Table of Contents

Education and Clinical Service Breakout Session

History and Introduction of Medical Education	Erica Brownfield, MD, MBA Professor of Medicine
	Associate Dean, Medical Education
Resources and Getting Involved	Maria Aaron, MD
	Professor of Ophthalmology
	Associate Dean for GME
	Erica Brownfield, MD, MBA
Interprofessional Education, Continuing Medical	Nathan O. Spell, MD
Education (CME) & Maintenance of Certification	Professor of Medicine
(MOC)	Associate Dean for Education and
	Professional Development
Giving Feedback to Learners	Lisa Bernstein, MD
	Professor of Medicine, Division of General
	Medicine & Geriatrics
	Michael Greenwald, MD Associate Professor of Pediatrics, Division of Emergency Medicine

Medical Education Emory University School of Medicine

Erica Brownfield, MD, MBA

for

Bill Eley, MD, MPH

Executive Associate Dean

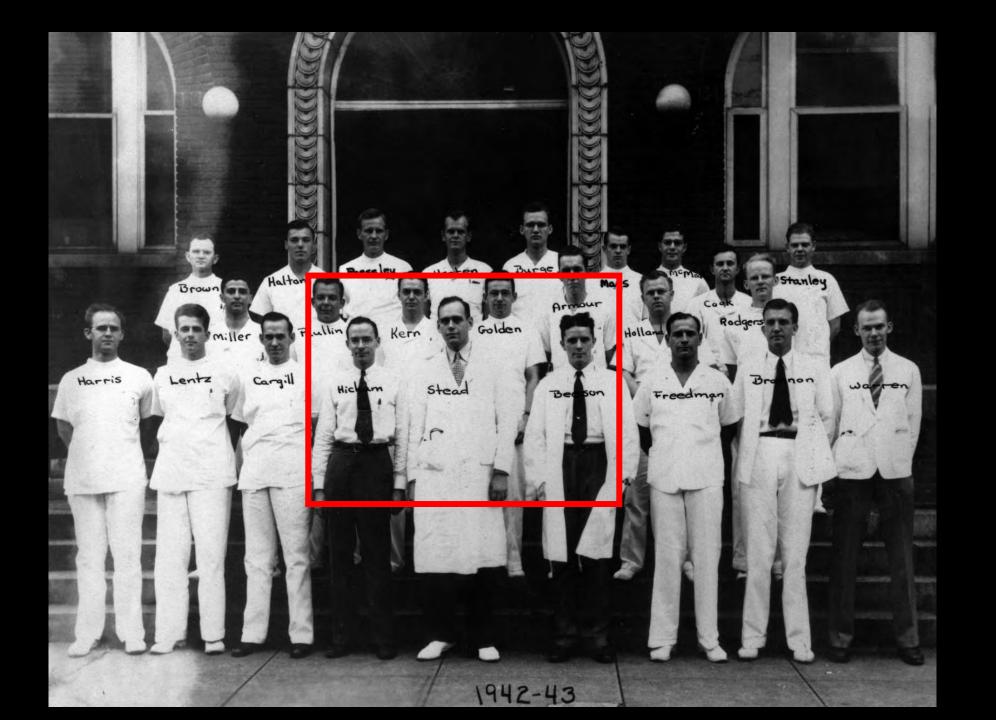
Medical Education and Student Affairs

September 29, 2021



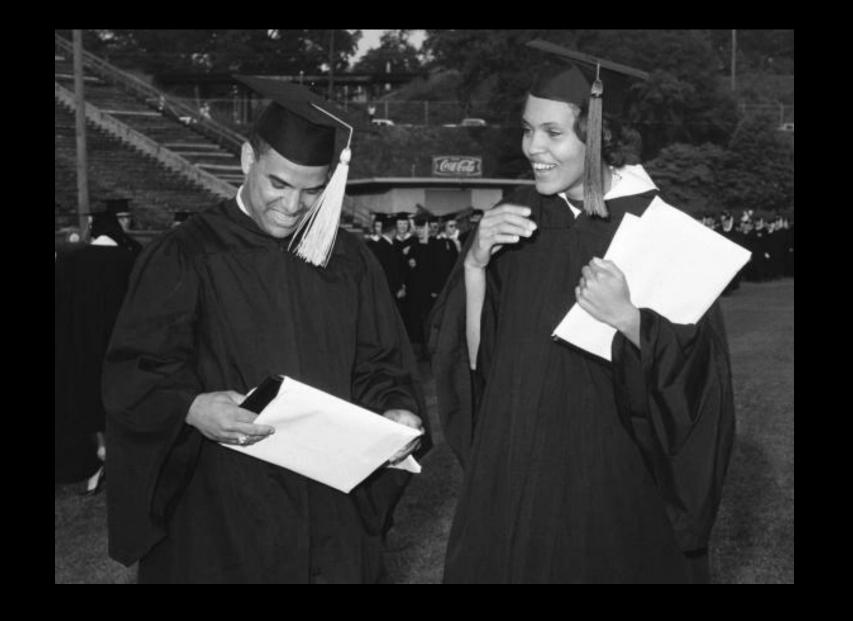
Emory SOM Origins

1854	Atlanta Medical College chartered (precursor of ESOM)
1859	1st building erected downtown
1892	Grady Memorial Hospital Built
1898-1915	Lots of medical school mergers
1915	EUSOM founded
1917	EUSOM membership in AAMC
1917	Education buildings moved from downtown to Clifton
1929	Evangeline Papageorge – 1 st SOM female faculty member
1943	Elizabeth Gambrell – 1st SOM female student
1963	Hamilton Holmes – 1 st AA medical student
1968	Marshalyn Yeargin-Allsop – 1st AAF medical student











Medical Education Programs

- Undergraduate Medical Education
 - MD (+/- PhD, MPH, MSCR, MA –bioethics)
 - Doctor of Physical Therapy
 - MMSc (Physician Asst, Anesthesia Asst, Genetic Counseling)
 - BMSc (Medical Imaging)
- Graduate Division of Biologic and Biomedical Sciences (GDBBS)
 - PhD and MSCR
- Graduate Medical Education (GME)
- Continuing Medical Education (CME)



Medical Education Leadership

J. William (Bill) Eley, MD, MPH, Executive Associate Dean Marilane Bond, MEd, EdD, MBA, Associate Dean

GME

Maria Aaron, MD, Associate Dean Phillip Shayne, MD, Assistant Dean

Grady Health System

TBA - Assistant Dean

UME

Ira Schwartz, MD, Associate Dean, Director of Admissions Erica Brownfield, MD, MBA, Associate Dean, Medical Education Gordon Churchward, PhD, Assistant Dean Douglas Ander, MD, Assistant Dean, Health Professions and IPE Hugh Stoddard, PhD, Assistant Dean, Medical Education

CME

Nathan Spell, MD, Associate Dean

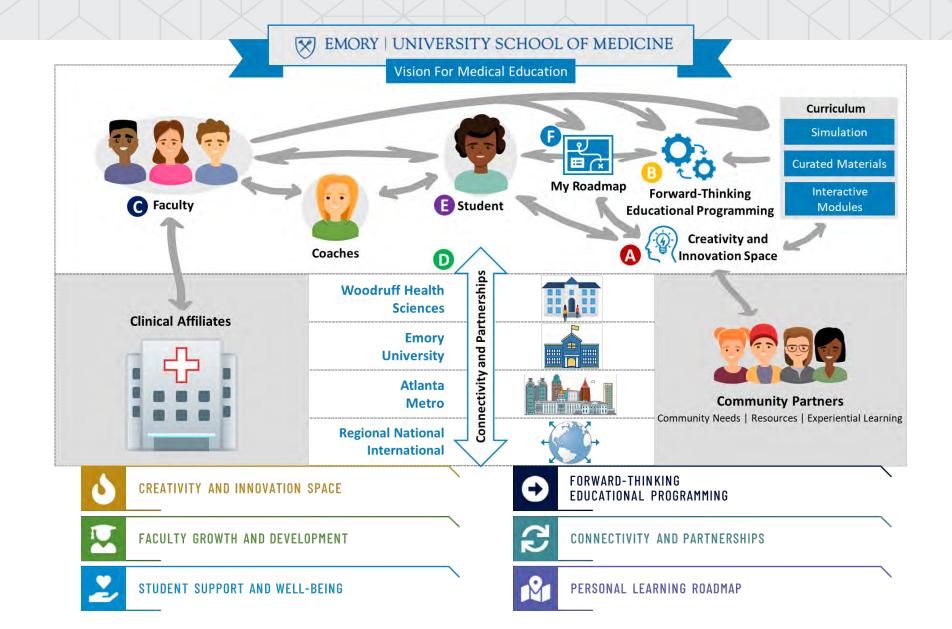


Laney Graduate School

- Graduate Division of Biological and Biomedical Sciences
 - Cancer Biology
 - Genetics and Molecular Biology
 - Immunology and Molecular Pathogenesis
 - Microbiology and Molecular Genetics
 - Molecular and Systems Pharmacology
 - Neuroscience
 - Nutrition and Health Sciences
 - Population Biology, Ecology, and Evolution



MEDICAL EDUCATION STRATEGIC ROADMAP







Graduate Medical Education Emory University School of Medicine





Maria Aaron, MD
Associate Dean of Graduate Medical Education
Professor, Ophthalmology
Emory University School of Medicine



Emory GME





The GME Team

- Maria Aaron, MD, Associate Dean of GME and DIO
- Philip Shayne, MD, Assistant Dean of GME and Associate DIO



Emory GME

- 1350 trainees, 75% are in core programs
- 111 training programs, 25% are core programs
- ~100 non-ACGME fellows in 90 fellowships

- Location: 327 SOM Education Bldg.
- Anonymous Email: <u>http://www.med.emory.edu/gme/housestaff</u> <u>/index.html</u>
- Google "Emory GME anonymous feedback"

Education Leadership Team

- Bill Eley, MD, MPH, Executive Associate Dean of Education
- Marilane Bond, EdD, MBA, Associate Dean of Education
- Assistant Dean of Education at Grady





The GME Team

- Jianli Zhao, Ph.D., Director of GME
- Taiwana Mearidy, M.B.A., Associate Director of GME
- Nancy DeSousa, PhD, MPH, Assistant Director, Multicultural Affairs,
 Learner Diversity Programs for GME
- Janice Harewood, PhD, FSAP GME Psychologist
- Ulemu Luhanga, MSc, MEd, Ph.D., Director, Educational Development and Scholarship











Emory GME

- 1350 trainees, 75% are in core programs
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- Google "Emory GME anonymous feedback"

Overview Emory GME

Administration	ntracts	Policies	Finances
Accreditation	rveys	Site Visits	ACGME Status
Education	U/PS	Prof	Teaching
> Wellness >	ental ealth	Physical Health	Financial Health
Diversity	pport	ecruitment	Outreach Correction Outreach

Hospital Partners



"Emory GME Residency Tracks"



About Education

Research

Clinical Experience

Siving

Directory

Search Q

Home - Education - Graduate Medical Education - Housestaff - Empry Residency Tracks

Emory Residency Tracks

Ethics

This **18-month track** will provide residents and fellows with foundational knowledge and skills to (a) prepare for in-depth contributions to healthcare system ethics committees and ethics consultation services and (b) utilize ethical thinking in clinical care, teaching and scholarship.

Healthcare Management

This **24-month track** will support residents & fellows to gain the knowledge, skills, and methods necessary to: (a) become leaders in healthcare administration; and (b) prepare them for careers that incorporate leadership and administrative responsibilities.

Quality Improvement & Patient Safety

This **24-month track** will support residents to gain the knowledge, skills, and methods

Global Health

This **12-month track** aims to provide the Emory resident or fellow with learning opportunities and a one month clinical rotation in Ethiopia; as well as opportunities to "give back" and provide education and teaching to residents, medical students and other trainees.

Health Equity, Advocacy, & Policy (HEAP)

This **24-month track** will support residents & fellows to gain the knowledge, skills, and methods necessary to: (a) effectively address the social determinants of health and (b) advocate for health policies that address them systemically to further health equity.

Simulation Track

This **12-month track** will support residents to gain the knowledge, skills, and methods necessary to: (a) participate in simulation-based medical education and research; and (b) launch

Medical Education

This **18-month track** will support residents to gain the knowledge, skills, and methods necessary to: (a) become scholarly teachers and (b) prepare them for careers as medical education scholars.

Medical Innovation

This **24-month track** will support Emory residents to gain knowledge, skills, and experience necessary to: (a) recognize and address problems in healthcare which are amenable to engineering, technology, and entrepreneurial approaches and (b) prepare them for careers using innovation to improve the delivery of healthcare. This track is sponsored by Georgia CTSA's Innovation Catalyst and will be open to participation to residents from all graduate clinical education programs within the Georgia CTSA.

"Emory GME Core Curriculum" [MEDICINE



About

Education Research Clinical Experience

Directory

Search Q

Education

Graduate Medical Education

Housestaff . Core Curriculum Roadshow

Core Curriculum Roadshow

Mission Statement

- . To prepare residents and fellows that will emerge from their training programs with a core set of knowledge and skills in Educational Systems and Health Care Systems (i.e., Systems-Based Practice, Professionalism, & Practice-Based Learning and Improvement) needed to work effectively in clinical learning environments.
- To further educate the core faculty to enhance their skills in Educational Systems and Health Care Systems.

Goals

To produce residents, fellows, and faculty who:

- · Are prepared for their roles as teachers, assessors, and supervisors
- · Are experienced in the methods and tools of quality improvement and patient safety
- · Participate in the quality and safety systems of their clinical learning environments

Philosophy

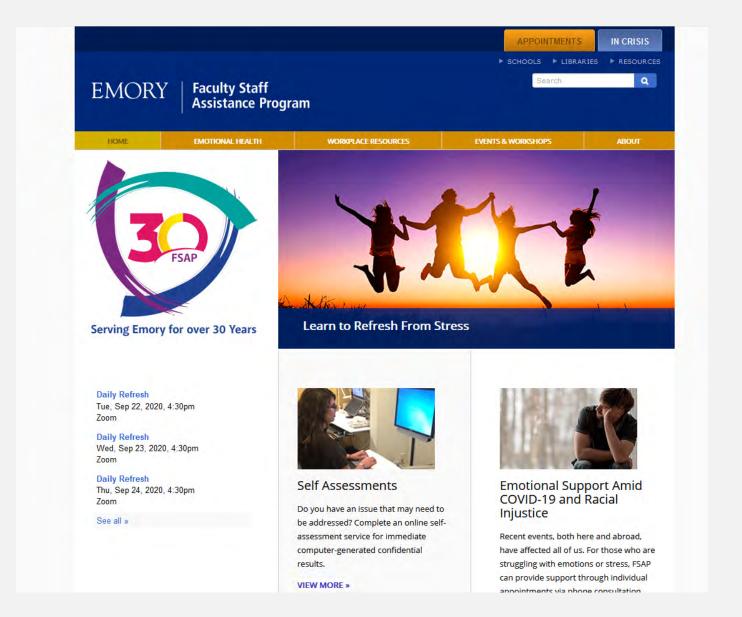


"Emory GME Well"



Crisis	Well being at Emory	Other resources	National Suicide Prevention Lifeline If you are in crisis, please call the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline	Related Media Physician and Medical Student Depression and Suicide Prevention Emory GME Wellness
Faculty Staff Assistance Program (FSAP) 404-727-WELL (404-727-	Healthy Emory Fitness Facilities	GME Benefits GME Medical Plan		
FSAP website	Emory Work Life Resources	GME Gym Access		
FSAP Crisis Resources Online self assessments		Lactation rooms - Emory and Grady	1-800-273-TALK (8255) or contact the Crisis Text	Elloy diff. Willess
Emotional health		- CHOA GME Resources Summary	Line by texting TALK to 741741	
		Emory Employee Discounts		

"Emory FSAP"





Departmental Opportunities

Teach

- Clinical or surgical teaching faculty
- Lectures to residents/fellows

Mentor

- Research projects; Quality improvement project
- Learners; Junior faculty

Lead

- Serve as Program Director or Associate Program Director
- Serve on Departmental Committees:
 - Program Evaluation Committee
 - Clinical Competency Committee

GME Advice



Role Model

Evaluate

Participate

Mentor

Enjoy

Emory GME





Undergraduate Medical Education

Erica Brownfield, MD, FACP, MBA

Professor of Medicine

Associate Dean of Medical Education

Helpful to Know

- Medical education complex system
- Many people, many programs
- Multiple stakeholders
- Working together
- Strategic planning

Helpful to Know

- Many opportunities in education exist just ask
- Multiple pathways
- Education leaders often identified by patient care and role-modeling
- Learners pay attention and provide feedback through many mechanisms
- Helpful to know expectations
- Helpful to know departmental education leaders (vice chair for education, clerkship, program directors – contact them for advice and if learner concerns (early!)
- Don't expect to be financially compensated for education efforts (at first)
- Expect homework with education roles

Advice

- Focus on being a great doctor
- Be a great role model patient care, professionalism
- Build relationships
- Communication is critical
- Get to know your learners and let them get to know you
- Be mindful and intentional about learning environment you are creating
- Set and communicate expectations
- Goal should be to earn respect and trust (not friends)

Advice

- Pay attention direct observation, verbal/non-verbal cues (learners, yourself)
- Give descriptive and truthful feedback and ask for it in return
- Trust your gut instinct speak up, ask for help, reflect
- Continue to be a learner
- Explore opportunities and interests
- Say yes often; you can say no later
- If chosen, do a good job
- Help create/propose a solution
- Find someone you admire and reach out
- It never hurts to ask!

Opportunities

- Bedside teaching in clinical environment (ward attending) for required clerkships and electives
- Outpatient preceptor for M1 students (OPEX)
- Clinical preceptor for Adult Primary Care clerkship
- Electives director
- Teach in many courses, clerkships
- Small Group Advisor (Society System)
- Discovery research mentor
- Committee member
 - Admissions Committee
 - Executive Curriculum Committee
 - Task Forces

Final Thoughts

- Appreciate all education efforts
- Faculty make a profound impact on learners that lasts a lifetime
- EUSOM education community good company to keep
- If you decide education not right path find the path for you
- Fun, rewarding path but not without its challenges
- We are here to help

OPPORTUNITIES for FACULTY INVOLVEMENT Undergraduate (Medical Student) Medical Education



Volunteer for a SOM or Departmental Education Committee:

Curriculum Committee Subcommittees
Medical Education Day Planning Committee
Interviewer for Admissions Committee
Department Committee

Task Forces:

Ad Hoc charged by Executive Curriculum Committee

Discovery Mentor (M3 research)

Small Group Advisor – Application process

M2 or M4 Elective Director

OPEX (Out-Patient Experience) Preceptor for M1/M2 students

Bedside Teaching:

Preceptor in *Essentials of Patient Care* (Pt-Doctor Communication & Physical Exam) Inpatient Ward Attending (one of the most important venues for teaching MD students)

Course/Module/Clerkship Directors

Module teaching: didactics; other sessions (Module Directors select Module faculty)

Clerkship teaching: didactics; skill labs; other sessions (Clerkship Directors select clinical faculty)

Course teaching:

Instructor in Clinical Ethics

Instructor in Essentials of Patient Care (Pt-Doctor Communication & Physical Exam)

Instructor in Community Learning and Social Medicine Course (M1/M2 year)

Instructor in *Integration* (during the clinical clerkship year – Application Phase)

Capstone Course: Selective directors and teachers (Capstone Directors select faculty)

Clinical Academic Advisor – advise 3rd and 4th year students about senior schedules, Residency process (as an additional resource to what is already provided to students through the SOM)

Emory DOCS (*Emory Development of Careers and Specialty Choice*) – advise/assist students about career opportunities

^{**}Speak with your Department's Vice Chair or Leader for Medical Education**

TERMS OF SERVICE, CONTACT PERSON, other INFO

Opportunity	Service Term	Method of Selection	Contact Person if Interested Department Vice Chair for Education or Medical Education Leader or Chair
Curriculum Committee Subcommittees	3-years	Appointed, Elected and Ex-Officio Members	Dr. Erica Brownfield
Medical Education Day Planning Committee	No set term limits	Invited by Committee from interested faculty and staff	Dr. Maha Lund (PA Program)
Admissions Committee	3-years	Appointed and Elected	Dr. Ira Schwartz
Ad Hoc Task Forces charged by the Executive Curriculum Committee	Variable terms set by specific charge to ad hoc group; typically several months	Invited by ECC from interested faculty	Dr. Erica Brownfield
Small Group Advisor	No set term limits	Appointed	Dr. Mary Jo Lechowicz Dr. Ira Schwartz
Discovery Mentor	No set term limits	Invited by Discovery director from interested faculty	Dr. Maureen Powers
Elective course/clinical rotation director	No set term limits	Invited by Electives and Capstone Subcommittee from interested faculty	Dr. Jason Liebzeit
OPEX preceptor	No set term limits	Invited by OPEX director from interested faculty	Dr. Pamela Vohra-Khullar
Emory DOCS (Development of Career and Specialty Choice)	No set term limits	Endorsed by Department	Dr. Mary Dolan
Course/module director	No set term limits	Appointed	Dr. Erica Brownfield Dr. David Schulman
Clerkship director	No set term limits	Appointed	Department Vice Chairs for Education or Chair
Course/module teaching	No set term limits	Invited by course/module directors	Course/module directors
Clerkship teaching	No set term limits	Invited by clerkship directors	Clerkship directors

OPPORTUNITIES for FACULTY INVOLVEMENT Graduate (Resident/Fellow) Medical Education



A. Departmental Opportunities:

Clinical or surgical teaching faculty

Lectures to residents/fellows

Mentor research projects

Be involved in diversity/equity/inclusion or wellness projects

Serve as Program Director or Associate Program Director

Serve on Departmental Education Committees:

- Program Evaluation Committee
- Clinical Competency Committee

B. GME Opportunities

- Core Curriculum Roadshow
 http://med.emory.edu/gme/housestaff/curriculum_roadshow1/index.html
 - Patient Safety
 - Adverse Events & Near Misses
 - Quality Improvement
 - Care Transitions
 - Professionalism
 - Physician Well-Being
 - Clinical Teaching
 - Assessment
 - Recognizing & Assisting the Struggling Student
- Residency Tracks
 - Global Health, Ethics, Quality Improvement/Patient Safety
 - Medical Education, Hospital Administrative
 - Biomedical Innovation, Simulation
- Wellness Initiatives
- · Diversity, Equity, Inclusion Initiatives

Growing as an Educator at Emory

Nathan Spell, MD
Associate Dean for Education and Professional
Development

Woodruff Health Educators Academy

- Need for community-building for educators
- Fill gaps in Emory portfolio of professional development opportunities
 - Especially education research and scholarly approach to teaching and learning
- Recognizing that these same needs exist across WHSC
- Increase reward for faculty by enhancing recognition and academic advancement as educators

EMORY | WOODRUFF HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER



Mission

• To bring together educators across the health sciences at Emory to promote and support the practice and scholarship of teaching and learning.

Vision

 To foster an interprofessional community of educators across the health sciences at Emory

WHEA Fellowship in Education Scholarship

- AAMC MERC Program (Medical Education Research Certificate) – 2nd cohort of participants under way
- 18 month program
 - 9 workshops over 9 months
 - Mentored project working groups to support application of learning to project
 - Report on scholarly project at end of program
- Directed by Linda Lewin, MD and Ulemu Luhanga, MSc, MEd, PhD

WHEA Teaching Fellowship

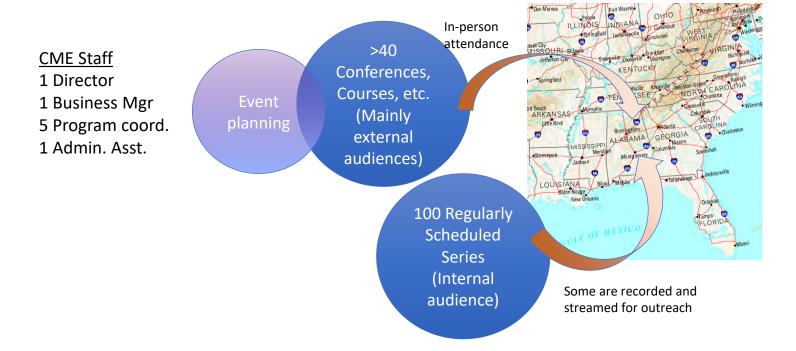
- 12-month program of workshops, 3rd cohort underway (applications have closed for spring)
- Capstone project
- For those wishing to position themselves for formal roles in education
- Directed by Ulemu Luhanga, MSc, MEd, PhD and Taryn Taylor, MD

Other WHEA activities

- Interprofessional Education Journal Club
 - 4th Thursday each month at noon
- WHEA Teaching Pathways under development
 - Self-paced personal development as educator
- Education Salons
 - Social/networking event with guest speaker
- Educators podcast (under development)
- SIGN UP FOR THE WHEA LISTSERV

Continuing Medical Education

EUSOM is accredited by the Accreditation Council on Continuing Medical Education as a provider of CME, and we work with the School of Nursing to provide nursing credits for applicable activities.



Maintenance of Certification Portfolio Sponsor

- Emory Univ. School of Medicine is certified by the ABMS
- Can grant part 4 MOC for QI projects
- Projects can be interdisciplinary
- Contact Dr. Nate Spell <u>nspell@emory.edu</u> or Shirley Miller <u>smill25@emory.edu</u>



Shaping the learning environment





The Cure for Vanishing Feedback in Medicine:

Overcoming Negativity Bias and becoming a Doctor-Coach

MICHAEL GREENWALD, MD, FAAP

ASSOC PROF PEDIATRICS & EMERGENCY MEDICINE

EMORY UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

LISA BERNSTEIN, MD, FACP

PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE

EMORY UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

Financial Disclosures

External Industry Relationships *	Company Name	Role
Equity, stock, or options in biomedical industry companies or publishers	None	
Board of Directors or officer	None	
Royalties from Emory or from external entity	None	
Industry funds to Emory for my research	None	
Other	None	

Objectives for this WORKSHOP

Compare & Contrast	Formative vs Summative Feedback	
Define	Negativity Bias	
List	5 key components to an effective feedback session	
Describe	how a "coach's" approach can address some of the impediments to effective feedback	

The big

Outline for Today

- I. Define Feedback
- II. Describe the <u>importance</u> of effective feedback
- III. Analyze challenges of providing effective feedback
- IV. Review some models of giving & receiving feedback



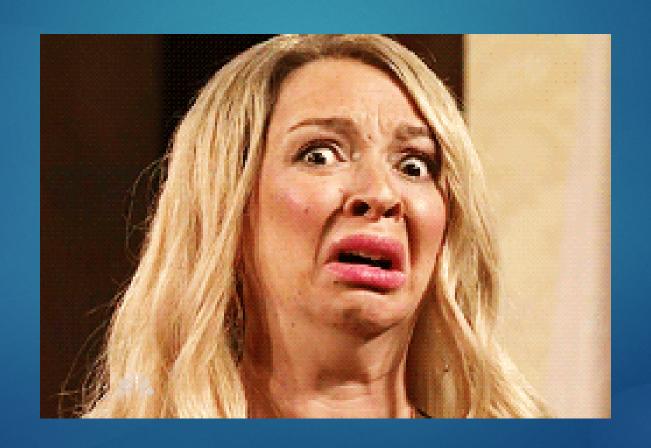


You are giving and receiving feedback all of the time





"I want to give you some feedback"



I. What IS Feedback?

Communication of one person's observation of morality



Morality? I thought this was a medical talk

Morality: the differentiation of intentions, decisions and actions between those that are distinguished as proper and those that are improper

The Righteous Mind: Why Good People are Divided by Politics & Religion by J Haidt

- Morality is based more on intuition than rationality
- The strongest aspects of morality pertain to fairness and harm
- Morality binds and blinds us

How does the concept of Morality help us understand the practice of Feedback in Medicine?

When we <u>offer</u> feedback in medicine:

- Reflects the values of the perceiver
- Should reflect standardized values
- May improve medical care
- Could perpetuate or worsen medical practices, relationships



Feedback (in Medical Education) Defined

- The process by which a (teacher)
- **collects data by observation**,
- compares (learner) performance to a standard, and provides (the learner with) information about their performance
- For the <u>purpose of improving their</u> <u>performance</u>

Effective Feedback?

Excellent resident

Great with patients

Clearly demonstrates proficiency

I enjoyed working with this trainee

Very professional attitude and approach

Exemplary professionalism



Effective feedback?









3 Types of Feedback

- ► APPRECIATION: to acknowledge, give credit or thank
- COACHING (FORMATIVE): to help the receiver fine-tune skills, tweak understanding increase knowledge, improve
- **EVALUATION (SUMMATIVE)**: to score against expectations

Stone, Douglas and Sheila Heen. Thanks for the Feedback: The Science and Art of Receiving Feedback Well. New York: Penguin Books, 2014.

Types of Feedback

Formative (aka "Feedback")

- Information
- Provided during the experience
- Describes specific performance
- Intent:
 - Guide future performance
 - Facilitate improvement

Summative (aka "Evaluation")

- Judgment
- Provided at the end
- Degree to which they met set standards
- Intent: provide (record) outcomes of a period of time

Feedback (in Medical Education)

- The process by which a (teacher)
- collects data by observation,
- compares (learner) performance to a standard, and provides (the learner with) information about their performance
- For the <u>purpose of improving their</u> <u>performance</u>

II. How Important is Effective Feedback?

What are the benefits of giving feedback?

What are the benefits of receiving feedback?

Benefits of **Giving Feedback**

Address issues or reinforce behavior in real time...makes your life easier

Avoids kicking the problem down the road

Importance of Receiving Feedback: Learning & Growth

Receiver can draw value out of any feedback – goal is to improve

Building resilience: Getting better at receiving feedback reduces stress

Feedback is learning something about yourself that maybe you did not appreciate or understand before

Feedback IS Essential to Learning Evidence in the literature

- Effective feedback has positive impact on academic development of learners
- Feedback is <u>crucial</u> to knowledge and technical skill
- Compliments <u>do not</u> improve technical skill

Rogers, DA et al. Engaging medical students in the feedback process. Am J of Surg 2012;203:21-25.

Paritosh, K. Effective feedback strategies for teaching in pediatric and adolescent gynecology. *J Pediatr Adolesc Gynecol.* 2014; 27: 188-193

Shute, V. Focus on formative feedback. Rev of Educ Rsch. 2008;78(1):153-189.

Sinclair HK, Cleland JA Undergraduate Medical students: who seeks formative feedback? *Med Educ* 2007;41:580-582.

Evidence on frequency & quality of feedback

- Feedback in clinical training judged inadequate in frequency and quality
- Learners are dissatisfied with feedback received

Ende, J. Feedback in clinical medical education. *J Amer Med Assoc* 1983;250:777-781. Boehler,ML et al. An investigation of medical student reactions to feedback: a randomised controlled trial. *Med Educ* 2006:40:746-749

Rudolph, JW, Simon R, Raemer DB et al. Debriefing as formative assessment: closing performance gaps in medical education. *Acad Emer Med* 2008;15:1110-16.

Prystowsky JB, Darosa, DA. A learning prescription permits feedback on feedback. Am J Surg 2003; 185:264-267.

Harvey P, Radomski N, O'Connor D. Written feedback and continuity of learning in a geographically distributed medical education program. *Med Teach* 2013;35:1009-1013

Evidence on frequency & quality of feedback

- Residents don't find it useful or take it seriously
 - Lack of specificity, clear performance standards or timeliness
 - Inadequate observation, lack of clarity about performance standards, nonspecific feedback

III. What is so difficult about giving/receiving Feedback?



Feedback Inhibitors

- Need standards of competence
- ▶ (Perceived) Time constraints
- Receptiveness to feedback
- Hurt feelings
- Damage reputation
- Damage relationship

"Vanishing Feedback" - > Feedback Phobia Pandemic

Negativity Bias

Even when of equal intensity – things of a more negative nature (unpleasant thoughts, emotions, social interactions) have a greater effect on one's psychological state

Negative feedback leads to a greater emotional reaction than positive feedback



Biases in feedback

Adjectives for Female students:

- Energetic
- Cheerful
- Lovely
- Wonderful
- Fabulous
- Efficient
- Compassionate
- Comprehensive

Adjectives for Male Students:

- Respectful
- Considerate
- Good
- Humble
- Relevant

Rojek A et al Study of 90K narrative evals for 3rd year clerkships @ UCSF and Brown U (2006-16) identified 37 descriptive words applied differently by gender and URM:

Biases in feedback

Adjectives for **URM** students:

- Pleasant
- Open
- Nice

Adjectives for non-URM students:

- Enthusiastic
- Sharp
- Bright
- Mature
- Sophisticated
- Outstanding
- Impressive
- Advanced

Rojek A et al Study of 90K narrative evals for 3rd year clerkships @ UCSF and Brown U (2006-16) identified 37 descriptive words applied differently by gender and URM:

IV. Models & Strategies for Giving/Receiving Feedback

- Memorable models: The Feedback Sandwiches
- Strategic Identity
 Change: Coach, not Critic (or Clinician)
- Learning to Receive: S.I.F.T.

Models in Feedback: the Classic



Feedback Model 2.0:

Gourmet Sandwich



Ask

Tell

Ask

Learner as active participant

- Report observations (positive & negative)
- Relate to shared goals

- Generate ideas together
- Gauge acceptance
- Commit to shared follow-up

ASK #1:

Questions for Self-Assessment

- ► Where were they most successful?
- How can knowledge/skill expand?
 What skills need to be fine-tuned?
- How can experience inform decision-making?
- What needs to change/stay to be successful?

Stone, Douglas and Sheila Heen. Thanks for the Feedback: The Science and Art of Receiving Feedback Well. New York: Penguin Books, 2014.

TELL: Feedback should be...

- Expected
- ► Well-timed, in an appropriate setting
- Limited in scope
- Based on first-hand data
- Limited to <u>remediable</u> behaviors and <u>specific</u> performances
- Phrased in nonjudgmental language

TELL what you have observed: R.E.P.P.

Explore > Relate Partner Plan Explore Try to Identify Focus on reactions shared identify the future: with the goals Specify recipient what you want them to start, stop, and continue doing...a nd **FOLLOW** UP

ASK #2: Collaborative

- Explore understanding
- Generate ideas together
- Gauge acceptance
- Commit to shared follow-up

Key Aspects of Giving Feedback

- ► Try to identify with the recipient
- ► Honesty: explain the reason for the feedback
- ► Focus on the future: What can your learner/team member do to move forward?
- Remain objective
- Pay attention to your facial expressions

Redefine Yourself as a Coach:



How do good coaches make their players/teams better?

Teacher as Coach

Knows the team
Demonstrates skills
Role Models desired behavior
Supports team members
Motivates: Push & Inspire



Focus on Essentials
Identify Next Step in Development
Repetitive Practice
Ongoing Assessment

Dudas RA and Bannister SL. It's not just what you know: the non-cognitive attributes of great clinical teachers. *Pediatrics* 2014;134;852

Tips on How to Receive Feedback

Shanita Williams Feedback Mentality

- S.I.F.T. through the feedback to choose what to accept/adopt
 - Source
 - Impact
 - Frequency
 - Trends

https://www.npr.org/2021/08/24/1030659507/receiving-feedback-doesnt-have-to-be-scary-heres-how-you-can-get-most-out-of-it

Tips on How to Receive Feedback

Shanita Williams Feedback Mentality

- Slow Down & Digest/Investigate
 - begin with low stakes questions: (What could I do differently?)
- Keep yourself OPEN
 - Observe the Problem and your emotional reaction
 - Express thanks and understanding
 - Decide your Next steps
- https://www.npr.org/2021/08/24/1030659507/receiving-feedback-doesnt-have-to-be-scary-heres-how-you-can-get-most-out-of-it

Time to Practice



Dilemma #1

- You are teaching in the clinical setting and notice that when you are bedside, one of your learners is pulling out his/her phone and looking at it. You find this disrespectful as you are taking time out to teach and you have even noticed patients taking note of this behavior.
- **▶** Give the learner some feedback.

Dilemma #2

- ➤ Your learner is very smart and capable but gives you pushback if you give him/her any constructive feedback. He/She has been rude to other providers/consultants and flippant about patients.
- ► Give your learner some feedback

Role Play Debrief

Observations of the "teacher" Observations of the "learner"

Advanced Concepts





Crucial to diagnose "frames" (thought processes that drive actions)



Feedback by phase

Early learners: Directive

feedback

More advanced/Faculty: Facilitative feedback

Paritosh, K. Effective feedback strategies for teaching in pediatric and adolescent gynecology. *J Pediatr Adolesc Gynecol*. 2014; 27: 188-193 Rudolph, J & Raemer D. We know what they did wrong but not why: the case for "frame-based feedback". The Clin Teacher 2013:10:186-189.

What if they are defensive?

- Control your emotions
- Don't fall into argument-mode trap
- Focus on the behavior not the person/personality
- Be specific: "This was observed"
- Make sure it is proximate to the event



What if they are defensive?

- Include shared goals
- Let them know you recognize their strengths
- Specify desired future performance
- Listen to them and elicit clarification



The Power of PEER Feedback

Self- Improvement	Learning from our peers
To give is to receive	Get better at PROVIDING feedback
Facts	Use hard evidence
Depersonalize	Approach from perspective of curiosity
Honesty	Share information
Coping skills	Handle emotions



The Power of POSITIVE Feedback





Generates a sense of accomplishment and motivation



Call out team members for their strengths when you see them in the moment



Be specific!



Your advice for improvement is better received if they are convinced you care and value them

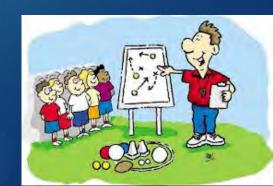


SUMMARY: EFFECTIVE FEEDBACK IS...

- Given to improve learner's performance
- Expected
- Well-timed
- Specific
- Limited: quantity, remediable behaviors
- Collaborative: ASK-TELL-ASK

SUMMARY: Strategies to improve feedback

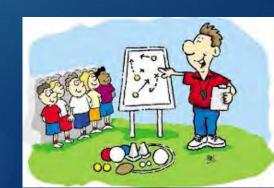
- Create a CULTURE OF FEEDBACK
- Incorporate it into your routine
- Think of it as individualized Coaching (share a common goal)
- Don't assume intentions/interpretations
- Make is FAST: Frequent, Accurate, Specific, Timely



SUMMARY: Strategies to improve feedback

- Know the WHY
- Be Specific and Direct
- Question your biases
- Consider/respect power dynamics
- Make it a dialogue

https://www.npr.org/2021/08/20/1029652315/5-tips-to-help-you-give-good-feedback



WHAT IS ONE CHANGE YOU ARE GOING TO MAKE IN GIVING FEEDBACK?





Thank You!