## Eureka Math" Homework Helper

## 2015-2016

## Grade 2 Module 3 Lessons 1-21

## Eureka Math, A Story of Units ${ }^{\circledR}$

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## G2-M3-Lesson 1

1. Fill in the missing part.
a. 3 ones $+\underset{\mathbf{7}}{ }$ ones $=10$ ones
b. $3+\underline{7}=10$
c. 3 tens $+\ldots \mathbf{7}$ tens $=1$ hundred
d. $30+\underline{\mathbf{7 0}}=100$

2. Rewrite in order from largest to smallest units.

| 4 tens <br> 2 hundreds <br> 9 ones$\quad$ Largest2 hundreds |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 tens |
| I know that 2 hundreds <br> equal 200,4 tens equal <br> 40 and 9 ones equal 9. |

3. Count each group. What is the total number of sticks in each group?


200


30

Ones


6

What is the total number of sticks? 236
4. Draw and solve.

Moses has 100 stickers. Jared has 80 stickers. Jared wants to have the same number of stickers as Moses. How many more stickers does Jared need?


## G2-M3-Lesson 2

1. These are bundles with 10 sticks in each.
a. How many tens are there? $\mathbf{1 1}$
b. How many hundreds? $\quad \mathbf{1}$
c. How many sticks in all? $\mathbf{1 1 0}$

2. Dean did some counting. Look at his work. Explain why you think Dean counted this way. $128,129,130,140,150,160,170,180,181,182,183$

3. Show a way to count from 76 to 140 using tens and ones. Explain why you chose to count this way.

$$
76,77,78,79,80,90,100,110,120,130,140
$$



## G2-M3-Lesson 3

1. Fill in the blanks to reach the benchmark numbers.

I count by ones to reach 70 . I count by tens to reach 100 . I count by hundreds to reach 400, and then I count by tens to get to 420 .
$66, \underline{67}, \underline{68}, \underline{69}, 70, \underline{80}, \underline{90}, 100, \underline{200}, \underline{\mathbf{3 0 0}}, 400, \underline{410}, 420$

2. These are ones, tens, and hundreds. How many sticks are there in all?


This shows 2 hundreds, 3 tens, and
There are $\underline{\mathbf{2 3 2}}$ sticks in all. 2 ones. I can count like this: 100, 200, 210, 220, 230, 231, 232. So there are 232 sticks in all.
3. Show a way to count from 457 to 700 using ones, tens, and hundreds.


## G2-M3-Lesson 4

1. Pilar used the place value chart to count bundles. How many sticks does she have in all?

| Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

Pilar has 135 sticks.

I see 1 hundred, 3 tens, and 5 ones. I count the units like this, $100,110,120,130,131$, $132,133,134,135$. I can also count in unit form like this, 1 hundred 3 tens 5 ones.
2. These are tens. If you put them together, which unit will you make?

$10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$. I can bundle it to show 100 .
a. one
b. hundred
c. thousand
d. ten
3. Imagine 467 on the place value chart. How many ones, tens, and hundreds are in each place?

4. Show a way to count from 160 to 530 using tens and hundreds. Circle at least one benchmark number.
$160,170,180,190200,300,400,500,510,520,530$

I skip-count by tens to reach 200. After that, I can count on by hundreds. At 500, I count by tens to reach 530 .

## G2-M3-Lesson 5

1. What is the value of the 5 in


I can picture how this number looks when shown with Hide Zero cards. The digit 5 is in the tens place. I know the value of 5 tens is 50 .
2. Make a number bond to show the hundreds, tens, and ones in the number. Then, write the number in unit form.

7 hundreds 1 ten 8 ones

3. Draw a line to match unit form with number form.
a. 4 hundreds 1 ten $=$
b. 4 tens 1 one $=$



## G2-M3-Lesson 6

1. Match the numerals with the number names.
a. 216
b. 260

2. Write the answer in number form.
a. $1+1+1+10+10+100+100+100+100=\underline{423}$
b. $\underline{\mathbf{1 8 7}}=7+100+80$
c. $\underline{\mathbf{3 2 0}}=300+20$


This addition problem tells the total value of each unit. The expanded form is not in order. I have to be careful when writing the number to put it in order from largest to smallest unit.

When I add the total value of each unit, 1 get $3+20+400$. That's the same as $400+20+3$ because I know I can write the units in any order, and the total stays the same. So, the answer is 423 .
3. Write each number in expanded form.
a. $26=$ $\qquad$


Writing the numbers as addition sentences with the parts representing the total value of each unit helps me see the value of each place.
b. $720=700+\mathbf{2 0}$
c. $403=\underline{400+3}$

When there is a zero for one of the units, I do not write the 0 in the expanded form.

Lesson 6:

## G2-M3-Lesson 7

1. These are bundles of hundreds, tens, and ones. Write the standard form, expanded form, and word form for each number shown.

a. Standard Form $\qquad$
b. Expanded Form $\qquad$ $500+10+3$
$\qquad$

2. What is the unit value of the 6 in 261 ? $\qquad$ 60


All the numbers use the digits 1 and 4 but in different places. Using what I know about place value helps me solve.
3. Write $141,114,411$, in order from greatest to least.
$\qquad$ 141
114


Lesson 7:
Write, read, and relate base ten numbers in all forms.

## G2-M3-Lesson 8

1. Write the total value of the money.
$\$ 100$


I can use what I know about expanded form to
work with money. $\$ 400+\$ 10+\$ 5=\$ 415$.
2. Fill in the bills with $\$ 100, \$ 10$, or $\$ 1$ to show the amount.

\$415
3. Draw and solve.

Jill has 5 ten-dollar bills and 3 one-dollar bills. Ben has 2 fewer ten-dollar bills and 1 fewer one-dollar bill than Jill. What is the value of Ben's money?


\$1

\$1
\$10
10 $\square$
$\square$ \$10

Ben has $\$ 32$.

I can draw Jill's bills and then cross off can 's to show Ben's money. Then, I count what is left, 10, 20, 30, 31, 32.
Ben has \$32.

## G2-M3-Lesson 9

1. Show one way to count from $\$ 67$ to $\$ 317$.
$67,77,87,97,107,117,217,317$

Counting money is just like counting with numerals, so I can leave off the dollar signs and just skip-count by tens to get to 117. Then, I skipcount by hundreds to get to 317.
2. Use each number line to show a different way to count from $\$ 280$ to $\$ 523$.


Lesson 9:

## G2-M3-Lesson 10

How many $\$ 10$ bills are equal to $\$ 500$ ?


50 ten-dollar bills are equal to $\$ 500$.


## G2-M3-Lesson 11

Students use place value disks to model the value of each digit in a given number. A template has been provided to help students complete the homework assignment.

Model the following numbers for your parent using the fewest disks possible. Whisper the numbers in standard form and unit form.
a. 12


I could show 12 ones disks, but to use the fewest disks, I show 1 ten and 2 ones.

In standard form, I say 12. In unit form, I say 1 ten 2 ones.
b. 123


In standard form, I say 123. In unit form, I say 1 hundred 2 tens 3 ones.

I could show 12 tens disks and 3 ones disks, but to use the fewest disks, I show 1 hundred, 2 tens, and 3 ones.
c. 103

d. 330

## G2-M3-Lesson 12

Students complete this chart as they work with place value disks.
Count from 582 to 700 using place value disks. Change for a larger unit when necessary.
When you counted from 582 to 700:


Lesson 12:
Change 10 ones for 1 ten, 10 tens for 1 hundred, and 10 hundreds for 1 thousand.

## G2-M3-Lesson 13

Draw place value disks to show the numbers.
a. 72

 each place. I fill a column of 5 and then start from the bottom up to build toward the other five for $6,7,8$, or 9 . This makes it easy to see when I make a new unit.


It's easy to see that if I add 8 more ones, l'll make a new unit of ten. If I add 3 more tens, I'll make a new unit of 1 hundred.
b. 303


## G2-M3-Lesson 14

1. Whisper-talk the numbers and words as you fill in the blanks.
a. $18=$ $\qquad$ hundreds $\qquad$ 1 tens $\qquad$ 8 ones

I know 18 is 1 ten 8 ones. I can exchange 1 ten for 10 ones and have 10 ones and 8 ones, which is 18 ones.
$18=$ $\qquad$ ones
b. $315=$ $\qquad$ 3 hundreds $\qquad$ 1 tens $\qquad$ 5 ones

$315=$ $\qquad$ 3 hundreds $\qquad$ 15 ones

I can say 315 is 3 hundreds 1 ten 5 ones. Since I know 1 ten 5 ones is the same as 15 ones, I can also say 315 is 3 hundreds 15 ones.
c. $419=$ $\qquad$ 4 hundreds $\qquad$ 1 tens $\qquad$ 9 ones $419=\underline{41}$ tens $\qquad$ ones
d. $570=$ $\qquad$ 5 hundreds $\qquad$ 7 tens

$570=$ $\qquad$ 57 tens


Problem (c) helps me solve this one. I know 40 tens are in 400 , so 50 tens are in 500 . 50 tens plus 7 tens equals 57 tens!
2. Write down how you can skip-count by ten from 420 to 310 . You might use place value disks, number lines, bundles, or numbers.

$$
420,410,400,390,380,370,360,350,340,330,320,310
$$

> Easy! I can just count back by ten!

Lesson 14: Model numbers with more than 9 ones or 9 tens; write in expanded, unit, standard, and word forms.

## G2-M3-Lesson 15

Students follow the steps of the Read, Draw, Write (RDW) process to solve word problems: Read the problem; draw and label a model of the information given; write an equation to solve; write a statement of the answer to the question.

Pencils come in boxes of 10 .
a. How many boxes should Kadyn buy if he needs 136 pencils?


1 box

Since there are 10 pencils in each box, I can skipcount by ten. I can draw bundles of ten to represent the boxes as I count to 130 .

I need to draw another box because Kadyn needs 6 more than 130.


Or, I could use what l've learned about unit form. There are 13 tens 6 ones in 136, so I need 13 boxes to have 130 pencils, plus 1 more box for the extra 6 pencils.
b. How many pencils will Kadyn have left over after he gets what he needs out of the boxes?

$$
10-6=4
$$

Kadyn will have 4 pencils left over.

Kadyn will use all 130 pencils from the first 13 boxes. Then, he'll need to take 6 pencils out of the last box of ten. That means 4 pencils will be left over.
c. How many more pencils does he need to have 200 ?
$140,150,160,70,180,190,200$


Kadyn needs 60 more pencils.


## G2-M3-Lesson 16

1. Draw the following numbers using place value disks on the place value charts. Answer the questions below.
a. 132
b. 312

Drawing the numbers with disks on the place value chart makes it easy to compare them.
c. 213

d. Order the numbers from least to greatest: $132,213,312$

Hundreds are the biggest unit here, and 312 has more hundreds than the other numbers. 132 is the smallest number because it only has 1 hundred.

You could also compare all the tens in each number. 132 has 13 tens, 213 has 21 tens, and 312 has 31 tens.
2. Circle less than or greater than. Whisper the complete sentence.
a. $300+60+5$ isless than/ greater than 635 .
b. 4 tens and 2 ones is less than /greater than 24.


> In this problem, tens are the greatest unit. 4 tens and 2 ones equals 42.42 is greater than 24 because it has 4 tens, and 24 only has 2 tens. I could also think of it as 40 is greater than 20 .
3. Write $>,<$, or $=$. Whisper the complete number sentences as you work.
a. 419


491


Place value helps me compare the numbers, especially when the digits are all the same. Both numbers have 4 hundreds, so I'm careful to notice which digit is in the tens place. 1 ten is less than 9 tens, so 419 is less than 491.
b. $908<$ nine hundred eighty

980

c. 4 tens 2 ones $=30+12$

When the problems are written in word form or unit form, I just rewrite them in standard form. Then, it's easy to see the digits in their places. 908 is less than 980. The hundreds are the same, but 0 tens is less than 8 tens.

42
d. $36-10>2$ tens 5 ones


## G2-M3-Lesson 17



1. Whisper count as you show the numbers with place value disks. Circle $>,<$, or $=$.
a. Draw 12 ones and 1 hundred.

2. Write $<,>$, or $=$.
a. $40+9+600$


9 ones 64 tens


649
649
b. 65 tens -13 tens $>5$ 52


I already know 52 has to be less because there are no hundreds in 52.65 tens -13 tens equals 52 tens, which is 520 .
c. 3 hundreds 27 ones $<84$ tens


I know 27 ones is the same as 2 tens 7 ones, so 3 hundreds 2 tens 7 ones is 327 . I know 84 tens is 840 . Comparing the hundreds, I know that 327 is less than 840.

## G2-M3-Lesson 18

1. Draw the following values on the place value charts as you think best.

a. 123
b. 321
c. 231

d. Order the numbers from least to greatest: $\qquad$ $231, ~ 231$

I can see that 123 has the fewest hundreds, so it is the smallest number. 321 has the most hundreds, so that means it's the biggest number. And 231 is in between.
2. Order the following from least to greatest in standard form.

3. Order the following from greatest to least in standard form.


4 ones 6 hundreds 46 tens +10 tens $640 \quad \mathbf{6 4 0}, \underline{\mathbf{6 0 4}}, \mathbf{5 6 0}$

604
56 tens Lesson 18:

## G2-M3-Lesson 19

1. Fill in the chart. Whisper the complete sentence: " $\qquad$ more/less than $\qquad$ is $\qquad$ ."

I can whisper the complete number sentence as I complete the chart.

100 more than 242 is 342 .
100 less than 242 is 142 .
10 more than 242 is 252 .
10 less than 242 is 232 .
1 more than 242 is 243 .
1 less than 242 is 241 .

|  | 242 | 153 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 more | 342 | 253 |
| 100 less | 142 | 53 |
| 10 more | 252 | 163 |
| 10 less | 232 | 143 |
| 1 more | 243 | $\mathbf{1 5 4}$ |
| 1 less | 241 | $\mathbf{1 5 2}$ |

2. Fill in the blanks. Whisper the complete sentence.
a. 1 more than 456 is $\qquad$ 457. 1 more than 6 is 7 , so 1 more than 456 is 457 .
b. $\quad \mathbf{1 0 0}$ more than 180 is 280 . The hundreds place is now 100 more.
c. $\mathbf{1 0}$ less than $\underline{\mathbf{6 3 5} \text { is } 625 \text {. }}$

10 less than what number is 625 ? The number I am looking for is 10 more than 625 , so it must be 635 .

## G2-M3-Lesson 20

1. Fill in the blanks. Whisper the complete sentence.

1 less than 240 is $\qquad$ 239 . 10 more than 194 is $\qquad$ 204


I can look to see what changed. 239 changed to 240. 240 is 1 more than 239.

497 changed to 507.507 is 10 more than 497.
$\qquad$ more than 239 is 240.
$\qquad$ more than 497 is 507.

10 more than $\qquad$ is 302 .

I can think 10 more than what number is 302? So the number I am looking for is 10 less than 302. That's 292.
2. Whisper the numbers as you count.

I can count by 1 's, 10 's. and 100 's.
$Z$
396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402

396, 406, 416, 426, 436, 446, 456

396, 496, 596, 696, 796, 896, 996

## G2-M3-Lesson 21

1. Find the pattern. Fill in the blanks.
a. $\mathbf{4 9 7}, \mathbf{4 9 8}, \mathbf{4 9 9}, \mathbf{5 0 0}, \mathbf{5 0 1}$

b. $571,581, \underline{591}, \underline{601}, \underline{611}$


581 is 10 more than 571 , so I am counting up by tens. I know 10 more than 90 is 100 , so 10 more than 591 is 601 .
c. $133,123, \mathbf{1 1 3}, \underline{103}, \mathbf{9 3}$

123 is 10 less than 133 , so I am counting down by tens. I know 10 less than 100 is 90 , so 10 less than 103 is 93 .
2. Fill in the chart.


Lesson 21:

