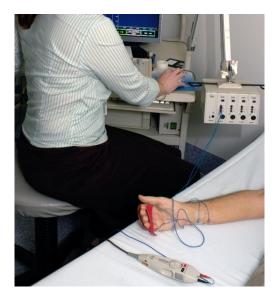
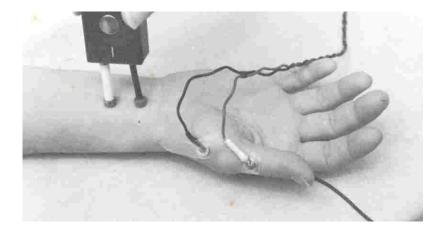
Nerve Conduction Studies and EMG

Limitations of other methods of investigations of the neuromuscular system

- Dr Rob Henderson, Neurologist





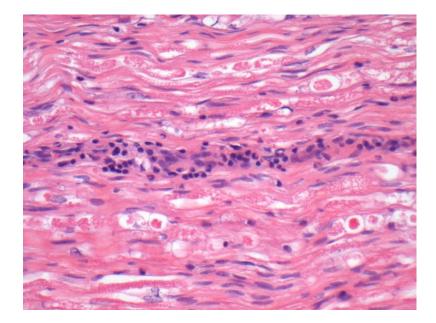


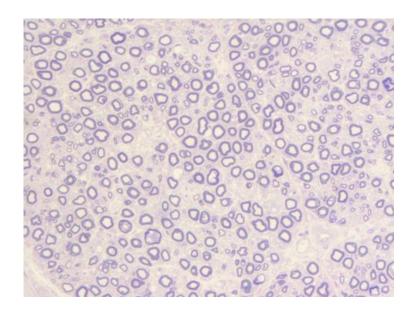
Assessment of Weakness

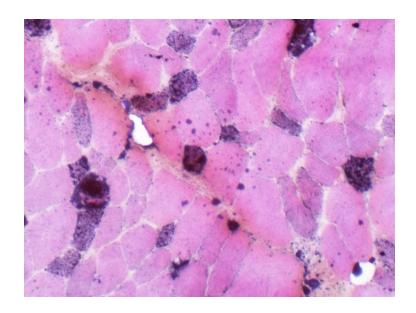




Thanks Peter Silburn







PERIPHERAL NEUROPATHY - NCS

Localisation

- sensory/ sensorimotor/ motor
- length dependent vs plexoneuropathy vs polyradiculopathy

Specific diagnosis

- motor neuropathies (MMNCB, MND, distal myopathies)
- sensory neuropathies (ganglionopathies)

Underlying Pathology

- demyelinating vs axonal
- inherited vs acquired

PERIPHERAL NEUROPATHY - NCS

- Assess for subclinical disease
 - evidence for diabetic PN, drug side effects
- Severity
 - balance of denervation vs reinnervation
 - objective measures (amplitude)
- Response to treatment and prognosis

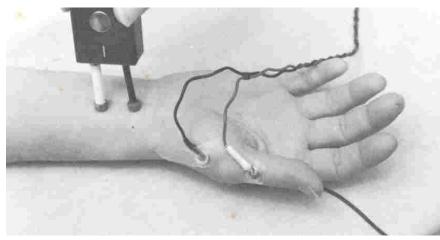
- objective assessment with serial studies eg CIDP

Complement other investigations

- $MRI,\,$ nerve and muscle biopsy

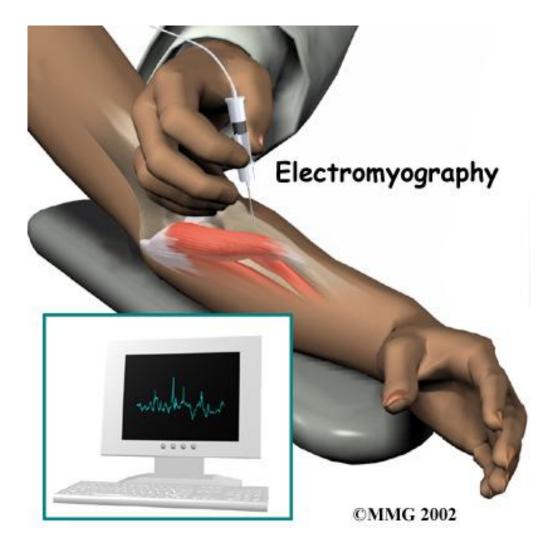












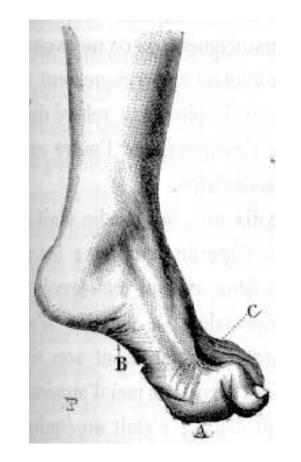
EMG Sounds



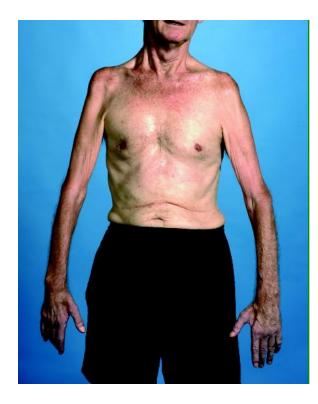
Brief Physical Examination

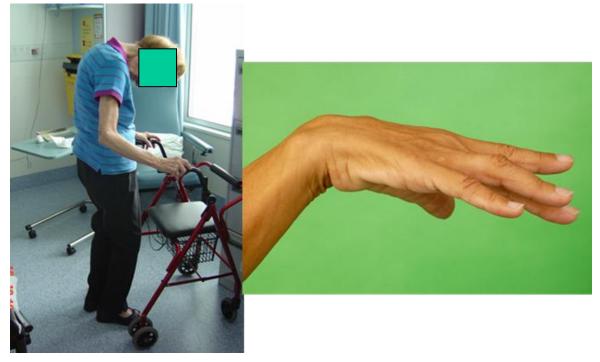






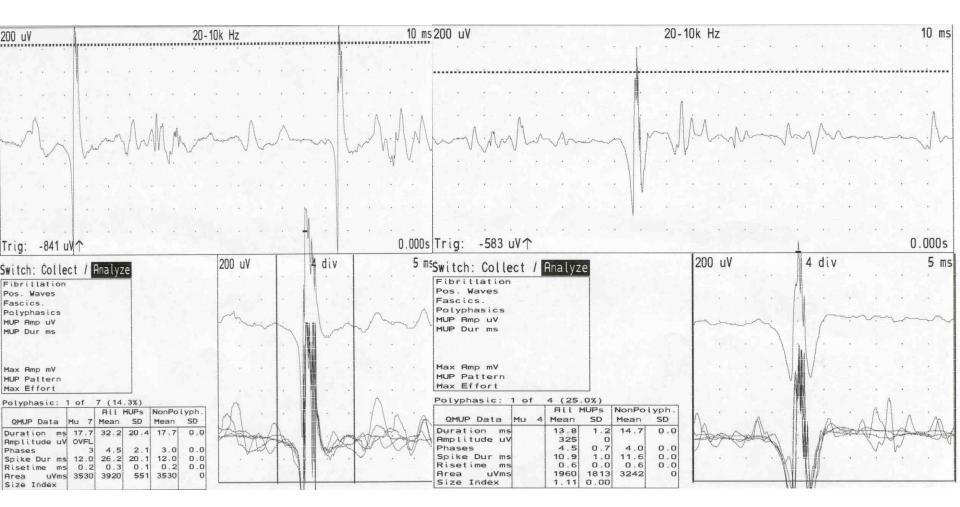


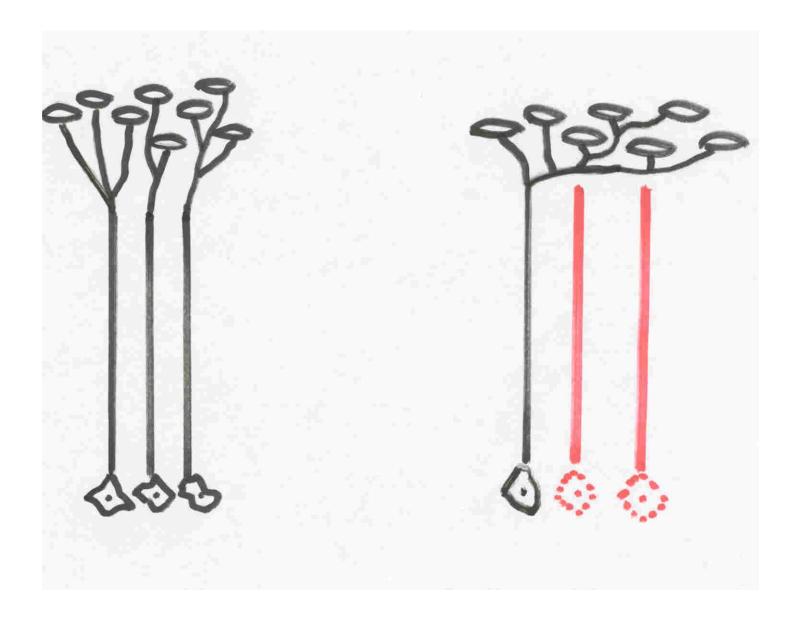




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EMG





Know your muscle innervations

Debatable ones -

- Triceps
- Iliopsoas
- Medial Gastrocnemius

Differentiating -

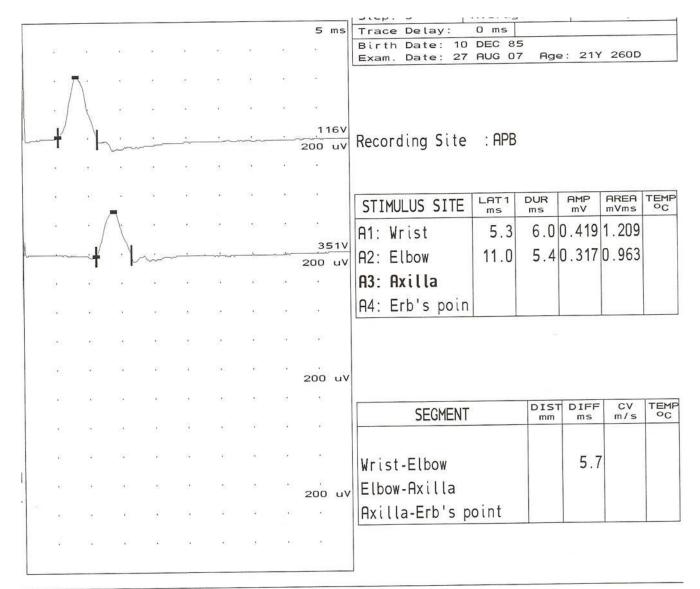
- C5 from C6
- C6 from C7
- C8 from T1
- L2 vs L3 vs L4



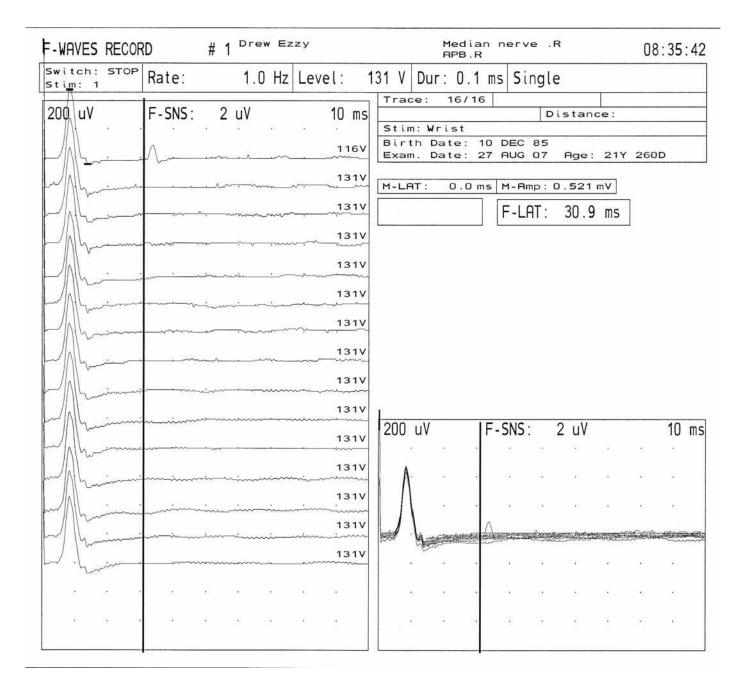
NCS

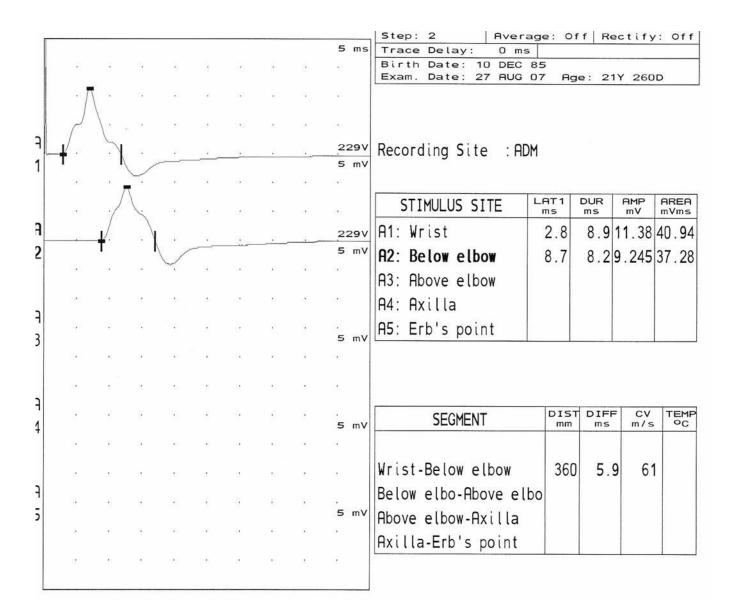
- 23 yo male engineering student.
 Background ADD.
- 6 weeks ago "escorted" from "The Family" nightclub at 5 am
- Lost feeling in left 1-3 fingers
- Went to RBWH DEM urgent CTS decompression at 9pm
- Follow-up Hand Clinic referred for NCS

3/52 after the event



Median SNAP absent





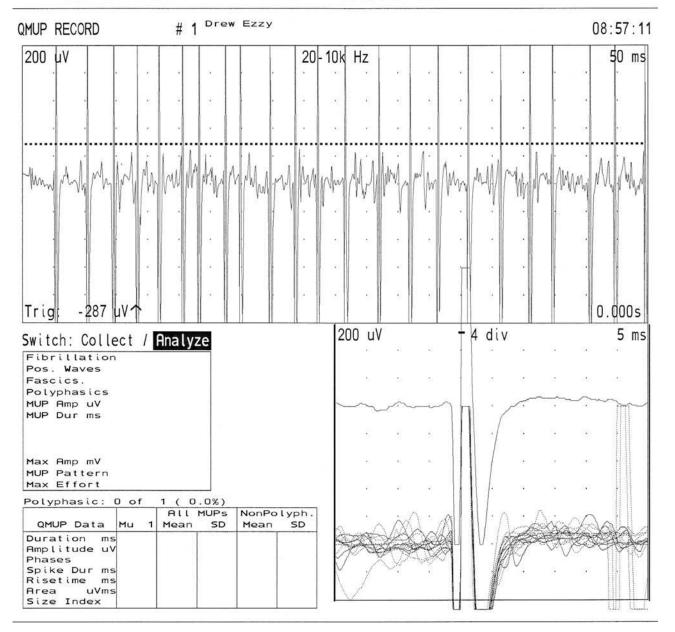
Ulnar SNAP 22 uV at wrist

Nicolet Viking IV

Nicolet Biomedical

FILE ID: 1503970

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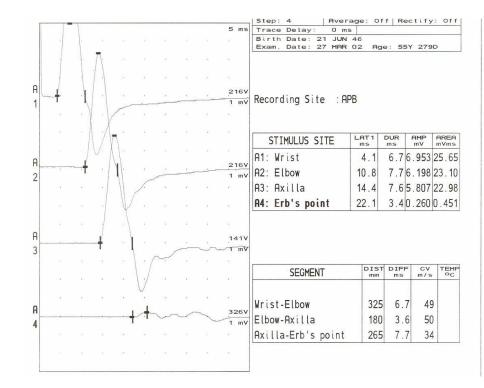


MRI



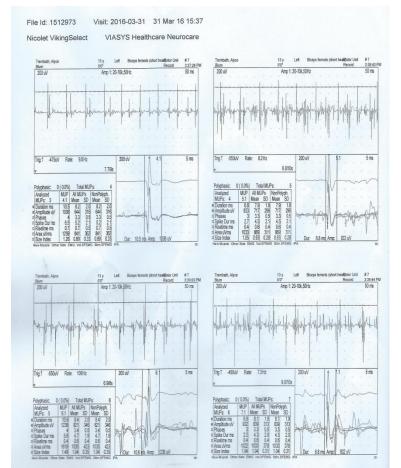
Interpreting NCS

- Amplitude
 - Motor
 - Sensory
- Conduction Velocity
 - Latency
 - -CV
 - F-wave
- Other eg Decrement



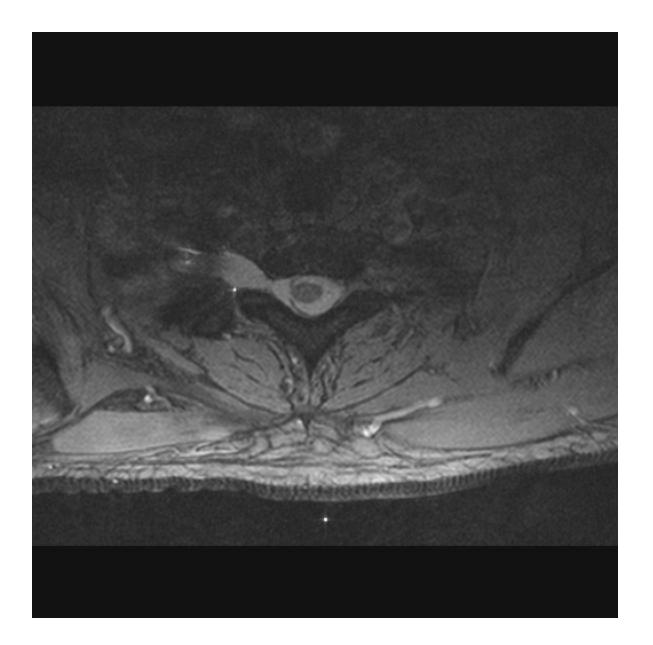
Interpreting EMG

- Insertional Activity
 - Fibrillations
 - Other
- Motor Units
 - Recruitment/Activation
 - Size
 - Polyphasia



Case 2

- 17 year old F-grade footballer
- Unremarkable Rugby Union tackle
- Sudden shoulder pain and nearcomplete right upper limb weakness and numbness
- Urgent MRI "fluid in the brachial plexus with root avulsion"



Case 2

- O/E (10 days later):
 - mildly overweight
 - no movement of right shoulder or elbow;
 ?rhomboids
 - slight right finger extension; some finger abduction and wrist flexion and thumb movements relatively normal
 - absent right upper limb reflexes
 - loss of sensation along lateral shoulder/upper arm and forearm extending into thumb

Clinical Questions

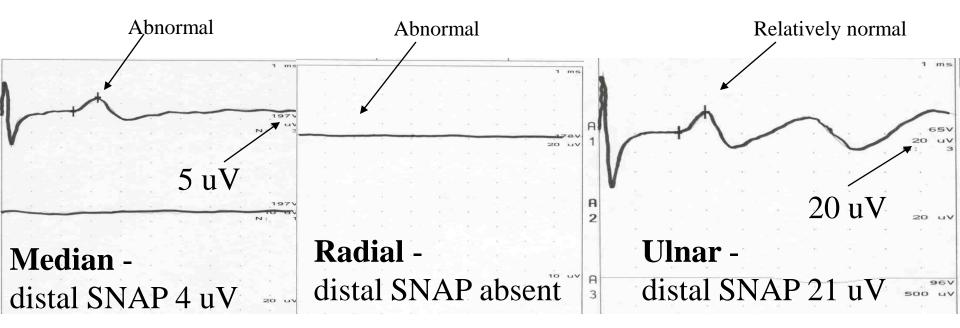
- Root avulsions or damage to plexus as well?
- Apparent C5-C7 involvement, (sparing of ?C5, ?C8/T1)
- Any subclinical recovery?

Case 2: EMG (10 days)

 EMG- no fibrillations; no recruitment in muscles of shoulder and elbow (C5,6,7) but preserved recruitment in finger abduction and flexion. Rhomboids difficult to determine- possibly preserved.

Case 2: EMG 6 weeks later

Median motor: Median motor 18.5 mV F-waves : Median F-wave latency 29 m/s



Case 2: EMG 6 weeks later

• EMG:

- Fibrillations in the right biceps, triceps, deltoid, extensor digitorum communis, brachioradialis, infraspinatus, pronator teres with no recruitment in these muscles.
- Right first dorsal interosseous, flexor pollicis longus and rhomboids were normal.
- Mid-cervical paraspinal profuse fibrillations.

Case 2

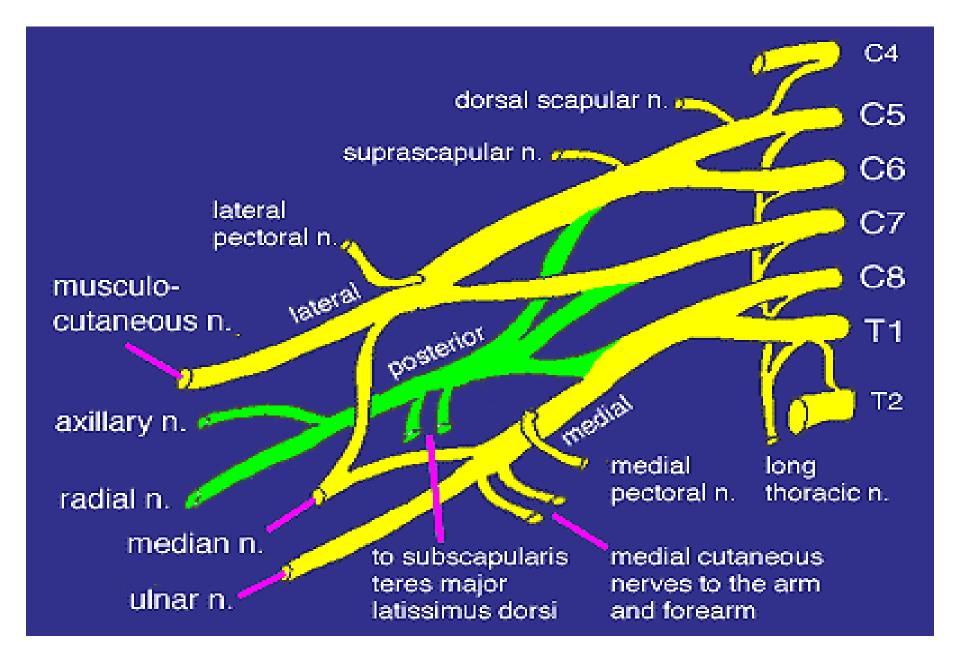
- Clinical/Electrophysiological relevance:
 likely intact C4 nerve root
 - evidence of significant plexus involvement (upper and middle trunk) (potentially reversible) but unfortunately root avulsion (C6,7) is irreversible
 - further role in this patient will be to see if evidence of re-innervation following nerve grafts

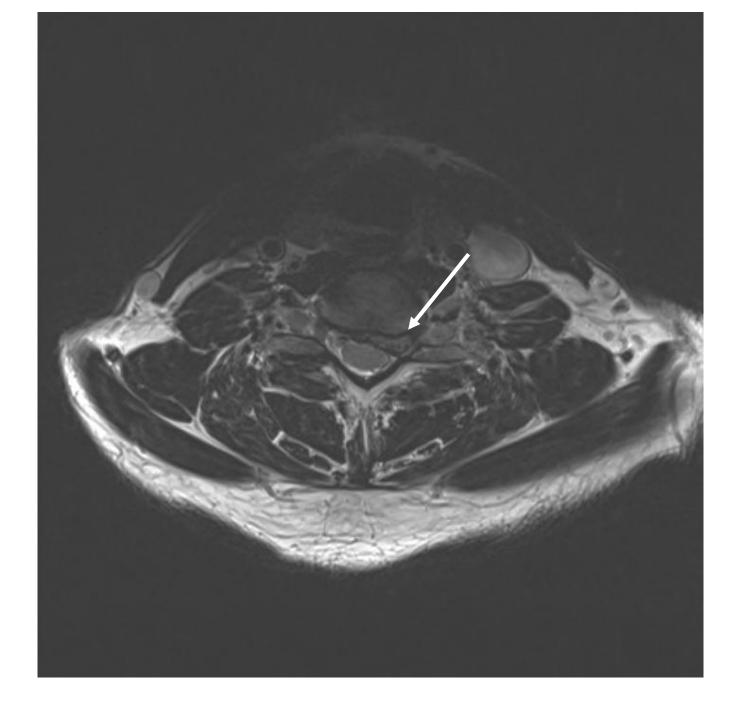
Case 2

- Surgery 10 weeks following injury:
 - intact C5 nerve root ending in a large neuroma mass lateral to the scalenus anterior muscle, suprascapular nerve exited from the mass.
 - avulsion of C6 and C7.
 - Sural nerve graft from C5 to suprascapular nerve.
 - Medial pectoral to musculocutaneous nerve transfer.

Radiculopathy Pearls

- Radiculopathy common Plexopathy uncommon!
- Nerve roots in C-spine named for disc above eg C6/7 disc will affect C7 root.
- Nerve roots in L/S-spine eg L4/L5 will affect L5 but can also affect S1.
- Some variability exists (5%) and proportion of nerve root contribution to different muscles varies in texts.







MND



- NCS/EMG remains the only diagnostic test for MND and the only wide-used criteria are based on NCS/EMG
- Update -
 - C9orf72
 - Clinical trials
 - Research
 - Multi-disciplinary Care

