Lesson Plans for English as a Foreign Language (EFL) (Student Edition)

Lesson #9

Irregular verbs: present tense

Lesson Plan by Catherine Schell & Dr. Gérard Beck



Irregular verbs: present tense

The goals of this week's Classroom lesson (#10) are to learn more about the present tense of irregular verbs. In this lesson, you will learn how to recognize and use the present tense of verbs like 'do' or 'go' in order to further extend your knowledge of verb conjugation in English. You will be able to master irregular verbs through the following texts, grammatical explanations, and exercises within VOA's The Classroom.

WARM-UP:

Do you know the chorus of the song Ob-la-di, ob-la-da by the Beatles? Ob-la-di, ob-la-da, life goes on, bra! Lala, how the life goes on Ob-la-di, ob-la-da, life goes on, bra! Lala, how the life goes on

- What is the infinitive of the verb in color?

- Can you give the meaning of the phrase 'life goes on'?

Do you know some English proverbs or sayings? The early bird **catches** the worm. But the second mouse gets the cheese If life gives you lemons, make lemonade

Life is what happens to you while you're busy making other plans.

-What are the infinitives of the verbs in color?



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TEXTS

Read this conversation between a journalist named Julie and her boss Anne:

Julie Hi Anne! How are you? I'm wondering: do you have a copy of the special article on Valentine's Day? My colleague John can't find it, but he says you may have it. Yes, I have it here in this stack of papers. (She rummages through some papers) There you go, Anne here it is. I'm sure John does have a copy though. I sent it to him yesterday. Julie Thank you so much. Oh, I like the picture that goes with the article. And the title is quite ironic. You are right, that's a great photo. By the way, tell John he should stop my office today or next Anne week. I want to talk to him before he leaves for D.C. Ok, I will tell him. He's going to Washington D.C. to cover the Peace Corps conference, isn't he? Julie Anne He is. He will interview a few people there, especially a professor who teaches at Georgetown University. This conference sounds really good! I wish I could go! He's really lucky. Julie Don't worry, I have something very interesting for you to do as well. I would like you to go Anne interview a scientist at the National Observatory, who claims they found new evidence for potential of life in the universe. He researches full-time at the Observatory and publishes widely in refereed journals. Julie Excellent news! John and I can maybe catch the same plane and go together. He usually catches the red-eye flight when he travels. It is verybconvenient and I may do the same. Sounds good. You guys arrange something convenient for both of you, and come back with Anne material for some feature pieces. I have to attend a meeting so I will see you later.

NEW VOCABULARY					
Verbs	Nouns	Adjectives			
To catch: to take	¬¬¬¬a red-eye: An air-	Catchy: appealing			
To claim: to assert	plane flight that departs	Refereed: select			
To cover: to attend	late at night	Relevant: interesting, impor-			
To rummage: to search	Stack: a pile	tant			
To wonder: to question					
Expressions	Prepositions	Adverbs			
There you go: shows logical	Through: shows the	By the way: on a sidenote			
consequence or physical gesture	depth	Full-time: permanently			
(here, giving the article)		Indeed: certainly			
		Though: however			







Work on the Text

1) List all the verbs that are conjugated in the present tense.

2) Which verbs have a different form at the 3rd person singular in the present tense?

3) What does Julie need at the beginning of the conversation?

4) What is Julie going to do in D.C.?

LESSON

Irregular verbs: present tense

There are many irregular verbs in English, which we will see later when we study the past tense. Some of the ir regular verbs have specific forms in the present tense; HAVE, BE, DO and GO are a few examples.

Here is a chart of the conjugation of these verbs at the present tense:

	Have	Be	Do	Go
Ι	have	am	do	go
You	have	are	do	go
He / she / it	has	is	does	goe
We	have	are	do	go
You	have	are	do	go
They	have	are	do	go



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LESSON (cont.)

Verbs ending in -ch, -tch, -ss, -zz, -o, such as 'catch', follow the 'do' and 'go' patterns of conjugation and take –es for the 3rd person singular (he/she/it) while taking –s for all other persons.

Examples:

I catch / she catches You pitch / he pitches I kiss / she kisses You buzz / he buzzes They veto / he vetoes

Remember that when you use the negation HAVE, BE and DO have specific forms when used in spoken and / or informal English:

Examples: I have

I have -> I haven't ; he has -> he hasn't He is -> he isn't ; you are -> you aren't I do -> I don't ; he does -> he doesn't

Additionally, DO is often used to ask questions: **Examples:** Do you go to school here? What do you study? Where does she go to school?

DO, HAVE and BE are also used in question tags and answers:

Examples: Do you go to school here? Yes I <u>do</u>.
Does your university have a soccer team? No, it <u>doesn't</u>.
Have you got the time to help me? Yes I <u>have</u>.
Are they going to the movies tonight? Yes they <u>are</u>.



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Exercises

1. Circle the correct answer:

- a) She clutchs / clutch / clutches her bag and walks fast.
- b) He kiss / kisses / kisss his parents goodbye and drives / drive away in his car.
- c) You do / does your homework every night.
- d) The pill fizz / fizzs / fizzes when it dissolve / dissolves into the water.
- e) He undergo / undergoes / undergos a delicate operation today.

2. Fill in the blanks and conjugate the verbs in the present tense:

(Commentary at a basketball game)

Welcome to tonight's	game! The players	(be) a	on the court, and ready to play! The referee	
	(throw) the ball in the air, and the game		(be) started. Detroit's #12	
	_ (pass) the ball to #9, who		(dribble) two players of the defense.	
Не	(wait),	(feint) and	(shoot)! Oh, the ball	
	(bounce) off the rim, and the defense	(catch) the rebound. Now it		
	_ (be) their turn. They quickly		(pass) the ball between each other.	
#23	(throw) the ball to # 7, wh	10	(jump) and (dunk) the ball in the	

net! 2-0 for Memphis!

3. Answer the questions using the proper form of DO:

a) Do you go shopping today? No, we	•	
b) Does he major in physics? No, he		
c) Do they like fast-food? Yes, they		
d) Does she want to come with us to the movies? Yes, she		
e) Do you want to bring wine to the party? Yes, I		

4. Imagine a dialogue or a conversation between friends using the following scenarios. Use regular and irregular verbs in the present tense as much as possible.

a) You and some friends want to organize an evening out. Check everyone's agendas and plan something accordingly.

b) You meet a friend by chance and strike a conversation to catch up on what you and he/she have been up to and are doing these days.

c) Debate who your favorite actor / politician / singer / etc is with a friend, and try to explain them the reasons for your choice.







Wind-down

Wind-down

This link from VOA Student Union Blog proposes a text on cross-cultural differences and adaptation to new customs and habit. A lot of it is in the present tense and today's lesson will help you better understand the mechanisms of conjugation in English:

http://blogs.voanews.com/student-union/2011/01/28/whos-nicer-americans-or-chinese/#more-2136

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