Ishikawa fishbone diagram

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Introduction (FBD= fishbone diagram)

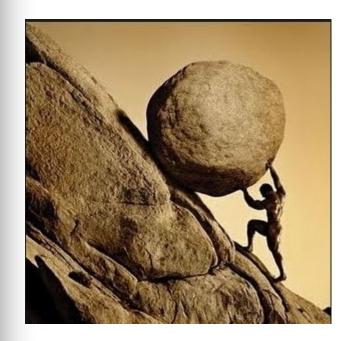
FDB is a tool to find out relationships:

Cause Effect

- Use in QM especially in automotive industry
- On of the tool set used to create so called 8D report (8 disciplines=FBD+5WHYs+PA+QM)
- Another tool : 5 WHYs will be cleared later
 Another tool : PARETO=PA analysis will be shown later

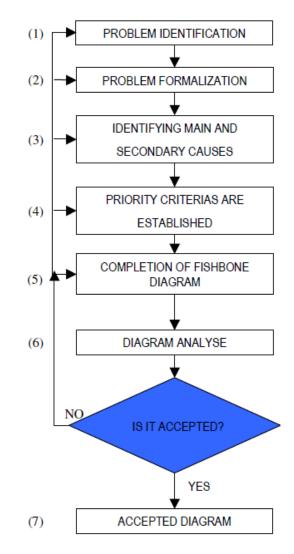


How to create FBD



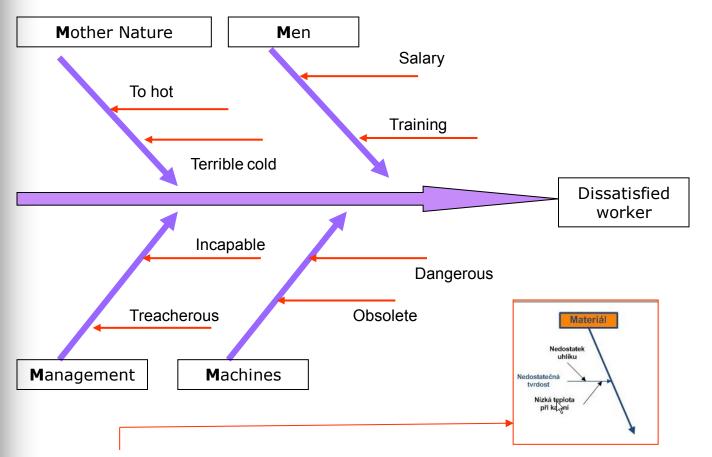
it might not be so easy !!!

Resource :Ilie G. and. Ciocoiu C.N. APPLICATION OF FISHBONE DIAGRAM TO DETERMINE THE RISK OF AN EVENT WITH MULTIPLE CAUSES MANAGEMENT RESEARCH AND PRACTICE Vol. 2 Issue 1 (2010) p: 1-20





Fishbone diagram



(Methods, Material, Manpower, Measurement, Machines, Mother Nature, Management)



Some chosen problems which could be find out during ERP support process I

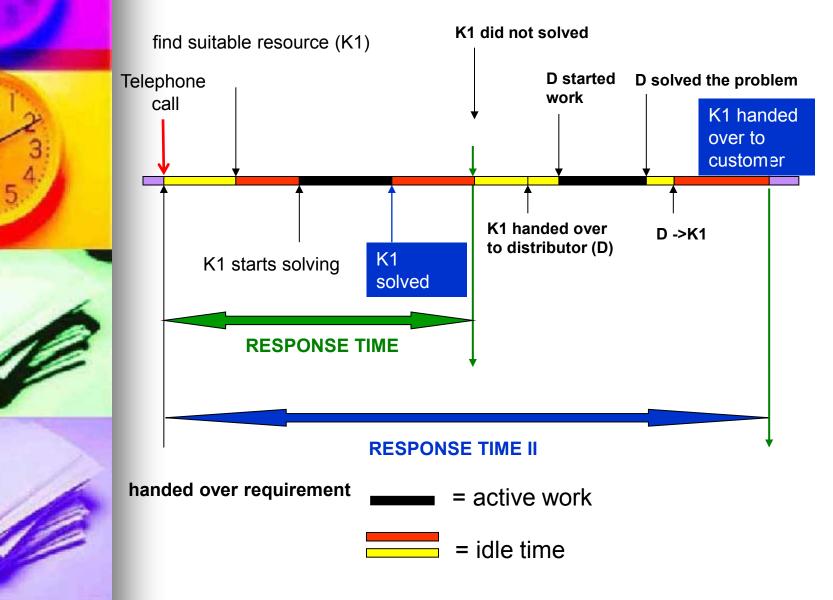
- long response time to requirements
- requirement is directed to unsuitable consultant
- bad documentation about service action (poor log)
- people ask repeatedly same questions at different moments and different consultants are asked
- solution of disputes :complaint- standard service
 - payment asked for supplied services
 - 1. how much (to whom, type of task, type of the error-see diagram
 - 2. starting time for invoiced services, response time
 - 1. requirement is handed over till the problem is solved
 - 2. time of starting solving -solved
 - 3. start of implementaion of the bad object till end of testing
 - 4. training



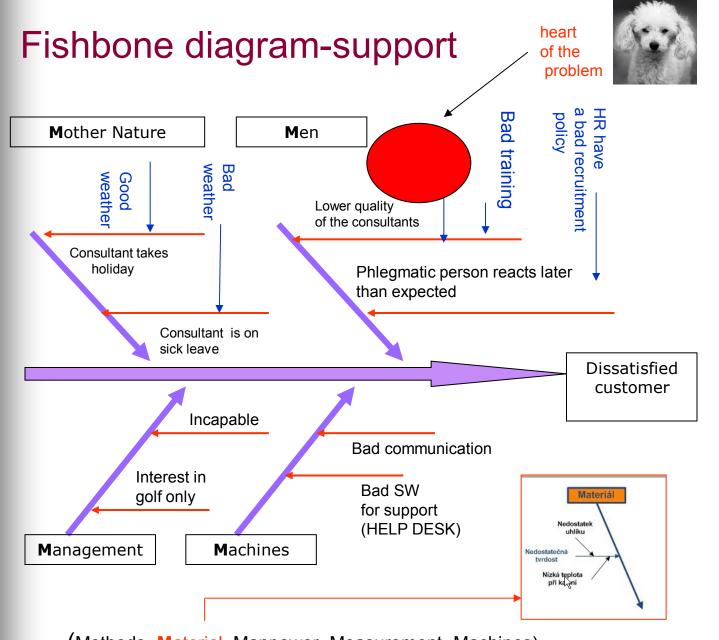
Some chosen problems which could be find out during ERP support process II

- bad training methodology
- bad consultants
 - bad communication protocol
 - 1. telephone
 - 2. e-mail
 - 3. SKYPE
- lack of interest of the management of both parties
 - right specification of reaction time
- specification to the error types and related response times
 - response time of the distributor (ERP integrator ERP)

Diagram – response time



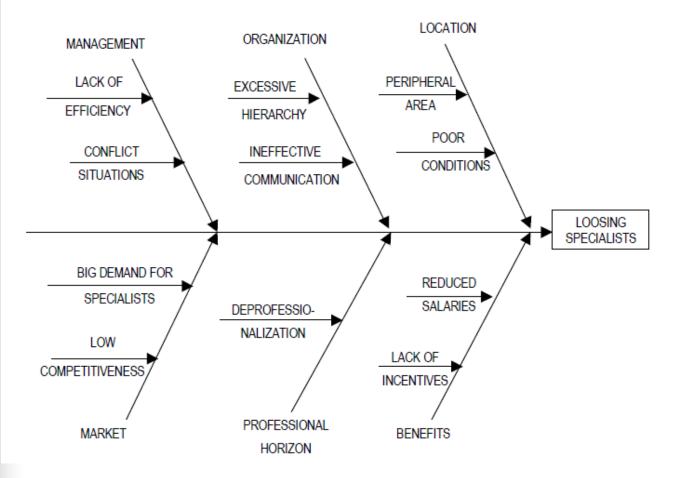




(Methods, Material, Manpower, Measurement, Machines)



FBD-Loosing Specialistsexample



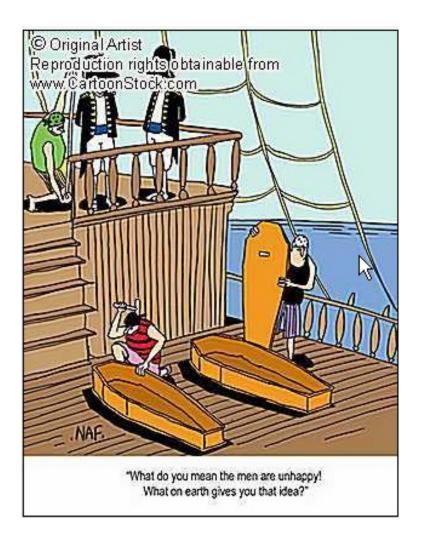


Dissatisfied employee I





Dissatisfied employee II





5WHYs

- WHY 1 : Why my car had stopped ?
- No petrol in tank
- WHY 2 : Why i did not have a petrol in my tank ?
- I did not buy in the morning on my way to work WHY 3 :Why i did not buy a petrol ?
 - No money in my pockets
- WHY 4 : Why no money i my pockets?
- Evening poker
- WHY 5 : Why i did not win a poker game?
- I do not know how to bluff!



$5WHY_{s}$

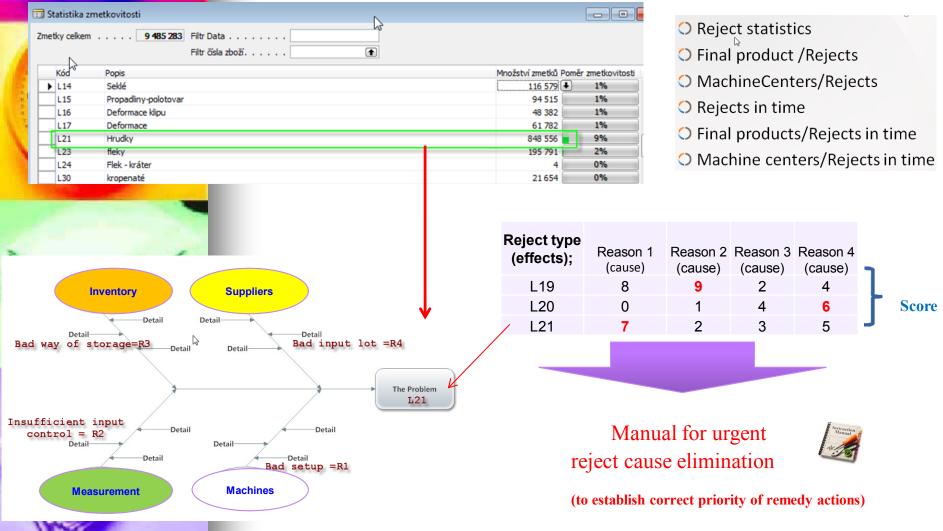


Cause





TQM and Ishikawa FBD and Pareto



Every reject type ->one Ishikawa diagram (electronic version)



Evaluation of set of rejects

- Every reject is assigned to one Ishikawa tree
- Every tree with empty table is handed over to chosen company of responsible experts
- All tables are collected and evaluated
- See example with two rejects and two experts

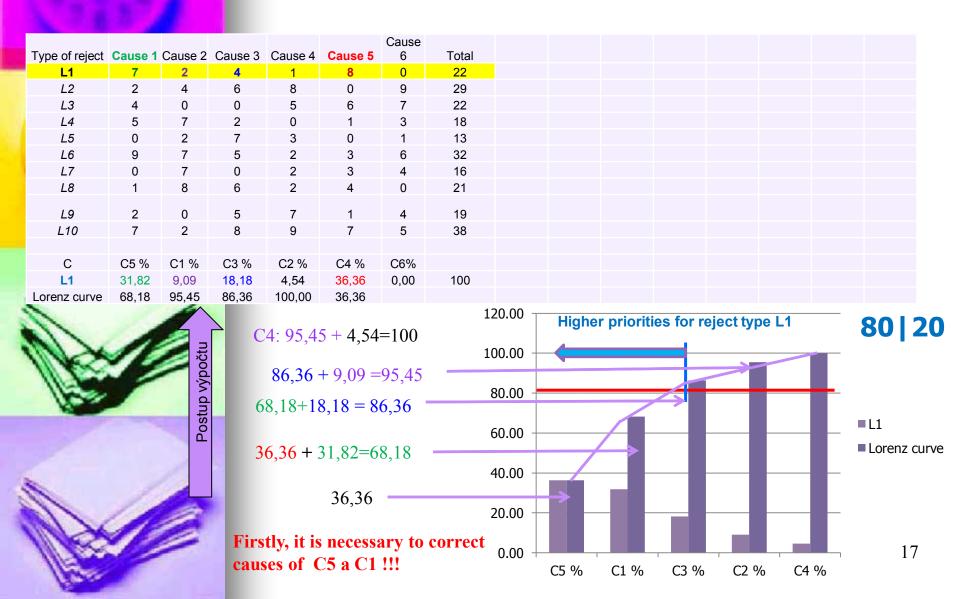
Domain	Machines	Input control	Setup	Routing	Method	Breakdowns	Workers	Measurment
Reject code								
L1	3,5	9	6,5	2	2,5	6	3	1,5
L2	9,5	2,5	2	5,5	6	8	3,5	2,5
Reject								
L1	3	8	9	3	2	7	2	1
L1	4	10	4	1	3	5	4	2
Reject								
L2	9	3	3	5	7	8	4	3
L2	10	2	1	6	5	8	3	2
	Reject code L1 L2 Reject L1 L1 Reject L2	Reject code L1 3,5 L2 9,5 Reject	Reject code 3,5 9 L1 3,5 9 L2 9,5 2,5 Reject	Reject code 3,5 9 6,5 L1 3,5 9 6,5 L2 9,5 2,5 2 Reject	Reject code 3,5 9 6,5 2 L1 3,5 9 6,5 2 L2 9,5 2,5 2 5,5 Reject	Reject code 1 3,5 9 6,5 2 2,5 L2 9,5 2,5 2 5,5 6 Reject	Reject code Image: Constraint of the second sec	Reject code 1 3,5 9 6,5 2 2,5 6 3 L2 9,5 2,5 2 5,5 6 8 3,5 Reject



Pareto chart : possibility to split up reject and setup priorities High priorities Lorenz curve 120,00% Accumulative% 100,00% 80,00% 60,00% 40,00% Type of rejects 20,00% 0,00% 2 3 1

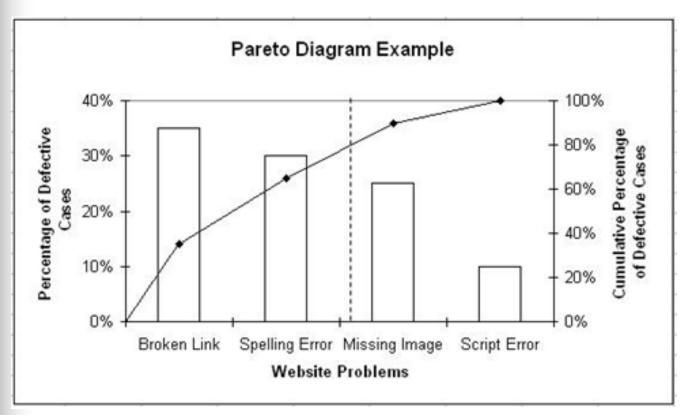
Pareto analysis per every type of reject – next

step ->practical example of Pareto use in ERP MS Dynamics NAV





Pareto analysis II





Pareto analysis II - data

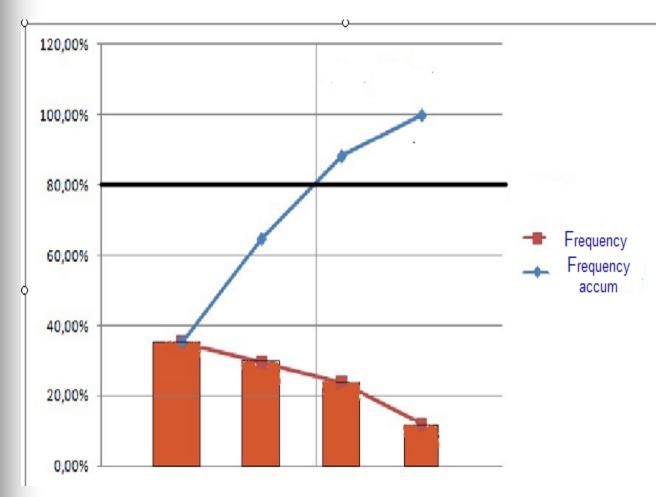
- Difficulty
- Resignation
- Underestimation
- Low motivation

Frequency Freq (%) Freq accum(%)

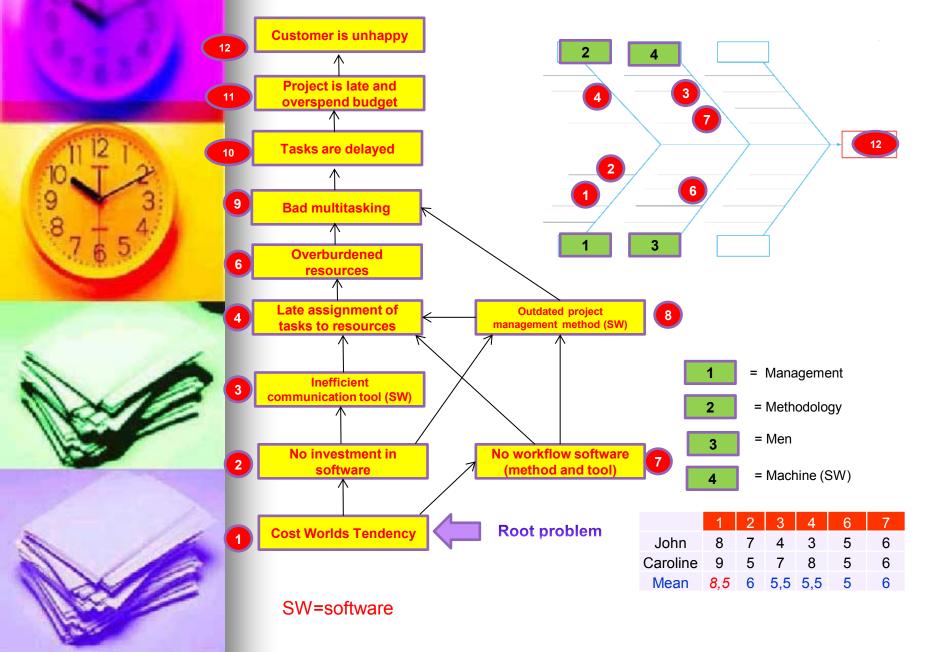
- **6** (35,29)- (35,29)
- **5** (29,41)- (64,71)
- **4** (**23,53**)- (88,24)
- **2** (11,76)- (100,00)



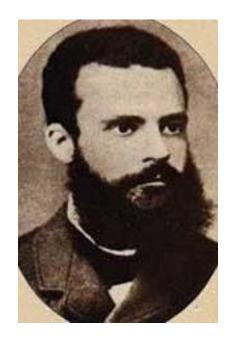
Pareto analysis II



Current Reality Tree and Ishikava (Pareto)







Vilfredo Pareto in person...