# iMTF<sup>TM</sup>: Simple Way to Trade Optimization



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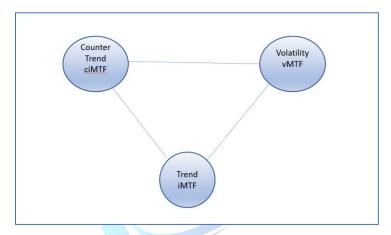
## **Background**

This document deals with trade analysis and optimization using the iMTF<sup>TM</sup> indicator. Every trader is different. They must cater their trading plan to their personality. Therefore, not everyone will use these optimization rules.

As more optimization rules are applied, *fewer trades will be found*. The goal of optimization is to reduce the number of losing trades and keep the big winners. *Some winning trades will also be eliminated*. Please make note of these two comments. Professional traders understand and accept these two comments. However, a lot of retail traders think they understand them but when it comes to implementation, they have an issue with them. Why? If they see a winning trade that was not entered due to the trading plan, they start to question the trading plan. The key is to trade the patterns that occur frequently. Once you find them, place the trades and wait for the market to fill the order. If the pattern does not repeat as it does in the past, you should minimize the loss.

The iMTF<sup>TM</sup> indicator was designed to capture TRENDS. Trends are long term trades that produce a great reward/risk. They give the trader ample time to setup the trade for entry and do not require much time to manage it once entered. They provide consistent profits for the trader.

The markets can exhibit three situations where a trader can potentially make money:



If an opportunity is not a trending opportunity, it can be an opportunity for Counter Trend or Volatility. Here are some brief descriptions of each of the three potential money-making situations:

- Trend: A Trend trade gives a longer reward. It is time-friendly. It gives the trader ample time to setup for the trade and also to manage it. Since the reward is generated over a longer period, the stop needs to be bigger in order to capture the long-term reward. A trader does not want to get stopped out of a trade and then see the trade still go in the direction they were trading it.
- Counter Trend: The trades that do not qualify for trend trade qualify may for Counter trend trades. The reward is shorter-term. These trades can be in direction of the trend or opposite to it. Most people think counter trend is opposite, but this is not the case. It is just short-term profits. With short-term profits, money management and time are critical.
- Volatility: These trades are huge price movements in a short amount time! The profits can be huge and amazingly
  fast. However, the opposite is true too! The LOSSES can be huge and fast too. You have to know what you are
  doing in order to trade volatility. It has taken us years to figure out how to trade volatility with money
  management. Volatility cannot be controlled. It keeps changing so it is the hardest to understand and trade
  safely.

The fourth situation is a "tight" consolidation pattern that does not have a good reward/risk.

Please Note: All optimization rules within the indicator are applied only to the 10m, 30, 60, 120, 240, Daily and Weekly time frames. You can use other time frames, however, the optimization that deals with the time frames identified above will not be applied to any other time frames. The above-mentioned time frames are supported because we know the "fractal" relationships among them. With this knowledge, multiple time frame analysis can be performed.

## Higher Time frame Analysis

### Background

This is one of the simplest and most powerful optimizations a trader can implement. However, not everyone prefers to do this because it will eliminate a lot of small winning trades along with the losing trades. Furthermore, most traders have no knowledge about how one time frame works with other time frames. Traders understand that they should trade with the higher time frame. As a result, most traders incorporate the daily time frame in their trading plan. If done correctly, you can take trading to another level achieving consistent profits.

### Time Frame Relationships (Fractal Waves)

In order to understand multiple time frame analysis, the trader must understand the correct higher time frame based on their trading time frame. Here is a matrix of trading time frames and the relevant higher time frames

Trading Time frame	Higher Time Frame
10	30
30	60
60	240
120	Daily
240	Daily
Daily	Weekly
Weekly	Monthly

Notice, we do not trade all time frames. In our research, we realized that trading the 30, 60, 120, 240, D and Weekly gives us an advantage in multiple time frame analysis.

### Analysis: D

**Analyzing the higher time frame is the hardest thing to do!** This is where most traders get confused and give up trying to do it. However, it is necessary for a trader to be consistently profitable. Why? The reward is controlled by the higher time frames. This applies for both pull back and breakout trades.

The highest probability trades are when the higher time frame is trending. Therefore, you must be able to recognize when a trend is happening. To simplify that process, we are going to print a color and a number. The combination of the two will help the trader analyze the higher time frame without looking at it! Here are the different "states" that can exist for the higher time frame and what you look for:

State	Color	Higher Time Frame Description
	Bullish Shade	
Bullish Trending	Green D value of 1 to 5(including)	The sentiment is bullish and, in a trend, and not
not over extended		over extended.
Bullish Trending	D value of 6 or higher	The trend has been going on too long without any
over extended		type of pull back. Therefore, it not good to enter a
		breakout trade in this situation.
Bullish Pull Back	Gray D value of 1 or higher	The sentiment is bearish trending. However, it is
		going through a pull back i.e. profit taking.
Bullish	Gray D value of 0	The sentiment is consolidating.
Consolidating		
	Bearish Shade	
Bearish Trending	Red D value of 1 or higher	The sentiment is bearish and, in a trend,
Bearish Trending	D value of 6 or higher	The trend has been going on too long without any
over extended		type of pull back. Therefore, it not good to enter a
		breakout trade in this situation.
Bearish Pull Back	Gray D value of 1 or higher	The sentiment is bullish trending. However, it is
		going through a pull back i.e. profit taking.
Bearish	Gray D value of 0	The sentiment is consolidating.
Consolidating		



Figure 1a: (trading) 60m chart of TDC Stock, Valid Bearish Setup, need to confirm with Higher time frame



Figure 1a: (higher)240m chart of TDC Stock, Higher time frame of the 60m



Figure 1b (trading): Daily chart of SLB Stock, Bullish Setup. Validate with higher time frame



Figure 1b (higher): Weekly chart of SLB Stock, the higher time frame

# Trading Time frame Strength (% values)

### Background

Most traders enter a trade without measuring the strength of the trend. If the EXISTING trend is weak, the probability of losing will be high. The trend strength also has to incorporate a money management component. If not, it cannot be used for forecasting.

The trend strength will be shown on the chart as "%". Two "%" indicators will be needed: one at the setup stage and one at entry valuation. Therefore, we will break this section into two parts.

### Setup Stage: %s

### Background

The %s measures the existing trend and is used for forecasting both breakout trades and pull back trades. It is **KEY** for pull back trades. Why? Pull back trades are supposed to be only taken when "profit" taking occurs. Without the trend being strong, there will not be profit taking.

### Rules

• Best (Blue): 90% or higher

Good (Same color as Shade): 75% or higher

Bad (Gray): Below 75%

### Examples:



Figure 2a: 30 chart of ES Futures %s was bad so it had a high probability t fail if entered



Figure 2b: 240 chart of NZDJPY %s was good

# Setup Stage: %e

### Background

The %e measures the trend strength at entry. It is used for breakout trades. It helps forecast if the **trading time frame** (without help of higher time frame) has enough strength to get to the blue crosses.

### Rules

- Color
  - Best (Blue): 90% or higher (required Blue dash after entry)
  - Good (Same color as Shade): 75% or higher
  - Bad (Gray): Below 75%
- %e vs %s
  - Best: %e greater than %s
  - Good: %e equal to %s
  - Bad: %e below %s

Note: if a trade is set up where the %s color is bad (gray, <u>i.e.</u>, below 75%), the instrument can consolidate which could make the %e color good (75% or higher). If that happens, you can enter the trade, but If you do so, it is recommended to go into preserve mode (tight stop) as soon as the trade is entered. Also note, that since the instrument needed to consolidate to make the %e good, it can continue to consolidate after the trade is entered, which would not be good. This is why the risk needs to be reduced as soon as the trade is entered.

### Examples:



Figure2c: 240 chart of NZDJPY %s was good and %e



Figure2d: 30m ES Futures, Bad %s and Bad %e



Figure 2e: 30m Bitcoin, Bad %s and Good %e



# Higher Time frame Support/Resistance

# Background

With the D value and Color, traders know they are trading in the same direction as the higher time frame. At this point, they know that the higher time frame will not interfere with the trade.

However, the best trades are where the higher time is HELPING! To get the higher time frame to help, you need to break its support/resistance. By doing this, it increases the probability to get to the preserve mode blue crosses. The Higher time frame support/resistance are represented as Blue Dashes (BD). If you do not see them, you can activate them in the "Input" Section.

Remember, everything is done in the shaded area for forecasting. First thing, the trader should verify is that the BD are **NOT MOVING** in value. If they are moving in the shaded area, it means the Higher time frame is confused and really does not have any key support/resistance values. In this situation, the higher time frame will not help you at all!

If the BD ARE CONSTANT IN THE SHADED AREA, you can apply the following rules to see if the Higher time frame will help.

### Rules

- Conservative: Blue Dashes are located BEFORE the entry level blue dots
- Aggressive: Blue Dashes are halfway or more between entry and the preserve mode blue crosses. In order to get to the halfway mark, you will need help from your trading time frame. This will come in the form of the %e value. The %e needs to be blue and close to 100%. Also, it is good to have multiple timeframe black crosses which tell you that other time frames will help you, as well.
- Bad:
  - o Blue Dashes are LESS than halfway between the blue dots and blue crosses
  - After the blue crosses

PLEASE NOTE: WHEN THE BD IS BAD, WE WILL COLOR THE BD RED AND ALSO MAKE THE BLUE ENTRY DOTS RED. THIS WILL HELP THE TRADER TO KNOW THE SETUPS THAT ARE BAD.

Examples:



Figure 2f: 60m EURGBP, BD is not constant so rules don't apply and HTF will not help





Figure 2g: 240m NZDJPY, BD is constant and half way. %e is critical to get there and break it.

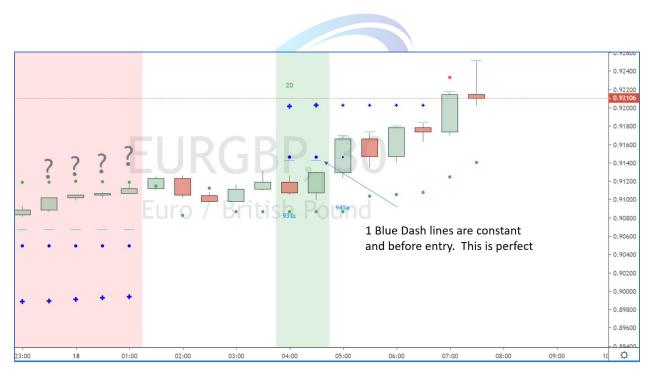


Figure 2h: 30m EURGBP, BD is below entry and constant



Figure 2i: 120m EURGBP, BD is constant but below blue crosses which is bad



### Over Extension

Over Extension is when price goes up or down too fast. It is due to **Volatility**. In some cases, it is good. In other cases, it is not good. There are 3 levels of Over Extension which we represent. They are as follows:

Black Dot: Extreme Over Extension.
 Yellow Dot: Medium Over Extension
 Red Dot: Low Over Extension

Over extension needs to be handled differently depending on whether it occurs during setup, entry validation, or trade management. When over extension occurs, you may encounter several possible outcomes. For example, price may remain in an over extension state, or price may pull back and then continue trending or price may pull back and then go through a reversal of the trend. There are 3 types of pull backs:

Minor Pull Back: Red Line
 Medium Pull Back: Green Line
 Major Pull Back: Cloud

### Setup Stage

If over extension occurs during the Setup stage i.e., in a shaded region, price must pull back before it gets to the breakout entry. If it does not, the probability of price getting to the "Preserve mode"/Target is low. Ideally, you want a medium pull back (green line) before price breaks out. If this occurs, then the over extension is "reset," and the breakout trade can be successful. If this does not occur, then after the trade is entered, a pull back can occur which could lead to a trend reversal and loss in the trade. The indicator puts a "?" when an over extension occurs and DOES NOT reset at entry.

It is up to the trader, if they want to enter the trade or not. Normally, it is NOT GOOD to have volatility in the setup stage. It decreases the probability to get to the blue cross "Preserve mode".

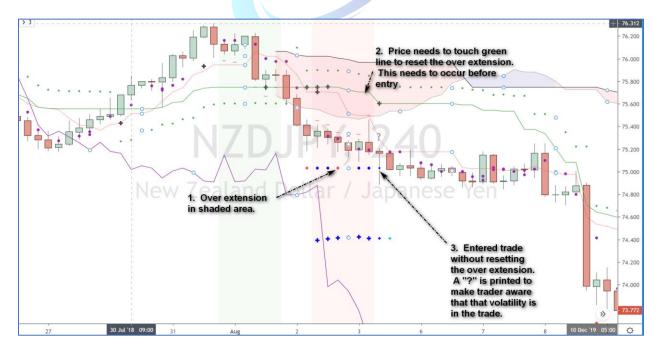


Figure 3: 240 chart of NZDJPY Currency, Over extension in Setup. No Pull back occurred before Entry



Figure 4: 60m chart of GBPCAD, Over extension in Setup. Minor Pull Back occurred before Entry

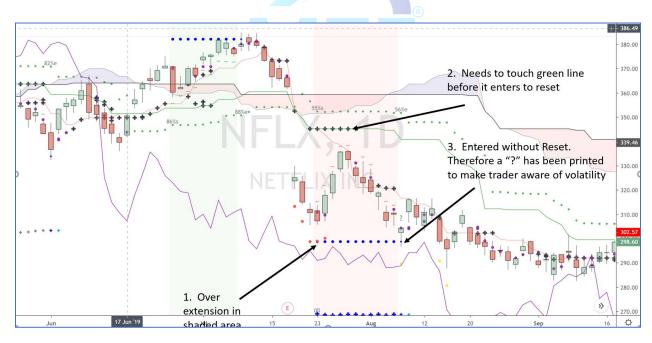


Figure 5: Weekly chart of NFLX Stock, Over extension in Setup. Minor Pull Back occurred before Entry

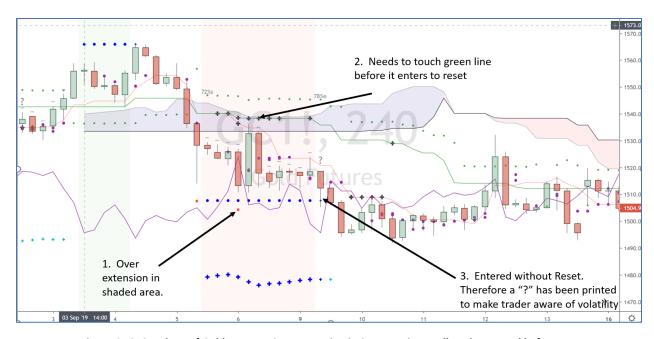


Figure 6: 240m chart of Gold Futures, Over extension in Setup. Minor Pull Back occurred before Entry

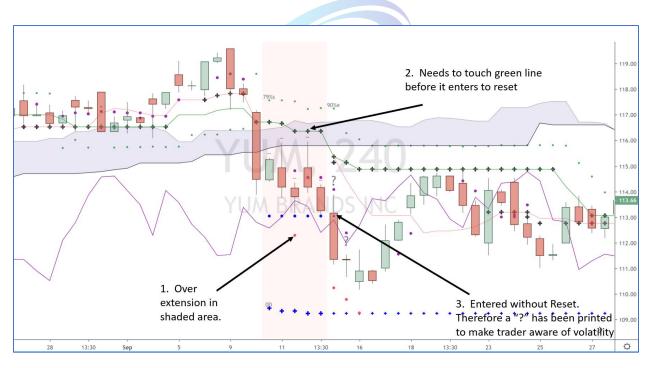


Figure 7: 240m chart of YUM Stock, Bearish Breakout with red over extension on entry

# Entry Stage

Will be discussed in next section.

### **Entry Validation**

The Entry validation stage occurs for <u>two bars</u>, i.e., the bar when the trade is entered and the bar immediately after that entry bar( $2^{nd}$  entry bar). If there are any "games" being played, it will typically occur within the first two bars.

There are two rules for the entry validation stage. They MUST be implemented for both bars. They are as follows:

- 1. Color of the cross above/below the bar:
  - Blue: Everything is good, and the trader can stay in the trade.
  - Gray: This is not good. The trader should exit the trade.
  - Aqua: Indicates a pull back MAY occur. Here are all the options the trader can implement when this occurs:
    - i. Exit the trade and look for a pull back to a flat green line with a black cross. (recommended)
    - ii. Say in the trade and Ignore the aqua cross.
    - iii. Exit the trade and wait for a pull back to occur. After the pull back has occurred put another breakout order at the blue entry dots again.
    - iv. Exit the trade and do not look another entry until a shade appears.

#### 2. Over extension:

For this rule, we place a "?" on the entry and 2<sup>nd</sup> entry bar when over extension occurs. It is up to the trader, if they want to enter the trade or not. Normally, it is NOT GOOD to have volatility at the entry. It decreases the probability to get to the blue cross "Preserve mode"

The user then has a choice to implement one of the following rules:

- i. Exit the trade as soon as it is seen. (recommended)
- ii. Ignore the rule and stay in the trade. This is when the trader believes that the trade will remain in an over extended state for awhile and more reward is available.
- iii. Obey the over extension rules. They are as follows:
  - Yellow Dot: Medium Over Extension. It is recommended to exit a % of your positions (Preserve mode). Also, you may want to tighten up your stop. Use the red line with a buffer as preferred stop instead of the green dots.
  - Red Dot: Low Over Extension. It is recommended to go to the lower time frame to manage the trade. This means to use the green dots as your trailing stop on the lower time frame.
  - Black Dot: Exit the trade

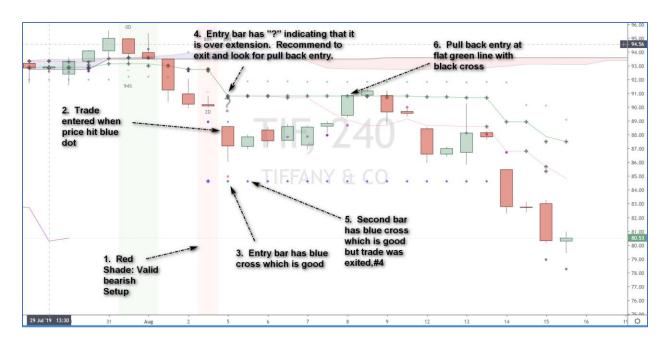


Figure 8: 240m chart of TIF Stock, Bearish Breakout with red over extension on entry

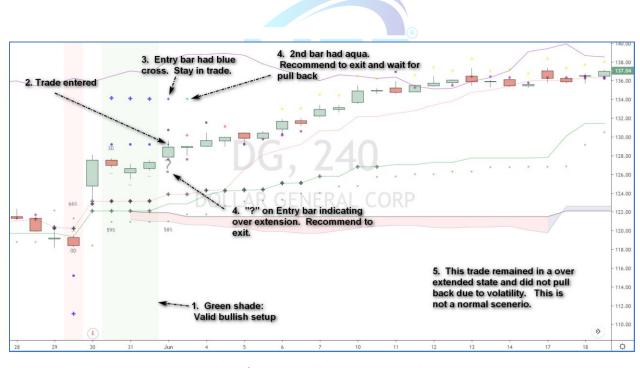


Figure 9: 240m chart of DG Stock, Bullish Breakout with black over extension on entry



Figure 10: Daily chart of WYNN Stock, Bullish Breakout with Yellow over extension on entry

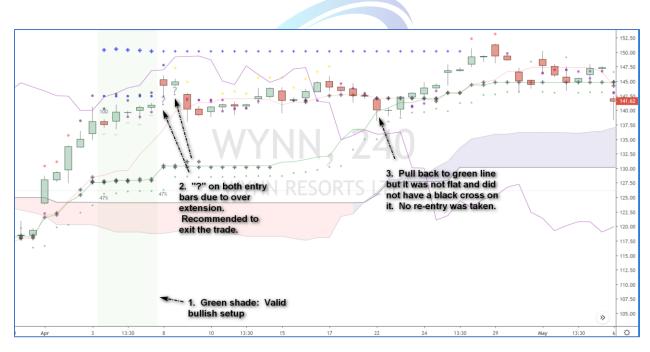


Figure 11: 240m chart of WYNN Stock, Bullish Breakout with black over extension on entry



Figure 12: 240m chart of Crude Oil Futures, Bearish Breakout with black over extension on entry



## Trade Management Stage

Once the entry has been validated, you have reached the trade management stage. If over extension occurs during this stage, here are the actions we recommend.

- Black Dot: Extreme Over Extension. It is recommended to exit the trade when this occurs.
- Yellow Dot: Medium Over Extension. It is recommended to exit a % of your positions (Preserve mode). Also, you may want to tighten up your stop. Use the red line with a buffer as preferred stop instead of the green dots.
- Red Dot: Low Over Extension. It is recommended to go to the lower time frame to manage the trade. This means to use the green dots as your trailing stop on the lower time frame.
- Black Dot or ○Yellow Dot or Red Dot when Price gets to the Blue Cross "Preserve mode"/Target.
   Exit the trade

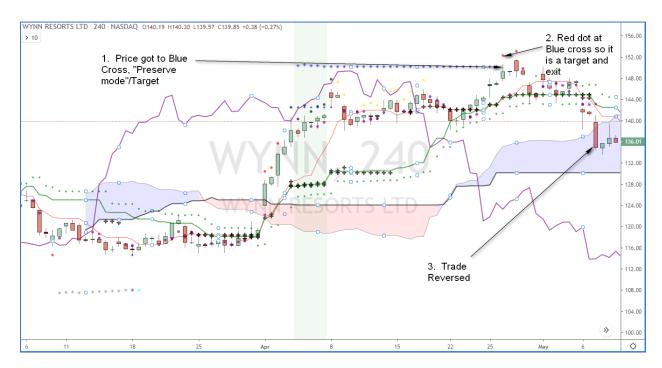


Figure 13: 240m chart of WYNN Stock, Bullish Breakout with red over extension at Preserve Mode/Target



Figure 15: 240m chart of AAPL Stock, Extreme Over extension WHEN price gets to blue cross



# Support/Resistance During Setup

The setup phase is the most critical for FORECASTING a winning or losing trade. If there is any sign of weakness during the setup phase, the probability of the trade to be successful is low.

One way to analyze if the setup phase is weak or strong is to look at support and resistances. For a bullish setup (Green shade), you should NOT have any resistances. For a bearish setup (Red shade), you should not have any supports. A conservative trader will not take any trade if the shaded area has any signs of weakness. An aggressive trader may ignore this rule.

Most traders look at single time frame support/resistances. We are going to use **the multiple time frame support/resistances i.e. black cross and purple dots** instead. They increase the ability to do forecasting.

The analysis of checking to see if any multiple time frame support/resistance is against your setup can be complicated. As a result, the calculations are automatically done in the indicator.

If a Support/Resistance is against a setup, a "?" will be printed on the bar that has the issue. Therefore, any bar in the shaded region that has a "?" printed above or below the bar, indicates that the support/resistance on that bar is against the setup and showing signs of weakness.

If a "?" is seen in the shaded region, it is not recommended to take the trade. Aggressive traders may choose to ignore this optimization rule.

# PLEASE NOTE: THERE ARE ADVANCED CONCEPTS WITH THE "??" WHICH WILL BE TAUGHT ONLY IN THE WEEKLY WEBINARS.

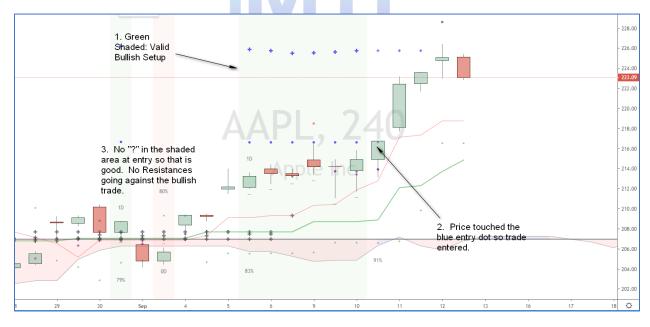


Figure 16: 240m chart of AAPL Stock, No resistance against Bullish Setup=Good



Figure 17: 240m chart of BTCUSD Stock, No Support Against Bearish Setup=Good



Figure 18: 240m chart of BTCUSD Stock, Support against Bearish Setup



Figure 19: Daily chart of TIF Stock, Support Against Bearish Setup



Figure 20: 240m chart of BTCUSD Stock, A support against the Bearish setup. Not good



Figure 21: Daily chart of EURUSD Currency, Resistance Against Bullish Setup

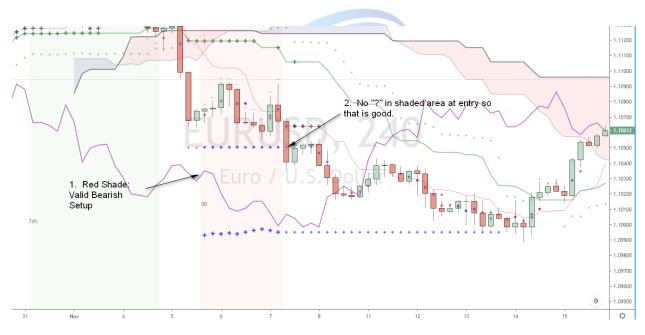


Figure 22: 240m chart of EURUSD Currency, No Support Against Bearish Setup=Good



Figure 23: 30m chart of EURUSD Currency, Resistance against Bullish Setup



Figure 24: 60m chart of EURUSD Currency, Support Against Bearish Setup



Figure 25: 60m chart of Starbucks Stock, Support Against Bearish Setup



### Pull Back Entry

Up to this point, we have discussed in detail the breakout entry. Now, we will discuss the pull back entry. For this entry, the trader wants to enter at the point where price will stop and change direction. This is the most complex entry order you can trade. Why? You are trying to predict where price is going to change direction. Let's begin to unscramble how to do this and not make it complicated.

The iMTF indicator contains multiple time frame support/resistance signals. They are represented as purple dots and black crosses. The first step that must be taken is to make sure the trade is taken on the correct time frame.

How do you do this? Easy! Each technical system has its own unique way to find the key support/resistance level(s). All you have to do is make sure the support/resistance equivalent in your technical system matches the iMTF system's black crosses and/or purple dots within the shaded area. By doing so, you will turn a single time frame support/resistance into a multiple time support/resistance level.

There is no way, we can illustrate this for all technical systems. We will use the iMTF indicator to illustrate the process.

PLEASE NOTE: I have always told my students that they will never be successful pull back traders unless they master breakout trades. Therefore, if the forecast for a breakout out trade is bad then the pull back trade has a low probability. In summary, a trader should validate the D Color, D value, and %s before following the pull back rules.

Here are the rules:

- a. Entry: Black Cross/Purple Dot on Green Line
  - 2h time frame or higher:
    - Look for Black Cross ON A FLAT (3 or more bars) Green Line IN the Shaded area.
    - Black Cross should be support for Green Shade and Black Cross should be resistance for Red Shade.
  - 60m or lower:
    - Look for Black Cross (Conservative) or Purple Dot (Aggressive)
       ON A FLAT (3 or more bars) Green Line IN the Shaded Area.
    - Black Cross and Purple Dots should be support for Green Shade and Black Cross should be resistance for Red Shade
- b. Conditional Stop:

Green Dot will be used for Initial stop and trialing stop once the trade has been entered.

c. Target/Preserve mode.

The last Pivot (Conservative) before the Shaded area or Blue Dots (Aggressive).

### d. On Entry:

Validate the Black Cross/Purple Dot is STILL on the green line. If it is *not*, *exit* the trade (Figure 9).

# PLEASE NOTE: THERE ARE ADVANCED CONCEPTS WITH THE "??" WHICH WILL BE TAUGHT ONLY IN THE WEEKLY WEBINARS.

See the examples below for the different situations that can occur.



Figure 26: 30m chart of Bitcoin/US, Bearish Setup with Valid Pull Back Entry



Figure 27: 30m chart of Bitcoin/US, Bullish Setup with invalid Pull Back Entry



Figure 28: 30m chart of USDJPY Currency Bullish Setup with invalid Pull Back Entry

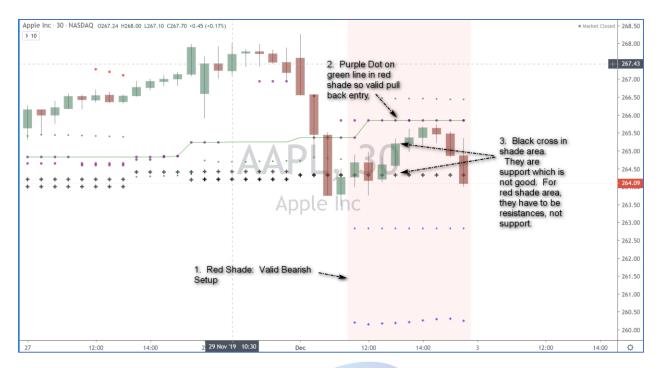


Figure 29: 30m chart of AAPL Stock Bearish Setup with invalid Pull Back Entry



Figure 30: 240m chart of AAPL Stock Bullish Setup with Pull Back Entry



Figure 31: 60m chart of AN Stock Bullish Setup with Pull Back Entry



Figure 32: 60m chart of Auto Nation, Bullish Pull Back order exit

# Floating Gray/Aqua Crosses:

On the following charts, you can see "floating" Aqua and/or Gray crosses. They are "floating" because they have no shaded setup around them. The reason is that they were potential setup opportunities but did not have a high probability to succeed. As a result, the red/green shaded areas were not created around them.

However, they can be used for counter trend trading. This will be discussed in the future.



Figure 33: Weekly chart of EURUSD, Floating Bearish Aqua Crosses



Figure 34: 240m chart of EURUSD, Floating Bearish Aqua/Gray Crosses

## Money Management (Reward/Risk):

In order to achieve consistent profits, the reward/risk needs to be more than 1:1 for a single time frame. Most traders look at reward/risk once the trade has exited. No one really looks at **reward/risk at SETUP**. Why is it important? Believe it or not, it helps forecast the probabilities of the trade. The closer the reward/risk AT SETUP is to 1:1, the higher the probability for the breakout to succeed! If the setup reward/risk is low, the entry % should be 80% or higher. If not, it has a low probability to succeed.

We have color coded the reward/risk to help the trader recognize a good reward/risk. Here are the color codes.

Reward/Risk %	Description	Color
	Bullish Shade	
>=90	High Probability to get to Target	Blue
Between 75 and 90	Medium Probability to get to Target	Green
Less than 75	Less Probability to get to Target	Gray
	Bearish Shade	
>=90	High Probability to get to Target	Blue
Between 75 and 90	Medium Probability to get to Target	Red
Less than 75	Less Probability to get to Target	Gray
NOTE:	If the difference between %s and %e is 20% or higher,	
	it is not good! It means the instrument consolidated	
	to make the setup good. It can continue to	
	consolidate after entry.	

PLEASE NOTE: If volatility exists in the setup or entry stage, the probability to get to the blue cross entry will be high as long as volatility remains. Volatility can be seen through over extension dots and gaps in price. Volatility can override any rules including low reward/risk because it is a "Black Swan" event.

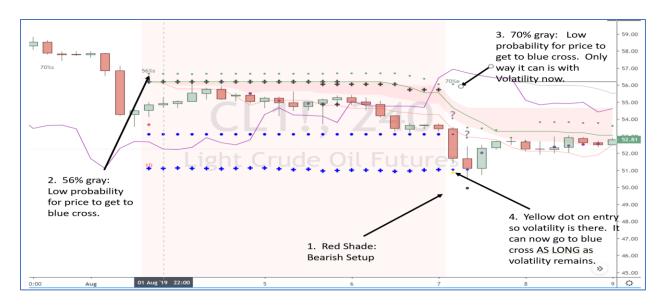


Figure 35: Crude Oil 240: Gray reward/risk, bad



## "G" Value:

The "G" value means invisible volatility. Normally, volatility is seen through over-extension. However, price can move a lot and sometimes not get over-extended. As a result, the "G" value was created. It is printed on the Entry bar only. *It can be seen by checking the ShowGap box in the "Input" section of the indicator.* 

Here are the values and what they mean:

- 1G: No volatility and the entry is good.
- 2G: Volatility is coming. CAUTION! You can enter the trade if you have a blue %e close to 100% and/or black crosses. Also, you should go into preserve mode once entered. In the chat room and the weekly sessions, we discuss this further.
- 3G or higher: Volatility is present you should not enter the trade.



Figure 36: 240m chart of AAPL with 1G, good



# Trading Plan Simplified:

Wow! Are you thinking, that was a lot of things we went through? Do not worry! We always tell traders to keep it simple!

Do you need to know the reasons behind everything! Nope, not at all!

We must go through the details of everything for traders that want theory behind it all.

In the end, what matters? The magical question is how will it **MAKE ME MONEY?** Below is the recommended trading plan. We encourage everyone to test it against any instrument on any of the time frames we support! To test it, all you have to do is find the shaded area and validate. It is that simple.

Trading Plan Simplified:

#### <u>Setup</u>

- 1. Use Scanner to find the shaded area
- 2. Verify instrument has shaded area on chart.
- 3. Validate Higher time frame in shaded area:
  - Green Shade: 1D or higher in Green Color
  - Red Shade: 1D or higher in Red Color
- 4. "BD" and entry dot is blue (not red)
- 5. Validate Support/Resistance in shaded area
  - No "?" in shaded area
- 6. Increase win/loss:
  - Minimum one black cross in shaded area.
  - Setup Reward/Risk
    - Green Shade: Green or Blue %
    - Red Shade: Green or Blue%.

### **Entry**

- 1. Entry bar: Blue cross and no "?". If anything, else, exit the trade.
- 2. Entry bar: Entry Reward/Risk is blue for highest probability. For Average, color should be the same as the shaded area.
- 3. 2<sup>nd</sup> Entry bar: Blue cross and no "?". If anything, else, exit the trade.
- 4. "G" value of 0G or 1G

### Scanner - Enhanced:

In the basic manual, we outlined how to setup the "Free" Version of the scanner to find setups, i.e. green and red shaded areas. Once the scanner finds the opportunities, the user validates the results on the charts. Validation must occur with the "Free" version of the scanner because it does not do any "filtering" at all. It looks for all setup opportunities whether they are valid or not. The indicator will do the validation for the trader by showing the green and red shaded area. If no shade is present, then it is not a valid trend setup. It is now a valid potential counter trend setup (not discussed in this document).

If more "filtering" is required based on the optimization outlined in this document, the subscription-based scanner can achieve it. Here are the various subscriptions and what they offer:

#### Level 1

Level 1 subscription allows the user to scan for Black Crosses, Purple dots, or both on the same bar. Therefore, you can filter the scan to look for shaded area with the Black Cross/Purple Dot/Both. This is one of the optimizations that was discussed earlier.

The menu option is located under the "General Tab" (Figure 35). The user can choose one of the menu options or both by pressing the "Ctrl" key along with both options.

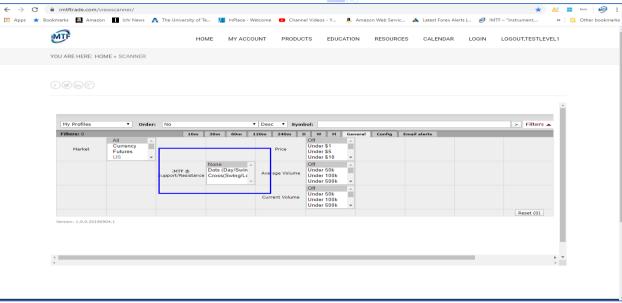


Figure 35: Level 1 subscription General Tab

### Level 2

Level 2 subscription allows the user to filter for "Good" high probability shaded areas. It also includes all the features from the Level 1 subscription, too. There are bad setups that have a high probability to reverse (counter trend) and then there are good setups that have a high probability to trend. (Trend). By setting the two menu options shown in Figure 36, the user can filter for "Good" shaded areas only.

If this option is not used, the user will get the same list as the "Free" subscription which displays shaded areas and non-shaded areas with aqua/gray crosses.

Below is an example of the "240m" time frame tab. There are two menu options: CK momentum and Trend Strength. For green shaded area scans, both options should be set to Bull. For red shaded area scans, both options should be set to Bear. Remember, to set the Strategy menu option to filter on the Green or Red shaded area, too.

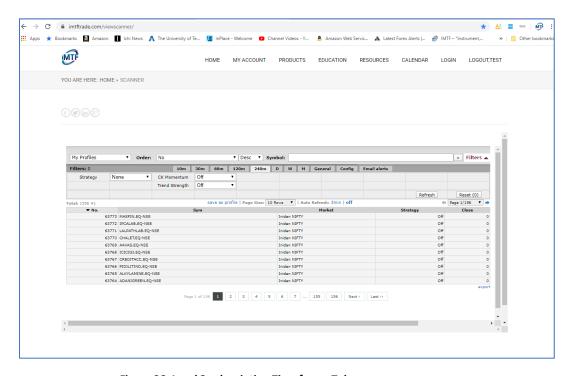


Figure 36: Level 2 subscription Time frame Tab

### Level 3

Level 3 subscription allows the user to filter with Ichimoku Kinko Hyo. It also includes all the features from the Level 1 and Level 2 subscriptions, too. Here are the menu options that can be used for filtering:

- Price@iMTF: Scans for Price to be at the Black Cross and/or Purple dot on the current bar. This can be used to find pull back trades in the shaded area.
- Price vs Cloud: Scans for Price above or below the cloud. This can be used for higher time frame optimization. For example, if your trading time frame is 240m, you would select the Green (Bullish) for the "strategy". The higher time frame for 240m is daily. Therefore, you can go to the Daily time frame tab and choose Bull under the "Price vs Cloud" menu option. This will scan for everything that has a green shade on the 240m and price above the cloud on the daily time frame.
- Price vs KS: Scans for Price above or below the Green Line (Kijun Sen). This can be used for higher time frame optimization. For example, if your trading time frame is 240m, you would select the Green (Bullish) for the "strategy". The higher time frame for 240m is daily. Therefore, you can go to the Daily time frame tab and choose Bull under the "Price vs KS" menu option. This will scan for everything that has a green shade on the 240m and price above the green line on the daily time frame.

Furthermore, this option can also be used for pull back trades where you are looking for price to be at the Green line with a Black Cross and/or Purple Dot. To scan for bullish pull backs, you would select the following menu options on the trading time frame:

Strategy: Bull (#4)

Price vs KS: Touch

Price@iMTF: Cross

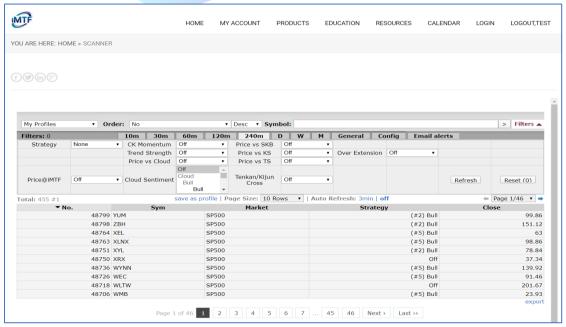


Figure 37: Level 3 subscription Time frame Tab

### Conclusion:

If you have any questions, you can email us at <a href="mailto:info@eiicapital.com">info@eiicapital.com</a>. Follow us on social media and watch our trades.

Our goals are always to improve the process and make it simple. As a result, we will be modifying the indicator, scanner, and documentation as needed to help traders.

With the subscription of the indicator, you will have access to our weekly live webinars and WhatsApp chat room. Both tools will be used to doing the following:

- Discuss losing/winning trades
- Scanning for new opportunities
- Support for the indicator
- Much more

These tools are part of the package so we can support and help you become a successful consistent trader. We have US times along with Europe/Asia times, too. Please email <a href="mailto:info@eiicapital.com">info@eiicapital.com</a> to get details.

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