

# **LOWER PRIMARY LEVEL DESIGN: GRADE 1 – 3**

# LEARNING AREA: ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR LEARNERS WITH HEARING IMPAIRMENT



#### First Published in 2017

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**FOREWORD** 

The Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) outlines the vision and mission for the curriculum reforms. The Vision of the curriculum

reforms is to develop "An engaged, an empowered and ethical citizen "while the mission is to "To nurture the potential of every learner".

The framework adopts a Competency Based Curriculum and has identified seven core competences, namely; communication and collaboration,

critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn, and self-efficacy. It provides a variety

of opportunities for identification and nurturing of learner's potentials and talents in preparation for life and the world of work. It is geared towards

making learning enjoyable.

The curriculum designs are developed to enable implementation of the Basic Education Curriculum Framework. The design contains the National

Goals of Education and outline the Early Years Education (EYE), subject general and specific learning outcomes. It also suggests a variety of

learning experiences, assessment and links the topics to values, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCI) and to other activity areas.

It is my hope that all educators in Early Years Education level will anchor their delivery to these Curriculum Designs.

FRED MATIANG'I, PHD, EGH CABINET SECRETARY

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Lower Primary designs are meant for learners in Grade 1 to 3. They have taken cognizance of the various aspects of development of learners of that age cohort. The designs are comprehensive enough to guide the teachers to effectively deliver the curriculum.

The teacher must understand the learning outcomes and be able to use the suggested learning experiences to achieve the outcomes. The teacher can also design own learning experiences as long as they achieve the designed learning outcomes. A variety of learning experiences will ensure that learners are engaged in the learning experience. Practical experiences will allow learners to retain more in the learning process. The designs allow the teachers to use a variety of assessment methods but in the end they must evaluate the achievement of the learning outcomes. The curriculum designs are very critical and teachers must make reference to them consistently.

The Curriculum Designs for Lower Primary are in four volumes. However, some of the learning areas have been adapted to suit learners with hearing impairment.

#### **Volume One**

- Kiswahili Activities- Kenyan Sign Language for learners with hearing impairment.
- Literacy
- English Activities Adapted English Activities for learners with hearing impairment.

#### **Volume Two**

- Mathematics Activities
- Environmental Activities Adapted Environmental Activities for learners with hearing impairment.
- Hygiene and Nutrition Activities

#### **Volume Three**

- Christian Religious Education
- Hindu Religious Education
- Islamic Religious Education

#### **Volume Four**

• Movement and Creative Activities – Adapted movement and Creative Activities for learners with hearing impairment.

# LEARNING AREAS TIME ALLOCATION

	Learning Area	Lessons Per Week
1.	Literacy Activities	5
2.	Kiswahili Language Activities/Kenyan Sign Language	3
3.	English Language Activities for learners with hearing impairment	3
4.	Mathematical Activities	5
5.	Environmental Activities for learners with hearing impairment	5
6.	Hygiene and Nutrition Activities	2
7.	Religious Activities	3
8.	Movement and Creative Activities for learners with hearing impairment	8(*** 5 for PE)
9.	Pastoral Programme of Instruction	1
	Total Lesson Per Week	35

#### NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

#### 1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and mutual respect for harmonious co-existence

#### 2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

#### a) Social Needs

Education should instill social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in community and national development.

#### b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare a learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

#### c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should provide the learner with necessary competences for technological and industrial development in tandem with changing global trends.

#### 3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

#### 4. Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

## 5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through service learning.

#### 6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instill in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

#### 7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should therefore enable the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also facilitate the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

#### 8. Good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare for sustainable development.

#### GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR EARLY YEARS EDUCATION

By the end of early years' education, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate basic literacy and numeracy skills for learning.
- 2. Communicate appropriately using verbal and/or non-verbal modes in a variety of contexts.
- 3. Demonstrate appropriate etiquette in social relationships.
- 4. Apply creativity and critical thinking skills in problem solving.
- 5. Explore the immediate environment for learning and enjoyment.
- 6. Practice hygiene, nutrition, sanitation, safety skills to promote health and wellbeing.
- 7. Demonstrate the acquisition of emotional, physical, spiritual, aesthetic and moral development for balanced living.
- 8. Demonstrate appreciation of the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious co-existence.
- 9. Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment.

#### **Essence Statement**

English Language during the early years is intended to engage the learners in activities that allow them to use and progressively demonstrate the competences outlined. The emphasis in the presentation of the four language skills is to ensure that they are functional. The learners should also experience the interdependence of the competences across the skills, and find relevance of what they learn in their day to day contexts. Similarly, English language activities in Grade 1, 2, and 3 are expected to play a preparatory role in enabling learners to use it as a medium of learning from grade four, upwards. Concerted efforts to enrich learning at this level will gradually empower learners to exercise what they have acquired in the different functions that English language plays, at the national and global level. Teachers of learners with hearing impairement should use **Signed Exact English(SEE)** to facilitate learning and avoid using **Signed English(SE)** or **Kenyan Sign Language(KSL)**.

# **General Learning Outcomes**

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) Listen/observe and respond appropriately to relevant information in a variety of contexts,
- b) Express self confidently using the language structures and the vocabulary acquired for interaction with others,
- c) Read with comprehension, a variety of short texts of about 200 words fluently and accurately,
- d) Read with comprehension a variety of texts for information and pleasure,
- e) Write simple sentences legibly and neatly to express ideas and feelings,
- f) Demonstrate the appropriate use of simple language structures and basic punctuation marks to communicate effectively.

# **GRADE 1**

**GRADE 1: HEARING IMPAIRED LEARNERS** 

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.1 Weather and Sky (10 lessons) 1.1.1 Observing the Sky	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the appearance of the sky during the day and at night; b) observe differences in appearance of the sky during the day and at night; c) develop curiosity in observing appearance of the sky for enjoyment.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe the sky (the sun, moon, stars and clouds) during the day and at then share their observations with others.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to observe the appearance of the sky at night in their homes and report back.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to observe the appearance of the sky during the day and at night from video clips.</li> <li>Learners could play educative computer games on the Sun, moon, clouds and stars.</li> <li>Learners could to draw and colour the sun, moon, clouds and stars.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What do we see when look at the sky during the day and during the night?</li> <li>What differences do we observe in the day and night sky?</li> </ol>
	1.1.2 Exploring weather conditions	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify weather conditions of the day;	• Learners could explore weather conditions as an outdoor activity (windy, cloudy, rainy and sunny).	1. How is the weather today?

	<ul> <li>b) make reasonable forecast of the day from weather observations;</li> <li>c) appreciate weather conditions at different times of the day.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In groups, learners could be guided to observe weather conditions of the day in the immediate environment.</li> <li>Learners could share experiences about daily weather conditions.</li> <li>Learners could identify various weather conditions of a day using age appropriate stimuli materials.</li> <li>Learners could sign or sing songs and recite poems on various weather conditions for enjoyment.</li> <li>Learners could find out more about the sky during the day and at night from parents or guardians.</li> <li>Learners could draw and colour a weather chart.</li> </ul>
<b>Core Competences to be developed:</b>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

### **Core Competences to be developed:**

- Communication and collaboration as they work in groups.
- Imagination and creativity as they draw and colour weather charts.
- Critical thinking and problem solving as they explore and share.

Digital 1	literacy:	videos,	photographs.
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Link to PCIs and Values: ESD: Environmental Education.	Link to values: Unity and respect when working
	together.
Links to other learning activity areas: Religious Education on	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:
God's creation.	learners are guided by parents or guardians to observe
Movement and Creative Arts: drawing and colouring.	the sky at night.

Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Learners to	<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Observation as they draw and		
develop and colour weather chart. colour weather chart questions on weather.			
Suggested Resources: Videos, weather chart, pictures and Natural environment.			
Suggested resources: videos, weather charts, pictures and natural environment			

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Learner to consistently and	Learner to accurately identify	Learner to occasionally identify	Rarely identify and
accurately identify the sun,	the sun, moon, stars and clouds.	the sun, moon, stars and clouds.	appreciates weather
moon, stars and clouds.	Appreciates different weather	Sometimes appreciates different	conditions.
Appreciates different weather	conditions.	weather conditions.	
conditions.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
	1.3 Water (10 lessons) 1.3.1 Sources of water	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different sources of water in the immediate environment; b) observe different sources of water in the immediate environment; c) appreciate different sources of water in the immediate environment.	<ul> <li>Learners could brainstorm on sources of water.</li> <li>Learners could observe a variety of stimuli materials on sources of water and share their ideas.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to model and draw sources of water in the class learning space/corner as a project.</li> </ul>	What are the sources of water in our immediate environment?
	1.3.2 Uses of water	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different uses of water in the home and school;	Learners could identify different uses of water in school and at home.	How do we use water responsibly in the home and school?

	c	demonstrate careful use of water in the home and school; appreciate careful use of water in the home and school.	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss careful use of water in the home and school.</li> <li>Learners could develop a scrap book on careful use of water either in the home or at school.</li> </ul>		
	<b>Core-competence to be developed:</b> Communication and collaboration while working in groups; Creativity: ability to think critically and creatively in making the scrapbook.			ativity: ability to think	
	iteracy: videos.	пу не зегаровок.			
Links to PCI's: Personal hygiene.  Links to values: Moral values of cleanlines			of cleanliness.		
Link to o	Link to other learning activity areas: Religious Education:  Suggested Community Service Learning activities:				
	Religious values, appreciate water sources as a gift from God;		Learners to find out more about s	_	
Nutrition	Nutrition and Hygiene cleanliness.		from their parents or guardians.		
Suggeste	Suggested non-formal activity to support learning through		Suggested assessment: Use a checklist to assess the		
applicati	application		scrapbook, Observation on group	work, written and	
Make a display of the scrapbook for other learners to appreciate.		signed (LWD)/ oral (HOH) ques	tions.		
Suggeste	Suggested Resources: Local environment, videos, poem extracts.				

<b>Exceeding Expectation</b>	Meeting Expectation	Approaching	<b>Below Expectation</b>
		Expectation	
Learner able to consistently	Learner able to correctly identify	Learner able to some	Learner able to rarely
and correctly identify many	sources and uses of water.	extent correctly identifies	identify and appreciates
sources and uses of water	Appreciates and demonstrates careful	sources and uses of water.	sources and uses of water.
and demonstrates careful	uses of water.	May appreciate and	
uses of water.		demonstrate careful uses	
		of water.	

Strand	Sub -strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question (s)	
Environmen t and its resources	1.4 Soil (10 lessons) 1.4.1 Playing with soil	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of playing with soil for enjoyment; b) play with soil in different ways for enjoyment; c) model different objects using soil at school; d) develop curiosity in playing with soil for enjoyment.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify ways of playing with soil.</li> <li>Learners could fill and empty cans with soil for fun.</li> <li>Learner could model different objects using soil.</li> <li>Learners could draw on the soil and make different patterns using soil paints.</li> <li>Learners could find out more from parents or guardians on how to play with soil.</li> </ul>	How could we play with soil?	
Core-compete using paints fr		<b>opment:</b> creativity and imagination	n, communication and collaboration a	s learners make patterns	
Links to PCI'	s: ESD: Environ	nment and its resources.	<b>Links to values:</b> Responsibility.		
Links to other learning activity areas: Mathematics: Emptying and filling cans. Movement and Creative activities: Drawing and making patterns.		Suggested Community Service Learners find out from parents or g soil.			
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Displaying patterns from soil paints for peers to appraise.		<b>Suggested assessment</b> : Signed que the soil activities.	estions and observation of		
Suggested Re	Suggested Resources: Small sticks, water, papers, different objects to make patterns, soil, containers.				

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	on Meeti	ng expectation	Approaching Expectation		Below	Below expectation	
Learner able to consist play and creatively mitems, makes a variety patterns using soil and curiosity in playing w	odel model using d shows in play rith soil.	er able to correctly play, s items, make patterns soil and shows curiosity ying with soil.	item soil	ner able to play, model, s, make few patterns using and shows little interest in ing with soil.	e few patterns using ows little interest in		
Environment and its resources (15)	Plants Lessons) 1Exploring ets in the mediate dironment	By the end of the substrand, the learner should able to:  a) identify plants in the immediate environm b) observe plants in the immediate environm to realize the diversity plants; c) appreciate plant diversity in the immediate environm	ent; ent ty in	<ul> <li>Learners could take a nawalk to observe differer plants in the immediate environment.</li> <li>Learners could think pashare about plants that the saw during the nature well during the nature walk.</li> <li>Learners could draw and colour plants that they learners could gather reinformation from parent guardians about plants a report back.</li> <li>Learners could search for pictures on plants from and print resources.</li> <li>Learners could sign or songs on plants.</li> </ul>	ir and hey valk. d iked more ts or and or digital	Key Inquiry question(s) What plants are found in the immediate environment?	

**Core Competences to be developed:** Communication and collaboration: sharing experiences in groups about plants. Imagination and creativity: drawing and coloring plants. Learning to learn: gathering information through taking a nature walk.

**Digital literacy:** videos and photographs.

Link to PCIs: ESD: Environmental awareness.	Link to Values: Unity inworking with others.
Links to other learning activity areas: Religious Activities:	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:
Appreciating plants as God's creation.	learners to find out names of plants from parents or
Movement and Creative Activities: Drawing and colouring plants.	guardians.
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Sign songs on	<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed questions, observation and
plants during the school assembly.	written work on Activity sheet on plants.
Suggested Resources: Local environment, photographs, pictures, video	
and real plants.	

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies plants	Sometimes identifies some plants in	Rarely identifies plants in the
identifies the plants in the	in the immediate	the immediate environment.	immediate environment.
immediate environment.	environment.		

Strand	<b>Sub-Strand</b>	<b>Specific Learning Outcomes</b>	<b>Suggested Learning Experiences</b>	<b>Key inquiry Questions</b>
Strand 1.0 Environment and its resources	Sub-Strand 1.6 Animals (15 lessons) 1.5.1 Exploring	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify and sign different animals in the immediate environment; b) observe different animals	Learners could be guided safely to explore animals and their appropriate signs in the immediate environment.	What animals are found in the immediate environment?
	animals in the immediate environment.	in the immediate environment; c) appreciate diversity of animals in the immediate environment.	<ul> <li>Learners could in groups be guided to observe and identify different animals.</li> <li>Learners could take a nature walk to observe diversity in animals.</li> </ul>	

Core Competence to be developed: Creativity and imagination, Legames, sign stories and sharing experiences.	<ul> <li>Learners could share their findings on animals that they observed.</li> <li>Learners could observe other learners as they sign stories on animals for enjoyment.</li> <li>Learners could gather more information on animals from parents or guardians.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to play computer games related to animals.</li> </ul>
Digital literacy: computers.	
Link to PCI's: ESD: Environmental awareness.	Link to Values: Respect, kindness, care, safety: learners
Life skills: Effective communications as learners identify animals.	appreciate animals in their natural environment.
Link to other learning activity areas: Religious Education: appreciating animals as God's creation. Literacy: Observe others as they sign stories on animals	<b>Suggested Community Service Learning activities:</b> Learners to explore animals in the immediate environment.
Suggested non formal activity to support learning through application: Present a message on care of animal to other learners.	<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed (LWD)/ or (HOH) questions on identifying animals in the immediate environment.
Suggested Resources: Physical environment, pictures, photographs,	computers, real animal and charts.

# **Suggested Assessment Rubric**

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	eeding expectation Meeting expectation Approaching		Below expectation
		expectation	
Learner able to consistently and correctly identify, observe and appreciates different animals in the immediate environment.	Learner able to correctly identify different animals, observe and appreciates the animals in the immediate environment.	Learner able to sometimes identify different animals, observe and rarely shows appreciation of the different animals in the immediate environment.	Learner able to rarely identify and appreciate different animals in the immediate environment.

Strand	Sub-strand	<b>Specific learning outcomes</b>	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
Strand 1.0 Environment and its resources	1.7 Energy (10 Lessons) 1.7.1 Producing sounds and vibrations	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify sounds and vibrations in the immediate environment; b) identify ways of producing sounds and vibrations from different objects; c) create sounds and	<ul> <li>Learners could take a nature walk in the immediate environment to explore sounds and vibrations in the environment.</li> <li>Learners could share experience of the sounds and</li> </ul>	1. What produces sounds in the immediate environment? 2. How could we produce sounds?
		c) create sounds and vibrations from a variety of sources for enjoyment; d) develop curiosity in producing sounds and vibrations from different objects.	<ul> <li>vibrations they heard and felt.</li> <li>Learners could imitate sounds from humans, animals, machines or that which is natural thunder).</li> <li>Learners could identify ways of creating sound using the body, objects and voice</li> </ul>	

1.7.2 Sounds and vibrations that alert us on dangers	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify sounds and vibrations that alert us on dangers in the immediate environment; b) discriminate sounds and vibrations and vibrations that alert us on dangers for appropriate response; c) appreciate different sounds and vibrations that alerts on dangers.	different sounds and	<ol> <li>What sounds alert on danger?</li> <li>How could we respond appropriately to various sounds?</li> </ol>
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T 1	172 Dangers	Dy the and of the sub strand		
	1.7.3 Dangers of loud sounds	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify sources of loud sounds in the immediate environment; b) explain the effects of loud sounds on health and safety; c) observe practices that protect us from effects of loud sounds; d) demonstrate willingness to limit dangers from loud sounds to self and others.	<ul> <li>Learners could explore sources of loud sound in the immediate environment.</li> <li>Learners could discuss effects of loud sounds on their wellbeing.</li> <li>Learners could identify ways of avoiding loud sound.</li> <li>Learners could pantomime on dangers of loud sounds.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the sources loud sounds?</li> <li>How could loud sound affect us?</li> <li>How could we avoid loud sound?</li> </ol>
Core-competence to	o be developme	<b>nt:</b> Creativity and imagination	when creating sound, dancing and pa	antomiming
		avoid practices that brings about	ut loud sound.	
<b>Digital literacy:</b> vid				
Links to PCI's: ES			Link to values: Responsibility.	
	e communication	n, learners produce sounds in		
different ways.	1 . 1	1 1:00		
		rs dance to different sounds.		• • • •
	ning activity are	eas (s): Language: Reciting	Suggested Community Service Learning activity: Display messages that warn on harmful effects of loud	
-	poems.			armiul effects of foud
Nutrition and Health		-	sounds.	
Movement and creat		9	Suggested agassare sets Court	ia verittan avasti ses
application	iai activity to si	upport learning through	Suggested assessment: Sound qui	iz, written questions.
Communicate messages of avoiding loud sounds through clubs				
movements and socie		ioua sounas unough ciuos		
		uments flash cards nictures v	lideo clips, and immediate environme	 •nt
Suggested Resource	cs. musicai ilisti	aments, masir caras, pretares, v.	ideo emps, and ininiculate environme	/116.

Sub-strand	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Producing sounds	Learner able to correctly and consistently identify sources of sounds and creatively creates sound.	Learner able to correctly identify sources of sounds and creates sounds.	Learner able to identify some sources of sounds and creates some sounds.	Learner able to rarely identify sources of sounds or creates sounds.
Sounds that alert us on dangers	Learner able to correctly and consistently make sounds, identify and discriminates sounds that alert on dangers.	Learner able to correctly identify and discriminates sounds that alert on dangers.	Learner able to occasionally identify and discriminate some sounds that alert on dangers.	Learner able to rarely identify and discriminate some sounds that alert on dangers.
Dangers of loud sounds	Learner able to correctly and consistently observe and appreciate practices that protect self and others from loud sounds.	Learner able to correctly observe and appreciate practices that protect self and others from loud sounds.	Learner able to sometimes observe and appreciate practices that protect self and others from loud sounds.	Learner able to rarely observes practices that protect one from loud sounds.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
2.0 Social environment	Home Environment (20 lessons) 2.1.1 Caring for things found in the home	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) sign the various things found in the home; b) care for things found in the home; c) develop positive attitude towards caring for things in the home.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify and sign things found in the home (utensils and furniture).</li> <li>Learners could identify ways of caring for things found in the home (washing and dusting).</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What things are found in the home?</li> <li>How could we care for things found in the home?</li> </ol>

		•	Learners could demonstrate ways of caring for things found in the home.	
2.1.2 Keeping home environment clean	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) sign things that make the home environment dirty; b) participate actively in making the home environment clean; c) demonstrate willingness to keep the home environment clean.		Learners could sign things that make the home environment dirty. Learners could demonstrate cleaning of home environment using relevant cleaning activities. Learners could visit a nearby home, if possible of an elderly person, and clean the home environment.	<ol> <li>What makes our home environment dirty?</li> <li>How could we keep our home environment clean?</li> </ol>
2.1.3 Keeping safe and secure in the home	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify common risks at home; b) observe safety and security in the home environment to avoid risk to self and others; c) demonstrate responsibility towards own safety and security in the home environment.	•	Learners could listen or observe signed stories on possible risks in the home. Learners could identify common risks in the home. Learners could demonstrate ways of keeping safe and secure in the home. Learners could discuss with parents or guardians on keeping safe and secure	<ol> <li>What are some of the possible risks in the home?</li> <li>How could we keep safe and secure in the home?</li> </ol>

		in the home and report back.
2.1.4 Child Rights and responsibilities in the family.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify rights of a child in a family; b) perform the responsibilities of a child in a family; c) develop a sense of responsibility for family social cohesion.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify child rights in a family (right to a name, nutrition, shelter, schooling and play).</li> <li>Learners could identify responsibilities of a child in a family.</li> <li>In groups, learners could complete a postcard on responsibilities of a child in a family.</li> </ul>
2.1.5 Meeting family needs.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state basic needs in a family; b) explain ways in which parents or guardians Meeting basic family needs;	<ul> <li>Learners could state some of the basic family needs (food, water and shelter).</li> <li>Learners could fill printable age appropriate</li> <li>1. What are basic family needs?</li> <li>2. How can parents or guardians Meeting basic family needs?</li> </ul>

_	ce: Citizenship (Child	c) appreciate the efforts of parents or guardians in Meeting family needs.  Rights and family values), Self	forms on basic family needs.  • Learners could identify how parents or guardians Meeting basic family needs (farming, employment and business).  • Learners could sign or sing songs and recite poems or rhymes on how parents or guardians Meeting basic family needs.  -efficacy: able to make social decisions when they play their	
roles.  Digital literacy:	video clips and photo	granhs		
PCIs: ESD: Safe		5. mp. 10.	Link to values: Respecting family members, responsibility	
	l education and self-av	wareness.	in Meeting family needs, love, and care.	
	nily responsibilities.			
	<b>Link to other learning activity areas</b> : Religious Education: Moral values and responsibilities.		Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Learners to be guided to find out from parents or guardians how they Meeting family needs.	
<b>Suggested non formal activity to support learning:</b> Learners to sign songs and poems on how parents or guardians Meeting family needs during a parents' day.			<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed (LWD)/ or (HOH) questions, observations written questions.	
Suggested resou furniture, electron	rces: Picture cut outs,	natural environment, utensils, nops dusters, dust bins, rakes, aphs.		

Sub –strand	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Caring for things in the home	Learner consistently and correctly signs various things found in the home and cares for them.	Learner correctly signs various things found in the home and cares for them.	Learner occasionally correctly signs some things found in the home and cares for some.	Learner rarely signs and care for things found in the home.
Keeping the home environment clean	Learner consistently and effectively participates in making the home environment clean and appreciates keeping it clean.	Learner correctly participates in making the home environment clean and appreciates keeping it clean.	Learner occasionally participates in making and keeping the home environment clean and appreciates it.	Learner rarely participates in making the home environment clean.
Keeping the home safe and secure	Learner consistently identifies risks and effectively keeps safe and secure.	Learner correctly identifies risks and keeps safe and secure.	Learner occasionally identifies risks and keeps safe and secure.	Learner rarely identifies risks and keeps safe and secure.
Child rights and responsibility in the family	Learner consistently identifies rights and responsibilities in the family and effectively exercises rights and responsibilities.	Learner correctly identifies rights and responsibilities in the family.	Learner occasionally identifies rights and responsibilities in the family.	Learner rarely identifies rights and responsibilities in the family.
Meeting Family Needs	Learner consistently identifies family needs and responsibilities and always appreciates the efforts of parents or guardians in Meeting family needs.	Learner correctly identifies family needs and responsibilities and always appreciates the efforts of parents or guardians in Meeting family needs.	Learner occasionally identifies family needs and responsibilities and appreciates the efforts of parents or guardians in Meeting family needs.	Learner rarely recognizes family needs, responsibilities the efforts of parents or guardians in

		Meeting family
		needs.

Strand	Sub –strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
2.0 Social environment	2.2 Enterprise projects (30 lessons) 2.2.1 Ways of generating money in the family.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of generating money rightfully in the family; b) demonstrate awareness of rightful ways of generating money to promote good citizenship; c) appreciate genuine ways of generating money as good citizens.	<ul> <li>Learners could be guided to identify how families generate money.</li> <li>In groups, learners could discuss rightful ways of generating money.</li> <li>Using case stories, learners could identify various ways of generate money rightfully.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to find out more from parents or guardians on rightful ways of earning money.</li> </ul>	How could we make money rightfully?
	2.2.2 Exploring the environment for appropriate income generating activities.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify income generating activities for the family; b) suggest possible income generating activities for the family; c) demonstrate interest in the income generating activities at home.	<ul> <li>Learners could suggest an income generating activity at home.</li> <li>Learners could explore income generating activities that could be carried out in the family.</li> <li>Learners could be guided in pair and share on income generating activities that could be undertaken by the family.</li> <li>Learners could share suggestions on income</li> </ul>	What activities could generate income for the family?

			generating activities with guardians or parents.  • Learners could visit an ongoing income generating project for children.	
-	ces to be developed: Con	mmunication and collaboration, imagi	nation and creativity, critical thinking an	nd problem
solving.				
		mental Education and its resources:	Link to values: Honesty, integrity,	
environment and	l its resources. Financial l	iteracy: income generating activities.		
Life skills: Effec	tive communication.			
<b>Digital literacy:</b>	Video clips and photogra	aphs.		
Links to other l	earning activity areas: I	Literacy, Religious Education.	Suggested Community Service Learn	ning
			activities: discussion with parents or guardians on	
			income generating projects.	
Suggested non	Suggested non formal Activity to support learning		Suggested assessment: Observation as they	
Visit an ongoing	Visit an ongoing income generating project for children.		perform the poem or sign. Signed question on	
		money and income generating activities.		
Suggested Reso photographs.	urces: Props for role play	local environment, realia, video clips	, newspapers cuttings, business magazin	ies

	<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Ways of generating	Learner consistently and	Learner identifies ways of	Learner sometimes	Learner rarely identifies
money	creatively identifies	generating money,	identifies ways of	ways of generating
	ways of generating	demonstrates and	generating money, may	money.
	money, demonstrates	appreciates rightful ways	demonstrate and	
	and appreciates rightful	of making money.	appreciates rightful ways of	
	ways of making money.		generating money.	

Exploring the environment for	Learner creatively and consistently identifies	Learner identifies and suggests possible income	Learner sometimes identifies possible income	Learner rarely identifies possible income
appropriate income generating activities	and suggests various	generating activities for the family.	generating activities for the family.	generating activities for the family.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.1 Caring for plants (5 lessons) 3.1.1 Watering flower beds at school.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state when flowers should be watered at school; b) water flower beds appropriately within the school environment; c) demonstrate willingness to take responsibility in watering flowers at school.	<ul> <li>Learners could suggest reasons for watering flowers.</li> <li>In groups, learners could be guided to identify things used for watering flowers (watering can, sprinklers, hose pipe, bucket, improvised watering cans).</li> <li>Learners could practice correct procedures of watering flower beds.</li> <li>Learners could take turns in watering flower beds.</li> <li>Learners could participate in planting flowers to beautify the school compound.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>When do we water flower beds?</li> <li>How could we water flower beds?</li> </ol>
		Communication and collaboration	taking turns in watering flowers. Ima	gination and
Life skills: Cooperating while taking turns in watering flowers.  Links to other learning activity areas: Religious Education Activities: Respect plants as God's creation.  Suggested non formal Activity to support			Link to values: Responsibility turns in watering flowers at sea Suggested Community Servactivities: Participate in watering flower Suggested assessment: Obseto of watering flowers.	chool. ice Learning rs in school.
•		ring tools/equipment, local environ		

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and correctly states when flower beds should be watered at school, waters flower beds	Learner correctly states when flower beds should be watered at school, waters flower beds appropriately within the school	Learner sometimes states when flower beds should be watered at school, waters flower beds appropriately	Learner rarely states when flower beds should be watered at school and may water flower beds appropriately within the school environment.
appropriately within the school environment and demonstrates willingness to take responsibility in watering flowers at school.	environment and demonstrates willingness to take responsibility in watering	within the school environment and sometimes takes responsibility in watering flowers at school.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Caring for the environment	3.2 Caring for animals (5 lessons) 3.2.1 Feeding and watering animals.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify and sign common feeds for various animals at home; b) identify common equipment for watering and feeding animals at home; c) clean the equipment for watering and feeding animals at home; d) appreciate the need to feed and water animals at home.	<ul> <li>Learners could be guided to identify and sign common feeds, feeding and watering equipment for animals at home.</li> <li>In groups, learners could share experiences on feeding and watering animals (poultry, cow, cat and dog).</li> <li>Learners could visit a farm or agricultural show to</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What do animals at home eat?</li> <li>What equipment do we use in watering and feeding animals at home?</li> <li>How could we keep watering and feeding equipment clean?</li> </ol>

		<ul> <li>identify animal feeds and watering equipment</li> <li>Learners could practice feeding and watering animals at home and schools.</li> </ul>	
	pment: Collaboration and communication		
Links to PCI's and values: A	nimal Welfare Education– Freedom	Links values: Respect and care	for animals.
for animals.			
Links to other learning activit	y areas: Nutrition and Hygiene:	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:	
cleanliness.		Learners are guided to find out f	from a farm some of the
Religious Education: Respect of	f God's creation.	common animal feeds and watering equipment.	
Suggested non-formal activity	to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation as	
application:		learners practice feeding and wa	tering animals.
Visit a farm or attend agricultur	al shows to learn more on animals.	_	
Suggested Resources: Waterin	g troughs, water, feeding troughs,		
samples of animal feeds, picture	es, video clips, real animals.		

Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Learner correctly and consistently	Learner correctly identifies and	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies
identifies and signs animal feeds and	signs common animal feeds	and signs common animal	and signs common animal
watering equipment for domestic	and is able to feed and water	feeds and is able to feed and	feeds and is able to feed
animals, is able to feed, water and	animals appropriately.	water animals appropriately.	and water animals
clean the watering equipment			appropriately.
appropriately.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.3 Managing waste responsibly (10 lessons) 3.3.1 Exploring types of waste in the classroom.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify types of waste in the classroom; b) safely sort out waste in the in the classroom for appropriate disposal; c) dispose of waste responsibly to limit risks to self, others and environment; d) appreciate a clean classroom environment for good health.	<ul> <li>Learners could be guided to brainstorm types of waste from the classroom (Plastic and non-plastics).</li> <li>Learners could be guided to record types of waste (by writing or drawing).</li> <li>Learners cold safely sort out waste from the classroom.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to develop a schedule for cleaning the classroom.</li> </ul>	1. What types of waste are found in the classroom? 2. How could we dispose of classroom waste responsibly?
	3.3.2 Safety in handling waste in the home.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify types of wastes found in the home; b) sort out waste in the for safe and effective disposal; c) appreciate the need for safety when managing waste at home to limit risk to self and others.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify types of waste found in the home.</li> <li>Learners could watch video clips on safe managing of wastes.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to identify safe ways of managing wastes in the home.</li> <li>In groups, learners could be guided to simulate safety in</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What wastes are found at home?</li> <li>How could we safely dispose of waste at home?</li> </ol>

	• I  p  s  v  • I  p  s  v  • I  r  t  g  to be Developed: Communication and coll ment of different types of waste; learning to			
	Link to PCIs: ESD: Care of the environment		Link to values: Responsibility.	
	<b>Life skills</b> : Cooperating with others while working in groups.			
	Links to other learning activity areas: Hygiene and		Suggested Community Service Learning activity:	
Nutrition: Waste disp	Nutrition: Waste disposal.		Ask parents or guardians about ways of handling	
		waste.		
	Suggested non formal activity to support learning through		<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Observation, written assignment.	
	<b>application:</b> Engage clubs to create sign posts and place them			
	at appropriate places to guide disposal of waste.			
88	s: Local environment, dustbins, brooms,			
videos, pictures.				

Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and correctly	Learner correctly	Learner sometimes identifies and	Lerner rarely identifies and
identifies and disposes home and	identifies and disposes	disposes home and classroom	disposes home and classroom
classroom wastes effectively and	home and classroom	wastes effectively.	wastes effectively.
efficiently.	wastes effectively.	-	-

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.0 Care for the environment	3.4 Caring for water (5 lessons) 3.4.1 Using water sparingly	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways in which water is wasted at home and school; b) identify ways of using water sparingly to reduce wastage; c) use water sparingly at home and school; d) demonstrate willingness to use water sparingly.	<ul> <li>Learners could be guided to identify ways of using water sparingly at home and school.</li> <li>Learners could explore various ways in which water is used sparingly.</li> <li>In groups, learners could be guided to demonstrate the different practices of careful use of water.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to identify common practices that lead to wastage of water at home and school.</li> <li>Learners could be organized to participate in school water day to share experiences on careful use of water.</li> </ul>	1. How is water wasted at home and school? 2. How could we reduce water wastage at home and school?
			m solving – learner practicing use of values imple activities involving use of water	
Digital literacy: V		carriers in groups carrying out	omple detivities involving use of water	or sparingry.
	ESD: Water conserv	vation.	Links to values: Using water sparir	ngly.
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Hygiene and nutrition: use of water.		Suggested Community Service Learning activity Learners to find out from their parents or guardians on how water is used sparingly at home and school.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning through application:  Organize an event on school water day to share careful use of water.		<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Interviews observation of group work.		
Suggested Resou	rces: Water contair	ners, video clips on using water	, photographs, local environment.	

<b>Exceeding Expectation</b>	Meeting Expectation	Approaching	<b>Below Expectation</b>
		Expectation	
Learner consistently and	Learner correctly uses water	Learner sometimes uses	Learner rarely uses water
correctly uses water sparingly.	sparingly.	water sparingly.	sparingly.

Strand	<b>Sub-strand</b>	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	<b>Key inquiry question(s)</b>
3.0 Care for the environment	3.5 Conserving Light Energy at Home and School (5 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state correct ways of using light energy at home and school; b) demonstrate correct ways of using light energy at home and school; c) use light energy sparingly and responsibly at home and school to conserve energy.	<ul> <li>Learners could be guided to discuss ways of saving light energy in the home and school.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to discuss ways of saving light energy.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to formulate rules on conserving light energy at home and school.</li> <li>Learners could colour designed stickers and display them. The stickers to contain messages on conserving light energy at home and school.</li> </ul>	How could we save light energy at home and school?

**Core Competences to be developed:** Communication and collaboration: displaying stickers on conserving energy. Critical thinking and problem solving: when develop rules on conserving light energy at home and school.

Digital literacy: video clips.

Link to PCIs: ESD: Environmental education; Social environment.

Life skills – Responsibility.

Link to values: Responsibility in conserving light.

<b>Links to other learning activity areas:</b> Movement and Creative Arts: designing stickers.	Suggested Community Service Learning activity: Learners to share information with parents or guardians on light saving and report back.
Suggested non formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: assessing the colouring of stickers.
application:	
Track the use of light energy at home or school to determine if there is	
a positive change towards conserving energy.	
Suggested Resources: Local environment, pictures, video clips, charts,	electricity, realia

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and	Learner accurately	Learner sometimes	Learner rarely demonstrates saving
accurately demonstrates ways	demonstrates ways of saving	demonstrates saving of light	of light energy at home and
of saving light energy at home	light energy at home and	energy at home and school.	school.
and school.	school.		

# **GRADE 2**

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	<b>Key inquiry question(s)</b>
1.0	1.1 Weather	By the end of the sub-		
Environment	(15 Lessons)	strand, the learner should be		
and its	1.1.1 Responding to	able to:		
resources	different weather conditions	<ul> <li>a) describe different weather conditions;</li> <li>b) state ways of responding to different weather conditions;</li> <li>c) respond appropriately to different weather conditions to limit risks to self, others and the environment;</li> <li>d) appreciate differences in weather conditions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners could be guide to observe and discuss prevailing weather conditions, as an outdoor activity.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to pair and share experiences on how they could respond to different weather conditions (hot, cold, rainy).</li> <li>Using pictures, video clips (with caption or interpreter), learners could identify ways of responding to various weather conditions.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to perform a skit on ways of responding to various weather conditions.</li> <li>Learners could read or observe signed stories (LwD) or listen to stories (HoH) about responding appropriately to adverse weather conditions.</li> <li>Learners could find out from parents, guardians or community members on how to respond to</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the different weather conditions?</li> <li>How could we respond to different weather conditions?</li> </ol>

		different weather conditions and report back.	
weather	By the end of the substrand, the learner shable to:  a) describe weather conditions at diffitimes of the day; b) draw weather synto represent diffe weather conditions:  c) create a weather using symbols for period of one weather conditions.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe the weather at different times of the day as an outdoor activity.</li> <li>Learners could describe and discuss different weather conditions (sunny, windy, cloudy, calm, and rainy).</li> <li>Learners could identify weather symbols from charts and other learning resources.</li> <li>Learners could practice drawing weather symbols using free hand and electronic devices.</li> <li>Learners could observe and record weather conditions of the day using symbols.</li> <li>Learners could play relevant and educative computer games on weather conditions.</li> <li>In groups, learners could observe and record weather conditions over a period of one week and share the chart with others.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How is the weather today?</li> <li>What symbols are used to record different weather conditions?</li> <li>How could we record weather conditions?</li> </ol>
	By the end of the substrand, the learner shable to:		1. How could we use symbols to communicate weather messages

Core Competences to be developed: Co	weather chart symbols to deduce correct meanings;  communicate weath chart symbols accur to peers;  develop interest in interpreting and communicating weather symbols	using weather symbols to interpret weather symbol.  • In a class contest, learners could compete narrating weather occurrences for a past week weather chart recording.  • Learners could gather more information on weather from parents or guardians.	How could we communicate weather messages to others?	
solving, digital literacy.	illinumcation and cona	boration, imagination and creativity, critical timis	iking and problem	
<b>Digital literacy:</b> video clips, photographs.				
Link to PCIs: ESD: Disaster Risk Reduction on weather calamities		Links to values: Responsibility, unity and respe	ect.	
Service learning: parental engagement.				
<b>Links to other learning activity areas:</b> Religious Activities: Creation.		<b>Suggested Community Service Learning activities:</b> sourcing information on weather from parents or guardians.		
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: track and		Suggested assessment: Signed (LWD)/ or oral (HOH) questions,		
record weather in their diaries or journals.		observations of the charts or weather messages, observation of participation in the contest.		
Suggested Resources: Video clips, picture	Suggested Resources: Video clips, pictures, weather charts, natural environment.			

<b>Sub-strand</b>	<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	<b>Below expectations</b>
Responding to	Learner appropriately and	Learner appropriately	Learner occasionally responds to	Learner rarely responds
various weather	effectively describes and	responds to weather	weather conditions.	to weather conditions.
conditions	responds to various	conditions.		
	weather conditions.			

Recording	Learner accurately and	Learner accurately	Learner sometimes draws some	Learner rarely draws
weather	creatively draws symbols	draws symbols and	symbols and records weather	symbols and records
	and records weather	records weather	conditions.	weather conditions.
	conditions.	conditions.		
Interpreting	Learner consistently and	Learner correctly	Learner sometimes interprets	Learner rarely
weather	correctly interprets weather	interprets weather	weather symbols.	interprets weather
symbols	symbols and suggests	symbols.		symbols.
	possible weather			
	conditions for the day.			

Strand	Sub strand	<b>Specific learning outcomes</b>	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.2 Water (10 Lessons) 1.2.1 Storing water.	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the importance of storing water at home and school; b) identify ways of storing water at home and school c) store water appropriately at home and school; d) appreciate safe water storage to prevent health risks to self and others.	<ul> <li>Learners could explore and observe various ways of storing water at home and in the school.</li> <li>In groups, learners could share their experiences on why water is stored at homes and school.</li> <li>In groups, learners could share their experiences on how water is stored at homes and school.</li> <li>Learners could identify appropriate ways of storing water at home and school.</li> <li>Learners could gather more information on ways of storing water in the community and report back.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Why do we store water at home and school?</li> <li>How could we store water at home and school?</li> </ol>

1.2.2 Transporting Water	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different ways of transporting water at home and school; b) demonstrate suitable ways of carrying small quantities of water at home and school; c) appreciate different means of transporting water at home and school.	<ul> <li>In groups, learners could share experiences on various ways in which water is transported at home and school.</li> <li>Learners could identify ways of transporting water.</li> <li>Learners could read watch signed (LWD) (HOH) or sign stories about transporting water.</li> <li>Using age-appropriate containers, learners could carry and store water for personal use</li> <li>Learners could find out how water is transported and stored.</li> </ul>	How is water transported at home and school?
<b>Core-competence to be development:</b>	Communication and collaborat	1	ng, digital literacy.
Links to PCI's: ESD: Personal safety in	transporting water.	Links values: Responsibility	
Links to other learning activity areas	(s): Hygiene and Nutrition:	<b>Suggested Community Service Lear</b>	8
use of clean water	_	to find out from parents how they tran	sport water.
Suggested non-formal activity to supp		Suggested assessment: Signed (LWD	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
guided to carry and store water for their personal use using age-		and observations on storing and transp	oorting water.
appropriate containers.			
Suggested Resources: Water, water con	tainers, video clips, pictures, lo	ocal environment.	

Sub- strands	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching	Below expectation
			expectation	
Storing water	Learner correctly and consistently describes importance and identifies suitable ways of	Learner correctly describes importance and identifies suitable	Learner sometimes describes importance and identifies suitable	Leaner rarely describes importance and identifies suitable ways of storing
	storing water.	ways of storing water.	ways of storing water.	water.
Transporting	Learner appropriately and	Learner appropriately	Learner sometimes	Learner rarely transports
water	consistently transports water for personal use and utilizes the water sparingly.	transports water for personal use.	transports water for personal use.	water for personal use.

1.0 Environm ent and its resources  1.3 Soil  (15 Lessons)  1.3.1 Exploring soil  1.3.1 Exploring soil  1.3.1 Exploring soil  1.3.2 Exploring soil  1.3.3 Exploring soil  1.3.4 Exploring soil  1.3.5 Exploring soil  1.3.5 Exploring soil  1.3.5 Exploring soil  1.4 What items could model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (clay, loam, sand).  2.5 Exploring soil in the immediate environment.  2.5 Which type of soil samples make smooth long ribbons.  2.6 Expression soil samples make smooth long ribbons.  3.7 Exploring soil  4. Learners could model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (clay, loam, sand).  5. Learners could model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (clay, loam, sand).  6. Learners could which soil samples make smooth long ribbons.  8. Learners could observe how ball from different soils crumble into small fragments.  8. The balls to be displayed for the class to observe how balls from the different soil samples break up.  9. Learners could visit the nearby community to observe uses of different types of soils (sand for construction, clay for modeling, learners could model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (clay, loam, sand).  6. In groups, learners could model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (sand for construction, clay for modeling, learners could wish the soil samples break up.	Strand	Sub- strand	Specific learning outcomes		nquiry
and loam for agriculture).	Environm ent and its resources	(15 Lessons) 1.3.1 Exploring soil	learner should be able to: a) model objects with different types of soil; b) determine the soil that makes long smooth ribbons; c) appreciate different types of soil in the immediate environment.	<ul> <li>Learners could model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (clay, loam, sand).</li> <li>In groups, learners could model soil ribbons using the soil samples provided (clay, loam, sand). Learners to observe to find out which soil samples make smooth long ribbons.</li> <li>Learners could observe how ball from different soils crumble into small fragments. The balls to be displayed for the class to observe how balls from the different soil samples break up.</li> <li>Learners could visit the nearby community to observe uses of different types of soils (sand for construction, clay for modeling, and loam for agriculture).</li> </ul>	tems we make oil? type of ake good
Core-competence to be developed: Creativity and imagination, communication and collaboration.  Links to PCIs: ESD: Environmental awareness.  Links to values: Responsibility and unity when working with groups.		when			

Suggested community Service Learning activity: Visiting community to observe uses of different types of soils.
<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed (LWD)/ or oral (HOH) questions and observations.

### **Suggested Assessment Rubric**

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations			
Learner creatively and consistently models different items using provided soil samples and associates the balls to characteristics of the various	Learner models different items using provided soil samples.	Learner models some items using provided soil samples.	Learner rarely models items using provided soil samples.			
soil samples.						
Suggested Resources: Water, video clips, newspaper cuttings, flash cards, different types of soil.						

**Suggested Resources**: Water, video clips, newspaper cuttings, flash cards, different types of soil.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1. 4 Plants (15 Lessons) 1.4.1 Exploring parts of plants	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify parts of plants found in the immediate environment; b) draw different parts of a plant from the immediate environment; c) show interest in parts of a plant for learning and enjoyment.	<ul> <li>During a nature walk, learners could explore different plants in the immediate environment.</li> <li>Learners could observe parts of the plants (roots, stem, leaves, flowers, fruits) from different types of plants.</li> <li>Learners could identify different parts of a plant.</li> <li>In groups, learners could discuss parts of a plant.</li> </ul>	1. What are the different parts of a plant?

Cora Compatanças	to be developed. Communication	<ul> <li>Learners could draw or take photographs of parts of a plant.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to display their work for further learning and peer- assessment.</li> </ul> and collaboration, imagination and creativit	y and learning
to learn.	to be developed. Communication	and condoctation, imagination and creativity	y and learning
	las alina		
Digital literacy: vio	1		
Link to PCIs: ESD	: Environmental awareness.	Link to values: Respect and unity.	

	Link to other learning activity areas: Religious	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Learners			
	Education: Appreciation of God's creation.	learn from peers about plants in different habitats.			
	Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessments: Observation, signed (LWD)/ or oral			
	Through nature walk, learners are guided to observe	(HOH) questions.			
	plants in different habitats.	· · · · · ·			
Suggeste	Suggested Resources: Local environment, photographs, video clips, different plants				

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and	Learner correctly identifies and	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies and
correctly identifies and	draws parts of plants found in	and draws parts of plants found	draws parts of plants found in the
draws parts of plants found	the immediate environment.	in the immediate environment.	immediate environment.
in the environment and so			
associates parts of the			
plants to their uses.			

Strand	Sub- strand	Specific learning outcomes	Learning experiences	Key inquiry
				questions
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.5 Animals (10 Lessons) 1.5.1 Categorizing animals	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify and sign animals in the immediate environment; b) categorize different animals in the environment; c) appreciate different animals in the environment.	<ul> <li>During a nature walk, learners could observe and identify animals in the environment.</li> <li>Learners could categorize animals using the provided criteria: (domestic/wild, harmful/non-harmful, large/small).</li> <li>Learners could use papier mache, clay or plasticine to model different animals.</li> <li>Learners could sing or sign song related to different animals.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What animals are found in the immediate environment?</li> <li>How could we categorize animals in the immediate environment?</li> </ol>
	1.6 Safety when handling animals.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify possible dangers when handling animals; b) practice safety measures when handling animals; c) appreciate importance of safety when dealing with animals to limit risk to self others and the animal.	<ul> <li>Learners could share their experiences on handling animals.</li> <li>Learners discuss possible dangers that may occur when handling animals.</li> <li>Learners could watch video clips, pictures or photographs of safe handling of animals.</li> <li>Learners could observe a demonstration from a guest speaker on safety when handling of animals.</li> <li>Learners could practice /simulate safe ways of handling</li> </ul>	How could we protect ourselves from being harmed when handling animals?

				animals to avoid injuries or harm to self others and the animal.	
Core Compete	ence to be develop	ed: Communication and collab	oratio	n, critical thinking and problem solvi	ing, Digital literacy.
Digital literacy	y: video clips, phot	ographs.			
<b>Link to PCIs:</b>	ESD: animal welfa	re, safety and security.	Link	to values: Responsibility. Care for	animals
Life skills: effe	ective decision mak	ing for personal safety.	Unit	y: Working in groups.	
Citizenship: So	cial cohesion.				
Link to other	learning activity a	reas: Religious Education:	Sugg	gested Community Service Learnin	g: Guest speaker to
Respect for Go	d's creation.		discu	ss animal welfare.	
Non-non formal activity to support learning: Organize an			Suggested Assessment: Signed observation and peer		
essay inter clas	s competition on h	andling animals.	asses	sment on the essays.	
Suggested Res	ources: Video clip	s, photographs, picture cut out	s, real	animals (cattle, poultry, rabbits, goat	ts, sheep).

Sub-strands	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Categorizing animals.	Learner consistently and correctly categorizes animals in the environment.	Learner correctly categorizes animals in the environment.	Learner sometimes categorizes animals in the environment.	Learner rarely categorizes animals in the environment.
Safety in animal handling.	Learner consistently and correctly observes safety when handling animals.	Learner correctly observes safety when handling animals.	Learner sometimes observes safety when handling animals.	Learner rarely observes safety when handling animals.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Learning Outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources.	1.7 Energy: Light (10Lessons) 1.7.1 Sources of light.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different sources of light in the environment; b) produce light using different source for enjoyment; c) develop interest in different sources of light energy.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify and sign sources of light.</li> <li>Using relevant pictures and realia, learners could identify sources of light energy(sun, stars, oil lamps, candles, fire flies, electric bulb, torch and fire).</li> <li>In groups, learners could discuss different sources of light used in the home.</li> <li>Learners could produce light using different sources. In this activity, teacher to guide and ensure safety.</li> </ul>	What are the sources of light?
	1.7.2 Forming shadows in light	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain how shadows are formed in presence of light;	• Learners could observe different shadows formed by different	1. How are shadows formed?

	b) manipulate objects to form shadows in presence of lights for enjoyment; c) categorize objects into those that can form shadows and those that cannot in presence of light.	objects in the school environment.  • Learners could manipulate different objects to identify shadows of different shapes and sizes.  • In groups, learners could play with objects in presence of light to form shadows.  • Learners could use selected objects to form shadows (ball, sticks, ruler, clear piece of glass, mirror).  Categorize object that form shadows and	2. What objects form shadows?
		shadows and those that do not.	
1.7.3Precautions when using light energy.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Identify practices in which light energy could harm eyes;	• Learners could identify practices that in which light energy could harm the	1. How could light energy harm us?

	b) take safety measure against	eyes(reading in 2. How could we			
	harmful light energy to	dim light, protect			
	reduce risk to self and	looking directly ourselves from			
	others;	at bright light harmful light			
	c) appreciate safety precautions	with bare eyes, energy?			
	when using light energy.	long exposure to			
		bright light from			
		electronic			
		devices).			
		• In groups,			
		learners could			
		discuss safety			
		precautions in			
		protecting self			
		and others from			
		harmful light			
		energy.			
		Learners could			
		create posters on			
		awareness of			
		harmful effects			
		of light energy.			
		• Learners could			
		share posters on			
		harmful effects			
		of light and			
		safety			
Core Competence to be developed. Commercial	on and callaboration oritical think	precautions.			
Core Competence to be developed: Communicati		ing and problem solving. Digital interacy			
Digital literacy: electronic devices; video players,		• Dagnongihility, unity in aroun work			
Link to PCIs: ESD: Disaster Risk Reduction: safety and security Link to values: Responsibility, unity in group work.					

Link to other learning activity areas: Languages: Creating safety precaution messages against light energy.	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: invite a resource person to discuss about various sources of light energy and applicable safety precaution when using light energy.
Suggested non normal activity to support learning: create and	Suggested assessment: Signed (LWD)/ or oral (HOH)
share a safety precaution message against bright light.	question and observation.
<b>Suggested Resources:</b> Video clips, computers, mobile phone, candle bulbs, wires, dry cells.	es, match box, natural environment, electricity, torch,

Sub-strand	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching	Below
			expectations	expectations
Sources of light	Learner consistently and correctly identifies sources of light and uses them objects to produce light.	Learner correctly identifies sources of light and uses them to produce light.	Learner sometimes identifies sources of light and uses them to produce light.	Learner rarely identifies sources of light and uses them to produce light.
Forming shadows	Learner consistently and correctly explains how shadows are formed, manipulates and categorizes objects to form shadows.	Learner correctly explains how shadows are formed, manipulates and categorizes objects to form shadows.	Learner sometimes explains how shadows are formed, manipulates and categorizes objects to form shadows.	Learner rarely explains how shadows are formed, manipulates and categorizes objects to form shadows.

Precautions when using light Energy  Learner consistently and correctly states practices, takes safety precautions and develops precautionary posters against harmful light energy.	Learner correctly states practices, takes safety precautions and develops precautionary posters against light harmful energy.	Learner sometimes states some practices, takes safety precautions and develops precautionary posters against harmful light energy.	Learner rarely states practices, takes safety precautions or develops precautionary posters against harmful light energy.
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Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry
				questions
2.0 Social	2.1 School	By the end of the sub-		
environment.	environment and its neighbourhood. (20 Lessons) 2.1.1 Locating places using key features.	strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the main features between home and school; b) locate places using main features between home and school; c) appreciate the	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss the main features between homes and school (physical and build-up features such as rivers, hill, valleys, forest, bridges, road, railway line, buildings).</li> <li>During nature walk, learners could identify the main features between their homes and school.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the main features between your home and school?</li> <li>How could you locate a place using main</li> </ol>
		significance of locating places using features found between home and school.	<ul> <li>Learners could locate main features between their homes and school (relative location).</li> <li>Learners could play games on locating main features between their homes and school.</li> </ul>	features?

		Learners could practice locating places using teacher made sketch maps.			
Core-competence to be development: Opposite the problem solving in locating places, digital		as they take nature walk, critical think	king and		
Links to PCIs: ESD: Environmental Edu	·	T:-1-4			
		Links to values: Unity: working in groups.			
Links to other learning activity areas (s	<b>):</b> Languages: Signing features.	Suggested community Service Lear	rning activities:		
		Learners to find out more about main features			
	between home and school other learners				
Suggested non-formal activity to suppo	rt learning through	Suggested assessment: Signed (LWD)/ or oral			
<b>application:</b> Nature walk to familiarize with the surroundings.		(HOH) questions, observation, project work on			
	3	modeling main features.			
Suggested Resources: Video clips, pictur	es, manila paper cut-outs, real fe	Suggested Resources: Video clips, pictures, manila paper cut-outs, real features			

<b>Exceeding exp</b>	ectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Learner consist	ently and correctly	Learner correctly identifies	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies
identifies featur	es, locates places	features, locates places using	features, locates places using	features, locate places
using the main	features between	the main features between	the main features between	using the main features
home and school and is able to		home and school and is able to	home and school and is able to	between homes and
give relative di	rection using the	give relative direction using	give relative direction using	school or give relative
features.		the features.	the features.	direction using the
				features.
Strand	Sub- strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning	Key inquiry questions
			experiences	
2.0 Social	2.1.2 Keeping	By the end of the sub-strand,		
Environment	the school	the learner should be able to:		
	environment	a) state ways of keeping the		
	clean	school environment clean;		

	b) describe the importance of a clean school environment; c) participate in keeping the school environment clean; d) appreciate a clean school environment for health and safety.	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss what makes the school environment dirty.</li> <li>Learners could discuss ways of keeping the school environment clean.</li> <li>In groups learners could discuss importance of keeping the school environment clean.</li> <li>Learners could practice keeping the school environment clean</li> <li>Learners could sign or recite poem/and sign or sing songs about a clean school environment.</li> <li>Learners could plan for future school clean-up activities.</li> </ul>	1. 2.	the school environment clean?
2.1.3 Keeping Safe and Secure in School	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify possible dangers in the school; b) suggest ways of keeping safe and secure in school; c) develop habits that will keep one safe and secure in school.	<ul> <li>Learners could walk around the school compound to identify what could expose them to danger in the school.</li> <li>In groups, learners could identify possible dangers in the school (by drawing or writing).</li> <li>Learners could identify how to keep safe and secure in school.</li> </ul>	1.	What are the possible dangers in the school? How could we keep safe and secure in school?

	11 1'
	Learners could discuss
	ways of keeping safe and
	secure in school.
	Learners could observe
	demonstrations and
	participate in discussions
	on how to keep safe and
	secure in school from a
	resource person.
	Learners could develop
	rules on keeping safe and
	• •
	secure in the school.
	Learners could find out
	more on keeping safe and
	secure in school from
	parents and guardians.
<b>Core-competence to be developed:</b> Citizenship, Critical thinking a	nd Problem solving ,digital literacy
Links to PCI's: ESD: Environmental Education, disaster risk redu	ction Links to values: Responsibility and unity as they
Citizenship: Participating in school clean ups	work in groups.
1 1 0	
Links to other learning activity areas: Hygiene and Nutrition and	Suggested Community Service Learning: find out
Religious Education Activities: keeping the environment clean	from parents or guardians how to keep safe in school.
Non-formal activity to support: Learners participate in school	Suggested assessment: Signed questions observation
environmental audit specifically on cleanliness, safety and security	66 1
Suggested Resources: pictures, gloves, brooms, mops/dusters, water	•

Sub- strand	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Keeping school environment clean	Learner consistently and correctly describes importance of keeping school environment clean, actively participates in keeping the environment clean.	Learner correctly describes importance of keeping school environment clean, actively participates in keeping the environment clean.	Learner sometimes describes importance of keeping school environment clean, actively participates in keeping the environment clean.	Learner rarely describes importance of keeping school environment clean, actively participates in keeping the environment clean.
Keeping safe and secure in school	Learner consistently and correctly identifies areas of danger, suggests safety activities and develops safe habits.	Learner correctly identifies areas of danger, suggests safety activities and develops safe habits.	Learner sometimes identifies some areas of danger, suggests some safety activities and may develop safe habits.	Learner rarely identifies some areas of danger and may suggest some safety activities.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
2.0 Social environment	2.1.4 The National flag of Kenya	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify and sign colours of the Kenya National flag as a National symbol; b) demonstrate respect for the Kenya national flag as a National symbol; c) appreciate the National flag as a national symbol for National unity.	<ul> <li>Using the Kenya National flag, learners could identify and sign its colours.</li> <li>Learners could observe and describe the expected behaviour (stand at attention and show respect) when raising and lowering the National Flag.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the colours of the Kenya National flag?</li> <li>How do we demonstrate</li> </ol>

		<ul> <li>Learners could draw and colour the National Flag.</li> <li>Learners could find out from parents or guardians the importance of the National flag of Kenya.</li> </ul>			
2.1.5 The National Anthem of Kenya	By the end of the sub-strand, learner should be able to: a) identify school occasions when the Kenya National Anthem is sung; b) practice etiquette when si the Kenya National Anthec) appreciate the importance National Anthem as a synof unity.	National Anthem.  • Learners could demonstrate the expected conduct when singing the Kenya National Anthem.  • Learners could identify occasions when the Kenya National Anthem is sung.			
Core-competence to be developed of audio devices.	nent: Citizenship: appreciating	he National flag and the National anthem. Digital literacy: use			
Links to PCIs: Citizenship: patrio singing the National Anthem.	tism and social cohesion when	Links to values: Respect, unity and patriotism.			
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Languages,		Suggested community Service Learning: Finding out from			
Movement and Creative activities.		parents or guardians on the importance of National flag.			
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Interacting		<b>Suggested assessment</b> : Observation and signed questions.			
with members of the scouting movement to find out more about					
the National flag and the National					
Suggested Resources: The Kenyan flag, pictures, colours, photographs, drawing books, paints, and brushes.					

Sub-	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Strand				
The Kenya	Learner consistently and	Learner correctly states	Learner sometimes states	Learner rarely states
National	correctly states colours,	colours, show respect and	colours, show respect and	colours, show respect
flag	show respect and	appreciates the flag as a	appreciates the flag as a	or appreciates the flag
	appreciates the flag as a	National symbol.	National symbol.	as a National symbol.
	National symbol.			
The Kenya	Learner consistently and	Learner correctly identifies	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely
National	Learner correctly identifies	Learner occasions when the	occasions when the National	identifies occasions
anthem	occasions when the	National Anthem and	Anthem and demonstrate	when the National
	National Anthem and	demonstrate etiquette when	etiquette when singing it.	Anthem and
	demonstrate etiquette when	singing it.		demonstrate etiquette
	singing it.			when singing it.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.1.6 Child Rights and responsibilities	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:  a) describe Child Rights and responsibilities in the school;  b) describe responsibilities of a child in school;  c) demonstrate responsibilities of a child in school;  d) appreciate child rights and responsibilities for attainment of social justice.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify Child Rights and responsibilities using age appropriate stories (parental care, health care, protection from exploitation and cruelty).</li> <li>Learners could discuss some of the responsibilities of children in school.</li> <li>In pairs, learners could simulate responsibilities of children in school.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the basic Child Rights?</li> <li>What are the responsibilities of a child in school?</li> </ol>
	2.1.7 School rules	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state the rules that guide conduct in school; b) state the importance of school rules; c) participate in making school rules; d) appreciate the importance of obeying school rules for harmonious living.	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss the importance of school rules.</li> <li>Learners to participate in making school rules.</li> <li>Learners could share their experiences on what happens when school rules not observed.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to debate on importance of school rules and develop a poster for the school rules.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the school rules?</li> <li>What is the importance of school rules?</li> </ol>

Core-competence to be development: Citizenship: developing school	Learners could share the school rules are with their parents and guardians.  rules; communication and collaboration as they debate.
Links to PCIs: Citizenship: qualities of a good citizen.	Links to values: Responsibility, peace and social
	justice.
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Religious Education	Suggested community Service Learning activity:
activities, languages. on making and obeying school rules.	Learners to share the school rules with their parents
	and guardians.
Non-formal activity to support learning: Displaying children's	Suggested assessment: Signed questions,
rights, school rules at strategic points in school.	observation.
Suggested Resources: Internet, resource persons, video, pictures, ruler,	manila paper, charts, notice board

Sub- strand	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Children's	Consistently and correctly	Correctly describes and	Sometimes describes and	Rarely describe
Rights and	describes and exercises	exercises rights, identifies	exercises rights, identifies	and exercises
responsibilities	rights, identifies and carries	and carries acts responsibly.	and carries acts	rights, identifies
	acts responsibly.		responsibly.	and carries acts
				responsibly.
School Rules	Consistently and correctly	Correctly describes	Sometimes describes	Rarely describes
	describes importance of	importance of rules.	importance of rules and	importance of rules
	rules. Actively participates	Actively participates in	participates in making and	or participates in
	in making and observing the	making and observing the	observing the rules.	making and
	rules.	rules.		observing the
				rules.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
2.0 Social environment	2.1.8Class Leadership	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe a good class leader; b) describe the work of a good class leader; c) appreciate class leadership for harmonious living.	<ul> <li>Learners to observe a signed narrative of inspirational stories of child leaders, heroes or heroines on videos</li> <li>Learners to discuss "who is a good class leader"?</li> <li>Learners to discuss work of a good class leader</li> <li>Learners to find out from parents or guardians the good leaders in the community and report back.</li> </ul>	1. Who is a good class leader? 2. What is the work of a class leader?
	2.1.9 Members of the school community	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify members of the school community; b) describe the importance of the school community; c) work together with other members of the school community; d) appreciate working together with the school community for sustainable interactions.	<ul> <li>In groups, learners to identify the members of the school community(Head teacher, teachers, non-teaching staff and learners)</li> <li>Learners to describe the general importance of members of the school community</li> <li>Learners to discuss their roles as members of the school community</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Who are the members of the school community?</li> <li>What is the importance of the school community?</li> </ol>

Suggested Resources: Video, clips, pictures charts	<u>I</u>		
<b>Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:</b> open day event to bring the school community together.	<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed questions and observations.		
Education <b>activities:</b> Learners find out from parents or guardians about the school community.			
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Languages, Religious  Suggested community Service Learning			
inclusivity	integrity, decision making.		
Links to PCI: Citizenship: Leadership and good governance and Links to values: Responsibility, honesty,			
the skit play, digital literacy			
Core-competence to be development: Citizenship: Leadership and goo	d governance. Communication and collaboration in		
	school community.		
	work of members of the		
	Learners to skit different		

Sub-strands	<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below
				expectation
Class	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies	Sometimes identifies good	Rarely identifies
leadership	identifies good class leader	good class leader and	class leader and the work	good class leader
_	and the work of the leader.	the work of the leader.	of the leader.	or the work of the
				leader.
The school community	Consistently and correctly identifies the members and describes the importance of and works in the school community.	Correctly identifies the members and describes the importance of and works in the school community.	Sometimes identifies the members and describes the importance of and works in the school community.	Rarely identifies the members and describes the importance of and works in the school community.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
2.0 Social environment	2.2 Enterprise projects (30 Lessons) 2.2.1 Exploring the environment for appropriate income generating activity.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify viable income generating activities that could be carried out by the class within the school environment; b) analyze income generating activities within the school environment; c) determine a workable income generating activity for their class; d) develop interest in income generate activities within the school environment.	<ul> <li>In groups, learners to suggest income generating activities the class could carry out within the school</li> <li>Learners explore and analyze possible income generating activity for the class</li> <li>In a class discussion, learners to select a workable income generating activity that they could be undertaken at school(activity selected should promote conservation of the environment) level</li> <li>Learners to present selected enterprise</li> <li>Learners to find out from guardians or parents on income generating activities at home and report back.</li> </ul>	What activity could we undertak e to generate income for our class?
	2.2.2 Initiating a class income generating project	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Plan for an income generating activity for the class;	• In a class discussion, learners to plan for an age- appropriate income generating activity to be carried out by the class in	1. How could we plan for an

	<ul> <li>b) participate in initiating an inc generating activity for the cla</li> <li>c) manage income generating activity for the class;</li> <li>d) appreciate individual efforts in the success of a group activity</li> </ul>	n	school (duties, resources required and time for the activity)  • Learners to share responsibilities and be guided to carry them out respectively in initiating the selected project  • Learners to be guided to carry out responsibilities as according to the plan.	incom e genera ting activit y? 2. How do we manag e the incom e genera ting activit y?	
Core-competence to be developed: Critic	eal thinking and problem solving,	collab	oration and communication, self-	efficacy.	
<b>Links to PCIs</b> : ESD: Financial literacy: In Environmental education.	come generating projects;		s to values: Integrity, teamwork, onsibility, social equity.		
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Mathematical activities- Money		activ	ested Community Service Lear ity: find out from guardians/parent per generating activities at home.		
<b>Suggested non-formal activity to support learning</b> : presenting to the school selected income generating activity for the class.			<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed questions, observation and project.		
Suggested Resources: Video clips, newsp	aper cuttings, business magazines	s, proj	ect inputs, class shop model.		

Sub-strand	<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
<b>Exploring the</b>	Correctly and consistently	Correctly identifies,	Sometimes identifies,	Rarely identifies,
environment for	identifies, analyzes and	analyzes and determines a	analyzes and determines a	analyzes or determines
appropriate income	determines a workable	workable income	workable income generating	a workable income
generating activities.	income generating a	generating activity for the	activity for the class.	generating activity for
	activity for the class.	class.		the class.
Initiating a class	Correctly and consistently	Correctly plans, starts and	Sometimes plans, starts and	Rarely plans, starts and
income generating	plans, starts and manages	manages an income	manages an income	manages an income
project	an income generating a	generating project for the	generating project for the	generating project for
	project for the class.	class.	class.	the class.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.1 Caring for plants  (5 Lessons)  3.1.1 Communicating plant protection messages	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate messages on plant protection in school; b) create appropriate plant protection messages to promote conservation; c) appreciate plant protection for environmental sustainability.	<ul> <li>Learners observe pictures, photographs, and video clips of areas where plants have been destroyed.</li> <li>In groups, learners discuss messages on plant protection</li> <li>Learners display and peers assess the plant protection messages developed</li> <li>In groups, learners create plant protection messages using hand scripts, electronic and print resources</li> <li>Learners share selected plant protection messages with the school community</li> </ul>	What messages could be used to communicate plant protection?

	Learners sign verses and songs on plant protection.		
Core Competences to be developed: Communication and collabor	ation: creating plant protection messages, signing poems; Learning to		
learn: gathering information on plant protection, Digital literacy: developing electronic messages.			
Link to PCIs: Learner support programme: mentorship and peer	Links to values: Unity, responsibility and respect for others		
education			
Links to other learning activity areas: Languages -Imagination	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:		
and creativity: Creating plant protection messages	Communicating plant protection messages to the community in		
	various forums.		
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Display	Suggested assessments: Signed questions, observation and project		
plant protection messages to the school community.			
Suggested Resources: Local environment, poem extracts, posters, photographs, pictures, video clips.			

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Creatively and consistently	Correctively develops	Sometimes develops some plant	Rarely develops plant protection
develops appropriate plant	appropriate plant protection	protection messages and	messages or promotes plant
protection messages and promotes	messages and promotes plant	promotes plant protection.	protection.
plant protection.	protection.		

Strand	Sub -strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.2 Caring for Animals (5 Lessons) 3.2.1 Keeping animal shelters clean and secure	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) state ways of keeping animal shelters clean and secure at home and school; b) participate in keeping	<ul> <li>Learners to observe various animal shelters being cleaned (dog's kennel, rabbit hutch and cow shed).</li> <li>Learners to take photos at</li> </ul>	How could we keep an animal shelter clean?
		animal shelters clean	home of clean and secure	

Core-competer	nce to be development: Cor	and secure at home and school; c) suggest ways of making animal shelters secure and clean at home and school; d) appreciate clean and secure animal shelters to reduce risks to the animals.	animal shelters and share with others.  In groups, learners to discuss ways of keeping animal shelters clean and secure  In groups, learners to be guided to participate in keeping animal shelters clean and secure at home or in school  In groups, learners discuss how to make animals shelter secure and clean  Learners sign stories about clean and secure animal shelters.	
problem solving	-	infidite attor and condoctation	i. Sharing experiences in groups, critical tilliking and	
	Taking photographs.			
Links to PCIs: ESD: animal welfare: keeping animals clean and secure		ng animals clean and secure	Links to values: Responsibility, keeping animal shelter	
safety for animals, kindness to animals.			clean and secure.	
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Religious Education		Religious Education	Suggested community Service Learning activity:	
activities: God's creation			Learners to visit a nearby farm and observe animal's shelters.	
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Organize inter-			Suggested assessment: Observation, signed question.	
	class verse completion on clean and secure animal shelters.			
Suggested Resources: Pictures of animal shelters, computer (video clips) real animal shelters, photographs, drawings				

<b>Exceeding Expectation</b>	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	<b>Below Expectation</b>
Consistently and correctly states	Correctly states ways and	Sometimes states ways and	Rarely states ways or
ways and participates in making	participates in making animal	participates in making animal	participates in making animal
animal shelter clean secure.	shelter clean secure.	shelter clean secure.	shelter clean secure.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	<ul><li>3. 3 Managing waste</li><li>(5 Lessons)</li><li>3.3.1 Types of waste in the school</li></ul>	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify types of waste in the school environment; b) sort out different types of waste for safe disposal in the school environment; c) appreciate a clean school environment for health and safety.	<ul> <li>In groups, learners to identify different types of waste in school environment</li> <li>In groups or pairs, learners to share their experiences on different types of waste in school</li> <li>In groups, learners sort out waste of different nature such as separating decomposable wastes from plastic, metallic and glass waste and placing them in different containers for appropriate disposal.</li> </ul>	What types of waste is found in our school environment?
	3.3.2 Safety in handling waste in school	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify dangers when handling waste in school;	Identify dangers when handling wastes in school.	What dangers are     we likely to face     when handling

	when handling wastes in school; c) communicate safety measures when handling waste in school; d) appreciate the need of safety in handling waste in school to limit risks to self, others and the environment.	Learners to outline safety measures in handling waste in school.  Learners observe a resource person talking on dangers and safety measures when handling wastes in school.  Learners simulate safety measures when handling waste in school.  Learners to participate in activities that promote safe disposal of waste in school.  Activities to include promoting knowledge and passing messages to the school community.	different types of waste in school?  2. How should we safely handle different types of waste in school?
Core Competences to be do messages; Digital literacy: u	-	ollaboration: promoting safety me	easures through
Link to PCIs: ESD: Enviro	onmental Education: managing d security, practice safety measur	Links to values: Respect and groups and pairs	l unity: working in
Links to other learning act and Nutrition	tivity areas: Languages, Hygiene	Suggested Community Serv Inviting a resource person to management.	
Suggested non formal active Participating in safe disposa		Suggested assessment: Signobservation.	ed questions and
		eo clips, waste handling safety equ	nipment (wheelbarrows,

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly identifies waste and dangers; safely sorts waste for appropriate disposal and promotes safety in waste disposal at school.	Correctly identifies waste and dangers; safely sorts waste for appropriate disposal and promotes safety in waste disposal at school.	Sometimes identifies waste and dangers; safely sorts waste for appropriate disposal and promotes safety in waste disposal at school.	Rarely identifies waste or dangers; safely sorts waste for appropriate disposal or promotes safety in waste disposal at school.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.5 Caring for water (5 Lessons) 3.5.1 Storing water safely	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state the importance of keeping water safe for human and animal use at home and school; b) participate in storing water safe at home and school; c) appreciate importance storing stored water safe for human and animal use.	<ul> <li>Learners to take an excursion around the neighbourhood to identify safely stored or unsafely stored water. Then discuss the importance of keeping water safe.</li> <li>In groups, learners share experiences on what makes water unsafe at home and school</li> <li>Learners identify ways of storing water safely.</li> <li>Learners observe demonstrations on methods of storing water safe at home and in school.</li> </ul>	How could we keep stored water safe?
	3.5.2 Re-using water	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) suggest how water could be re-used at home and school; b) participate in re-using water to reduce wastage at home and school; c) appreciate re-using of water as way of conserving it.	<ul> <li>In groups, learners discuss how water could be re-used at home and school.</li> <li>Learners to observe various ways of reusing water.</li> <li>Learners to visit the community to find out how water is re-used to reduce wastage.</li> <li>Learners to suggest how they could participate in re-using water to reduce wastage at home and school.</li> <li>Groups sharing experiences, critical thinking</li> </ul>	How could we re-use water at home and school?

Core-competence to be development: Communication and collaboration: Groups sharing experiences, critical thinking and problem solving: water conservation.

Digital Literacy: Watching video clips

Links to PCIs: ESD: Environmental conservation, caring for water.	Links to values: Responsibility in keeping water		
	safe		
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Hygiene and Nutrition: waste	Suggested community Service Learning activity:		
management	Excursion to the school neighbourhood to interact		
	with the community to find out how they store		
	water.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Organize a clean and	Suggested assessment: Signed questions and		
safe storage of water week to enrich learners experience.	observation. Filling in a teacher made activity sheet		
	on caring for water.		
<b>Suggested Resources:</b> Water storage facilities, water, video clips, pictures, photographs, neighbourhood, charts, water filters, funnels			

**Suggested Assessment Rubrics** 

Sub-strand	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
<b>Keeping stored</b>	Consistently and correctly	Correctly states the	Sometimes state the	Rarely states
water safe	states the importance of	importance of storing water	importance of storing	importance of storing
	storing water safely and	safely and participate in	water safely and	water and participate
	participate in storing the	storing the water.	participate in storing the	in storing water safe
	water.		water.	with assistance.
Re-using water	Consistently and correctly	Correctly suggests how	Sometimes correctly	Rarely suggests how
to control	suggests how water is re-used	water is re-used and	suggests how water is	water is re-used or
wastage.	and participates in re-using	participates in re-using	reused and participates in	participates in re-using
	water to control wastage.	water to control wastage.	re-using water to control	water to control
			wastage.	wastage with
				assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.5.3 Conservatio n of Energy (5 Lessons) 3.5.3.1Communicati	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate messages on energy conservation;	Learners discuss reasons for conserving energy	What messages
	ng energy			could be used

conservation messages.	<ul> <li>b) develop energy conservation messages to promote awareness in school and home;</li> <li>c) display energy conservation messages to create awareness in school;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners identify simple messages on conserving energy</li> <li>In pairs, learners to develop simple persuasive energy conservation messages</li> </ul>	to communicate conservation of energy?
	d) demonstrate interest in energy conservation for conservation for improvement and protection of the environment.	<ul> <li>Learners display and peer assesses the energy conservation messages.</li> <li>In groups, learners are guided to 'read aloud' the energy conservation messages they developed.</li> </ul>	

Core Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration: Creating energy conservation messages.

- Imagination and creativity: Creating energy conservation messages. Learning to learn: gathering information on energy conservation messages.
- Self efficacy: show casing their messages.

Link to PCIs: ESD: Environmental Education: passing information on	Links to values: Responsibility and unity:			
conservation	cooperation in creating messages.			
Links to other learning activity areas: Languages; Movement and Creative	Suggested Community Service Learning			
activities. Creating energy conservation messages and reciting a poem	activity: Communicating energy conservation			
	messages to the community.			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Hold inter-class display on	Suggested assessment: Observation, signed			
energy conservation messages	question and project on developing messages.			
Suggested Resources: Local environment, poem extracts, posters, video clips, photographs, charts.				

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies, develops	Sometimes identifies, develops	Rarely identifies, develops
identifies, develops and displays	and displays energy	and displays some energy	or displays energy
energy conservation messages.	conservation messages.	conservation messages.	conservation messages.

**GRADE 3** 

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environme nt and its resources	1.1 Weather (5 Lessons) 1.1.1 Exploring unfavourable weather conditions	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe unfavourable weather conditions; b) observe the effects of unfavourable weather conditions for safety; c) develop curiosity in identifying effects of weather conditions in the environment.	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss the meaning of unfavourable weather conditions (floods and drought)</li> <li>Learners could play relevant educative games on multimedia resources on effects of unfavourable weather conditions.</li> <li>In groups, learners could share their experiences on effects of unfavourable weather conditions.</li> <li>Learners could simulate unfavourable weather conditions and the effects.</li> <li>Learners could observe/listen to signed/narrated stories on unfavourable weather conditions and its effects from elders in the community.</li> </ul>	1. How could weather conditions be unfavourable?  2. What happens when the weather conditions become unfavourable?
	1.1.2 Keeping safe from unfavourable weather conditions	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of keeping safe from unfavourable weather conditions; b) keep safe from unfavourable weather conditions; c) demonstrate knowledge of keeping safe from unfavourable weather condition.	<ul> <li>Learners could be guided to identify ways of keeping safe from unfavourable weather conditions (floods, drought)</li> <li>In groups, learners could share experiences on how to keep safe from unfavourable weather conditions</li> <li>Learners could simulate how to keep safe from unfavourable weather conditions</li> <li>Learners could gather information from parents or guardians on how to keep safe</li> </ul>	How could we keep safe from unfavourable weather conditions?

	during u and repo	onfavourable weather conditions ort back.	
<b>Core Competences to be developed:</b> Co	mmunication and collaboration – w	hen discussing weather conditions and how to keep	
safe, critical thinking and problem solving	- when identifying/inquiring about	ways of keeping safe from adverse weather	
conditions			
<b>Digital Literacy:</b> watching simulations of	f different water conditions and their	r possible effects.	
Link to PCIs: ESD: Environmental Educa	ation- effects of unfavourable	Links to values: Responsibility; respect-learners	
weather; Disaster Risk Reduction-concern	on effects of unfavourable	share experiences in groups	
weather			
Citizenship: Social Cohesion: Learners sh	nare experiences		
Links to other learning activity areas: Languages: Observing signed		Suggested Community Service Learning	
cultural stories on weather.		activities: Learners to interact and find out from	
		their parents or guardians on how to keep safe	
		during unfavourable weather conditions.	
Suggested non formal activity to suppor	t learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Written work,	
Learners to develop keep safe messages for the school.		signed(LWD)/oral (HOH)questioning and simulated	
		computer exercises.	
Suggested Resources: Video clips, picture	es, charts		

Sub-strand	Exceeding expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Exploring unfavourable weather conditions	Leaner able to consistently and correctly describe unfavourable weather and identifies its effects	Leaner able to demonstrate ability to observe and identify effects of unfavourable	Leaner able to demonstrates some knowledge to observe and identify effects of	Leaner able to demonstrate ability to identify unfavourable weather.
		weather and keep safe from unfavourable weather conditions.	unfavourable weather and how to keep safe.	

Keeping safe from	Leaner able to consistently	Leaner able to	Leaner able to	Learner rarely identifies
unfavourable	and correctly identify ways	correctly identify ways	sometimes identify	ways of keeping safe or
weather conditions	of keeping safe and	of keeping safe and	ways of keeping safe	demonstrates knowledge of
	demonstrate knowledge of	demonstrate	and demonstrate	keeping safe from
	keeping safe from	knowledge of keeping	knowledge of keeping	unfavourable weather
	unfavourable weather	safe from unfavourable	safe from unfavourable	conditions.
	conditions.	weather conditions.	weather conditions.	

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.2 Water (5 lessons) 1.2.1 Making water safe for use	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to:  a) state ways of making water clean and safe for use at home;  b) make water clean and safe using different methods;  c) construct a simple water filter for cleaning water at home;  d) appreciate clean and safe water for use to reduce health risks.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe and respond to signed case story on the need to use clean and safe water.</li> <li>Learners could share experiences on how to make water clean and safe for use at home</li> <li>Learners could observe a sample of dirty water and discuss how the water could be made clean and safe for use(decantation, filtering, boiling)</li> <li>Learners could make a simple water filter using locally available materials</li> </ul>	How could we make water clean and safe for use at home?

	Learners could decant filter     and boil water to make it     clean and safe for use.		
<b>Core-competence to be developed:</b> Critical thinking and problem solving –decanting water, other ways of keeping water safe, communication and collaboration –discussing ways of keeping water safe, imagination and creativity-coming up with unconven ways of keeping water safe.			
<b>Digital Literacy:</b> watching simulations of ways of keeping water safe/tro	eating water.		
Links to PCI's: ESD-Environmental Education: Environment and water, Effective communication: Learners state methods of making water clean and safe for use	Links to values: Responsibility and unity		
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Hygiene and Nutrition, Movement and Creative art; Literacy	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Sharing with parents or guardians on different ways of making water clean and safe for use.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning through application: Giving a message at the school assembly on clean and safe water for use.	Suggested assessment: Signed (LWD)/Oral (HOH)questions, observe as they work in groups, written questions, project work on making water filter.		
<b>Suggested Resources:</b> Dirty water in a clear container, digital media, rejar/sufuria	sources on filtering water, internet, sources of heat, a heating		

<b>Exceeding Expectation</b>	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner able to consistently and	Learner able to correctly state	Learner able to sometimes state	Learner rarely states ways of
correctly state ways of making	ways of making water clean,	ways of making water clean,	making water clean, constructs a
water clean, creatively construct	construct a simple water filter,	construct a simple water filter,	simple water filter, or makes
a simple water filter, and make	and make water clean and safe	and make water clean and safe	water clean and safe for use at
water clean and safe for use at	for use at home.	for use at home.	home.
home.			

Strand	Sub -strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0	1.3 Soil	By the end of the sub-strand, the		
Environment		learner should be able to:		

and its resources	(10 Lessons)  1.3.1 Exploring soil characteristics	<ul> <li>a) differentiate soils by texture from provided soil samples;</li> <li>b) differentiate soils by size of soil particles from provided soil samples;</li> <li>c) state the three types of soils based on their characteristics</li> <li>d) develop interest in characteristics of soils as an environmental resource.</li> </ul>	Learners could explore the environment and collect different soil samples (sand, loam and clay) Learners could feel between their fingers the different soil samples and record findings (course, medium, fine) Learners could share their experiences on how different samples of soils feel between their fingers Learners could observe the particle sizes of the three soil samples (large, medium and small sized particles) Learners could mount (using glue) the different soil samples on a chart. Learners to display the chart in the learning corner. Learners could find out from parents or guardians on the types of soils found in their locality and report back.	d we ate types of
and problem so	olving – establishi	ing soil characteristics, learning to lea	on- discussing soil characteristics in groups, crit	ical thinking
Links to PCI'soil; ESD: Env	s: Effective communications in the second se	ital photographs of various types of some munication: Learners differentiate types tion: Environment and soil.  y areas (s): Movement and Creative soils.	characteristics of soil.	activities: Find

Suggested non-formal activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Signed(LWD)/Oral (HOH)
application: Sign/recite a poem on soil.	questions, observation as they work in groups, written
	questions, assessing the displayed project.
Suggested Resources: Soil, containers, digital photographs	

<b>Exceeding exp</b>	ectation	<b>Meeting expectation</b>	Approac	ching expectation	Below expe	ctation
correctly different textures, size of		Learner able to correctly differentiate soil textures, size of particles and deduce name of soil based on their characteristics.	Learner sometimes able to differentiate soil textures, size of particles and deduce name of soil based on their characteristics.		Learner rarely differentiates soil textures, size of particles or deduces name of soil based on their characteristics.	
Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes		Suggested learning experien	ices	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.4 Plants (10 Lessons) 1.4.1 Categorizing plants.	By the end of the sub-strand learner should be able to: a) identify different types of the categorize plants in the immediate environment; according to specified fector appreciate the rich diversin plants.	of plants;	<ul> <li>Learners could carry out a walk to observe and ident plants (edible/non-edible, thorny, poisonous/non-poisonous/non-poisonous)</li> <li>Learners could take photo different plants during the walk</li> <li>Learners could be guided categorize plants accordin specified features (edible/thorny/non-thorny, poison poisonous)</li> </ul>	ify the thorny/non-isonous) graphs of nature to ag to non-edible,	How could we categorize plants?

		• Each learner could draw one type of plant and share their work with others.			
1.4.2Safety wher handling plants	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe safe ways of handling different plants; b) observe safety when handling different plants in the immediate environment; c) appreciate the need to handle plants responsibly to reduce health risks.	<ul> <li>Learners could watch video clips or pictures or posters on safety when handling plants</li> <li>Learners could interact with a resource person on safety when handling plants</li> <li>Learners could share information on how to handle different plants</li> <li>Learners could simulate safety when handling plants.</li> </ul>	How could we handle plants safely?		
Core Competences to be development imagination –categorization of pla	<b>O</b> 1	ing –establishing ways of categorizing plants; c	creativity and		
	al photographs/video clips of various	plants			
Link to PCIs: Disaster risk reduce ESD –Environmental Education		<b>Link to values:</b> Responsibility, care for plants the rich diversity in plants.	s, respect		
Links to other learning activity	areas: Hygiene and Nutrition	Suggested Community Service Learning the application: Learners listen to a guest speaker safety.	0		
<b>Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:</b> Learners to present a message on safe ways when handling plants to enhance safety.		<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Signed LWD)/Oral (Fwritten questions, e-assessment or quiz.	HOH)questions,		
Suggested Resources: Local envi	Suggested Resources: Local environment, photographs, video clips				

Sub-strand	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Categorizing plants	Learner able to consistently and correctly identify and categorize plants according to specified features.	Learner able to correctly identify and categorize plants according to specified features.	Learner sometimes able to identify and categorize plants according to specified features.	Learner rarely identifies or categorizes plants according to specified features.
Safety when handling plants	Learner able to consistently and correctly describe and observe safety when handling plants	Learner able to correctly describe and observe safety when handling plants.	Learner sometimes able to describe and observe safety when handling plants.	Learner rarely describes or observes safety when handling plants.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key question
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.5 Animals (10 Lessons) 1.5.1 Importance of Animals	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state different uses of animals to people; b) identify the different animals that provide food products people; c) Appreciate the importance of animals to the people.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify the different uses of animals to people (source of food, security, companionship, manure, animal power, sports, tourist attraction)</li> <li>Learners could discuss the different food products people get from animals (meat, milk, eggs, honey)</li> <li>In groups, learners could make a journal on uses of</li> </ul>	What are the uses of animals to people?

<b>Suggested Resources:</b> Photographs of various farm and game animals, digital med game and farm animals.	work in groups, written questions. ia resources on farm and game animals, video clips on	
project for the other learners to appreciate.	Signed(LWD)/Oral (HOH) questions, observe as the	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: learners to display the class	parents or guardians.  Suggested assessments	
Cication.		
creation.	Finding out on the uses of different animals from	
Link to other learning activity areas: Religious Education: appreciating God's	Suggested community service learning activity:	
humans.	appreciate the userumess of animals to people.	
<b>Link to PCI's:</b> ESD: animal welfare Education: Environment and its resources. <b>Life skills</b> : Effective communication; learners state the importance of animals to	<b>Link to values:</b> Responsibility, care, love: learners appreciate the usefulness of animals to people.	
Digital Literacy: observing digital photographs of various domestic and wild anim		
discussing in groups the importance of animals.		
various useful animals, creativity and imagination-linking given animals to their im	portance, communication and collaboration –	
Core Competence to be developed: Learning to learn-establishing the uses of anim		
	project and timeframe.	
	assessment criteria for the	
	the teacher the suggested	
	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss with</li> </ul>	
	project.	
	animals to people as a class	

# **Suggested Assessment Rubric**

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectations	Below expectation
Learner able to consistently and	Learner is able to correctly state the	Learner sometimes able to	Learner rarely states the uses of
correctly state the uses of	uses of animals to people and	state the uses of animals to	animals to people or identifies
animals to people and identify	identify different food products	people and identify different	different food products people
different food products people	people get from animals.	food products people get from	get from animals.
get from animals.		animals.	

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.6 Energy: Heat (10 Lessons) 1.6.1 Sources of Heat	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify sources of heat in the environment; b) match different sources of heat to their fuels in the environment; c) appreciate the different sources of heat in the community.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify sources of heat in the environment (sun, gas cooker, electric cooker, charcoal burner, traditional jiko, stove)</li> <li>Learners could share their experiences on sources of heat at home and community</li> <li>In groups, learners could match the different sources of heat with the fuels used (gas, electricity, charcoal, firewood, kerosene)</li> <li>Learners could interact with parents or guardians to appreciate the types of fuels used in the community and report back.</li> </ul>	What are the sources of heat?
	1.6.2 Uses of heat in the environment	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state uses of heat energy in the environment; b) use heat energy responsibly to promote conservation and safety; c) appreciate conservation of heat energy in daily life.	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss uses of heat energy (warming, cooking, ironing, drying)</li> <li>Learners could use multimedia resources to find out uses on heat energy in daily life.</li> </ul>	How is heat energy used in daily life?

1.6.3 Da	ingers of By the end of the sub-strand, the	In groups, learners could share experiences on appropriate use of energy in the environment to conserve heat energy (when warming, ironing, cooking, drying)  ne
heat ene	learner should be able to:  a) identify materials that can start fire in the house;  b) state the dangers of heat ene c) demonstrate how to move of the house in case of a fire outbreak.	

**Core-competence to be development**: Collaboration and communication –group work on dangers, sources and rules of handling heat energy, learning to learn-developing rules on handling heat energy; critical thinking and problem solving-discussing the uses and dangers of heat energy.

Digital literacy:

Digital Literacy: observing simulations of various sources of heat, their uses and possible dangers

Links to PCI's: ESD: Disaster risk reduction; Environmental Education:	Links to values: Cooperation, responsibility
Environment and its resources: Energy	
Life skills: Effective communication; learners discuss in groups dangers of	
heat at home.	
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Hygiene and Nutrition	Suggested community Service Learning activity: visit
	to a fire station
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning through	<b>Suggested assessment:</b> Observation, signed(LWD)/Oral
<b>application</b> : Sharing the DOs and DONT's during fire outbreak in a	(HOH) questions, and written exercises.
school assembly.	
Suggested Resources: Internet resources, video clips, real objects (firewood	l etc)

Sub-strand	<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Sources of heat	Learner able to consistently and correctly identify sources of heat and match the heat to their fuels.	Learner able to correctly identify sources of heat and match the heat to their fuels.	Learner sometimes able to identify sources of heat and match the heat to their fuels.	Learner rarely identifies sources of heat or matches the heat to their fuels.
Uses of heat in the environment	Learner able to consistently and correctly identify and use heat sources and appreciate conservation of heat in the environment.	Learner able to correctly identify and use heat sources and appreciate conservation of heat in the environment.	Learner sometimes able to identify and use heat sources and appreciate conservation of heat in the environment.	Learner rarely identifies and uses heat sources or appreciates conservation of heat in the environment.
Dangers of heat	Learner able to consistently and correctly identify material that can start fire, dangers of heat and demonstrate moving out for safety.	Correctly identifies material that can start fire, dangers of heat and demonstrates moving out for safety.	Learner sometimes able to identify material that can start fire, dangers of heat and demonstrate moving out for safety.	Learner rarely identifies material that can start fire, dangers of heat or demonstrates moving out for safety.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.1 Harmonious Living in the Community  (25 Lessons)  2.1.1 Sanitation in the community	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe ways of keeping the market place clean; b) participate in keeping the market place clean to promote social cohesion; c) appreciate a clean market place for good health.	<ul> <li>Learners could visit a market place, explore the sanitation.</li> <li>Learners could observe cleaning activities at a market place from a video clip or photograph.</li> <li>Learners could share their experiences on the sanitation situation in the market place.</li> <li>Learners could discuss ways of keeping the market place clean.</li> <li>Learners could discuss the role their parents or guardians play during a market cleaning day.</li> <li>Learners could display posters with persuasive messages during market cleaning days.</li> </ul>	How could we keep our market place clean?

2.2 Keeping safe in the community 2.2.1 Responding to strangers	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify appropriate ways of responding to strangers in the community; b) respond appropriately to strangers in the community; c) take personal responsibility in keeping safe to limit risks.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe a signed relevant age appropriate case story on responding to strangers.</li> <li>Learners could watch a video clip on how they could respond appropriately to strangers.</li> <li>In groups, learners could share and report back their experiences about responding to strangers.</li> <li>Learners could be guided on how to use phone when in danger.</li> <li>Learners could simulate ways of responding appropriately to strangers.</li> <li>Learners could find out from parents or guardians appropriate ways of responding to strangers.</li> </ul>	How could we respond appropriately to strangers?
2.2.2Safe and dangerous places in the community	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify safe places in the community; b) identify dangerous places in the community c) keep personal safety in the community;	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss and identify safe places in the community.</li> <li>Learners could discuss and identify dangerous places in the community.</li> <li>Learners could do age appropriate community</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the safe places in the community?</li> <li>What are the dangerous places in the community?</li> </ol>

2.2 Safe Travel	d) respond appropriately to security threats in the community.  By the end of the sub-strand, the	<ul> <li>mapping to identify and mark the safe places and dangerous places.</li> <li>Learners could recognize indications of dangerous places and situations using the map.</li> <li>Learners could respond appropriately to threats against safety.</li> <li>Learners could discuss with their parents or guardians about dangerous places in the community and report back.</li> </ul>	
	learner should be able to:		
2.3.1 Basic road safety signs	<ul> <li>a) recognize basic road safety signs;</li> <li>b) use basic road safety signs appropriately to enable safe travel;</li> <li>c) appreciate the use of basic road safety signs in enabling safe travel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners could observe stimuli materials to recognize basic road safety signs (pedestrian crossing, stop sign, and traffic lights).</li> <li>Learners could visit a nearby road or children's park for a demonstration on appropriate use of the basic road signs.</li> <li>Learners could play an educative multimedia game on basic road signs.</li> <li>Learners could ask their parents or guardian to take them on a safety walk around their neighborhood and report back.</li> </ul>	How do basic road safety signs enable safe travel?

2 4 E	D-1411111111111-		
2.4 Environmental and	By the end of the sub-strand, the		
cultural events in the community	learner should be able to: a) state how cultural events promote environmental and social wellbeing in the community; b) participate in cultural events that promote environmental and social wellbeing in the community; c) develop interest in environmental and cultural events that promote social wellbeing in the community.	<ul> <li>Learners could use stimuli materials on cultural and environmental events in the community.</li> <li>Learners could discuss on environmental and cultural events that promote social wellbeing( tree planting, cultural festivals ).</li> <li>In groups, learners could design posters on messages that promote cultural and environmental events to promote social well being.</li> <li>Learners could inquire from elders, parents or guardians about environmental and cultural events that promote social wellbeing and report</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What is the importance of environmental and cultural events?</li> <li>How could we participate in environmental and cultural events in the community?</li> </ol>
		back.	
Core Competences to be developed: Creatifrom parents or guardians  Digital Literacy: watching video clips and site (strangers) and places	-	_	-
Link to PCIs: Citizenship: social cohesion;	learners discuss roles of	Link to values: Responsibility, pe	eace social justice
community in caring for environmental resou		Link to values. Responsibility, pe	acc, social justice.
<b>ESD</b> : Environmental Education, harmonious			
Links to other learning activity areas: Mov		Suggested Community Service L	earning activities:
Languages: on listening to case stories.	remem and creative activities,	Learners gathering information from	

Suggested non formal activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation, signed(LWD)/Oral
sharing messages during community events.	(HOH) questions and written work.
Suggested Resources: Dust bins, brooms wheelbarrows, charts, video clips, photo	ographs, chart (road safety signs) local environment, posters,
gloves, spades	

<b>Sub-strand</b>	<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Sanitation in the	Learner consistently and	Learner actively	Learner occasionally	Learner rarely
community	actively participates in	participates in keeping	participates in keeping the	participates in keeping
	keeping the market place	the market place clean	market place clean.	the market place clean.
	clean and appreciates a clean	and appreciates a clean		
	market.	market.		
Keeping safe in the	Learner appropriately	Learner responds	Learner sometimes responds	Learner rarely responds
community	responds to strangers and	appropriately to strangers	to strangers appropriately or	to strangers
	takes personal responsibility	and takes personal	takes personal responsibility	appropriately or takes
	to keeping safe.	responsibility to keeping	to keeping safe.	personal responsibility
		safe.		to keeping safe.
Safe and dangerous	Learner consistently and	Learner correctly	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies
places in the	accurately identifies safe and	identifies safe and	safe and dangerous places	safe and dangerous
community	dangerous places and	dangerous places and	and responds appropriately	places or responds
	responds appropriately to	responds appropriately to	to security threats.	appropriately to
	security threats.	security threats.		security threats.
Basic road safety	Learner consistently and	Learner correctly	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies
signs	correctly identifies and uses	identifies and uses basic	and uses basic road safety	and uses basic road
	basic road safety signs for	road safety signs for safe	signs for safe travel.	safety signs for safe
	safe travel.	travel.		travel.
Environmental and	Learner innovatively and	Learner actively	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies
cultural events in	actively identifies and	identifies and participates	and participates in	or participates in
the community	participates in environmental	in environmental and	environmental and cultural	environmental and
	and cultural events that	cultural events that	events that promote social	cultural events that
	promote social wellbeing in	promote social wellbeing	wellbeing in the community.	promote social
	the community.	in the community.		

		wellbeing in the
		community.

Strand Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	<b>Key inquiry question</b>
2.0 Social environment Projects (25 Lessons) 2.2.1 Waste management for income generation project at school.	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to:  a) identify ways of using waste responsibly to generate income; b) determine suitable waste management activity to generate income at school; c) participate in waste management activity to generate income at school; d) develop interest in undertaking income generating activities in waste management.	<ul> <li>Learners could identify ways of using waste to generate income (Collection, sorting, Reducing Reusing, recycling).</li> <li>Learners could observe varied stimuli materials in waste management activities to derive suitable activities for income generation.</li> <li>Learners could discuss and identify suitable waste management activity that could be undertaken by the class to generate income (age appropriate activity).</li> <li>Learners could discuss and develop a plan to undertake the income generating activity that will use waste from the immediate environment.</li> <li>Learners could implement the selected project for managing waste to generate income</li> <li>Learners could discuss with</li> </ul>	What activities could learners undertake to generate income from waste management?

			nent activity that could income at home.		
Core-competence to be developed: Critical thinking and problem solving; reusing and recycling wastes. Communication and					
collaboration: discussions to build cons <b>Digital Literacy:</b> observing photos and		income gen	erating activities		
Link to PCI's: ESD: Environmental	<u> </u>	meome gen	Link to values: Respon	sibility; learners find out	
Financial literacy: Enterprise projects			from parents income generating activities		
Citizenship: Social cohesion: learners	share ideas on income generating	activities.			
Suggested non-formal activity: discus	ssion on importance of managing	waste to	Suggested community S	Service Learning activity:	
generate income.			Find more from parents or guardians on how to sell		
			products		
Links to other learning activity areas (s):			Suggested assessment: S	Signed (LWD)/ Oral (HOH)	
Mathematics; Money			questions, project work		
Suggested Resources: Solid waste, dustbins, shovels, gloves, spades, video clips, pictures/photographs, charts					

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Learner consistently and creatively	Learner creatively identifies and	Learner sometimes identifies	Learner rarely identifies
identifies and determines ways of	determines ways of using waste to	and determines ways of using	and determines ways of
using waste to generate income and	generate income and participates	waste to generate income and	using waste to generate
participates actively in the waste	actively in the waste management	participates actively in the	income and participates
management project.	project.	waste management project.	actively in the waste
			management project.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry ion(s)
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.1Caring for Plants (5 Lessons) 3.1.1 Communicating plant protection messages in the community.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) states ways of protecting plants in the community; b) create persuasive messages on plants protection in the community; c) communicate messages that protect plants in the community; d) appreciate plant protection in the community.	<ul> <li>Learners could explore and identify areas where plants have been destroyed in community.</li> <li>Learners to discuss and create plant protection messages.</li> <li>Learners could design plant protection messages using print and electronic media.</li> <li>Learners could display and peer asses the plant protection messages.</li> <li>Learners could sign or sing songs on plant protection messages during school assembly.</li> <li>Learners could convey the plant protection messages to the community through print and electronic media.</li> </ul>	How could we communicate plant protection messages in the community?
			magination and creativity and Learnin	
		clips and observe digital photographication: Care for the environment;	s on flora and conservation of vegetat:  Link to Values: Responsibility learn	
caring for plants	SD. EHVHOHHEIRAI EUR	ication. Care for the environment,	protection messages through poems,	· ·
Citizenship: Plan	nt protection. Life skills ges and peer assessmen	s: cooperation: creating plant t of messages.	r	

Links to other learning activity areas: Language, Music and Creative Art in reciting poems, singing/signing songs and creating posters	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: communicating plant protection messages to the community in various fora.			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Share plant	Suggested assessment: Written and signed/oral work;			
protection messages at school assembly, clubs and societies.	observation			
Suggested Resources: Natural environment manilla papers, felt pens, video clips, cello phone, photographs, picture cut outs.				

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and correctly identifies, creates, communicates and appreciates plant protection messages.	Learner correctly identifies, creates, communicates and appreciates plant protection messages.	Learner sometimes identifies, creates, communicates and appreciates plant protection messages.	Learner rarely identifies, creates, communicates and appreciates plant protection messages.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.2 Caring for Animals (5 Lessons) 3.2.1 Caring for animals in distress	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) recognize signs of distress in animals; b) care for animals in distress; c) appreciate the need to relieve animals of distress.	<ul> <li>In groups, learners could discuss their experiences on how animals in distress are handled in the community.</li> <li>Learners could use stimuli materials to develop understanding of various signs of distress in animals.</li> <li>Learners could visit a nearby farm to learn and practice some care activities for animals.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What indicates that an animal is in distress?</li> <li>How could we respond to an animal in distress?</li> </ol>

		Learners coura de gardea dy a gaest		
		speaker on animal rights, freedoms		
		and appropriate caring activities to		
		alleviate animal distresses.		
Core-competence to be develop	ed: Communication and collaboration in ground	ip activities		
<b>Digital Literacy:</b> watching video	clips on taking care of animals and identifyi	ng distress in animals.		
Links to PCI's: ESD: Animal W	Velfare Education, caring for animals	<b>Links to values:</b> Responsibility and unity in groups		
Life skills: Effective communication	tion ;learners identify signs of distress in	learners work.		
animals				
Links to other learning activity	areas (s): Religious Studies: appreciating	Suggested Community Service Learn	ning activities:	
animals as God's creation		field visit to a farm to learn about anim	nal care.	
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Debate on animal		Suggested Assessment: Signed (LWD)/Oral (HOH)		
rights.		question and written work.		
Suggested Resources: Video cli	ps, photographs, picture cut outs, domestic an	imals (cattle, goats, poultry, sheep, rabbit	s) natural	
environment				

<b>Exceeding expectation</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and	Learner correctly recognizes, cares	Learner sometimes recognizes,	Learner rarely recognizes,
correctly recognizes, cares and	and appreciates relieve of distress	cares and appreciates relieve of	cares or appreciates
appreciates relieve of distress in	in animals.	distress in animals.	relieve of distress in
animals.			animals.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.3 Managing waste (10 Lessons) 3.3.1 Disposing waste in the community	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to:  a) state ways of managing waste in the community; b) participate in managing waste in the community; c) dispose waste responsibly to limit risks to self, others and the environment.	<ul> <li>Learners could discuss various types of waste in the community (avoid sewage and e-wastes).</li> <li>Learners could play a video clip on a waste dump site and identify the various types of waste, how they are sorted and disposed.</li> <li>Learners could share ideas about types of waste and how they could be sorted and disposed.</li> <li>Learners could demonstrate how to sort and dispose waste in the community.</li> </ul>	How could we manage waste in the community?
3.0Care for the environment	3.3.2 Communicating messages on managing waste	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to:  a) recognize persuasive messages on how to manage waste;  b) use hand, print and electronic media to create messages on how to manage waste in the community;  c) communicate messages on management of wastes in the community.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe messages on managing waste from different media.</li> <li>Learners could discuss ways of communicating messages on managing waste.</li> <li>Learners could be guided to create using different media persuasive messages on waste management.</li> <li>Learners could peer assess then display to the community the created waste management messages.</li> </ul>	How could we communicate messages on waste management?

able to: a) identify ways of involving parents or guardians in waste	involvir manage • Learner	ng parents in waste ment. s could discuss with parents on	How could we involve parents or guardians in waste management?
<ul><li>b) involve Parents or guardians in waste management;</li><li>c) appreciate the participation of parents or guardians in waste management.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>report b</li> <li>Learner managinguardian</li> <li>Learner guardian manage</li> </ul>	ack. s could show case ways of ng waste to parents or ns during school events s could involve parents or ns in establishing simple waste ment projects.	
ũ .	olving, Creati	ivity and imagination, Communi	cation and
on waste disposal			
		Link to Values: Responsibility are guided to manage waste	y and unity; learners
	ment and	•	
	a) identify ways of involving parents or guardians in waste management; b) involve Parents or guardians in waste management; c) appreciate the participation of parents or guardians in waste management.  Critical thinking and problem so on waste disposal  ducation; care for environment; recommunication; learners discussions.	strand, the learner should be able to:  a) identify ways of involving parents or guardians in waste management; b) involve Parents or guardians in waste management; c) appreciate the participation of parents or guardians in waste management.  Critical thinking and problem solving, Creation of waste disposal  ducation; care for environment; managing we communication; learners discuss on waste  as: Hygiene and Nutrition, Movement and	strand, the learner should be able to:  a) identify ways of involving parents or guardians in waste management; b) involve Parents or guardians in waste management; c) appreciate the participation of parents or guardians in waste management.  c) appreciate the participation of parents or guardians in waste management.  Critical thinking and problem solving, Creativity and imagination, Communication; learners discuss on waste  as: Hygiene and Nutrition, Movement and  Learners could discuss on ways of involving parents in waste management.  Learners could discuss with parents on various ways of managing waste and report back.  Learners could show case ways of managing waste to parents or guardians during school events  Learners could involve parents or guardians in establishing simple waste management projects.  Link to Values: Responsibility are guided to manage waste

Sub-strand		Exceedin	g expectations	Meeting expo	ectation	Approaching expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Disposing wastes i	n the	Learner co	onsistently and	Learner corre	ctly states	Learner sometimes states	Learner rarely states
community		correctly states ways,		ways, participates and		ways, participates and	ways, participates or
			es and manages	manages was		manages wastes responsibly	manages wastes
			sponsibly to limit	responsibly to		to limit risks to self and	responsibly to limit
			lf and others.	risks to self a		others.	risks to self and others.
Communicating			onsistently and	Learner corre		Learner sometimes states	Learner rarely states
messages on		-	recognizes uses	ways particip		ways participates and	ways, participates or
management of wa	istes	and comm		manages was		manages wastes responsibly	manages wastes
		appropria	te messages for	responsibly to		to limit risks to self and	responsibly to limit
		waste mai		risks to self a		others.	risks to self and others.
Engaging parents of	or		onsistently and	Learner corre	•	Learner sometimes identifies,	Learner rarely
guardians in waste		correctly		identifies, inv		involves and appreciates	identifies, involves and
management			and appreciates	appreciates participation		participation of parents or	appreciates
	partic		on of parents or	1 1		guardians in waste	participation of parents
		guardians	in waste	in waste mana	agement.	management.	or guardians in waste
	ı	managem			Ī		management.
Strand	Sub st	trand	Specific learning	g outcomes	Suggested	learning experiences	Key inquiry
							question
3.0 Care for the		aring for	By the end of the				
environment	So	oil	the learner should				
			a) state the imp	1		How do trees protect	
	(10  Le	essons)	planting trees	for soil of trees in protecting soil.		the soil?	
			protection;		• Learner	rs could observe how trees	
	3.4.1	Planting	b) plant trees fo	r -		soil.	
		trees to	protection;			rs could observe demonstration	
		protect	c) demonstrate v	011 0110111		ting tree seedling to protect (the	
		soil	plant trees to	protect soil seedlings to be planted w		gs to be planted where soil	
			for environme		erosion	is in progress).	
			sustainability	•			

		<ul> <li>Learners could plant some tree seedlings to protect soil.</li> <li>Learners could share with parents or guardian show planting tree seedlings protect the soil.</li> </ul>		
3.4.2. Improving so	By the end of the sub-stra the learner should be able a) identify materials use improve the soil; b) apply manure on a seedbed; c) apply mulch on a seed d) develop interest in ca for the soil for using environmental sustainability.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe stimuli material to identify materials used to improve the soil (mulch from organic material, farm yard manure).</li> <li>Learners could use varied stimuli</li> </ul>		
<b>Core-competence to be development:</b> Creativity and imagination, Communication and collaboration, critical thinking and prosolving.				
<b>Digital Literacy:</b> watching video				
environment  Citizenship: social cohesion, learners in groups use mulch		<b>Links to values:</b> Respect learners share experiences on how to mulch and add manure to care for soil: responsibility; learners participate in planting trees to care for soil		
and manure to improve soil.	() M (1 (* 1			
		Suggested community Service Learning activities: Learners share with parents or guardians on the use of mulch and manure in caring for soil.		

<b>Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:</b> mulch and apply manure to the school seed bed.	Suggested Assessment: project work ,written/oral questions and observation		
Suggested Resources: Containers of different sizes, manure, grass, local environment, video clips and pictures			

Sub-strand	<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Planting trees to protect soil	Learner consistently and correctly states importance, plants trees and demonstrates willingness to protect soil.	Learner correctly states importance, plants trees and demonstrates willingness to protect soil.	Learner sometimes states importance, plants trees and demonstrates willingness to protect soil.	Leaner rarely states importance, plants trees or demonstrates willingness to protect soil.
Improving soil	Learner consistently and correctly identifies, applies mulch, manure and develops interest in caring for the soil.	Learner correctly identifies, applies mulch, manure and develops interest in caring for the soil.	Learner sometimes identifies, applies mulch, manure and develops interest in caring for the soil.	Learner rarely identifies, applies mulch, manure and develops interest in caring for the soil.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.4 Caring for water 3.4.1 Explorin g ways of collecting rain water  (10 Lessons)		on ways of collecting rain water.  • Learners could show ways of	How could we collect rain water in school and community?

		<ul> <li>Learners could improvise means of collecting rain water for use.</li> <li>Learners could inquire from parents or guardians on ways of collecting rain water and report back.</li> </ul>	
3.4.2 Caring for water reservoirs in the community	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of protecting reservoirs; b) participate in protecting water reservoirs in the community; c) appreciate the need to care for reservoirs in the community.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe appropriate stimuli materials ways of protecting water reservoirs (water tanks).</li> <li>Learners could identify ways of protecting water sources and the reservoirs (fencing around, covering, fetching through the tap, regular cleaning).</li> <li>Learners could visit the community and participate in appropriate activities towards protection reservoirs.</li> <li>Learners could sign songs or poems supporting caring for water reservoirs.</li> </ul>	How could we protect the water reservoirs?
		lving (protecting water sources and reserv	voirs), self-efficacy.
	ips on water reservoirs and their cons		
Links to PCI's: ESD: Environmental Education; caring for environment Citizenship: Social cohesion, learners work in groups to identify ways		Links to values: responsibility, respect; sing songs and recite poems related to water sources and reservoirs.  Responsibility-learners participate in community activities to	
of protecting water sources.  Links to other learning activity ar care of water.	eas (s): Hygiene and Nutrition on	protect water sources.  Suggested Community Service Learn	ing activities:

	Learners are guided to actively participate in community activities that involve protection of water sources and reservoirs.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested Assessment: Written work, signed (LWD)/ Oral		
Learners are guided by the teacher to actively participate in community	(HOH) questions.		
activities that involves caring for water reservoirs			
<b>Suggested Resources:</b> Gutters, water drams, buckets, computers, photographs and digital equipment and pictures.			

Sub-strand	<b>Exceeding Expectation</b>	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	<b>Below Expectation</b>
Exploring ways of collecting rain water	Learner consistently and creatively identifies ways, collects and appreciates need for collecting rain water for	Learner creatively identifies ways, collects and appreciates need for collecting rain water for	Learner sometimes identifies ways, collects and appreciates need for collecting rain water	Learner rarely identifies ways, collects and appreciates need for collecting rain
	domestic use.	domestic use.	for domestic use.	water for domestic use.
Caring for water reservoirs in the community	Learner consistently and correctly identifies ways, participates in caring and appreciates the need to care for water reservoirs.	Learner correctly identifies ways, participates in caring and appreciates the need to care for water reservoirs.	Learner sometimes identifies ways, participates in caring and appreciates the need to care for water reservoirs.	Learner rarely identifies ways, participates in caring and appreciates the need to care for water reservoirs.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.5 Caring For Energy (10 Lessons) 3.5.1 Energy conservation campaigns in the community	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:  a) state ways of promoting energy conservation in the community;  b) participate in energy conservation campaigns in community;  c) appreciate the need promotenergy conservation in the community.	<ul> <li>Learners could observe multimedia resources showing ways of promoting energy conservation (light and heat energy).</li> <li>Learners could share their ideas</li> </ul>	How could we promote energy conservation?
Core Competence solving.	es to be developed:	Imagination and creativity and	Communication and collaboration, Critical	thinking and problem
Digital Literacy:		s and studying digital photograp		
Link to PCIs: ESD: Environmental Education: care for the environment Citizenship: social cohesion: Learners in groups share ideas Life skills: effective communication.		<b>Link to values:</b> Responsibility and unity: p conservation.	promoting energy	
<b>Links to other lea</b> Creative activities		s: Languages, Movement and	Suggested Community Service Learning the community in energy conservation cam	

Suggested non formal activity to support learning: share ideas	Suggested Assessments: written questions, signed questions,
on how during school assembly, in clubs and societies.	observation

<b>Exceeding expectations</b>	Meeting expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Learner consistently and creatively states	Learner creatively states	Learner sometimes states ways	Learner rarely states ways,
ways, participates and appreciates energy	ways, participates and	participates and appreciates	participates and appreciates
conservation campaign.	appreciates energy	energy conservation campaign.	energy conservation
	conservation campaign.		campaign.

#### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

The suggested list of learning resources is neither exhaustive nor prescriptive. It is important for the teacher to explore the wealth of learning resources, improvise or collect during a field study. The suggested resources include:

- Local environment
- Real objects/Specimens/realia
- Maps
- Photographs, pictures paintings, flash cards and posters
- Internet sources
- TV/video/films/slides
- Live Radio Broadcasts
- Vetted Digital resources, educational computer games
- Approved textbooks and other printed resources
- Workbooks, Worksheets, Activity sheets
- Resource persons
- Weather instruments
- Artifacts
- Museum/historical sites
- Newspaper cuttings
- Magazines/journals
- Libraries
- Display Boards