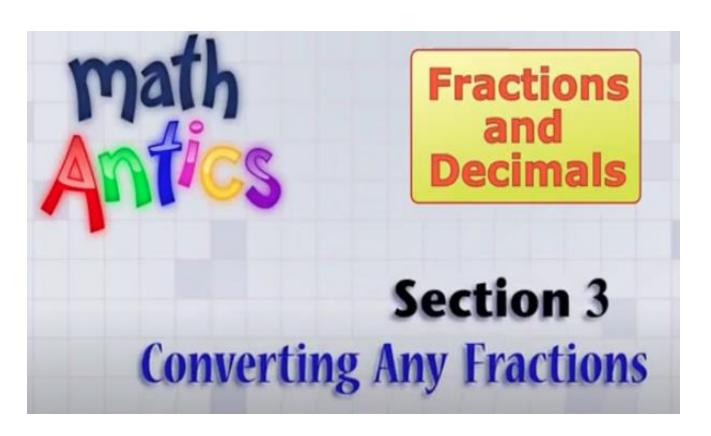




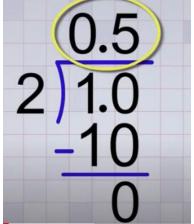
# Watch the video below to recap how to convert a fraction to a decimal before you do the activities on the next page.



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=do IbHId2Os



To convert ½ into a decimal divide 2 by 1.



Show your working out in a column method.

Show your working out in a column method.



**SPICY** 





Write these fractions as a decimal. Which can you work out in your head and which do you need a calculator for?

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

$$\frac{3}{8} =$$

$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 =

$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 =

$$\frac{3}{9} =$$

$$\frac{7}{9} =$$

$$\frac{3}{10} =$$

$$\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$\frac{3}{11} =$$

$$\frac{6}{11} =$$

$$\frac{7}{11}$$
 =

$$\frac{6}{12}$$
 =

$$\frac{10}{12} =$$

$$\frac{3}{15} =$$

$$\frac{9}{15} =$$

$$\frac{2}{14} =$$

$$\frac{13}{14} =$$

$$\frac{9}{14} =$$

Show your working out in a column method.



Write these fractions as a decimal. Which can you work out in your head and which do you need a calculator for?

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 =

$$\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{0}$$
 =

$$\frac{3}{11}$$
 =

$$\frac{5}{12}$$
 =

$$\frac{7}{15}$$
 =

## **Maths**Challenge

Use a calculator to convert the following fractions to decimals.

Remember, the fraction line means division.

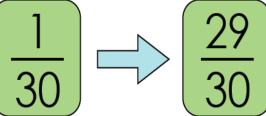
$$\frac{1}{2} = 1 \div 2 = 0.5$$

Write out all the decimals from 1/32 to 31/32.

$$\left(\frac{1}{32}\right) \longrightarrow \left(\frac{31}{32}\right)$$

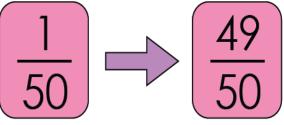
What patterns can you see? Write a report on what you found out.

Write out all the decimals from  $^{1}/_{30}$  to  $^{29}/_{30}$ .



What patterns can you see? Write a report on what you found out.

Write out all the decimals from  $^{1}/_{50}$  to  $^{49}/_{50}$ .



What patterns can you see? Write a report on what you found out.



## SESSION 5: SPACE

Simba



Scar

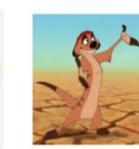




Nala



Pumba



Timon

### In Session 5 we will:

- Become familiar with the nine parts of a stage and other theatrical vocabulary.
- Understand what blocking is and how it is recorded.

WATCH: 9 10 minutes

Play the video for The Lion King: Experience: Session 5.

https://www.lionkingexperience.com/sessions/kids/5

**EXPLORE:** (b) 10 minutes

Imagine the room you are in is now a stage! Choose where the audience would sit. Using a pen and index cards (or cut up pieces of paper), create labels for the parts of the stage and place them in the appropriate spots in the room to match the below diagram:

	AUDIENCE	
DSL	DSC	DSR
(downstage left)	(downstage center)	(downstage right)
SL	CS	SR
(stage left)	(center stage)	(stage right)
USL	USC	USR
(upstage left)	(upstage center)	(upstage right)

Now, move to the different parts of the stage, using the following prompts. For an added level of difficulty, try it without the labels!

- Move to UPSTAGE RIGHT as though you are tall grass
- Move to UPSTAGE LEFT as though you are a lion on the hunt
- Move UPSTAGE CENTER as though you are flowing water
- Move STAGE LEFT as though you are an elephant
- Move STAGE RIGHT as though you are a gazelle
- Move CENTER STAGE as though you are caught in a thunderstorm
- Move DOWN STAGE RIGHT as though you are walking through an extremely hot jungle
- Move DOWN STAGE LEFT as though you are a giraffe
- Move DOWN STAGE CENTER as though you are caught in a stampede

Simbo	l
0	2
The state of the s	









DSL	DSC	DSR
SL	CS	\$R
USL	USC	USR

#### CREATE: 0 10 minutes

Create your own blocking for the following scene: Timon and Pumbaa enter, chased by a hungry Nala. Simba steps in to protect his friends. Write at least five steps of blocking, using these rules:

- Include at least one entrance.
- Include at least one exit.
- Use the parts of the stage (example: upstage right).
- Write using the standard abbreviations (example: USR).

Simba









- Imagine a room in your home is a set onstage. Draw a picture of how that might look.
- Next, imagine there is a buried treasure center stage. Write blocking to explain how someone
  would get to the treasure. Remember to use the parts of the stage (upstage, stage right, etc.)
  to instruct people to walk around furniture!

DSL	DSC	DSR
SL	CS	SR
USL	USC	USR

AUDIENCE











# THE LION KING EXPERIENCE: SESSION 6: LANGUAGE

### In Session 6 we will:

WATCH: (5) 10 minutes

Play the video for *The Lion King:* Experience: Session 6.

**EXPLORE:** 9 10 minutes

Identify how a playwright uses character voice.

Experiment with dialogue and stage directions.

https://www.lionkingexperience. com/sessions/kids/6

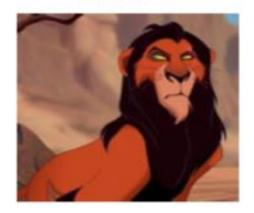
Write birthday cards for Simba from three different characters in The Lion King: Zazu, Pumbaa, and Scar. How would the language each character use differ? Write these messages so that Simba would know exactly who sent it, even if they were not signed. What image would be on the front of each card?

Once you've finished the cards, try reading them aloud in each character's voice!

Simba



Scar



Nala



Pumba



Timon



# THE LION KING EXPERIENCE: SESSION 6: LANGUAGE

# How to write a play script?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3A1zCPWlLgM



- Scene or act number
- 2. Character list
- 3. Proplist
- 4. Setting/orientation
- 5. Dialogue (with stage directions)



# example:

ACT 1 SCENE 1

Scene number

Settling description

Ginny and Thomas are playing on the floor with their Lego. Their mum sits on the couch watching TV.

THOMAS: (angrily) Ginny, stop hogging all the cool Lego and give me a turn!

GINNY: Fine, here you go! (throws a piece of Lego across

the room).

MUM: Kids, be quite and play nicely!

Stage directions in brackets

Character

## Kitchen of a little cottage

### Setting the scene

In the kitchen, Mother packing a basket on the kitchen table, whilst Red Riding Hood puts on her cape.

Now write the script (directions in brackets)

Mother: (Firmly) Be sure to carry the basket carefully not to damage the cakes.

RRH: (Kindly) Of course mother, they are so prettily decorated. I

wouldn't want to spoil them.

Mother: (Looking at RRH) You know the way? We've been so

many times together, you should do.

RRH: Yes, mother I know the way.

Mother: Be sure to keep to the path now, don't wander off and get

lost.

RRH: No mother. I'll keep to the path. (Happily)

Mother: And don't talk to any strangers.

RRH: I won't. (As an aside to the audience.) Not that there is ever

any one in the woods.

Mother: (Giving the basket to RRH and kissing her on the cheek) Do

be careful, and give Grandma my love won't you. RRH:

(With hand on door handle, turning to face mother)

I'll be back before you know it. Bye!

Mother: (Waving) Bye love! Take care! (Quietly to self) I do hope

she'll be O.K. I don't like her being in those woods all

alone. You never know what might happen.

# SESSION 6: LANGUAGE

# How to write a play script?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3A1zCPWlLgM

Copy the extract from the Little Red Riding Hood play script.

### Remember:

- Layout is important
- Describe the setting
- Name:
- New character New line
- No speech marks needed
- Stage directions (characters' actions)
- Capital letters for names and to begin a sentence.



MILD

# THE LION KING EXPERIENCE: SESSION 6: LANGUAGE

### RIPT EXCERPT: THE STAMPEDE

### **MUFASA**

Aaaaaaah!

(The RAFIKIS part to reveal MUFASA's body, represented by his crown. YOUNG SIMBA runs in.)

### YOUNG SIMBA

Dad! Dad?

(rushes to MUFASA's side and tries to be playful)

Dad...? Come on. Dad.

(starts to panic when MUFASA doesn't respond)

Come on, Dad. You gotta get up. Please. Help! Somebody! Anybody? Please! Help me!

(SCAR enters)

### SCAR

Simba. What have you done?

#### YOUNG SIMBA

There were wildebeest...It was an accident, I didn't mean for-

#### SCAR

Of course you didn't. But the king is dead. And if it weren't for you, he'd still be alive. Oh, what will your mother think?

### YOUNG SIMBA

(guilty panic) What am I gonna do?

### SCAR

Run! Run away, Simba. Run away and never return.



### Remember:

- Layout is important
- Describe the setting
- Name:
- New character New line
- No speech marks needed
- Punctuation . , ! ? ...
- Stage directions (characters' actions)



### SCRIPT EXCERPT: SCAR'S LAST STAND

Tell them the truth.

SIMBA

SCAR

Lkilled Mufasa!

SIMBA

You don't deserve to live.

SCAR

But, Simba-I am family. The hyenas are the real enemy. It was their idea. You wouldn't kill your old uncle, would you?

SIMBA

No, Scar. I'm not like you.

SCAR

Oh, Simba, thank you. How can I make it up to you?

SIMBA

Run. Run away, Scar. Run away and never return.

SCAR

Yes. Of course. As you wish...Your Majesty.

(As he exits, limping, he is surrounded by SHENZI, BANZAI, and ED.)

Ah, my friends, help me...

SHENZI

Friends? Friends?!?

BANZAI

I thought he said we were the enemy.

SHENZI, BANZAI

Ed?

(ED laughs manically. Gnashing their teeth, the HYENAS chase SCAR away.)

SCAR









Copy the extract from the Lion King play script.

### Remember:

- Layout is important
- Describe the setting
- Name:
- New character New line
- No speech marks needed
- Punctuation . , ! ? ...
- Stage directions (characters' actions)

### THE LION KING EXPERIENCE: SESSION 5: SPACE

### The Lion King song

IBAMBENI NJALO

BAKITHI NINGADINWA

NINGAPHELELWA NGAMANDLA SIYA BABONA

NINGAPHELELWA NGAMANDLA SIYA BABONA

NGEKE BALUNGE ONE BY ONE

SIZO NQOBA ONE BY ONE

ZOBONA ZOBONA ZOBON'

UMHLABA WA BANTU

GAZI LA BANTU SIYA ZIDLA NGALO

KUMNANDI KWELA KITH'E AFRICA

**Handwriting** 

Write the new lines of the Lion King song twice in your best joined handwriting.

Leave some space on your page so that you can add new lines to the song every week.



# Reading and Comprehension Remember to read every day!

https://readtheory.org/auth/login





# Listen to stories

https://www.storylineonline.net



# Learn more Spanish and French

https://rockalingua.com

https://www.duolingo.com





## New lessons every day!

Bitesize

We're adding videos and fun things to learn every weekday.



**Art and Design** 



Computing Science and ICT



Dance



Drama



**English** and Literacy



**Expressive Arts** 

### 2nd level

# Subjects

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize /levels/zr48q6f





French



German





Health and wellbeing



Italian



Mandarin



Maths and Numeracy



Modern Languages



Music



People in society, economy and business



People, past events and societies



People, place and environment



**Physical Education** 



Religious and moral education



Science



Social Studies



Spanish



**Technologies** 



Last week we learned that feelings are positive and negative or comfortable and uncomfortable rather than good and bad because all feelings are important, so even the most uncomfortable feeling is telling us something.

Answer the questions and write the answers in full sentences.

- Is it easier to talk about positive or negative feelings? Why?
- Is it important to talk about positive feelings? Why?
- Is it important to talk about negative feelings? Why?

On the next page, read a tiny extract from a story about Boz and Jaz, two children who are in the same class at school.





Jaz brought a swimming medal into school one day to show everyone. Boz thought Jaz was showing off a bit about winning the medal but didn't want to say anything.

After school, Boz was online on the latest social media site that they were all using and saw that Jaz and some other people from their class were chatting on Jaz's profile page.

One of them made a silly joke about Jaz turning into a frog with all that swimming and someone else added that Jaz already looked like a frog. Boz wanted to join in and so wrote that Jaz was a show-off and added some even nastier things to try and make the others laugh.



# EXPECT THE UNEXPECTED

# Answer the following questions in full sentences:

- Why do you think Boz didn't want to say anything about Jaz showing off whilst they were in school but did say it online?
- Do we sometimes say things in texts, emails, or chatting online that we would not say to someone's face?
- How do you think Jaz felt reading the nasty comments? How many words can we think of to describe those feelings?
- Think about when Boz was reading the other children's comments, how many feelings words can we think of to describe Boz's emotions at that time?

Think about the fact that even though we cannot see the other person, when we say things online, the emotions felt by the other person are the same, which is why it is so important to behave online as you would offline. It is easy to forget someone else's feelings when in front of a computer – but the person is still affected in the same way.

Write a text or email you could send to Jaz and Boz giving them some advice on managing their feelings in this situation.



























# STARTING SECONDARY SCHOOL

# This week we we will talk about the ways to make this transition journey easier.

The experience of moving from primary to secondary school is a key milestone in your life, it should be exciting and joyful. It's natural to feel worried and anxious right now. We're experiencing an unusual situation we've never experienced before in our lives. It's ok not to feel ok – so don't judge yourself for how you're coping.

Moving from primary to High school can be stressful sometimes, there is always nervous excitement around the new subjects, new teachers and of course new classmates. Don't worry!

### STARTING

# SECONDARY SCHOOL



https://open.online.clickview.co.uk/libraries/categories/26205234/videos/7594050/confidence



**Confidence** is a concept that you might struggle with the most—so how can you improve it? This videoclip follows Pablo as he navigates his confidence and selfesteem in a range of contexts. By following five simple tips, you'll see how setting goals, celebrating differences, persevering, and being constructive (instead of destructive!) will help you train your brain to be more confident!

### Tips to Develop Your Confidence

Would you like to improve your confidence? Here are some handy tips to help you!

Tiρ 1: Re-evaluate your goals.



Tip 2: Don't give up!



Tip 3: Turn down the volume on negative self-talk.



### STARTING

# SECONDARY SCHOOL



Tip 4: Be constructive, not destructive.



Tip 5: Believe in yourself and celebrate your differences.



# Don't Hate, Appreciate!

You can build confidence by appreciating yourself, others, and the world around you.



In the box below, write or draw some of the things you appreciate, or things that make you and your life special!

Remember - you're never going to be anybody else but you.

So celebrate yourself!



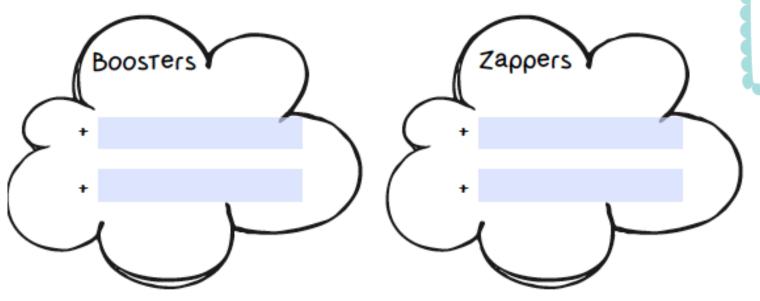
### Confidence Boosters and Zappers

There are things that boost our confidence, and things that zap it.

For example, maybe you didn't get the marks you were hoping for on a recent class test? Or maybe a friend ignored you at lunchtime? These may be confidence zappers.

You might get a nice compliment, or finally master riding a bike after lots of practice. These are confidence boosters!

Write down some of your confidence boosters and zappers in the clouds below!





### Self esteem

Something that affects your confidence is self esteem. Self esteem is how you see and value yourself.

If you have good self esteem, you are more likely to have better relationships, better confidence, and do the things you've dreamed of (because you believe you're worthy and capable of them)! What do you think good self esteem looks like?



### The Confidence Tree

Confidence is like a tree. It's always growing and it has many branches that make it whole!

So, what "branches" actually make up your confidence?

Here are the four main ones:

### Physical Confidence

This is the confidence you feel about your body and its abilities.

It means you are willing to test your physical limits and have courage to try new activities.

## Self Confidence

This is the belief you have in yourself!

It's what you tell yourself you are capable of, and who you think you are as a person.



### Social Confidence

This refers to the
Skills you use to
Socialise, and how you
think others see you.

### AbiLity Confidence

This is your sense of accomplishment, and how confident you are in your ability to do well at different tasks.



# How to Stop Comparing Yourself to Others!

CONFIDENCE

Tip #2: CeLebrate other people's achievements

You have probably compared youself to others in the past. Sometimes you might think things like,

"They're so much better at sports than me", or "I wish I looked like them", which are harmful and totally unproductive.

Comparing yourself to other people won't achieve anything. It won't change anything about the other person, and it won't necessarily change anything about you either. All it does is create unhappy thoughts that bring you down.

### Tip #1: Focus on you and what you're doing

Focus on who you are as a person and the amazing qualities you have.

Stop worrying about what others around you are doing.

Being completely okay with who you are, without having to compare to others, is a great way to build confidence. People who are confident in themselves are able to celebrate the achievements of others.

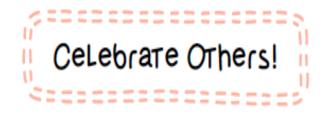
Instead of feeling jealous or threatened by someone else's success, celebrate it with them. Think about how great it is to be surrounded by such motivated and talented people!

### Tip #3: Remember that everyone has their own insecurities!

Who do you look up to? In your mind, are they totally "perfect"?

Well, guess what? Nobody is perfect! Even though it might not look like it, everyone has their own insecurities and issues.

You might not even realise, but they might be comparing themselves to you as well!



Recognising and celebrating the unique qualities of people around us is important. They help to make our lives fun and interesting, and can help motivate us!

Pick three students from your class and write a quality that you like about them.



Person 1:

Person 2:

Person 3:



Draw 4 big circles on your page.

Describe the qualities of three of your friends and yourself.

What would your friends say about you? What do you have in common?

# STARTING SECONDARY SCHOOL





https://open.online.clickview.co.uk/libraries/videos/15492562/starting-secondary-school

Follow the journey of nervous Blob as he wrestles with the looming storm ahead: high school. Follow Blob as he ventures from a place of fear and uncertainty to that of confidence and clarity, as the ins and outs of high school – including friendships, timetables, and navigating the building – are explained in poetic prose.

Say to yourself in a loud voice

I BELIEVE IN
MYSELF.
I AM STRONG.
I AM CONFIDENT.
I AM READY FOR
HIGH SCHOOL!



# NO ONE IS <u>YOU</u> AND THAT IS YOUR POWER!

If you believe in yourself, other people will believe in you too.

[messages\_365greetings.com]









admin@gilmerton.edin.sch.uk

### **IMPORTANT**

Watch out for information or tasks from your High School in the *Transition* tab on the website.