

## The Ontario Curriculum

Grades K-10

Mathletics Curriculum Alignment


At Mathletics, we are committed to providing students, teachers and schools with high-quality learning resources that align with the most up-todate curricula.

Our team of educational publishers has created a course that follows the revised Ontario Curriculum, Grades 1-8 (Mathematics), 2005. Kindergarten and Grade 9-10 Essentials are also included. You can be assured that students have access to relevant and targeted content.

Mathletics courses consist of topics that follow the strands of the curriculum.

When a standard is best addressed by teacher directed activities, it is indicated in this document. Such activities may be explored using the Mathletics online eBooks, videos and interactives or through our engaging rich learning tasks.

This document outlines this mapping and acts as a useful guide when using Mathletics in your school.

## 3P Learning

## September 2019

## Kindergarten

| Strand | Expectation | Expectation Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.1 | Investigate the idea that a number's position in <br> the counting sequence determines its <br> magnitude. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.2 | Investigate some concepts of quantity and <br> equality through identifying and comparing sets <br> with more, fewer, or the same number of <br> objects. | More or Less? <br> More, Less or the Same to 10 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.3 | Make use of one-to-one correspondence in <br> counting objects and matching groups of <br> objects. | How Many? <br> How Many Dots? <br> Count to 5 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.4 | Demonstrate an understanding of the counting <br> concepts of stable order and of order <br> irrelevance. | Order Numbers to 10 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.5 | Subitize quantities to 5 without having to count, <br> using a variety of materials and strategies. | Dot Display |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.6 | 16.2 | Use information to estimate the number in a <br> small set. |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.7 | Explore and communicate the <br> function/purpose of numbers in a variety of <br> contexts. | Dot Display |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | 15.8 | Explore different Canadian coins, using coin <br> manipulatives. | Teacher directed |

## Kindergarten

| Strand | Expectation | Expectation Description <br> Explation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | 17.1 | Explore, sort, and compare the attributes and <br> the properties of traditional and non-traditional <br> two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional <br> figures. | Collect the Shapes <br> Collect the Objects <br> Match the Solid 1 <br> Match the Object |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | 17.2 | Communicate an understanding of basic <br> spatial relationships in their conversations and <br> play, in their predictions and visualizations, and <br> during transitions and routines. | Where is it? <br> Left or Right? |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | 17.3 | Investigate and explain the relationship <br> between two-dimensional shapes and three- <br> dimensional figures in objects they have made. | Relate Shapes and Solids |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | 20.3 | Compose pictures, designs, shapes, and <br> patterns, using two-dimensional shapes; <br> predict and explore reflective symmetry in two- <br> dimensional shapes; and decompose two- <br> dimensional shapes into smaller shapes and <br> rearrange the pieces into other shapes, using <br> various tools and materials. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and | 20.4 | Build three-dimensional structures using a <br> variety of materials and identify the three- <br> dimensional figures their structure contains. | Teacher directed |
| Spatial Sense |  |  |  |

## 3 | 3P Learning

## Grade 1

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order whole numbers to 50 , using a variety of tools and contexts. | 1 to 30 <br> Order Numbers to 20 <br> More, Less or the Same to 10 <br> More, Less or the Same to 20 <br> Compare Numbers to 20 <br> Compare Numbers to 50 <br> Before, After and Between to 20 <br> Making Numbers Count <br> Making Teen Numbers |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Read and print in words whole numbers to ten, using meaningful contexts. | Matching Numbers to 10 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Demonstrate, using concrete materials, the concept of conservation of number. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Relate numbers to the anchors of 5 and 10. | Adding to Make 5 and 10 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Identify and describe various coins, using coin manipulatives or drawings, and state their value. | Everyday Money |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent money amounts to 20 , $^{\text {, }}$ through investigation using coin manipulatives. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Estimate the number of objects in a set, and check by counting. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Compose and decompose numbers up to 20 in a variety of ways, using concrete materials. | Composing Additions to 20 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Divide whole objects into parts and identify and describe, through investigation, equal-sized parts of the whole, using fractional names. | Halves <br> Halves and Quarters |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Demonstrate, using concrete materials, the concept of one-to-one correspondence between number and objects when counting. | How Many? How Many Dots? |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count forward by 1's, 2's, 5's, and 10's to 100, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Counting Up to 20 <br> Going Up <br> Counting Forward <br> Count by Twos <br> Count by Fives <br> Count by Tens <br> Count by 2s, 5 s and 10s <br> Skip Counting with coins |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count backwards by 1's from 20 and any number less than 20, with and without the use of concrete materials and number lines. | Counting Back Within 20 |

## 5 | 3P Learning

## Grade 1

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count backwards from 20 by 2's and 5's, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Use ordinal numbers to thirty-first in meaningful contexts. | Ordinal Numbers 1st to 31st |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve a variety of problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 20, using concrete materials and drawings. | 1 more, 2 less <br> Doubles and Halves to 10 <br> Doubles and Halves to 20 <br> Doubles and Near Doubles <br> Model Addition <br> Model Subtraction <br> Addition Facts <br> Subtraction Facts to 18 <br> All about Ten <br> All about Twenty <br> Related Facts 1 <br> Adding to 10 Word Problems <br> Add and Subtract Problems |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of single-digit whole numbers, using a variety of mental strategies. | Adding to Ten Subtracting from Ten All about Ten |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract money amounts to 10 , using coin manipulatives and drawings. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Demonstrate an understanding of the use of non-standard units of the same size for measuring. | Measuring Length with Blocks |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record lengths, heights, and distances. | Measuring Length with Blocks |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Construct, using a variety of strategies, tools for measuring lengths, heights, and distances in non-standard units. | Measuring Length with Blocks |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and describe area, through investigation using non-standard units. | Equal Areas |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and describe the capacity and/or mass of an object, through investigation using non-standard units. | How Full? |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and describe the passage of time, through investigation using nonstandard units. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Read demonstration digital and analogue clocks, and use them to identify benchmark times and to tell and write time to the hour and half-hour in everyday settings. | Set Time to the Hour Set Time to the Half Hour |

## Grade 1

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Name the months of the year in order, and read the date on a calendar. | Using a Calendar Months After and Before |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Relate temperature to experiences of the seasons. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Compare two or three objects using measurable attributes, and describe the objects using relative terms. | Filling Fast! <br> Hot or Cold? <br> Which Holds More? |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Compare and order objects by their linear measurements, using the same nonstandard unit. | Compare Length |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Use the metre as a benchmark for measuring length, and compare the metre with non-standard units. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Describe, through investigation using concrete materials, the relationship between the size of a unit and the number of units needed to measure length. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify and describe common twodimensional shapes and sort and classify them by their attributes, using concrete materials and pictorial representations. | Collect the Shapes Count Sides and Corners |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Trace and identify the two-dimensional faces of three-dimensional figures, using concrete models. | Relate Shapes and Solids |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify and describe common threedimensional figures and sort and classify them by their attributes, using concrete materials and pictorial representations. | Collect the Objects |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Describe similarities and differences between an everyday object and a threedimensional figure. | Match the Object Match the Solid 1 |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Locate shapes in the environment that have symmetry, and describe the symmetry. | Symmetry |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Compose patterns, pictures, and designs, using common two-dimensional shapes. | Simple Patterns Complete the Pattern |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Identify and describe shapes within other shapes. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Build three-dimensional structures using concrete materials, and describe the twodimensional shapes the structures contain. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Cover outline puzzles with twodimensional shape. | Teacher directed |

## 7 | 3P Learning

## Grade 1

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Describe the relative locations of objects or people using positional language. | Where is it? <br> Left or Right? |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Describe the relative locations of objects on concrete maps created in the classroom. | Following Directions |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Create symmetrical designs and pictures, using concrete materials, and describe the relative locations of the parts. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify, describe, and extend, through investigation, geometric repeating patterns involving one attribute. | Missing it! Color Patterns Simple Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify and extend, through investigation, numeric repeating patterns. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Describe numeric repeating patterns in a hundreds chart. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify a rule for a repeating pattern. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Create a repeating pattern involving one attribute. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Represent a given repeating pattern in a variety of ways. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Create a set in which the number of objects is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in a given set. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Demonstrate examples of equality, through investigation, using a "balance" model. | Balancing Act Balancing Objects |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Determine, through investigation using a "balance" model and whole numbers to 10, the number of identical objects that must be added or subtracted to establish equality. | Composing Numbers to 10 |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Demonstrate an ability to organize objects into categories by sorting and classifying objects using one attribute, and by describing informal sorting experiences. | Sort It |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect and organize primary data that is categorical, and display the data using one-to-one correspondence, prepared templates of concrete graphs and pictographs (with titles and labels), and a variety of recording methods. | Making Picture Graphs: With Scale Tallies |



| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Read primary data presented in concrete <br> graphs and pictographs, and describe <br> the data using comparative language. | Picture Graphs: More or Less <br> Read Graphs <br> Picture Graphs: Who has the Goods? <br> Add and Subtract Using Graphs |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Pose and answer questions about <br> collected data. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Describe the likelihood that everyday <br> events will occur, using mathematical <br> language. | Will it Happen? |

## Grade 2

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order whole numbers to 100, including money amounts to 100 \%, using a variety of tools. | Number Lines <br> Number Line Order Compare Numbers to 100 Making Big Numbers Count Greater or Less to 100 Place Value 1 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Read and print in words whole numbers to twenty, using meaningful contexts. | Matching Numbers to 20 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Compose and decompose two-digit numbers in a variety of ways, using concrete materials. | Place Value 1 <br> Repartition Two-digit Numbers |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Determine, using concrete materials, the ten that is nearest to a given two-digit number, and justify the answer. | Nearest 10? |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Determine, through investigation using concrete materials, the relationship between the number of fractional parts of a whole and the size of the fractional parts. | Shade Fractions <br> Model Fractions <br> Halves <br> Halves and Quarters <br> Uneven partitioned shapes 1 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Regroup fractional parts into wholes, using concrete materials. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Compare fractions using concrete materials, without using standard fractional notation. | Compare Fractions 1a |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Estimate, count, and represent (using the \& symbol) the value of a collection of coins with a maximum value of one dollar. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count forward by 1's, 2's, 5's, 10's, and 25's to 200, using number lines and hundreds charts, starting from multiples of $1,2,5$, and 10 . | Going Up <br> Count by Twos <br> Count by Fives <br> Count by Tens <br> Skip Counting with Coins |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count backwards by 1's from 50 and any number less than 50, and count backwards by 10's from 100 and any number less than 100, using number lines and hundreds charts. | Counting Backward |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Locate whole numbers to 100 on a number line and on a partial number line. | Number Lines <br> Number Line Order |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 18 , using a variety of mental strategies. | Addition <br> Addition Facts Subtraction Facts to 18 Simple Subtraction |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Describe relationships between quantities by using whole-number addition and subtraction. | Problems: Add and Subtract |

## Grade 2

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Represent and explain, through investigation using concrete materials and drawings, multiplication as the combining of equal groups. | Groups of Two Groups of Three Groups of Four Groups of Five |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Represent and explain, through investigation using concrete materials and drawings, division as the sharing of a quantity equally. | Dividing Twos Dividing Threes Dividing Fours Dividing Fives |
| Number Sense and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of two-digit numbers, with and without regrouping, using concrete materials, student-generated algorithms, and standard algorithms. | Bar Model Problems 1 <br> Bar Model Problems 2 <br> Add Numbers: Regroup a Ten <br> Add Two 2-Digit Numbers <br> Subtract Numbers <br> Subtract Numbers: Regroup <br> 2-Digit Differences |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract money amounts to 100\%, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Choose benchmarks - in this case, personal referents - for a centimetre and a metre. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate and measure length, height, and distance, using standard units and non-standard units. | Measuring Length with Blocks How Long is That? Measuring Length |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Record and represent measurements of length, height, and distance in a variety of ways. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Select and justify the choice of a standard unit or a nonstandard unit to measure length. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the distance around objects, using nonstandard units. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record area, through investigation using a variety of non-standard units. | Equal Areas <br> Bigger or Smaller Shape |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the capacity and/or mass of an object, using a variety of non-standard units. | Filling Fast! |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Tell and write time to the quarter-hour, using demonstration digital and analogue clocks. | Quarter To and Quarter Past |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Construct tools for measuring time intervals in non-standard units. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Describe how changes in temperature affect everyday experiences. | Teacher directed |

## 11 | 3P Learning

## Grade 2

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, <br> and Measurement <br> Sense | Use a standard thermometer to <br> determine whether temperature is rising <br> or falling. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Describe, through investigation, the <br> relationship between the size of a unit of <br> area and the number of units needed to <br> cover a surface. | Equal Areas <br> Bigger or Smaller Shape |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Compare and order a collection of <br> objects by mass and/or capacity, using <br> non-standard units. | Everyday Mass <br> Filling Fast! |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the <br> relationship between days and weeks and <br> between months and years. | Days of the Week <br> Months of the Year |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Distinguish between the attributes of an <br> object that are geometric properties and <br> the attributes that are not geometric <br> properties, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Identify and describe various polygons <br> and sort and clasify them by their <br> geometric properties, using concrete <br> materials and pictorial representations. | Collect Simple Shapes |
| Collect More Shapes |  |  |  |
| Count Sides and Corners |  |  |  |

## Grade 2

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Create and describe symmetrical designs using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify and describe, through investigation, growing patterns and shrinking patterns generated by the repeated addition or subtraction of 1's, 2's, 5's, 10's, and 25's on a number line and on a hundreds chart. | Counting on a 100 grid |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify, describe, and create, through investigation, growing patterns and shrinking patterns involving addition and subtraction, with and without the use of calculators. | Count Forward Patterns Count Backward Patterns Describing Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify repeating, growing, and shrinking patterns found in real-life contexts. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Represent a given growing or shrinking pattern in a variety of ways. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Create growing or shrinking patterns. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Create a repeating pattern by combining two attributes. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Demonstrate, through investigation, an understanding that a pattern results from repeating an operation or making a repeated change to an attribute. | Count Forward Patterns Count Backward Patterns Describing Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Demonstrate an understanding of the concept of equality by partitioning whole numbers to 18 in a variety of ways, using concrete materials. | Composing Additions to 20 |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Represent, through investigation with concrete materials and pictures, two number expressions that are equal, using the equal sign. | Composing Additions to 20 Composing Numbers to 20 |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Determine the missing number in equations involving addition and subtraction to 18 , using a variety of tools and strategies. | Composing Additions to 20 Commutative Property of Addition Adding In Any Order Fact Families: Add and Subtract Missing Numbers |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Identify, through investigation, and use the commutative property of addition to facilitate computation with whole numbers. | Commutative Property of Addition Add 3 Numbers Using Bonds to 10 |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Identify, through investigation, the properties of zero in addition and subtraction. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 2

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Demonstrate an ability to organize objects into categories, by sorting and classifying objects using two attributes simultaneously. | Sorting Data |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Gather data to answer a question, using a simple survey with a limited number of responses. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect and organize primary data that is categorical or discrete, and display the data using one-to-one correspondence in concrete graphs, pictographs, line plots, simple bar graphs, and other graphic organizers, with appropriate titles and labels and with labels ordered appropriately along horizontal axes, as needed. | Sorting Data <br> Tallies <br> Making Picture Graphs: With Scale |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Read primary data presented in concrete graphs, pictographs, line plots, simple bar graphs, and other graphic organizers, and describe the data using mathematical language. | Pictographs <br> Bar Graphs 1 <br> Bar Graphs 2 <br> Read Graphs <br> Reading from a Bar Chart |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Pose and answer questions about classgenerated data in concrete graphs, pictographs, line plots, simple bar graphs, and tally charts. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Distinguish between numbers that represent data values and numbers that represent the frequency of an event. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of data displayed in a graph, by comparing different parts of the data and by making statements about the data as a whole. | Pictographs <br> Bar Graphs 1 <br> Bar Graphs 2 <br> Read Graphs <br> Reading from a Bar Chart |
| Data Management and Probability | Probability | Describe probability as a measure of the likelihood that an event will occur, using mathematical language. | Will it Happen? <br> Most Likely and Least Likely What are the Chances? |
| Data Management and Probability | Probability | Describe the probability that an event will occur, through investigation with simple games and probability experiments and using mathematical language. | Introductory Probability |

## Grade 3

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Represent, compare, and order whole <br> numbers to 1000, using a variety of tools. | Model Numbers <br> Understanding Place Value 1 <br> Place Value 2 <br> Place Value Partitioning <br> Which is Smaller? <br> Which is Bigger? |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Read and print in words whole numbers <br> to one hundred, using meaningful <br> contexts. | Reading Numbers to 30 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Identify and represent the value of a digit <br> in a number according to its position in <br> the number. | Understanding Place Value 1 <br> Place Value to Thousands |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Compose and decompose three-digit <br> numbers into hundreds, tens, and ones in <br> a variety of ways, using concrete <br> materials. | Understanding Place Value 1 <br> Place Value Partitioning <br> Place Value 2 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Round two-digit numbers to the nearest <br> ten, in problems arising from real-life <br> situations. | Nearest 10? |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Represent and explain, using concrete <br> materials, the relationship among the <br> numbers 1, 10, 100, and 1000. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 3

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | El Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract three-digit numbers, <br> using concrete materials, student- <br> generated algorithms, and standard <br> algorithms. | Add 3-Digit Numbers <br> Add 3-Digit Numbers: Regroup <br> 3-Digit Differences <br> 3-Digit Differences: 1 Regrouping <br> 3-Digit Differences: 2 Regroupings <br> 3-Digit Differences with Zeros |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Use estimation when solving problems <br> involving addition and subtraction, to help <br> judge the reasonableness of a solution. | Estimate Sums <br> Estimate Differences |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract money amounts, using <br> a variety of tools, to make simulated <br> purchases and change for amounts up to <br> \$10. | How much Change? |

## Grade 3

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, <br> and Measurement <br> Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the <br> perimeter of two-dimensional shapes, <br> through investigation using standard <br> units. | Perimeter <br> Calculate Perimeter of Squares and <br> Rectangles |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, <br> and Measurement <br> Sense | Estimate, measure, and record area. | Area of Shapes <br> Equal Areas <br> Bigger or Smaller Shape |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, <br> and Measurement <br> Sense | Choose benchmarks for a kilogram and a a <br> litre to help them perform measurement <br> tasks. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, <br> and Measurement <br> Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the mass <br> of objects, using the standard unit of the <br> kilogram or parts of a kilogram. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, <br> and Measurement <br> Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the <br> capacity of containers, using the <br> standard unit of the litre or parts of a <br> litre. | Using a Litre |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Compare standard units of length, and <br> select and justify the most appropriate <br> standard unit to measure length. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Compare and order objects on the basis <br> of linear measurements in centimetres <br> and/or metres in problem-solving <br> contexts. | Teacher directed |
| Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Compare and order various shapes by <br> area, using congruent shapes and grid <br> paper for measuring. | Equal Areas <br> Bigger or Smaller Shape |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Describe, through investigation using grid <br> paper, the relationship between the size <br> of a unit of area and the number of units <br> needed to cover a surface. | Equal Areas <br> Bigger or Smaller Shape |
| Spatial Sense and | Geometric <br> Properties | Compare various angles, using concrete <br> materials and pictorial representations, <br> and describe angles as bigger than, <br> smaller than, or about the same as other <br> angles. | Equal Angles |
| Meamparing Angles |  |  |  |
| and sort them by their geometric |  |  |  |
| properties. |  |  |  |
| Relationships |  |  |  |

## 17 | 3P Learning

## Grade 3

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Compare and sort prisms and pyramids <br> by geometric properties using concrete <br> materials. | Collect the Objects <br> How Many Faces? <br> How many Edges? <br> How many Cornes? <br> Faces, Edges and Vertices |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Construct rectangular prisms, and <br> describe geometric properties of the <br> prisms. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Relationships | Solve problems requiring the greatest or <br> least number of two-dimensional shapes <br> needed to compose a larger shape in a <br> variety of ways. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Relationships | Explain the relationships between <br> different types of quadrilaterals. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Relationships | Identify and describe the two-dimensional <br> shapes that can be found in a three- <br> dimensional figure. | Relate Shapes and Solids |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Relationships | Describe and name prisms and pyramids <br> by the shape of their base. | What Pyramid am I? |
| What Prism am l? |  |  |  |

## Grade 3

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Represent simple geometric patterns using a number sequence, a number line, or a bar graph. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Demonstrate, through investigation, an understanding that a pattern results from repeating an action, repeating an operation, using a transformation, or making some other repeated change to an attribute. | Describing Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Determine, through investigation, the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction. | Related Facts 1 <br> Fact Families: Add and Subtract |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Determine, the missing number in equations involving addition and subtraction of one- and two-digit numbers, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Missing Numbers Missing Values |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Identify, through investigation, the properties of zero and one in multiplication. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Identify, through investigation, and use the associative property of addition to facilitate computation with whole numbers. | Addition Properties |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Demonstrate an ability to organize objects into categories, by sorting and classifying objects using two or more attributes simultaneously. | Sort It |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect data by conducting a simple survey about themselves, their environment, issues in their school or community, or content from another subject. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect and organize categorical or discrete primary data and display the data in charts, tables, and graphs (including vertical and horizontal bar graphs), with appropriate titles and labels and with labels ordered appropriately along horizontal axes, as needed, using many-to-one correspondence. | Making Picture Graphs: With Scale Sorting Data |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Read primary data presented in charts, tables, and graphs (including vertical and horizontal bar graphs), then describe the data using comparative language, and describe the shape of the data. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Interpret and draw conclusions from data presented in charts, tables, and graphs. | Pictographs <br> Bar Graphs 1 <br> Bar Graphs 2 <br> Interpreting Tables |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of mode, and identify the mode in a set of data. | Mode |



| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Predict the frequency of an outcome in a <br> simple probability experiment or game, <br> then perform the experiment, and <br> compare the results with the predictions, <br> using mathematical language. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Demonstrate, through investigation, an <br> understanding of fairness in a game and <br> relate this to the occurrence of equally <br> likely outcomes. | Fair Games |

## Grade 4

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order whole numbers to 10 000, using a variety of tools. | Greater Than or Less Than? <br> Place Value 3 <br> Understanding Place Value 2 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of place value in whole numbers and decimal numbers from 0.1 to 10000 , using a variety of tools and strategies. | Place Value to Thousands Place Value 3 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Read and print in words whole numbers to one thousand, using meaningful contexts. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Round four-digit whole numbers to the nearest ten, hundred, and thousand, in problems arising from real-life situations. | Nearest Ten? <br> Nearest Hundred? <br> Nearest Thousand? |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order decimal numbers to tenths, using a variety of tools and using standard decimal notation. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent fractions using concrete materials, words, and standard fractional notation, and explain the meaning of the denominator as the number of the fractional parts of a whole or a set, and the numerator as the number of fractional parts being considered. | What Fraction is Shaded? <br> Identifying Fractions on a Number Line <br> Model Fractions <br> Shade Fractions |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Compare and order fractions by considering the size and the number of fractional parts. | Comparing Fractions 1 Compare Fractions 10 Compare Fractions 1b |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Compare fractions to the benchmarks of $0,1 / 2$, and 1 . | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Demonstrate and explain the relationship between equivalent fractions, using concrete materials and drawings. | Equivalent Fraction Wall 1 Shading Equivalent Fractions |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Read and represent money amounts to \$100. | Money Who's got the Money? |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Solve problems that arise from real-life situations and that relate to the magnitude of whole numbers up to 10 000. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count forward by halves, thirds, fourths, and tenths to beyond one whole, using concrete materials and number lines. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Counting | Count forward by tenths from any decimal number expressed to one decimal place, using concrete materials and number lines. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 4

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | 12 Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract two-digit numbers, using a variety of mental strategies. | Mental Addition <br> Add Two 2-Digit Numbers <br> Add Two 2-Digit Numbers: Regroup <br> Add 3 Numbers: Bonds to 100 <br> Add Three 2-Digit Numbers <br> Add Three 2-Digit Numbers: <br> Regroup <br> Mental Subtraction <br> Decompose Numbers to Subtract <br> 2-Digit Differences <br> 2-Digit Differences: Regroup |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of four-digit numbers, using student-generated algorithms and standard algorithms. | Adding Colossal Columns Subtracting Colossal Columns |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract decimal numbers to tenths, using concrete materials and student-generated algorithms. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract money amounts by making simulated purchases and providing change for amounts up to $\$ 100$, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply to $9 \times 9$ and divide to $81 \div 9$, using a variety of mental strategies. | Fact Families: Multiply and Divide Arrays 1 <br> Groups of Seven <br> Groups of Eight <br> Groups of Nine <br> Dividing Sevens <br> Dividing Eights <br> Dividing Nines <br> Times Tables |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving the multiplication of one-digit whole numbers, using a variety of mental strategies. | Times Tables |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply whole numbers by 10, 100, and 1000, and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100, using mental strategies. | Multiplying by 10, 100, 1000 Dividing by 10, 100, 1000 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply two-digit whole numbers by onedigit whole numbers, using a variety of tools, student-generated algorithms, and standard algorithms. | Multiply: 2-Digit by 1-Digit |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Divide two-digit whole numbers by onedigit whole numbers, using a variety of tools and student-generated algorithms. | Halve it! <br> Divide: 1-Digit Divisor 1 |
| Number Sense and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Use estimation when solving problems involving the addition, subtraction, and multiplication of whole numbers, to help judge the reasonableness of a solution. | Estimate Sums Estimate Differences |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Describe relationships that involve simple whole-number multiplication. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 4

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Determine and explain, through investigation, the relationship between fractions and decimals to tenths, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of simple multiplicative relationships involving unit rates, through investigation using concrete materials and drawings. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record length, height, and distance, using standard units. | How Long is That? Measuring Length |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Draw items using a ruler, given specific lengths in millimetres or centimetres. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and represent time intervals to the nearest minute. | What is the Time? |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate and determine elapsed time, with and without using a time line, given the durations of events expressed in fiveminute intervals, hours, days, weeks, months, or years. | Time Mentals Elapsed Time |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure using a variety of tools and strategies, and record the perimeter and area of polygons. | Perimeter <br> Perimeter: Squares and Rectangles <br> Area of Shapes <br> Equal Areas |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the mass of objects, using the standard units of the kilogram and the gram. | How Heavy? |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record the capacity of containers, using the standard units of the litre and the millilitre. | Using a Litre |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure using concrete materials, and record volume, and relate volume to the space taken up by an object. | Comparing Volume How many Blocks? <br> Volume of Solids and Prisms - $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Describe, through investigation, the relationship between various units of length. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Select and justify the most appropriate standard unit to measure the side lengths and perimeters of various polygons. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the relationship between the side lengths of a rectangle and its perimeter and area. | Perimeter, Area, Dimension Change |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Pose and solve meaningful problems that require the ability to distinguish perimeter and area. | Teacher directed |

## 23 | 3P Learning

## Grade 4

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Compare and order a collection of objects, using standard units of mass and/or capacity. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the relationship between grams and kilograms. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the relationship between millilitres and litres. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Select and justify the most appropriate standard unit to measure mass and the most appropriate standard unit to measure the capacity of a container. | Which Measuring Tool? |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems involving the relationship between years and decades, and between decades and centuries. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Compare, using a variety of tools, twodimensional shapes that have the same perimeter or the same area. | Congruent Figures (Grid) Equal Areas |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Draw the lines of symmetry of twodimensional shapes, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies. | Lines of Symmetry |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify and compare different types of quadrilaterals and sort and classify them by their geometric properties. | Collect the Shapes 2 |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify benchmark angles, using a reference tool, and compare other angles to these benchmarks. | Right Angle Relation What Type of Angle? Comparing Angles |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Relate the names of the benchmark angles to their measures in degrees. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify and describe prisms and pyramids, and classify them by their geometric properties, using concrete materials. | Prisms and Pyramids Faces, Edges and Vertices |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Construct a three-dimensional figure from a picture or model of the figure, using connecting cubes. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Construct skeletons of three-dimensional figures, using a variety of tools, and sketch the skeletons. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Draw and describe nets of rectangular and triangular prisms. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Construct prisms and pyramids from given nets. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 4

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Construct three-dimensional figures, using only congruent shapes. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Identify and describe the general location of an object using a grid system. | Coordinate Meeting Place Map Coordinates Using a Key |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Identify, perform, and describe reflections using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Create and analyse symmetrical designs by reflecting a shape, or shapes, using a variety of tools, and identify the congruent shapes in the designs. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Extend, describe, and create repeating, growing, and shrinking number patterns. | Pick the Next Number Increasing Patterns Decreasing Patterns Describing Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Connect each term in a growing or shrinking pattern with its term number, and record the patterns in a table of values that shows the term number and the term. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Create a number pattern involving addition, subtraction, or multiplication, given a pattern rule expressed in words. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Make predictions related to repeating geometric and numeric patterns. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Extend and create repeating patterns that result from reflections, through investigation using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Determine, through investigation, the inverse relationship between multiplication and division. | Related Facts 2 <br> Fact Families: Multiply and Divide |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Determine the missing number in equations involving multiplication of oneand two-digit numbers, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Equivalent Facts: Multiply |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Identify, through investigation, and use the commutative property of multiplication to facilitate computation with whole numbers. | Multiply 3 single-digit numbers |
| Patterning and Algebra | Expressions and Equality | Identify, through investigation, and use the distributive property of multiplication over addition to facilitate computation with whole numbers. | Teacher directed |

## Grode 4

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Collection and <br> Organization of <br> Data | Collect data by conducting a survey or an <br> experiment to do with themselves, their <br> environment, issues in their school or the <br> community, or content from another <br> subject, and record observations or <br> measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Collection and <br> Organization of <br> Data | Collect and organize discrete primary <br> data and display the data in charts, <br> tables, and graphs (including stem-and- <br> leaf plots and double bar graphs) that <br> have appropriate titles, Iabels, and scales <br> that suit the range and distribution of the <br> data, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Read, interpret, and draw conclusions <br> from primary data and from secondary <br> data, presented in charts, tables, and <br> graphs. | Bar Chart <br> Bar Graphs 2 <br> Stem and Leaf Plots: Concept <br> Interpreting Data Tables |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Demonstrate, through investigation, an <br> understanding of median, and determine <br> the median of a set of data. | The Median <br> Median <br> Median from Stem and Leaf Plot |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Describe the shape of a set of data <br> across its range of values, using charts, <br> tables, and graphs. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Compare similarities and differences <br> between two related sets of data, using a <br> variety of strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Predict the frequency of an outcome in a <br> simple probability experiment, explaining <br> their reasoning; conduct the experiment; <br> and compare the result with the <br> prediction. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Determine, through investigation, how the <br> number of repetitions of a probability <br> experiment can affect the conclusions <br> drawn. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 5

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Represent, compare, and order whole <br> numbers and decimal numbers from o. O1 <br> to 100 OOO, using a variety of tools. | Place Value to Thousands <br> Decimal Place Value <br> Understanding Place Value 3 3 <br> Comparing Decimals 1 <br> Decimal Order 1 <br> Greater Than or Less Than? |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of place <br> value in whole numbers and decimal <br> numbers from O.O1 to 100 OOO, using a <br> variety of tools and strategies. | Place Value to Thousands <br> Decimal Place Value <br> Understanding Place Value 3 3 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Read and print in words whole numbers <br> to ten thousand, using meaningful <br> contexts. | Numbers in Words |

## 27 | 3P Learning

## Grade 5

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply two-digit whole numbers by twodigit whole numbers, using estimation, student-generated algorithms, and standard algorithms. | Multiply 2 Digits Area Model Double and Halve to Multiply Mental Methods Multiplication 1 Mental Methods Multiplication 2 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Divide three-digit whole numbers by onedigit whole numbers, using concrete materials, estimation, student-generated algorithms, and standard algorithms. | Divide: 1-Digit Divisor 2 <br> Divide: 1-Digit Divisor, Remainder <br> Estimate Quotients |
| Number Sense and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply decimal numbers by 10, 100, 1000, and 10000 , and divide decimal numbers by 10 and 100, using mental strategies. | Multiply Decimals: 10, 100, 1000 Divide: Decimals: 10, 100, 1000 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Use estimation when solving problems involving the addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of whole numbers, to help judge the reasonableness of a solution. | Estimate Sums Estimate Differences Estimate Quotients |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Describe multiplicative relationships between quantities by using simple fractions and decimals. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Determine and explain, through investigation using concrete materials, drawings, and calculators, the relationship between fractions. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of simple multiplicative relationships involving whole-number rates, through investigation using concrete materials and drawings. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and represent time intervals to the nearest second. | What is the Time? |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate and determine elapsed time, with and without using a time line, given the durations of events expressed in minutes, hours, days, weeks, months, or years. | Time Mentals Elapsed Time What Time Will it Be ? Using Timetables |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Measure and record temperatures to determine and represent temperature changes over time. | What's the Temperature (Celsius)? |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate and measure the perimeter and area of regular and irregular polygons, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Perimeter of Shapes <br> Perimeter: Triangles <br> Perimeter: Squares and Rectangles <br> Perimeter Detectives 1 <br> Area of Shapes <br> Area: Squares and Rectangles <br> Area: Compound Figures |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Select and justify the most appropriate standard unit to measure length, height, width, and distance, and to measure the perimeter of various polygons. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 5

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems requiring conversion from metres to centimetres and from kilometres to metres. | Centimetres and Metres Metres and Kilometres |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems involving the relationship between a 12 -hour clock and a 24-hour clock. | 24 Hour Time |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Create, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies, twodimensional shapes with the same perimeter or the same area. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies, the relationships between the length and width of a rectangle and its area and perimeter, and generalize to develop the formulas. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems requiring the estimation and calculation of perimeters and areas of rectangles. | Perimeter: Squares and Rectangles Area: Squares and Rectangles |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the relationship between capacity and volume, by comparing the volume of an object with the amount of liquid it can contain or displace. | Filling Fast! |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation using stacked congruent rectangular layers of concrete materials, the relationship between the height, the area of the base, and the volume of a rectangular prism, and generalize to develop the formula. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Select and justify the most appropriate standard unit to measure mass. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Distinguish among polygons, regular polygons, and other two-dimensional shapes. | Collect More Shapes Collect the Polygons |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Distinguish among prisms, right prisms, pyramids, and other three-dimensional figures. | Prisms and Pyramids Collect the Objects 1 Collect the Objects 2 |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify and classify acute, right, obtuse, and straight angles. | What Type of Angle? Classifying Angles |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Measure and construct angles up to $90^{\circ}$, using a protractor. | Measuring Angles Estimating Angles |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Identify triangles, and classify them according to angle and side properties. | Triangle Tasters <br> Triangles: Acute, Right, Obtuse |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Construct triangles, using a variety of tools, given acute or right angles and side measurements. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 5

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Identify prisms and pyramids from their nets. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Construct nets of prisms and pyramids, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Locate an object using the cardinal directions and a coordinate system. | What Direction was That? <br> More Directions! <br> Using a Key <br> Map Coordinates |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Compare grid systems commonly used on maps. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Identify, perform, and describe translations, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Create and analyse designs by translating and/or reflecting a shape, or shapes, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Create, identify, and extend numeric and geometric patterns, using a variety of tools. | Pattern Error Increasing Patterns Decreasing Patterns Describing Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Build a model to represent a number pattern presented in a table of values that shows the term number and the term. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Make a table of values for a pattern that is generated by adding or subtracting a number to get the next term, or by multiplying or dividing by a constant to get the next term, given either the sequence or the pattern rule in words. | Tables of Values |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Make predictions related to growing and shrinking geometric and numeric patterns. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Extend and create repeating patterns that result from translations, through investigation using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, <br> Expressions, and Equations | Demonstrate, through investigation, an understanding of variables as changing quantities, given equations with letters or other symbols that describe relationships involving simple rates. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, <br> Expressions, and Equations | Demonstrate, through investigation, an understanding of variables as unknown quantities represented by a letter or other symbol. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 5

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Determine the missing number in equations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division and one- or two-digit numbers, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Missing Values Find the Missing Number 1 Missing Numbers: Variables Missing Numbers: $\times$ and $\div$ facts |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Distinguish between discrete data and continuous data. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect data by conducting a survey or an experiment to do with themselves, their environment, issues in their school or community, or content from another subject, and record observations or measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect and organize discrete or continuous primary data and secondary data and display the data in charts, tables, and graphs (including broken-line graphs) that have appropriate titles, labels, and scales that suit the range and distribution of the data using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Demonstrate an understanding that sets of data can be samples of larger populations. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Describe, through investigation, how a set of data is collected and explain whether the collection method is appropriate. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Read, interpret, and draw conclusions from primary data and from secondary data, presented in charts, tables, and graphs. | Tally Charts <br> Reading from a Bar Chart Line Graphs: Interpretation Stem and Leaf Plots: Concept Interpreting Tables |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Calculate the mean for a small set of data and use it to describe the shape of the data set across its range of values, using charts, tables, and graphs. | The Mean |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Compare similarities and differences between two related sets of data, using a variety of strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Probability | Determine and represent all the possible outcomes in a simple probability experiment, using systematic lists and area models. | Possible Outcomes |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Probability | Represent, using a common fraction, the probability that an event will occur in simple games and probability experiments. | Introductory Probability Find the Probability Probability Scale |
| Data Management and Probability | Probability | Pose and solve simple probability problems, and solve them by conducting probability experiments and selecting appropriate methods of recording the results. | Teacher directed |

## 31 | 3P Learning

## Grade 6

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order whole numbers and decimal numbers from 0.001 to 1000000 , using a variety of tools. | Put in Order 1 <br> Comparing Decimals <br> Decimal Order <br> Decimals on the Number Line <br> Decimals on a Number Line |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of place value in whole numbers and decimal numbers from 0.001 to 1000 000, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Place Value to Millions <br> Place Value 1 ( $\times 10$ and $\div 10$ ) <br> Place Value 2 ( $\times 10$ and $\div 10$ ) <br> Decimal Place Value |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Read and print in words whole numbers to one hundred thousand, using meaningful contexts. | Numbers from Words to Digits 1 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order fractional amounts with unlike denominators, including proper and improper fractions and mixed numbers, using a variety of tools and using standard fractional notation. | Comparing Fractions 1 <br> Comparing Fractions 2 <br> Ordering Fractions 1 <br> Equivalent Fractions on a Number <br> Line 2 <br> Equivalent Fraction Wall 2 <br> Identifying Fractions Beyond 1 <br> Mixed and Improper Fractions on a <br> Number Line |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Estimate quantities using benchmarks of $10 \%, 25 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$, and 100\%. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Solve problems that arise from real-life situations and that relate to the magnitude of whole numbers up to 1000 000. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Identify composite numbers and prime numbers, and explain the relationship between them. | Prime or Composite? Product of Prime Factors |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Use a variety of mental strategies to solve addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division problems involving whole numbers. | Addition Properties <br> Mental Addition <br> Compensation - Add <br> Mental Subtraction <br> Compensation - Subtract <br> Jump Add and Subtract <br> Multiplication Properties <br> Mental Methods Multiplication 1 <br> Mental Methods Multiplication 2 <br> Double and Halve to Multiply <br> Mental Methods Division 1 <br> Mental Methods Division 2 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving the multiplication and division of whole numbers (four-digit by two-digit), using a variety of tools and strategies. | Contracted Multiplication <br> Long Multiplication <br> Divide: 2-Digit Divisor, Remainder Long Division |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract decimal numbers to thousandths, using concrete materials, estimation, algorithms, and calculators. | Add Decimals 1 <br> Add Decimals 2 <br> Estimate Decimal Sums 1 <br> Estimate Decimal Sums 2 <br> Subtract Decimals 2 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 1 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 2 |

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## Grade 6

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply and divide decimal numbers to tenths by whole numbers, using concrete materials, estimation, algorithms, and calculators. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply whole numbers by 0.1, 0.01, and 0.001 using mental strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply and divide decimal numbers by $10,100,1000$, and 10000 using mental strategies. | Multiply Decimals and Powers of 10 Divide by Powers of 10 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Use estimation when solving problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers and decimals, to help judge the reasonableness of a solution. | Estimate Sums <br> Estimate Differences <br> Estimate Decimal Sums 1 <br> Estimate Decimal Sums 2 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 1 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 2 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Explain the need for a standard order for performing operations, by investigating the impact that changing the order has when performing a series of operations. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Represent ratios found in real-life contexts, using concrete materials, drawings, and standard fractional notation. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Determine and explain, through investigation using concrete materials, drawings, and calculators, the relationships among fractions. | Mixed decimal, fraction and percentage conversions Match Decimals and Percentages |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Proportional Relationships | Represent relationships using unit rates $\downarrow$. | Rates |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between estimated and precise measurements, and determine and justify when each kind is appropriate. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Attributes, Units, and Measurement Sense | Estimate, measure, and record length, area, mass, capacity, and volume, using the metric measurement system. | Measuring Length <br> Measure to the Nearest Half <br> Centimetre <br> How Heavy? |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Select and justify the appropriate metric unit to measure length or distance in a given real-life situation. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems requiring conversion from larger to smaller metric units. | Millilitres and Litres Grams and Kilograms Centimetres and Metres Converting Units of Length |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Construct a rectangle, a square, a triangle, and a parallelogram, using a variety of tools given the area and/or perimeter. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 6

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies, the relationship between the area of a rectangle and the areas of parallelograms and triangles, by decomposing and composing. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Develop the formulas for the area of a parallelogram and the area of a triangle, using the area relationships among rectangles, parallelograms, and triangles. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems involving the estimation and calculation of the areas of triangles and the areas of parallelograms. | Area: Triangles <br> Area: Right Triangles <br> Area: Parallelograms (Metric) |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, using concrete materials, the relationship between units used to measure area, and apply the relationship to solve problems that involve conversions from square metres to square centimetres. | Converting Units of Area |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies, the relationship between the height, the area of the base, and the volume of a triangular prism, and generalize to develop the formula. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies, the surface area of rectangular and triangular prisms. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems involving the estimation and calculation of the surface area and volume of triangular and rectangular prisms. | Surface Area: Triangular Prisms Surface Area: Rectangular Prisms Volume: Triangular Prisms Volume: Rectangular Prisms 1 |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Sort and classify quadrilaterals by geometric properties related to symmetry, angles, and sides, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies. | Properties of Quadrilaterals |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Sort polygons according to the number of lines of symmetry and the order of rotational symmetry, through investigation using a variety of tools. | Symmetry or Not? <br> Rotational Symmetry of Shapes <br> Rotational Symmetry |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Measure and construct angles up to $180^{\circ}$ using a protractor, and classify them as acute, right, obtuse, or straight angles. | What Type of Angle? Classifying Angles Measuring Angles |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Construct polygons using a variety of tools, given angle and side measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Build three-dimensional models using connecting cubes, given isometric sketches or different views of the structure. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 6

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Sketch, using a variety of tools, isometric perspectives and different views of threedimensional figures built with interlocking cubes. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Explain how a coordinate system represents location, and plot points in the first quadrant of a Cartesian coordinate plane. | Coordinate Graphs: 1st Quadrant |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Identify, perform, and describe, through investigation using a variety of tools, rotations of $180^{\circ}$ and clockwise and counterclockwise rotations of $90^{\circ}$, with the centre of rotation inside or outside the shape. | Rotations: Coordinate Plane |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Create and analyse designs made by reflecting, translating, and/or rotating a shape, or shapes, by $90^{\circ}$ or $180^{\circ}$. | Transformations <br> Congruent Figures (Dot Grid) Congruent Figures (Grid) |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Identify geometric patterns, through investigation using concrete materials or drawings, and represent them numerically. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Make tables of values for growing patterns, given pattern rules in words, then list the ordered pairs (with the first coordinate representing the term number and the second coordinate representing the term) and plot the points in the first quadrant, using a variety of tools. | Table of Values Coordinate Graphs: 1st Quadrant |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Determine the term number of a given term in a growing pattern that is represented by a pattern rule in words, a table of values, or a graph. | Table of Values |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Describe pattern rules (in words) that generate patterns by adding or subtracting a constant, or multiplying or dividing by a constant, to get the next term, then distinguish such pattern rules from pattern rules, given in words, that describe the general term by referring to the term number. | Describing Patterns |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Determine a term, given its term number, by extending growing and shrinking patterns that are generated by adding or subtracting a constant, or multiplying or dividing by a constant, to get the next term. | Table of Values |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Extend and create repeating patterns that result from rotations, through investigation using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, <br> Expressions, and Equations | Demonstrate an understanding of different ways in which variables are used. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 6

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Identify, through investigation, the quantities in an equation that vary and those that remain constant. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Solve problems that use two or three symbols or letters as variables to represent different unknown quantities. | Magic Symbols 1 <br> Magic Symbols 2 |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Determine the solution to a simple equation with one variable, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies. | Write an Equation: Word Problems Missing Numbers: Variables Find the Missing Number 2 |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect data by conducting a survey or an experiment to do with themselves, their environment, issues in their school or community, or content from another subject, and record observations or measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect and organize discrete or continuous primary data and secondary data and display the data in charts, tables, and graphs (including continuous line graphs) that have appropriate titles, labels, and scales. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Select an appropriate type of graph to represent a set of data, graph the data using technology, and justify the choice of graph. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Determine, through investigation, how well a set of data represents a population, on the basis of the method that was used to collect the data. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Read, interpret, and draw conclusions from primary data and from secondary data, presented in charts, tables, and graphs. | Histograms Stem and Leaf Plots: Concept Interpreting Tables Line Graphs: Interpretation Tally Charts |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Compare, through investigation, different graphical representations of the same data. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Explain how different scales used on graphs can influence conclusions drawn from the data. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of mean, and use the mean to compare two sets of related data, with and without the use of technology. | Mean |
| Data <br> Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Demonstrate, through investigation, an understanding of how data from charts, tables, and graphs can be used to make inferences and convincing argument. | Teacher directed |



| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Express theoretical probability as a ratio <br> of the number of favourable outcomes to <br> the total number of possible outcomes, <br> where all outcomes are equally likely. | Introductory Probability <br> Find the Probability <br> Dice and Coins |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Represent the probability of an event, <br> using a value from the range of O (never <br> happens or impossible) to 1. | Will it Happen? <br> Chance Gauge <br> What are the Chances? <br> Probability Scale |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Predict the frequency of an outcome of a <br> simple probability experiment or game, <br> by calculating and using the theoretical <br> probability of that outcome. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 7

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Represent, compare, and order decimals to <br> hundredths and fractions, using a variety of <br> tools. | Decimals on the Number Line <br> Decimal Order 1 <br> Decimal Place Value <br> Comparing Decimals 1 <br> Identifying Fractions on a Number <br> Line <br> Mixed and Improper Fractions on a <br> Number Line <br> Compare Fractions 1 |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Generate multiples and factors, using a <br> variety of tools and strategies. | Venn Diagram 1 <br> Multiples <br> Factors |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Quantity <br> Relationships | Identify and compare integers found in <br> real-life contexts. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 7

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract fractions with simple like <br> and unlike denominators, using a variety of <br> tools. | Add Like Fractions <br> Add Unlike Fractions <br> Subtract Like Fractions <br> Subtract Unlike Fractions |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Demonstrate, using concrete materials, the <br> relationship between the repeated addition <br> of fractions and the multiplication of that <br> fraction by a whole number. | Model Fractions to Multiply |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Add and subtract integers, using a variety <br> of tools. | Add Integers <br> Subtract Integers |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Proportional <br> Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the <br> relationships among fractions, decimals, <br> percents, and ratios. | Mixed decimal, percentage and <br> fraction conversions <br> Match Decimals and Percentages |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Proportional <br> Relationships | Solve problems that involve determining <br> whole number percents, using a variety of <br> tools. | What Percentage? <br> Ratio and Proportion |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Proportional <br> Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of rate as a <br> comparison, or ratio, of two measurements <br> with different units. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 7

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a <br> variety of tools and strategies, the <br> relationship between the height, the area of <br> the base, and the volume of right prisms <br> with simple polygonal bases, and <br> generalize to develop the formula. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a <br> variety of tools, the surface area of right <br> prisms. | Nets <br> Surface Area: Rectangular Prisms <br> Surface Area: Triangular Prisms |
| Measurement | Measurement <br> Relationships | Solve problems that involve the surface <br> area and volume of right prisms and that <br> require conversion between metric <br> measures of capacity and volume. | Converting Volume <br> Capacity Word Problems |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Construct related lines, using angle <br> properties and a variety of tools and <br> strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and <br> Spatial Sense | Geometric <br> Properties | Sort and classify triangles and <br> quadrilaterals by geometric properties <br> related to symmetry, angles, and sides, <br> through investigation using a variety of <br> tools and strategies. | Triangle Tasters <br> Properties of Quadrilaterals |
| Geometry and | Geometric <br> Properties | Construct angle bisectors and <br> perpendicular bisectors, using a variety of <br> tools and strategies, and represent equal <br> angles and equal lengths using <br> mathematical notation. | Teacher directed |
| Spatial Sense |  |  |  |

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## Grade 7

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Create and analyse designs involving translations, reflections, dilatations, and/or simple rotations of two-dimensional shapes, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools, polygons or combinations of polygons that tile a plane, and describe the transformation(s) involved. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Represent linear growing patterns, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Table of Values Graphing from a Table of Values |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Make predictions about linear growing patterns, through investigation with concrete materials. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Develop and represent the general term of a linear growing pattern, using algebraic expressions involving one operation. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Compare pattern rules that generate a pattern by adding or subtracting a constant, or multiplying or dividing by a constant, to get the next term with pattern rules that use the term number to describe the general term. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Model real-life relationships involving constant rates where the initial condition starts at 0 , through investigation using tables of values and graphs. | $y=a x$ |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Model real-life relationships involving constant rates, using algebraic equations with variables to represent the changing quantities in the relationship. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Translate phrases describing simple mathematical relationships into algebraic expressions, using concrete materials. | Writing Algebraic Expressions |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Evaluate algebraic expressions by substituting natural numbers for the variables. | Simple Substitution 1 |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Make connections between evaluating algebraic expressions and determining the term in a pattern using the general term | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Solve linear equations of the form $a x=c$ or $c=a x$ and $a x+b=c$ or variations such as $b+a x=c$ and $c=b x+a$ (where $a, b$, and $c$ are natural numbers) by modelling with concrete materials, by inspection, or by guess and check, with and without the aid of a calculator. | Write an Equation: Word Problems |

## Grade 7

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect data by conducting a survey or an experiment to do with themselves, their environment, issues in their school or community, or content from another subject and record observations or measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect and organize categorical, discrete, or continuous primary data and secondary data and display the data in charts, tables, and graphs (including relative frequency tables and circle graphs) that have appropriate titles, labels, and scales that suit the range and distribution of the data, using a variety of tools. | Grouped Frequency |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Select an appropriate type of graph to represent a set of data, graph the data using technology, and justify the choice of graph. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Distinguish between a census and a sample from a population. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Identify bias in data collection methods. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Read, interpret, and draw conclusions from primary data and from secondary data presented in charts, tables, and graphs. | Tally Charts <br> Interpreting Tables <br> Frequency Histograms <br> Line Graphs: Interpretation <br> Divided Bar Graphs <br> Sector Graphs |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Identify, through investigation, graphs that present data in misleading ways. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the effect on a measure of central tendency of adding or removing a value or values. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Identify and describe trends, based on the distribution of the data presented in tables and graphs, using informal language. | Mean from Frequency Table Median from Frequency Table Mode from Frequency Table |
| Data Management and Probability | Data Relationships | Make inferences and convincing arguments that are based on the analysis of charts, tables, and graphs. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Probability | Research and report on real-world applications of probabilities expressed in fraction, decimal, and percent form. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Probability | Make predictions about a population when given a probability. | Teacher directed |



| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Represent in a variety of ways all the <br> possible outcomes of a probability <br> experiment involving two independent <br> events, and determine the theoretical <br> probability of a specific outcome involving <br> two independent events. | Dice and Coins |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Probability | Perform a simple probability experiment <br> involving two independent events, and <br> compare the experimental probability with <br> the theoretical probability of a specific <br> outcome. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 8

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Express repeated multiplication using exponential notation. | Exponent Notation |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent whole numbers in expanded form using powers of ten. | Teacher directed |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Represent, compare, and order rational numbers. | Ordering Integers (Number Line) Comparing Fractions with Signs |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Translate between equivalent forms of a number. | Decimals to Fractions 1 Decimals to Fractions 2 Fractions to Decimals Fractions to Decimals 2 Percents and Decimals Percents to Fractions |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Quantity Relationships | Determine common factors and common multiples using the prime factorization of numbers. | Prime Factoring Greatest Common Factor Least Common Multiple |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve multi-step problems arising from real-life contexts and involving whole numbers and decimals, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Money Problems: Four Operations Best Buy |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving percents expressed to one decimal place and wholenumber percents greater than 100. | Percentage Word Problems <br> Percentage of an amount using <br> fractions (< 100\%) <br> Successive Discounts <br> Percentages of a quantity (no units) <br> Commission <br> Percentage Change: Increase and Decrease <br> Percent Increase and Decrease <br> Solve Percent Equations |
| Number Sense and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Use estimation when solving problems involving operations with whole numbers, decimals, percents, integers, and fractions, to help judge the reasonableness of a solution. | Estimate Decimal Operations Estimate Decimal Sums 2 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 2 <br> Estimate Sums <br> Estimate Differences <br> Estimate Products <br> Estimate Quotients |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Represent the multiplication and division of fractions, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Multiply Fraction by Fraction Divide Fractions Visual Model |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division with simple fractions. | Add Like Fractions <br> Add Unlike Fractions Subtract Like Fractions Subtract Unlike Fractions Multiply Two Fractions 1 Divide Fractions by Fractions 1 |
| Number Sense and Numeration | Operational Sense | Represent the multiplication and division of integers, using a variety of tools. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 8

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Solve problems involving operations with <br> integers, using a variety of tools. | Integers: Add and Subtract |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Evaluate expressions that involve integers, <br> including expressions that contain brackets <br> and exponents, using order of operations. | Integers: Order of Operations <br> (BEDMAS) |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense | Multiply and divide decimal numbers by <br> various powers of ten. | Multiply Decimals and Powers of 10 <br> Divide Decimals by Powers of 10 <br> 1OO 1OOO |
| Number Sense <br> and <br> Numeration | Operational Sense |  |  |

## Grade 8

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Determine, through investigation using concrete materials, the surface area of a cylinder. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Measurement Relationships | Solve problems involving the surface area and the volume of cylinders, using a variety of strategies. | Surface Area: Cylinders Volume: Cylinders |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Sort and classify quadrilaterals by geometric properties, including those based on diagonals, through investigation using a variety of tools. | Properties of Quadrilaterals |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Construct a circle, given its centre and radius, or its centre and a point on the circle, or three points on the circle. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Properties | Investigate and describe applications of geometric properties in the real world. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools, relationships among area, perimeter, corresponding side lengths, and corresponding angles of similar shapes. | Perimeter, Area, Dimension Change Similar Figures |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Determine, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies, the angle relationships for intersecting lines and for parallel lines and transversals, and the sum of the angles of a triangle. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Solve angle-relationship problems involving triangles, intersecting lines, and parallel lines and transversals. | Angle Measures in a Triangle Angle Sum of a Triangle Exterior Angles of a Triangle Vertically Opposite: Value of $x$ Equal, Complementary or Supplementary Angles? Introduction to Angles on Parallel Lines 1 <br> Introduction to Angles on Parallel Lines 3 <br> Parallel Lines <br> Angles and Parallel Lines |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Determine the Pythagorean relationship, through investigation using a variety of tools and strategies. | Teacher directed |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Solve problems involving right triangles geometrically, using the Pythagorean relationship. | Pythagorean Triads Pythagorean Theorem Pythagoras' Theorem Pythagoras: Find a Short Side (integers only) <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side (decimal values) <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side (rounding needed) |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Geometric Relationships | Determine, through investigation using concrete materials, the relationship between the numbers of faces, edges, and vertices of a polyhedron. | Euler's Formulas |

## Grade 8

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Graph the image of a point, or set of points, on the Cartesian coordinate plane after applying a transformation to the original point(s). | Transformations: Coordinate Plane |
| Geometry and Spatial Sense | Location and Movement | Identify, through investigation, real-world movements that are translations, reflections, and rotations. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Represent, through investigation with concrete materials, the general term of a linear pattern, using one or more algebraic expressions. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Represent linear patterns graphically, using a variety of tools. | Graphing from a Table of Values |
| Patterning and Algebra | Patterns and Relationships | Determine a term, given its term number, in a linear pattern that is represented by a graph or an algebraic equation. | Reading Values from a Line |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Describe different ways in which algebra can be used in real-life situations. | Teacher directed |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Model linear relationships using tables of values, graphs, and equations, through investigation using a variety of tools. | Pattern Rules and Tables Graphing from a Table of Values $y=a x$ |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Translate statements describing mathematical relationships into algebraic expressions and equations. | Writing Algebraic Expressions Writing Equations |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Evaluate algebraic expressions with up to three terms, by substituting fractions, decimals, and integers for the variables. | Simple Substitution 3 |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, Expressions, and Equations | Make connections between solving equations and determining the term number in a pattern, using the general term. | Find the Pattern Rule |
| Patterning and Algebra | Variables, <br> Expressions, and Equations | Solve and verify linear equations involving a one-variable term and having solutions that are integers, by using inspection, guess and check, and a "balance" model. | Solve Equations: Multiply, Divide 1 Solve Equations: Multiply, Divide 2 Equations to Solve Problems Solve Multi-Step Equations Solve Two-Step Equations Equations with Grouping Symbols Solving More Equations Checking Solutions |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Collect data by conducting a survey or an experiment to do with themselves, their environment, issues in their school or community, or content from another subject, and record observations or measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Data Management and Probability | Collection and Organization of Data | Organize into intervals a set of data that is spread over a broad range. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 8

| Strand | Substrand | Specific Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Collection and <br> Organization of <br> Data | Collect and organize categorical, discrete, <br> or continuous primary data and secondary <br> data, and display the data in charts, tables, <br> and graphs (including histograms and <br> scatter plots) that have appropriate titles, <br> labels, and scales that suit the range and <br> distribution of the data, using a variety of <br> tools. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Collection and <br> Organization of <br> Data | Select an appropriate type of graph to <br> represent a set of data, graph the data <br> using technology, and justify the choice of <br> graph. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Collection and <br> Organization of <br> Data | Explain the relationship between a census, <br> a representative sample, sample size, and <br> a population. | Teacher directed |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Read, interpret, and draw conclusions from <br> primary data and from secondary data, <br> presented in charts, tables, and graphs. | Histograms <br> Scatter Plots <br> Line Graphs: Interpretation <br> Travel Graphs |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Determine, through investigation, the <br> appropriate measure of central tendency <br> needed to compare sets of data. | Which Measure of Central |
| Tendency? |  |  |  |
| Data <br> Management <br> and Probability | Data <br> Relationships | Demonstrate an understanding of the <br> Data <br> Management <br> histogramens by com of bar graphs and <br> characteristics. | Teacher directed their |

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& \text { (MPM1D) }
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| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | 目 Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and Algebra | Operating with <br> Exponents | Substitute into and evaluate algebraic <br> expressions involving exponents. | Exponent Form to Numbers <br> The Zero Exp Exponent <br> Zero Exponent and Algebra <br> Negative Exponents <br> Integer Exponents <br> Complex Substitution |
| Number Sense <br> and Algebra | Operating with <br> Exponents | Describe the relationship between the <br> algebraic and geometric representations of <br> a single-variable term up to degree three. | Teacher directed |

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& \text { Grade 9, } \\
& \text { Academic } \\
& \text { (MPM1D) }
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$$

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Algebra | Manipulating Expressions and Solving Equations | Solve first-degree equations, including equations with fractional coefficients, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Solve Equations: Add, Subtract 1 <br> Solve Equations: Add, Subtract 2 <br> Solve Equations: Multiply, Divide 1 <br> Solve Equations: Multiply, Divide 2 <br> Solving Simple Equations <br> Solve Two-Step Equations <br> Solving More Equations <br> Solve Multi-Step Equations <br> Equations with Grouping Symbols <br> Equations with Decimals <br> Equations with Fractions |
| Number Sense and Algebra | Manipulating Expressions and Solving Equations | Rearrange formulas involving variables in the first degree, with and without substitution. | Changing the Subject |
| Number Sense and Algebra | Manipulating Expressions and Solving Equations | Solve problems that can be modelled with first-degree equations, and compare algebraic methods to other solution methods. | Writing Equations <br> Write an Equation: Word Problems |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Interpret the meanings of points on scatter plots or graphs that represent linear relations, including scatter plots or graphs in more than one quadrant. | Conversion Graphs Gradients for Real |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Pose problems, identify variables, and formulate hypotheses associated with relationships between two variables. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Design and carry out an investigation or experiment involving relationships between two variables, including the collection and organization of data, using appropriate methods, equipment, and/or technology and techniques. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Describe trends and relationships observed in data, make inferences from data, compare the inferences with hypotheses about the data, and explain any differences between the inferences and the hypotheses. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Understanding Characteristics of Linear Relations | Construct tables of values, graphs, and equations, using a variety of tools, to represent linear relations derived from descriptions of realistic situations. | Modelling Linear Relationships $y=a x$ |
| Linear Relations | Understanding Characteristics of Linear Relations | Construct tables of values, scatter plots, and lines or curves of best fit as appropriate, using a variety of tools, for linearly related and non-linearly related data collected from a variety of sources. | Data Analysis: Scatter Plots |
| Linear Relations | Understanding Characteristics of Linear Relations | Identify, through investigation, some properties of linear relations and apply these properties to determine whether a relation is linear or non-linear. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 9, <br> Academic (MPM1D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Linear Relations | Understanding Characteristics of Linear Relations | Compare the properties of direct variation and partial variation in applications, and identify the initial value. | Modelling Linear Relationships |
| Linear Relations | Understanding Characteristics of Linear Relations | Determine the equation of a line of best fit for a scatter plot, using an informal process. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations <br> of Linear <br> Relations | Determine values of a linear relation by using a table of values, by using the equation of the relation, and by interpolating or extrapolating from the graph of the relation. | Reading Values from a Line Function Rules and Tables |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations <br> of Linear <br> Relations | Describe a situation that would explain the events illustrated by a given graph of a relationship between two variables. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations <br> of Linear <br> Relations | Determine other representations of a linear relation, given one representation. | Function Rules and Tables <br> Find the Function Rule Graphing from a Table of Values 2 Which Straight Line? <br> Equation of a Line 1 <br> Determining a Rule for a Line Modelling Linear Relationships |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations <br> of Linear <br> Relations | Describe the effects on a linear graph and make the corresponding changes to the linear equation when the conditions of the situation they represent are varied. | Gradients for Real |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Relationship Between the Equation of a Relation and the Shape of Its Graph | Determine, through investigation, the characteristics that distinguish the equation of a straight line from the equations of nonlinear relations. | Teacher directed |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Relationship Between the Equation of a Relation and the Shape of Its Graph | Identify, through investigation, the equation of a line in any of the forms $y=m x+b$, $A x+B y+C=0, x=a, y=b \text {. }$ | Equation of a Line 1 Horizontal and Vertical Lines |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Relationship Between the Equation of a Relation and the Shape of Its Graph | Express the equation of a line in the form $y=m x+b$, given the form $A x+B y+C=0$. | General Form of a Line |

## 53 | 3P Learning

## Grade 9, <br> Academic (MPM1D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Properties of Slope | Determine, through investigation, various formulas for the slope of a line segment or a line, and use the formulas to determine the slope of a line segment or a line. | Slope of a Line Gradient |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Properties of Slope | Identify, through investigation with technology, the geometric significance of $m$ and $b$ in the equation $y=m x+b$. | Teacher directed |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Properties of Slope | Determine, through investigation, connections among the representations of a constant rate of change of a linear relation. | Gradients for Real <br> Modelling Linear Relations |
| Analytic Geometry | Investigating the Properties of Slope | Identify, through investigation, properties of the slopes of lines and line segments, using graphing technology to facilitate investigations, where appropriate. | Perpendicular and Parallel Lines Are they Parallel? <br> Are they Perpendicular? <br> Equation of a Line 3 Horizontal and Vertical Lines |
| Analytic Geometry | Using the Properties of Linear Relations to Solve Problems | Graph lines by hand, using a variety of techniques. | Graphing from a Table of Values 2 |
| Analytic Geometry | Using the Properties of Linear Relations to Solve Problems | Determine the equation of a line from information about the line. | Equation from Point and Gradient Equation from Two Points Are they Parallel? <br> Are they Perpendicular? <br> Perpendicular and Parallel Lines <br> Equation of a Line 3 <br> Determining a Rule for a Line <br> Which Straight Line? |
| Analytic Geometry | Using the Properties of Linear Relations to Solve Problems | Describe the meaning of the slope and $y$-intercept for a linear relation arising from a realistic situation, and describe a situation that could be modelled by a given linear equation. | Teacher directed |
| Analytic Geometry | Using the Properties of Linear Relations to Solve Problems | Identify and explain any restrictions on the variables in a linear relation arising from a realistic situation. | Teacher directed |
| Analytic Geometry | Using the Properties of Linear Relations to Solve Problems | Determine graphically the point of intersection of two linear relations, and interpret the intersection point in the context of an application. | Solve Systems by Graphing Simultaneous Linear Equations Breakeven Point Linear Modelling |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements | Determine the maximum area of a rectangle with a given perimeter by constructing a variety of rectangles, using a variety of tools, and by examining various values of the area as the side lengths change and the perimeter remains constant. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 9, <br> Academic (MPM1D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | 国 Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements | Determine the minimum perimeter of a rectangle with a given area by constructing a variety of rectangles, using a variety of tools, and by examining various values of the side lengths and the perimeter as the area stays constant. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements | Identify, through investigation with a variety of tools, the effect of varying the dimensions on the surface area (or volume) of squarebased prisms and cylinders, given a fixed volume (or surface area). | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements | Explain the significance of optimal area, surface area, or volume in various applications. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements | Pose and solve problems involving maximization and minimization of measurements of geometric shapes and figures. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, Surface Area, and Volume | Relate the geometric representation of the Pythagorean theorem and the algebraic representation $a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$. | Pythagorean Triads |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, Surface Area, and Volume | Solve problems using the Pythagorean theorem, as required in applications. | Pythagorean Theorem <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side <br> (integers only) <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side <br> (decimal values) <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side <br> (rounding needed) <br> Pythagoras and Perimeter <br> Find Slant Height |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, Surface Area, and Volume | Solve problems involving the areas and perimeters of composite two-dimensional shapes. | Area: Composite Shapes Area: Compound Figures Perimeter: Composite Shapes |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, Surface Area, and Volume | Develop, through investigation, the formulas for the volume of a pyramid, a cone, and a sphere. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, Surface Area, and Volume | Determine, through investigation, the relationship for calculating the surface area of a pyramid. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 9, <br> Academic (MPM1D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Grade 9, Applied (MFM1P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number Sense <br> and Algebra | Solving Problems <br> Involving <br> Proportional <br> Reasoning | Illustrate equivalent ratios, using a variety <br> of tools. | Equivalent Ratios <br> Ratios |
| Number Sense <br> and Algebra | Solving Problems <br> Involving <br> Proportional <br> Reasoning | Represent, using equivalent ratios and <br> proportions, directly proportional <br> relationships arising from realistic <br> situations. | Ratio Word Problems <br> Rates |
| Number Sense <br> and Algebra | Solving Problems <br> Involving <br> Proportional <br> Reasoning | Solve for the unknown value in a proportion, <br> using a variety of methods. | Solve Proportions |

## 57 | 3P Learning

## Grade 9, Applied (MFM1P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Sense and Algebra | Simplifying Expressions and Solving Equations | Solve first-degree equations with nonfractional coefficients, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Solve Equations: Multiply, Divide 1 <br> Solve Equations: Multiply, Divide 2 <br> Solving Simple Equations <br> Solve Two-Step Equations <br> Solving More Equations <br> Solve Multi-Step Equations <br> Equations with Grouping Symbols |
| Number Sense and Algebra | Simplifying Expressions and Solving Equations | Substitute into algebraic equations and solve for one variable in the first degree. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Interpret the meanings of points on scatter plots or graphs that represent linear relations, including scatter plots or graphs in more than one quadrant. | Conversion Graphs Gradients for Real |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Pose problems, identify variables, and formulate hypotheses associated with relationships between two variables. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Carry out an investigation or experiment involving relationships between two variables, including the collection and organization of data, using appropriate methods, equipment, and/or technology and techniques. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Using Data Management to Investigate Relationships | Describe trends and relationships observed in data, make inferences from data, compare the inferences with hypotheses about the data, and explain any differences between the inferences and the hypotheses. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Determining Characteristics of Linear Relations | Construct tables of values and graphs, using a variety of tools, to represent linear relations derived from descriptions of realistic situations. | Modelling Linear Relationships $y=a x$ |
| Linear Relations | Determining Characteristics of Linear Relations | Construct tables of values, scatter plots, and lines or curves of best fit as appropriate, using a variety of tools, for linearly related and non-linearly related data collected from a variety of sources. | Data Analysis: Scatter Plots |
| Linear Relations | Determining Characteristics of Linear Relations | Identify, through investigation, some properties of linear relations, and apply these properties to determine whether a relation is linear or non-linear. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Investigating Constant Rate of Change | Determine, through investigation, that the rate of change of a linear relation can be found by choosing any two points on the line that represents the relation, finding the vertical change between the points and the horizontal change between the points, and writing the ratio $\frac{\text { rise }}{\text { run }}$. | Slope of a Line Gradient |

## Grade 9, Applied (MFM1P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Linear Relations | Investigating Constant Rate of Change | Determine, through investigation, connections among the representations of a constant rate of change of a linear relation. | Gradients for Real Modelling Linear Relationships |
| Linear Relations | Investigating Constant Rate of Change | Compare the properties of direct variation and partial variation in applications, and identify the initial value. | Modelling Linear Relationships |
| Linear Relations | Investigating Constant Rate of Change | Express a linear relation as an equation in two variables, using the rate of change and the initial value. | Equation of a Line 1 |
| Linear Relations | Investigating Constant Rate of Change | Describe the meaning of the rate of change and the initial value for a linear relation arising from a realistic situation, and describe a situation that could be modelled by a given linear equation. | Gradients for Real |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations <br> of Linear <br> Relations and <br> Solving Problems <br> Using the <br> Representations | Determine values of a linear relation by using a table of values, by using the equation of the relation, and by interpolating or extrapolating from the graph of the relation. | Reading Values from a Line Function Rules and Tables |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations of Linear <br> Relations and Solving Problems <br> Using the <br> Representations | Describe a situation that would explain the events illustrated by a given graph of a relationship between two variables. | Teacher directed |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations of Linear <br> Relations and Solving Problems Using the <br> Representations | Determine other representations of a linear relation arising from a realistic situation, given one representation. | Function Rules and Tables <br> Find the Function Rule <br> Graphing from a Table of Values 2 <br> Which Straight Line? <br> Equation of a Line 1 <br> Determining a Rule for a Line <br> Modelling Linear Relationships |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations <br> of Linear <br> Relations and Solving Problems <br> Using the <br> Representations | Solve problems that can be modelled with first-degree equations, and compare the algebraic method to other solution methods. | Writing Equations <br> Write an Equation: Word Problems |

## Grade 9, Applied (MFM1P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations of Linear <br> Relations and Solving Problems Using the Representations | Describe the effects on a linear graph and make the corresponding changes to the linear equation when the conditions of the situation they represent are varied. | Gradients for Real |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations of Linear <br> Relations and Solving Problems Using the Representations | Determine graphically the point of intersection of two linear relations, and interpret the intersection point in the context of an application. | Solve Systems by Graphing Simultaneous Linear Equations Breakeven Point Linear Modelling |
| Linear Relations | Connecting <br> Various <br> Representations of Linear <br> Relations and Solving Problems Using the Representations | Select a topic involving a two-variable relationship, pose a question on the topic, collect data to answer the question, and present its solution using appropriate representations of the data. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements of Rectangles | Determine the maximum area of a rectangle with a given perimeter by constructing a variety of rectangles, using a variety of tools, and by examining various values of the area as the side lengths change and the perimeter remains constant. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements of Rectangles | Determine the minimum perimeter of a rectangle with a given area by constructing a variety of rectangles, using a variety of tools, and by examining various values of the side lengths and the perimeter as the area stays constant. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Investigating the Optimal Values of Measurements of Rectangles | Solve problems that require maximizing the area of a rectangle for a fixed perimeter or minimizing the perimeter of a rectangle for a fixed area. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, and Volume | Relate the geometric representation of the Pythagorean theorem to the algebraic representation $a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$. | Pythagorean Triads |
| Measurement and Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Perimeter, Area, and Volume | Solve problems using the Pythagorean theorem, as required in applications. | Pythagorean Theorem <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side (integers only) <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side (decimal values) <br> Pythagoras: Find a Short Side (rounding needed) <br> Pythagoras and Perimeter Find Slant Height |

## Grade 9, Applied (MFM1P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement <br> and Geometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving <br> Perimeter, Area, <br> and Volume | Solve problems involving the areas and <br> perimeters of composite two-dimensional <br> shapes. | Area: Composite Shapes <br> Area: Compound Figures <br> Perimeter: Composite Shapes |
| Measurement <br> and Geometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving <br> Perimeter, Area, <br> and Volume | Develop, through investigation, the <br> formulas for the volume of a pyramid, a <br> cone, and a sphere. | Teacher directed |
| and Geometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving <br> Perimeter, Area, <br> and Volume | Solve problems involving the volumes of <br> prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones, and <br> spheres. | Volume: Prisms <br> Volume: Pyramids <br> Volume: Cylinders |
| Volume: Cones |  |  |  |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio <br> $n$ | Expectation <br> Description | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Developing and <br> Consolidating <br> Money Sense | Understanding <br> and Using <br> Decimals | DMS1.01 | Read and interpret money <br> values given in words and <br> symbols, using the correct <br> place value, found in <br> everyday contexts. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and <br> Consolidating <br> Money Sense | Understanding <br> and Using <br> Decimals | DMS1.02 | Write money values, using <br> correct units. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and <br> Consolidating <br> Money Sense | Understanding <br> and Using <br> Decimals | DMS1.03 | Round money values to <br> stated accuracies, in <br> applications drawn from <br> everyday situations. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and | Understanding <br> and Using <br> Consolidating <br> Money Sense | DMS1.04 | Use estimation strategies <br> involving addition, <br> subtraction, multiplication, <br> and division to round money <br> values appropriately within a <br> given context. | Estimate Decimal Sums 1 |
| Estimate Decimal Differences 1 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Estimate Decimal Operations |  |  |  |  |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio ก | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Solving Problems Involving Money | DMS2.02 | Solve problems involving estimating the totals of money values found in real contexts. | Money Problems: Four Operations |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Solving Problems Involving Money | DMS2.03 | Solve problems requiring estimating and calculating the cost of projects that require the purchase of multiples of the same item. | Money Problems: Four Operations |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Solving Problems Involving Money | DMS2.04 | Solve problems by exploring the cost of several items and produce an organized list, using technology as appropriate. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Solving Problems Involving Money | DMS2.05 | Identify, record, and monitor daily purchases to determine personal weekly expenditures. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Communicating Information about Money | DMS3.01 | Verbalize their observations and reflections regarding money sense and ask questions to clarify their understanding. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Communicating Information about Money | DMS3.02 | Explain their reasoning used in problem solving and in judging reasonableness. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Money Sense | Communicating Information about Money | DMS3.03 | Communicate, orally and in writing, the solutions to money problems and the results of investigations, using appropriate terminology, symbols, and form. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Using the Metric System | DCM1.01 | Investigate, discuss, and describe applications from everyday life and the workplace that would involve the measurement of length in commonly used metric units (millimetre, centimetre, metre, and kilometre). | How Long Is That (Metric)? |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Using the Metric System | DCM1.02 | Investigate, discuss, and describe applications from everyday life and the workplace that would involve the measurement of mass in commonly used metric units (milligram, gram, and kilogram). | Mass Word Problems How Heavy? |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio | Expectation <br> Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Developing and <br> Consolidating <br> Concepts in <br> Measurement | Understanding <br> and Using the <br> Metric System | DCM1.03 | Investigate, discuss, and <br> describe applications from <br> everyday life and the <br> workplace that would involve <br> the measurement of capacity <br> in commonly used metric <br> units (millilitre, litre, and <br> kilolitre). | Capacity Word Problems |
| Developing and <br> Consolidating <br> Concepts in <br> Measurement | Understanding <br> and Using the <br> Metric System | DCM1.04 | Explain and use correctly <br> prefixes in the metric system. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and <br> Consolidating <br> Concepts in <br> Measurement | Understanding <br> and Using the <br> Metric System | DCM1.05 | Convert between metric units <br> commonly used in everyday <br> applications. | Converting cm and mm <br> Converting Units of Mass |
| Millilitres and Litres |  |  |  |  |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio n | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Using the Imperial System | DCM2.05 | Estimate and use measurements of lengths in feet and inches in everyday situations. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.01 | Explore and describe situations from everyday life and the workplace that require calculation or measurement of perimeter. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.02 | Estimate, measure, and calculate perimeters drawn from applications in everyday life and the workplace. | Perimeter: Squares and Rectangles <br> Perimeter: Triangles <br> Perimeter: Composite Shapes |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.03 | Explain and illustrate how to determine the perimeter of any figure bounded by straight line segments. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.04 | Explore and describe situations from everyday life and the workplace that require calculating and measuring area. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.05 | Investigate the areas of a variety of rectangles and triangles, using concrete materials. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.06 | Estimate, measure, and record rectangular areas found in everyday life and the workplace, using uniform non-standard units. | Bigger or Smaller Shape |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.07 | Predict and explain, from experiences involving concrete materials, that the area of any rectangle can be found by multiplying its length by its width. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.08 | Estimate and calculate the areas of rectangles and triangles, drawn from applications in everyday life and the workplace. | Area: Squares and Rectangles Area: Triangles |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.09 | Estimate and calculate the areas of regions that can be broken into rectangles. | Area: Compound Figures |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.10 | Explore and describe situations from everyday life and the workplace that require calculation or measurement of volume. | Filling Fast! |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio ก | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.11 | Investigate and calculate the volumes of a variety of prisms whose bases involve rectangular regions, by building the prisms using concrete materials. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.12 | Predict and explain, from investigations involving the building of prisms, that the volume of a prism is given by multiplying the area of its base by its height. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.13 | Estimate and calculate the volumes of rectangular prisms drawn from applications in everyday life and the workplace. | Volume: Rectangular Prisms 1 |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.14 | Select the most appropriate standard unit to measure the perimeter, area, or volume of a figure. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.15 | Explain, using examples drawn from their everyday experiences, why length is measured in linear units, why area is measured in square units, and why volume is measured in cubic units. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Understanding and Applying Perimeter, Area, and Volume | DCM3.16 | Solve problems involving perimeter, area, and volume in applications drawn from everyday situations. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | DCM4.01 | Organize measurement information, using a simple framework, draw conclusions from this data, and make decisions based on it. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | DCM4.02 | Verbalize their observations and reflections regarding measurements and ask questions to clarify their understanding. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | DCM4.03 | Explain their reasoning used in problem solving and in judging reasonableness. | Teacher directed |
| Developing and Consolidating Concepts in Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | DCM4.04 | Communicate, orally and in writing, the solutions to measurement problems and the results of investigations, using appropriate terminology, symbols, and form. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio ก | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.01 | Represent the magnitudes of the fractions $\frac{1}{4^{\prime}}, \frac{1}{3^{\prime}}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3^{\prime}}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ using manipulatives and by constructing diagrams and models. | Halves and Quarters Thirds and Sixths |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.02 | Represent the addition and subtraction of $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$ and 1 , in the context of fractional parts of an hour, a cup, a dollar, and an inch by constructing diagrams and using models. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.03 | Estimate and add pairs of simple fractions with the support of an appropriate model. | Add Like Fractions Add Like Mixed Numbers |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.04 | Interpret simple fractions of a dollar in decimal form. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.05 | Explore the relationship between the fractions $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3^{\prime}}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3^{\prime}}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ and decimals, using a calculator, concrete materials, and diagrams. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.06 | Round decimal values appropriately within a given context. | Rounding Decimals 1 |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.07 | Multiply a fraction by a whole number, using a calculator. | Multiply Fraction by Whole Number |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.08 | Represent and explain the meaning of percent as part of 100, by constructing diagrams, using concrete materials. | Modelling Percentages |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.09 | Explore the relationship between fractions, decimals, and percentages, using a calculator, concrete materials, and diagrams. | Mixed decimal, percentage and fraction conversions |

## 67 | 3P Learning

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio n | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.10 | Identify and use common equivalences or approximations between fractions and percentages in contexts such as sales and discounts. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.11 | Identify and use ratios, including equivalent ratios, to express the relationships among quantities represented by models and diagrams. | Ratio <br> Word Problems: Ratio |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.12 | Explore and describe the use of ratios from their personal experiences. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.13 | Explore and identify rates drawn from their experiences and the units used in them. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Constructing Understanding of Fractions, Percentages, Ratios, and Rates | DPR1.14 | Calculate rates in activities drawn from their experiences. | Rates <br> Rates Word Problems |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Solving Problems | DPR2. 01 | Solve problems involving fractions and percentages in practical situations, by converting to decimals and using a calculator, where appropriate. | Fractions to Percentages (Calculator) <br> Decimal to Percentage What Percentage? |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Solving Problems | DPR2.02 | Solve simple problems using equivalent ratios. | Ratio <br> Word Problems: Ratio |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Solving Problems | DPR2.03 | Solve problems involving rates. | Rates <br> Rates Word Problems |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Solving Problems | DPR2.04 | Calculate and compare the unit costs of items found in everyday situations. | Best Buy |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Solving Problems | DPR2.05 | Read, interpret, and explain, orally and in writing, data displayed in simple tables and graphs. | Interpreting Tables Conversion Graphs Line Graphs: Interpretation |

## Grade 9 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio ก | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Communicating Information about Proportional Reasoning | DPR3.01 | Verbalize their observations and reflections regarding proportional reasoning and ask questions to clarify their understanding. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Communicating Information about <br> Proportional Reasoning | DPR3.02 | Explain their reasoning used in problem solving and in judging reasonableness. | Teacher directed |
| Developing Concepts in Proportional Reasoning | Communicating Information about Proportional Reasoning | DPR3.03 | Communicate, orally and in writing, the solutions to proportional reasoning problems and the results of investigations, using appropriate terminology, symbols, and form. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 10, Academic (MPM2D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Investigating the Basic Properties of Quadratic Relations | Collect data that can be represented as a quadratic relation, from experiments using appropriate equipment and technology, or from secondary sources; graph the data and draw a curve of best fit, if appropriate, with or without the use of technology. | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Investigating the Basic Properties of Quadratic Relations | Determine, through investigation with and without the use of technology, that a quadratic relation of the form $y=a x^{2}+b x$ $+c(a \neq 0)$ can be graphically represented as a parabola, and that the table of values yields a constant second difference. | Graphing Parabolas |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Investigating the Basic Properties of Quadratic Relations | Identify the key features of a graph of a parabola, and use the appropriate terminology to describe them. | Vertex of a Parabola <br> Parabolas and Marbles Parabolas and Rectangles |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Investigating the Basic Properties of Quadratic Relations | Compare, through investigation using technology, the features of the graph of $y=$ $x^{2}$ and the graph of $y=2^{x}$, and determine the meaning of a negative exponent and of zero as an exponent. | Graphing Exponentials |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Relating the Graph of $y=x^{2}$ and Its Transformations | Identify, through investigation using technology, the effect on the graph of $y=$ $x^{2}$ of transformations by considering separately each parameter $a, h$, and $k$. | Symmetries of Graphs 1 |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Relating the Graph of $y=x^{2}$ and Its Transformations | Explain the roles of $a_{1} h$, and $k$ in $y=a(x-h)^{2}+k_{1}$ using the appropriate terminology to describe the transformations, and identify the vertex and the equation of the axis of symmetry. | Vertex of a Parabola Symmetries of Graphs 1 |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Relating the Graph of $y=x^{2}$ and Its Transformations | Sketch, by hand, the graph of $y=a(x-h)^{2}$ $+k$ by applying transformations to the graph of $y=x^{2}$. | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Relating the Graph of $y=x^{2}$ and Its Transformations | Determine the equation, in the form $y=a(x-h)^{2}+k$, of a given graph of a parabola. | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Expand and simplify second-degree polynomial expressions, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Expand then Simplify Expanding Binomial Products Special Binomial Products |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Factor polynomial expressions involving common factors, trinomials, and differences of squares, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Grouping in Pairs <br> Factoring Quadratics 1 <br> Factoring Quadratics 2 |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Determine, through investigation, and describe the connection between the factors of a quadratic expression and the $x$-intercepts of the graph of the corresponding quadratic relation, expressed in the form $y=a(x-r)(x-s)$. | Quadratic Equations 1 <br> Quadratic Equations 2 <br> Solve Quadratics: Coefficient of 1 |

## Grade 10, Academic (MPM2D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Interpret real and non-real roots of quadratic equations, through investigation using graphing technology, and relate the roots to the $x$-intercepts of the corresponding relations. | Checking Quadratic Solutions Quadratic Formula <br> The Discriminant Roots of the Quadratic |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Express $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ in the form $y=a(x-h)^{2}+k$ by completing the square in situations involving no fractions, using a variety of tools. | Completing the Square Completing the Square 2 |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form <br> $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Sketch or graph a quadratic relation whose equation is given in the form $y=a x^{2}+b x+$ $c$, using a variety of methods. | Graphing Parabolas |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Explore the algebraic development of the quadratic formula. | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Quadratic Equations | Solve quadratic equations that have real roots, using a variety of methods. | Factoring Quadratics 1 Factoring Quadratics 2 Quadratic Formula Graphing Parabolas |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Problems Involving Quadratic Relations | Determine the zeros and the maximum or minimum value of a quadratic relation from its graph or from its defining equation. | Parabolas and Marbles Parabolas and Rectangles Vertex of a Parabola |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Problems Involving Quadratic Relations | Solve problems arising from a realistic situation represented by a graph or an equation of a quadratic relation, with and without the use of technology. | Parabolas and Marbles Parabolas and Rectangles |
| Analytic Geometry | Using Linear Systems to Solve Problems | Solve systems of two linear equations involving two variables, using the algebraic method of substitution or elimination. | Simultaneous Linear Equations <br> Simultaneous Equations 1 <br> Simultaneous Equations 2 |
| Analytic Geometry | Using Linear Systems to Solve Problems | Solve problems that arise from realistic situations described in words or represented by linear systems of two equations involving two variables, by choosing an appropriate algebraic or graphical method. | Breakeven Point |
| Analytic Geometry | Solving Problems Involving <br> Properties of Line Segments | Develop the formula for the midpoint of a line segment, and use this formula to solve problems. | Midpoint by Formula |
| Analytic Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Properties of Line Segments | Develop the formula for the length of a line segment, and use this formula to solve problems. | Distance Between Two Points |
| Analytic Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Properties of Line Segments | Develop the equation for a circle with centre <br> $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O})$ and radius $r$, by applying the formula for the length of a line segment. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 10, Academic (MPM2D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analytic Geometry | Solving Problems Involving <br> Properties of Line Segments | Determine the radius of a circle with centre ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}$ ), given its equation; write the equation of a circle with centre $(0,0)$, given the radius; and sketch the circle, given the equation in the form $x^{2}+y^{2}=r^{2}$. | Teacher directed |
| Analytic Geometry | Solving Problems Involving Properties of Line Segments | Solve problems involving the slope, length, and midpoint of a line segment. | Midpoint by Formula <br> Distance Between Two Points <br> Are They Parallel? <br> Are They Perpendicular? <br> Perpendicular and Parallel Lines <br> Equation of a Line 3 <br> Perpendicular Distance 1 <br> Perpendicular Distance 2 |
| Analytic Geometry | Using Analytic Geometry to Verify Geometric Properties | Determine, through investigation, some characteristics and properties of geometric figures. | Plane Figure Theorems |
| Analytic Geometry | Using Analytic Geometry to Verify Geometric Properties | Verify, using algebraic techniques and analytic geometry, some characteristics of geometric figures. | Coordinate Methods in Geometry |
| Analytic Geometry | Using Analytic Geometry to Verify Geometric Properties | Plan and implement a multi-step strategy that uses analytic geometry and algebraic techniques to verify a geometric property. | Teacher directed |
| Trigonometry | Investigating Similarity and Solving Problems Involving Similar Triangles | Verify, through investigation, the properties of similar triangles. | Similar Triangles <br> Scale Factor <br> Similar Figures |
| Trigonometry | Investigating Similarity and Solving Problems Involving Similar Triangles | Describe and compare the concepts of similarity and congruence. | Scale Factor <br> Similar Triangles <br> Similar Figures <br> Congruent Triangles <br> Congruent Figures (Grid) <br> Congruent Figures: Find Values |
| Trigonometry | Investigating Similarity and Solving Problems Involving Similar Triangles | Solve problems involving similar triangles in realistic situations. | Teacher directed |
| Trigonometry | Solving Problems Involving the Trigonometry of Right Triangles | Determine, through investigation, the relationship between the ratio of two sides in a right triangle and the ratio of the two corresponding sides in a similar right triangle, and define the sine, cosine, and tangent ratios. | Hypotenuse, Adjacent, Opposite $\sin A$ <br> Cos A <br> Tan A |
| Trigonometry | Solving Problems Involving the Trigonometry of Right Triangles | Determine the measures of the sides and angles in right triangles, using the primary trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean theorem. | Pythagorean Theorem <br> $\operatorname{Sin} A$ <br> Cos A <br> Tan A <br> Find Unknown Sides <br> Find Unknown Angles |

## Grade 10, Academic (MPM2D)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving the <br> Trigonometry of <br> Right Triangles | Solve problems involving the measures of <br> sides and angles in right triangles in real- <br> life applications, using the primary <br> trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean <br> theorem. | Elevation and Depression <br> Trigonometry Problems 1 <br> Trigonometry Problems 2 <br> Bearings |
| Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving the <br> Trigonometry of <br> Acute Triangles | Explore the development of the sine law <br> within acute triangles. | Sine Rule 1 |
| Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving the <br> Trigonometry of <br> Acute Triangles | Explore the development of the cosine law <br> within acute triangles. | Teacher directed |
| Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving the | Determine the measures of sides and <br> Trigonometry of <br> Acute Triangles | Sing Rule 1 in acute triangles, using the sine law <br> and the cosine law. |
| Cosine Rule 1 |  |  |  |
| and |  |  |  |

## Grade 10, Applied (MFM2P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement <br> and <br> Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving Similar <br> Triangles | Verify, through investigation, properties of <br> similar triangles. | Similar Triangles |
| Measurement <br> and <br> Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving Similar <br> Triangles | Determine the lengths of sides of similar <br> triangles, using proportional reasoning. | Similar Triangles |
| Measurement <br> and <br> Trigonometry | Solving Problems <br> Involving Similar <br> Triangles | Solve problems involving similar triangles in <br> realistic situations. | Teacher directed |
| Measurement | Solving Problems <br> Involving the <br> and <br> Trigonometry <br> Rigonometry of | Determine, through investigation, the <br> relationship between the ratio of two sides <br> in a a right triangle and the ratio of the two <br> corresponding sides in a similar right <br> triangle, and define the sine, cosine, and <br> tangent ratios. | Hypotenuse, Adjacent, Opposite |
| Measurement | Solving Problems <br> and <br> Involving the <br> Trigonometry <br> Right Triangles | Determine the measures of the sides and <br> angles in right triangles, using the primary <br> trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean <br> theorem. | Pythagorean Theorem <br> Sin A <br> Cos A |
| Tan A |  |  |  |
| Trind Unknown Sides |  |  |  |

## Grade 10, Applied (MFM2P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement and Trigonometry | Solving Problems Involving Surface Area and Volume, Using the Imperial and Metric Systems of Measurement | Solve problems involving the surface areas of prisms, pyramids, and cylinders, and the volumes of prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones, and spheres, including problems involving combinations of these figures, using the metric system or the imperial system, as appropriate. | Surface Area: Rectangular Prisms Surface Area: Triangular Prisms <br> Surface Area: Cylinders <br> Surface Area: Cones <br> Surface Area: Spheres <br> Surface Area: Square Pyramids <br> Surface Area: Rectangular <br> Pyramids <br> Volume: Rectangular Prisms 1 <br> Volume: Rectangular Prisms 2 <br> Volume: Triangular Prisms <br> Volume: Prisms <br> Volume: Pyramids <br> Volume: Cylinders <br> Volume: Cones <br> Volume: Spheres <br> Volume: Composite Figures |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Manipulating and Solving Algebraic Equations | Solve first-degree equations involving one variable, including equations with fractional coefficients. | Checking Solutions Solving Simple Equations Solve Two-Step Equations Solve Multi-Step Equations Solving More Equations Equations with Grouping Symbols Equations: Variables, Both Sides Equations with Decimals Equations with Fractions Equations with Fractions 2 |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Manipulating and Solving Algebraic Equations | Determine the value of a variable in the first degree, using a formula. | Teacher directed |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Manipulating and Solving Algebraic Equations | Express the equation of a line in the form $y=m x+b$, given the form $A x+B y+C=0$. | General Form of a Line |
| Modelling <br> Linear <br> Relations | Graphing and Writing Equations of Lines | Connect the rate of change of a linear relation to the slope of the line, and define the slope as the ratio $m=\frac{\text { rise }}{r u n}$. | Gradient |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Graphing and Writing Equations of Lines | Identify, through investigation, $y=m x+b$ as a common form for the equation of a straight line, and identify the special cases $x=a, y=b$. | Which Straight Line? <br> Horizontal and Vertical Lines |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Graphing and Writing Equations of Lines | Identify, through investigation with technology, the geometric significance of $m$ and $b$ in the equation $y=m x+b$. | Gradient Intercepts Which Straight Line? Equation of a Line 1 |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Graphing and Writing Equations of Lines | Identify, through investigation, properties of the slopes of lines and line segments, using graphing technology to facilitate investigations, where appropriate. | $y=a x$ <br> Equation of a Line 1 Are They Parallel? |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Graphing and Writing Equations of Lines | Graph lines by hand, using a variety of techniques. | $y=a x$ <br> Which Straight Line? |

## Grade 10, Applied (MFM2P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modelling <br> Linear Relations | Graphing and Writing Equations of Lines | Determine the equation of a line, given its graph, the slope and $y$-intercept, the slope and a point on the line, or two points on the line. | Determining the Rule for a Line 1 Equation of a Line 1 Equation from Point and Gradient Equation from Two Points |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Solving and Interpreting Systems of Linear Equations | Determine graphically the point of intersection of two linear relations. | Solve Systems by Graphing |
| Modelling <br> Linear Relations | Solving and Interpreting Systems of Linear Equations | Solve systems of two linear equations involving two variables with integral coefficients, using the algebraic method of substitution or elimination. | Simultaneous Equations 1 <br> Simultaneous Equations 2 <br> Simultaneous Linear Equations |
| Modelling Linear Relations | Solving and Interpreting Systems of Linear Equations | Solve problems that arise from realistic situations described in words or represented by given linear systems of two equations involving two variables, by choosing an appropriate algebraic or graphical method. | Breakeven Point |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Manipulating Quadratic Expressions | Expand and simplify second-degree polynomial expressions involving one variable that consist of the product of two binomials, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Expand then Simplify Expanding Binomial Products Special Binomial Products |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Manipulating Quadratic Expressions | Factor binomials and trinomials involving one variable up to degree two, by determining a common factor using a variety of tools and strategies. | Factoring Factoring Expressions |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Manipulating Quadratic Expressions | Factor simple trinomials of the form $x^{2}+b x+c$, using a variety of tools and strategies. | Grouping in Pairs Factoring Quadratics 1 |
| Quadratic Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Manipulating Quadratic Expressions | Factor the difference of squares of the form $x^{2}-a^{2}$ | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Identifying <br> Characteristics of Quadratic <br> Relations | Collect data that can be represented as a quadratic relation, from experiments using appropriate equipment and technology, or from secondary sources; graph the data and draw a curve of best fit, if appropriate, with or without the use of technology. | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Identifying <br> Characteristics of Quadratic <br> Relations | Determine, through investigation using technology, that a quadratic relation of the form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c(a \neq 0)$ can be graphically represented as a parabola, and determine that the table of values yields a constant second difference. | Graphing Parabolas |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the Form $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Identifying <br> Characteristics of Quadratic <br> Relations | Identify the key features of a graph of a parabola, using a given graph or a graph generated with technology from its equation, and use the appropriate terminology to describe the features. | Vertex of a Parabola |

## Grade 10, Applied (MFM2P)

| Strand | Substrand | Expectation | Activities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the <br> Form <br> $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Identifying <br> Characteristics of <br> Quadratic <br> Relations | Compare, through investigation using <br> technology, the graphical representations <br> of a quadratic relation in the form $y=x^{2}+$ <br> $b x+c$ and the same relation in the <br> factored form <br> $y=(x-t)(x-s)$ and describe the <br> connections between each algebraic <br> representation and the graph. | Teacher directed |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the <br> Form <br> $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Problems <br> by Interpreting <br> Graphs of <br> Quadratic <br> Relations | Solve problems involving a quadratic <br> relation by interpreting a given graph or a a <br> graph generated with technology from its <br> equation. | Parabolas and Rectangles <br> Parabolas and Marbles |
| Quadratic <br> Relations of the <br> Form <br> $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ | Solving Problems <br> by Interpreting <br> Graphs of <br> Quadratic | Solve problems by interpreting the <br> Relations | significance of the key features of graphs <br> obtained by collecting experimental data <br> involving quadratic relations. | Teacher directed |  |
| :--- |

## Grade 10 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio <br> $n$ | Expectation Description | Enderstanding <br> and Using <br> Decimal <br> Money Sense <br> Numbers in <br> Solving <br> Problems |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | EMS1.01 | Read and interpret money |
| :--- |
| values given in words, write |
| money values as decimals, |
| and round money values |
| appropriately, in solving |
| problems found in everyday |
| contexts. |$\quad$| Money |
| :--- |
| Everyday Money |
| Who has the Money? |

## Grade 10 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio n | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extending Money Sense | Understanding and Using Decimal Numbers in Solving Problems | EMS1.05 | Judge the reasonableness of calculations involving decimals through estimation. | Estimate Decimal Sums 1 <br> Estimate Decimal Sums 2 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 1 <br> Estimate Decimal Differences 2 |
| Extending <br> Money Sense | Understanding and Using Decimal Numbers in Solving Problems | EMS1.06 | Solve problems involving sales tax, discounts, restaurant tips, and commission earnings. | Commission Successive Discounts |
| Extending Money Sense | Understanding and Using Decimal Numbers in Solving Problems | EMS1.07 | Investigate and identify possible part-time jobs, determine hourly rates of pay, and calculate possible weekly, monthly, and yearly total incomes. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Money Sense | Understanding and Using Decimal Numbers in Solving Problems | EMS1.08 | Solve problems involving the accomplishment of a particular goal, including investigating, planning, gathering, and organizing data, and making relevant calculations. | Budgeting |
| Extending Money Sense | Communicating Information about Money | EMS2.01 | Verbalize their observations and reflections regarding money sense and ask questions to clarify their understanding. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Money Sense | Communicating Information about Money | EMS2.02 | Explain their reasoning used in problem solving and in judging reasonableness. | Teacher directed |
| Extending <br> Money Sense | Communicating Information about Money | EMS2.03 | Communicate, orally and in writing, the solutions to money problems and the results of investigations, using appropriate terminology, symbols, and form. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.01 | Demonstrate accuracy in measuring length, capacity, and mass in everyday applications, using appropriate tools, and record the measurements using the correct abbreviations for metric units. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.02 | Solve problems drawn from everyday applications requiring the conversion between commonly used metric units. | Capacity Addition Converting cm and mm Converting Units of Mass Mass Addition |

## Grade 10 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio <br> ก | Expectation Description | $\equiv$ Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.03 | Estimate, using standard units, measurements of length, capacity, and mass that arise from their everyday experience. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.04 | Read and use schedules to solve problems. | Using Timetables Elapsed Time |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.05 | Read, write, and interpret dates, using a specified numerical format. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.06 | Solve problems to determine the elapsed time between two given dates or two given times. | Time Zones What Time Will it Be? |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.07 | Identify and use personal referents to aid in the estimation of temperature. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Metric System | EUM1.08 | Describe applications from everyday life and the workplace that involve a combination of perimeter, area, volume, mass, capacity, time, and/or money. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Imperial System | EUM2.01 | Measure length in feet and inches, to accuracies of $\frac{1}{8}$ inch and $\frac{1}{16}$ inch, using tape measures and 12 -inch rulers. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Imperial System | EUM2.02 | Record linear measurements, using commonly accepted abbreviations for the chosen units. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Imperial System | EUM2.03 | Make estimates and accurate measurements of length in the Imperial system to construct a model. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Estimating and Measuring Using the Imperial System | EUM2.04 | Explore and identify approximate relationships between non-linear units of measure in the metric and Imperial systems. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.01 | Identify the parts of a circle, using the correct terminology. | Labelling Circles |

## Grade 10 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio ก | Expectation Description | 1 Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.02 | Determine an approximate value for $\pi$ (pi) by investigating the relationship between the circumference and the diameter of a circle, using concrete materials to obtain measurements. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.03 | Validate the formula for the circumference of a circle by comparing measurements of the circumference to the calculations, using the formula $C=\pi d .$ | Teacher directed |
| Extending <br> Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.04 | Solve authentic problems requiring the calculation of the circumference of a circle. | Calculate Circumference of Circles |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.05 | Solve authentic problems requiring the calculation of the perimeter of composite figures made up of straight line segments and half- and quarter-circles. | Perimeter Detectives 1 Perimeter Detectives 2 |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.06 | Estimate the size of a given angle by comparing it to angles of $30^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$, $180^{\circ}$, or $360^{\circ}$. | Estimating Angles |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.07 | Estimate and calculate the areas of circles and fractions of circles drawn from applications in the environment. | Area: Circles 1 <br> Area: Sectors (Degrees) |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.08 | Validate the formula for the area of a circle by comparing approximate measurements of the area to the calculations, using the formula $A=\pi r$. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.09 | Construct reasonably accurate diagrams of the angles $180^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 30^{\circ}$, and $60^{\circ}$, by dividing a given circle into the appropriate number of parts. | Teacher directed |

## Grade 10 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio ก | Expectation Description | \# Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.10 | Solve authentic problems requiring the calculation of the areas of composite figures made up of rectangles and half- or quarter-circles. | Area: Circles 1 Area: Annulus |
| Extending <br> Understanding <br> of <br> Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving <br> Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.11 | Establish that the volume of a cylinder is found by multiplying the area of its base by its height by comparing the structure of a prism to that of a cylinder. | Volume: Rectangular Prisms 1 <br> Volume: Prisms <br> Volume: Cylinders |
| Extending <br> Understanding <br> of <br> Measurement | Solving <br> Problems Involving <br> Circumference, Perimeter, Area, and Volume | EUM3.12 | Solve problems drawn from everyday situations involving the perimeters and the areas of circles and rectangles, and the volumes of cylinders and rectangular prisms. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | EUM4.01 | Organize measurement information, using a simple framework, draw conclusions from this data, and make decisions based on it. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | EUM4.02 | Verbalize their observations and reflections regarding measurements and ask questions to clarify their understanding. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | EUM4.03 | Explain their reasoning used in problem solving and in judging reasonableness. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Measurement | Communicating Information about Measurement | EUM4.04 | Communicate, orally and in writing, the solutions to measurement problems and the results of investigations, using appropriate terminology, symbols, and form. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying <br> Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.01 | Determine the relationships among fractions, decimals, and percentages by constructing diagrams and building models. | Modelling Percentages |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.02 | Recall from memory the most commonly used equivalences or approximations between fractions and percentages. | Common Fractions as Percentages |

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## Grade 10 LDCC

| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio n | Expectation Description | E Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.03 | Solve problems involving the most commonly used equivalences between fractions and percentages. | Percents to Fractions Percents and Decimals Decimals to Fractions 2 |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.04 | Round decimal values appropriately in solving problems drawn from everyday situations. | Rounding Decimals 2 |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.05 | Solve problems involving fractions and percentages in practical situations, by converting to decimals and using a calculator, where appropriate. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.06 | Measure areas of personal interest, using metric or Imperial units, and construct scale diagrams, using grid paper. | Scale drawings Scale Scale Measurement |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.07 | Write ratios describing relationships in the school environment. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.08 | Describe the effects of changing the parts of a given ratio proportionately and disproportionately in activities in which the results are observable. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.09 | Solve problems using proportions. | Ratio Word Problems Rates Word Problems |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Applying Fractions, Percent, Ratio, and Rate in Solving Problems | EPR1.10 | Solve problems involving the calculation of rates drawn from a variety of everyday contexts and from familiar social issues. | Rates Word Problems |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Communicating Information | EPR2.01 | Read, interpret, and explain, orally and in writing, data displayed in tables and graphs. | Interpreting Tables Line Graphs: Interpretation |



| Strand | Substrand | Expectatio n | Expectation Description | $\equiv$ Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Communicating Information | EPR2.02 | Construct a variety of graphs (straight line, bar, circle), with and without the use of technology, to assist in identifying patterns in data or drawing conclusions from data. | Teacher directed |
| Extending Understanding of Proportional Reasoning | Communicating Information | EPR2.03 | Identify graphs that misrepresent data and explain why the graphs are misleading. | Teacher directed |


d. $3 P$ Learning

