

IHI Expedition

Putting your Patient Experience Data to Work
Session 1: Data Sources: What's Out There and What Do You Have?

Kevin Little PhD
Kristine White RN, BSN, MBA
Angela Zambeaux

Today's Host

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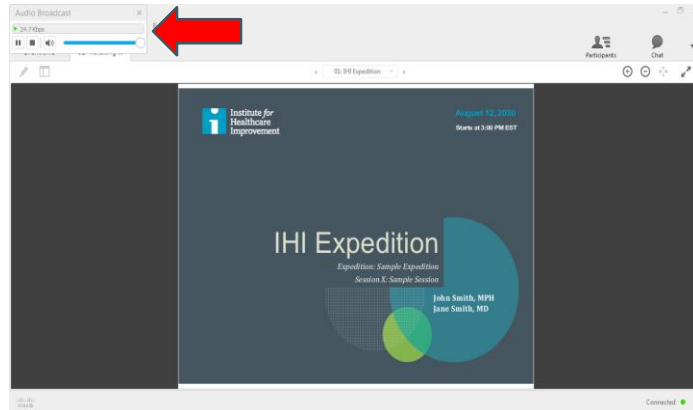


Rebecca Goldberg, Project Coordinator, Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI), coordinates multiple projects focused on increasing value in health care by improving quality and reducing costs. Currently, Rebecca's primary responsibility is coordinating and hosting IHI's Expeditions, monthly virtual support programs focused on specific topic areas. Rebecca is a recent graduate of Georgetown University in Washington, D.C., where she obtained her Bachelor of Science degree in human science with a minor in public health.

Audio Broadcast

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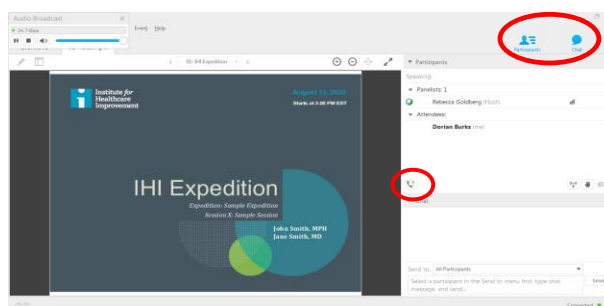


Phone Connection (Preferred)

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To join by **phone**:

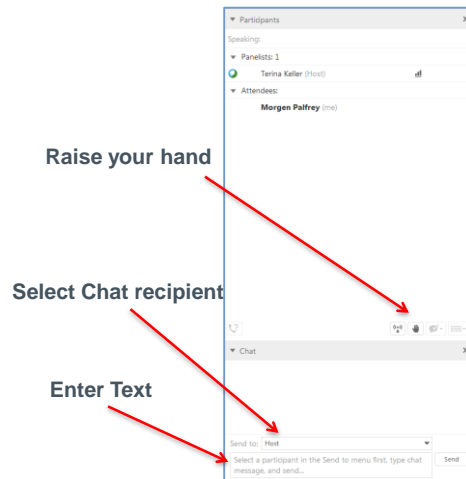
- 1) Click on the “Participants” and “Chat” icon in the top, right hand side of your screen to open the necessary panels
- 2) Click the  button on the right hand side of the screen.
- 3) A pop-up box will appear with the option “I will call in.” Click that option.
- 4) Please dial the **phone number**, the **event number** and your **attendee ID** to connect correctly .



WebEx Quick Reference

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- Please use chat to “**All Participants**” for questions
- For technology issues only, please chat to “**Host**”



Chat

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Name and the Organization you represent

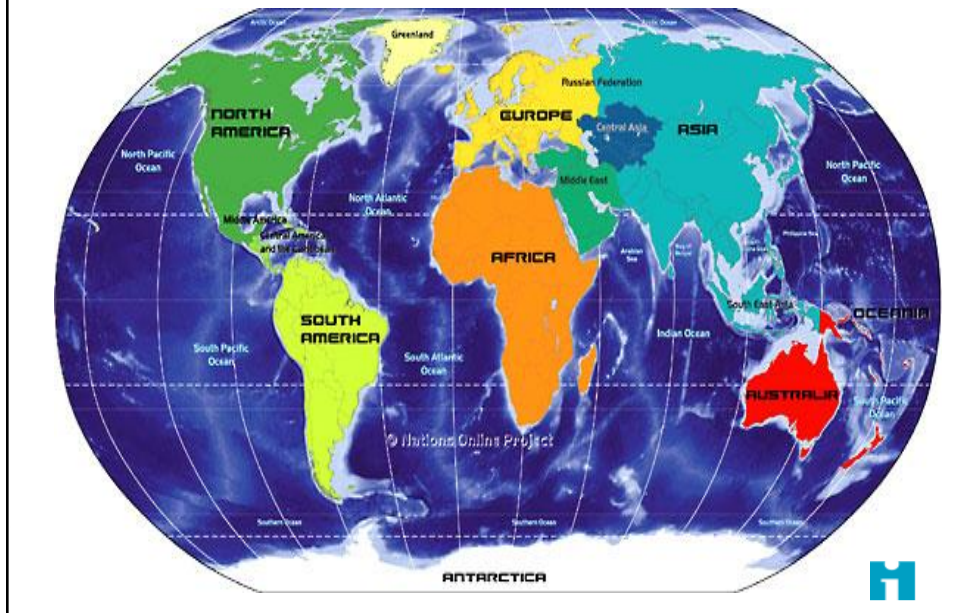
Example: Sam Jones, Midwest Health



Please send your message to **All Participants**



Where are you joining from?



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By joining Passport, your entire staff gets access to a wide range of web-based tools to help prioritize, deploy, and accelerate your improvement initiatives without leaving your desks. Passport membership will:

- Bring IHI's world-class expertise to your doorstep (virtually) and support multiple teams closest to the point of care as they make rapid improvements in the areas of greatest concern to hospitals today.
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- <http://www.ihl.org/Engage/Memberships/Passport/Pages/default.aspx>



IHI Open School Courses

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- More than **20** online courses developed by world-renowned experts in the following topics
 - Improvement Capability
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 - Triple Aim for Populations
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What is an Expedition?

ex-pe-di-tion (noun)

1. an excursion, journey, or voyage made for some specific purpose
2. the group of persons engaged in such an activity
3. promptness or speed in accomplishing something



Expedition Director

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Angela G. Zambeaux, Senior Project Manager, Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI), has managed a wide variety of IHI projects, including a project funded by the US Department of Health and Human Services that partnered with the design and innovation consulting firm IDEO around shared decision-making and patient-centered outcomes research, the STAAR (STate Action to Reduce Avoidable Rehospitalizations) initiative, virtual programming for office practices, and in-depth quality and safety assessments for various hospitals and hospital systems. Prior to joining IHI, Ms. Zambeaux provided project management support to a small accounting firm and spent a year in France teaching English to elementary school students.



Expedition Sessions

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Session 1 – Data Sources: What’s Out There and What Do You Have?

Session 2 – Understanding Potential Pitfalls and How to Avoid Data Crazyiness

Session 3 –Using Surveys, Letters, and Complaints as Data

Session 4 –Storytelling: Patient, Clinician, and Staff Stories

Session 5 – Fast and Slow Feedback – Best Practices for Both

Session 6 – Leadership from Where You Are and Where You Are Going



Faculty

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Kevin Little, PhD, Improvement Advisor, Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI), is a statistician specializing in the use of information to study, understand, and improve system performance. His experience in application of statistical methods includes direct work with scientists and engineers in a range of disciplines. He has also coached improvement teams in a range of industries. Dr. Little served as Improvement Advisor to the National Health Disparities Collaboratives from 2001 to 2006, and to IHI's Hospital Portfolio of projects from 2010 to 2012. Recently, he has worked on the measurement strategy for the Healthier Hospitals Initiative and led a pilot to improve physician communication behaviors.



Faculty

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Kristine K. S. White, RN, BSN, MBA, Principal, Aerate Consulting, and Co-Founder, Aefina Partners, LLC, previously served in senior leadership roles at Spectrum Health. Her areas of expertise include leadership and system design for cultures of excellence and innovation, integrating innovation practices and skills into organizations, and readying cultures and organizations to solve problems and identify new tools and processes for the future. Ms. White has worked with physicians to increase the effectiveness of physician communication efforts and with leaders and teams to drive meaningful improvement in the patient and family experience in organizations of all types and understand and utilize patient experience data sets. She has also coached senior teams to strategically focus and prioritize efforts that yield value to patients within their systems. Ms. White is passionate about integrating patient and family advisors into the design and evaluation of health care and has helped many organizations build the infrastructure and processes to do so. Her aim is to connect leaders and health care teams to a clear purpose, with measurable and sustainable impact and value to patients and their families.



Guest Presenter

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T. Scott Kearney, President, T.S. Kearney Consulting, LLC. currently serves as Chairperson Patient and Family Advocacy Council, Meijer Heart Center, Spectrum Health and as a Member, Executive Patient and Family Advocacy Council, Spectrum Health.



Expedition Objectives

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At the conclusion of this Expedition, participants will be able to:

- List the variety of patient experience data available in your organization
- Identify and avoid wasted effort in use of required data
- Discuss the use of complaint data for improvement
- Place patient stories in context
- Define fast and slow feedback and provide examples of when each is appropriate
- Explain the role of leaders in interpreting and using data to drive improvement



Topic for Today- *Data Sources: What's Out There and What Do You Have?* 17

- Why are you here?
- Goals for this Expedition
- The Model for Improvement Review
- Data sources to help understand and improve the patient experience: Start with Patients
- Data Scavenger Hunt: Assignment



Pre-Survey 18

- We received 50 responses to our survey- thanks so much for your responses!
 - It is great to have a large number of quality improvement and patient experience professionals on our Expedition. We also have a large number of data analysts, patient safety professionals, as well as patient/family advisors and advocates.
- How do you assess qualitative and quantitative patient experience data?
 - Just about half of us have a single process that supports this knowledge and the other half have a reliable process that supports this assessment across the organization.



Pre-survey part 2

- How do you interpret the information you have and use it effectively?
 - The majority of survey respondents have a single process that supports this knowledge in your organization.
 - Several others (34%) are able to share this information reliably across the organization.
- How many respondents are currently able to go beyond patient satisfaction surveys to link your patients' experience of care with your efforts to improve quality and safety ?
 - 28% are not quite there, 30% have a single process, and 18% are able to reliably share this information across the organization.



What are you most proud of?

- Connecting the “dots” and engaging all staff in improving patient experience
- Working with patient/family advisors and advisory councils
- Using patient feedback to drive improvement
- Patient rounding, leadership rounds
- Transparent sharing of data



Top 3 Barriers

- Some of the most frequent responses:
 - TIME!
 - Patient responses (quantity, response time, specificity of data)
 - Not sure how to get the data, who has it, how to best use it
 - Overwhelming task of analyzing the data
 - Finding a standard approach that works for a variety of units/services
 - Engaging staff and patients
- We also reviewed what you hope to learn and will work to address them. Many people asked for best practices so please do share what you are doing so we can all teach and all learn.



Question for you

- Please chat in why you decided to sign up for this Expedition.



Start with why

- Why am I here?
- Why is understanding so critical?
- Why does real improvement begin with truly understanding the data?
- Why we should all work to instill data sanity skills and discipline within our organizations?



Stages of Dealing with Patient Experience Data

- Deny
 - *“We have Patient Experience data????”*
- Ignore
 - *“Just don’t make eye contact, don’t open the email and if subject comes up... change it and talk fast!”*
- Shoot the messenger
 - *“The survey tool is biased, my patients are crabbier than anybody else’s,...cannot possibly reflect what is going on in my unit!”*
- Accept
 - *“OK- help me learn how to use this to drive change and understand our impact on patients and families.”*
- Use
 - *“Identify high leverage improvement to create the best care outcomes and best environment in which to work.”*



Symptoms of trouble

- “We pretty much just look at our performance internally and overall we feel pretty good about it.”
- “We look only at organizational numbers rolled up, that’s what matters at the end of the day.”
- “We regularly review our data and form teams around the lowest scores.”
- “Every month we review our scores and if we drop down, we form a team to fix it, and if it’s up, we get a pizza party.”
- “It’s all so overwhelming – it’s just so hard to know where to start.”
- “CAHPS has really changed our focus – it’s really the only thing we are focusing on now in my organization.”



Data to support your Patient Experience Strategy

- Understand data, what it is, what it isn’t, what we can learn, and how to know if what we are doing matters...underpins the entire patient experience strategy
- Precious few resources (time, money, energy)
- Avoid “abuse”
- Drive improvement that matters most



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The Model for Improvement



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Do you have a standard* improvement method?

*standard means you are expected to use the method & people are educated and coached in its use

Use your pointer to show us what you are using

The Model for Improvement	A3 Problem Solving	Plan-Do-Study-Act
DMAIC	Other (please chat it in!)	No standard method yet



Getting to the top of a mountain



Finding my way from conference center to hotel

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Three Basic Questions to find my way ³¹

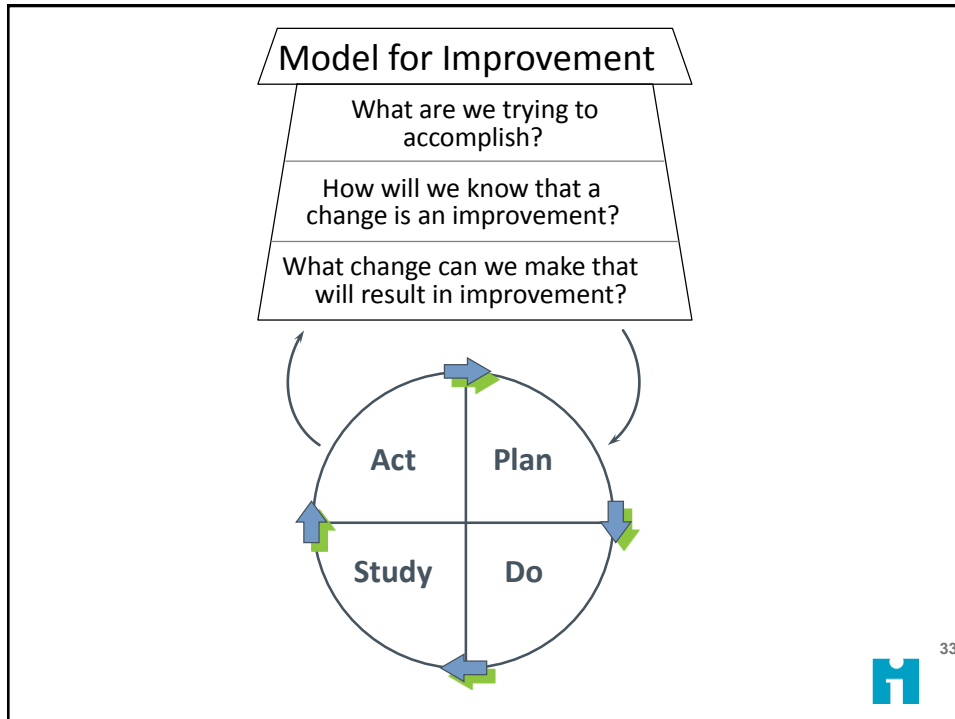
- Where am I trying to go?
- How will I know if I am getting closer?
- What change can I make if I'm not getting closer to the Holiday Inn?



Three Fundamental Questions for Improvement ³²

- What are we trying to accomplish?
- How will we know that a change is an improvement?
- What change can we make that will result in improvement?





Sperm finding egg: Analog to Model for Improvement Steps

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Science -- Spehr et al. 299 (3615): 2054 Page 1 of 8

Science 2004
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Science magazine HELP SUBSCRIPTIONS FEEDBACK SIGN UP MAAAS

SEARCH BROWSE EXPLORE THIS ARTICLE

Identification of a Testicular Odorant Receptor Mediating Human Sperm Chemotaxis

Marc Spehr,¹ Gábor Citrovámsz,¹ Alexandra Poplawski,¹ Jeffrey A. Riffell,² Christian H. Wenzel,¹ Richard K. Zimmer,^{2,3} Hansat Hatt^{1*}

Although it has been known for some time that olfactory receptors (ORs) reside in spermatozoa, the function of these ORs is unknown. Here, we identified, cloned, and functionally expressed a previously undescribed human testicular OR, hOR17-4. With the use of radiofluorometric imaging, Ca²⁺ signals were induced by a small subset of applied chemical stimuli, establishing the molecular receptive fields for the recombinantly expressed receptor in human embryonic kidney (HEK) 293 cells and the native receptor in human spermatozoa. Bourgeonal was a powerful agonist for both recombinant and native receptor types, as well as a strong chemorepellent in subsequent behavioral bioassays. In contrast, undecanal was a potent OR antagonist to bourgeonal and related compounds. Taken together, these results indicate that hOR17-4 functions in human sperm chemotaxis and may be a critical component of the fertilization process.

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This article appears in the following Subject Collections:

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Guidance on Scale of a Test

Deciding on the Scale of a Test		Current Commitment within Your Organization		
<i>Belief in effectiveness</i>	<i>Failure Cost</i>	No Commitment	Some Commitment	Strong Commitment
Low degree of belief that change idea will lead to improvement	Cost of failure large	Very small-scale test	Very small-scale test	Very small-scale test
	Cost of failure small	Very small-scale test	Very small-scale test	Small-scale test
High degree of belief that change idea will lead to improvement	Cost of failure large	Very small-scale test	Small-scale test	Large-scale test
	Cost of failure small	Small-scale test	Large-scale test	Implement

source: Table 7.1 G. Langley et al. (2009), *The Improvement Guide*, 2nd edition, Jossey-Bass, San Francisco © Associates in Process Improvement, used with permission.



What's Very Small?

- In terms of your work:
 - Test your change on ONE UNIT (one patient interaction, one care round, one shift hand-off, one leadership round....)
- In terms of time:
 - What can you learn in one day, one morning, one hour, five minutes? (shorter the better)



Two types of Activities

- Operating and Supervising: "[O&S] concerns systems and solutions that people participate in routinely, expecting fairly standardized results.
- Planning and Design: "[P&D] activities result in custom-made solutions, policies, and designs, that restructure existing systems or create new ones."

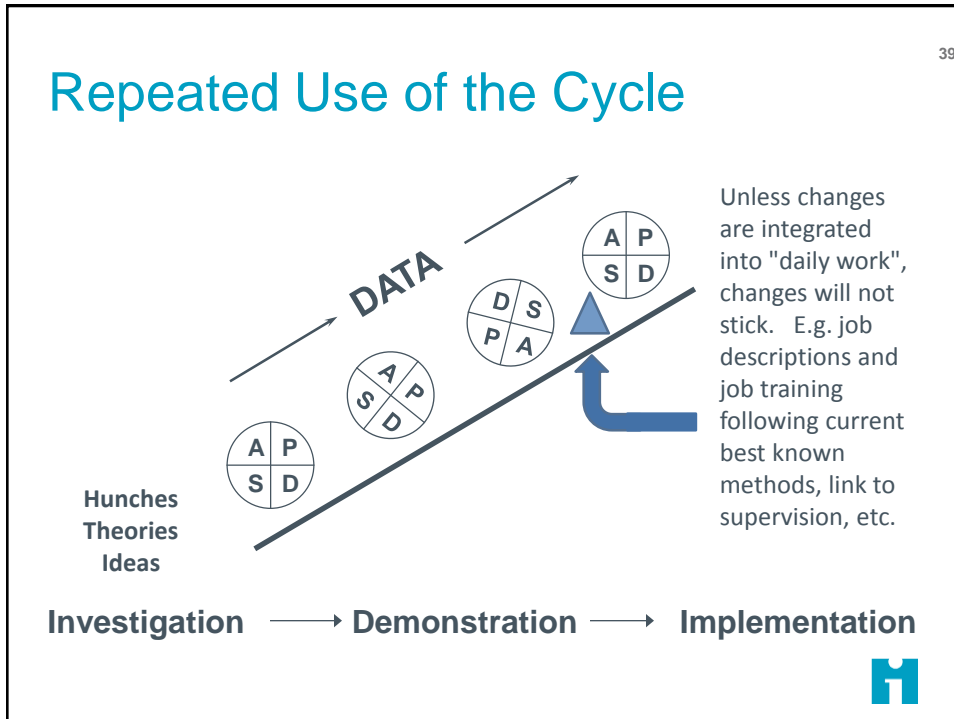
Source: G. Nadler (1981), *The Planning and Design Approach*, New York: Wiley.



Connections and Implications

- "P&D is concerned with imagining, designing, and implementing new and restructured systems and solutions, O&S with maintaining them. The latter stresses standardization and routine, the former flexibility and innovation." (Nadler)
- Successful P&D eventually links to O&S.
- Model for Improvement can guide improvement in P&D and O&S but you may prefer other problem-solving (A3, DMAIC) for O&S. That's fine with me!





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Core competency: training and coaching



1. Identify key jobs
2. Teacher* breaks down job
 - “Know what”
 - “Know how”
 - “Know why”
3. Teach one-on-one
4. “If the student hasn’t learned, the teacher hasn’t taught.”

“the way to get a person to quickly remember to do a job correctly, safely and conscientiously.” p. 73

*supervisor!

Graupp P and Purrier M *Getting to Standard Work in Health Care*. Boca Raton: CRC Press; 2013.



Resources for Self-study

D. M. Berwick (1996), "A Primer on Leading the Improvement of Systems," *BMJ*, 312: pp. 619-622.

G. Langley et al. (2009), *The Improvement Guide*, 2nd edition, Jossey-Bass, San Francisco.

T. W. Nolan and L. P. Provost (1990), "Understanding Variation", *Quality Progress*, **13**, No. 5.

"Accelerating the Pace of Improvement - An Interview with Thomas Nolan," *Journal of Quality Improvement*, **23**, No. 4, The Joint Commission, April, 1997.

Blog post, Kevin Little 20 July 2015,
<http://www.iecodesign.com/index.php/234-model-for-improvement-applied-to-different-problems-the-type-of-problem-matters>

Resources on the www.ihl.org site: Search for PDSA



So- where's the data?



Patient/family partnership is key to understanding the data ⁴³

- Patients are detectives- they are always observing clues:
 - Work, Look and Feel
 - These clues are then translated into evaluation of the care and quality of the providers/organization.
 - We must constantly be asking ourselves- “what are the data *really* telling us?”
- Scott Kearney- our guest presenter



Patient Partnership

- Analysis is incomplete without Patient Advisors (or equivalent) as part of the discussion
 - Understand that the data “means/looks like”
 - Not a “one and done”- active discussion and follow up
 - Part of the design of improvement ideas/experiments
- Focus on what matters most
- Remember all the data sources



Questions

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- How have you included patients? What worked well?
- What are some of the barriers to including patients?
- Please use the chat or raise your hand to be unmuted.



So how might we proceed to ensure rigor and discipline in our processes so we can put our patient experience data to work?

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Principles

- Decide WHAT is to be measured
- Decide HOW it will be measured
- Communicate WHY or intent
- Select comparison data
- Set goals: What by when
- Determine minimum sample size
- Instill disciplined process to understand data
- Identify all sources of patient experience data
- Leadership commitment to data sanity



Organization-wide Performance

- Begin with understanding organizational performance
- Plot data in time order and use run chart rules
- Understand comparison data
- Understand top box
- Understand correlation coefficients and identify greatest opportunities for improvement
- Engage all stakeholders in understanding data
- Consistent communication of data, analysis and organizational improvement decisions

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Site Specific Performance

- Determine comparison data
- Ensure adequate sample
- Plot data in time order
- Maintain rigor in data integrity and rules
- Utilize all patient experience data sources including an intentional process for patient comments
- Create dashboard, readily accessible by all, celebrating strengths and improvements while focusing on improvement efforts

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Individual Provider Performance

- Prepare team as a whole
- Prepare individuals who will be included in reporting
- Develop process for fast feedback
- Make resources available for individuals to gain deeper understanding and coaching for improvement
- Understand individual performance within context of team

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Leadership Standard Work for Culture of Improvement

- Clear consistent message of why
- Clear consistent messages of expectations
- Commitment to remove barriers and understand challenges
- Utilize coaching skills on a daily basis
- Celebrate improvement and sustained performance

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Questions so far?

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Please use the chat or raise your hand to ask any questions you have so far.



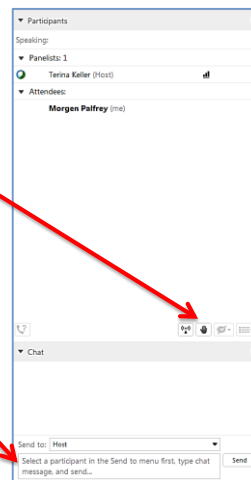
Please send your message to *All Participants* 

Questions/Discussion

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Raise your hand

Use the chat



Action Period Assignment

- Topic: “Required data collection: What are you using and how?”
- Homework: Please complete the Survey Monkey about what data sources you are using and how you are using them.
- The link will be sent out after this session, it is also available here:
<https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/GYM27MF>



Categories of data included in the Survey Monkey ⁵⁶

- Government-defined patient experience survey data (e.g. CAHPS in the U.S.)
- Externally designed and managed patient experience survey data other than (1) (e.g. Press-Ganey surveys)
- Internally designed and managed patient survey data (e.g. 90 follow up phone call on patient experience)
- Formal patient complaints
- Patient letters
- Leadership rounding/direct observation
- Spoken patient complaints or comments



Survey Monkey Format

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1. Fill out the survey below about what patient data your organization is collecting.

	Does your organization have this information?	Is the information organized and accessible to you?	Is the information summarized and understood by senior leaders?	Is the information linked back to front-line staff?
Government-defined patient experience survey data (e.g. CAHPS in the U.S.)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Externally designed and managed patient experience data other than government defined surveys (e.g. Press-Ganey surveys)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Internally designed and managed patient survey data (e.g. 90 follow up phone call on patient experience)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>



Survey Monkey Format continued

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2. For either Government-defined or externally designed patient experience surveys, please fill out the table below.

	Time Period: How frequently are these surveys reviewed by the groups/people in the left column?	Typical number of surveys completed and analyzed in each time period
Whole organization	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Unit or department	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Care team or individual provider	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>



Expedition Communications

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- All sessions are recorded
- Materials are sent one day in advance
- Listserv address for session communications:
patientexperienceexpedition@ls.ihl.org
- To add colleagues, email us at info@ihl.org



Session 2

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Understanding Potential Pitfalls and How to Avoid Data Crazyiness

Tuesday, October 20th, 2015, 1:00-2:00 PM ET



Thank You!

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Please let us know if you have any questions or feedback following today's Expedition webinar.

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