Name $\qquad$

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
Find the product and write the result in standard form.

1) $(6-3 i)(-4-6 i)$

Solve the equation by factoring.
2) $8 x^{2}-47 x=6$
3) $8 x^{2}-55 x=7$
4) $6 x^{2}+23 x+20=0$

Solve the equation by completing the square.
5) $16 x^{2}-7 x+1=0$
6) $x^{2}+12 x+22=0$

Perform the indicated operations and write the result in standard form.

$$
\text { 7) }(4+\sqrt{-3})(4+\sqrt{-7})
$$

Solve the equation using the quadratic formula.
8) $5 x^{2}=-12 x-6$

Solve the equation by factoring.

$$
\text { 9) } 25 x^{2}+25 x+6=0
$$

## Solve the problem.

10) Suppose that an open box is to be made from a square sheet of cardboard by cutting out 2 -inch squares from each corner as shown and then folding along the dotted lines. If the box is to have a volume of 128 cubic inches, find the original dimensions of the sheet of cardboard.


Determine ALGEBRAICALLY whether the given function is even, odd, or neither.
11) $f(x)=2 x^{2}+x^{4}$

11) $f(x)=2 x^{2}+x^{4}$
1)
2) $\qquad$
3) $\qquad$
4) $\qquad$
5) $\qquad$
6) $\qquad$
7) $\qquad$
8) $\qquad$
9) $\qquad$
10) $\qquad$
11) $\qquad$

Find the domain of the function.

$$
\text { 12) } f(x)=\frac{1}{x-3}+\frac{4}{x+7}
$$

12) $\qquad$

Find the distance between the pair of points.

$$
\text { 13) }(-5,-2) \text { and }(-17,3)
$$

13) $\qquad$

Solve the equation by the square root property.

$$
\text { 14) } 3(x-6)^{2}=15
$$

14) $\qquad$

Solve the problem.
15) A developer wants to enclose a rectangular grassy lot that borders a city street for parking.
15) If the developer has 236 feet of fencing and does not fence the side along the street, what is the largest area that can be enclosed?

Begin by graphing the standard quadratic function $f(x)=x^{2}$. Then use transformations of this graph to graph the given function.
16) $h(x)=(x-2)^{2}-7$


## Graph the function.

17) $f(x)= \begin{cases}x+5 & \text { if }-9 \leq x<2 \\ -9 & \text { if } x=2 \\ -x+4 & \text { if } x>2\end{cases}$

18) 
19) $\qquad$

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } 0 \leq x<5 \\ |x| & \text { if } 5 \leq x<9 \\ \sqrt{x} & \text { if } 9 \leq x \leq 11\end{cases}
$$


19)

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}-x+2 & x<0 \\ \sqrt{x}+3 & x \geq 0\end{cases}
$$



Find and simplify the difference quotient $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}, h \neq 0$ for the given function.
20) $f(x)=x^{2}+8 x-9$
21) $f(x)=3 x-7$
22) $f(x)=\frac{1}{5 x}$
20)
21)
22) $\qquad$

Identify the intercepts.


Solve the radical equation, and check all proposed solutions.

$$
\text { 24) } \sqrt{2 x+3}-\sqrt{x+1}=1
$$

24) $\qquad$
25) $\sqrt{x+6}+\sqrt{2-x}=4$
26) $\qquad$

Determine ALGEBRAICALLY whether the given function is even, odd, or neither.
26) $f(x)=x^{5}-x^{4}$
26) $\qquad$
27) $f(x)=2 x^{2}+x^{4}$
27) $\qquad$

Find the domain of the composite function $f \circ g$.

$$
\text { 28) } f(x)=\frac{8}{x+10}, \quad g(x)=\frac{20}{x}
$$

28) $\qquad$

Determine which two functions are inverses of each other.

$$
\text { 29) } f(x)=3 x \quad g(x)=\frac{x}{3} \quad h(x)=\frac{3}{x}
$$

29) $\qquad$

Solve the rational inequality and graph the solution set on a real number line. Express the solution set in interval notation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 30) } \frac{(x+7)(x-5)}{x-1} \geq 0 \\
& \\
& \leftarrow \\
&-14-12
\end{aligned}-10
$$

31) $\frac{x+7}{x+8}<3$
32) 
33) $\qquad$
) $\qquad$

Use the vertex and intercepts to sketch the graph of the quadratic function.
32) $f(x)=3-x^{2}-2 x$


Solve the problem.
33) The cost in millions of dollars for a company to manufacture $x$ thousand automobiles is
33) given by the function $C(x)=3 x^{2}-30 x+200$. Find the number of automobiles that must be produced to minimize the cost.

Graph the rational function. SHOW ALL YOUR WORK for the $x$-int, $y$-int, vertical asymptote, horizontal or slant asymptote.
34) $f(x)=\frac{-4 x}{x+1}$
34) $\qquad$


Graph the function.
35) $f(x)= \begin{cases}x+1 & \text { if }-7 \leq x<4 \\ -6 & \text { if } x=4 \\ -x+5 & \text { if } x>4\end{cases}$
35) $\qquad$


Use the graph of the function $f$, plotted with a solid line, to sketch the graph of the given function $g$.
36) $g(x)=f(x-2)+2$
36) $\qquad$


Find the inverse of the one-to-one function.

$$
\text { 37) } f(x)=\frac{5}{4 x+1}
$$

37) $\qquad$

Find the distance between the pair of points.
38) $(-2,2)$ and $(-10,8)$

Write the standard form of the equation of the circle with the given center and radius.
39) $(0,-7) ; \sqrt{5}$

Find the center and the radius of the circle.
40) $(x-1)^{2}+(y+9)^{2}=81$
40) $\qquad$

Complete the square and write the equation in standard form. Then give the center and radius of the circle.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 41) } x^{2}+y^{2}-10 x+8 y=-25 \\
& \text { 42) } x^{2}+y^{2}-6 x-8 y+12=0
\end{aligned}
$$

41) $\qquad$
42) $\qquad$

## Graph the equation.

43) $(x-1)^{2}+(y-5)^{2}=4$


Solve the problem.
44) A developer wants to enclose a rectangular grassy lot that borders a city street for parking. If the developer has 232 feet of fencing and does not fence the side along the street, what is the largest area that can be enclosed?
45) You have 264 feet of fencing to enclose a rectangular region. What is the maximum area?
46) The cost in millions of dollars for a company to manufacture $x$ thousand automobiles is given by the function $C(x)=4 x^{2}-16 x+36$. Find the number of automobiles that must be produced to minimize the cost.

Use the vertex and intercepts to sketch the graph of the quadratic function.

$$
\text { 47) } f(x)=8-x^{2}-2 x
$$

43) $\qquad$
44) $\qquad$
45) $\qquad$
46) $\qquad$
47) $\qquad$


Use the graph of the rational function shown to complete the statement.
48)
48)


As $\mathrm{x} \rightarrow-1^{-}, \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}) \rightarrow$ ?
49)


As $\mathrm{x} \rightarrow 1^{+}, \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}) \rightarrow$ ?

Use transformations of $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$ or $f(x)=\frac{1}{x^{2}}$ to graph the rational function.
50) $f(x)=\frac{1}{(x+2)^{2}}+3$
50)


Find the slant asymptote, if any, of the graph of the rational function.

$$
\text { 51) } f(x)=\frac{x^{2}-4 x+8}{x+4}
$$

51) 
52) $f(x)=\frac{x^{3}+9}{x^{2}-1}$
53) $\qquad$

Graph the function.

$$
\text { 53) } f(x)=\frac{x^{2}+9}{x}
$$

53) $\qquad$


Solve the polynomial inequality and graph the solution set on a number line. Express the solution set in interval notation.
54) $(x-3)(x-6) \leq 0$
54)



Solve the rational inequality and graph the solution set on a real number line. Express the solution set in interval notation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 55) } \frac{x-6}{x+8}<0 \\
& \text { 56) } \frac{3}{x-3}<1
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
56) $\qquad$

## Solve the problem.

57) The function $f(x)=600(0.5)^{x / 70}$ models the amount in pounds of a particular radioactive material stored in a concrete vault, where $x$ is the number of years since the material was put into the vault. Find the amount of radioactive material in the vault after 200 years. Round to the nearest whole number.

## Graph the function by making a table of coordinates.

58) $f(x)=\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{x}$
59) $\qquad$
60) 



## Graph the function.

59) Use the graph of $f(x)=4^{x}$ to obtain the graph of $g(x)=4^{x+2}-1$.


## Solve the problem.

60) The size of the raccoon population at a national park increases at the rate of $4.2 \%$ per year. If the size of the current population is 171 , find how many raccoons there should be in 7 years. Use the function $f(x)=171 e^{0.042 t}$ and round to the nearest whole number.

Use the compound interest formulas $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{P}\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{r}}{\mathrm{n}}\right)^{\mathrm{nt}}$ and $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{Pe}^{\mathrm{rt}}$ to solve.
61) Find the accumulated value of an investment of $\$ 6000$ at $5 \%$ compounded annually for 16 years.
62) Suppose that you have $\$ 10,000$ to invest. Which investment yields the greater return over 8 years: $7.2 \%$ compounded monthly or $7.3 \%$ compounded quarterly?
62)
59) $\qquad$
60) $\qquad$
61) $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Write the equation in its equivalent exponential form.

$$
\text { 63) } \log _{5} x=3
$$

63) $\qquad$

Write the equation in its equivalent logarithmic form.
64) $5^{2}=\mathrm{x}$
64)
$\qquad$

Evaluate the expression without using a calculator.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 65) } \log _{2} 8 \\
& \text { 66) } \log _{4} \frac{1}{16}
\end{aligned}
$$

65) $\qquad$
66) $\qquad$

Graph the functions in the same rectangular coordinate system.

$$
\text { 67) } f(x)=5^{x} \text { and } g(x)=\log _{5} x
$$

67) $\qquad$


Find the domain of the logarithmic function.
68) $f(x)=\log _{6}(x+4)$
68) $\qquad$
69) $f(x)=\ln (6-x)$
69) $\qquad$
70) $f(x)=\log \left(\frac{x+9}{x-3}\right)$
70) $\qquad$

Evaluate or simplify the expression without using a calculator.
71) $10^{\log 6}$
71) $\qquad$

Use properties of logarithms to expand the logarithmic expression as much as possible. Where possible, evaluate logarithmic expressions without using a calculator.
72) $\log _{b}\left(y z^{5}\right)$
72) $\qquad$
73) $\qquad$
74) $\log _{5}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\mathrm{p}} \sqrt[4]{\mathrm{q}}}{\mathrm{t}^{2}}\right)$
75) $\log _{5}\left(\frac{25}{\sqrt{\mathrm{x}-1}}\right)$
75) $\qquad$
76) $\log \left[\frac{3 x^{3} \sqrt[4]{4-x}}{4(x+4)^{2}}\right]$
76) $\qquad$

Use properties of logarithms to condense the logarithmic expression. Write the expression as a single logarithm whose coefficient is 1 . Where possible, evaluate logarithmic expressions.
77) $\log _{C} m+\log _{C} n$
77) $\qquad$
78) $2 \log _{y} 3+\log _{y} 3$
78) $\qquad$
79) $\frac{1}{6}\left[3 \ln (x+3)-\ln x-\ln \left(x^{2}-7\right)\right]$
79) $\qquad$

Use common logarithms or natural logarithms and a calculator to evaluate to four decimal places

$$
\text { 80) } \log _{9} 14
$$

80) $\qquad$
81) $\log _{29} 330$
82) $\qquad$

Solve the equation by expressing each side as a power of the same base and then equating exponents.
82) $2^{(5-3 x)}=\frac{1}{16}$
82) $\qquad$
83) $2^{(1+2 x)}=32$
83) $\qquad$
84) $25^{x+1}=125^{x-1}$
84) $\qquad$

Solve the exponential equation. Express the solution set in terms of natural logarithms.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 85) } e^{3 x}=5 \\
& \text { 86) } 4^{x+6}=8
\end{aligned}
$$

85) $\qquad$
86) $\qquad$

Solve the exponential equation. Use a calculator to obtain a decimal approximation, correct to two decimal places, for the solution.

$$
\text { 87) } 3^{x}=18
$$

87) $\qquad$

Solve the logarithmic equation. Be sure to reject any value that is not in the domain of the original logarithmic expressions. Give the exact answer.
88) $\log _{2} x=5$
88) $\qquad$
89) $\ln 8+\ln (x-1)=0$
89) $\qquad$
90) $\log (x+27)-\log 3=\log (6 x+3)$
90) $\qquad$
91) $\log _{2} x+\log _{2}(x-3)=2$
91) $\qquad$
92) $\log _{2}(x+2)-\log _{2}(x-5)=3$
92) $\qquad$
93) $\log 3(x+6)+\log 3(x-6)-\log 3 x=2$
93) $\qquad$

Solve the problem.
94) Find out how long it takes a $\$ 3400$ investment to double if it is invested at $8 \%$ compounded
94) $\qquad$ quarterly. Round to the nearest tenth of a year. Use the formula $A=P\left(1+\frac{r}{n}\right)^{n t}$.

Determine whether the given ordered pair is a solution of the system.

$$
\text { 95) } \begin{aligned}
& (-1,-6) \\
& x+y=-5 \\
& x-y=7
\end{aligned}
$$

95) $\qquad$

Solve the system of equations by the substitution method.
96)
96) $\qquad$

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 x+3 y & =55 \\
x-4 y & =0
\end{aligned}
$$

Solve the system by the addition method.

$$
\text { 97) } \begin{aligned}
9 x+8 y=36 \\
-3 x-4 y=-24
\end{aligned}
$$

97) $\qquad$

Solve the system by the method of your choice. Identify systems with no solution and systems with infinitely many solutions, using set notation to express their solution sets.

$$
\text { 98) } \begin{aligned}
x-4 y & =1 \\
8 x-5 y & =62
\end{aligned}
$$

98) $\qquad$

The figure shows the graphs of the cost and revenue functions for a company that manufactures and sells binoculars. Use the information in the figure to answer the question.

99) How many binoculars must be produced and sold for the company to break even?

## Solve the problem.

100) One number is 12 less than a second number. Twice the second number is 39 more than 3 times the first. Find the two numbers.
101) The Family Fine Arts Center charges $\$ 20$ per adult and $\$ 11$ per senior citizen for its performances. On a recent weekend evening when 505 people paid admission, the total receipts were $\$ 7058$. How many who paid were senior citizens?

Solve the system by the substitution method.
102) $x-2 y=3$
102)

$$
x^{2}-x y=20
$$

Solve the system by the addition method.

$$
\begin{gather*}
\text { 103) } y^{2}+3 x^{2}=37 \\
y^{2}-x^{2}=1
\end{gather*}
$$

$\qquad$

Let $x$ represent one number and let $y$ represent the other number. Use the given conditions to write a system of nonlinear equations. Solve the system and find the numbers.
104) The sum of two numbers is 7 and their product is -198 . Find the numbers. $\qquad$

## Solve the problem.

105) The area of a rectangular piece of cardboard shown is 512 square inches. The cardboard is 105) used to make an open box by cutting a 2 - inch square from each corner and turning up the sides. If the box is to have a volume of 672 cubic inches, find the dimensions of the cardboard that must be used.

106) A right triangle has an area of 3 square inches. The square of the hypotenuse is 13 . Find the
107) lengths of the legs of the triangle. Round your answer to the nearest inch.

Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW

1) $-42-24 i$
2) $\left\{-\frac{1}{8}, 6\right\}$
3) $\left\{-\frac{1}{8}, 7\right\}$
4) $\left\{-\frac{5}{2},-\frac{4}{3}\right\}$
5) $\left\{\frac{7 \pm \mathrm{i} \sqrt{15}}{32}\right\}$
6) $\{-6-\sqrt{14},-6+\sqrt{14}\}$
7) $(16-\sqrt{21})+(4 \sqrt{7}+4 \sqrt{3}) \mathrm{i}$
8) $\left\{\frac{-6-\sqrt{6}}{5}, \frac{-6+\sqrt{6}}{5}\right\}$
9) $\left\{-\frac{2}{5},-\frac{3}{5}\right\}$
10) 12 in . by 12 in .
11) Even
12) $(-\infty,-7) \cup(-7,3) \cup(3, \infty)$
13) 13
14) $\{6 \pm \sqrt{5}\}$
15) $6962 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
16) 


17)


Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
18)

19)

20) $2 x+h+8$
21) 3
22) $\frac{-1}{5 x(x+h)}$
23) $(-2,0),(0,8)$
24) $\{-1,3\}$
25) $\{-2\}$
26) Neither
27) Even
28) $(-\infty,-2)$ or $(-2,0)$ or $(0, \infty)$
29) $f(x)$ and $g(x)$
30) $[-7,1) \cup[5, \infty)$

31) $(-\infty,-8)$ or $\left(-\frac{17}{2}, \infty\right)$


Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
32)

33) 5 thousand automobiles
34)

35)


Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
36)

37) $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(\mathrm{x})=\frac{5}{4 \mathrm{x}}-\frac{1}{4}$
38) 10
39) $x^{2}+(y+7)^{2}=5$
40) $(1,-9), r=9$
41) $(x-5)^{2}+(y+4)^{2}=16$
$(5,-4), r=4$
42) $(x-3)^{2}+(y-4)^{2}=13$
$(3,4), r=\sqrt{13}$
43)


Domain $=(-1,3)$, Range $=(3,7)$
44) $6728 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
45) 4356 square feet
46) 2 thousand automobiles

Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
47)

48) $-\infty$
49) $+\infty$
50)

51) $y=x-8$
52) $y=x$
53)

54) $[3,6]$


Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
55) $(-8,6)$

56) $(-\infty, 3)$ or $(6, \infty)$

57) 83 pounds
58)

59)

60) 229
61) $\$ 13,097.25$
62) $\$ 10,000$ invested at $7.3 \%$ compounded quarterly over 8 years yields the greater return.
63) $5^{3}=x$
64) $\log _{5} x=2$
65) 3
66) -2

Answer Key
Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
67)

68) $(-4, \infty)$
69) $(-\infty, 6)$
70) $(-\infty,-9) \cup(3, \infty)$
71) 6
72) $\log _{b} y+5 \log _{b} z$
73) $\log _{6} 7+\log _{6} 3-\log _{6} 5$
74) $\frac{1}{3} \log _{5} \mathrm{p}+\frac{1}{4} \log _{5} \mathrm{q}-2 \log _{5} \mathrm{t}$
75) $2-\frac{1}{2} \log _{5}(\mathrm{x}-1)$
76) $\log 3+3 \log x+\frac{1}{4} \log (4-x)-\log 4-2 \log (x+4)$
77) $\log _{C}(\mathrm{mn})$
78) $\log _{\mathrm{y}} 27$
79) $\ln \sqrt[6]{\frac{(x+3)^{3}}{x\left(x^{2}-7\right)}}$
80) 1.2011
81) 1.7222
82) $\{3\}$
83) $\{2\}$
84) $\{5\}$
85) $\left\{\frac{\ln 5}{3}\right\}$
86) $\left\{\frac{\ln 8}{\ln 4}-6\right\}$
87) 2.63
88) $\{32\}$
89) $\left\{\frac{9}{8}\right\}$
90) $\left\{\frac{18}{17}\right\}$
91) $\{4\}$
92) $\{6\}$
93) $\{12\}$

Testname: FINAL EXAM REVIEW
94) 8.8 years
95) not a solution
96) $\{(20,5)\}$
97) $\{(-4,9)\}$
98) $\{(9,2)\}$
99) 750 binoculars
100) -15 and -3
101) 338 senior citizens
102) $\left\{(5,1),\left(-8,-\frac{11}{2}\right)\right\}$
103) $(3, \sqrt{10}),(3,-\sqrt{10}),(-3, \sqrt{10}),(-3,-\sqrt{10})$
104) 18 and - 11
105) 16 inches by 32 inches
106) 2 inches and 3 inches

