

# MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD.

## Installation and Service Manual

**AHW-Series**  
Hydronic Air Handler  
Model Size 65

### *Hydronic Air Handler (Fan Coil Unit)*



Maritime Geothermal Ltd.  
P.O. Box 2555  
Petitcodiac, N.B. E4Z 6H4  
Ph. (506) 756-8135

Email: [info@nordicghp.com](mailto:info@nordicghp.com)  
Web: [www.nordicghp.com](http://www.nordicghp.com)  
Document Number: 001480MAN-01



## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



**WARNING:** Ensure all access panels are in place and properly secured before applying power to the unit. Failure to do so may cause risk of electrical shock.

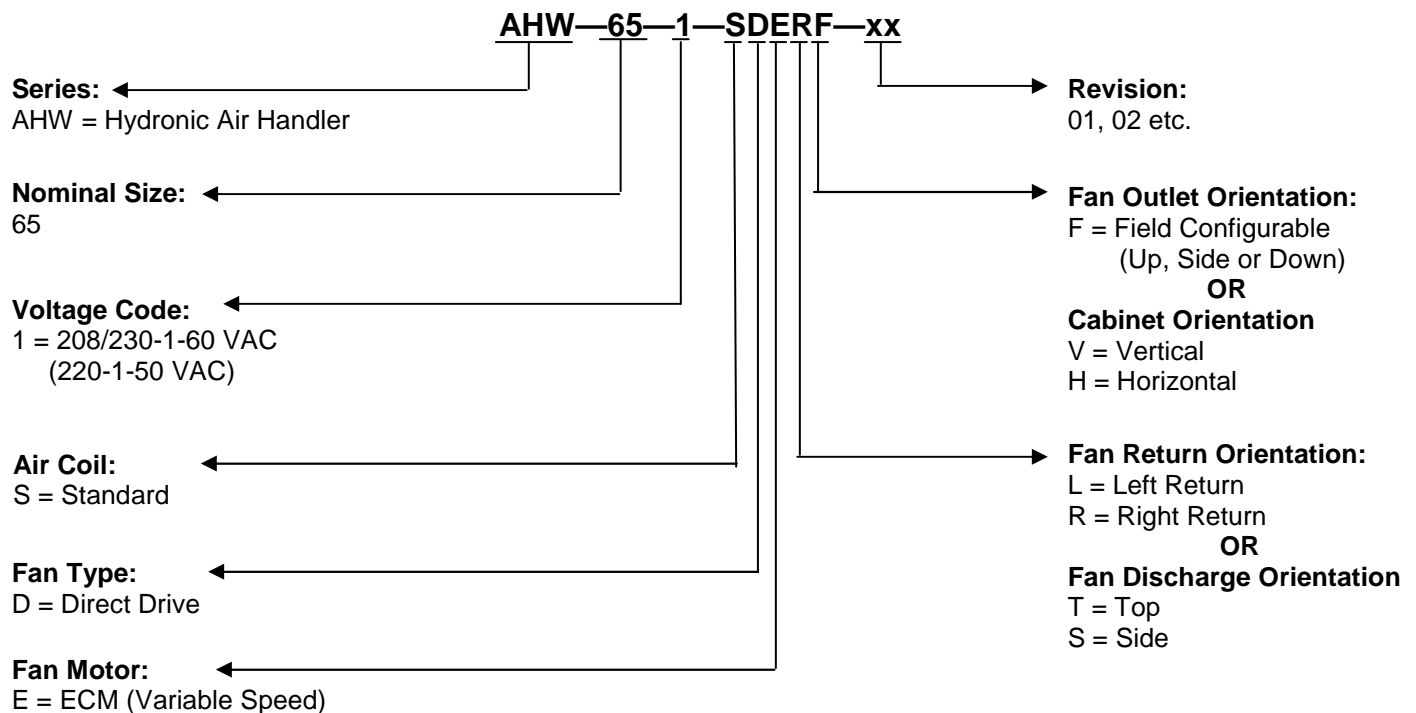
**WARNING:** Before performing service or maintenance on the heat pump system, ensure all power sources are DISCONNECTED. Electrical shock can cause serious personal injury or death.

**WARNING:** Heat pump systems contain refrigerant under high pressure and as such can be hazardous to work on. Only qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service the heat pump.

**CAUTION:** Safety glasses and work gloves should be worn at all times whenever a heat pump is serviced. A fire extinguisher and proper ventilation should be present whenever brazing is performed.

**CAUTION:** Venting refrigerant to atmosphere is illegal. A proper refrigerant recovery system must be employed whenever repairs require removal of refrigerant from the heat pump.

## MODEL NOMENCLATURE



APPLICATION TABLE						
SIZE	VOLTAGE	FAN/CASE	REVISIONS			
65	1	SDEL SDERF SDETV SDESH	01			
This manual applies only to the models and revisions listed in this table						

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# Installation Information

## UNIT DESCRIPTION

The AHW-Series unit is a high efficiency hydronic air handler that can be used to provide air heating or cooling from a hydronic source, such as a water to water heat pump.

An electrically commutated (ECM) fan with several speed options is standard. The motor has a soft start function for improved efficiency and reduced wear.

The unit has several key features that are described in the specifications document for the particular heat pump. Please request a copy if desired or visit [www.nordicghp.com](http://www.nordicghp.com)

## UNPACKING THE UNIT

When the air handler reaches its destination it should be unpacked to determine if any damage has occurred during shipment. Any visible damage should be noted on the carrier's freight bill and a suitable claim filed at once. The air handler is well constructed and every effort has been made to ensure that it will arrive intact, however it is in the customer's best interest to examine the unit thoroughly when it arrives.

## OPTIMUM PLACEMENT

The air handler should be centrally located in the home with respect to the conditioned space in order to provide even air distribution. This design provides the utmost in economy and comfort and usually can be accomplished in harmony with the design of the home. A heating system cannot be expected to produce an even warmth throughout the household when it is located at one end of the structure and the warm air is transmitted with uninsulated metal ductwork.

If possible the access panels should remain clear of obstruction for a distance of **two feet** to facilitate servicing and general maintenance.

Raising the air handler off the floor a few inches is generally a good practice since this will prevent rusting of the bottom panel of the unit. We recommend that the air handler be placed on a piece of 2" thick styrofoam. The styrofoam will smooth out any irregularities in the cement floor.

The air handler comes equipped with an air-filter rack which can be installed with the removable end (where the filter is inserted) on either side to facilitate changing the filter.

## ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The air handler has a concentric 1.093" / 0.875" knockout for power supply connection to the electrical box, as well as one spare knockout. There are two 1/2" openings with plastic grommets (grommet hole is 3/8") in the upper section of the electrical box, one for the thermostat connections, and one for the optional plenum heater connections.

A schematic diagram (SCH) can be found inside the electrical box cover of the unit as well as in the [Model Specific Information](#) section of this manual. The Electrical Tables in the [Model Specific Information](#) section and the SCH diagram contain information about the size of wire for the connections, as well as the recommended breaker size.

**NOTE:** A properly qualified electrician should be retained to make the connections to the heat pump and associated controls. The connections to the heat pump **MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL CODES**. Electrical code requirements shall supersede the recommendations of this manual.

Connect 208VAC or 230VAC single phase power to the **POWER** terminal strip in the left side of the electrical box. If using 208VAC, the control transformer wiring must be changed as indicated in the [CONTROL TRANSFORMER](#) section of this manual. Refer to [TABLE 8](#) in the [ELECTRICAL TABLES](#) section of this manual for recommended wire and breaker sizes. The Electrical Diagram is located in the [Model Specific Information](#) section of this manual

## THERMOSTAT REQUIREMENTS

The AHW-Series unit is compatible with a single stage thermostat or two stage thermostat if a plenum heater is installed. The schematic diagram on the electrical box cover provides a description of the signal connections as does [TABLE 1](#).

TABLE 1 - Control Signal Description	
Signal	Description
C	24VAC Common (Ground)
R	24VAC Hot
G	Air recirculation mode (Fan low speed*)
Y	Unit operation (Fan normal speed*)
W <sub>2</sub>	Auxiliary heat / Emergency Heat
AR	24VAC Source for AR+ / AR- pins*
AR+	Airflow Adjustment*
AR-	Airflow Adjustment*
V	Zone Valve Common (optional)
V1	Zone Valve 24VAC (optional)
C	Plenum Heater Dry Contact (optional)
1	Plenum Heater Dry Contact (optional)
* Refer to <a href="#">TABLE 2</a> for airflow values.	

## PLUMBING CONNECTIONS

The unit is equipped with 1" brass FPT fittings for water line connections. The ports are labeled **INDOOR IN** and **INDOOR OUT**. Connect the **IN** port to the supply header and connect the **OUT** port to the return header. Connect to the unit using standard plumbing techniques.

## ZONE VALVE AND/OR CIRCULATOR

If there are multiple zones in the system then it is recommended that a zone valve be placed in the **OUT** line close to the unit. A 24VAC powered zone valve may be connected to the V and V1 terminals on the terminal strip for automatic operation.

If individual zone circulators are used instead of or in combination with zone valves, a 115VAC or 230VAC circulator may be connected to the Zone Circulator terminal strip in the unit (if applicable) for automatic operation. Ground may be connected to the ground terminal of the **POWER** terminal strip.

## AIRFLOW SELECTION

The air flow can be set to six (6) different nominal levels by via different combinations of the tap position of the Air Flow Select board and the jumper configuration of the AR terminals located in the electrical box. The airflow values are indicated in **TABLE 2**. Units are shipped with the tap on the **LOW** position and a jumper wire from AR to AR-, providing a default airflow value of 1000cfm, select the desired tap during installation. Set

TABLE 2 - Airflow Selections		
AIRFLOW cfm(L/s)	AIRFLOW SELECT TAP	AR JUMPER CONFIGURATION
1000 (472)	LOW	AR to AR-
1200 (566)	LOW	NONE
1500 (708)	MED	NONE
1800 (850)	HIGH	NONE
2100 (991)	MAX	NONE
2400 (1133)	MAX	AR to AR+

the airflow according to the desired capacity from the capacity tables in the **Model Specific Information** section of this manual.

## FAN MOTOR

The unit is equipped with a direct drive ECM fan motor for maximum efficiency. The motor features a soft start which further improves efficiency by eliminating inrush current and provides a smooth, quiet ramp up to speed. The motor will maintain the programmed air flow up to a maximum external static value of 0.70" of water for the airflows indicated in **TABLE 2**.

## FAN RETURN ORIENTATION

The AHW-Series heat pump can be ordered as a left or right hand return from the factory. This must be specified at time of order as the physical construction of the two configurations is different. Refer to the specification documents for more details.

## FAN OUTLET ORIENTATION

The AHW-Series heat pumps have a field configurable fan. It's default location from the factory is in the top of the unit, providing a "ninety" in the airflow. It can easily be placed in the side of the unit for straight through airflow.

To switch the location of the fan outlet follow these simple steps:

1. Turn the power of to the unit.
2. Remove the screws that holds the side (or bottom) access panel in place and remove the access panel by pulling up on the handle and then outward from the bottom.
3. Disconnect the two wire harnesses and ground wire from the fan motor.
4. Repeat step 2 for the access panel with the fan mounted in it. Set the assembly on the floor.
5. Disconnect the plenum heater extension from the fan housing and from the access panel.
6. Mount the fan housing directly to the access panel.
7. Install the fan/panel in the new location and secure with the screws.
8. Reconnect both harnesses and ground wire.
9. Install the remaining access panel and secure with the remaining screws.

## CONTROL TRANSFORMER

The low voltage controls are powered by a 75VA class II transformer. The transformer has a resettable breaker on the secondary side for circuit protection. Should the breaker trip, locate and correct the problem and then reset the breaker by pressing in on it.

**NOTE:** For 208/230VAC-1-60 units, if connecting to 208VAC power supply move the red wire connected to the 240 terminal of the transformer to the 208 terminal of the transformer.

# Sizing and Ductwork

## HYDRONIC AIR HANDLER SIZING

Once the total heat loss has been calculated for the space, the AHW-Series unit can be sized using the Capacity Ratings in conjunction with the minimum expected entering liquid temperature. The hydronic air handler output must be able to match the total heat loss at the selected entering water temperature in order to provide a comfortable environment with minimal auxiliary heat. The tables can be found in the [Model Specific Information](#) section

## DUCT SYSTEMS - GENERAL

Ductwork layout for a heat pump or air handler system will differ from traditional hot air furnace design in the number of leads and size of main trunks required. Air temperature leaving the unit is normally **90° -105°F (32-40°C)**, much cooler than that of a conventional warm air furnace. To compensate for this, larger volumes of lower temperature air must be moved and consequently duct sizing must be able to accommodate the greater air flow without creating a high static pressure or high velocity at the floor diffusers.

A duct system capable of supplying the required air flow is of utmost importance. Maritime Geothermal Ltd. recommends that the static pressure be kept below 0.2 inches of water total. In some instances the number of floor diffusers will actually double when compared to the number that would be used for a hot air oil-fired furnace. Refer to **TABLE 4** at the end of this section.

1. Generally allow **100 cfm** for each floor grill.
2. All leads to the grills should be 6" in diameter (28sq.in. each).
3. The main hot air trunks should be at least 75% of the square surface area of leads being fed at any given point.
4. Return air grills should have a minimum of the same total square surface area as the total of the supply grills.
5. The square surface area of the return trunks should equal the square surface area of the grills being handled at any given point along the trunk.

It is **VERY IMPORTANT** that all turns in both the supply trunks and the return trunks be made with **TURNING RADII**. Air act like a fluid and, just like water, pressure drop is increased when air is forced to change direction rapidly around a sharp or irregular corner.

It is recommended that flexible collars be used to connect the main trunks to the heat pump. This helps prevent any vibrations from travelling down the ductwork. If a plenum heater is installed, the collar should be at least 12" away from the heater elements.

The first 5-10 feet of the main supply trunks should be insulated with acoustical duct insulation to further inhibit any noise from the unit from travelling down the ductwork. If a plenum heater is installed, insulation should not be placed within 12" of the heater elements.

**Drawing 001507CDG** shows a typical installation.

## DUCT SYSTEMS - GRILL LAYOUT

Most forced air heating systems in homes have the floor grills placed around the perimeter of the room to be heated. Supply grills should be placed under a window when possible to help prevent condensation on the window. As mentioned in the previous sub-section, supply grill leads should be 6" in diameter (28 sq.in. each) to allow **100cfm** of air flow.

In a typical new construction, there should be one supply grill for every 100sq.ft. of area in the room. When rooms require more than one grill, they should be placed in a manner that promotes even heat distribution, such as one at each end of the room. It is always a good idea to place a damper in each grill supply or place adjustable grills so that any imbalances in the heat distribution can be corrected.

The total number of supply grills available is based on the unit nominal airflow. Once the airflow value is selected (refer to **Table 2**), divide this value by 100 to obtain the recommended number of supply grills. The airflow Return grills should be mounted on the floor. At minimum they should be the same size as the supply grill, **it is highly recommended that they be 25% to 50% larger than the total supply**. They should be placed opposite the supply grills when possible to ensure distribution across the room. For rooms requiring more than one supply grill, it may be possible to use one larger return grill if it can be centrally positioned opposite of the supply grills, however it is preferred to have one return for each supply to maximize heat distribution across the room.

## THERMOSTAT LOCATION

The thermostat should be centrally located within the space. It should be placed away from any supply grills, and should not be positioned directly above a return grill. Most installations have the thermostat located in a hallway, or in the inner wall of the living room. It should be noted that most homes do not have any supply ducts in the hallway. This can lead to a temperature lag at the thermostat if there is very little air movement in the hallway, causing the home to be warmer than indicated by the thermostat.



## PLENUM HEATER (OPTIONAL)

For installations that do not already have a backup heat source such as electric baseboard, wood stove, propane etc, it is recommended that a plenum heater be installed. This provides two functions.

The first function of the plenum heater is to act as an auxiliary heat source. As such it will provide additional heat on extremely cold days if the heat pump is unable to bring the home temperature up quickly enough, eliminating any discomfort to the homeowner.

The second function of the plenum heater is to provide emergency heat should a problem occur that causes the heat pump to be locked out. This can be engaged by setting the thermostat to emergency heat, allowing the plenum heater to function while preventing the heat pump from operating. Should the heat pump fail while the home is vacant, the auxiliary function of the thermostat will maintain the temperature setting of the thermostat.

**INSTALLATION—Fan outlet at top of unit:** The heat pump comes equipped with an internal mounting location for the plenum heater. Remove the screws from the cover plate, remove the cover plate and place the plenum heater in the hole. Secure it in place with the cover plate screws. Use the indicated knock-outs on the heat pump case for electrical connections.

**When installation is complete, check the appropriate box of the label on the air handler door to indicate which size heater was installed.**

**INSTALLATION—Fan outlet at side of unit:** The plenum heater should be installed in the supply duct in a manner that allows all of the airflow to pass through it to prevent any hot spots in the heater elements. Ensure that the plenum heater is mounted in an approved position as per its instructions.

Only two control wires are needed to connect the plenum heater to the heat pump terminal strip. Refer to the label on the plenum heater or the electrical box diagram on the inside of the electrical box cover of the **compressor unit** for details on the connections.

**The plenum heater requires its own separate power supply.** **TABLE 3** shows the available plenum heater sizes along with the minimum airflow requirement, wire size and breaker size needed to provide power to the plenum heater. It is recommended that a plenum heater large enough to meet the heat load of the space be selected in order to provide proper backup heating capacity.

<b>TABLE 3 - Plenum Heater Sizing</b>	
<b>Size (kW)</b>	<b>Minimum Airflow Cfm (L/s)</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>1000 (472)</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>1200 (566)</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>1500 (708)</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>1800 (850)</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>2100 (991)</b>

## CONDENSATE DRAIN

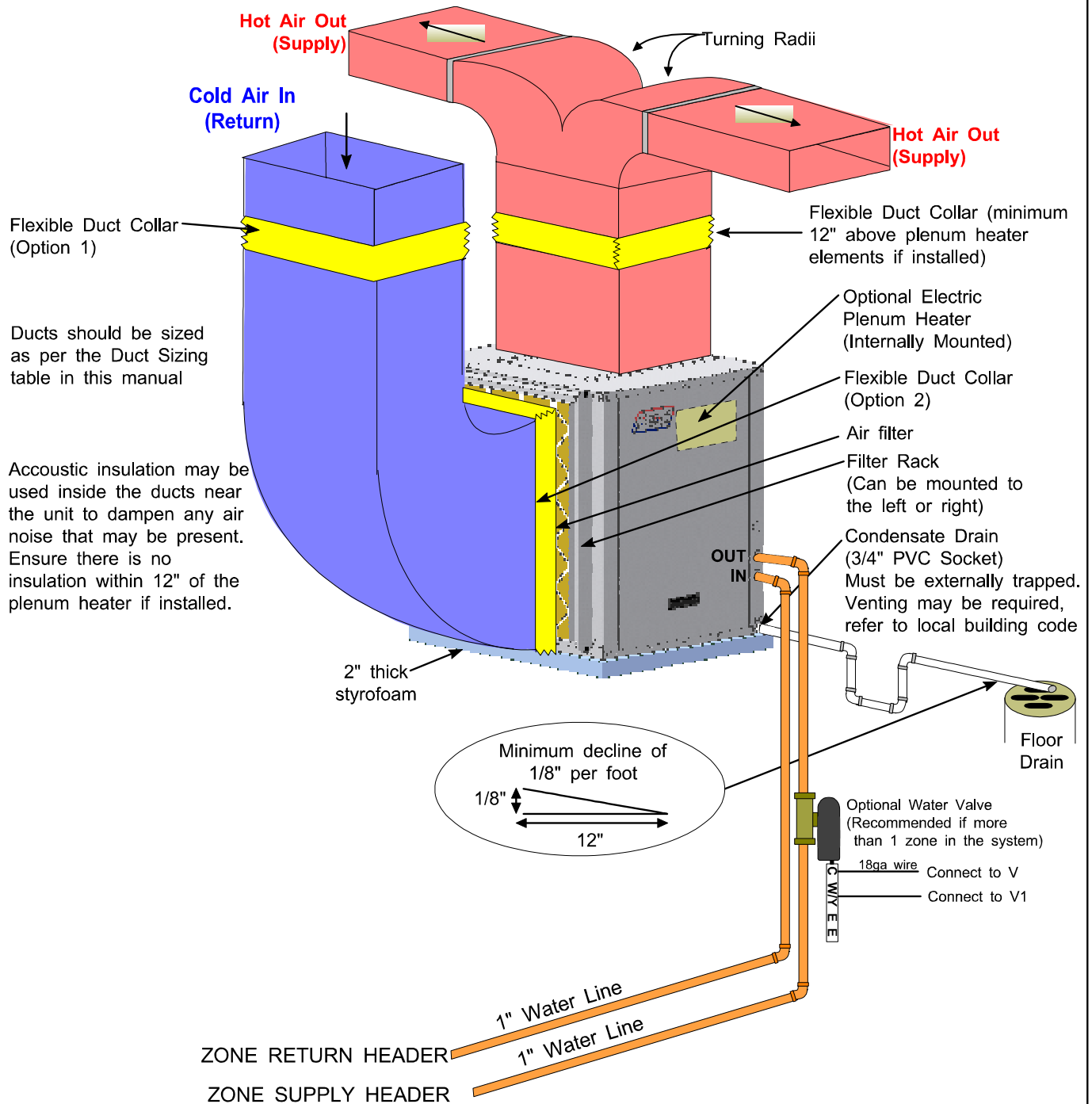
The unit comes equipped with a 3/4" PVC socket fitting (female) labeled "Condensate Drain". This drain allows the condensate which forms during the air-conditioning cycle to be removed from the unit. The drain should be connected as per local codes. During high humidity weather, there could be as much as 25 gallons of water formed per day.

Care should be taken in the spring to ensure that this pipe is not plugged with dust that has collected during the winter causing the condensate to overflow into the bottom of the heat pump and onto the floor. **The condensate drain must be externally trapped. Proper venting is required external to the heat pump. Refer to local codes to ensure the installation is done properly.**

**Drawing 001507CDG** shows a typical installation.



## Typical AHW-Series Duct and Condensate Connections (Modular Case)



					Drawn By Chris Geddes	Date 11 JUL 11	<b>MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD.</b>		170 Plantation Rd. Petitcodiac, NB E4Z 6H4			
					Checked By Chris Geddes	Date 11 JUL 11						
					Approved By (ENG) Chris Geddes	Date 11 JUL 11	Drawing Name Typical AHW-Series					
					Approved By (MFG)	Date						
01	Initial Release	C. GEDDES	C. GEDDES	11 JUL 11	Approved By	Date	Size A		Drawing Number 001507CDG		REV 01	SHEET 1 of 1
REV	ECO #	IMPL BY	APVD BY	DATE								

**TABLE 4 - Duct Sizing Guide (external static of 0.20"H2O)**

Airflow (CFM)	Minimum Duct Area (sq.in)	Diameter (in)	Rectangular Equivalents (in)						Return Air Diameter (in)	Airflow (L/s)
37	20	5	2.25 x 10	3 x 8	3.5 x 6	4 x 5.5	5 x 5		← 5	17
63	20	5	2.25 x 10	3 x 8	3.5 x 6	4 x 5.5	5 x 5		↗ 6	30
100	28	6	3.25 x 10	4 x 8	5 x 6	5.5 x 5.5	6 x 6		← ↗ 7	47
152	38	7	3.25 x 14	4 x 11	5 x 8.5	6 x 7	6.5 x 6.5		← ↗ 8	72
212	50	8	4 x 15	5 x 12	6 x 10	7 x 8	8 x 8		← ↗ 9	100
226	50	8	4 x 15	5 x 12	6 x 10	7 x 8	8 x 8		↗ 10	107
277	64	9	5 x 15	6 x 12	7 x 10	8 x 9	8.5 x 8.5		← ↗ 10	131
304	64	9	5 x 15	6 x 12	7 x 10	8 x 9	8.5 x 8.5		↗ 12	143
393	79	10	6 x 15	7 x 13	8 x 11	9 x 10	9.5 x 9.5		← ↗ 12	185
411	113	12	7 x 18	8 x 16	9 x 14	10 x 12	11 x 11		← ↗ 12	194
655	113	12	7 x 18	8 x 16	9 x 14	10 x 12	11 x 11		↗ 14	309
680	154	14	8 x 22	9 x 19	10 x 17	11 x 15	12 x 14	13 x 13	← ↗ 14	321
995	154	14	8 x 22	9 x 19	10 x 17	11 x 15	12 x 14	13 x 13	↗ 16	470
1325	201	16	8 x 30	10 x 22	12 x 18	14 x 16	15 x 15		← ↗ 18	625
1450	201	16	8 x 30	10 x 22	12 x 18	14 x 16	15 x 15		↗ 20	684
1750	254	18	8 x 40	10 x 30	12 x 24	14 x 20	16 x 17	16.5 x 16.5	← ↗ 20	826
2000	254	18	8 x 40	10 x 30	12 x 24	14 x 20	16 x 17	16.5 x 16.5	↗ 22	944
2250	314	20	10 x 38	12 x 30	14 x 26	16 x 22	18 x 19	18.5 x 18.5	← ↗ 22	1062
2600	314	20	10 x 38	12 x 30	14 x 26	16 x 22	18 x 19	18.5 x 18.5	↗ 24	1227
2900	380	22	12 x 36	14 x 30	16 x 26	18 x 23	20 x 20		← ↗ 24	1369
3400	380	22	12 x 36	14 x 30	16 x 26	18 x 23	20 x 20		↗ 26	1605
3600	452	24	14 x 38	16 x 32	18 x 28	20 x 25	22 x 22		← ↗ 26	1699
4300	452	24	14 x 38	16 x 32	18 x 28	20 x 25	22 x 22		↗ 28	2029
5250	531	26	16 x 38	18 x 32	20 x 30	22 x 24	24 x 24		← ↗ 30	2478
6125	616	28	18 x 38	20 x 34	22 x 30	24 x 28	26 x 26		← ↗ 32	2891
6500	616	28	18 x 38	20 x 34	22 x 30	24 x 28	26 x 26		↗ 34	3068
7250	707	30	20 x 40	22 x 38	24 x 32	26 x 30	28 x 28		← ↗ 34	3422
7800	707	30	20 x 40	22 x 38	24 x 32	26 x 30	28 x 28		↗ 36	3681
8500	804	32	22 x 40	24 x 38	26 x 34	28 x 32	30 x 30		← ↗ 36	4012
9200	804	32	22 x 40	24 x 38	26 x 34	28 x 32	30 x 30		↗ 38	4342
9800	908	34	24 x 42	25 x 40	26 x 38	28 x 34	30 x 32	31 x 31	← ↗ 38	4625
10900	908	34	24 x 42	25 x 40	26 x 38	28 x 34	30 x 32	31 x 31	↗ 40	5144
			28 x 40	30 x 36	32 x 34	33 x 33			← ↗	
			30 x 42	32 x 38	34 x 36	35 x 35			← ↗	
			30 x 45	34 x 40	36 x 38	37 x 37			← ↗	

# Startup Procedure

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The following steps describe how to perform the startup procedure of the geothermal heat pump.

The AHW-Series Startup Record located in this manual is used in conjunction with this startup procedure to provide a detailed record of the installation. A completed copy should be left on site, a copy kept on file by the installer and a copy should be sent to Maritime Geothermal Ltd.

Check the boxes or fill in the data as each step is completed. For data boxes, circle the appropriate units. Fill in the top section of all three copies, or one copy if photocopies can be made after the startup has been completed.

## PRE-START INSPECTION

### Ductwork:

1. Verify that all ductwork has been completed and is firmly attached to the unit. Verify that any dampers or diverters are properly set for operation of the heat pump.
2. Verify that all registers are open and clear of any objects that would restrict the airflow.
3. Verify that a new air filter is installed and the cover is secured.
4. Verify the condensate drain is connected, properly vented and free of debris.
5. If a plenum heater has been installed, verify that it is securely fastened.

### Hydronic Loop:

1. Verify that all shutoff valves are fully open and there are no restrictions in the piping from the zone headers to the unit, and that full flow is available to the unit.
2. Verify that the entire system has been flooded and all the air has been purged as much as possible. Further purging may be required after the system has been operating for a while.
3. Verify that the loop contains the proper mix of antifreeze for the intended application if applicable. Record the type of antifreeze and the mixture value on the startup sheet; circle % Vol. or % Weight.
4. Record the static loop pressure on the startup sheet.

### Electrical:

1. **Ensure the power to the unit is off. Ensure the power to the plenum heater is off if equipped.**
2. Verify all high voltage connections. Ensure that there are no stray wire strands, all connections are tight and the ground wire is connected tightly to the ground connector for the heat pump and plenum heater.
3. Record the fuse / circuit breaker size and wire gauge for the air handler. Record the fuse / circuit breaker size, wire gauge and size of the plenum heater if installed.
4. Verify that the control connections to the thermostat and plenum heater (if installed) and zone valve (if installed) are properly connected and all control signals are off, so that the unit will not start up when the power is turned on.
5. Ensure all access panels except the one that provides access to the electrical box are in place.

## UNIT STARTUP

The unit is now ready to be started. The steps below outline the procedure for starting the unit and verifying proper operation of the unit. **It is recommended that safety glasses be worn during the following procedures.**

### Preparation:

1. Turn the power on to the hydronic air handler and set the thermostat to OFF. Set up the thermostat as per the instructions provided with it so that it will function properly with the heat pump system (set for heat pump, not for heating and cooling). The O signal should be set to active in cooling mode.
2. Measure the following voltages on the terminal block and record them on the startup sheet: L1-L2.

### Heating Mode:

1. **Ensure the heating source is operational and the zone supply water has reached the desired temperature.**
2. Set the thermostat to heating mode and adjust the setpoint to activate Stage 1 and Stage 2 (if applicable). The fan should slowly ramp up to speed after the time delay of the thermostat expires (if applicable) and the zone valve (if installed) will open to allow water flow to the unit (allow 10-30 seconds for the valve to open)
3. Record the following after 10 minutes of runtime:
  1. Duct Return temperature (poke a small hole in the flex collar and insert probe in airstream)
  2. Duct Supply temperature (poke a small hole in the flex collar and insert probe in airstream)
  3. Duct Delta T (ideally between **22-32°F, 12-18°C** but depends significantly on entering liquid temperature)
  4. Indoor Loop In temperature
  5. Indoor Loop Out temperature
  6. Indoor Delta T
4. Adjust the thermostat setpoint to the desired room temperature and let the unit run through a cycle. Ensure the unit shuts off at the end of the cycle, (fan and zone valve if installed)
6. **If a plenum heater is installed**, remove the electrical cover from the plenum heater. Place a current clamp meter around one of the supply wires. Turn on the power to the plenum heater. Adjust the thermostat setpoint to at least **85°F (29°C)**. Verify that the current draw increase as each stage is activated. (10kW has 2 stages, 15kW has 3 stages and 20kW has 4 stages).

### Cooling Mode:

1. **Ensure the cooling source is operational and the zone supply water has reached the desired temperature.**
2. Set the thermostat to cooling mode and adjust the setpoint to activate Stage 1 and Stage 2.
3. Record the following after 10 minutes of runtime:
  3. Duct Return temperature
  4. Duct Supply Out temperature
  5. Duct Delta T
  6. Indoor Loop In temperature
  7. Indoor Loop Out temperature
  8. Indoor Delta T
4. Adjust the thermostat setpoint to the desired room temperature if possible, otherwise set it just low enough to allow the unit to run (ie 1°F (0.5°C) less than room temperature) and let the unit run through a cycle. Ensure the unit shuts off at the end of the cycle, (fan and zone valve if installed)

### Final Inspection:

1. Turn the power off to the unit (and plenum heater if installed) and remove all test equipment.
2. Install the electrical box cover and the access panel on the unit.
3. Do a final check for leaks in the ground water / ground loop system and ensure the area is clean.
4. Turn the power on to the unit and the plenum heater if installed. Set the thermostat to the final settings.

### Startup Record:

1. The installer shall sign and date the Startup Record and have the homeowner sign as well. The installer shall leave the Startup Record with the homeowner, retain a copy for filing and send a copy to Maritime Geothermal Ltd. for warranty registration.

## Startup Record —AHW-Series

Installation Site		Startup Date	Installer	
City			Company	
Province			Model	
Country			Serial #	
Homeowner Name		Homeowner Phone #		

**Check boxes unless asked to record data. Circle data units.**

### PRE-START INSPECTION

<b>Ductwork</b>	Ductwork is completed, dampers/ diverters are adjusted										
	Registers are open and clear of objects										
	Air filter and end cap are installed										
	Condensate Drain is connected, properly vented and free of debris										
	Plenum heater is securely fastened (if applicable)										
<b>Hydronic Loop</b>	All shut-off valve are open (full flow available)										
	Loop is full and purged of air										
	Antifreeze type (if applicable)										
	Antifreeze concentration		% Volume	% Weight							
	Loop static pressure		PSI	kPa							
<b>Electrical</b>	High voltage connections are correct and securely fastened										
	Circuit breaker (or fuse) size and wire gauge for Heat Pump						A		Ga.		
	Circuit breaker (or fuse) size, wire gauge, and Plenum Heater size						A		Ga.		kW
	Low voltage connections are correct and securely fastened										

### STARTUP DATA

<b>Preparation</b>	Voltage across L1 and L2		VAC				
<b>Heating Mode (10 minutes)</b>	Duct Return, Duct Supply, and Delta T		In		Out		°F °C
	Indoor In, Indoor Out, and Delta T		In		Out		°F °C
	Fan current (black wire)		A				
	Fan shuts off and zone valve closes (if applicable)		Fan off		Valve Closed		
<b>Cooling Mode (10 minutes)</b>	Duct Return, Duct Supply, and Delta T		In		Out		°F °C
	Indoor In, Indoor Out, and Delta T		In		Out		°F °C
	Fan shuts off and zone valve closes (if applicable)		Fan off		Valve Closed		

<b>Date:</b>		<b>Installer Signature:</b>		<b>Homeowner Signature:</b>	
A total of three copies are required, one for the homeowner, one for the installer and on to be sent to Maritime Geothermal Ltd.					

# General Maintenance

GENERAL MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE		
Item	Interval	Procedure
Air Filter	6 months	Inspect for dirt. Replace if necessary.
Condensate Drain	1 year	Inspect for clogs. Remove and clean if necessary.

# Troubleshooting Guide

The following steps are for troubleshooting the geothermal heat pump. If the problem is with the domestic hot water or the plenum heater, proceed to those sections at the end of the troubleshooting guide. Repair procedures and reference refrigeration circuit diagrams can be found at the end of the troubleshooting guide.

**STEP 1:** Verify that the display is present on the thermostat. If it is not, proceed to POWER SUPPLY TROUBLE SHOOTING, otherwise proceed to STEP 2.

**STEP 2:** If a 24VAC signal does not appear across Y2 and C of the terminal strip within 6 minutes, proceed to the THERMOSTAT TROUBLESHOOTING section, otherwise proceed to the FAN TROUBLE SHOOTING section.

POWER SUPPLY TROUBLESHOOTING			
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action
No power to the unit	Disconnect switch open (if installed)	Verify disconnect switch is in the ON position.	Determine why the disconnect switch was opened, if all is OK close the switch.
	Fuse blown / Breaker Tripped.	At heat pump disconnect box, voltmeter shows 230VAC on the line side but not on the load side.	Reset breaker or replace fuse with proper size and type. (Time-delay type "D")
No display on thermostat.	Transformer breaker tripped.	Breaker on transformer is sticking out.	Push breaker back in. If it trips again locate cause of short circuit and correct.
	Faulty transformer	Transformer breaker is not tripped, 230VAC is present across L1 and L3 of the compressor contactor but 24VAC is not present across R <sub>H</sub> and C of the terminal strip.	Replace transformer.
	Faulty wiring between heat pump and thermostat.	24VAC is not present across C and R(R <sub>H</sub> ) of the thermostat.	Correct the wiring.
	Faulty Thermostat.	24VAC is present across C and R (R <sub>H</sub> ) of the thermostat but thermostat has no display.	Replace thermostat.

THERMOSTAT TROUBLESHOOTING			
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action
No Y signal to unit (after 6 minutes)	Incorrect thermostat set-up.	Thermostat does not indicate a call for heat. No 24VAC signal present across C and Stage 1 of the thermostat	Correct the setup.
	Faulty thermostat to heat pump wiring.	24VAC signal present across Stage 1 and C of the thermostat but not present across Y and C of the terminal strip.	Correct or replace wiring
	Faulty thermostat.	No 24VAC between Stage 1 and C of the thermostat when a call is indicated on the thermostat.	Replace thermostat.



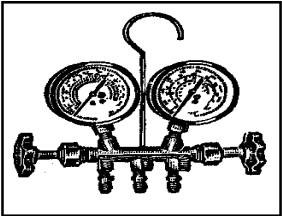
## FAN TROUBLESHOOTING

Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action
<b>Low Airflow</b>	Dirty air filter	Inspect.	Replace.
	Dirty air coil.	Inspect.	Clean.
	Poor Ductwork	Measure delta T between supply and return ducts at the unit, it in heating mode, it should not be above 30°F(17°C).	The ECM fan will provide proper airflow up to 0.5 inH <sub>2</sub> O for 1/2HP motors and 0.7 inH <sub>2</sub> O for 1HP motors. The ductwork is poorly designed or greatly undersized if the fan motor cannot provide the required airflow.
	Air flow selected on Tap Board is too low.	Check selection on Air Flow Tap Board.	Select a higher setting.
	Air flow reduction is enabled.	AR1 and AR2 are connected with a dry contact.	Air flow reduction may not be feasible with poor ductwork, and/or lower Air Flow selections. Increase settings until unit operates properly.
<b>Fan operating on wrong Stage speed</b>	Fan Control Signal Harness is loose.	Verify that the connector is properly inserted into the fan motor. Gently tug on each wire to verify it is properly inserted into the connector.	Repair any loose connections.
	Faulty Control Signal Harness or faulty motor head.  <b>Ensure signal is present on terminal strip.</b>	Measure 24VAC between White (pin 3) and the following at the fan control signal harness (insert probes in connector where wire is inserted, do not unplug the connector): Circulation = Grey (pin 15) Stage 1=Yellow/Black (pin14) Stage 2 = Violet (pin 2)	If proper signal isn't present, replace Fan Control Signal Harness. If proper signal is present, replace fan motor head.
<b>Fan not operating or operating intermittently</b>	Fan Control Signal Harness and/or Fan Power Harness is loose.	Verify that the connector is properly inserted into the fan motor. Gently tug on each wire to verify it is properly inserted into the connector.	Repair any loose connections.
	Faulty Control Signal Harness or faulty motor head.  <b>Ensure signal is present on terminal strip.</b>	Measure 24VAC between White (pin 3) and the following at the fan control signal harness (insert probes in connector where wire is inserted, do not unplug the connector): Circulation = Grey (pin 15) Stage 1=Yellow/Black (pin14) Stage 2 = Violet (pin 2)	If proper signal isn't present, replace Fan Control Signal Harness. If proper signal is present, replace fan motor head.
	Faulty Fan Power Harness or faulty motor.	Insert the tips of the voltmeter probes into the back of the connector at the fan to measure the voltage across the red and black wires, value should be 230VAC	Replace Power Harness if 230VAC is not present, replace motor if 230VAC is present

## PLENUM HEATER TROUBLE SHOOTING

Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action
<b>No 230VAC across plenum heater L1 and L2</b>	Disconnect switch open. (if installed)	Verify disconnect switch is in the ON position.	Determine why the disconnect switch was opened, if all is OK close the switch.
	Fuse blown / Breaker Tripped.	At plenum heater disconnect box (if installed), voltmeter shows voltage on the line side but not on the load side. Check if breaker is tripped.	Reset breaker or replace fuse at plenum heater disconnect box. Replace fuse with proper size and type. (Time-delay type "D")
	Same "Line" to L1 and L2	Measuring L1 to ground and L2 to ground both yield 115VAC, but L1 to L2 yields 0VAC.	Correct wiring.
<b>No W2 signal at unit terminal strip</b>	No call for auxiliary or emergency heat from thermostat.	Verify that the thermostat is indicating that auxiliary or emergency heat should be on.	Set thermostat to engage auxiliary or emergency heat (note some thermostats require a jumper between auxiliary and emergency. Check the thermostat manual).
	Faulty thermostat.	Thermostat doesn't indicate a call for auxiliary or emergency when it should.	Replace thermostat.
	Faulty thermostat.	Thermostat indicates auxiliary or emergency but no 24VAC signal present across C and the auxiliary and/or emergency pin at the thermostat.	Replace thermostat.
	Faulty thermostat wiring.	24VAC signal is present across C and the auxiliary and/or emergency pin at the thermostat but no 24VAC signal is present across W2 and C at the heat pump terminal strip.	Correct wiring.
<b>No 24VAC signal from C to ground at the plenum heater control connector</b>	Plenum Heater transformer is burned out.	Voltmeter does not show 24VAC across transformer secondary winding.	Replace transformer.
	Plenum heater control board is faulty.	Transformer tested OK in previous step.	Replace control board.
<b>No 24VAC signal from 1 to ground at the plenum heater control connector</b>	Faulty wiring.	24VAC present across C and ground at the plenum heater, but not across ground of the plenum heater and 1 of the heat pump terminal strip	Correct wiring.
	Faulty wiring.	If previous step tested OK, 24VAC is present across ground of the plenum heater and 1 of the heat pump terminal strip, but not across ground of the plenum heater and 1 of the plenum heater.	Correct wiring.

PLENUM HEATER TROUBLE SHOOTING			
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action
No 24VAC signal from 1 to ground at the plenum heater control connector	Faulty Plenum Heater Relay in heat pump	24VAC is present across pin 1 and pin 3 of the relay, 24VAC is present from heat pump terminal strip 1 to plenum heater ground, but not from heat pump terminal strip 1 to plenum heater ground.	Replace relay.
Thermal overload is tripped.	Fan not operating	See Fan Not Operating section	Correct problem. Reset thermal overload.
	Faulty overload	Reset thermal overload	Replace if faulty.

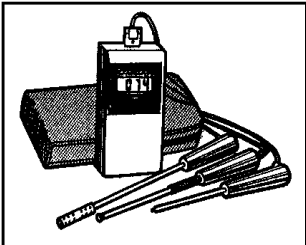


Refrigeration Gauges



In-line Flowmeter

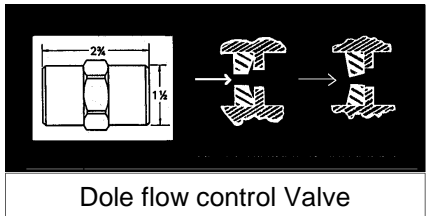
Trouble Shooting Tools



Digital Thermometer



Multimeter -  
Voltmeter /  
Amprobe



Dole flow control Valve

The Dole® flow control is a simple, self-cleaning device designed to deliver a constant volume of water from any outlet whether the pressure is 15 psig or as high as 125 psi. The controlling mechanism consists of a flexible orifice that varies its area inversely with pressure so that a constant flow is maintained.

# Model Specific Information

This section provides general information particular to each model. For complete specifications please see the specifications document for the desired model.

## SHIPPING INFORMATION

Table 5 - Shipping Information				
MODEL	WEIGHT	DIMENSIONS in (cm)		
	Lbs. (kg)	L	W	H
65 Cubic	225 (102)	44 (112)	36 (91)	41 (104)
65 Vertical	197 (89)	33 (84)	30 (76)	48 (122)
65 Horizontal	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

## CAPACITY RATINGS

The tables below depict the results of capacity rating tests done at the operating conditions indicated in the tables.

Table 6 - Capacity Ratings—Heating								EAT 68°F(20°C) RH 52%	
Water Flow	Airflow	Heating Capacity BTU/hr (kW) at EWT						Water Pressure Drop	
USGPM (L/s)	CFM (L/s)	80°F	90°F	100°F	110°F	120°F	140°F*	PSI (kPa)	ft. head
2 (0.126)	1000 (472)	7,400 (2.2)	13,800 (4.0)	20,300 (6.0)	27,000 (7.9)	33,800 (9.9)	47,700 (14.0)	0.3 (2.1)	0.6
	1200 (566)	7,900 (2.3)	14,700 (4.3)	21,700 (6.4)	28,800 (8.5)	36,100 (10.6)	51,000 (15.0)		
	1500 (708)	8,400 (2.5)	15,700 (4.6)	23,200 (6.8)	30,800 (9.0)	38,600 (11.3)	54,500 (16.0)		
	1800 (850)	8,800 (2.6)	16,400 (4.8)	24,200 (7.1)	32,200 (9.4)	40,300 (11.8)	57,000 (16.7)		
	2100 (991)	9,100 (2.7)	16,900 (5.0)	25,000 (7.3)	33,200 (9.7)	41,600 (12.2)	58,700 (17.2)		
	2400(1133)	9,300 (2.7)	17,300 (5.1)	25,600 (7.5)	34,000 (10.0)	42,600 (12.5)	60,100 (17.6)		
4 (0.252)	1000 (472)	10,000 (2.9)	18,400 (5.4)	27,000 (7.9)	35,600 (10.4)	44,300 (13.0)	61,800 (18.1)	0.9 (6.2)	2.0
	1200 (566)	11,200 (3.3)	20,700 (6.1)	30,300 (8.9)	40,000 (11.7)	49,800 (14.6)	69,600 (20.4)		
	1500 (708)	12,600 (3.7)	23,400 (6.9)	34,300 (10.0)	45,300 (13.3)	56,400 (16.5)	79,000 (23.2)		
	1800 (850)	13,800 (4.0)	25,500 (7.5)	37,400 (11.0)	49,500 (14.5)	61,700 (18.1)	86,500 (25.3)		
	2100 (991)	14,700 (4.3)	27,300 (8.0)	40,000 (11.7)	52,900 (15.5)	66,000 (19.3)	92,500 (27.1)		
	2400(1133)	15,500 (4.5)	28,700 (8.4)	42,100 (12.3)	55,700 (16.3)	69,400 (20.3)	97,300 (28.5)		
6 (0.379)	1000 (472)	10,800 (3.2)	20,000 (5.9)	29,100 (8.5)	38,400 (11.2)	47,600 (14.0)	66,100 (19.4)	1.8 (12.4)	4.1
	1200 (566)	12,400 (3.6)	22,800 (6.7)	33,300 (9.8)	43,900 (12.9)	54,600 (16.0)	75,800 (22.2)		
	1500 (708)	14,400 (4.2)	26,600 (7.8)	38,800 (11.4)	51,200 (15.0)	63,600 (18.6)	88,500 (25.9)		
	1800 (850)	16,100 (4.7)	29,700 (8.7)	43,400 (12.7)	57,300 (16.8)	71,300 (20.9)	99,200 (29.1)		
	2100 (991)	17,500 (5.1)	32,400 (9.5)	47,400 (13.9)	62,500 (18.3)	77,800 (22.8)	108,400 (31.8)		
	2400(1133)	18,800 (5.5)	34,700 (10.2)	50,800 (14.9)	67,000 (19.6)	83,400 (24.4)	116,300 (34.1)		
8 (0.505)	1000 (472)	11,200 (3.3)	20,600 (6.1)	30,100 (8.8)	39,500 (11.6)	49,000 (14.4)	68,000 (19.9)	2.9 (20.0)	6.8
	1200 (566)	13,000 (3.8)	23,800 (7.0)	34,700 (10.2)	45,700 (13.4)	56,600 (16.6)	78,600 (23.0)		
	1500 (708)	15,300 (4.5)	28,100 (8.2)	41,000 (12.0)	53,900 (15.8)	66,900 (19.6)	92,900 (27.2)		
	1800 (850)	17,300 (5.1)	31,900 (9.3)	46,500 (13.6)	61,200 (17.9)	75,900 (22.2)	105,500 (30.9)		
	2100 (991)	19,100 (5.6)	35,200 (10.3)	51,300 (15.0)	67,500 (19.8)	83,800 (24.6)	116,600 (34.2)		
	2400(1133)	20,700 (6.1)	38,100 (11.1)	55,600 (16.3)	73,100 (21.4)	90,800 (26.6)	126,300 (37.0)		
* non-geothermal application									

## ***CAPACITY RATINGS (continued)***

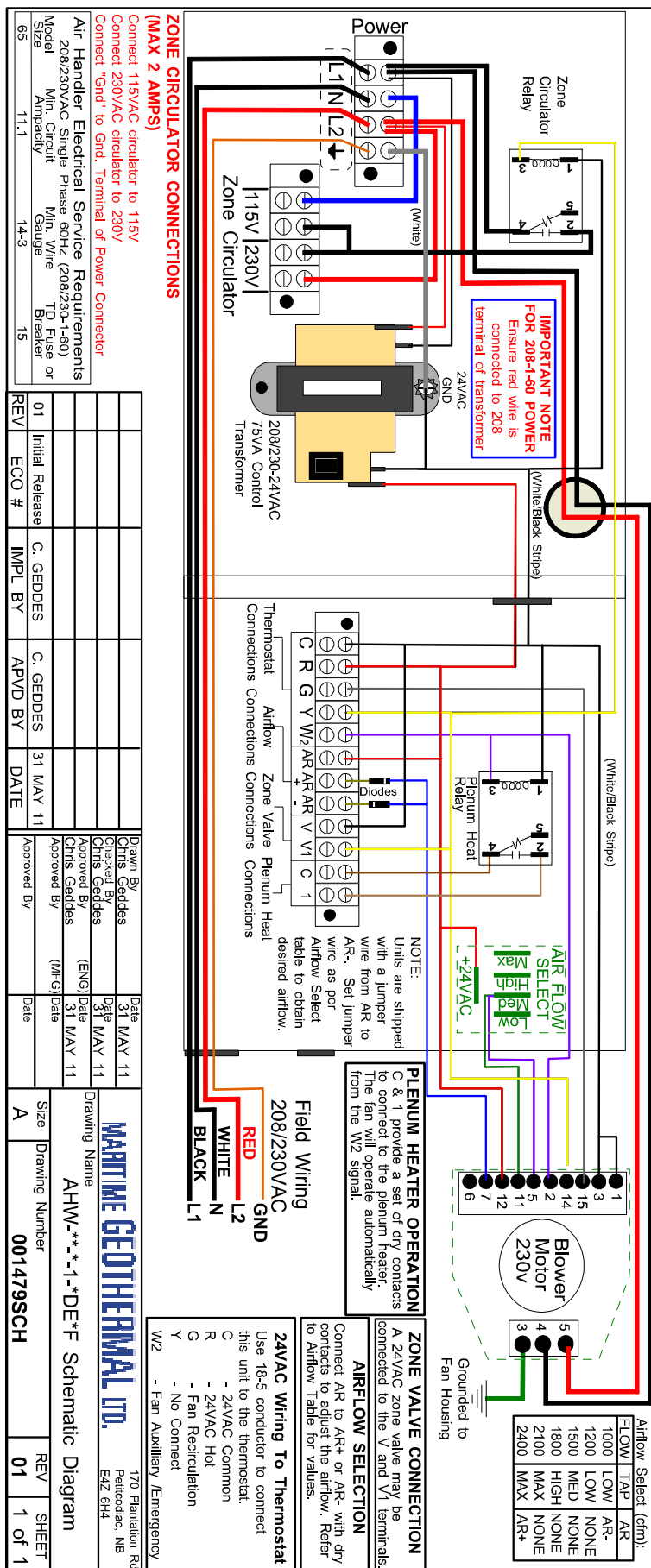
Table 7 - Capacity Ratings—Cooling								EAT 80.6°F(27°C) RH 46%	
Water Flow	Airflow	Cooling Capacity BTU/hr (kW) at EWT						Pressure Drop	
		40°F		45°F		50°F			
USGPM (L/s)	CFM (L/s)	Total	Sensible	Total	Sensible	Total	Sensible	PSI (kPa)	ft. head
2 (0.126)	1000 (472)	24,500 (7.2)	23,300 (6.8)	21,200 (6.2)	21,200 (6.2)	18,100 (5.3)	18,100 (5.3)	0.3 (2.1)	0.6
	1200 (566)	25,900 (7.6)	25,900 (7.6)	22,500 (6.6)	22,500 (6.6)	19,300 (5.7)	19,300 (5.7)		
	1500 (708)	27,500 (8.1)	27,500 (8.1)	24,000 (7.0)	24,000 (7.0)	20,700 (6.1)	20,700 (6.1)		
	1800 (850)	28,700 (8.4)	28,700 (8.4)	25,200 (7.4)	25,200 (7.4)	21,600 (6.3)	21,600 (6.3)		
	2100 (991)	29,600 (8.7)	29,600 (8.7)	26,000 (7.6)	26,000 (7.6)	22,400 (6.6)	22,400 (6.6)		
	2400 (1133)	30,400 (8.9)	30,400 (8.9)	26,700 (7.8)	26,700 (7.8)	22,900 (6.7)	22,900 (6.7)		
4 (0.252)	1000 (472)	36,400 (10.7)	27,900 (8.2)	30,900 (9.1)	25,700 (7.5)	25,500 (7.5)	23,600 (6.9)	1.0 (6.9)	2.2
	1200 (566)	39,300 (11.5)	31,600 (9.3)	33,600 (9.8)	29,300 (8.6)	28,000 (8.2)	27,200 (8.0)		
	1500 (708)	42,800 (12.5)	36,700 (10.8)	36,900 (10.8)	34,500 (10.1)	31,200 (9.1)	31,200 (9.1)		
	1800 (850)	45,700 (13.4)	41,600 (12.2)	39,600 (11.6)	39,300 (11.5)	33,800 (9.9)	33,800 (9.9)		
	2100 (991)	48,100 (14.1)	46,200 (13.5)	41,900 (12.3)	41,900 (12.3)	36,000 (10.6)	36,000 (10.6)		
	2400 (1133)	50,200 (14.7)	50,200 (14.7)	43,900 (12.9)	43,900 (12.9)	37,800 (11.1)	37,800 (11.1)		
6 (0.379)	1000 (472)	43,600 (12.8)	31,000 (9.1)	36,600 (10.7)	28,000 (8.2)	29,500 (8.6)	25,200 (7.4)	1.9 (13.1)	4.5
	1200 (566)	47,800 (14.0)	35,100 (10.3)	40,200 (11.8)	32,000 (9.4)	32,700 (9.6)	29,000 (8.5)		
	1500 (708)	52,900 (15.5)	40,800 (11.9)	44,800 (13.1)	37,500 (11.0)	36,900 (10.8)	34,400 (10.1)		
	1800 (850)	57,100 (16.7)	46,000 (13.5)	48,600 (14.3)	42,700 (12.5)	40,400 (11.9)	39,600 (11.6)		
	2100 (991)	60,600 (17.8)	51,000 (14.9)	51,900 (15.2)	47,600 (14.0)	43,600 (12.8)	43,600 (12.8)		
	2400 (1133)	63,600 (18.6)	55,700 (16.3)	54,800 (16.1)	52,300 (15.3)	46,300 (13.6)	46,300 (13.6)		
8 (0.505)	1000 (472)	48,100 (14.1)	33,000 (9.7)	40,200 (11.8)	29,500 (8.6)	32,000 (9.4)	26,200 (7.7)	2.3 (15.8)	7.5
	1200 (566)	53,300 (15.6)	37,500 (11.0)	44,600 (13.1)	33,800 (9.9)	35,700 (10.5)	30,200 (8.8)		
	1500 (708)	59,800 (17.5)	43,600 (12.8)	50,200 (14.7)	39,700 (11.6)	40,600 (11.9)	35,900 (10.5)		
	1800 (850)	65,100 (19.1)	49,300 (14.4)	54,900 (16.1)	45,100 (13.2)	44,800 (13.1)	41,200 (12.1)		
	2100 (991)	69,500 (20.4)	54,600 (16.0)	58,900 (17.3)	50,300 (14.7)	48,600 (14.2)	46,400 (13.6)		
	2400 (1133)	73,300 (21.5)	59,500 (17.4)	62,400 (18.3)	55,300 (16.2)	51,900 (15.2)	51,300 (15.0)		
* non-geothermal application									

## ***ELECTRICAL TABLES***

<b>Table 8 - Electrical Information (208/230-1-60)</b>						
<b>Model</b>	<b>Fan</b>	<b>Zone Circulator</b>	<b>FLA</b>	<b>MCA</b>	<b>Max Fuse/ Breaker</b>	<b>Wire Size</b>
	<b>RLA</b>		<b>Amps</b>	<b>Amps</b>	<b>Amps</b>	<b>ga</b>
<b>65</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>#14-3</b>

<b>TABLE 9 - Plenum Heater Electrical Information</b>															
	<b>(230-1-60)</b>					<b>(208-1-60)</b>					<b>(220-1-50)</b>				
<b>Nominal (kW)</b>	<b>Actual (kW)</b>	<b>FLA (A)</b>	<b>MCA (A)</b>	<b>Breaker (A)</b>	<b>Wire Size</b>	<b>Actual (kW)</b>	<b>FLA (A)</b>	<b>MCA (A)</b>	<b>Breaker (A)</b>	<b>Wire Size</b>	<b>Actual (kW)</b>	<b>FLA (A)</b>	<b>MCA (A)</b>	<b>Breaker (A)</b>	<b>Wire Size</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>26.0</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>#10</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>18.1</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>#10</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>#10</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>36.5</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>#8</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>#8</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>#6</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>41.7</b>	<b>52.1</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>#6</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>45.1</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>#6</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>#6</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>62.5</b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>#4</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>54.2</b>	<b>67.7</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>#4</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>#3</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>83.3</b>	<b>104.2</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>#3</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>90.3</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>#3</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>76.3</b>	<b>76.3</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>#3</b>

## 001480MAN-01





# ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS—Vertical (SDETV)

## AHW-Series Schematic Diagram 208/230-1-60 / 220-1-50 / ECM Fan

### ELECTRICAL BOX

**PLENUM HEATER OPERATION**  
C & 1 provide a set of dry contacts to connect to the plenum heater. The fan will operate automatically from the W2 signal.

**ZONE VALVE CONNECTION**  
A 24VAC zone valve may be connected to the V and V1 terminals.

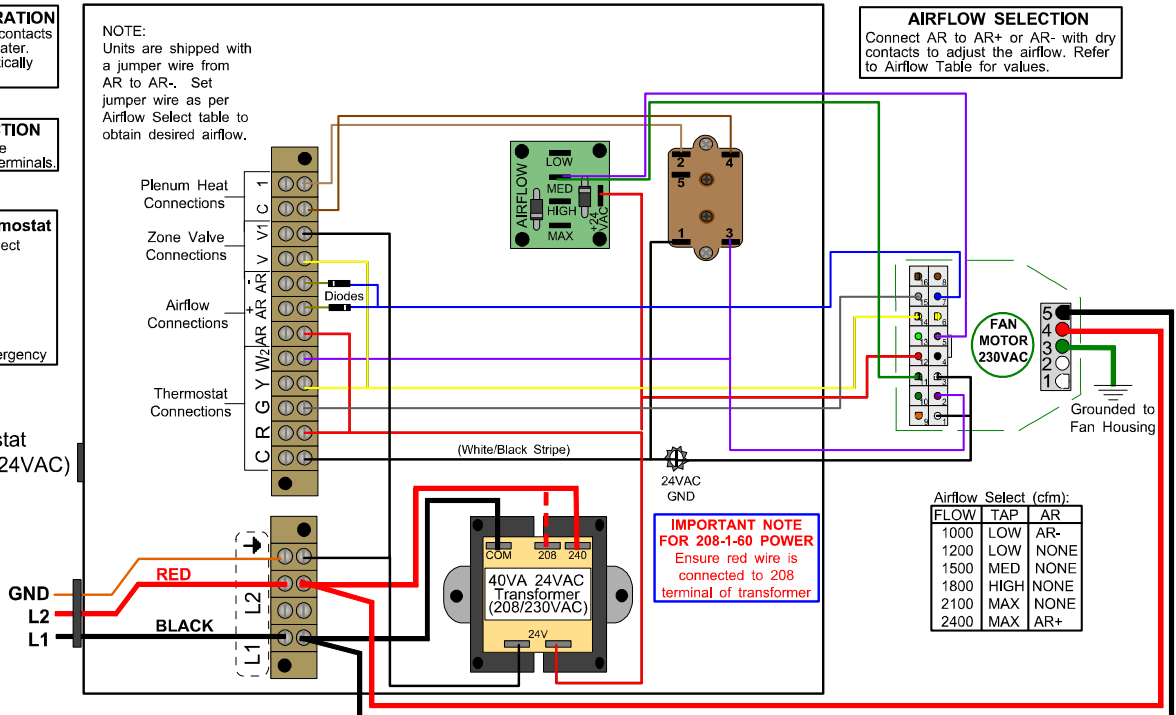
**24VAC Wiring To Thermostat**  
Use 18-5 conductor to connect this unit to the thermostat.  
C - 24VAC Common  
R - 24VAC Hot  
G - Fan Recirculation  
Y - No Connect  
W2 - Fan Auxiliary /Emergency

**NOTE:**  
Units are shipped with a jumper wire from AR to AR-. Set jumper wire as per Airflow Select table to obtain desired airflow.

**AIRFLOW SELECTION**  
Connect AR to AR+ or AR- with dry contacts to adjust the airflow. Refer to Airflow Table for values.

Thermostat Wiring (24VAC)

Field Wiring  
208/230VAC



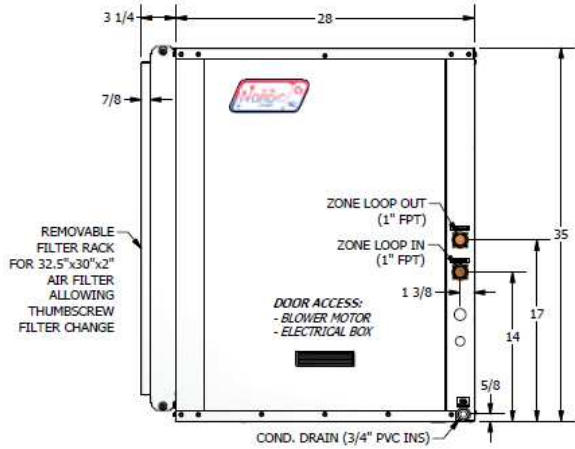
Air Handler Electrical Service Requirements				
208/230VAC Single Phase 60Hz (208/230-1-60)				
Model Size	Min. Ampacity	Min. Wire Gauge	TD Fuse or Breaker	
65	11.1	14-3	15	

					Drawn By Chris Geddes	Date 10 JUN 2014	<div>MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD.</div> <div>170 Plantation Rd. Petitcodiac, NB E4Z 6H4</div>			
					Checked By Chris Geddes	Date 10 JUN 2014				
					Approved By (ENG) Chris Geddes	Date 10 JUN 2014	Drawing Name AHW--1-1*DETV Schematic Diagram			
					Approved By (MFG)	Date				
01	Initial Release	C. GEDDES	C. GEDDES	10 JUN 2014	Approved By	Date	Size A	Drawing Number 001853SCH	Drawing Rev 01	SHEET 1 of 1
REV	ECO #	IMPL BY	APVD BY	DATE	Approved By	Date				

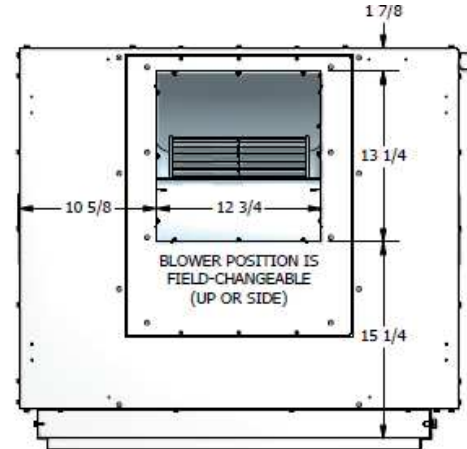
***ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS—Horizontal (SDESH)***

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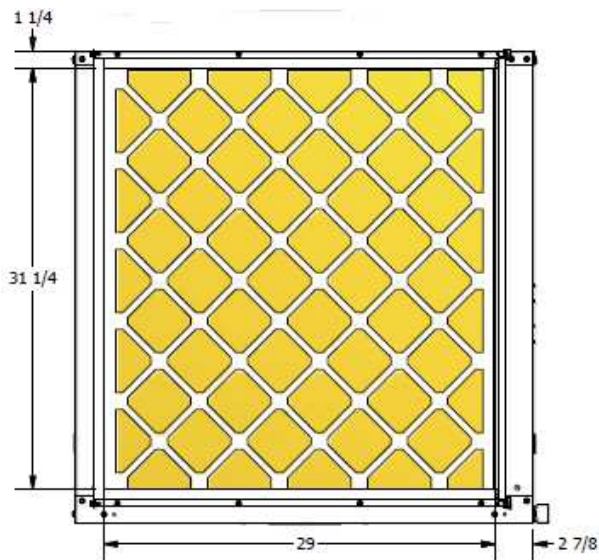
## ***CASE DETAILS—Cubic (SEDLF & SDERF)***



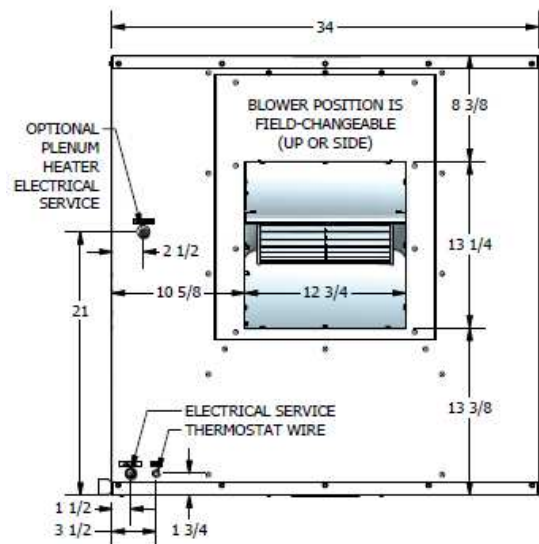
***Front View***



***Top View (Top Mount Fan)***

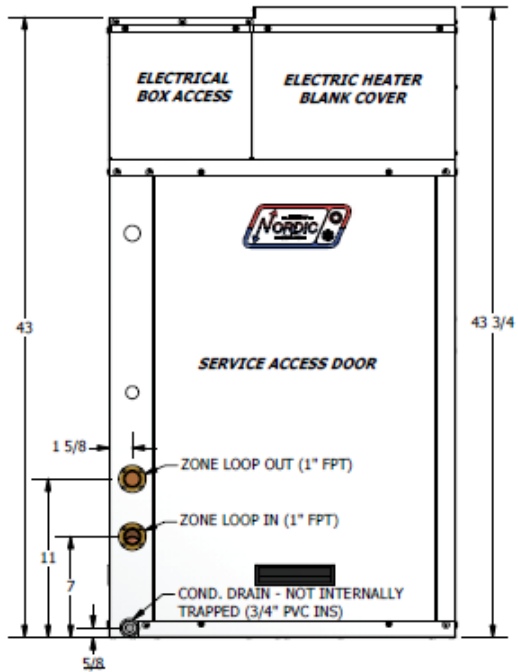


***Left Side View***

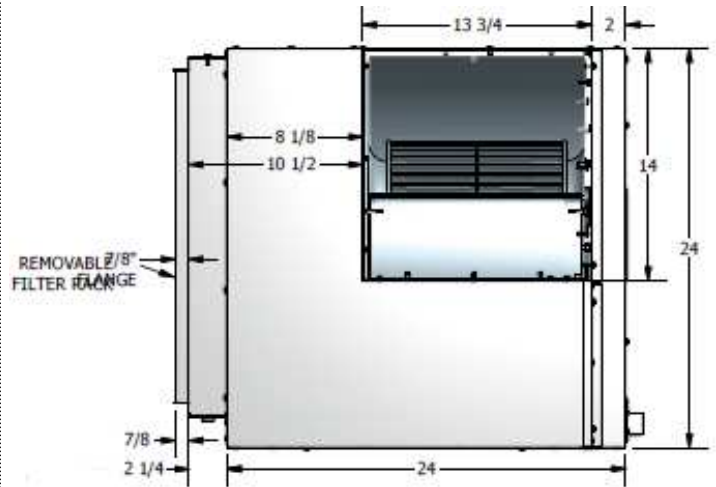


***Right Side View (Side Mount Fan)***

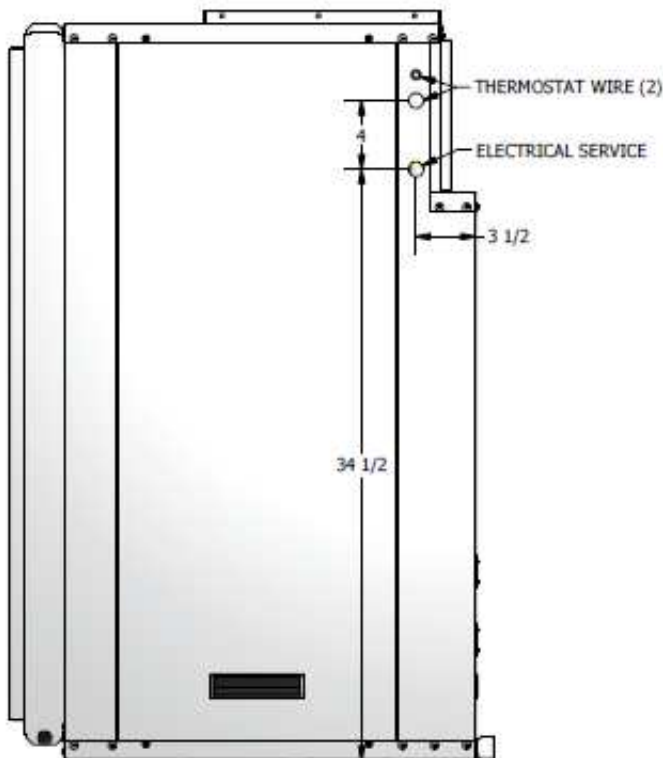
## ***CASE DETAILS—Vertical (SDETV)***



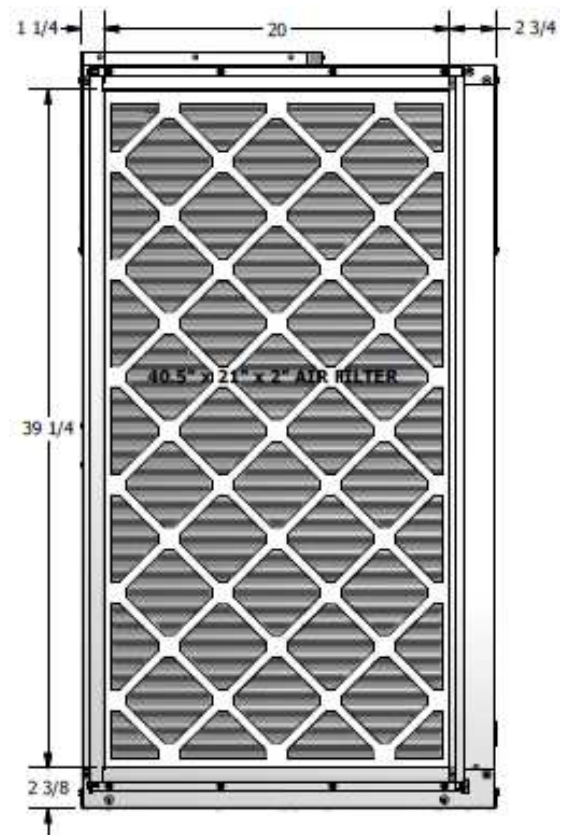
***Front View***



***Top View***

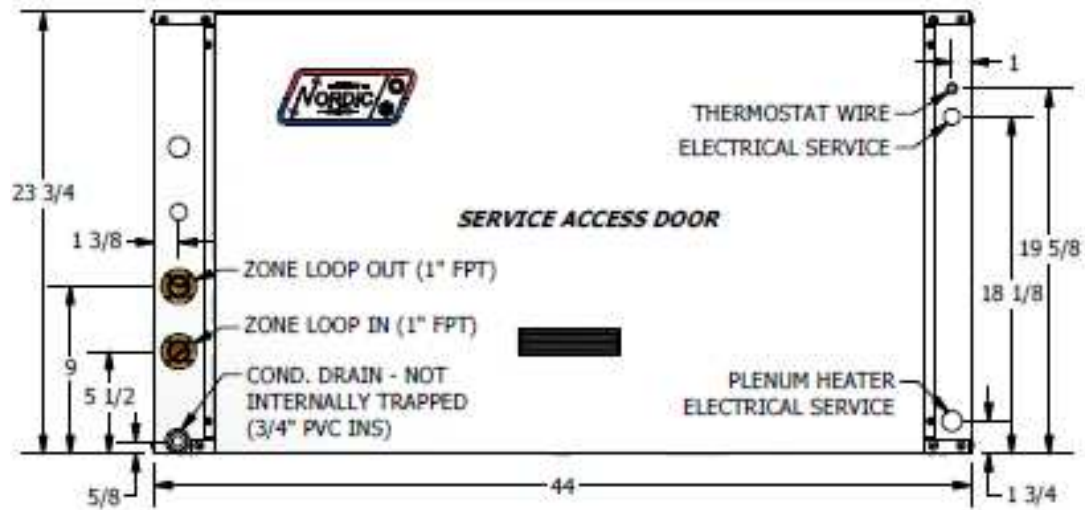


***Left Side View***

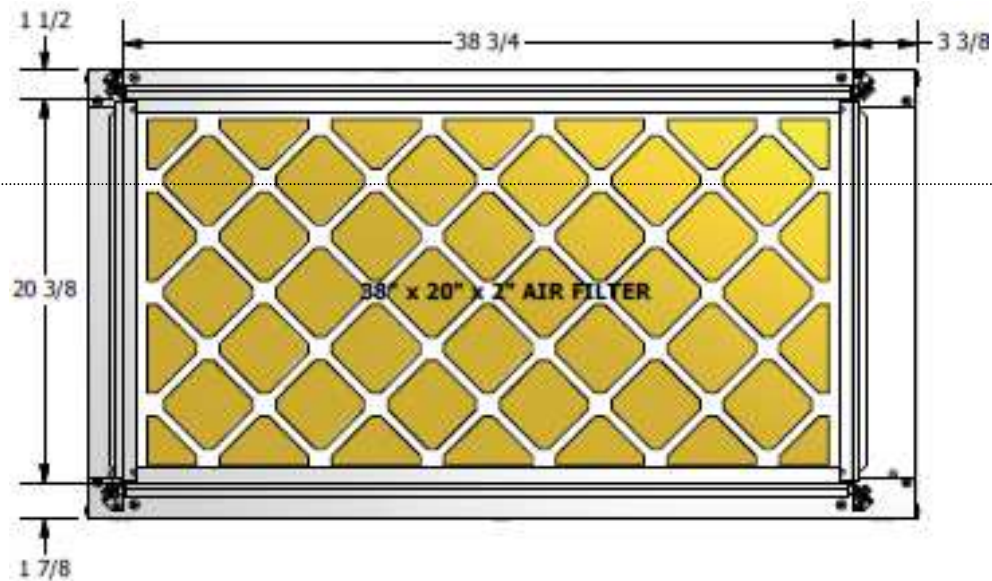


***Back View***

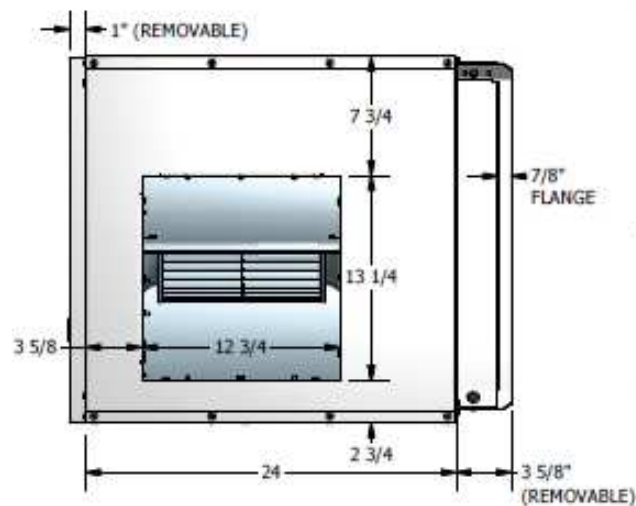
## ***CASE DETAILS—Horizontal (SDESH)***



***Front View***



***Back View***



***Right Side View***

## LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY

It is expressly understood that unless a statement is specifically identified as a warranty, statements made by Maritime Geothermal Ltd., a corporation registered in New Brunswick, Canada, ("MG") or its representatives, relating to MG's products, whether oral, written or contained in any sales literature, catalogue or agreement, are not express warranties and do not form a part of the basis of the bargain, but are merely MG's opinion or commendation of MG's products.

**EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY SET FORTH HEREIN, THERE IS NO EXPRESS WARRANTY AS TO ANY OF MG'S PRODUCTS. MG MAKES NO WARRANTY AGAINST LATENT DEFECTS. MG MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS OR OF THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.**

### LIMITED EXPRESS RESIDENTIAL WARRANTY - PARTS

MG warrants its Residential Class products, purchased and retained in the United States of America and Canada, to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and maintenance as follows:

- (1) Air conditioning, heating and/or heat pump units built or sold by MG ("MG Units") for five (5) years from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
- (2) Thermostats, auxiliary electric heaters and geothermal pumping modules built or sold by MG, when installed with MG Units, for five (5) years from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
- (3) Sealed refrigerant circuit components of MG Units (which components only include the compressor, refrigerant to air/water heat exchangers, reversing valve body and refrigerant metering device) for ten (10) years from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
- (4) Other accessories and parts built or sold by MG, when installed and purchased with MG Units, for five (5) years from the date of shipment from MG.
- (5) Other accessories, when purchased separately, for (1) year from the date of shipment from MG.

**The "Warranty Inception Date" shall be the date of original unit installation, as per the date on the installation Startup Record or six (6) months from date of unit shipment from MG, whichever comes first.**

To make a claim under this warranty, parts must be returned to MG in Petitcodiac, New Brunswick, freight prepaid, no later than ninety (90) days after the date of the failure of the part. If MG determines the part to be defective and within MG's Limited Express Residential Warranty, MG shall, when such part has been either replaced or repaired, return such to a factory recognized distributor, dealer or service organization, freight prepaid. The warranty on any part repaired or replaced under warranty expires at the end of the original warranty period.

### LIMITED EXPRESS RESIDENTIAL WARRANTY - LABOUR

This Limited Express Residential Labour Warranty shall cover the **labour** incurred by MG authorized service personnel in connection with the installation of a new or repaired warranty part that is covered by this Limited Express Residential Warranty only to the extent specifically set forth in the current **labour** allowance schedule "A" provided by MG's Warranty Department and only as follows:

- (1) MG Units for two (2) years from the Warranty Inception Date.
- (2) Thermostats, auxiliary electric heaters and geothermal pump modules built or sold by MG, when installed with MG Units, for two (2) years from the Warranty Inception Date.
- (3) Sealed refrigerant circuit components of MG Units (which components only include the compressor, refrigerant to air/water heat exchangers, reversing valve body and refrigerant metering device) for five (5) years from the Warranty Inception Date.

**Labour** costs are not covered by this Limited Express Residential Warranty to the extent they **exceed** the amount allowed under said allowance schedule, they are not specifically provided for in said allowance schedule, they are not the result of work performed by MG authorized service personnel, they are incurred in connection with a part not covered by this Limited Express Residential Warranty, or they are incurred more than the time periods set forth in this paragraph after the Warranty Inception Date.

This warranty does not cover and does not apply to:

- (1) Air filters, fuses, refrigerant, fluids, oil.
- (2) Products relocated after initial installation.
- (3) Any portion or component of any system that is not supplied by MG, regardless of the cause of the failure of such portion or component.
- (4) Products on which the unit identification tags or labels have been removed or defaced.
- (5) Products on which payment to MG, or to the owner's seller or installing contractor, is in default.
- (6) Products subjected to improper or inadequate installation, maintenance, repair, wiring or voltage conditions.
- (7) Products subjected to accident, misuse, negligence, abuse, fire, flood, lightning, unauthorized alteration, misapplication, contaminated or corrosive liquid or air supply, operation at abnormal air or liquid temperatures or flow rates, or opening of the refrigerant circuit by unqualified personnel.
- (8) Mold, fungus or bacteria damage
- (9) Corrosion or abrasion of the product.
- (10) Products supplied by others.
- (11) Products which have been operated in a manner contrary to MG's printed instructions.
- (12) Products which have insufficient performance as a result of improper system design or improper application, installation, or use of MG's products.
- (13) Electricity or fuel, or any increases or unrealized savings in same, for any reason whatsoever.

Except for the limited **labour** allowance coverage set forth above, MG is not responsible for:

- (1) The costs of fluids, refrigerant or system components **supplied by others**, or associated **labour** to repair or replace the same, which is incurred as a result of a defective part covered by MG's Limited Residential Warranty.
- (2) The costs of **labour**, refrigerant, materials or service incurred in diagnosis and removal of the defective part, or in obtaining and replacing the new or repaired part.
- (3) Transportation costs of the defective part from the installation site to MG, or of the return of that part if not covered by MG's Limited Express Residential Warranty.
- (4) The costs of normal maintenance.

This Limited Express Residential Warranty applies to MG Residential Class products manufactured on or after February 15, 2010. MG'S LIABILITY UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THE MG UNITS REGISTERED WITH MG THAT BEARS THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBERS STATED ON THE INSTALLATION START UP RECORD, AND MG SHALL NOT, IN ANY EVENT, BE LIABLE UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY UNLESS THIS INSTALLATION START UP RECORD HAS BEEN ENDORSED BY OWNER & DEALER/INSTALLER AND RECEIVED BY MG LIMITED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF START UP.

**Limitation:** This Limited Express Residential Warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties. If, notwithstanding the disclaimers contained herein, it is determined that other warranties exist, any such express warranty, including without limitation any express warranties or any implied warranties of fitness for particular purpose and merchantability, shall be limited to the duration of the Limited Express Residential Warranty.

**LIMITATION OF REMEDIES** In the event of a breach of the Limited Express Residential Warranty, MG will only be obligated at MG's option to repair the failed part or unit, or to furnish a new or rebuilt part or unit in exchange for the part or unit which has failed. If after written notice to MG's factory in Petitcodiac, New Brunswick of each defect, malfunction or other failure, and a reasonable number of attempts by MG to correct the defect, malfunction or other failure, and the remedy fails of its essential purpose, MG shall refund the purchase price paid to MG in exchange for the return of the sold good(s). Said refund shall be the maximum liability of MG. **THIS REMEDY IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER OR PURCHASER AGAINST MG FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, FOR THE BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY OR FOR MG'S NEGLIGENCE OR IN STRICT LIABILITY.**

**LIMITATION OF LIABILITY** MG shall have no liability for any damages if MG's performance is delayed for any reason or is prevented to any extent by any event such as, but not limited to: any war, civil unrest, government restrictions or restraints, strikes, or work stoppages, fire, flood, accident, shortages of transportation, fuel, material, or labour, acts of God or any other reason beyond the sole control of MG. **MG EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES, SO THE FOREGOING DAMAGE IN CONTRACT, FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, OR IN TORT, WHETHER FOR MG'S NEGLIGENCE OR AS STRICT LIABILITY.**

**OBTAINING WARRANTY PERFORMANCE** Normally, the dealer or service organization who installed the products will provide warranty performance for the owner. Should the installer be unavailable, contact any MG recognized distributor, dealer or service organization. If assistance is required in obtaining warranty performance, write or call: Maritime Geothermal Ltd • Customer Service • PO Box 2555 • Petitcodiac, New Brunswick E4Z 6H4 • (506) 756-8135 • or e-mail to [info@nordicghp.com](mailto:info@nordicghp.com) NOTE: Some states or Canadian provinces do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, or the limitation or exclusions of consequential or incidental damages, so the foregoing exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state and from Canadian province to Canadian province. Please refer to the MG Installation, Installation and Service Manual for operating and maintenance instructions.

An extended warranty option is also available. Please contact Maritime Geothermal Ltd. via the contact information in the previous paragraph for more information.