

Land Use & Water Quality: Watershed Connections

A partnership of the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin and the Patuxent River Park, Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission



<u>Part One</u>

Introduction to Maryland Waterways and Watersheds

Maryland's Treasures









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Maryland's "Other" Waterways











Troubled waters...



46% of Maryland's Streams are in "Poor" Condition.
Only 12% are in "Good" Condition



Good Health, Poor Health – what does it mean?



Healthy streams have...



 Plants & trees growing along bank

- Diverse habitats
- Chemical and physical properties acceptable for aquatic life

water for n recreation



What makes an "unhealthy" stream?

Good Streams

Versus

- Plants along bank
- Diverse habitats
- Chemical properties acceptable for aquatic life
- Safe for human recreation

Poor Streams

- Lack habitats
- Are polluted
- Lack trees, plants, and shade
- Unsafe for public use
- Filled with trash and sewage





Why it matters...

• Main source for drinking water





Why it matters...

- Lowers the beauty of a stream
- Deters swimming, wading, boating...





Why it matters...

Pollution affects our food supply





Why it matters....











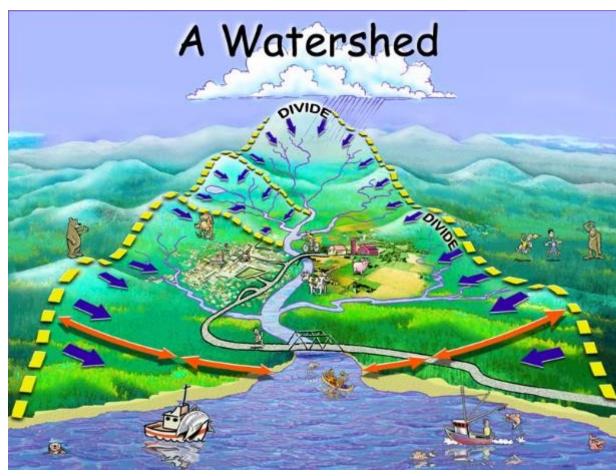


To protect and restore water quality, we need a *watershed perspective*.





So what is a watershed?



Watershed: An area of land where the water drains into a common source, such as a stream, pond, or bay

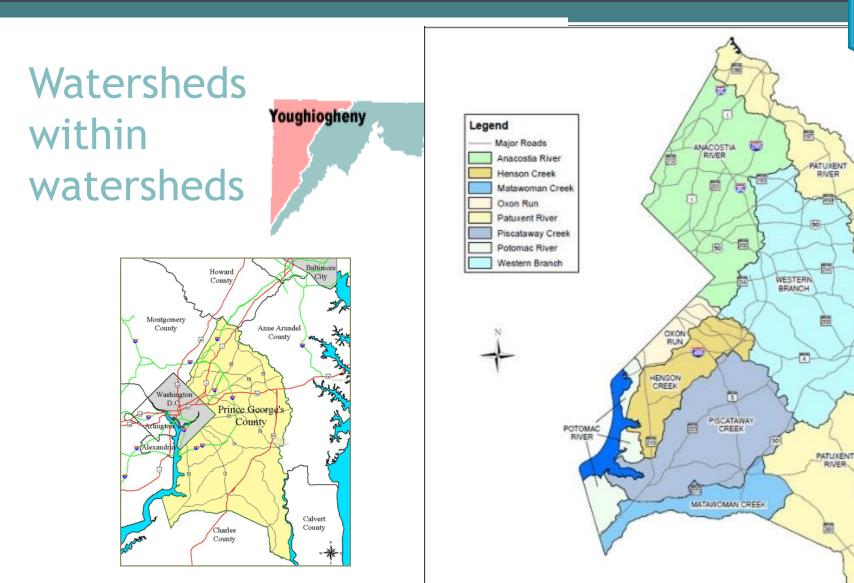
A watershed perspective looks at how our land use affects our waterways.



Our Chesapeake Bay Watershed



- Maryland is nested in one of largest watersheds on the East Coast, the Chesapeake Bay drainage basin.
- What other states are part of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed?

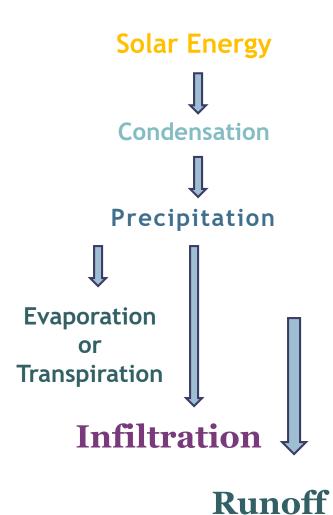


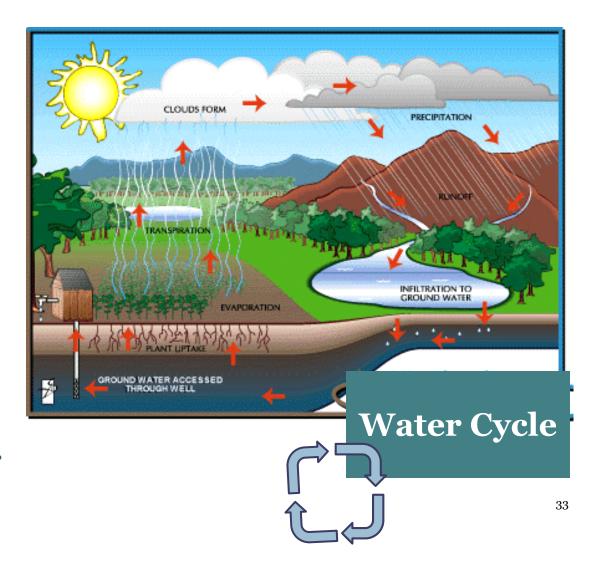
http://www.anacostiaws.or g/explore/maps

True or False?

- A watershed only includes the land surface.
 - FALSE
- A watershed is a building for holding run-off water after a rainstorm.
 - FALSE
- The way land is used in a watershed affects water quality.
 TRUE
- Everyone lives in a watershed.
 TRUE
- Watersheds are drawn on maps according to political jurisdictions.
 - FALSE
- Some watersheds are hilly; others are relatively flat.
 TRUE









<u>Part Two</u>

Land Use:

How infiltration, runoff, and water quality differ in different landscapes...



Land Use: Wetlands

Wetlands include :

Forested swamps in the low-lying floodplains of rivers.

Marshes bordering the Chesapeake Bay and our large tributaries.



Wetlands now only cover 10% of Maryland; 73% have been destroyed since pre-colonial times.



Land Use: Wetlands

Act as natural water filters

- Plants absorb pollutants
- Roots & leaves slow water flow and catch sediment in the water

And sponges

- Organic-rich soil hold water
- Water-loving plants draw up and transpire water.



Land Use:

Forests



Let's discover some connections between forests and water quality.

Where does the rain go in this scene?

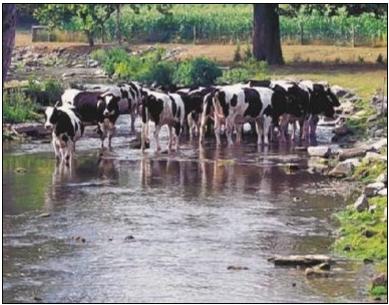
Land Use:

Agriculture

- Where does the rain water go?
- What does the runoff carry?









Effects of Land Use: Farm Land

INPUTS

- Fertilizer --excessive nitrogen and phosphorous downstream
- Pesticides
- Animal waste runoff

RESULTS

- Algae blooms
 - Reduced oxygen
 - Reduced aquatic life

INPUT

• Excessive sediment in rivers

RESULTS

- Murky waters: less sunlight reaches plants
- Fewer underwater plants = reduced dissolved oxygen
- Buried bottom habitat
- Clogged gills for fish and smaller invertebrates



Land Use: Cities and Suburbs



Stormwater runoff: rainwater that cannot infiltrate into the ground due to the presence of impermeable surfaces.









Our Main Focus: Stormwater Runoff



Stormwater runoff is the only growing source of water pollution.



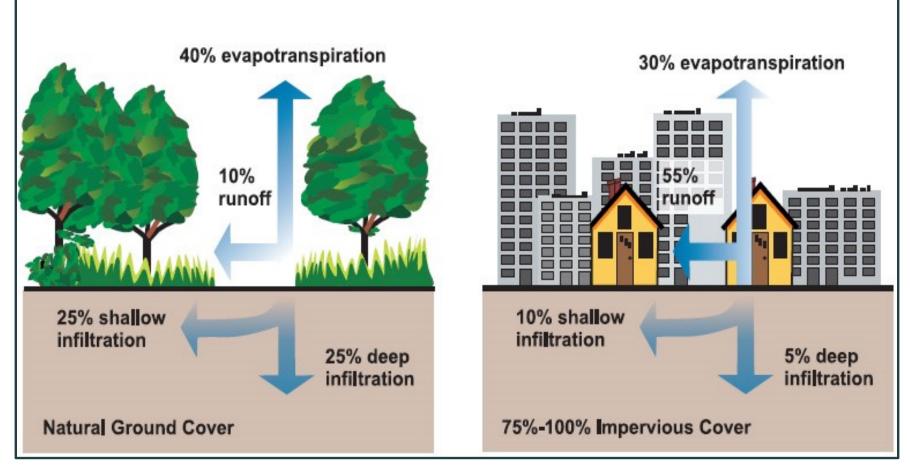




- •Why is increased impervious surface linked to stream erosion?
- •What are some effects of stream erosion?



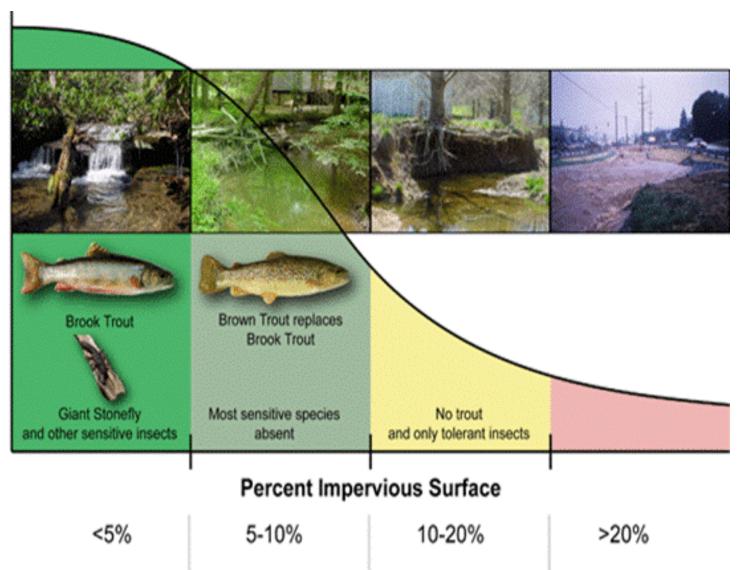
Forests versus Cities





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Land Use and Water Quality





It's All Connected CLOUDS FORM EC IDITATION The Water Cycle – Infiltration, Runoff, Evaporation Hydr Land Use & Land Cover **Healthy Water Resources**



Part Three

Best Management Practices and Stormwater Solutions: Enough of the Bad Stuff! What can we do to protect our streams?



Protecting Our Watershed

- Best Management Practices for farms:
 - Tree buffers by streams
 - Fences around animals
 - Less fertilizer
 - Crop rows parallel to slope
 - No-till farming





Protecting our Watershed:

Stormwater Pollution Solutions

Conservation Gardens

- Slow down the runoff.
- Spread it out.
- Let it soak in.

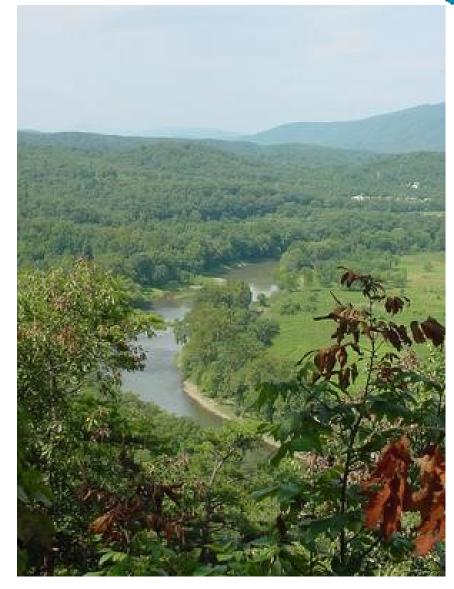






Better yet...

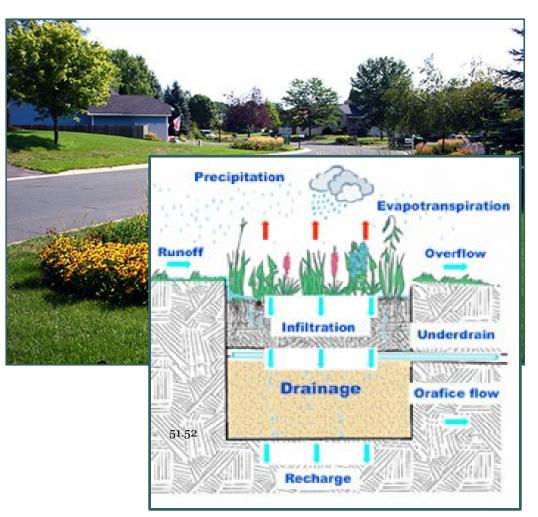
• Plant and protect forests





Rain Gardens: multiple benefits

- The basin catches runoff and allows it to infiltrate.
- The plants and soil bacteria clean the stormwater.
- Provides food for butterflies, birds, insects, rabbits, squirrels, mice....



Catch it: Rain Barrels

- Catch storm water from gutters.
- Direct it over garden and lawn.
- Reduce water use during droughts.
- Use for water education.









Contest Fairfax County website



Change impervious surfaces to natural ones.

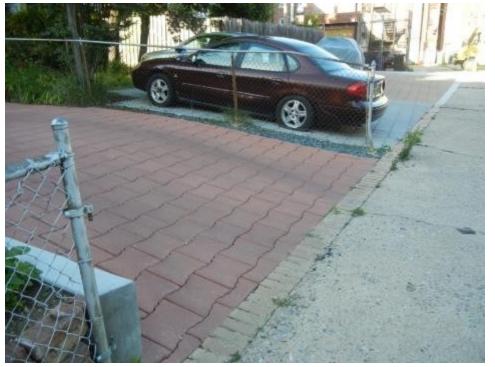
From Green Roofs to Grass Swales...







...to Pervious Pavement







What YOU can do everyday...

- Scoop the poop.
- Recycle and dispose trash properly.
- Use less fertilizer and pesticides.
- Keep waste out of storm drains.
- Raise Awareness.





lt's your world. Envision it.





Resources for Student Research

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