

## Managing the Blues



#### **Overview**

- Depression 101
- Holiday Blues
- Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD)
- Strategies to move forward





# Depression



### **Depression 101**

- 1. Depression is a disturbance in someone's mood
- 2. Usually involves a feeling of sadness, lack of physical and emotional energy, and a loss of interest in things that used to bring pleasure
- 3. Depression is one of the most common emotional problems
- 4. Depression is very treatable
- 5. Dysthymia or a low level depression also exists



### What is Depression?

- A depressed or irritable mood most of the time
- A loss or decrease of pleasure or interest in most activities, including ones that had been interesting or pleasurable previously
- Significant changes in weight or appetite
- Disturbances in falling asleep and sleeping too much.



### What is Depression?

- Feeling slowed down or restless most days
- Feeling tired, sluggish, and low energy most days
- Having feelings of worthless or excessive guilt most days
- Experiencing problems with thinking, focus, concentration and creativity and the ability to make decisions most days
- Having thoughts of dying or suicide



#### Those who are depressed often feel alone





#### **Sadness Verses Depression**

- Normal sadness passes in a reasonable amount of time
- Depression lasts longer and feels deeper than normal sadness.
- May cause one to feel very bad about themselves & hopeless about the future
- May affect your thoughts, your behavior, your appetite, or your ability to sleep
- Depression may cause you to see reality in a distorted way, as if everything is negative and difficult, and problems may appear to be bigger than you can bear.



#### Does this look familiar?





### Help Is Always Available

- Major depression can lead to suicidal thought and actions help is always available
- National Suicide hotline: 1-800-273-TALK



**SECTION 2** 

## The Holiday Blues



#### The Holiday Blues

Holidays can trigger many feelings and concerns related to current stressors

- Financial stress
- First holiday without a loved one
- Future holidays without a loved one
- Change in traditions
- Other life changes relocation, divorce
- Separation from family or friends
- Working the holiday





### **Holidays Can Amplify Depression**

#### Holiday pressure may create:

- More fatigue than usual
- Lost interest in things that usually bring joy
- Difficulty concentrating
- Lost productivity
- Unrealistic expectations of self and others
- Over commitment





#### Symptoms of Depression and Blues

- Headaches, back aches, stomach issues
- Difficulty sleeping or oversleeping
- Change in eating habits more food choices
- Crying spells
- Mood swings and irritability
- Lethargy
- Withdrawal



#### **Post Holiday Blues**

- After the hustle and bustle may feel a let down
- Seasonal affective disorder may be an issue
- Departure of family or friends
- Routines resume
- The weather may be bleak and cold



#### Bleek, cold days influence how we feel



Nature... discards her floral trimmings in obedience to a reign of tyrannical ice!

-James Lendall Basford



#### Ways to Cope

- Limit or avoid alcohol and sleep aids, other chemicals
- Get routine sleep
- Say no and stay firm
- Be open to new traditions
- Get grief support if needed
- Spend time with family and friends





#### Ways to Cope

- Exercise regularly
- Do something new
- Avoid overeating
- Practice mindfulness
- Talk it out with others
- Laugh and have some fun





#### What to do?

- If symptoms persist see an MD and/or a Therapist
- Some depression might be due to medical conditions:
  - Underactive Thyroid
  - Low Blood Sugar
  - Chronic Viral Illness
  - Chronic Fatigue Syndrome
  - other illnesses



Photo Courtesy of Indiana University School of Medicine



#### Seasons Change and so do we...



Whoever wishes to pursue the science of medicine in a direct manner must first investigate the seasons of the year and what occurs to them.

--Hippocrates

Four seasons fill the measure of the year; There are four seasons in the mind of man.

--John Keats



**SECTION 3** 

## **Seasonal Affective Disorder**



### **Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD)**

- Approximately 10 million Americans have SAD
- More prominent in areas with less light
- Generally noticed during 4 months of fall and winter
- Looks similar to Depression
- Looks similar to Holiday Blues





### Signs and Symptoms of SAD

- Reduces energy
- Increased eating- especially carb cravings
- Disturbed sleep
- Lowered sex drive
- Thinking problems- difficulty concentrating and processing information
- Mood problems- especially depression
- Body aches and pains



#### What works for SAD?



- Light Therapy or Photo Therapy
- Behavioral Therapy
- Medication
- Mindfulness and Meditation
- Exercise
- Travel



### **Light Therapy or Photo Therapy**

- Bright light therapy is a common treatment for SAD and circadian rhythm disorders
- Use bright white "full spectrum" light at 10,000 lux, sitting at a distance of 30-60 cm with eyes open but not staring at the light for 20 or more minutes
- Or exposure to sunlight
- Regular daily usage at the same time is best



### A variety of lamps are available









### **Light Therapy**

- Get a proper light (full spectrum light)
- Try for 20 to 90 minutes per day
- Have light shining on eye area, but not directly
- Try to get light therapy in the mornings



### Vitamin D can help

- Low amounts of Vitamin D were found in folks diagnosed with SAD
- Vitamin D is associated with the production of serotonin and dopamine
- We usually get Vitamin D through exposure to sunlight and through diet
- NOTE: Vitamin D is fat-soluble and can reach toxic levels if too much is taken—consult your doctor for dosing
  - Not an effective treatment on it's own





#### **Treatment**

- EAP or Behavioral Health Counseling
- Group therapy
- Social support groups
- Anti-depressants

•SAD is now found n the DSM V under depression as a specifier "with seasonal pattern."





### **Group Verses Individual Therapy**







#### **Relaxation and Focus**









#### **Exercise**



- A proven antidepressant
- Promotes weight control
- Find a buddy accountability and social benefit
- Make it fun create an activity worksheet
- Walk, jog, swim, bike, dance, yoga, Tai Chi



#### Koselig (pronounced Koosh-lee)

- Koselig is a Norwegian word with no direct translation
- "More than anything else, koselig is a feeling: that of coziness, intimacy, warmth, happiness, being content."









#### **Travel**

- Bright and sunny destination
- The impact of a changed temporary location
- Similar to phototherapy
- Added benefits: Increasing physical activity, resetting your biological clock, removing you from stressful situations





#### **Nature is Restorative: Connect**





#### Re-engagement once you get help

- Tips for re-engagement at work:
  - -Make a decision to re-engage
  - -Find something of interest to focus on
  - -Determine what you can and cannot control
  - -Learn something new





#### Re-engagement once you get help

- Get out of your comfort zone
  - Focus on how you can contribute to your team & organization
  - Focus on doing even better than good
  - Develop a positive attitude
  - Offer suggestions to your team
  - Volunteer to lead something



#### Resources

- IU Employee Assistance Program (IUEAP) 1-888-234-8327
- Healthy IU
  - Mental Health & Substance Use Support website
    - http://go.iu.edu/2bGH
  - Mental Well-being
    - http://go.iu.edu/2cBX
- Family Medical Doctor
- Behavioral Care
  - Counseling
  - Groups
  - Psychiatry if needed



#### **Thank You**

Employee Assistance Program
Appointment Line:
1-888-234-8327
Many offices and hours to serve your needs!



### INDIANA UNIVERSITY BICENTENNIAL