## **DEPLOYMENT BRIEF**



Load Balancing Epicor ERP 10

Version 1.0.0



# Table of Contents

1. About this Brief	3
2. Loadbalancer.org Appliances Supported	3
3. Loadbalancer.org Software Versions Supported	3
4. Epicor ERP Software Versions Supported	3
5. Epicor ERP 10	3
6. Load Balancing Epicor ERP 10	3
Persistence (aka Server Affinity)	3
Virtual Service (VIP) Requirements	3
Port Requirements	3
7. Deployment Concept	4
8. Load Balancer Deployment Methods.	4
Layer 7 SNAT Mode	4
9. Loadbalancer.org Appliance – the Basics.	5
Virtual Appliance	5
Initial Network Configuration	6
Accessing the WebUI	6
Main Menu Options	7
HA Clustered Pair Configuration	8
10. Appliance Configuration for Epicor ERP 10 – Using Layer 7 SNAT Mode	8
Configuring the Virtual Service (VIP).	8
Defining the Real Servers (RIPs)	8
11. Testing & Verification	9
Using System Overview	9
12. Technical Support	9
13. Further Documentation	9
14. Conclusion.	9
15. Appendix	. 10
Configuring HA - Adding a Secondary Appliance	. 10
Non-Replicated Settings	. 10
16. Document Revision History	. 13

### 1. About this Brief

This brief outlines the steps required to configure a load balanced Epicor ERP 10 environment utilizing Loadbalancer.org appliances. It covers the configuration of the load balancers and also any Epicor ERP 10 configuration changes that are required to enable load balancing.

For more information about initial appliance deployment, network configuration and using the Web User Interface (WebUI), please also refer to the Administration Manual.

# 2. Loadbalancer.org Appliances Supported

All our products can be used with Epicor ERP 10. For full specifications of available models please refer to https://www.loadbalancer.org/products.

Some features may not be supported in all cloud platforms due to platform specific limitations, please check with Loadbalancer.org support for further details.

# 3. Loadbalancer.org Software Versions Supported

V8.6.1 and later

The screenshots used throughout this document aim to track the latest Loadbalancer.org software version. If using an older software version, note that the screenshots presented here may not match the WebUI exactly.

# 4. Epicor ERP Software Versions Supported

• Epicor ERP - version 10

# 5. Epicor ERP 10

Epicor ERP 10 enables business users to handle a combination of scheduling obligations remotely from a single area of the system. Easy-to-use visual tools permit resource optimization, capability-based scheduling, change management, and more.

# 6. Load Balancing Epicor ERP 10

Note lt's highly recommended that you have a working Epicor ERP 10 environment first before implementing the load balancer.

## Persistence (aka Server Affinity)

Epicor ERP 10 requires source IP address-based persistence in order to load balancer connections correctly.

## Virtual Service (VIP) Requirements

To provide load balancing and HA for Epicor ERP 10, a single VIP is required:

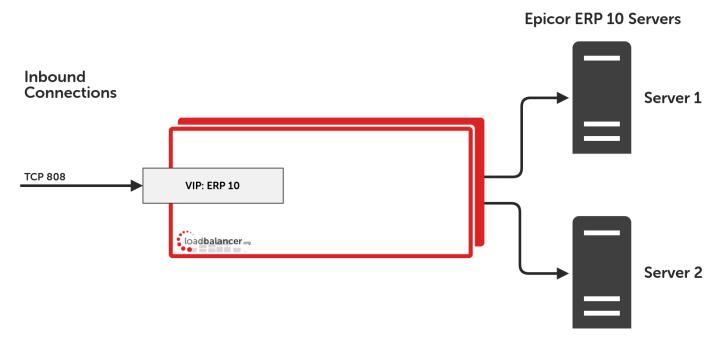
ERP 10

## Port Requirements

The following table shows the port that is load balanced:

Port	Protocols	Use
808	TCP	ERP 10 application traffic

## 7. Deployment Concept



VIPs = Virtual IP Addresses

Note

The load balancer can be deployed as a single unit, although Loadbalancer.org recommends a clustered pair for resilience & high availability. Please refer to the section Configuring HA - Adding a Secondary Appliance in the appendix for more details on configuring a clustered pair.

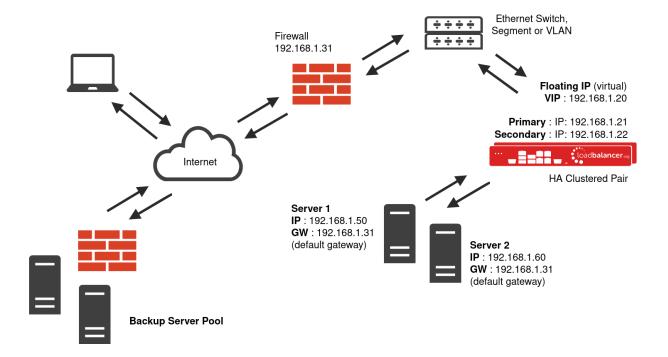
# 8. Load Balancer Deployment Methods

The load balancer can be deployed in 4 fundamental ways: Layer 4 DR mode, Layer 4 NAT mode, Layer 4 SNAT mode, and Layer 7 SNAT mode.

For Epicor ERP 10, using layer 7 SNAT mode is recommended. This mode is described below and is used for the configurations presented in this guide. For configuring using layer 7 SNAT mode please refer to the section Appliance Configuration for Epicor ERP 10 – Using Layer 7 SNAT Mode.

## Layer 7 SNAT Mode

Layer 7 SNAT mode uses a proxy (HAProxy) at the application layer. Inbound requests are terminated on the load balancer and HAProxy generates a new corresponding request to the chosen Real Server. As a result, Layer 7 is typically not as fast as the Layer 4 methods. Layer 7 is typically chosen when either enhanced options such as SSL termination, cookie based persistence, URL rewriting, header insertion/deletion etc. are required, or when the network topology prohibits the use of the layer 4 methods.



- Because layer 7 SNAT mode is a full proxy, any server in the cluster can be on any accessible subnet including across the Internet or WAN.
- Layer 7 SNAT mode is not transparent by default, i.e. the Real Servers will not see the source IP address of the client, they will see the load balancer's own IP address by default, or any other local appliance IP address if preferred (e.g. the VIP address). This can be configured per layer 7 VIP. If required, the load balancer can be configured to provide the actual client IP address to the Real Servers in 2 ways. Either by inserting a header that contains the client's source IP address, or by modifying the Source Address field of the IP packets and replacing the IP address of the load balancer with the IP address of the client. For more information on these methods please refer to Transparency at Layer 7.
- Layer 7 SNAT mode can be deployed using either a one-arm or two-arm configuration. For two-arm deployments, eth0 is normally used for the internal network and eth1 is used for the external network although this is not mandatory.
- Requires no additional configuration changes to the load balanced Real Servers.
- Port translation is possible with Layer 7 SNAT mode, e.g. VIP:80 → RIP:8080 is supported.
- You should not use the same RIP:PORT combination for layer 7 SNAT mode VIPs and layer 4 SNAT mode VIPs because the required firewall rules conflict.

# 9. Loadbalancer.org Appliance – the Basics

### Virtual Appliance

A fully featured, fully supported 30 day trial is available if you are conducting a PoC (Proof of Concept) deployment. The VA is currently available for VMware, Virtual Box, Hyper-V, KVM, XEN and Nutanix AHV and has been optimized for each Hypervisor. By default, the VA is allocated 2 vCPUs, 4GB of RAM and has a 20GB virtual disk. The Virtual Appliance can be downloaded here.

Note

The same download is used for the licensed product, the only difference is that a license key file (supplied by our sales team when the product is purchased) must be applied using the appliance's WebUI.

Note Please refer to Virtual Appliance Installation and the ReadMe.txt text file included in the VA

download for additional information on deploying the VA using the various Hypervisors.

Note

The VA has 4 network adapters. For VMware only the first adapter (eth0) is connected by default. For HyperV, KVM, XEN and Nutanix AHV all adapters are disconnected by default. Use the network configuration screen within the Hypervisor to connect the required adapters.

### **Initial Network Configuration**

After boot up, follow the instructions on the appliance console to configure the management IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, DNS Server and other network settings.

Important

Be sure to set a secure password for the load balancer, when prompted during the setup routine.

### Accessing the WebUI

The WebUI is accessed using a web browser. By default, user authentication is based on local Apache .htaccess files. User administration tasks such as adding users and changing passwords can be performed using the WebUI menu option: *Maintenance > Passwords*.

Note

A number of compatibility issues have been found with various versions of Internet Explorer and Edge. The WebUI has been tested and verified using both Chrome & Firefox.

Note

If required, users can also be authenticated against LDAP, LDAPS, Active Directory or Radius. For more information please refer to External Authentication.

1. Using a browser, access the WebUI using the following URL:

https://<IP-address-configured-during-network-setup-wizard>:9443/lbadmin/

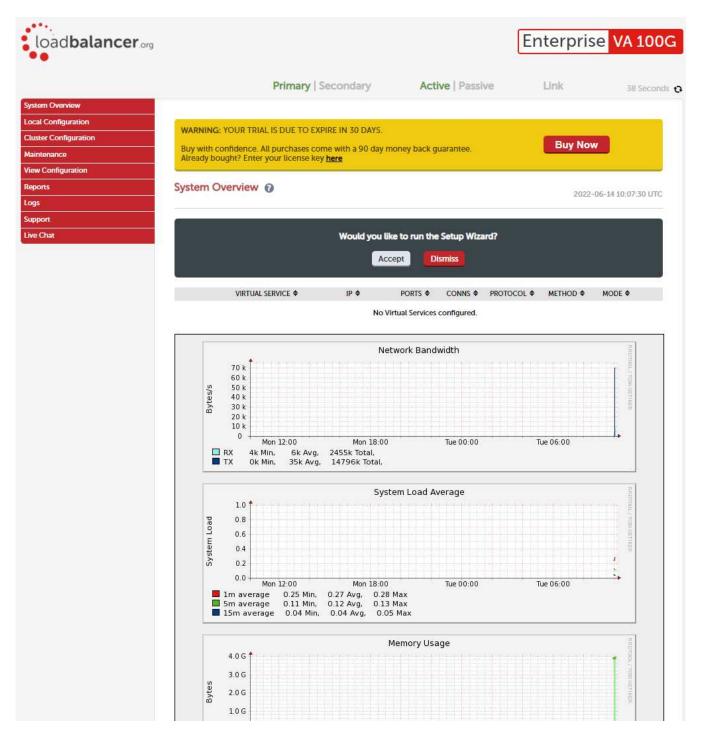
2. Log in to the WebUI:

Username: loadbalancer

Password: <configured-during-network-setup-wizard>

Note To change the password, use the WebUI menu option: Maintenance > Passwords.

Once logged in, the WebUI will be displayed as shown below:



Note The WebUI for the VA is shown, the hardware and cloud appliances are very similar. The yellow licensing related message is platform & model dependent.

3. You'll be asked if you want to run the Setup Wizard. If you click **Accept** the Layer 7 Virtual Service configuration wizard will start. If you want to configure the appliance manually, simple click **Dismiss**.

### Main Menu Options

System Overview - Displays a graphical summary of all VIPs, RIPs and key appliance statistics Local Configuration - Configure local host settings such as IP address, DNS, system time etc. Cluster Configuration - Configure load balanced services such as VIPs & RIPs

Maintenance - Perform maintenance tasks such as service restarts and taking backups

View Configuration - Display the saved appliance configuration settings

Reports - View various appliance reports & graphs

Logs - View various appliance logs

**Support** - Create a support download, contact the support team & access useful links **Live Chat** - Start a live chat session with one of our Support Engineers

### **HA Clustered Pair Configuration**

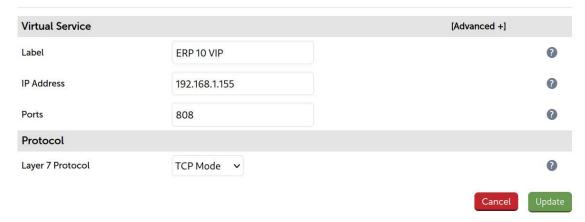
Loadbalancer.org recommend that load balancer appliances are deployed in pairs for high availability. In this guide a single unit is deployed first, adding a secondary unit is covered in the section Configuring HA - Adding a Secondary Appliance of the appendix.

# 10. Appliance Configuration for Epicor ERP 10 — Using Layer 7 SNAT Mode

### Configuring the Virtual Service (VIP)

- 1. Using the web user interface, navigate to *Cluster Configuration > Layer 7 Virtual Services* and click on **Add a new Virtual Service**.
- 2. Define the Label for the virtual service as required, e.g. ERP 10 VIP.
- 3. Set the Virtual Service IP Address field to the required IP address, e.g. 192.168.1.155.
- 4. Set the Ports field to 808.
- 5. Set the Layer 7 Protocol to TCP Mode.
- 6. Click **Update** to create the virtual service.

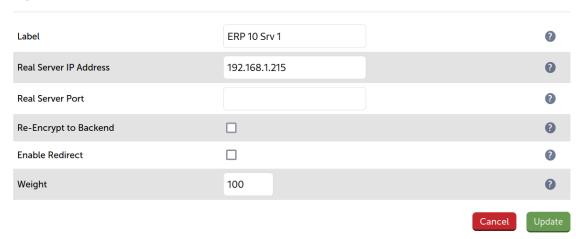
Layer 7 - Add a new Virtual Service



## Defining the Real Servers (RIPs)

- 1. Using the web user interface, navigate to *Cluster Configuration > Layer 7 Real Servers* and click on **Add a new Real Server** next to the newly created VIP.
- 2. Define the Label for the real server as required, e.g. ERP 10 Srv 1.
- 3. Set the Real Server IP Address field to the required IP address, e.g. 192.168.1.215.
- 4. Click Update.
- 5. Repeat these steps to add additional servers as required.

Layer 7 Add a new Real Server - ERP\_10\_VIP



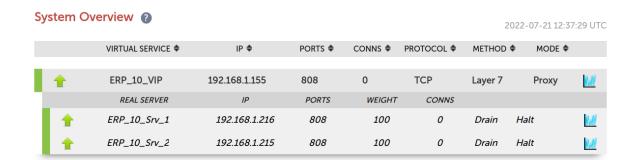
# 11. Testing & Verification

Note

For additional guidance on diagnosing and resolving any issues you may have, please also refer to Diagnostics & Troubleshooting.

### **Using System Overview**

The System Overview can be viewed in the WebUI. It shows a graphical view of all VIPs & RIPs (i.e. the ERP 10 servers) and shows the state/health of each server as well as the state of the cluster as a whole. The example below shows that the virtual service and both ERP 10 servers are healthy and available to accept connections:



# 12. Technical Support

For more details about configuring the appliance and assistance with designing your deployment please don't hesitate to contact the support team using the following email address: <a href="mailto:support@loadbalancer.org">support@loadbalancer.org</a>.

### 13. Further Documentation

The Administration Manual contains much more information about configuring and deploying the appliance. It's available here: https://pdfs.loadbalancer.org/loadbalanceradministrationv8.pdf.

### 14. Conclusion

Loadbalancer.org appliances provide a very cost effective solution for highly available load balanced Epicor ERP 10 environments.

## 15. Appendix

### Configuring HA - Adding a Secondary Appliance

Our recommended configuration is to use a clustered HA pair of load balancers to provide a highly available and resilient load balancing solution.

We recommend that the Primary appliance should be configured first, then the Secondary should be added. Once the Primary and Secondary are paired, all load balanced services configured on the Primary are automatically replicated to the Secondary over the network using SSH/SCP.

Note

For Enterprise Azure, the HA pair should be configured first. In Azure, when creating a VIP using an HA pair, 2 private IPs must be specified – one for the VIP when it's active on the Primary and one for the VIP when it's active on the Secondary. Configuring the HA pair first, enables both IPs to be specified when the VIP is created.

The clustered HA pair uses Heartbeat to determine the state of the other appliance. Should the active device (normally the Primary) suffer a failure, the passive device (normally the Secondary) will take over.

### Non-Replicated Settings

A number of settings are not replicated as part of the Primary/Secondary pairing process and therefore must be manually configured on the Secondary appliance. These are listed by WebUI menu option in the table below:

WebUI Main Menu Option	Sub Menu Option	Description
Local Configuration	Hostname & DNS	Hostname and DNS settings
Local Configuration	Network Interface Configuration	All network settings including IP address(es), bonding configuration and VLANs
Local Configuration	Routing	Routing configuration including default gateways and static routes
Local Configuration	System Date & time	All time and date related settings
Local Configuration	Physical – Advanced Configuration	Various settings including Internet Proxy, Management Gateway, Firewall connection tracking table size, NIC offloading, SMTP relay, logging and Syslog Server
Local Configuration	Security	Appliance security settings
Local Configuration	SNMP Configuration	Appliance SNMP settings
Local Configuration	Graphing	Appliance graphing settings
Local Configuration	License Key	Appliance licensing
Maintenance	Software Updates	Appliance software update management
Maintenance	Firewall Script	Appliance firewall (iptables) configuration
Maintenance	Firewall Lockdown Wizard	Appliance management lockdown settings

Important

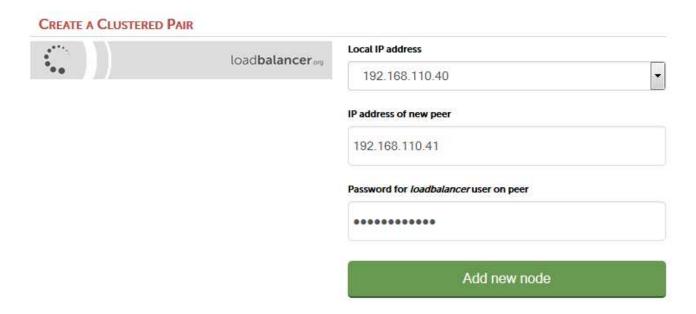
Make sure that if these settings/updates have been configured on the Primary appliance, they're also configured on the Secondary appliance.

To add a Secondary node - i.e. create a highly available clustered pair:

Note

If you have already run the firewall lockdown wizard on either appliance, you'll need to ensure that it is temporarily disabled on both appliances whilst performing the pairing process.

- 1. Deploy a second appliance that will be the Secondary and configure initial network settings.
- 2. Using the WebUI on the Primary appliance, navigate to: *Cluster Configuration > High-Availability Configuration*.



- 3. Specify the IP address and the *loadbalancer* user's password for the Secondary (peer) appliance as shown above.
- 4. Click Add new node.
- 5. The pairing process now commences as shown below:



6. Once complete, the following will be displayed on the Primary appliance:

### High Availability Configuration - primary



7. To finalize the configuration, restart heartbeat and any other services as prompted in the blue message box at the top of the screen.

Note

Clicking the Restart Heartbeat button on the Primary appliance will also automatically restart heartbeat on the Secondary appliance.

For more details on configuring HA with 2 appliances, please refer to Appliance Clustering for HA.

Note

For details on testing and verifying HA, please refer to Clustered Pair Diagnostics.

# 16. Document Revision History

Version	Date	Change	Reason for Change	Changed By
1.0.0	21 July 2022	Initial version		MT, AH

## About Loadbalancer.org

Loadbalancer.org's mission is to ensure that its clients' businesses are never interrupted. The load balancer experts ask the right questions to get to the heart of what matters, bringing a depth of understanding to each deployment. Experience enables Loadbalancer.org engineers to design less complex, unbreakable solutions - and to provide exceptional personalized support.



### United Kingdom

Loadbalancer.org Ltd.
Compass House, North Harbour
Business Park, Portsmouth, PO6 4PS
UK:+44 (0) 330 380 1064
sales@loadbalancer.org
support@loadbalancer.org

### **United States**

Loadbalancer.org, Inc. 4550 Linden Hill Road, Suite 201 Wilmington, DE 19808, USA TEL: +1833.274.2566 sales@loadbalancer.org support@loadbalancer.org

#### Canada

Loadbalancer.org Appliances Ltd. 300-422 Richards Street, Vancouver, BC, V6B 2Z4, Canada TEL:+1 866 998 0508 sales@loadbalancer.org support@loadbalancer.org

### Germany

Loadbalancer.org GmbH Tengstraße 2780798, München, Germany TEL: +49 (0)89 2000 2179 sales@loadbalancer.org support@loadbalancer.org