

# Inspection Checklist: Laser Pointers

#### Does your business sell laser pointers?

**Definition:** A **laser pointer** is a small portable device, usually operated by batteries, that emits a very narrow low-powered laser beam of visible colored light (usually red or green) and is used to highlight something of interest. This is not to be mistaken with a flashlight that usually emits a broad beam of white or yellowish light. If the packaging indicates that it is an "LED" light, it is not a laser pointer.

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. All businesses also must comply with the General Retail Inspection Checklist, which is included at the end for easy reference.

For your convenience, each Requirement includes the relevant section of law and/or rule, so you can refer to it for more information. The KEY below describes the legal citations and symbols used in this checklist.

KEY NYC Code: NYC Administrative Code RCNY: Rules of the City of New York §: Section

Requirement		Do you meet this requirement?
1	It is illegal to sell laser pointers to anyone under 19 years old.	🗆 Yes
	NYC Code §10-134.2(b)	7
Prod	luct Display	
2	Laser pointers must be:	Yes
	<ol> <li>Kept in a display that can only be accessed with help from a store employee.</li> <li>OR</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Kept in a display that is clearly visible from a location where store employees are usually present (for example, a cash register or information counter).</li> <li>OR</li> </ol>	
	3. In manufacturer's packaging that is more than 41 square inches.	
	NYC Code §10-134.2(c)	1
Sign	s and Postings	•
3	If laser pointers are sold or advertised, a notice (Warning Sign) must be posted that states that the sale of laser pointers to anyone under 19 is a misdemeanor.	☐ Yes
	NYC Code §10-134.2(c)	1
4	The Warning Sign must be at least 8.5 by 11 inches and contain the following language in the required font type, size, and boxes.	Yes
	Language: WARNING-LASER POINTERS: Selling or giving a laser pointer to anyone 18 years of age or under is PROHIBITED BY LAW and punishable as a MISDEMEANOR	
	New York City Administrative Code Sec. 10-134.2	
	[Name of Current Commissioner], Commissioner Department of Consumer Affairs	
	[Name of Current Police Commissioner], Commissioner Police Department	
	City of New York [Name of Current Mayor], Mayor	



#### **Inspection Checklist: Laser Pointers**

Requ	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
	<ul> <li>Font Types:</li> <li>Font for Warning text must be in 54-point type.</li> <li>Font for Code Reference text must be 16-point type and italicized.</li> <li>Font for Name and Title of the current Commissioners and "City of New York" must be in 16-point bold type.</li> <li>The remaining text must be in 16-point type and not bold.</li> <li>Boxes:</li> <li>The Warning and Code Reference text must be in the same box.</li> <li>The names and titles of current City officials must be in the same box.</li> </ul>	
	Tip: Download a <u>sample Warning Sign</u> (shown below) from nyc.gov/BusinessToolbox.	
5	6 RCNY §4-10         The Warning Sign must be clearly posted within 10 feet of every cash register so that customers can see it before they pay.	☐ Yes
6	<ul> <li>6 RCNY §4-12</li> <li>The Warning Sign must be posted at each register or at every four if they are next to each other.</li> <li>6 RCNY §4-15</li> </ul>	☐ Yes
7	The Warning Sign must be in English and any other languages that the business uses to attract customers or conduct business. 6 RCNY §4-16	☐ Yes



Consumer Affairs

Lorelei Salas

Commissioner

Bill de Blasio

42 Broadway New York, NY 10004

Mayor

Visit nyc.gov and search "Business Toolbox"

Contact 311 (212) NEW-YORK (Outside NYC)

New York City businesses must comply with all relevant federal, State, and City laws and rules, which are available in DCA's Business Toolbox. Businesses are responsible for knowing and complying with current regulations that affect their business.



Does your business sell goods or services?

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. For your convenience, each Requirement includes the relevant section of law and/or rule, so you can refer to it for more information. The KEY below describes the legal citations and symbols used in this checklist.

KEY
NYC Code: NYC Administrative Code
RCNY: Rules of the City of New York
NY GBL: NY General Business Law
§: Section

Requ	irement	Do you meet this requirement?
Price	Lists for Services	
1	A price list must be displayed and include the following:	□ Yes
	List of the type of services	
	Minimum price for each service	
	<ul> <li>Conditions or variations of service that change the minimum price</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Range of additional charges caused by conditions or variations (e.g., \$10 pants, \$15 pants with pleats)</li> </ul>	
	(if the price is based on an hourly labor rate) Rate as dollars per hour	
	<b>Tip:</b> If the price list states a price "and up" or "from"—e.g., "\$5 and up" or "from \$5"—it must also state the reason(s) for the different prices and include the range of prices.	
	6 RCNY §5-70(a)	
2	The price list must be clearly posted or clearly displayed at the place(s) where payment is made (e.g., near the cash register) and/or where orders are placed.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-70(a)	
3	If there is a sale or promotion, the pre-sale prices must also be posted.	🗆 Yes
	NYC Code §20-750(b)	
4	Prices for services cannot be based on gender.	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> Words like "men's," "women's," and "ladies'" cannot be used to describe the price.	
	NYC Code §20-750(c)	
Pricir	ng for Goods	-
5	All items offered for sale must show a price, exclusive of tax, as follows:	□ Yes
	<ul> <li>The price must be attached to the item by a stamp, tag, or label. OR</li> </ul>	
	• The price must be stated on a sign that is plainly visible where the item is displayed.	
	NYC Code §20-708, NYC Code §20-708.1	1



Requ	lirement	Do you meet this requirement?
6	If your store's annual revenue is more than \$2 million or you are a chain store, you must individually price each item, including food products, paper products, detergents, soaps, nonprescription drugs, and health and beauty aids.	□ Yes
	<i>Exceptions:</i> The following items must be individually priced unless shelf prices and a price look-up function are provided:	
	<ul> <li>Milk</li> <li>Items that are under 3 cubic inches in size, weigh less than 3 ounces, and cost under 1 dollar</li> </ul>	
	• Eggs	
	Fresh produce not packaged for retail sale	
	Products sold through a vending machine	
	Food sold for consumption on the premises	
	<ul> <li>Snack foods offered for sale in single packages that weigh 5 ounces or less, e.g., cakes, gum, candies, chips, and nuts</li> </ul>	
	Cigarettes, cigars, tobacco, and tobacco products	
	Food offered for sale in bulk	
	Frozen juice	
	Ice cream	
	<ul> <li>Frozen foods packaged for final retail sale in plastic bags</li> </ul>	
	• Items on sale for 1 week or less, but only if they are located in a segregated display at the end of the aisle and the sale period, name of the product, and the advertised price are clearly posted on a sign at the point of display	
	Jars of baby food	
	NYC Code §20-708.1(b), NYC Code §20-708.1(c)	
Sign		
7	Sale signs that advertise a price range or percent discount—example: "Savings of 20 to 50%" or "20% to 50% off"—must state the minimum and maximum percentages in equal size.	☐ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-94(a)(1)	



Requirement		Do you meet this requirement?
8	<ul> <li>Advertising, including sale signs, cannot contain any of the following phrases:</li> <li>"Our list price"</li> <li>Below "manufacturer's wholesale cost"</li> <li>"Manufacturer's cost"</li> </ul> 6 RCNY §5-101	□ Yes
9	Businesses that sell goods and services must post a refund policy sign.	□ Yes
IJ	<b>Tip:</b> A refund policy sign must be posted at each register, point of sale, or entrance, or attached to each item.	
	<b>Tip:</b> Even if the policy is not to give refunds, a sign must be posted stating "No Refunds."	
	<b>Tip:</b> The sign must state that a written copy of the store's refund policy is available on request.	
	6 RCNY §5-37; NY GBL §218-a	
10	The refund policy sign must state any and all conditions or limitations to getting a refund. For example, it must state:	□ Yes
	<ul> <li>Any fees charged for refunds, such as "restocking fees"</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>If a refund will not be provided for "as is" or "sale" items</li> </ul>	
	Whether the refund will be in cash, credit, or store credit only	
	If proof of purchase is required for a refund	
	If a refund will be provided at any time or within a specific period of time	
	6 RCNY §5-37; NY GBL §218-a	
11	If there are limitations on using credit cards, such as minimum purchase amounts, the policy must be clearly posted at or near each entrance and in all advertising that indicates credit cards are accepted.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-24(b)	
Rece	eipts	Λ.
12	Receipts must be given to customers for purchases over \$20 and upon request for purchases between \$5 and \$20.	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> This does not apply to food and drink that is meant to be consumed on the premises.	
	6 RCNY §5-32	
13	The receipt must include each of the following:	□ Yes
	Date of purchase	
	Amount paid for each item	
	Total amount paid	
	Separate statement of tax	
	Business name and address	
	6 RCNY §5-32(c)	



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
14	Receipts for audio, photographic, and video equipment that cost more than \$100 must also include the make and model number of the item.	🗆 Yes
	6 RCNY §5-32(c)(5)	
Price	e Accuracy	
15	The price charged for an item at checkout, including scanned items, must not exceed the item's tagged, stamped, or marked price, shelf price, sale price, or advertised price.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-708.1(d), NYC Code §20-708.1(e)	
16	Tax cannot be charged on tax-exempt items.	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> Examples of tax-exempt items include but are not limited to: feminine hygiene products, canned vegetables, baby food, clothing under \$110, diapers, nonprescription or over-the-counter drugs, contraceptives.	
	<b>Tip:</b> Check with the <u>New York State Department of Taxation and Finance</u> for a complete list of which items are exempt.	
	6 RCNY §5-41	
Laya	way Plans	•
17	A "layaway plan" means a purchase over \$50 where consumers agree to pay for the purchase in 4 or more installments before getting the merchandise. If a layaway plan is offered, each of the following written disclosures must be provided to consumers prior to accepting any payments:	□ Yes
	• Description of the item, including name of manufacturer, brand name, color, size, style, or model number	
	• Total cost of the item, including tax, installation, delivery, or freight charges	
	Any charge to use layaway, including any service charge, carrying charge, or cancellation fee	
	Duration of the layaway plan	
	Payment schedule and any consequences of missed payments	
	Refund policy regarding the payments	
	• Notice of where the item is being stored, if other than the place of purchase, or if the item will not be removed from inventory until additional payments are made:	
	<i>Example 1:</i> NOTICE: NO MERCHANDISE WILL BE REMOVED FROM INVENTORY UNTIL X% OF THE PURCHASE PRICE HAS BEEN PAID.	
	Example 2: ATTENTION: YOUR SELECTION OF MERCHANDISE WILL NOT BE ORDERED UNTIL YOU HAVE MADE YOUR NEXT TO FINAL PAYMENT.	
	6 RCNY §5-23; NY GBL §396-t	]



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Expi	red Over-the-counter Medication	
18	It is illegal to sell over-the-counter medication after the expiration date on the label.	🗆 Yes
	NYC Code §20-822(a)	
Cas	h Payments	
19	Your store cannot refuse to accept cash payments from consumers.	□ Yes
	Exceptions:	
	Your store may refuse bills above \$20.	
	<ul> <li>Your store may refuse cash payments for telephone, mail, or internet-based transactions, unless the transaction takes place in the store.</li> </ul>	
	Your store may accept prepaid cards from an on-site device that converts cash into prepaid cards, but only if:	
	<ul> <li>The device does not charge a fee for the prepaid card or require a minimum deposit above \$1.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Upon request, the device provides the consumer with a receipt stating the amount of cash the consumer deposited onto the prepaid card.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Cash deposits onto the prepaid card do not expire.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>There is no limit on the number of transactions a consumer can complete with the prepaid card.</li> </ul>	
	You must clearly post a sign on or immediately next to the device when it is not working that states your store is required to accept cash payments and consumers may report violations by calling 311.	
	NYC Code §20-840	
20	Your store cannot charge a consumer who pays in cash a higher price for the same "consumer commodity" than a consumer who pays by credit card or other cashless transaction.	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> "Consumer commodity" means any article, good, merchandise, product, or commodity of any kind that is produced, distributed, or offered for retail sale.	
	NYC Code §20-840(c)	1



Bill de Blasio Mayor

42 Broadway New York, NY 10004 Visit nyc.gov and<br/>search "BusinessCoToolbox"(21

d **Contact 311** (212) NEW-YORK (Outside NYC)

Lorelei Salas

Commissioner

This document is provided for informational purposes only, is not exhaustive, and does not constitute legal advice. New York City businesses must comply with all relevant federal, State, and City laws and rules. Businesses are responsible for knowing and complying with current regulations that affect their business.