



This revolutionary product answers a growing demand for easy cooking solutions.

It combines traditional pressure cooking methods with efficient microwave cooking; ensuring even heat distribution, improved food color, and fast cooking times.

Think of it as your slow cooker for the microwave, **only MUCH FASTER!**









All about convenience...



WOW demo at the party

Recipes are very quick to prepare allowing you to demo other products while the food cooks in the microwave.

Recipe results are impressive!

Great for meat, stews, legumes and dense vegetables.

Save money by using inexpensive cuts of meat with **fabulous results.** Because food is cooked quicker, the Pressure Cooker also **saves energy!**

Save time during the week

Prep meals the day before & cook in microwave later; there is no need to stir during the cooking process.

Note: It takes 8–10 minutes for the pressure to fully build. Therefore **anything that cooks in less than 8–10 minutes**, like delicate vegetables & fish, are **better suited for your TupperWave® Stack Cooker or Tupperware® SmartSteamer**.



How it works

what is pressure cooking?

Pressure cooking is the process of cooking food, using water or other cooking liquids, in a sealed vessel—known as a pressure cooker, which **does not permit air or liquids to escape below a pre-set pressure (8psi).** The increased pressure raises the boiling point of water (from 212° F /100° C to 235° F /112° C), **creating superheated water**.

why does it cook faster and better than other, conventional methods?

Pressure cookers heat food quickly because the internal steam pressure from the boiling liquid causes **saturated steam** to **bombard and permeate the food.**

Higher temperature steam (i.e., increased energy), which transfers heat more rapidly compared to dry air, cooks food very quickly. Pressure cookers also greatly reduce the amount of energy used to cook a dish as the water is not boiling for a long period. Once the target temperature is reached, the only heat lost is through the surface of the pot or any venting that occurs. It is an extremely energy-efficient method of cooking.



How it works

Microwaves

Cause the water to boil at 235° F/112° C, creating high-temperature steam.

The **steam builds up** as it cannot escape until the **pressure** reaches 8psi, and **creates saturated steam**.

Saturated steam, combined with microwaves quickly cooks, while extracting more flavor and tenderizing meats.

Cook the ingredients in the container.

As soon as pressure goes slightly over 8psi, steam is released through valves and pressure goes back to 8psi.

Results

Cooking times are drastically reduced from other, conventional methods.

Flavors are enhanced.

For instance, a pot roast only takes 30 minutes to cook perfectly versus hours in an oven.



What makes ours the best on the market? A unique material PLUS four fail=proof safety features



A unique & revolutionary material, developed by Tupperware, the PressureTherm™ Material ensures that the Pressure Cooker can withstand pressure up to 12 psi, while being regulated at 8psi, and keeping temperature to 235°F /112°C.



If the **Pressure Indicator with Valve** is blocked and pressure exceeds a certain level, then it **will automatically pop out to prevent build up of too much pressure**.



If the **Pressure Regulator Valve** is blocked and pressure exceeds a certain level, then it **will automatically pop out to prevent build up of too much pressure**.



A hole underneath the Handle Lock allows any remaining pressure to escape as you open it. Patented



Unique fail-proof Silicone Gasket took 50 design iterations to ensure that excess pressure in the container would cause the Silicone Gasket to collapse into the container, releasing all pressure at once.





of basic uses



Innovative design:



Promote good air and microwaves circulation for even cooking and avoid condensation when set on a table.



Quick safety checks before each use:





Make sure that nothing is blocking the Pressure Indicator Valve and the Pressure Regulator Valve. If valves are not clean, pressure may not be released from them.

Also, make sure that you have assembled the valves properly. Failure may cause the valves to

pop out during cooking and for the content of your Pressure Cooker to spit out onto your microwave - please refer to the "How to Add Valves to Cover" page for detailed instructions.



Make sure that the hole underneath the Handle Lock is not blocked.



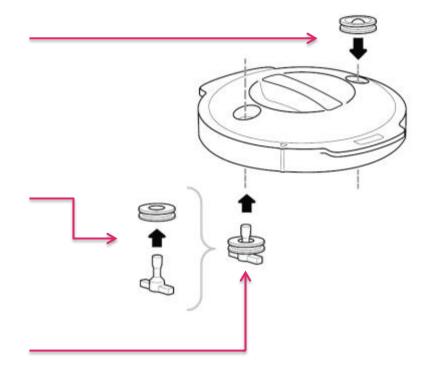
Make sure the Silicone Gasket is clean of any foreign body to ensure it properly seals the Pressure Cooker. Without the gasket properly functioning, no pressure will build.

Please note that the discoloration & pitting that may appear in the Microwave Pressure Cooker Base after use do not affect the high performance of the product, nor its safety for food contact in any way.



How to add Valves to Cover:

- 1. Place the **Pressure Regulator Valve** on top of either one of the openings in the cover. Then press down until inserted into the opening, verifying that it's well-placed from both sides of the cover.
- 2. Insert the Pressure Indicator into the opening of the Pressure Indicator Valve.
- 3. Take the Pressure Indicator Valve with Pressure Indicator with the circular head facing up and assemble it into the other opening in the cover. It is very important to do this assembly from the underside of the cover and that the rounded head of the Pressure Indicator faces outward on the top of the cover; failure to do so may cause malfunctioning of the Pressure Indicator Valve.



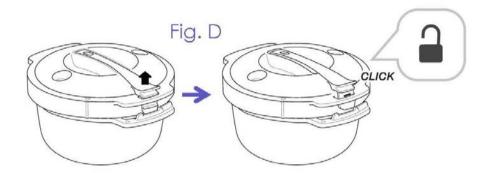
Note:

- To disassemble both valves, just push down with one finger until the valve or valve with indicator falls out. Take care to do this away from a sink as the valves and components are small.
- To disassemble the Pressure Indicator, simply push down with one finger on the rounded head until the indicator pops out.

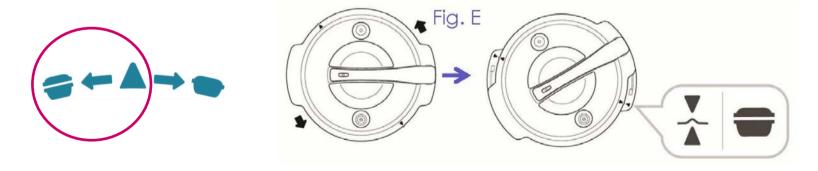


How to open:

1. Lift the Handle Lock by its tab (at the end of the handle) until you hear a click (fig. D).



2. Turn the cover counter clockwise, until arrows on the cover & base are aligned (fig. E).



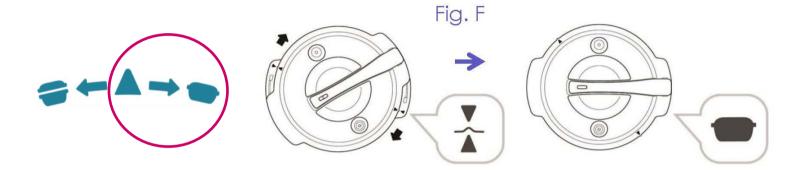
3. Remove the cover. Either hold the cover by its side handles or by the handle integrated in the center of the cover.

Never use the safety lock handle to turn the cover as it may lead to breakage.

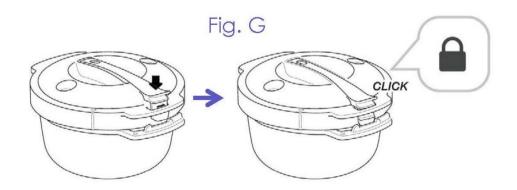


How to close:

1. Match up the arrows on the cover to the arrows on the base (fig. F).



- **Turn the cover clockwise**, until side handles of the cover & the base are aligned (fig. F). If you feel excessive resistance, ensure that the silicone cover gasket is positioned correctly inside the cover rim.
- 3. Push down the Handle Lock to lock the Microwave Pressure Cooker until you hear a click (fig. G).





What the pictograms mean:



Do NOT over fill – respect the fill line.



Do not cook without adequate fluids or the Pressure Cooker will be damaged.



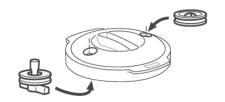
Do not cook for more than 30 minutes at one time.



The Microwave Pressure Cooker is certified for a maximum use of 900 watts



Do NOT run under water when still hot. It may cause your Pressure Cooker to crack.



Check before use to ensure the Removable Pressure Regulator Valve and Pressure Indicator Valve are clean and not blocked with foreign objects such as food particles.



How to cook:

- **1. Prepare** your ingredients
- 2. Place your ingredients in the Microwave Pressure Cooker Base
- 3. Close & Lock
- 4. Place the Microwave Pressure Cooker in the microwave and cook, according to recipe.
- 5. Respect standing time after cook, as indicated in recipe
- 6. Once the Pressure Indicator Valve has fully lowered, open the Microwave Pressure Cooker
- 7. Simply enjoy delicious food!



Tips for better results

Cover all ingredients with liquid. Food not covered in liquid that is exposed to both microwaves and pressure for a long period of time will become too tough to eat.

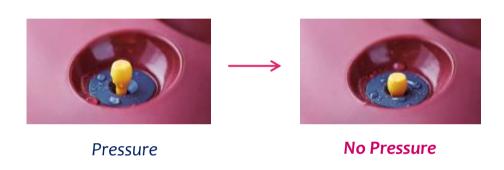
Don't fill above the Max Fill line. If your pressure cooker is too full it won't be able to come to pressure.

⇒ Tip – if the cut of meat you are using is shaped in such a way that it makes covering it with liquid impossible without going above the Max Fill line, cut it so that it is submerged and the liquid doesn't rise about the fill line.

Cooking ingredients with starch. If you are cooking anything with starch – like risotto – rinse the grains until the water runs clear; this helps reduce the starch on the grains. It also helps prevent clogging of the gaskets.



When to open after cooking?



The **Pressure Indicator** with **Pressure Indicator Valve** show when there is pressure inside the Micro Pressure Cooker (up). You can easily know when the pressure has subsided inside the Cooker (down) and then it's safe to open the Microwave Pressure Cooker.





Quick cooking chart reference:

Meat, poultry & fish	Quantity/Basic Instruction	Liquid	Cooking Time
Sausage links	4-5 links	2-3 cups	10-15 minutes
Chicken Breasts	boneless; skinless 2 lbs	2-3 cups	12-20 minutes
Whole Chicken	3-4 lbs.	until submerged 3-4 cups	20-30 minutes
Chicken Thighs	2 lb. boneless	until submerged	10-15 minutes
Chicken Wings	to make crispy; broil in oven afterwards	until submerged	10-15 minutes
Pork Tenderloin	2-3 lb.	2-3 cups	10-15 minutes
Pork Loin	3-4 lb.	3-4 cups	12-18 minutes
Pork Butt	2-3 lb.; cut in half, boneless	2-4 cups	30 minutes
Flank steak	1.5-2 lb.	2-3 cups	30 minutes
Chuck roast	1.5-2 lb.	2-3 cups	25-30 minutes
Eye round or rump roast	3 lb.; trim as necessary to submerge	3 cups	15-30 minutes depending on desired doneness and size of the cut
Ground beef/chicken/pork/turkey	1 lb.	2 cups	10-15 minutes
Turkey breast	2 1/2 lb. boneless	3-4 cups	15-20 minutes
Salmon filet	2 6 oz. filets	coated; 1-2 cups	6-10 minutes
Vegetables ▼	Quantity/Basic Instruction	_	Cooking Time
Dried Beans	Soak overnight; quick soak 12-16 oz.	max fill line	30 minutes
Lentils	1 1/2 cups	2 cups	18-25 minutes
Beets	peeled & thick slice	until mostly covered	10 minutes
Carrots	peeled & cut in 2" pieces	until mostly covered	5-10 minutes
Red potatoes	1-2 lbs. unpeeled, medium, whole	3-4 cups	15-25 minutes depending on desired doneness
Corn on the Cob	shucked, 4 ears	1 cup; until mostly covered	8-10 minutes
Artichoke	1 trimmed	4-6 cups, mostly covered	12-18 minutes
Grains & Pasta	Quantity/Basic Instruction	Liquid	Cooking Time
Arborio Rice	1 cup; rinsed	2 1/4 cup	12-20 minutes
Pasta	elbow or bowtie; 8 oz.	3-4 cups	10-20 minutes depending on desired doneness
Russet Potatoes	4-5 peeled	2-3 cups	15-25 minutes
Soups & Stews	broth based	max fill line	20-30 minutes
White rice converted (parboiled)	2 cups	3 1/2 cups	15 minutes
Quinoa	1 cup; rinsed	2 1/3 cup	10-15 minutes
Fruits	Quantity/Basic Instruction	Liquid	Cooking Time
Pears	2; peeled & halved	1-2 cups	10 minutes



Date Me cards









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16 additional recipes...



Chicken Curry



Lentil Sloppy Joes



Pork Tenderloin with Raisin Cream Sauce



Summer Poached Pears



16 additional recipes...



Cajun Red Beans



OJ Beet Salad



Chicken Orzo Soup



Black Bean Soup



Cheeseburger Pasta



Beef & Broccoli



16 additional recipes...



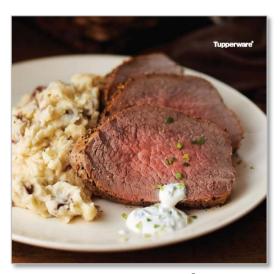
Shredded Chicken Nachos



Pulled Pork Sandwich



Chicken Parmesan Meatballs



Roast Beef



Sausage & Peppers



Apricot Chutney

