# How to Provide End-of-Life Care in a PACE Population

David Wensel DO, FAAHPM
Medical Director
Midland PACE
NPA June, 2017

#### **Objectives**

- Participants will learn when to access end of life care for PACE patients.
- Attendees will understand which services to collaborate with from Hospice.
- Participants will be able to discuss with PACE participants and their families what their end of life preferences are.
- Attendees will learn the value of collaborating with Hospice to better care for our PACE participants and their families.

#### Compare PACE and Hospice

- PACE
- 55 years old
- Certified to be at NH level of care
- Life expectancy 3.0 years in high risk
- Interdisciplinary team
- Focus on remaining in community safely

- Hospice
- No Age limit
- NH or community
- Six months or less to live
- Interdisciplinary team
- Focus on comfort and quality of life

#### When

- How do we know when to ask Hospice for help?
- Pathways provide a great opportunity to talk about this with Patient and caregiver.
- Longevity, Functional, Comfort

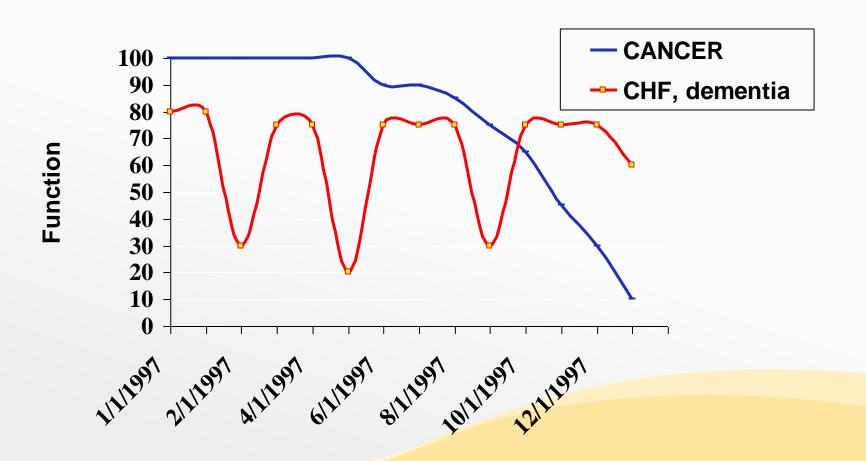
The Cure - Care Model: The Old System

> Life Prolonging Care

Palliative Hospice Care

D E A T H

# How We Die



## A Better Model

**Life Prolonging Therapy Death Diagnosis of** serious illness

**Palliative Medicine** 

**Medicare Hospice** 

**Benefit** 

## A Better Model

**Life Prolonging Therapy** 



**Palliative Medicine** 

Medicare Hospice Benefit

## **End of Life Care**

- Not all PACE programs are affiliated with a hospice
- Where do our PACE participants die?
- This question can help your team determine need for hospice care

#### Our PACE Deaths 2016

#### 27 deaths in 2016

- 13 at home with hospice
- 7 at our hospice house
- 5 at nursing facilities where the patients were living with hospice
- Only 2 were in the hospital and did not have hospice care

 The 63% of Medicare patients with 2 or more chronic conditions account for 95% of Medicare spending in the last 2 weeks of life (CDC)

The number of people over age 85 is 5.9 million in 2014 (CDC)

- Most participants remain in PACE until death
- Average length of stay on PACE is 48 months
- Our PACE program is around 28 months

- Five Year survival in PACE vs NH
- Published in Journal of Gerontology, 2010
- 1018 patients, 468 in Nursing home and 554 in PACE
- PACE median survival was 4.7 years vs 3.4 years

- What can hospice add to PACE?
- Lets look at the information about survival in hospice vs nonhospice medical care
- A study published by NHPCO in the Journal of Pain and Symptom Management in 2007

- Compared survival in 5 different cancers (breast, colon, lung, pancreatic, prostate) and CHF
- 4493 patients, 2095 received hospice care
- Mean survival was 29 days longer for patients who enrolled in hospice services

- PACE and Hospice working together seems to be a better model.
- Hospice and PACE have many things in common (Interdisciplinary).
- So what can hospice add to the PACE team?

# Hospice

- Hospice is a concept of care different from traditional medical care in that the goal is not curative.
- Hospice care focuses on the quality of life for terminally ill <u>individuals and their</u> families.

# Hospice

- Provide maximum comfort
- Stress human value that goes beyond the physical needs of the patient
- Dying and grieving are seen as a natural part of living
- Cares for the family before and after the death of their loved one

# Hospice Levels of Care

- Home Hospice
   Patient home, nursing home, assisted living
- Inpatient Hospice
- Continuous Care
- Respite Care

 Our physicians are specialists in hospice care and have a wealth of experience and training in helping patients who are progressing towards the end of life or actively dying.

 Our nurse has advanced skills and is compassionate, caring, and experienced in meeting the special needs of our patients and their families as they progress towards the end of life.

 Our social worker assists in facilitating communication between patients, families, medical staff, and community resources. They offer resources for patients, families, and the PACE team including counseling and grief support.

 Our chaplain is specially trained to sensitively address the spiritual concerns of patients from many faith traditions. They comfort and support all those involved, helping them find meaning during the dying process.

Our bereavement coordinator supports friends and family members for up to one year following the death of a loved one with grief counseling. They also support our PACE team as well.

 Our volunteer coordinator arranges volunteer support with patient care, caregiver relief, caregiver support during and after the death of a loved one.

# Why Hospice?

- Determining the desires of patients and loved ones that facilitates care that respects and upholds their wishes.
- Addressing patients' and loved ones' practical concerns about care and dying.

# Why Hospice?

- Aggressively manage pain and find relief for other symptoms so patients can enjoy a higher quality of life.
- Ensuring that patients and loved ones have accurate time and space to complete any unfinished business.

# Hospice

 Hospice Care is designed to serve and support patients and families facing critical, life-limiting illnesses at the end of their life with a 6-month or less prognosis.

# Hospice can help when

- Patients and loved ones have been presented with several treatment options and are having difficulty weighing the options and reaching a consensus on goals.
- Aggressive treatment options designed to cure the illness are no longer desirable or FEASIBLE.

# Hospice can help when

- Pain or other physical symptoms are not relieved.
- Patients and their loved ones are struggling with emotional or spiritual concerns.
- When caregiver is just 'worn out'.

# **Hospice Outcomes**

- Hospice relieves pain and distressing symptoms.
- Hospice helps with difficult decisionmaking.
- Hospice boosts patient and family satisfaction.

# **Hospice Outcomes**

- Hospice provides bereavement support to patients and families.
- Hospice often helps with transitions of care.
- Hospice helps when patients must be transferred to alternative care settings.

- If your PACE program does not have a hospice affiliated with it
- Partner with one to help provide <u>care</u> and <u>train</u> your staff

- Use the pathways of care to help determine when to contact hospice
- When a patient transitions to a palliative pathway would be a prefect time to consider hospice

- Often the goals of care in PACE are very similar to goals of care in Hospice.
- Since many PACE participants are very frail
- Hospice is often limited by the six months or less prognosis.

- PACE is not limited to a prognosis of six months or less.
- We can provide hospice care long before a patient has six months or less to live.
- PACE team members need training in how to do that.

- The last thing to talk about is the support hospice can provide to our teams when our patients die
- Our bereavement department and chaplains provide our team with grief support

- It can be emotionally hard to work with frail elderly patients who die.
- If we do not support our teams they will not be able to continue the valuable work that we do!

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