

SDSU

Extension



2019 Livestock Ownership Verification Affidavits FOR UNOFFICIAL USE ONLY

Kelli Larson | SDSU Extension 4-H Animal Projects Coordinator



Animal Ownership

All beef, goat, dairy, sheep, and swine must be owned:

- a) Solely by the 4-H exhibitor, or
- b) The exhibitor in partnership with other member(s) of his or her immediate family. Only the name of the showman can be on the show entry. Immediate family is defined as members of a household, including parents, brothers and sisters and youth in the care of the head of the household.

Leasing Animals

Livestock Lease agreements are acceptable for all classes of animals, except market swine. Swine projects are not allowed to be leased, as the State Fair show is terminal and checks are cut to the youth who entered the animal.

- Adequate facilities to house the animal
- Financial means to own and take care of livestock.

The South Dakota 4-H Animal Projects Lease Form is available on extension.sdstate.edu or from County Extension Offices, and it must be uploaded to 4HOnline by June 1.

Breed Registration Papers

Copy of breed registration paper for registered or purebred animals must be uploaded to the 4-H Member records on the 4HOnline enrollment system by the July 1. For State Fair and AKSARBEN, registration papers must show one of the following:

- a) The member's name as owner, or
- b) The name of the exhibitor and/or co-owner who is a member of the exhibitor's immediate family (see immediate family definition above), or
- c) The family farm or ranch name or parent's name. (Unless specified differently by specific junior breed association rules for South Dakota)

In leasing situations, exhibitors must upload the animal registration paper to 4HOnline by July 1. Registered animals owned by someone outside immediate family must be registered to the owner listed on the 4-H Livestock Lease Agreement Form. Registration papers must be available at the time of check-in at State Fair.

When the form asks for Left or Right Ear, it is referring to which ear of the animal the identification piece is on.

All animals must be individually identified, and uploaded to the 4-H Member records on the 4hOnline enrollment system.

- Individual counties and other shows or contests may use different information deadlines and/or rules, but for South Dakota State 4-H, these deadlines and information minimums must be met.
- NOTE: DNA samples are required for Market Beef, Market Sheep, Market Swine and Market Meat Goats for State Fair and AKSARBEN exhibition.
- All Ownership Verification, including Rabbit and Poultry must be entered into 4HOnline by the ownership deadline listed below.

Species	Identification Method For State Fair Exhibition	Deadline for Ownership and 4HOnline Registration (Date as of the current year)
Breeding Beef	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Registered heifers must have an ear tattoo corresponding to her registration paper as a primary identifier. Plus a secondary identifier such as a bangs tag, USDA Silver Tag, NUES tag, or herd tag. • Commercial heifers must have a bangs tag, USDA Silver Tag, or NUES tag as a primary identifier. Plus a secondary identifier such as a tattoo, herd tag, or freeze brand. 	June 1
Breeding Meat Goat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USDA Official Scrapie ID 	June 1
Breeding Sheep	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USDA Official Scrapie ID 	June 1
Dairy Cattle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ear Tattoo and Registration Paper for registered cattle or Official USDA '840' Tag and Registration Paper. • Grade and Crossbred cattle must have ear tattoo or electronic ID tag, or Bangs Tag, or 4-H Green NUES Tag 	June 1
Dairy Goat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USDA Official Scrapie ID OR • Tattoo and Registration Paper for registered goats 	June 1
Market Beef	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Official 4-H NUES tag as a primary identifier. Plus a secondary identifier of a herd tag. • DNA Sample 	June 1
Market Goat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USDA Official Scrapie ID • DNA Sample 	June 1
Market Sheep	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USDA Official Scrapie ID • DNA Sample 	June 1
Market Swine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Official 4-H NUES Tag/Premise ID Tag/840 RFID Tag • DNA Sample 	June 1
Poultry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plastic Leg Band 	June 1
Rabbit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ear tattoo in left ear 	June 1
Companion Animal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Animal Name 	August 13

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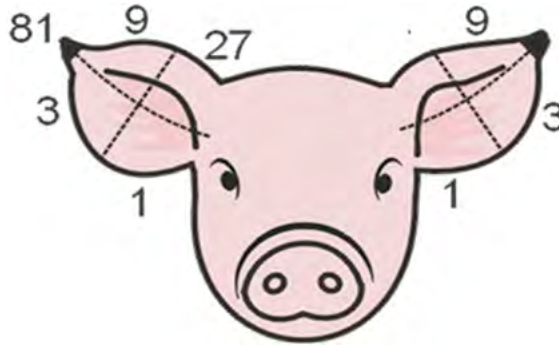
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The Universal Ear Notching System is the most common method of permanent identification. The following paragraphs explain the Universal Ear Notching System.

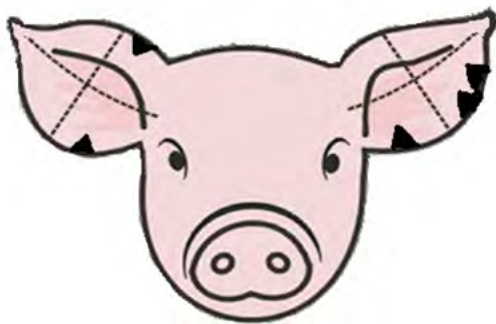
Litter Mark (Right Ear)

The right ear is used for the litter mark. All pigs in the same litter must have the same ear notches in this ear. The right ear is on the pig's own right side.



Individual Pig Mark (Left Ear)

The left ear is used for notches to show individual pig number in the litter. Each pig will have different notches in this ear.



28-7

When listing (or reading) ear notches, the litter number is listed first and the individual pig number is listed second. This pig is out of litter #28 and its individual number is #7.

Source: Ohio State University 4-H Swine Resource Handbook

4-H Youth/Exhibitor Name(s): _____ County: _____

[illegible][illegible]