2016



EDITION

PREPARING TAX RETURNS FOR CLERGY

Federal, state, and other reporting made easy.



by Dan Busby Michael Martin John Van Drunen



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This publication is designed to provide accurate and authoritative information regarding the subject matter covered. The text has been significantly excerpted from the *Zondervan Minister's Tax & Financial Guide*, 2016 edition. It is distributed with the understanding that neither the publisher nor the authors are engaged in rendering legal, accounting, or other professional services. If legal advice or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional person should be sought.

Every effort has been made to make the materials in this text current as of the date of publication. Federal tax law, however, is subject to change. Congress can modify the law as it has on numerous occasions over the years. Also, court decisions and IRS rulings can significantly affect the application of federal tax laws. Such changes may affect the accuracy of this publication.

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Recent Developments

Clergy continue to be faced with a plethora of tax and finance developments. A summary of some of the more significant developments follow (see the "In the News" link at ECFA.org for current updates on these issues and much more):

Health care reform. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA), passed by Congress in 2010, overhauled the nation's health care industry and has brought with it numerous changes to the tax code. The following is a summary of major ACA provisions directly impacting clergy:

- Individual responsibility provision ("individual mandate"). As of January 1, 2014, most ministers were required to maintain "minimum essential" health care coverage as defined by the law or be subject to a penalty tax known as the individual shared responsibility payment. For 2016, this penalty is the greater of (1) a flat rate of \$695 per adult and \$347.50 per child (up to \$2,085 for a family), or (2) 2.5% of household income, whichever is greater. The penalty is calculated based on the number of months in the year that the taxpayer is without the required coverage, and a taxpayer will not be penalized for a single gap in coverage less than three months. Individual shared responsibility payments are made along with the filing of federal income tax returns. Most ministers can avoid these penalties by obtaining health care coverage through their employer's plan or purchasing "Bronze" level coverage through a government exchange (or equivalent coverage through a private insurer).
- Health FSAs limits. Health FSAs have traditionally been subject to a "use-or-lose" rule, under which employees must forfeit any remaining FSA amounts that are not used up during the plan year. Additionally, beginning in 2013, health FSAs became subject to a \$2,500 annual limit indexed for inflation under changes brought by health care reform (\$2,550 limit for 2015 and 2016). Employers sponsoring health FSAs have the option of amending their written plans to allow employees to carry over up to \$500 of unused amounts remaining at the end of a plan year to the immediately following plan year, subject to certain limitations. The carryover does not otherwise affect the annual limit on FSAs.

Church payments or reimbursements of employee healthcare-related expenses. By now, most smaller churches across America are probably aware they are exempt from the employer mandate of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) because they have fewer than 50 full-time equivalent employees (FTEs). That's the good news.

The bad news: Without even knowing it, many churches may be subjecting themselves to penalties of up to \$100 per employee, per day, per violation for making voluntary healthcare payments on behalf of employees (i.e., for individual policy premiums or for other out-of-pocket medical costs) that do not comply with ACA market reforms. These onerous penalties became effective for health plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, so care must be taken now to understand and follow the existing guidance.

Background. For decades, it has been the common practice of many smaller churches and ministries that are unable to offer group health insurance coverage to assist employees with the cost of their individual health insurance coverage and/or other out-of-pocket medical expenses. Employers would pay these costs directly on behalf of employees or provide employees with reimbursements after incurring the expenses. If certain formalities were followed, generally these arrangements were blessed by the IRS and even allowed on a tax-free basis for employees.

¹ Or less than 100 FTEs through 2015.

That all changed recently as the result of the issuance of certain guidance relating to the ACA market reforms. When the ACA guidance was initially issued related to reimbursements,² it was clear that the tax-free reimbursement of individual healthcare insurance premiums would trigger an excise tax of \$100 per employee, per day, per violation. However, many people interpreted the initial guidance as permitting the employer to avoid ACA excise tax problems if they reimbursed the individual healthcare insurance premiums on a post-tax basis.

A year later, the government issued additional guidance³ clarifying (changing its position) that an employer is not permitted to reimburse individual healthcare insurance premiums on either a pre- or post-tax basis. That means employers who adjusted their practices to align with the initial guidance by paying after-tax reimbursements should discontinue these payments or reimbursements on either a pre- or post-tax basis to avoid excise tax liability.

• Excise tax liability. Smaller churches are most likely to be impacted by these penalties. This is because churches with 100 or more full-time equivalent employees (FTEs) are subject to the ACA mandate to provide qualified group coverage to employees beginning with their 2015 health plan year. Similarly, churches with 50 or more FTEs who qualify for the employer mandate transition relief for 2015 must provide group health coverage beginning in 2016.

For more information, see the 5 Roads for Healthcare Reimbursement by Churches and Ministries on the ECFA website.

• Note on limited transition relief in 2015. In February 2015, the IRS issued Notice 2015-17 providing limited transition relief to certain smaller employers from the ACA market reform excise tax penalties until June 30, 2015. The transition relief only applied to organizations with fewer than 50 FTEs. While payments or reimbursements for the cost of employees' individual health insurance policy premiums were entitled to relief, other forms of noncompliant health-care payments or reimbursements (e.g., out-of-pocket medical expense reimbursements under a stand-alone health reimbursement arrangement (HRA)) were still subject to excise tax penalties. Organizations that qualified for the transition relief rules in IRS Notice 2015-17 need not file Form 8928 to self-report violations for noncompliant payments or reimbursements made in 2014 or for the first half of 2015 (through June 30, 2015).

Description of Payment/Reimbursement Arrangement:	Penalties waived until 6/30/15?
Employer with 50 or more FTEs	No
Employer with fewer than 50 FTEs that paid/reimbursed the cost of individual health insurance policy premiums for employees	Yes
Employer with fewer than 50 FTEs that paid/reimbursed health care expenses other than individual health insurance policy premiums	No

² IRS Notice 2013-54 published on September 13, 2013.

³ "FAQs about Affordable Care Act Implementation (Part XXII)" prepared jointly by the Departments of Labor (DOL), Health and Human Services (HHS), and the Treasury published on November 6, 2014.

Department of Labor's proposed overtime regulations. The U.S. Department of Labor's (DOL) proposed changes to its overtime regulations that could significantly impact employers across the country including thousands of churches.

Perhaps the most significant aspect of the proposed rules is the increase of the salary threshold for exempt workers from \$23,660 to \$50,440 per year (which equals the 40th percentile of wages for full-time salaried workers). This means that exemption from overtime rules would require salaried workers to earn at least \$50,440, in addition to meeting one of the existing white collar duties tests (executive, administrative, professional, outside sales, and certain computer employers). This threshold would be adjusted annually, based on either a fixed percentile of wages or the consumer price index (the DOL has invited comment on which adjustment method would be the most appropriate). The salary threshold for exemption of highly compensated employees also increased, from \$100,000 to \$122,148.

According to church law expert Richard Hammar⁴, the official position of the Department of Labor appears to be that "clergy are not subject to the minimum wage and overtime pay requirements of the FLSA no matter how little they earn." Additionally, based on federal court precedent, the "ministerial exception" doctrine may bar application of the overtime rules to the employment relationship between churches and their ministers. Based on this analysis, these changes to the overtime rules have the greatest potential to impact the budgets of churches with non-ministerial employees who work more than 40 hours per week and are compensated below the new annual threshold of \$50,440.

The DOL will prepare a final version of the regulations and determine an effective date—expected to be mid-2016. In the meantime, churches should contact their legal counsel for advice on how to prepare for the potential impact of these rules on their organizations.

Court challenge to clergy housing exclusion. The U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit issued an important decision in Freedom From Religion Foundation v. Lew, concluding that the federal tax code provision that treats church-provided housing allowances to ministers as income tax-free must stand.

In doing so, the appeals court overturned a previous decision by a lower district court in favor of the atheist group, Freedom From Religion Foundation (FFRF). The district court had found that the exclusion is an unconstitutional benefit in favor of religious groups.

Before the Seventh Circuit could even analyze the constitutionality of the law, it first decided it had to dismiss the case on the procedural ground of standing. The court determined that FFRF and its leaders were not proper parties to challenge the law in federal court because they had not suffered any concrete, personal injury—a critical element to establish standing.

It is unclear whether FFRF will mount another challenge on this issue.

⁴ Church Law & Tax Report, Sept./Oct. 2015.

Key Federal	Tax Limits, Ro	ate	es, and Other D	ata
	2014		2015	2016
Standard deductions, exemptions	, and exclusions:			
Standard Deductions	Married-Joint Return \$12,4	,400	Married-Joint Return \$12,600	Married-Joint Return \$12,60
	Head of Household 9,1	,100	Head of Household 9,250	Head of Household 9,30
		,200	Single 6,300	Single 6,30
	•		Married-Separate Returns 6,300	-
Personal & dependent exemption amount		,950	\$4,000	\$4,05
Foreign earned income exclusion	\$99,5	,200	\$100,800	\$101,30
Social security:				
	1	5.3%	15.3%	15.3
SECA (OASDI & Medicare) rate	on wages u \$250,000 married-jo		on wages up to \$250,000 married-joint,	on wages up s \$250,000 married-join
	\$125,000 married-separe		\$125,000 married-separate,	\$125,000 married-separate
	and \$200,000 all oth		and \$200,000 all others	and \$200,000 all othe
OASDI maximum compensation base	\$117,0	_	\$118,500	\$118,50
Social security cost of living benefit increase		1.5%	1.7%	0.0
Social security Full Retirement Age (FRA)	66 ye	_	66 years	66 yea
Medicare Part B premiums - Basic	\$104		\$104.90	\$104.9
Earnings ceiling for social security (for employment	Below FRA: \$15,4		Below FRA: \$15,720	Below FRA: \$15,72
before FRA; special formula in FRA year)	Over FRA: N		Over FRA: None	Over FRA: Nor
Earnings limit in year FRA attained	\$41,4		\$41,880	OVEL TRA. NO
Benefits and contributions:	711,	,100	Ş+1,000	
Maximum annual contribution to defined				
contribution plan	\$52,0	.000	\$53,000	\$53,00
Maximum salary deduction for 401(k)/403(b)	\$17,5	-	\$18,000	\$18,00
401(k) & 403(b) over 50 "catch up" limit	· ·	,500	\$6,000	\$6,00
Maximum income exclusion for nonqualified plans in 501(c)(3) organizations (IRC 457)	\$17,!		\$18,000	\$18,00
IRA contribution limit — age 49 and below	\$5,:	,500	\$5,500	\$5,50
— age 50 and above		,500	\$6,500	\$6,50
Highly compensated employee limit	\$115,0	,000	\$120,000	\$120,00
Maximum annual contribution to health flexible spending arrangements	\$2,	,500	\$2,550	\$2,55
Per diem and mileage rates and	other transportation	n:		
Standard per diem: Lowest rates	Lodging S	\$83	Lodging \$83	Lodging \$8
in continental USA	Meals & Incidentals S	\$46	Meals & Incidentals \$46	Meals & Incidentals \$5
Business auto mileage rate	56¢ per r		57.5¢ per mile	
Moving & medical auto mileage rate	23.5¢ per r	_	23¢ per mile	19¢ per mi
Charitable auto mileage rate	14¢ per r		14¢ per mile	14¢ per mi
Airplane mileage rate (1)	\$1.31 per r	_	\$1.29 per mile	
Motorcycle mileage rate (1)	53¢ per r		54.5¢ per mile	
Bicycle commuting rate	\$20 per mo	onth	\$20 per month	
Maximum value of reimbursement of business expenses (other than lodging) without receipt		\$75	\$75	\$7
Luxury automobile value (limit on use of cents-per-mile valuation of company automobile)	\$16,0		\$16,000	
Monthly limit on free parking	·	245	\$250	\$25
Transit passes/token — monthly tax-free limit	\$2	250	\$250	\$25
Other:				
Gift tax annual exclusion	\$14,0	,000	\$14,000	\$14,00
⁽¹⁾ Privately owned vehicle mileage rates set by the U.S. Gener Note: In some instances, the rate for a particular year may ap		uent ye	ar.	

Get the Big Picture

Six special tax provisions are available only to individuals who qualify as clergy under federal tax rules and who perform services that qualify in the exercise of ministry under federal tax rules.

Special Tax Provisions for Clergy

- 1. Exclusion of the housing allowance for income tax purposes and the fair rental value of a congregation-owned parsonage provided rent free to clergy.
- 2. Exemption of clergy from self-employment social security tax under very limited circumstances.
- 3. For social security tax purposes, treatment of clergy as selfemployed as it relates to income from ministerial services.
- 4. Exemption of clergy compensation from mandatory income tax withholding.
- 5. Eligibility for a voluntary income tax withholding arrangement between clergy-employees and the congregation.
- 6. Potential "double deduction" of mortgage interest and real estate taxes as itemized deductions and as excludable housing expenses for housing allowance purposes for clergy living in clergy-provided housing.



Remember

The major tax benefit for most clergy is the special housing allowance treatment.



Remember

There is some flexibility in applying certain clergy tax provisions. For example, clergy are exempt from mandatory income tax withholding but can enter into a voluntary income tax withholding arrangement. However, if clergy qualify for the housing allowance, self-employment social security tax (using Schedule SE) applies, not FICA—this is not optional.

Clergy Serving Local Congregations

You may believe you are classified as clergy, your congregation may consider you as clergy, your denomination may classify you as clergy, but what does the IRS consider you? For tax purposes, the opinion of the IRS is the one that counts.

Determining whether you are classified as clergy for tax purposes is very important. It determines how you prepare your tax return for income and social security tax purposes. Qualified clergy are eligible for the housing allowance. This alone can exclude thousands of dollars from income taxation. Clergy calculate self-employment social security tax on Schedule SE

and pay the tax with Form 1040. Nonclergy have one-half of their social security tax (FICA) withheld from salary, and the congregation pays the other half.

How can I tell whether the IRS will treat me as clergy?

If you are employed by a congregation and are ordained, commissioned, or licensed and meet the following four tests, the IRS will generally consider you clergy. You

administer the sacraments,
are considered to be a religious leader by your church,
conduct worship services, and

Caution

Determination of clergy status is far from a precise matter. Only a review of all the pertinent facts and circumstances for particular clergy will assist in determining whether an individual will qualify for clergy tax status.

☐ have management responsibility in the control, conduct, or maintenance of your congregation.

Based on guidelines issued by the IRS, some of the four tests, but not necessarily all, must be met in determining clergy status. This flexible approach is beneficial to many clergy because some positions relating to music, education, youth, or administration will not meet all four tests.

There is no requirement that you must be qualified to perform and actually perform every sacrament. If you are qualified to perform certain sacraments and actually perform or could perform some of the

sacraments on occasion, you will generally meet this test. A similar test applies to conducting religious worship and providing management services. If you currently conduct religious worship and provide management services, have done it in the past, or could do it in the future, the test will generally be met.

Job titles have little significance for tax purposes. A licensed, commissioned, or ordained clergy may have a job title that implies a ministry function. However, the actual responsibilities of the position will determine if the four-factor test (see page 7) is met. Clergy performing services of a routine nature, such as those performed by secretaries, clerks, and janitors, generally do not qualify as clergy for tax purposes.

Because of the inconsistency of these rulings, clergy serving in a local congregation who do not clearly meet all four factors should review these matters with a qualified professional adviser before filing income tax returns.

Clergy in Denominational, Administrative, and Teaching Positions

Ordained, commissioned, or licensed clergy not serving local churches may qualify as "clergy" for federal tax purposes in the following situations:

- Administration of religious denominations and their integral agencies, including teaching or administration in parochial schools, colleges, or universities that are under the authority of a denomination.
- ☐ Performing services for a parachurch organization based upon an assignment or designation by a congregation.

If a congregation does not assign or designate your services, you will qualify for the special tax treatments of clergy if your services substantially involve performing sacerdotal functions or conducting religious worship.

Social Security Status of Clergy

Clergy engaged in the exercise of ministry are always treated as selfemployed for social security tax purposes. Clergy pay social security



Warning

Individuals serving local congregations must meet certain tests to qualify as clergy in the eyes of the IRS. The individual should generally be ordained, licensed, or commissioned.

Tip

Clergy employed by institutions that are an "integral agency" of a religious denomination are subject to special tax treatment if their position is in a teaching or administrative area.



Caution

Social security is one of the most confusing issues for many clergy. FICA-type social security never applies to an individual who qualifies as clergy for tax purposes. Stated another way, if a housing allowance has been designated for you, FICA tax should not be deducted from your pay—you are responsible to determine your social security tax by completing Schedule SE each year.

under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA) instead of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA). It is possible to become exempt from SECA only if you meet strict exemption requirements. The request for exemption must be filed using Form 4361 within a specified time from the beginning of your ministry. The request for exemption must be approved by the IRS (see page 31).

Your earnings that are not from the exercise of ministry are generally subject to social security tax under FICA or SECA as applied to all workers.

Income Tax Status of Clergy

Are clergy employees or self-employed (independent contractors) for income tax purposes? The IRS considers virtually all clergy to be employees for income tax purposes. The income tax filing status has many ramifications for what and how congregations and clergy report to the IRS.

The IRS often applies a common-law test to decide whether clergy are employees or self-employed for income tax purposes. Generally, you are an employee if your employer has the legal right to control both what you do and how you do it, even if you have considerable discretion and freedom of action. However, clergy who are employees

discretion and freedom of action. However, clergy who are employees of congregation for income tax purposes may also be self-employed for income tax purposes with respect to certain services (baptisms, marriages, and funerals).

Determining if you are an employee or self-employed for income tax purposes will determine several other tax-related issues:

☐ Clergy-employees must be given Form W-2 and report their compensation on page 1 of Form 1040. They are eligible to claim unreimbursed business expenses and expenses reimbursed under a nonaccountable plan on Schedule A (non-accountable plan reimbursements must be included in

compensation on Form W-2). If you itemize deductions, business and professional expenses are deductible only to the extent that such expenses exceed 2% of adjusted gross income (AGI). Deductible business meals and entertainment expenses are limited to 50%.

☐ Accident, long-term care insurance, and qualified group health insurance premiums paid directly by a congregation or reimbursed by a congregation, after the cleric provides substantiation, are not reportable as income to the clergy-employee but must be reported as taxable income to the self-employed cleric.

Clergy-employees may deduct health, accident, and long-term care insurance premiums paid personally, and not reimbursed by the congregation, on Schedule A as a medical and dental expense, subject to a 10% limitation of adjusted gross income.

Caution

The IRS considers virtually all clergy as employees for income tax purposes. Employee income tax status actually is very beneficial to most clergy. Many fringe benefits are tax-free only to employees.

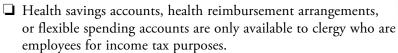
Key Issue

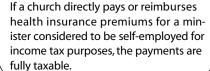
The defining court case on the topic of income tax status for clergy was a 1994 case in which a Methodist cleric took the position he was self-employed for income tax purposes. The Tax Court held that he was an employee for income tax purposes. A federal appeals court upheld the decision.

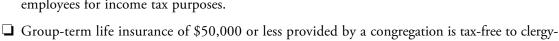
Caution

With rare exceptions, clergy should receive Form W-2 from their congregation or other employer. Few clergy qualify as independent contractors for income tax purposes (even though considered self-employed for social security tax purposes). A congregation or other employer generally has sufficient control over the cleric to qualify for W-2 treatment.

The impact of a minister being considered self-employed for income tax purposes is generally very significant even if only health insurance is considered. Reporting these premiums as taxable (minister-employee) versus tax-free (self-employed minister for income purposes) can impact the minister's tax bill by thousands of dollars. If health insurance premiums are included in taxable income, a low-income minister might also have his or her earned income tax credit reduced or eliminated.







A voluntary arrangement to withhold income tax may be used by clergy-employees but may not be used by the self-employed.

employees but represents taxable income for self-employed clergy.



Recommended Filing Status

Virtually all clergy serving local congregations qualify as employees for income tax purposes. It is wise to file as an employee for income tax purposes, unless you can clearly demonstrate that you qualify for self-employed status. Few clergy can substantiate filing as self-employed for income tax purposes.

Even though clergy may take exception to the reporting of the congregation, the congregation has a responsibility under the law to determine the proper filing method and to proceed accordingly.

Key Issue

It is vital for congregations to treat clergy as employees (Form W-2) for income tax purposes in nearly every instance. If clergy are not considered employees for income tax purposes, it jeopardizes the tax-free treatment of fringe benefits like health, accident, and long-term care insurance premiums, group-term life premiums, and certain other fringe benefits.

Evangelists and Missionaries

The qualifications of itinerant evangelists for the special clergy tax provisions are generally the same as for clergy serving local congregations.

Most evangelists are self-employed both for income tax and self-employment social security tax purposes. The only exception is the evangelist who has formed a corporation and is an employee of the corporation. In this instance, the evangelist is an employee for income tax purposes, but remains self-employed for social security tax purposes.

Missionaries are also subject to the same rules to qualify for clergy status for tax purposes. Qualifying for benefits such as a housing allowance is often not so important for clergy-missionaries because of the foreign earned income exclusion. However, the question of clergy tax status is vitally important to determine if clergy are subject to social security as employees or as self-employed persons. The foreign-earned income exclusion affects income tax but not social security tax.

The Best Friend of Clergy

Nearly all clergy should have a portion of salary designated as a housing allowance.

Maximizing housing benefits requires careful planning. For clergy living in congregation-owned housing, a housing allowance that covers expenses such as furnishings, personal property insurance on contents, utilities, and so on could save several hundred dollars of income taxes annually. A properly designated housing allowance may be worth thousands of dollars in tax savings for clergy living in their own homes or rented quarters. For clergy without a housing allowance, every dollar of compensation is taxable for federal income tax purposes.

The housing allowance provides an opportunity to exclude dollars from gross income. The designated housing allowance should be subtracted from compensation before the congregation completes the

data on Form W-2. The housing allowance designation is not entered on Form 1040 or related schedules, except Schedule SE, since it is not a deduction for income tax purposes. However, any unused portion of the housing designation must be reported as income on page 1, Form 1040.

Key Issue

Understanding the distinction between a housing allowance designation and the housing exclusion is fundamental. The designation is officially made by the congregation. The exclusion is the amount clergy actually exclude for income tax purposes after applying the limitations outlined here.

If your congregation properly designates a portion of your cash salary for expenses of a home you provide, the exclusion is commonly referred to as a housing allowance. If the congregation properly designates a portion of your cash salary for expenses you incur in relation to congregation-provided housing, the exclusion is often called a parsonage allowance. In either instance, it is an exclusion from income tax, not self-employment tax.

Clergy are eligible to exclude the fair rental value of congregation-provided housing for income tax purposes without any official action by the congregation. However, a cash housing allowance related to congregation-provided or clergy-provided housing is only excludable under the following rules:

- ➤ The allowance must be officially designated by the congregation. The designation should be stated in writing, preferably by resolution of the top governing body, in an employment contract, or—at a minimum—in the congregation budget and payroll records. If the only reference to the housing allowance is in the congregation budget, the budget should be formally approved by the top governing body of the congregation.
 - Tax law does not specifically say an oral designation of the housing allowance is unacceptable. In certain instances, the IRS has accepted an oral housing designation. Still, the use of a written designation is preferable and highly recommended. The lack of a written designation significantly weakens the defense for the housing exclusion upon audit.
- The housing allowance must be designated prospectively by the congregation. Cash housing allowance payments made prior to a designation of the housing allowance are fully taxable for income tax purposes. Carefully word the resolution so that it will remain in effect until a subsequent resolution is adopted (see the examples on page 15).
- ➤ Only actual expenses can be excluded from income. The source of the funds used to pay clergy housing expenses must be compensation earned by clergy in the exercise of ministry in the current year.
- ➤ Only an annual comparison by clergy of housing expenses to the housing allowance is required. For example, if the housing allowance designation is stated in terms of a weekly or monthly amount, only a comparison of actual housing expenses to the annualized housing allowance is required.

The housing allowance exclusion cannot exceed the fair rental value of the housing, plus utilities.

Types of Housing Arrangements

Clergy Living in a Parsonage Owned by or Rented by a Congregation

If you live in a congregation-owned parsonage or housing rented by the congregation, the fair rental value of the housing is not reported for income tax purposes.

The fair rental value is subject only to self-employment tax.

You may request a housing allowance to cover expenses incurred in maintaining the congregation-owned or rented housing. Examples of allowable expenses are utilities, repairs, furnishings, and appliances. If the actual expenses exceed the housing allowance designated by the congregation, the excess amount cannot be excluded from income.

It is appropriate for clergy's out-of-pocket expenses for the maintenance of a congregation-owned parsonage to be reimbursed by the congregation if a full accounting is made. Such reimbursements do not relate to a housing allowance. If such expenses are not reimbursed, they could be excludable from income under a housing allowance.

Пр

The designation of a housing allowance for clergy living in congregation-provided housing is often overlooked. While the largest housing allowance benefits go to clergy with mortgage payments on their own homes, a housing allowance of a few thousand dollars is often beneficial to clergy in a congregation-provided home.

If the congregation owns the parsonage, the congregation may wish to provide an equity allowance to help compensate clergy for equity not accumulated through home ownership. An equity allowance is taxable both for income and social security tax purposes, unless directed to a 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity or certain other retirement programs.

Clergy Owning or Renting Own Home

If you own or rent your own home, you may exclude, for income tax purposes, a cash housing allowance that is the *lowest* of (1) reasonable compensation, (2) the amount used to provide a home from current congregational income, (3) the amount prospectively and officially designated, or (4) the fair rental value of the furnished home, plus utilities.

Many clergy make the mistake of automatically excluding from income, for income tax purposes, the total designated housing allowance, even though the fair rental value of the furnished home or actual housing expenses are less than the designation. This practice may cause a significant underpayment of income taxes.

Example: A cleric lives in a personally owned home. The congregation prospectively designated \$28,000 of the salary as housing allowance. The cleric spends \$27,000 for housing-related items. The fair rental value of the home is \$29,000. Since the amount spent is lower than the designated housing allowance or the fair rental value, the excludable housing is \$27,000. Therefore, \$1,000 (\$28,000 less \$27,000) must be added to taxable income on Form 1040, page 1, line 7. Unless the cleric has opted out of social security, the entire \$28,000 is reportable for social security purposes on Schedule SE.

Designating the Housing Allowance

The following steps are often followed in designating and excluding the housing allowance:

- 1. Clergy estimates the housing-related expenses to be spent in the coming year and presents this information to the congregation.
- 2. The congregation then adopts a written housing allowance designation based on the estimate.
- 3. At the close of the tax year, the cleric who provides his or her own housing compares the amount designated for housing, the housing expenses substantiated, and the fair rental value of the home including furnishings and utilities. The *lower* of these amounts is excluded for income tax purposes. Clergy living in congregation-provided housing must compare the amount designated and actual housing expenses and exclude the lower of the two amounts.



Remember

The housing allowance designation may be prospectively amended at any time during the year, regardless of whether the congregation uses a calendar or fiscal year. Changing the designation to cover expenses that have already been paid (almost all clergy use the cash basis for tax purposes) is not acceptable.

Designation Limits

The IRS does not place a limit on how much of clergy compensation may be designated as a housing allowance by the employing congregation. But practical and reasonable limits usually apply.

Unless the amount is justified based on anticipated expenses and is within the fair rental value limit, it is generally inadvisable for the congregation to exclude 100% of compensation.

It is often best for the congregation to overdesignate your parsonage allowance by a reasonable amount, subject to the fair rental value test, to allow for unexpected expenses and increases in utility costs. Any excess housing allowance designated should be shown as income on line 7 of Form 1040.

Reporting the Housing Allowance to Clergy

The designated housing allowance may be reflected for clergy-employees on Form W-2 in Box 14 with the notation, "Housing Allowance." Though not required, this reporting method is suggested by Publication 517. Or, congregations can report the designated housing allowance to clergy by providing a statement separate from Form W-2. This may be in a memo or letter. The statement should not be attached to your income tax returns.

Your congregation may erroneously include the housing allowance on Form W-2, Box 1. If this happens, the congregation should prepare a corrected Form W-2.

Accounting for the Housing Allowance

Determining Fair Rental Value

The determination of the fair rental value of congregation-provided housing for self-employment social security purposes is solely the responsibility of clergy. The congregation is not responsible to set the value. The fair rental value should be based on comparable rental values of other similar residences in the immediate neighborhood or community, comparably furnished.

One of the best methods to use in establishing fair rental value of your housing is to request a local realtor to estimate the value in writing. Place the estimate in your tax file and annually adjust the value for inflation and other local real estate valuation factors.

Housing Allowance in Excess of Actual Expenses or Fair Rental Value

Some clergy erroneously believe that they may exclude every dollar of the housing *designation* adopted by the congregation without limitation. The housing designation is merely the starting point. If reasonable compensation, actual expenses, or the fair rental value is lower, the lowest amount is eligible for exclusion from income.

Example: A cleric living in a personally owned home receives cash compensation of \$60,000 from the congregation. The congregation prospectively designates \$20,000 as a housing allowance. The fair rental value is \$21,000. Actual housing expenses for the year are \$14,000. The amount excludable from income is limited to the actual housing expenses of \$14,000.

Actual Expenses in Excess of the Designated Housing Allowance or Fair Rental Value

Actual housing expenses that exceed the designated housing allowance are not excludable from income. There are no provisions to carry over "unused" housing expenses to the next year.

Example: A cleric living in a personally owned home receives cash compensation of \$60,000 from the congregation. The congregation prospectively designates \$20,000 of the \$60,000 as a housing allowance. Actual housing expenses for the year are \$50,000. The fair rental value is \$21,000. The expenses were unusually high because of a down payment on that house. The amount excludable from income is the designated housing allowance of \$20,000. There is no carryover of the \$30,000 of actual expenses in excess of the designated housing allowance to the next tax year.

Housing Allowances for Retired Clergy

Pension payments, retirement allowances, or disability payments paid to retired clergy from an established plan are generally taxable as pension income. However, denominations often designate a housing allowance for retired clergy to compensate them for past services to local congregations of the

denomination or in denominational administrative positions. The housing allowance designated relates only to payments from the denominationally sponsored retirement program.

Withdrawals from a denominationally sponsored 403(b), also called a tax-sheltered annuity (TSA), or 401(k) plan qualify for designation as a housing allowance. Withdrawals from a 403(b) or 401(k) plan not sponsored by a local congregation are not eligible for designation as a housing allowance. Retired clergy may also exclude the rental value of a home furnished by a congregation or a rental allowance paid by a congregation as compensation for past services.

Remember

Payments from denominational retirement plans are generally subject to a housing allowance designation. While a local church may designate a housing allowance for a retired minister, it is unclear if the IRS will honor the designation on the minister's tax return.

If a denomination or organization reports the gross amount of pension or TSA payments on Form 1099-R and designates the housing allowance, the clergy may offset the housing expenses and reflect the net amount on page 1, Form 1040. A supplementary schedule such as the following example should be attached to the tax return:

Pensions and annuity income (Form 1040, line 16a) \$ 10,000 Less housing exclusion \$ 8,000 Form 1040, line 16b \$ 2,000 For retired clergy, the amount excluded for income tax purposes is limited to the lowest of (1) the amount used to provide a home, (2) the properly designated housing allowance, or (3) the fair rental value of the furnished home, plus utilities.

Housing Allowance Resolutions

Parsonage owned by or rented by a congregation

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits clergy to exclude from gross income "the rental value of a home furnished as part of compensation" or a congregation-designated allowance paid as a part of compensation to the extent that actual expenses are paid from the allowance to maintain a parsonage owned or rented by the congregation;

Whereas, the congregation compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry; and

Whereas, the congregation provides (insert name) with rent-free use of a parsonage owned by (rented by) the congregation as a portion of the compensation for services rendered to the congregation in the exercise of ministry;

Resolved, That the compensation of (insert name) is \$4,500 per month, of which \$2,000 per month is a designated housing allowance; and

Resolved, That the designation of \$2,000 per month as a housing allowance shall apply until otherwise provided.

Home owned or rented by clergy

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits clergy to exclude from gross income a church-designated allowance paid as part of compensation to the extent used for actual expenses in owning or renting a home: and

Whereas, the congregation compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry;

Resolved, That the compensation of (insert name) is \$4,500 per month, of which \$2,000 per month is a designated housing allowance; and

Resolved, That the designation of \$2,000 per month as a housing allowance shall apply until otherwise provided.

Evangelists

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits clergy to exclude from gross income a congregation-designated allowance paid as part of compensation to the extent used in owning or renting a permanent home; and

Whereas, the congregation compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry as an evangelist;

Resolved, That the honorarium paid to (insert name) shall be \$1,512, consisting of \$312 for travel expenses (with documentation provided to the congregation), \$500 for housing allowance, and a \$700 honorarium.

Housing Allowance Worksheet

Clergy Living in Housing Owned or Rented by the Congregation

	, 20			
_				
?)				
			<u>Actual</u>	
\$		\$_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
\$		\$ =		(A)
		\$ _		(B)
		e) Estimated Expenses	Estimated Expenses \$ \$	e) Estimated Expenses Actual

Housing Allowance Worksheet

Clergy-Owned Housing

Name:			
For the period, 20 to	, 20	_	
Date designation approved, 20			
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current income)	Estim <u>Expe</u> r		<u>Actual</u>
Down payment on purchase of housing	\$	\$	
Housing loan principal and interest payments (1)			
Real estate commission, escrow fees			
Real property taxes			
Personal property taxes on contents			
Homeowner's insurance			
Personal property insurance on contents			
Umbrella liability insurance			
Structural maintenance and repair			
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control			
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)			
Decoration and redecoration			
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection			
Local telephone expense (base charge)			
Homeowner's association dues/condominium fees			
Subtotal			
10% allowance for unexpected expenses			
TOTAL	\$	\$_	(A)
Properly designated housing allowance Fair rental value of home, including furnishings, plus ut	ilities	\$ \$ <u>_</u>	(B) (C)
(1) Loan payments on home equity loans or second mortgages are in were used for housing expenses.	ncludible only	to the exten	t the loan proceed
The amount excludable from income for federal income tax purpo	ses is the <i>lowes</i>	at of A, B, or	- C.

More Than Meets the Eye

Ask most clergy how much they are paid and the response will often be "My check from the church is \$1,000 a week." But that tells us very little. Not only is your salary subject to tax, but so are many fringe benefits that you may receive.

What are fringe benefits? A fringe benefit is any cash, property, or service that clergy receive from the congregation in addition to salary. The term "fringe benefits" is really a misnomer because clergy have come to depend on them as a part of the total compensation package. All fringe benefits are taxable income to clergy unless specifically exempted by the Internal Revenue Code.

Many fringe benefits can be provided by a congregation to a clergy without any dollar limitation (qualified health insurance is an example), while other fringe benefits are subject to annual limits (dependent care is an example). A brief discussion of some of the key fringe benefits follows.

• Tax Treatment of Compensation Elements

- **Business and professional expenses reimbursed with adequate accounting.** If the congregation reimburses clergy under an *accountable* plan for employment-related professional or business expenses (for example, auto, other travel, subscriptions, and entertainment), the reimbursement is not taxable compensation and is not reported to the IRS by the congregation or clergy. Per diem reimbursements up to IRS-approved limits also qualify as excludable reimbursements.
- ➤ Business and professional expense payments without adequate accounting. Many churches pay periodic allowances or reimbursements to ministers for business expenses with no requirement to account adequately for the expenses. These payments do not meet the requirements of an accountable expense reimbursement plan.

Allowances or reimbursements under a *nonaccountable* plan must be included in a minister's taxable income. For an employee, the expenses related to a nonaccountable reimbursement plan are deductible only if the minister itemizes expenses on Schedule A. Even then, the business expenses, combined with other miscellaneous deductions, must exceed 2% of adjusted gross income.

A portion of unreimbursed expenses are subject to disallowance when they relate to a housing allowance according to the IRS.

Club dues and memberships. Dues for professional organizations (such as ministerial associations) or public service organizations (such as Kiwanis, Rotary, and Lions clubs) are generally deductible or reimbursable. Other club dues are generally not deductible or reimbursable (including any club organized for business, pleasure, recreation, or other social purposes). If the church pays the health, fitness, or athletic facility dues for a minister, the amounts paid are generally fully includible in the

minister's income as additional compensation.

➤ **Disability insurance.** If the congregation pays the disability insurance premiums (and the cleric is named as the beneficiary) as a part of the compensation package, the premiums are excluded from income. However, any disability policy proceeds must be included in gross income. This is based on who paid the premiums for the policy covering the year when the disability started. If the premiums are shared between the congregation and clergy, then the benefits are taxable in the same proportion as the payment of the premiums.

Idea

Statistics suggest that clergy are seven times more likely to need disability insurance than life insurance before age 65. When a congregation provides the maximum disability insurance as a tax-free benefit, it could reduce the awkwardness of clergy transition relating to disability while serving the congregation.

Conversely, if you pay the disability insurance premiums or have the congregation withhold the premiums from your salary, you receive no current deduction and any disability benefits paid under the policy are not taxable to you.

A third option is for the congregation to pay the disability premiums. But instead of treating the premiums as tax-free, the congregation treats the premiums as additional clergy compensation. Benefits you receive under this option are tax-free.

➤ Educational reimbursement plans. If your congregation requires you to take educational courses or you take job-related courses, and your congregation either pays the expenses directly to the educational organization or reimburses you for the expenses after you make a full accounting, you may not have to include in income the amount paid by your church.



A college costs deduction for itemizers and non-itemizers alike is available up to \$4,000. To take this deduction, the education need not be necessary for you to keep your position. The education can even qualify you for a new occupation.

While there are no specific dollar limits on educational expenses paid under a nonqualified reimbursement plan, the general ordinary and necessary business expense rules do apply. These types of payments may be discriminatory.

Though the education may lead to a degree, expenses may be deductible or reimbursable if the education

- is required by your church to keep your salary, status, or job (and serves a business purpose of your church), or
- □ maintains or improves skills required in your present employment.

Even though the above requirements are met, expenses do not qualify if the education is

- required to meet the minimum educational requirements of your present work, or
- □ part of a program of study that will qualify you for a new occupation.
- ➤ Entertainment expenses. Clergy may deduct ministry-related entertainment expenses. Entertainment expenses must be directly related to or associated with the work of the congregation. Entertainment expenses are not deductible if they are lavish or extravagant.

If business meal and entertainment expenses are not reimbursed under an accountable plan, only 50% of the expenses are deductible. If the congregation reimburses the expenses, a 100% reimbursement may be made.

➤ Flexible spending account (FSA). "Cafeteria" or FSAs are plans used to reimburse the employee for certain personal expenses. They are provided by employers to pre-fund dependent care, medical, or dental expenses (often called a healthcare flexible spending account) in pre-tax dollars.

A cafeteria or flexible spending plan cannot discriminate in favor of highly compensated participants for contributions, benefits, or eligibility to participate in the plan. While only larger congregations generally offer cafeteria plans because of plan complexity and cost, many congregations could feasibly offer an FSA.

There is a \$2,550 per person per year FSA contribution limit indexed for inflation for 2015 and 2016. The money is the account holder's to use during the plan year. Ultimately the

employer owns the account and any unused balance at the end of the plan year or any administrative grace period is forfeited to the employer.

An administrative grace period may be adopted as a way to provide relief without running afoul of the prohibition on deferred compensation. Under this provision, employees are permitted a grace period of 21/2 months immediately following the end of the plan year. Expenses for qualified benefits incurred during the grace period may be paid or reimbursed from benefits or contributions remaining unused at the end of the plan year.

➤ **Health insurance**. If the church pays a minister-employee's qualified group health insurance premiums directly to the insurance carrier, the premiums are tax-free to the minister. However, if similar payments are made for a minister whom the church considers to be self-employed for income tax purposes, the payments represent additional taxable income.



Warning

Consult with your ministry's professional tax advisors before reimbursing medical expenses for employees. Under changes brought by the Affordable Care Act, non-compliant reimbursements may result in penalties of \$100 per employee per day.

Under health care reform, churches generally cannot discriminate in favor of more highly paid individuals when providing group health care coverage.

➤ Health reimbursement arrangement (HRA). A properly designed, written HRA under which the church pays the medical expenses of the minister, spouse, and dependents may be non-taxable to the minister-employee.

HRAs must be integrated with the church's group health insurance plan and only be funded by church-provided funds. Funding by a salary reduction election is not permitted. Excess money in a church-funded HRA can be carried over to a future year without any tax implications to the minister. Because benefits can be carried over indefinitely, the only danger of losing the balance in an HRA account is at retirement or other separation of employment.

Typical expenses covered by such a plan are deductibles, coinsurance, and noncovered amounts paid by the individual.

HRAs may not discriminate in favor of highly compensated employees with regard to either benefits or eligibility. HRAs are only available to employees.

➤ Health savings account (HSA). HSAs are individual, portable, tax-free, interest-bearing accounts (typically held by a bank or insurance company) through which individuals with a high-deductible health plan (HDHP) save for medical expenses. The purpose of an HSA is to pay what basic coverage would ordinarily pay.

Within limits, HSA contributions made by employers are excludable from income tax and social security wages and do not affect the computation of the earned income credit. HSA contributions may not be funded through salary reduction. Earnings on amounts in an HSA are not currently taxable, and HSA distributions used to pay for medical expenses are not taxable.

HSAs can be funded up to \$3,350 for individuals and \$6,650 for families to cover health care costs (2015 limits). In addition to the maximum contribution amount, catch-up contributions may be made by or on behalf of individuals age 55 or older and younger than 65. Individuals who have reached age 55 by the end of the tax year are allowed to increase their annual contribution limit by \$1,000.

Funding of an HSA by the employer may fluctuate from one month to the next. This is unlike a cafeteria or flexible spending account, under which changes in contributions are generally only available on each January 1.

Only employees who are enrolled in qualifying high-deductible plans may participate in an HSA. A HDHP has at least \$1,300 annual deductible for self-only coverage and \$2,600 deductible for family coverage (2015 limits). Additionally, annual out-of-pocket expenses for HSAs must be limited to \$6,450 for self-covered and \$12,900 (2015 limits) for families. A state high-risk health insurance plan (high-risk pool) qualifies as an HDHP if it does not pay benefits below the minimum annual deductible under the HSA rules.

HSA withdrawals do not qualify to cover over-the-counter medications (other than insulin or doctor-prescribed medicine). Additionally, the excise tax for nonqualified HSA withdrawals (withdrawals not used for qualified medical expenses) increased from 10 to 20%.

- Life insurance/group-term. If the group life coverage provided under a nondiscriminatory plan does not exceed \$50,000 for clergy, the life insurance premiums are generally tax-free to clergy-employees. Group-term life insurance coverage of more than \$50,000 provided to clergy by the congregation is taxable under
 - somewhat favorable IRS tables.
- ➤ Social security tax reimbursement. Congregations commonly reimburse clergy for a portion or all of their self-employment social security (SECA) tax liability. Any social security reimbursement must be reported as taxable income.

Because of the deductibility of the self-employment tax in both the income tax and self-employment tax computations, a full reimbursement is effectively less than the gross 15.3% rate (the payroll tax "holiday" is ignored for this example):

Your Marginal <u>Tax Rate</u>	Effective SECA Rate
0%	14.13%
10	13.42
15	13.07
27	12.22
30	12.01

Caution

An allowance to cover the minister's self-employment social security tax provides absolutely no tax benefit since the amount is fully taxable. However, paying at least one-half of the minister's social security tax is important so this amount can be properly shown as a fringe benefit for compensation analysis purposes.

- ➤ Tuition and fee discounts. If you are an employee of a church-operated elementary, secondary, or undergraduate institution, certain tuition and fee discounts provided to a minister, spouse, or dependent children are generally tax-free. The discounts must be nondiscriminatory and relate to an educational program.
 - If you are employed by the church and not by the church-related or church-operated private school, any tuition and fee discounts that you receive are taxable income.
- ➤ Vehicles/personal use of congregation-owned vehicle. The personal use of a congregation-provided vehicle is considered a taxable fringe benefit. The fair market value of the personal use must be included in clergy gross income, unless the full value is reimbursed to the congregation.

Reporting Compensation, Fringe Benefits, and Reimbursements for Income Tax Purposes*

Explanation	Minister-Employee		
Bonus or gift from the congregation	Taxable income/Form W-2		
Business and professional expenses reimbursed with adequate accounting	Tax-free/excluded		
Business and professional expense payments without adequate accounting	Deduction on Schedule A, Miscellaneous Deductions. Subject to 2% of AGI and 50% meals and entertainment limits		
Club dues paid by the congregation	Taxable income/Form W-2 (exception for dues for civic and public service groups)		
Compensation reported to clergy by the congregation	Form W-2		
Dependent care assistance payments	Tax-free, subject to limitations		
Earned income tax credit (EITC)	May be eligible for EITC		
Educational assistance programs	May be eligible to exclude up to \$5,250 of qualified assistance		
401(k) plan	Eligible for 401(k)		
403(b) tax-sheltered annuity	Eligible for 403(b)		
Gifts/personal (not handled through the congregation	Tax-free/excluded		
Health reimbursement arrangement	Tax-free, if plan is properly established		
Health Savings Account	Tax-free, if plan is properly established		
Healthcare flexible spending account	Tax-free, if plan is properly established		
Housing allowance	Taxable income/Form W-2, may be deducted on Form 1040, Line 25		
IRA payments by congregation	Premiums are tax-free, but proceeds are taxable		
Insurance, disability paid by congregation; clergy – beneficiary	Proceeds are tax-free		
Insurance, group-term life paid by congregation	First 50,000 of coverage is tax-free, if plan properly established		
* Many of these compensation elements are conditioned on plans being properly established and subject to annual limits.			

Explanation	Minister-Employee
Insurance, health	Tax-free, if directly paid by congregation or reimbursed to clergy upon substantiation. If paid by clergy and not reimbursed by congregation, deduct on Schedule A
Insurance, life, whole or universal, congregation is beneficiary	Tax-free/excluded
Insurance, life, whole or universal, clergy designates beneficiary	Taxable income/Form W-2
Insurance, long-term care	Tax-free if directly paid by the congregation or reimbursed to clergy on substantiation. If paid by clergy and not reimbursed by congregation, deduct on Schedule A subject to limitations
Loans, certain low-interest or interest-free loans over \$10,000 to clergy	Imputed (the difference between the IRS-established interest rate and the rate charged) interest is taxable income/Form W-2
Moving expenses paid by the congregation (only applies to certain qualified expenses)	Tax-free if directly paid by the congregation or reimbursed to clergy on substantiation. Reported on Form W-2, Box 12, using Code P
Pension payments by the congregation to a denominational plan for clergy	Tax-deferred. No reporting required until the funds are withdrawn by clergy or pension benefits are paid
Per diem payments for meals, lodging, and incidental expenses	May be used for travel away from home under an accountable reimbursement plan
Professional income (weddings, funerals)	Taxable income/Schedule C (C-EZ)
Property transferred to clergy at no cost or less than fair market value	Taxable income/Form W-2
Retirement or farewell gift to clergy from congregation	Taxable income/Form W-2
Salary from congregation	Report salary on page 1, Form 1040
Social security reimbursed by congregation to clergy	Taxable income/Form W-2
Travel paid for cleric's spouse by the congregation	May be tax-free if there is a business purpose
Tuition and fee discounts	May be tax-free in certain situations
Value of home provided to clergy	Tax-free/excluded
Vehicles/personal use of congregation-owned auto	Taxable income/Form W-2
Voluntary withholding	Eligible for voluntary withholding agreement

How Much Are They Worth?

Most clergy spend several thousands of dollars each year on congregation-related business expenses. For example, the ministry-related portion of auto expenses is often a major cost.

Business and professional expenses fall into three basic categories: expenses reimbursed under an accountable plan, expenses paid under a nonaccountable plan, and unreimbursed expenses. The last two categories are treated the same for tax purposes. You will almost always save tax dollars if your expenses are reimbursed.

The reimbursement of an expense never changes the character of the item from personal to business. Business expenses are business whether or not they are reimbursed. Personal expenses are always nondeductible and nonreimbursable. If a personal expense is inadvertently reimbursed by the congregation, clergy should immediately refund the money to the congregation.



Key Issue

Combining an accountable expense reimbursement plan with a housing allowance or health reimbursement arrangement (or any other fringe benefit plan) is not permissible. These concepts are each covered under separate sections of the tax law and cannot be commingled.

To be deductible or reimbursable, a business expense must be both ordinary and necessary. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your field. An expense does not have to be indispensable to be considered necessary.

Accountable and Nonaccountable Expense Reimbursement Plans

An accountable plan is a reimbursement or expense allowance arrangement established by your congregation that requires (1) a business purpose for the expenses, (2) substantiation of the expenses to the congregation, and (3) the return of any excess reimbursements.

The substantiation of expenses and return of excess reimbursements must be handled within a reasonable time. The following methods meet the "reasonable time" definition:

>	The f	ixed date method applies if:
		an advance is made within 30 days of when an expense is paid or incurred;
		an expense is substantiated to the congregation within 60 days after the expense is paid or incurred; and
		any excess amount is returned to the congregation within 120 days after the expense is paid or incurred.
>	The p	periodic statement method applies if:
		the congregation provides employees with a periodic statement that sets forth the amount paid that is more than substantiated expenses under the arrangement;
		the statements are provided at least quarterly;
		the congregation requests that clergy provide substantiation for any additional expenses that have not yet been substantiated and/or return any amounts remaining unsubstantiated within 120 days of the statement.

If you substantiate your business expenses to the congregation and any unused payments are returned, expense reimbursements have no impact on your taxes. The expenses reimbursed are not included on Form W-2 or deducted on your tax return.

The IRS disallows deductions for a portion of unreimbursed business expenses on the premise that the expenses can be allocated to your tax-exempt housing allowance (see page 29). This is another reason that all clergy should comply with the accountable expense reimbursement rules. The goal should be to eliminate all unreimbursed business expenses.

Nonaccountable Expense Reimbursement Plans

If you do not substantiate your business expenses to the congregation, or if the amount of the reimbursement exceeds your actual expenses and the excess is not returned to the congregation within a reasonable period, your tax life becomes more complicated. Nonaccountable reimbursements and excess reimbursements over IRS mileage or per diem limits must be

included in your gross income and reported as wages on Form W-2.

Unreimbursed expenses or expenses reimbursed under a nonaccountable plan can be deducted only as itemized miscellaneous deductions and only to the extent that they, with your other miscellaneous deductions, exceed 2% of your adjusted gross income. Unreimbursed expenses are not deductible if you are an employee for income tax purposes and do not itemize.

If your congregation pays you an "allowance" for business expenses, it represents taxable compensation. The term "allowance" implies that the payment is not based upon documented expenses, does not meet the adequate accounting requirements for an accountable plan, and must be included in your income.

Warning

Many clergy are paid expense "allowances." These payments accomplish nothing in terms of good stewardship. "Allowances" are fully taxable for income and social security tax purposes. Clergy must then resort to trying to deduct their expensesmuch of which will be limited by the tax law—instead of receiving a full reimbursement.

Documenting Business Expenses

For expenses to be allowed as deductions, you must show that you spent the money and that you spent it for a legitimate business reason. To prove that you spent the money, you generally need to provide documentary evidence that can be confirmed by a third party. Canceled checks, credit card, or other receipts are an excellent starting point. To the IRS, third-party verification is important; if business expenses are paid in cash, be sure to get a receipt.

Documenting a business expense can be time-consuming. The IRS is satisfied if you note the five Ws on the back of your credit card slip or other receipt:

- Why (business purpose)
- What (description, including itemized accounting of cost)
- When (date)
- ➤ Where (location)
- ➤ Who (names of those for whom the expense was incurred; e.g., meals and entertainment)

Remember

When clergy provide a listing of business expenses to the congregation or other employer—this is only a report, not documentation. Documentary evidence is much more than a report. It involves a hard-copy support of the five Ws (why, what, when, where, and who).

The only exception to the documentation rules is if your individual outlays for business expenses, other than for lodging, come to less than \$75. The IRS does not require receipts for such expenses, although the five Ws are still required. You always need a receipt for lodging expenses regardless of the amount. A congregation may apply a documentation threshold lower than \$75.

Auto Expense Deductions

Clergy's car expenses are deductible or reimbursable to the extent they are for business (or income producing) rather than personal use. Generally, only those expenses that are necessary to drive and maintain a car that is used to go from one workplace to another are deductible.

Mileage and Actual Expense Methods

In determining your deduction for the business use of a personal car, you can use one of two methods to figure your deduction: the standard mileage rate or the actual expense method. Generally, you can choose the method that gives you the greater deduction.

Standard Mileage Rate Method

If your congregation pays you a fixed mileage rate up to the IRS standard rate (see page 6 for rates) and you provide the congregation with the time, place, and business purpose of your driving, you have made an adequate accounting of your automobile expenses.

If the congregation does not reimburse you for auto expenses or reimburses you under a nonaccountable plan, you may deduct business miles on Form 2106 (2106-EZ). The total from Form 2106 (2106-EZ) is carried to Schedule A, Miscellaneous Deductions.

The standard mileage rate, which includes depreciation and maintenance costs, is based on the government's estimate of the average cost of operating an automobile. Depending upon the make, age, and cost of the car, the mileage rate may be more or less than your actual auto expense. If you use the mileage rate, you also may deduct parking fees and tolls and the business portion of personal property tax. All autorelated taxes must be claimed on Schedule A for employees.

Remember

The standard mileage rate may generate a lower deduction than using actual expenses in some instances. But the simplicity of the standard mileage method is a very compelling feature.

Actual Expense Method

If you keep accurate records, determining your deduction for most expenses should be straightforward. Generally, the amount of depreciation you may claim and the method you use to calculate it depend on when you purchased your auto and began to use it for ministerial purposes.

Under the actual expense method, you can use either accelerated depreciation or straight-line depreciation. As the names imply, the accelerated method front-loads the depreciation, giving you larger deductions sooner. The straight-line method gives you the same depreciation deduction every year.

Allowable expenses under the actual expense method include: gas and oil, interest on an auto loan, repairs, lease payments, tires, automobile club membership, batteries, car washes and waxes, insurance, license plates, parking fees and tolls, and supplies, such as antifreeze.

Commuting

Personal mileage is never deductible. Commuting expenses are non-deductible personal expenses.



Warning

You have an important decision to make the first year you put a car into service. You will generally want to use the standard mileage rate in that first year. If you do not use the standard mileage rate in the first year, you may not use it for that car in any year.

Unless your home-office qualifies as a home-office under tax law, travel from home to the worship center (a regular work location) and return for worship services and other work at the worship center is commuting and is not deductible or reimbursable. The same rule applies to multiple trips made in the same day. The cost of traveling between your home and a temporary work location is generally deductible or reimbursable. Once you arrive at the first work location, temporary or regular, you may deduct trips between work locations.

A regular place of business is any location at which you work or perform services on a regular basis. These services may be performed every week, for example, or merely on a set schedule.

A temporary place of business is any location at which you perform services on an irregular or short-term (i.e., generally a matter of days or weeks) basis.

Documentation of Auto Expense

To support your automobile expense deduction or reimbursement, automobile expenses must be substantiated by adequate records. A weekly or monthly mileage log that identifies dates, destinations, business purposes, and odometer readings in order to allocate total mileage between business and personal use is a basic necessity if you use the mileage method. If you use the actual expense method, a mileage log and supporting documentation on expenses is required.

Remember

For your records to withstand an IRS audit, use a daily mileage log to document business vs. personal mileage. Whether you keep a notepad in the car or track the data in a PDA, some type of log is the best approach to submitting data for reimbursement from your congregation or taking a tax deduction.

Per diem allowance

The IRS provides per diem allowances under which the amount of away-from-home meals and lodging expenses may be substantiated. These rates may not be used to claim deductions for unreimbursed expenses and may not be used to reimburse volunteers. Higher per diem rates apply to certain locations annually identified by the IRS. For more information on these rules, see IRS Publication 1542.

Other Business and Professional Expenses

Business Gifts

You can deduct up to \$25 per donee for business gifts to any number of individuals every year. Incidental costs, such as for engraving, gift wrapping, insurance, and mailing do not need to be included in determining whether the \$25 limit has been exceeded.

The gifts must be related to your ministry. Gifts to congregation staff or board members would generally be deductible, subject to the \$25 limit. Wedding and graduation gifts generally do not qualify as business expenses.

Entertainment

Meal and entertainment expenses are deductible or reimbursable if they are ordinary and necessary and are either directly related to or associated with your ministerial responsibilities.

Personal Computers

Personal computers you own and use more than 50% for ministry may be depreciated (or reimbursed) as five-year recovery property or deducted (but not reimbursed). The business portion of

depreciation may be reimbursed under an accountable expense reimbursement plan if the 50% business "convenience of the congregation" and "condition of employment" tests are met.

If a computer is provided by the congregation in the congregation office but you prefer to work at home on your personal computer, it is not being used for the congregation's convenience. If you meet the "convenience of the congregation" and "condition of employment" tests but do not use your computer (and related equipment) more than 50% of the time for your work, you must depreciate these items using the straight-line method and you cannot take the Section 179 write-off. If you qualify under the home-office rules, the 50% test does not apply to you.

Adequate records of the business use of your computer should be maintained to substantiate your deductions.

Warning

If clergy purchase a computer and use it primarily for congregation work and meet the "condition" and "convenience" tests, only the depreciation on the business portion of the computer can be reimbursed by the congregation, not the entire cost of the business portion, based on the Section 179 first-year write-off rules.

Subscriptions and Books

Subscriptions to clergy-related periodicals are deductible. If the information in a news magazine relates to your ministerial preparation, that periodical may qualify for a deduction.

The cost of books related to your ministry with a useful life of one year or less may be deducted. The cost of books with a useful life of more than one year may be depreciated over the useful life.

Telephone

You may not deduct, as a business expense, any of the basic local service charges (including taxes) for the first telephone line into your home. Ministry-related long distance calls, a second line, special equipment, and services used for business are deductible. If you are out of town on a business trip, the IRS generally will not challenge a reasonable number of calls home. Although your basic local telephone service (including taxes) for the first telephone line into your home is not deductible for tax purposes, it is includible as housing expense for housing allowance purposes.

Telephone/Cellular

The IRS treats the value of a church-provided cell phone, and similar telecommunications equipment, (including the value of any personal use by the employee) as excludible from the employee's income, as long as the cell phone is provided to the employee primarily for a non-compensatory business reason (such as the employer's need to contact the employee at all times for work-related emergencies). Providing a cell phone to promote morale or goodwill, to attract a prospective employee, or to furnish additional compensation to an employee is evidence that there is no noncompensatory business reason.

Church staff may be reimbursed for the business use of a cell phone but the church should probably require the employee to submit a copy of the monthly bill and evidence that the bill has been paid.

If a church does not have a substantial noncompensatory business reason for providing a cell phone to an employee, or reimbursing the employee for business use of his or her personal cell phone, the value of the use of the phone, or the amount of the reimbursement is

Remember

If a church provides a cell phone to an employee primarily for a noncompensatory business reason, the value of the cell phone is excludible from the employee's income.

includible in gross income, reportable on Forms 941 and W-2, and for lay employees is subject to federal and state employment tax withholding.

Allocation of Business Expenses

If you receive a rental or parsonage allowance that is tax-free, you must allocate the expenses of operating your ministry (this is commonly referred to as the "Deason Rule"). You cannot deduct expenses that are allocable to your tax-free rental or parsonage allowance. This rule does not apply to your deductions for home mortgage interest or real estate taxes. See examples on pages 43 and 61.

This limitation requires the following calculation:

1.	Amount of tax-exempt income (the fair rental value of a congregation-provided parsonage and the housing allowance excluded from gross income; this may be less than the congregation-designated housing allowance)	\$
2.	Total income from ministry:	
	Salary (including the fair rental value of a congregation-provided parsonage and the housing allowance excluded from gross income) \$ Fees Allowances (nonaccountable plan)	\$
3.	Divide line 1 amount by line 2 amount = % of nontaxable income.	%
4.	Total unreimbursed business and professional expenses, less 50% of meals and entertainment expenses.	\$
5.	Multiply line 4 total by line 3 percentage (these are non-deductible expenses allocable to tax-exempt income).	\$
6.	Subtract line 5 amount from line 4 amount (these are deductible expenses for federal income tax purposes on Form 2106 [2106-EZ] or Schedule C [C-EZ]).	\$

Idea

Though not required, congregations

should offer to withhold federal (and state and local, where applicable)

income taxes (never FICA taxes!) from

clergy pay. Filing Forms 1040-ES often

means saving up money for the 4/15,

6/15, 9/15, and 1/15 deadlines. Withholding the proper amount each week

Income Taxes

The federal income tax is a pay-as-you-go tax. You must pay the tax as you earn or receive income during the year. Employees usually have income tax withheld from their pay. However, the pay of qualified clergy is not subject to federal income tax withholding. Clergy who are employees for income tax purposes may enter into a voluntary withholding agreement

with the congregation to cover any income tax and self-employment social security tax that are due. IRS Publication 505 provides additional information on tax withholding and estimated taxes.

Tax Withholding

Congregations are not required to withhold income taxes from wages paid to clergy for services performed in the exercise of their ministry. The exemption does not apply to nonministerial congregation employees such as a secretary, organist, or custodian.

Clergy-employees may have a voluntary withholding agreement with the employing congregation to cover income taxes (the amount may be set high enough to also cover the self-employment social security tax liability). Clergy need only file Form W-4 with the congregation to establish a voluntary withholding arrangement.

Estimated Tax

Estimated tax is the method used to pay income and self-employment taxes for income that is not subject to withholding. Your estimated tax is your expected tax for the year minus your expected withholding and credits.

If you are filing a declaration of estimated tax, complete the quarterly Forms 1040-ES. If 2015 estimated taxes are \$1,000 or less, no declaration of estimated tax is required.

If your estimated tax payments for 2016 equal 90% of the 2015 tax liability, you will generally avoid underpayment penalties. An option is to make the 2016 estimated tax payments equal 100% of your 2015 federal and social security taxes (Form 1040, page 2, line 61). This method generally avoids underpayment penalties and is easier to calculate.



Filing Tip

When using the estimated tax method of submitting income and social security tax money to the IRS, pay at least as much as your previous year's total taxes (before offsetting withholding, estimated tax payments, etc.). Spread the payments equally over the four Forms 1040-ES. This will generally avoid underpayment penalties.

In estimating 2016 taxes, net earnings from self-employment should be reduced by 7.65% before calculating the self-employment tax of 15.3%. There also is an income tax deduction for one-half of your self-employment tax (Form 1040, page 1, line 27).

You pay one-fourth of your total estimated taxes in installments as follows:

For the Period		<u>Due Date</u>
Jan. 1 -	Mar. 31	April 15
April 1 -	May 31	June 15
June 1 -	Aug. 31	September 15
Sept. 1 -	Dec. 31	January 15



Remember

State income tax payment requirements may also be met by making estimated state tax payments.

Social Security Taxes

Social security taxes are collected under two systems. Under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), the employer pays one-half of the tax and the employee pays the other half. Under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA), the self-employed person pays all the tax (self-employment tax) as calculated on the taxpayer's Schedule SE.

Compensation received by clergy for services performed in the exercise of ministry is self-employment income and is always subject to self-employment tax (SECA). Ministerial income is exempt from SECA only if you have opted out of social security. Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) social security tax should *never* be withheld from the compensation of qualified clergy.

Opting Out of Social Security Taxes

All clergy are automatically covered by social security (SECA) for services in the exercise of ministry, unless an exemption has been received based on the filing with and approval by the IRS of Form 4361. You must certify that you oppose, either conscientiously or because of religious principles, the *acceptance* of any public insurance (with respect to services performed as clergy), including social security coverage. This includes an opposition to insurance that helps pay for or provides services for medical care (such as Medicare) and social security benefits. Your opinion of the financial stability of the social security program is not a valid basis to file for exemption.



Warning

Opting out of social security is relatively simple. Form 4361 must be filed by the due date of the tax return for the second year with \$400 or more of clergy income. But the simplicity of opting out should not be confused with the significant difficulty of complying with the requirements for opting out.

Deadline for Filing for an Exemption

The application for exemption from self-employment tax must be filed by the date your tax return is due, including extensions, for the second year in which you had net ministerial income of \$400 or more. These do not have to be consecutive tax years.

• Computing the Self-Employment Tax

The following tax rates apply to net earnings from self-employment of \$400 or more each year:

	Tax Rate		Maximum Earnings Base	
<u>Year</u>	<u>OASDI</u>	Medicare	<u>OASDI</u>	Medicare
2014	12.4%	2.9%	\$117,000	no limit
2015	12.4%	2.9%	118,500	no limit
2016	12.4%	2.9%	118,500	no limit

OASDI = Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance, or social security

Key Issue

Unless clergy have opted out of social security, the net ministerial income plus the excluded housing allowance and the fair rental value of church-provided housing is subject to self-employment social security tax. This is true even if clergy are retired and receiving social security benefits. There is no age limit on paying social security tax.

Self-Employment Tax Deductions

You can take an income tax deduction equal to one-half of your selfemployment tax liability. The deduction is claimed against gross

income on line 27 of Form 1040, page 1. You may also deduct a portion of your self-employment tax liability in calculating your self-employment tax. This deduction is made on Schedule SE, Section A, line 4 or Section B, line 4a, by multiplying self-employment income by .9235. The purpose of these deductions is to equalize the social security (and income) taxes paid by (and for) employees and self-employed persons with equivalent income.

Line by Line

Form 1040

There are two short forms, the 51-line 1040A and the super-short, 14-line 1040EZ. Generally, ministers should use the 79-line Form 1040 instead. It accommodates every minister, and there's no penalty for leaving some of the lines blank. Besides, going down the 1040 line by line may jog your memory about money you received or spent in 2015. (Line numbers noted refer to the 1040 and related schedules.)

• **Filing status (lines 1 to 5). Line 2:** If your spouse died in 2015, you can still file jointly and take advantage of tax rates that would be lower than if you file as a single person or as a head of household.

Line 3: If you're married and live in a separate-property state, compute your tax two ways—jointly and separately. Then, file the return resulting in the lower tax.

Line 4: If you're single, you may qualify as head of household if you provided a home for someone else—like your parent. Filing as head of household rather than as a single person can save you a bundle on taxes.

Line 5: If your spouse died in 2013 or 2014 and you have a dependent child, you can also benefit from joint-return rates as a qualifying widow(er).

• Exemptions (lines 6a to 6d). Remember to include a social security number for any dependent who was at least one year old on December 31, 2015. If your child does not have one, obtain Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Number, at http://www.ssa.gov/online/ssa-5.html. If you are unable to secure the social security number before the filing deadline, file for an extension of time to file.

• Income (lines 7 to 22). Line 7: If your employer considered you an employee for income tax purposes, you should receive Form W-2 from the employer. The total amount of your taxable wages is shown in Box 1 of Form W-2; attach Copy B of your W-2 to your Form 1040. Include the data from other W-2s you or your spouse received on this line. If the employer erroneously in

or your spouse received on this line. If the employer erroneously included your housing allowance in Box 1, Form W-2, ask the congregation to reissue a corrected Form W-2.

If your cash housing allowance designated and paid by the employer exceeds the lowest of (1) reasonable compensation, (2) the amount used to provide a home from current ministerial income, (3) the amount

properly designated by the employer, or (4) the fair rental value of the home including utilities and furnishings, enter the difference on line 7.

Line 8a: Include as taxable-interest income the total amount of what you earned on savings accounts, certificates of deposit, credit union accounts, corporate bonds and corporate bond mutual funds, U.S. treasuries and U.S. government mutual funds, and interest paid to you for a belated federal or state tax refund (whether or not you have received a Form 1099-INT). If you haven't yet received any of the statements due you, call

Line 7 All son

Form 1040, Line 7. All compensation from Forms W-2 is reported on line 7. Be sure your congregation has not included the housing allowance amount in Box 1 of Form W-2.



Filing Tip

Form 1040, Line 7. If the housing allowance designated by the employer exceeds the housing allowance exclusion to which you are entitled, you must include the difference on line 7 with a description "Excess housing allowance." Your exclusion is limited by the lower of the fair rental value of a minister-provided home or your actual housing expenses.

the issuer to get them. If you received more than \$1,500 of taxable interest income in 2015, you must also complete Schedule B.

Line 8b: Here's where you note any tax-exempt interest from municipal bond funds. Don't worry—that income is not taxable. But social security recipients must count all their tax-exempt interest when computing how much of their social security benefits will be taxable.

Line 9a: Enter as dividend income only ordinary dividends, not capital-gains dividends paid by mutual funds, which are reported on Schedule D. Your Form 1099-DIV statements show the amount and type of ordinary dividends you received in 2015. If you received more than \$1,500 in dividend income in 2015, you

must also complete Schedule B. Remember: Earnings from a money-market mutual fund are considered dividend income, not interest income.

Line 10: If you received a refund of a state or local tax in 2015 that you deducted on Schedule A in a prior year, include the refund here.

Line 12: Even when you file as an employee for income tax purposes, you will probably have some honoraria or fee income from speaking engagements, weddings, funerals, and so on. This income, less related expenses (see pages 41 and 50), should be reported on Schedule C or C-EZ and entered on this line.

Line 13: Enter capital-gains dividends here if you had no other capital gains or losses in 2015.

Line 15a: Report as IRA distributions even amounts you rolled over tax-free in 2015 from one IRA into another. On line 15b, you will report as taxable the amount of any IRA distributions that you did not roll over minus any return of nondeductible contributions.

Line 16a: It's likely that only a portion of the total pensions and annuities you received is taxable. Your Form 1099-R will show the taxable amount, which you enter on line 16b. If you received pensions and annuities from a denominationally sponsored plan, you may be eligible to exclude a portion or all of these payments as a housing allowance.

Line 20a: No more than 85% of your social security benefits can be taxed for 2015 and none at all if your provisional income is below \$32,000 on a joint return, \$25,000 for singles. If your income doesn't exceed the threshold, leave this line blank. If it does, use the worksheet on Form 1099-SSA to compute taxes on your benefits.

Adjustments to income (lines 23 to 37). Line 25: Health savings account deduction.
Contributions made by a taxpayer to a health savings account (HSA) up to \$3,350 for an individual plan and \$6,650 for a family plan are deductible on this line. Individuals who have reached age 55 by the end of the tax year are allowed to increase their annual contribution for years after 2015.

Line 26: If your employer paid directly or reimbursed you for your qualified moving costs incurred in 2015, these amounts would not be included as compensation on your Form W-2. Therefore, you would have no moving expenses to deduct on line 26. However, if part or all of your moving costs were not paid directly or reimbursed, deduct these expenses here.



Most clergy do not have to file a separate schedule if interest or dividend income is \$1,500 or less, only the totals need to be reported on Form 1040.

Filing Tip

Form 1040, Line 12. The only ministerial income that should be reported on line 12 is fees from weddings, funerals, speaking engagements, and similar income. Unreimbursed expenses related to this income should be deducted on Schedule C or Schedule C-EZ.

- **Line 27:** One-half of your social security tax that is deductible for income tax purposes is reflected on this line. This number comes from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6 or Section B, line 13.
- **Line 33:** Interest paid on a qualifying student loan may be deducted on this line.
- **Line 36:** If you are employed as a chaplain or any other minister-employee of a nonreligious organization, use this line for your deduction of 403(b) contributions that you sent directly to the plan. On the dotted line next to line 36, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.
- Tax computation (lines 38 to 56). Line 40: Claim the standard deduction only if the amount exceeds what you could write off in itemizing expenses on Schedule A. For 2015, the standard deduction is \$12,600 joint, \$9,250 head of household, and \$6,300 single. The amounts are higher if you or your spouse is 65 or older or legally blind.
 - **Line 52:** Taxpayers with adjusted gross income of \$50,000 or less may claim a credit on this line equal to a certain percentage of the employee contributions made to a retirement account or IRA (must complete Form 8880).
- Form 1040, Line 54. If you made contributions to a 403(b) or 401(k) plan, and your adjusted gross income was \$50,000 or less, you may be eligible for this credit. The credit is also available for contributions to

either a traditional or a Roth IRA. The

excluded portion of minister's hous-

ing does not reduce this credit.

Filing Tip

- Other taxes (lines 57 to 63). Line 57: If you are a qualified minister (see pages 7–8) and have not opted out of social security, you are self-employed for social security tax purposes. Your social security is not withheld by your church but is calculated on Schedule SE if you had net earnings of \$400 or more and paid with Form 1040. The tax is 15.3% of the first \$118,500 of 2015 self-employment income and 2.95% of income above \$118,500. If your total wages and self-employment earnings were less than \$118,500, you can probably save time and headaches by filing the Short Schedule SE on the front of the SE form.
 - **Line 59:** You will owe the tax on qualified plans plus the 10% penalty on the amount you withdrew from your IRA or another retirement plan if you were under 59½, unless you meet certain exceptions.
- Payments (lines 64 to 74). Line 64: Did you have a voluntary withholding arrangement whereby your employing congregation withheld federal income tax from your compensation? Then show the amount of federal income tax the church withheld (from your W-2, Box 2) along with other federal income tax withholding from other employment of you or your spouse here. Also include tax withheld on your W-2G and other Forms 1099 and W-2. The amount withheld should be shown in Box 2 of Form W-2G, in Box 6 of Form 1099-SSA, and Box 4 of other Forms 1099.
 - **Line 65:** Don't get confused: Even though you made your fourth-quarter 2015 estimated tax payment in January 2016, it's counted on your 2015 return.
 - **Line 66a:** Enter your earned income tax credit here or let the IRS calculate it for you. If you have a qualifying child, you must complete Schedule EIC.
- **Refund or amount you owe (lines 75 to 79). Line 79:** The IRS assumes you must pay the estimated tax penalty if you owe \$1,000 or more beyond what you've paid through withholding or estimated tax and the amount due is more than 110% of your 2014 tax bill. You may qualify for one of several exceptions, however. Use Form 2210 to prove your case.

Schedule A (Itemized Deductions)

If you live in church-provided housing, you often cannot itemize. But run down Schedule A just to see whether you might have more write-offs than the standard deduction will permit.

- Medical and dental expenses (lines 1 to 4). Don't overlook the cost of getting to and from the doctor or druggist. Write off 23 cents per mile plus the cost of parking. If you didn't drive, deduct your bus, train, or taxi fares. The cost of trips to see out-of-town specialists and as much as \$50 a day for the cost of lodging when you're out of town to get medical care count toward the 7.5%. Include all your health insurance premiums, as well as Medicare Part B premiums for 2015.
- Taxes you paid (lines 5 to 9). Even though your real estate taxes are a housing expense excludable under the housing allowance, you may still deduct them (even for multiple properties if not deducted elsewhere on the return) on line 6 as an itemized deduction—one of the few "double deductions" allowed in the tax law.

• Interest you paid (lines 10 to 15). Line 10: If you bought a house during 2015, review your escrow or settlement papers for any mortgage interest you paid that was not shown on your lender's year-end statement. If you paid interest on a second mortgage or line of credit secured by your home, include the interest expense here.

As with real estate taxes, it is possible to deduct mortgage interest as an itemized deduction even if the interest is included in housing expenses subject to a housing allowance. Interest paid on a secured mortgage is deductible on Schedule A regardless of how the proceeds of the loan are used. However, the only mortgage interest properly includible as housing expense under a housing allowance is when the loan proceeds were used to provide housing. For example, interest on a second mortgage used to finance your child's college education is deductible on Schedule A but does not qualify as a housing expense for housing allowance purposes.

Filing Tip

Schedule A, Lines 6, 10-12. These lines relate to the most significant tax break available to ministers who own their own homes. Even though real estate taxes, mortgage interest, and points are excludable under the housing allowance, subject to certain limits, the same amounts are deductible as itemized deductions.

Don't overlook points you paid to get the mortgage. All of the points are generally deductible as interest here. Points paid for a refinancing must be amortized over the life of the loan. But you can deduct on your 2015 return the portion of all points paid that correspond with the percentage of your refinancing used for home improvements.

• **Gifts to charity (lines 16 to 19). Line 16:** For gifts you made in 2015, you must have written acknowledgments from the charity of any single gifts of \$250 or more and for all gifts of cash.

Line 17: Deduct your charitable mileage for any volunteer work at the rate of 14 cents a mile.

• Job expenses and other miscellaneous deductions (lines 21 to 27). Don't assume you can't surmount the 2% AGI floor on these miscellaneous deductions. A wealth of employee business, investment, and tax-related expenses— from job-hunting costs to tax preparation fees—are deductible here. And if you bought business equipment required by your employer and you were not reimbursed, you can write off its entire cost up to the 2015 limit. (However, see the allocation of expense rules, page 29, and examples on pages 43 and 61.)

Filing Tip

Schedule A, Line 21. Since the deduction for meal and entertainment expense is limited on Form 2106, expenses claimed on lines 21 to 23 are reduced by 2% of your adjusted gross income, and the standard deduction may be advantageous for you, using an accountable expense reimbursement plan to reduce or eliminate unreimbursed expenses is generally a wise move.

Sample Return No. 1

- Accountable expense reimbursement plan
- Minister owns residence
- Pays federal taxes through voluntary withholding
- Congregation reimbursed nonqualifying moving expenses
- Housing fair rental value test applied
- 403(b) contribution by salary reduction and employer contributions
- Application of Deason Rule

Expenses related to honoraria income:

Minister considered to be an employee for income tax purposes with an accountable business expense plan.

The Browns live in a home they are personally purchasing. Pastor Brown has entered into a voluntary withholding agreement with the church, and \$12,000 of federal income taxes are withheld.

Income, Benefits, and Reimbursements:

Congregation salary	\$64,850
Christmas and other special occasion gifts paid by the congregation based on designed member-gifts to the congregation	750
Honoraria for performing weddings, funerals, and baptisms	650
Honorarium for speaking as an evangelist at another church	1,000
Mutual fund dividend income: Capital gain distributions Ordinary	150 954
Interest income:	
Taxable Tax-exempt	675 1,200
Reimbursement of self-employment tax	12,000

Business Expenses, Itemized Deductions, Housing, and Other Data:

100% of church-related expenses (including 9,412 business miles) paid personally were reimbursed by the church under an accountable expense plan, based on timely substantiation of the expenses.

Expenses related to nonoralia medile.		
Parking	\$	25
Travel –		
864 x 57.5¢ per mile		497
Meals and entertainment		50
Other		200
Potential itemized deductions:		
Unreimbursed doctors, dentists, and drugs		1,500
State and local income taxes:		
2014 taxes paid in 2015		400
Withheld from salary		1,600
Real estate taxes on home		1,000
Home mortgage interest	14	4,850
Cash contributions	:	8,200
Noncash contributions – household		
furniture/fair market value		266
Tax preparation fee		200
Student loan interest		1,906
Housing data:		
Designation	20	6,000
Actual expenses	2	5,625
Fair rental value including utilities	2	5,000
403(b) pre-tax contributions for Pastor Brown:		
Voluntary employee contributions made		
under a salary reduction agreement		500
Nonvoluntary employer contributions	2	2,000
Moving expenses reimbursed under a		
nonqualified plan (see page 45)	(6,750

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instructions and				-				2	-83	not entered above	_
check here. ► 🗌	ď	Total number of	feverntion	e claimed				10000	V5 - 5	Add numbers on lines above	3
	11.11	CINITIAL STATE OF FOURTH		11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Table 1	Excess Hou	sing Allow. \$	1.000	7	58,850	1
Income		Taxable interes							8a	675	
TO DO THE LEADERS OF	ь	Tax-exempt in	terest. Do n	ot include o	n line 8a	. 8b	1,200			1000000	
Attach Form(s) W-2 here. Also	9a (Ordinary divide	nds. Attach	Schedule B	if required		2 KKZ 10 00 1	848	9a	954	
attach Forms		Qualified divide				. 9b	954				
W-2G and 1099-R if tax		Faxable refunds	Section of the sectio						10		-
was withheld.		Alimony receive						100	11	1,120	-
		Business incom Canital nain or					i, check here ▶	XI.	13	150	
If you did not		Other gains or (1,0100111010	-	14	150	
get a W-2, see instructions.		RA distribution		5a		11 1884 - 18 Sec. 1	ble amount .		15b		
000.1100100110110.	16a	Pensions and an	nuities 1	6a		b Taxa	ble amount		16b		
									170		
			- 503 (50) (C) (C)	A COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O		tions, trusts, e	etc. Attach Sched	ule E	17		
	18	Farm income or	r (Joss). Atta	ch Schedule		ions, trusts, e	etc. Attach Sched	ule E	18		
	18 I	Farm income or Unemployment	r (loss). Atta compensat	ch Schedule ion				ule E	18 19		
	18 1 19 1 20a	Farm income or Unemployment Social security b	r (Joss). Atta compensat cenefits 2	ch Schedule ion 0a			etc. Attach Sched	ule E	18 19 20b		
	18 1 19 1 20a 1	Farm income or Unemployment Social security b Other income. I	r (Joss). Atta compensat penefits 20 Ust type and	ch Schedule ion Da d amount	• F	b Taxa	ble amount		18 19 20b 21	61.749	
	18 19 20a 21 22	Farm income or Unemployment Social security b Other income. I	r (loss). Atta compensat benefits 20 List type and ounts in the f	ch Schedule ion Da d amount	a F	b Taxa			18 19 20b	61,749	
Adjusted	18 1 19 1 20a : 21 1 22 1	Farm income or Unemployment Social security b Other income: I Combine the am	r (loss). Atta. compensate cenefits 20 Ust type and counts in the fi	ch Schedule ion On d amount arright colum	a F. , and	b Taxa	ble amount		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 20a 21 22 1 23 24 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security b Other income. I Combine the amo Reserved Certain business fee-basis govern	r (loss). Atta compensate penefits 2: List type and ounts in the fi expenses of ment officials.	ch Schedule ion 0a d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form	n for lines 7 the	b Taxarough 21. This i	ble amount		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
	18 19 20a 21 22 4 24 4 25 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security bother income. I Combine the amo Reserved . Certain business fee-basis governr Health savings	r (loss). Atta compensationerists 2: List type and ounts in the finance of the counts of the finance of the count decount dec	ch Schedule ion Da Da damount damount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction, Atta	a F	b Taxarough 21. This 23 and 72 24 9 25	ble amount		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 20a 3 22 4 24 4 25 26 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security boother income. I Combine the among Reserved Cartain business fee-basis governo Health savings Moving expens	r (loss). Atta compensationerists 2: List type and ounts in the finance of the counts of the finance of the count decrease. Attach F	ch Schedule ion 0a d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction, Atta form 3903	or F	b Taxarough 21. This 23 and 24 25 26	ble amount is your total incom		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 20a 3 22 4 22 4 25 26 27 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security boother income. I Combine the amo Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Unemployment Deductible part of Unemployment Cartain income Cartain inc	r (loss). Atta. compensationelists 2: List type and counts in the finance of the counts of the count decease. Attach F of self-employ	ch Schedule ion 0a d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Attac form 3903 /ment tax. Att	a F	b Taxa rough 21. This 23 and 72 24 9 25 26 SE 27	ble amount		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 1 26 27 28 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the amo Reserved Cartain business fee-basis governo Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed	r (loss). Atta. compensationed is 20 List type and ounts in the financials. account deces. Attach For self-employ SEP, SIMPL	ch Schedule ion 0a d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction, Atta corm 3903 vment tax, Att E, and quali	a F	b Taxa rough 21, This 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28	ble amount is your total incom		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 1 26 27 28 29 1 29 1 29 1 29 1 29 1 29 1 29 1 29 1 29 1 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Farm income of Unemployment Social security boother income. I Combine the amo Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Unemployment Deductible part of Unemployment Cartain income Cartain inc	r (loss). Atta. compensationed is 20 List type and ounts in the financials. account deces. Attach Fof self-employ SEP, SIMPL health insur-	ch Schedule ion 0e d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Attach form 3903 //ment tax. Att E. and quali ance deduct	a F	b Taxa rough 21. This 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29	ble amount is your total incom		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 26 27 28 30 1 30 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the amo Reserved Cartain business fee-basis governo Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed Self-employed	r (loss). Atta. compensationelits 2: List type and counts in the financials. account deces. Attach Fot self-employ SEP, SIMPL health insurversels.	ch Schedule ion 0e d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Attac form 3903 vment tax. Att E. and quali ance deduct t of savings	or for lines 7 thing artists 2106 or 2106-each Form 888 artists Schedule Stilled plans	b Taxa rough 21. This 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29	ble amount is your total incom		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 26 27 28 30 31a 32 1 32 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the ame Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed Self-employed Penalty on early Alimony paid be IRA deduction	r (Joss). Atta. compensationelits 2: List type and counts in the financials. account deces. Attach Fof self-employ SEP, SIMPL health insurvy withdrawa.	ch Schedule ion De d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Attac form 3903 ment tax. Att E, and quali ance deduct t of savings s SSN ▶	a F	b Taxa rough 21. This i 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29 30 31a	ble amount is your total income		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 1 26 27 28 30 31a 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 3	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the ame Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed Self-employed Penalty on early Alimony paid be IRA deduction Student loan in	r (loss). Atta. compensationelits 2: List type and counts in the financials, account deces. Attach For self-employ SEP, SIMPL health insur- y withdrawa. Recipient	ch Schedule ion be d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Attac form 3903 ment tax. Att E, and quali ance deduct of savings s SSN ction.	in for lines 7 thin rforming artists 2106 or 2106-E ach Form 888 ach Schedule 8 itled plans tion	b Taxa rough 21. This i 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29 30 31a 32 33	ble amount is your total incom		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 1 26 27 28 30 31s 32 33 34 1	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the ame Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed Self-employed Penalty on early Alimony paid be IRA deduction Student loan in Reserved	r (loss). Atta compensationelists 24 List type and counts in the finent officials, account deces. Attach F of self-employ SEP, SIMPL health insur- y withdrawa.	ch Schedule ion De d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Atta form 3903 resert tax. Att E, and quali ance deduct of savings s SSN ction.	in for lines 7 thin rforming artists 2106 or 2106-E ach Form 888 asch Schedule 5 ifted plans tion	b Taxa rough 21. This i 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29 30 31a 32 33 34	ble amount is your total income		18 19 20b 21	61,749	
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 25 26 27 28 30 31a 32 33 34 35 35 35 35 35 35	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the ame Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed Self-employed Penalty on early Alimony paid bo IRA deduction Student loan in Reserved Domestic production	r (loss). Atta. compensationelits 2: List type and counts in the financials. account deces. Attach Fof self-employ SEP, SIMPL health insurvy withdrawa. Recipient's terest deduction activities	ch Schedule ion De d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Attac form 3903 rement tax. Att E, and quali ance deduct t of savings s SSN ction.	in for lines 7 thing artists 2106 or 2106-Bach Form 888 and Schedule Stilled plans thon	b Taxarough 21. This is 23 and 22 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29 30 31a 32 33 34 303 35	5,988		18 19 20b 21 22		
Gross	18 19 19 20a 21 22 1 22 1 24 1 25 1 26 27 28 30 31s 32 33 34 35 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	Farm income of Unemployment Social security be Other income. I Combine the ame Reserved Cartain business fee-basis govern Health savings Moving expens Deductible part of Self-employed Self-employed Penalty on early Alimony paid be IRA deduction Student loan in Reserved	r (Joss). Atta. compensationelits 2: List type and counts in the file of the count decrease. Attach For self-employ SEP, SIMPL health Insuray withdrawa. Recipient terest deduction activities rough 35.	ch Schedule ion be d amount ar right colum reservists, per Attach Form duction. Atta form 3903 ment tax. Att E, and quali ance deduct of savings s SSN ction s deduction.	in for lines 7 thin rforming artists 2106 or 2106-E ach Form 888 sach Schedule 8 ifled plans tion	b Taxa rough 21. This i 23 and 27 24 9 25 26 SE 27 28 29 30 31a 32 33 34	5,988		18 19 20b 21	61,749 7,894 53,855	

	38	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income)	38	53,855
	39a	10 - 프로그램 - 14 - 17 - 146 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 1	30	55,055
Tax and	298	[위상 - ^] :		
Credits	CATACO	if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1951, ☐ Blind. I checked ▶ 39a ☐		
GO CANDA	ь	If your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien, check here▶ 39b□		
Standard	40	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left margin)	40	26,316
Deduction for—	41	Subtract line 40 from line 38	41	27,539
People who	42	Exemptions. If line 38 is \$154,950 or less, multiply \$4,000 by the number on line 6d. Otherwise, see instructions	42	12,000
check any	43	Taxable income. Subtract line 42 from line 41, If line 42 is more than line 41, enter -0-	43	15,539
box on line 39a or 39b or	44	Tax (see instructions), Check if any from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972 c	44	1,443
who can be claimed as a	45	Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251	45	77.171
dependent,	46	가득하는 그 집에 가장 그렇게 하는 그렇게 하는 것이라면 없었다. 그리지 않는 것이 없었다.	46	
see instructions.	10000	Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962	mtseen-	1,443
All others:	47	Add lines 44, 45, and 46	47	1,445
Single or	48	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required		
Married filing separately.	49	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441 49		
\$6,300	50	Education credits from Form 8863, line 19 ,	1.	
Married filing	51	Retirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8680 51		
jointly or Qualifying	52	Child tax credit. Attach Schedule 6812, if required 52 1,000	Į.	
widow(er),	53	Residential energy credit. Attach Form 5695		
\$12,600 Head of	54	Other credits from Form: a 3800 b 8801 c 54		
household.	55	Add lines 48 through 54. These are your total credits	55	1,000
\$9,250	56	Subtract line 55 from line 47. If line 55 is more than line 47, enter -0-	56	443
	-		10000	37.00
	57	Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE	57	11,975
Other	58	Unreported social security and Medicare tax from Form: a 4137 b 8919	58	
Taxes	59	Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc. Attach Form 5329 if required	59	
·unco	60a	Household employment taxes from Schedule H	60a	
	b	First-time homebuyer credit repayment. Attach Form 5405 if required	60b	
	61	Health care: individual responsibility (see instructions) Full-year coverage X	61	
	62	Taxes from: a Form 8959 b Form 8960 c Instructions; enter code(s)	62	
	63	Add lines 56 through 62. This is your total tax	63	12,418
Payments	64	Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099 64 12,000		14/114
rayments	65	2015 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2014 return 65		
If you have a	1			
qualifying [66a			
child, attach	ь	Nontaxable combat pay election 66b		
Schedule EIC.	67	Additional child tax credit, Attach Schedule 8812		
	68	American opportunity credit from Form 8863, line 8 68	-	
	69	Net premium tax credit. Attach Form 8982		
	70	Amount paid with request for extension to file		
	71	Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld 71		
	72	Credit for federal tax on fuels. Attach Form 4136		
	73	Credits from Form: a 2439 b Asserved c 8895 d 73		
	74	Add lines 64, 65, 66a, and 67 through 73. These are your total payments	74	12,000
Defind	-7-		75	12,000
Refund	75	If line 74 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 74. This is the amount you overpaid	COLUMN TO SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	
	76a	Amount of line 75 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attached, check here ► □	76a	
Direct deposit?		Routing number		
See j instructions.	d	Account number		
	77	Amount of line 75 you want applied to your 2016 estimated tax ▶ 77		
Amount	78	Amount you owe. Subtract line 74 from line 63. For details on how to pay, see instructions.	78	418
You Owe	79	Estimated tax penalty (see instructions)		24191170 711
Third Party	Do	you want to allow another person to discuss this return with the IRS (see instructions)? 🔲 Yes	. Comple	te below: No
Designee		ignee's Phone Personal iden	The state of the s	
Doorginoo		re ▶ no. ▶ number (PN)	•	
Sign		er penalties of perjury. I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, and to the fire true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer jother than taxpayer) is based on all information of which preparer.		
Here		r signature Dute Your occupation	Trements sens	phone number
Joint return? See	V.	- A TATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	System (8)	personal transmitter.
instructions.	-		# A 180	
Keep a copy for vour records.	Sp	use's signature, If a joint return, both must sign. Date Spouse's occupation	Fine IRS : PIN, enter	ent you an Identity Protection if
Aver Legalics		alassia d. Thomas 4/15/16 Housewife	here (see i	nst)
Paid	Pri	t/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature Date	Check	TI PTIN
Preparer			self-emp	
	Fire	n's name ►	Firm's El	N Þ
Use Only	5250	's address ►	Phone ne	
	5-127			

Line 64 – The minister had income tax withheld under a voluntary withholding agreement with the church. Notice that income tax was withheld relating to both the income and social security tax liability.

SCHEDULE (Form 1040) Department of the Tr Internal Revenue Ser Name(s) shown on	easury vice (99)		,.	OMB No. 1545-0074 2015 Attachment Sequence No. 07 social security number	
		essia S. Brown			1-16-8194
Medical		saution. Do not include expenses reimbursed or paid by others.	1 1,500		
and Dental Expenses	3 N	inter amount from Form 1040, line 38 2 53,855 fulltiply line 2 by 10% (.10). But if either you or your spouse was orn before January 2, 1951, multiply line 2 by 7.5% (.075) instead	3 5,386		
Expolices		subtract line 3 from line 1. If line 3 is more than line 1, enter -0-	3 3,500	4	0
Taxes You Paid	a	tate and local X Income taxes	5 2,000		
	6 F	l ☐ Reserved J leal estate taxes (see instructions)	6 1,000		
		ersonal property taxes	8		
	9 A	dd lines 5 through 8		9	3,000
Interest You Paid Note. Your mortgage	11 H	ome mortgage interest and points reported to you on Form 1098 ome mortgage interest not reported to you on Form 1098. If paid the person from whom you bought the home, see instructions and show that person's name, identifying no., and address ▶	10 14,850		
interest deduction may			11		
be limited (see instructions).		oints not reported to you on Form 1098. See instructions for pecial rules	12		
	14 lr	Reserved	13	15	14,850
Gifts to		lifts by cash or check. If you made any gift of \$250 or more,		13	
Charity		ee instructions	16 8,200		
If you made a gift and got a		Other than by cash or check. If any gift of \$250 or more, see astructions. You must attach Form 8283 if over \$500	17 266		
benefit for it, see instructions.		Carryover from prior year	18	40	8,466
Casualty and	19 A	dd lines 16 through 18		19	0,100
Theft Losses	20 C	asualty or theft loss(es). Attach Form 4684. (See instructions.)		20	
Job Expenses and Certain Miscellaneous	jc	Inreimbursed employee expenses—job travel, union dues, ob education, etc. Attach Form 2106 or 2106-EZ if required.	24		
Deductions	,	See instructions.) ax preparation fees	21 200		
	23 C	other expenses—investment, safe deposit box, etc. List type and amount ▶			
		dd lines 21 through 23	23 24 200		
	26 N	Inter amount from Form 1040, line 38 25 53,855 dultiply line 25 by 2% (.02)	26 1,077		0
Other		subtract line 26 from line 24. If line 26 is more than line 24, ente other—from list in instructions. List type and amount	F-U	27	-
Miscellaneous Deductions		- normal ministrations. List type and amount		28	
Total		Form 1040, line 38, over \$154,950?			
Itemized Deductions		No. Your deduction is not limited. Add the amounts in the fa for lines 4 through 28. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040), line 40.	29	26,316
		Yes. Your deduction may be limited. See the Itemized Dedu Worksheet in the instructions to figure the amount to enter.)		
		you elect to itemize deductions even though they are less t eduction, check here	than your standard		

Lines 6 and 10 – The real estate taxes and home mortgage interest are deducted on this form plus excluded from income on line 7, Form 1040, page 1 as a housing allowance.

Line 21 – There are no unreimbursed employee expenses to deduct since the church reimbursed all the professional expenses under an accountable expense reimbursement plan.

(Form 1040A or 1 Department of the Tre Internal Revenue Serv	asury	Interest and Ordinary Dividends ► Attach to Form 1040A or 1040. ► Information about Schedule B and its instructions is at www.irs.gov/scheduleb.		2015 Attachment Sequence No. 08	
Name(s) shown on r Milton L. and	etum d Ales	ssia S. Brown	Your social security number 541-16-8194		
Part I	1	List name of payer. If any interest is from a seller-financed mortgage and the		Amount	
nterest	·	buyer used the property as a personal residence, see instructions on back and list this interest first. Also, show that buyer's social security number and address ► State Highway Bonds Ohio S&L		1,200 675	
See instructions on back and the instructions for Form 1040A, or Form 1040, ine 8a.)			1	0/3	
Note: If you eceived a Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-OID, or substitute					
statement from a brokerage firm,		Subtotal		1,875	
ist the firm's		Less: Tax-Exempt Interest		-1,200	
name as the payer and enter	2	Add the amounts on line 1	2	675	
he total interest	3	Excludable interest on series EE and I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989. Attach Form 8815	3		
form.	4	Subtract line 3 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040A, or Form 1040, line 8a	4	675	
	Note:	If line 4 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III.		Amount	
Ordinary Dividends See instructions on back and the instructions for form 1040A, or form 1040, ine 9a.)			5		
Note: If you received a Form 1099-DIV or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, ist the firm's name as the payer and enter					
the ordinary dividends shown on that form.	6	Add the amounts on line 5. Enter the total here and on Form 1040A, or Form 1040, line 9a	6		
	You m	If line 6 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III. ust complete this part if you (a) had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends; (it account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign) had	a st. Yes N	
Part III Foreign Accounts		At any time during 2015, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority ov account (such as a bank account, securities account, or brokerage account) located country? See instructions	era fii in a fo	nancial	
and Trusts (See instructions on	h	If "Yes," are you required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Final Accounts (FBAR), to report that financial interest or signature authority? See FinCEN and its instructions for filing requirements and exceptions to those requirements.	l Form		
back.)	8	If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, enter the name of the foreign country white financial account is located During 2015, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or transf			
	U	foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See instructions on back.			

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99)	Hovernue Service (68) ► Attach to Form 1040, 1040NR, or 1041. ► See instructions on page 2. of proprietor See				So	2015 achment quanco No. 09A
Name of proprietor Milton L. Brown					al security nu 41-16-819	
Part I General In	formation			, ,,	*11-10-01;	
action at the						
You May Use Schedule C-EZ Instead of Schedule C Only If You:	Had business exper less, Use the cash metho Did not have an inveduring the year, Did not have a net lebusiness, Had only one busine proprietor, qualified statutory employee.	od of accounting, entory at any time oss from your ess as either a sole joint venture, or	And You:	Had no employe Do not deduct e use of your hom Do not have pric passive activity l business, and Are not required Depreciation and this business. S Schedule C, line	e, or year unallo losses from t to file Form d Amortizations the instruc	business owed this 4562, on, for ottons for
				must file.		
	profession, including prod	uct or service		В		s code (see page 2)
Minister C Business name. If no	separate business name, l	eave blank.		D		EIN (see page 2)
E Business address for	duding suite or room no.).	Address not required	if same as on none 1.	of your tax nature		
		oo no noquilad	Janua da di paga 1 t	2001 1001 100011		
City, town or post offi	ce, state, and ZIP code					
	oayments in 2015 that v					
	will you file required Fo					Yes ⊠ No Yes □ No
Part II Figure You	ır Net Profit					
	Caution: If this income on that form was che					
employee" box of Schedule C, line 1 Total expenses (Net profit. Subtra Form 1040, line 1	on that form was che 1, and check here . see page 2). If more tha act line 2 from line 1. If 12, and Schedule SE, Ii	an \$5,000, you must less than zero, yo line 2, or on Form 1	ory employees in t struse Schedule C or must use Schedu 1040NR, line 13, and	he instructions for	2	1,650
employee" box of Schedule C, line 1 Total expenses (Net profit, Subtra Form 1040, line 1 line 2 (see instruc	on that form was che 1, and check here . see page 2). If more tha act line 2 from line 1. If	an \$5,000, you must less than zero, you ince 2, or on Form to	ory employees in t struse Schedule C or must use Schedu 1040NR, line 13, and	he instructions for		
employee" box of Schedule C, line 1 Total expenses (Net profit. Subtra Form 1040, line 1 line 2 (see instructional states and truster states and truster states and truster states and truster states.	on that form was che 1, and check here see page 2). If more that act line 2 from line 1. If 12, and Schedule SE, II ctions). (Statutory employed	an \$5,000, you must less than zero, you need to go on the series of the	ory employees in t st use Schedule C ou must use Schedu 1040NR, line 13, and ort this amount on Sc	he instructions for	3	530
employee" box of Schedule C, line 1 Total expenses (Net profit. Subtra Form 1040, line 1 line 2 (see instructional states and trusts Part III Information	on that form was che 1, and check here . see page 2). If more that act line 2 from line 1. If 12, and Schedule SE, li ctions). (Statutory employ, s, enter on Form 1041,	an \$5,000, you must less than zero, you ine 2, or on Form to oyees do not repo line 3	ory employees in to st use Schedule C ou must use Schedu 1040NR, line 13, and ort this amount on Sc rt only if you are cl	le C. Enter on both Schedule SE, line 2.)	3	530
employee" box of Schedule C, line 1 2 Total expenses (3 Net profit. Subtration 1040, line 1 line 2 (see instruct Estates and trusts Part III Information 4 When did you plan 5 Of the total numb	on that form was che 1, and check here 2 see page 2). If more that act line 2 from line 1. If 12, and Schedule SE, Ii 2 tions). (Statutory employs, enter on Form 1041, on on Your Vehicle. (an \$5,000, you must less than zero, you ine 2, or on Form 1 oyees do not repo line 3 Complete this par ce for business pur	ory employees in to struse Schedule C or must use Schedul 1040NR, line 13, and ort this amount on Si rt only if you are of rposes? (month, day	he instructions for le C. Enter on both I Schedule SE, chedule SE, line 2.) alming car or truck	3 expenses	1,120 s on line 2.
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	le SE (Form 1040) 2015	Attachment Sequence No. 17		F	Pag
	f person with self-employment income (as shown on Form 1040 or Form 1040NP)	Social security number of pe		541-16-8194	
	ton L. Brown	with self-employment incor	ne 🚩	341-10-0194	_
	on B—Long Schedule SE Self-Employment Tax				_
	If your only income subject to self-employment tax is church employee inc	ome see instructions Also s	ee inst	ructions for the	
	on of church employee income.	reme, acc man cottons, Also s	ree mat	OUTON OF THE	
Α	If you are a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science	ce practitioner and you filed	d Form	4361, but you	
	had \$400 or more of other net earnings from self-employment, check it				
1a	Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and farm partnerships, S	chedule K-1 (Form 1065),			
	box 14, code A. Note. Skip lines 1a and 1b if you use the farm optional me	ethod (see instructions)	1a		
ь	If you received social security retirement or disability benefits, enter the amount		,		
	Program payments included on Schedule F, line 4b, or listed on Schedule K-1 (F		1b (H
2	Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule C-EZ, line 3	. ,			
	box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 10 Ministers and members of religious orders, see instructions for types				
	this line. See instructions for other income to report. Note. Skip this lin				
	optional method (see instructions)		2	84,753	
3	Combine lines 1a, 1b, and 2	_	3	84,753	
-	If line 3 is more than zero, multiply line 3 by 92.35% (.9235). Otherwise, e	-	4a	78,269	
	Note. If line 4a is less than \$400 due to Conservation Reserve Program payments	_		. 0,200	
b	If you elect one or both of the optional methods, enter the total of lines	15 and 17 here	4b		
c	Combine lines 4a and 4b. If less than \$400, stop; you do not owe self-e	employment tax.			
	Exception. If less than \$400 and you had church employee income, e	nter -0- and continue 🕨	4c	78,269	L
5a	Enter your church employee income from Form W-2. See				
	instructions for definition of church employee income 5a		5 1		
ь	, , ,	_	5b	70.260	H
6	Add lines 4c and 5b	-	6	78,269	Н
7	Maximum amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings stax or the 6.2% portion of the 7.65% railroad retirement (tier 1) tax for 2		7	118,500	
9.0		2015	-	110,000	
oa	Total social security wages and tips (total of boxes 3 and 7 on Form(s) W-2) and railroad retirement (tier 1) compensation.				
	If \$118,500 or more, skip lines 8b through 10, and go to line 11				
ь	Unreported tips subject to social security tax (from Form 4137, line 10) 8b				
С	Wages subject to social security tax (from Form 8919, line 10) 8c				
d	Add lines 8a, 8b, and 8c		8d		
9	Subtract line 8d from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 10	_	9	118,500	
10	Multiply the smaller of line 6 or line 9 by 12.4% (.124)	-	10	9,705	
11	Multiply line 6 by 2.9% (.029)	_	11	2,270	L
12	Self-employment tax. Add lines 10 and 11. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 5	7, or Form 1040NR, line 55	12	11,975	L
13	Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax.				
	Multiply line 12 by 50% (.50). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 27, or Form 1040NR, line 27	5,988			
Part		,			
	Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your gross fam				
	7,320, or (b) your net farm profits ² were less than \$5,284.	II IIIOOIIIO WAA IIOUIIIOIE			
14	Maximum income for optional methods		14	4,880	
15	Enter the smaller of: two-thirds (2/s) of gross farm income! (not less the	-			
	include this amount on line 4b above		15		
	rm Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your net nonfarm pro	ofits ^a were less than \$5,284			
	so less than 72.189% of your gross nonfarm income, and (b) you had net earn				
	ast \$400 in 2 of the prior 3 years. Caution. You may use this method no more t				
16	Subtract line 15 from line 14		16		
17	Enter the smaller of: two-thirds (2/3) of gross nonfarm income ⁴ (not less		47		
	amount on line 16. Also include this amount on line 4b above		17		<u>_</u>
1 Brone	Seh Elling Bland Seh K-1 (Form 1085) how 14 code B	C line 31: Sab C.E7 line 3: 0	oh 17-4 4	Form 1085, how 14	
² From ³	Sch. F. line 34, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A—minus the A; and Sc	h. C, line 31; Sch. C-EZ, line 3; Sc ch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, co n. C, line 7; Sch. C-EZ, line 1; Sch ch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, co	de J1.		

Line 2 – See Attachment 2 on page 43.

Line 4 – This line results in the deduction of a portion of the self-employment tax liability.

A minister must use Section B-Long Schedule if he or she received nonministerial wages (subject to FICA) and the total of these wages and net ministerial self-employment earnings (W-2 and Schedule C [C-EZ]-related) is more than \$118,500.

Attachment 1. Computation of expenses, allocatable to tax-free ministerial income, that are nondeductible.

		Taxable	Tax-Free	<u>Total</u>
Salary as a minister		\$ 57,850		\$ 57,850
Housing allowance:				
Amount designated and paid by church	\$ 26,000			
Actual expenses	25,625			
Fair rental value of home (including				
furnishings and utilities)	25,000			
Taxable portion of allowance				
(excess of amount designated & paid over				
lesser of actual expenses or fair rental value)	\$ 1,000	1,000		1,000
Tax-free portion of allowance (lesser of amount				
designated, actual expenses, or fair rental value)			25,000	
Gross income from weddings, baptisms, and honoraria		1,650		1,650
Ministerial Income		\$ 60,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 85,500
% of nondeductible expenses: \$25,000/\$85,500 = 29%				

Schedule C-EZ Deduction Computation	
Parking	\$ 25
Meals & Entertainment (\$50 x 50% deductible portion)	25
Other	200
Mileage (864 miles x 57.5 cents per mile)	<u>497</u>
Unadjusted Schedule C-EZ expenses	747
Minus:	
Nondeductible part of Schedule C-EZ expenses (29% x \$747)	(217)
Schedule C-EZ deductions (line 2) (See page 41)	<u>\$ 530</u>

Attachment 2. Net earnings from self-employment (attachment to Schedule SE, Form 1040)

Congregation wages	\$ 57,850
Housing allowance	26,000
Net profit from Schedule C-EZ	1,120
	84,970
Less:	
Schedule C-EZ expenses allocable to tax-free income	(217)
Net Self-Employed Income	
Schedule SE, Section A, line 2 (See page 42)	<u>\$ 84,753</u>
	

Housing Allowance Worksheet Clergy-Owned Home

Name:Milton L. Brown			-	
For the periodJanuary 1, 20_15toDece	mbe	er 31_, _{20_} 15	<u>;</u>	
Date designation approved	20_1	14		
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current income	ome)			
		Estimated Expenses		Actual
Down payment on purchase of housing	\$		\$_	
Housing loan principal and interest payments		18,117	_	18,875
Real estate commission, escrow fees			_	
Real property taxes		900	_	1,000
Personal property taxes on contents			_	
Homeowner's insurance		500	_	550
Personal property insurance on contents		150	_	200
Umbrella liability insurance		100	_	
Structural maintenance and repair			_	550
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control			_	200
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)			_	400
Decoration and redecoration			_	
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection		3,500	_	3,500
Local telephone expense (base charge)		150	_	150
Homeowner's association dues/condominium fees		219	_	200
Subtotal	-	23,636		
10% allowance for unexpected expenses		2,364		
TOTAL	\$ ₌	26,000	\$ =	25,625 (A)
Properly designated housing allowance			\$ =	26,000 (B)
Fair rental value of home, including furnishings, plus utilities			\$ _	25,000 (C)
Note: The amount excludable from income for federal income tax	nurna	oses is the <i>lowes</i>		

The \$1,000 difference between the designation (\$26,000) and the fair rental value (\$25,000) is reported as additional income on Form 1040, line 7.

22222 Void 🗌 a E	imployee's social security number 541-16-8194	For Official OMB No. 15					
b Employer identification number (EIN)				s, tips, other compensation			tax withheld
38-9417217 c Employer's name, address, and ZIP or	nde			7850.00 I security wages		12000.0	ax withheld
			0 0000	resound region	* ***	an cooming o	and internet
Magnolia Springs Chur 4805 Douglas Road	ch		5 Medic	are wages and tips	6 Med	icare tax wi	thheld
Springfield, OH 45504			7 Social	I security tips	8 Alloc	ated tips	
d Control number			9		10 Dep	endent care	benefits
e Employee's first name and initial	Last name	Sur	ff. 11 Nong	ualified plans	12a See	instruction	s for box 12
Milton L.	Brown		- 42 Statista	v Relirement Third-party	12b	500	0
418 Trenton Street			13 Statutor employe	y Relirement Third-party se pian sick pay	8	1	
Springfield, OH 45504			14 Other		12c		
					1 0	1	
					40.4		
					12d		
f Employee's address and ZIP code					12d		
f Employee's address and ZIP code	16 State wages, tips, etc.	17 State ino		8 Local wages, tips, etc.	12d	come tax	20 Locality nan
	16 State wages, tips, etc. 57850.00	17 State ino 1600.0		8 Local wages, tips, etc.	000	come tax	20 Localty nar
15 Sale Employer's state ID number				8 Local wages, tips, etc.	000	come tax	20 Localty nar
15 Sale Employer's state ID number OH 677803	57850.00	1600.0	00		19 Local in		
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Pastor Brown received reimbursements of \$7,593 under an accountable expense reimbursement plan. The reimbursements are not included on Form W-2 or deductible on Form 1040. There is no requirement to add the reimbursements to income taxable for social security purposes on Schedule SE.

Pastor Brown was also reimbursed for \$6,750 of nonqualified moving expenses. He failed the distance test in that his new principal place of work was less than 50 miles farther from his old residence than the old residence was from his old place of work.

Sample Return No. 2

- Nonaccountable expense reimbursements
- Minister occupies a church-provided parsonage
- Pays federal taxes using Form 1040-ES
- Qualifies for the Earned Income Credit
- Congregation did not reimburse moving expenses
- Application of Deason Rule
- Tax Saver's Credit

Minister considered to be an employee for income tax purposes with a nonaccountable business expense plan.

The Halls live in church-provided housing.

Income, Benefits, and Reimbursements:

Church salary – Donald	\$ 11,000
Salary – Julie (W-2 not shown)/ Federal withholding of \$250	13,350
Christmas and other special occasion gifts paid by the church based on designated	
member-gifts to the church	500
Honoraria for performing weddings, funerals, baptisms, and outside	
speaking engagements	5,200
Interest income (taxable)	750
Reimbursement of self-employment tax	2,100
Business expense allowance (no accounting provided to church)	1,700

Business Expenses, Itemized Deductions, 403(b) Contributions, Housing Data, and Moving Expense Data:

Church-related expenses paid personally:

Business use of personally-owned auto
(W-2 related) 7,450 miles

Personal nondeductible commuting 2,432 miles

Seminar expenses:

Airfare \$675

Meals 233

Lodging 167

Subscriptions 200

Books (less than one-year life)	100
Supplies	250
Entertainment expenses	1,207
Continuing education tuition (related	
to church employment)	500
Travel expense related to honoraria (Schedule	C-EZ):
Airfare	2,042
Business use of personally-owned auto	
2,177 x 57.5¢ per mile	1,252
Lodging	400
Supplies	700
Potential itemized deductions:	
Unreimbursed doctors, dentists,	
and drugs	3,050
State and local income taxes	460
Personal property taxes	300
Cash contributions	3,310
Housing data:	
Designation	2,000
Actual expenses	1,000
Fair rental value, including furnishings	
and utilities	11,150
403(b) pre-tax contributions for	
Pastor Hall: Voluntary employee	
contributions made under a salary	
reduction agreement	500
Moving expenses (deductible)	1,183

Estimated \$24,000 in income for health insurance exchange subsidy at the beginning of year

E 1040 For the year Jan. 1-De			ual Incom					2015, end		129	, 20	Sec. 15.	1171	write or stacle in the parate instructi	CONTRACTOR
Your first name and			Sec. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10	Last na	nie		-					- 13	Your s	ocial security nu	mber
Donald L.				Hall									482	C. T. P. A. I. Dr. Charles	
If a joint return, spou	use 's tirst i	name and in	bal	Last na	me							3		's social security n	
Julie M. Home address (num	h-manif d	trace It word	house a H Ch has	Hall	ata inti						Apt.ne		720	The Research of the State of th	_
804 Linden A	Avenue			0000000							Open		ar	ke sure the SSN(s klon line 6c are c	orrect.
Pensacola, Fl			you have a fores	gn addra	966, ala	0:00mg	oiete spacas t	selaw (sea	instruo	ona.			heck her	lential Election Ca e i you, or your spous	eilfing
Foreign country nem	10					Foreig	jn province/s	state/cou	nty		Foreign postal o	ode s		nt \$3 to go to shis tund www.finot change you You	flex or
Filing Status	1 [Single						1	4 L	Head of be	ousehold (with o	jualitys	ng pers	on). (See instructio	ons.) If
. 1956	Control of	- to the second	filing jointly (e							Deletario 5 to 1, 45		child b	ut not y	our dependent, er	oter this
Check only one oox.	3		filing separat		ter sp	ouse	s SSN abo				ne here, 🕨	W. Wass	000400	VA.W.1	
30X.	1,0420		name here. >		eYanas	9402003	erace without		5		widow(er) wi	in dep	-	oxes checked	
Exemptions	6a b	X Spous	elf, If someon	ne can	claim	you:	as a depen	dent, de	o not	песк рох	68	100	0	n 6a and 6b	2
	G	Depender		-	- (2	Depe	nderd's	/39.0	ependeni		/ if child under a		0	o, of children n 6c who:	
	(f) First (Lest name				ity number		ehip to		lying for child tax (see instructions)			lived with you did not live with	_2_
DET HOROGO WANTE - DIAMPONTO	Day	id K.	Hall	1	514	42	7465	Son	1		X		ye or	separation	
f more than four dependents, see	Sara	ah E.	Hall	_ ,	416	49	9125	Dat	ighte	er	X		(3	ee instructions)	_
nstructions and				_					.33				Di Di	ependents on 6c of entered above	
check here 🕨 🗌	-	7-1-1			rata v						1.			dd numbers on	4
	d		ber of exemp daries, tips, e				au o Inc	- Fyra	es Ho	using Al	ow \$1,000	1 7	-	27,150	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$
Income	7 8a		uanes, tips, e nterest. Attac					II, EACE	55 LIC	using M	OW. 3 (,000	8:		750	-
	b		pt interest. D						86	761.05		0,		730	
Attach Form(s)	9a		lividends, Att							4014-03	0.000	94	9		
W-2 here. Also attach Forma	ь	Qualified o		50 0	F-00		9029 SE		9b				15		1 3
W-2G and	10	Taxable re	funds, credit	s, or of	sets:	of sta	ite and loca	al incom	e taxe	s		10	0		
1099-R if tax	11	Alimony re	celved	A CONTRACTOR		4 4				1777	2 2 1 2	1	1		
was withheld.	12	Businessi	ncome or (los	8). Atta	ach S	ched	ule C or C-	EZ .	+ +			1:	2	2,520	1_2
f you did not	13		in or (Joss). A				The Property of the Party	. If not r	equire	d, check h	ere 🕨 🔲	13	_		-
get a W-2,	14		s or (losses).	4333	Form	479	7	5.75		Belle.	S 25 A	14	-		-
see instructions.	15a	IRA distrib		15a	-			- 13		ble amoun		15			1
	16a 17		and annuities Lestate, royal	16a	ortoor	chine	O comor		ALC: 35	ble amoun	design to a visit	16	200		+
	18		me or (loss).					ations, ti		eic. Altaci	i Scriedule E	18			1
	19		ment comper							a a a		19			1 3
	20a		urity benefits	A CONTRACTOR			7,53	1 23		ble amoun		20	ь		
	21	Other inco	me. List type	and a	mount	i						2	1	5-24122555	
	22	Combine th	ie amounts in t	he far ri	ight co	lumn	for lines 7 th	rough 2	1. This	is your tota	l income 🕨	2	2	30,420	
Adjusted	23	Reserved						0.00	23						
Gross	24		iness expense:												
Income	00		overnment offic						24	-					
V010-37/1/10	25 26		rings account penses. Attac						25 26		1,183				
	27		part of self-em				sh Sahadula	Acres de la constante de la co	27		1,403				
	28		oved SEP, SII						28		1,703		Ш		
	29		yed health in			-00			29				Ш		
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	31a	Alimony pa	id b Recipi	ent's S	SN >	gerel E			318						
	32		tion					¥ 2/	32						
	33		an interest de					8.12	33						
		Decorred							34			120			
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	34 35 36	Domestic p	production acti 23 through 35	vities d	educti	on. At		8903	35			34		2,586	

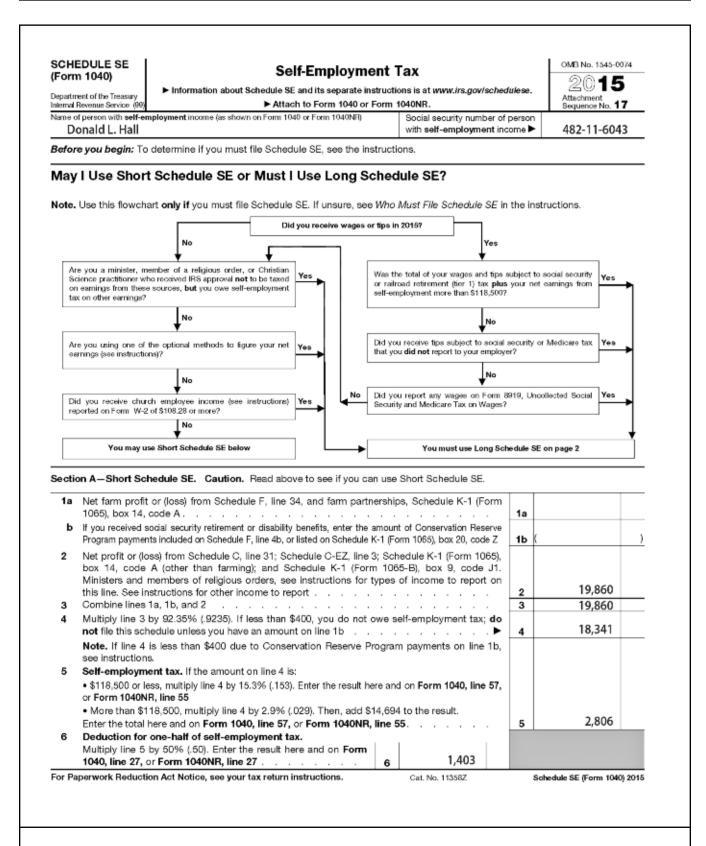
Line 7 – Julie's W-2, \$9,150, Donald's W-2, \$12,800 (see page 63), plus \$1,000 of excess housing allowance (see page 62).

Line 27 – See page 31 for explanation of the self-employment tax deduction.

	38	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income)	38	27,834
	39a	TUDAN PENGERAKAN MENGENTENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN PENGENTAN	30	27,034
Tax and	294	Check You were born before January 2, 1951, Blind. Total boxes		
Credits	15	if: ☐ Spouse was born before January 2, 1951, ☐ Blind. J checked ▶ 39a ☐	26	
223202521	ь	If your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien, check here▶ 395□	199	12.600
Standard Deduction	40	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left margin)	40	12,600
for—	41	Subtract line 40 from line 38	41	15,234
People who check any	42	Exemptions. If line 38 is \$154,950 or less, multiply \$4,000 by the number on line 8d. Otherwise, see instructions	42	16,000
box on line	43	Taxable income. Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41, enter -0-	43	0
39a or 39b or who can be	44	Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972 c Form 4972	44	
daimed as a dependent.	45	Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251	45	
see	46	Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962	46	77
All others:	47	Add lines 44, 45, and 46	47	77
Single or	48	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required		
Married filing	49	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441 49		
separately, \$6,300	50	Education credits from Form 8863, line 19		
Married filing	51	Retirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8880 51 77		
jointly or Qualifying	52	Child tax credit. Attach Schedule 8812, if required		
widow(er),	53	Residential energy credit. Attach Form 5695	Nicolan III	
\$12,500 Head of	54	Other credits from Form: a 3800 b 8801 c 54		
household,	55	Add lines 48 through 54. These are your total credits	55	77
\$9,250	56	Subtract line 55 from line 47. If line 55 is more than line 47, enter -0-	56	
	57	Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE	57	2,806
Other	58	Unreported social security and Medicare tax from Form: a ☐ 4137 b ☐ 8919	58	2,000
Other	59	그렇게 하는 사람들은 이 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 사람들은 이 경험을 하는 것이 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 것이 없다면 하는데	59	
Taxes	60a	Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc. Attach Form 5329 if required. Household employment taxes from Schedule H.	60a	
	200	First-time homebuyer credit repayment. Attach Form 5405 if required	60b	
	ь			
	61	Health care: individual responsibility (see instructions) Full-year coverage X	61	-
	62	Taxes from: a Form 8959 b Form 8960 c Instructions; enter code(s)	62	2 006
Eventrasterios.	63	Add lines 56 through 82. This is your total tax	63	2,806
Payments	84	Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099	50	
If you have a	65	2015 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2014 return 65		
qualifying	66a	Earned income credit (EIC)	35	
child, attach	ь	Nontaxable combat pay election 66b	53	
Schedule EIC.	67	Additional child tax credit. Attach Schedule 8812 67 2,000	-	
	68	American opportunity credit from Form 8863, line 8 , , , 68		
	69	Net premium tax credit. Attach Form 8962		
	70	Amount paid with request for extension to file		
	71	Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld		
	72	Credit for federal tax on fuels. Attach Form 4136	5	
	73	Credits from Form: a 2439 b Reserved c 8885 d 73	9	
	74	Add lines 64, 65, 66s, and 67 through 73. These are your total payments	74	6,072
Refund	75	If line 74 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 74. This is the amount you overpaid	75	3,266
	76a	Amount of line 75 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attached, check here 🔒 🗀	76a	3,266
Direct deposit?	▶ Ь	Routing number		
800	► d	Account number		
instructions.	77	Amount of line 75 you want applied to your 2016 estimated tax ▶ 77		
Amount	78	Amount you owe. Subtract line 74 from line 63. For details on how to pay, see instructions.	78	
You Owe	79	Estimated tax penalty (see instructions)	HOOVIIO W.	
Third Party	Do		Comple	te below.
Designee	De	ignee's Phone Personal iden	Programme programme	
To company transport		ne ► no. ► number (PIN)		
Sign	Uni	ter ponatios of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, and to the service, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than tarpayer) is based on all information of which preparer.	ne bestofr er has erw	ny knowledge and bele knowledne
Here		r signature Date Your occupation	Control of the control of	phone number
Joint relum? See		Roll of Holl 4/15/16 Minister	CONTENTO	Loss verticalists to
nstructions Keep a copy for	Sp	puse's signature. If a joint return, both must sign. Date Spouse's occupation	fithe BS 5	tent you an identity Protes
your records.	1	India Mr. Hall 4/15/16 Secretary	PthL enter here (see it	
	Pri	th/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature Date		- PTN
Paid		The state of the s	Check self-emp	- of
Preparer	-			
Use Only		n's name ►	Firm's El	
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www.irs.gov/for	en 1DMO			Form 1040 (

Net Profit From Business SCHEDULE C-EZ | OMB No. 1545-0074 (Form 1040) 2015 (Sole Proprietorship) ▶ Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., generally must file Form 1065 or 1065-B. Department of the Treasury Attachment Sequence No. **09A** Attach to Form 1040, 1040NR, or 1041. ► See instructions on page 2. Internal Revenue Service (99) Name of proprietor Social security number (SSN) Donald L. Hall 482-11-6043 General Information Part I · Had business expenses of \$5,000 or · Had no employees during the year, You May Use . Do not deduct expenses for business . Use the cash method of accounting, Schedule C-EZ use of your home, . Did not have an inventory at any time Instead of Do not have prior year unallowed during the year, Schedule C And You: passive activity losses from this business, and · Did not have a net loss from your Only If You: business. Are not required to file Form 4562. Depreciation and Amortization, for · Had only one business as either a sole this business. See the instructions for proprietor, qualified joint venture, or Schedule C, line 13, to find out if you statutory employee, must file. A Principal business or profession, including product or service B Enter business code (see page 2) Minister **▶** 8 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 C Business name. If no separate business name, leave blank. Enter your EIN (see page 2) E. Business address (including suite or room no.). Address not required if same as on page 1 of your tax return. City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code Did you make any payments in 2015 that would require you to file Form(s) 1099? (see the Instructions for Schedule C) X No Yes G If "Yes," did you or will you file required Forms 1099? . . X No Figure Your Net Profit Part II Gross receipts. Caution: If this income was reported to you on Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box on that form was checked, see Statutory employees in the instructions for 5,200 1 2,680 (1) Total expenses (see page 2). If more than \$5,000, you must use Schedule C Net profit. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you must use Schedule C. Enter on both Form 1040, line 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 1040NR, line 13, and Schedule SE, line 2 (see instructions). (Statutory employees do not report this amount on Schedule SE, line 2.) Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041, line 3 2,520 Part III Information on Your Vehicle. Complete this part only if you are claiming car or truck expenses on line 2. When did you place your vehicle in service for business purposes? (month, day, year) ► 1/1/08 Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2015, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle for: b Commuting (see page 2) c Other ■ No Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use? No ☐ No b If "Yes," is the evidence written? X Yes For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the separate instructions for Schedule C (Form 1040). Cal. No. 14374D Schedule C-EZ (Form 1040) 2015

(1) Expenses have been reduced by 39% as allocable to tax-free income (see page 61 for percentage). Most ministers are employees for income tax purposes (with that income reported on line 7, Form 1040, page 1) and also have honoraria and fee income and related expenses that are reportable on Schedule C (C-EZ). For an explanation of expenses related to the honoraria in this sample return, see page 58.



- Line 2 See the schedule on page 61 for the calculation of this amount.
- Line 4 This line results in the deduction of a portion of the self-employment tax liability.

A minister may use Section A-Short Schedule unless he received nonministerial wages (subject to FICA) and the total of these wages and net ministerial self-employment earnings (W-2 and Schedule C-related) is more than \$118,500.

SCHEDULE EIC (Form 1040A or 1040)	Earned Income Credit Qualifying Child Information Complete and attach to Form 1040A or 1040 only if you have a qualifying child.		OMB No. 1545-0074
Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99)	Information about Schedule EIC (Form 1040A or 1040) and its instructions is at www.irs.gow/scheduleeic.		Attachment Sequence No. 43
Name(s) shown on return		Yours	ocial security number
Donald L. Hall		482	2-11-6043
	S. th. instruction Co. Even 1040 A. How 42 and 421 and 50 Co. 1040 Even 460		Ch. to moleo

Before you begin:

- See the instructions for Form 1040A, lines 42a and 42b, or Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, to make sure that (a) you can take the EIC, and (b) you have a qualifying child.
- Be sure the child's name on line 1 and social security number (SSN) on line 2 agree with the child's social security card.
 Otherwise, at the time we process your return, we may reduce or disallow your EIC. If the name or SSN on the child's social security card is not correct, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213.



· If you take the EIC even though you are not eligible, you may not be allowed to take the credit for up to 10 years. See the instructions for details.

It will take us longer to process your return and issue your refund if you do not fill in all lines that apply for each qualifying child.

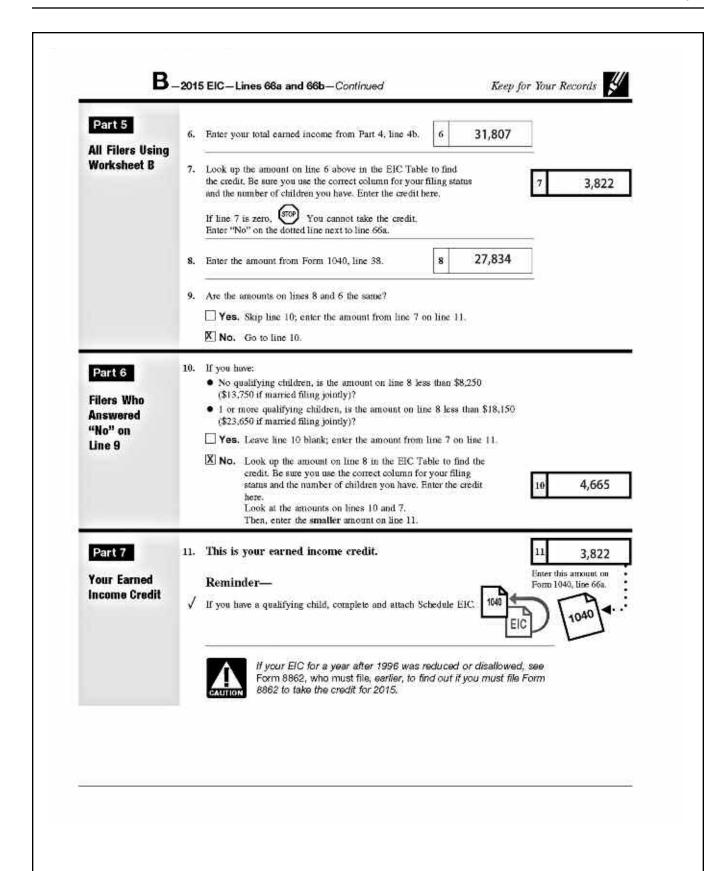
Q	ualifying Child Information	Child	1	Ch	ild 2	С	hild 3
1	Child's name If you have more than three qualifying children, you have to list only three to get the maximum credit.	Pirst name David K.	Last name	First name Sarah E.	Last name Hall	First name	Last name
2	Child's SSN The child must have an SSN as defined in the instructions for Form 1040A, lines 42a and 42b, or Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, unless the child was born and died in 2015. If your child was born and died in 2015 and did not have an SSN, enter "Died" on this line and attach a copy of the child's birth certificate, death certificate, or hospital medical records.	514-42-7465		416-49-01	25		
3	Child's year of birth	Year 2 0 If born after 1996 an younger than you (or filing jointly), skip li go to line 5.	nd the child is r your spouse, if	If born after 1999 vounger than you	0 0 7 6 and the child is a (or your spouse, if ip lines 4a and 4b;	wanteer than y	996 and the child is sea (or your spouse, if skip lines 4a and 4b;
4 6	a Was the child under age 24 at the end of 2015, a student, and younger than you (or your spouse, if filing jointly)?	X Yes. Go to line 5.	No. Go to line 4b.	X Yes. Go to line 5.	No. Go to line 4b.	Go to line 5.	No. Go to line 4b.
_	b Was the child permanently and totally disabled during any part of 2015?		No. child is not a lifying child.		No. The child is not a qualifying child.	Yes. Go to line 5.	No. The child is not a qualifying child.
5	Child's relationship to you (for example, son, daughter, grandchild, nicce, nephew, foster child, etc.)						
6	Number of months child lived with you in the United States during 2015 • If the child lived with you for more than half of 2015 but less than 7 months,						
_	enter "7." • If the child was born or died in 2015 and your home was the child's home for more than half the time he or she was alive during 2015, enter "12."	Do not enter more months.		Do not enter n	nore than 12	months.	months more than 12
	r Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see you turn instructions.	ır tax	Cat	. No. 13339M	Sch	redule EIC (Form	n 1040A or 1040) 2015

If you are eligible for the Earned Income Credit, you must file page 1 of Schedule EIC if you have a qualifying child. Compute your credit on Worksheet B found in the IRS instruction booklet.

There could have been a much larger Earned Income Credit if Donald Hall's business expenses had been reimbursed and a lower salary prospectively established. The expenses claimed on Form 2106-EZ do not offset earned income for the EIC calculation.

Complete the part	you answered "Yes" to Step 5, question 2. below (Paris 1 through 3) that apply to you. Then, continue to Part 4. lling a joint return, include your spoase's amounts, if any, with yours to fight 3.	ure the :	amout	its to
Part 1	 Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 3, or Section B, line 3, whichever applies. 	_	1a	33,210 ¹
Self-Employed, Members of the	b. Enter any amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b, and line 5a.	_ +	1b	
Clergy, and	e. Combine lines 1a and 1b.	=	1e	33,210
People With Church Employee	d. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6, or Section B, line 13, whichever applies.	_,=	1đ	1,403
Income Filing Schedule SE	e. Subtract line 1d from 1c.	=	l e	31,807
Part 2	 Do not include on these lines any statutory employee income, any net profinotary public, any amount exempt from self-employment tax as the result of t 4029 or Form 4361, or any other amounts exempt from self-employment tax. 			
Self-Employed NOT Required To File	a. Enter any net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and from farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A*.		2a	
Schedule SE For example, your net earnings from	b. Enter any net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1*.		2b	
self-employment were less than \$400.	e. Combine lines 2a and 2b.	-	2c	
	*If you have any Schedule K-1 amounts, complete the appropriate line Reduce the Schedule K-1 amounts as described in the Partner's Instruction your name and social security number on Schedule SE and attach it to yo	ms for S	chedu	
Part 3				
Statutory Employees Filing Schedule C or C-EZ	Enter the amount from Schedule C, line 1, or Schedule C-EZ, line 1, th you are filing as a statutory employee.	at	3	
Part 4	a. Enter your earned income from Step 5.		4a	
All Filers Using Worksheet B	b. Combine lines 1e, 2c, 3, and 4a. This is your total earned income. If line 4b is zero or less (\$100) You cannot take the goods. Fixture "Not" on	75 50 as	4Ь	31,807
includes income on which you should have paid self- employment tax but didn't, we may reduce your credit by the amount of self-employment tax not paid.	If line 4b is zero or less, You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" on If you have: • 3 or more qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$47,747 (\$53,267 • 2 qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$44,454 (\$49,974 if married 1 qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$39,131 (\$44,651 if married 1 No qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$14,820 (\$20,330 if married 1 Yes. If you want the IRS to figure your credit, see Credit figured by the figure the credit yourself, enter the amount from line 4b on line 6 of this No. You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line	if married filing diffing join lied filin IRS, earl workshe	ed fili jointly ntly)? g join ier. If et.	ng jointly)? y)? tly)? you want to

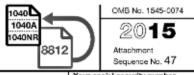
Worksheet B is found in the IRS instruction booklet. Complete this worksheet whether or not you have a qualifying child.



SCHEDULE 8812 (Form 1040A or 1040)

Child Tax Credit

Attach to Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR.
Information about Schedule 8812 and its separate instructions is at www.irs.gov/schedule8812.



Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99) Name(s) shown on return

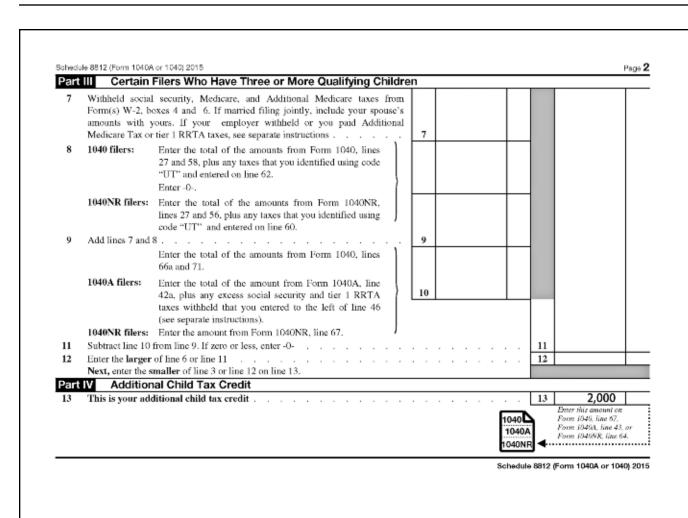
Name(s) shown on return

Donald L. and Julie M. Hall.

Your social security number 482-11-6043

	maid L. and Ju											
AUTI		pendent is r	not a qualifyi	ing child for	the credit, yo	ou cannot i	include t	hat depen	dent in i	the calcu	dation of this	cred
divi	er the following qu idual Taxpayer Ide dent.											
F	For the first depen presence test? See			IN and listed a	as a qualifying	child for th	e child ta	ax credit, d	id this ch	ild meet	the substantia	I
	X Yes	ł	□ No									
	For the second dep presence test? Sec			ITIN and liste	ed as a qualifyi	ing child for	r the chil	d tax credi	t, did this	s child me	eet the substan	tial
	X Yes	ı	□ No									
	For the third depen presence test? See			IN and listed	as a qualifying	g child for th	he child t	ax credit,	lid this c	hild meet	the substantia	al
	☐ Yes	ı	☐ No									
	For the fourth depo presence test? See			ITIN and lister	d as a qualifyii	ng child for	the child	l tax credit,	did this	child me	et the substant	tial
	☐ Yes	J	□ No									
8		nal Child T	pendents ident	Filers							e separate inst	ructio
а	Addition If you file Form	nal Child T 2555 or 255	pendents ident	Filers re, you cannot	t claim the add	ditional chile	d tax cree	lit.	1			
art [°]	and check here .	nal Child T 2555 or 255	Fax Credit I	Filers re, you cannot in Pub. 972,	t claim the add	ditional chile	d tax cree	lit.	1			
part	Addition If you file Form If you are requi	nal Child T 2555 or 255 ired to use the et in the publication	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her be worksheet dication. Other	Filers re, you cannot in Pub. 972, rwise: m line 6 of	t claim the add	ditional child	d tax cree	lit.	Гах			
Part	Addition If you are requi Credit Workshoo	nal Child T 2555 or 255 ired to use the et in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from s for Form 10 amount from s for Form 10	Filers re, you cannot in Pub. 972, rwise: n line 6 of MO, line 52). n line 6 of MOA, line 35).	t claim the add enter the amo your Child '	ditional chik ount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree ne 8 of t Workst	lit. the Child 1	Tax the			
Part	Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshes 1040 filers: 1040A filers:	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use the in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from a for Form 10 amount from as for Form 10 amount from	Filers re, you cannot in Pub. 972, rwise: m line 6 of MO, line 52). m line 6 of MOA, line 35). m line 6 of MOA, line 350.	t claim the add enter the amo your Child ' your Child ' your Child '	ditional chik ount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh	hit. he Child 7 heet (see	Tax the	1		
Part 1	Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshes 1040 filers: 1040A filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amoun	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use the in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction the Instruction of from Form	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from a for Form 10 amount from	Filers re, you cannot in Pub. 972, rwise: m line 6 of MO, line 52). m line 6 of MOA, line 35). m line 6 of MONR, line 45 ty; Form 1040A	t claim the add enter the amo your Child ' your Child ' your Child ' your Child ').	ditional chik ount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh	hit. he Child 7 heet (see	Tax the	1 2	2,000	
2 3	Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshee 1040 filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amoun Subtract line 2 fr	nal Child 1 2555 or 255 ired to use the in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. It	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her be worksheet dication. Other amount from ss for Form 10 to 1040, line 52.	Filers re, you cannot in Pub. 972, rwise: m line 6 of MO, line 52). m line 6 of MOA, line 35). m line 6 of HONR, line 45; c; Form 1040A, you cannot tak	t claim the add enter the amo your Child ' your Child ' your Child ' your Child '). A, line 35; or F e this credit .	ditional child ount from hi Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh Worksh	lit. lite Child The Child	Tax the the	1		
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2 3 4a b	II Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshee 1040 filers: 1040A filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amoun Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (i) Nontaxable cominstructions)	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use the tin the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. If (see separate that pay (see	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 amount from to for Form 10 to 1040, line 52 f zero, stop; y instructions) separate	Filers In Pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of 140, line 52). In line 6 of 140A, line 35). In line 6 of 140A, line 45; Form 1040A ou cannot tak 31,807	t claim the add enter the amo your Child your Child your Child your Child on the second of the this credit	ditional child ount from hi Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh Worksh	lit. lite Child The Child	Tax the the	1 2	2,000	
2 3 4a	II Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshee 1040 filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amoun Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (i Nontaxable cominstructions) Is the amount on	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use the tin the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. If (see separate that pay (see	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 a 1040, line 52 f zero, stop; y instructions) separate	Filers In Pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of 140, line 52). In line 6 of 140A, line 35). In line 6 of 140A, line 45; In line 6 of 140A, line 35). In line 7 of 140A, line 35). In line 7 of 140A, line 35). In line 8 of 140A, line 35). I	t claim the add enter the amo your Child your Child your Child your Child on the second of the this credit	ditional child ount from hi Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh Worksh	lit. lite Child The Child	Tax the the	1 2	2,000	
2 3 4a b	II Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshee 1040 filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amount Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (i) Nontaxable cominstructions) Is the amount on No. Leave	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use thet in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. If (see separate abat pay (see a line 4a morthine 5 blank	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 a 1040, line 52 f zero, stop; y instructions) separate te than \$3,000; and enter -0-	Filers In Pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of MO, line 52). In line 6 of MOA, line 35). In line 6 of MONR, line 45 of MONR, line 45 or MONR, line 4	t claim the add enter the amo your Child your Child your Child)). A, line 35; or F e this credit	ditional chik tount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit 1,000	d tax cree me 8 of t Workst Workst Workst R, line 4	lit. leet (see seet (see seet (see seet (see seet (see see see seet (see see see see see see see see see se	fax the the 7	1 2	2,000	
2 3 4a b	II Addition If you file Form If you are requi Credit Workshee 1040 filers: 1040A filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amount Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (i) Nontaxable cominstructions) Is the amount on No. Leave X Yes. Subtract	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use thet in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. If (see separate abat pay (see the line 5 blank tet \$3,000 from	Fax Credit I 55-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 amount from a for Form 10 amount from to amount from the amount	Filers The pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of 140, line 52). In line 6 of 140A, line 35). In line 6 of 140AR, line 45; Form 1040A ou cannot tak 31,807 The public of 140A ou cannot tak 31,807 The public of 150A ou cannot tak 31,807 The public of 150A ou cannot tak 31,807 The public of 150A ou cannot tak 31,807 The public out on line 6.	t claim the add enter the amo your Child your Child your Child on the state of the	ditional chik tount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit 1,000	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh Worksh	lit. lite Child The Child	fax the the 7	2 3	2,000	
2 3 4a b	II Addition If you file Form If you are requiced. Credit Worksheet 1040 filers: 1040NR filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amount Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (income (incom	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use the tin the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction of from Form from line 1. If (see separate abat pay (see a line 4a mornline 5 blank act \$3,000 from the line 5 blank act \$3,000	Fax Credit I SS-EZ stop her the worksheet dication. Other amount from as for Form 10 amount from amount from to 1040, line 52 f zero, stop; ye instructions) separate te than S3,000° and enter -0- tom the amount 5 by 15% (.15	Filers In Pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of MO, line 52). In line 6 of MOA, line 35). In line 6 of MONR, line 45; Form 1040A, cou cannot take 31,807. In line 6. In line 6. In line 6. In line 6. In on line 4a. E	t claim the add enter the amo your Child your Child your Child on the state of the	ditional chik tount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit 1,000	d tax cree me 8 of t Workst Workst Workst R, line 4	lit. leet (see seet (see seet (see seet (see seet (see see see seet (see see see see see see see see see se	fax the the 7	1 2	2,000	
2 3 4a b	II Addition If you file Form If you are requiced. Credit Workshee 1040 filers: 1040NR filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amount Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (income	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use thet in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. If (see separate abat pay (see the line 5 blank tet \$3,000 from the line ave three or	pendents ident S-EZ stop her be worksheet dication. Other amount from s for Form 10 amount from s for Form 10 amount from 1040, line 52 f zero, stop; ye separate the than \$3,000 and enter -0- tom the amount 5 by 15% (.15 more qualifyin top; you cannot	Filers The pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of 140, line 52). In line 6 of 140A, line 35). In line 6 of 140A, line 45; Form 1040A, line 45; To on line 6. It on line 4a. E 5) and enter thing children?	your Child 10 A, line 35; or F te this credit - 11,150 - 11 child the result child the result	ditional child tount from li Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Workst Workst Workst R, line 4	lit. lite Child The Child	Tax the the the 7	2 3	2,000	
2 3 4a b	II Addition If you file Form If you are requicered Workshee 1040 filers: 1040A filers: 1040NR filers: Enter the amount Subtract line 2 fr Earned income (instructions) Is the amount on No. Leave Yes. Subtract Multiply the amount Next. Do you have the subtract line 3 in the su	nal Child 7 2555 or 255 ired to use thet in the publication Enter the Instruction Enter the Instruction at from Form from line 1. If (see separate abat pay (see a) line 4a morolline 5 blank act \$3,000 from the line ave three or 16 is zero, stoor line 6 on 1	pendents ident S-EZ stop her be worksheet dication. Other amount from s for Form 10 amount from s for Form 10 amount from 1040, line 52 f zero, stop; y instructions) separate te than \$3,000 and enter -0- tom the amount 5 by 15% (.15 more qualifyin top; you cannot line 13. to or more than	Filers In Pub. 972, rwise: In line 6 of 140, line 52). In line 6 of 140A, line 35). In line 6 of 140A, line 45; In line 6 of 140A, li	t claim the add enter the amo your Child you	ditional chik tount from li Tax Credit	d tax cree me 8 of t Worksh Worksh R, line 4	lit. lite Child The Child	Tax the the	2 3	2,000	

Line 4 – Earned income from EIC Worksheet B, line 46 (plus nontaxable combat pay), less the rental value of a home or the nontaxable portion of an allowance for a home furnished (per Form 8812 instructions)



re you begin F	Part 2: √ Figure the amount of any credits you are claiming on Form	m 8910, Form 8936, or Scheduli
rt 2	7. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 47.	7
	8. Add any amounts from:	
	Form 1040, line 48	
	Form 1040, line 49 +	
	Form 1040, line 50 +	
	Form 1040, line 51 + 77	
	Form 5695, line 30*+	
	Form 8910, line 15 +	
	Form 8936, line 23 +	
	Schedule R, line 22 +	
	Enter the total. 8 77	
	9. Are the amounts on lines 7 and 8 the same? [X] Yes. Stop You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.	9
	No. Subtract line 8 from line 7.	[9]
	10. Is the amount on line 6 more than the amount on line 9?	
	 Yes. Enter the amount from line 9. Also, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below. □ No. Enter the amount from line 6. 	Enter this amount of Form 1040, line 52.
	You may be able to take the additional child to on Form 1040, line 67, if you answered "Yes" or line 10 above.	
	First, complete your Form 1040 through lines	s 66a and 66b.
	 Then, use Schedule 8812 to figure any additional credit. 	ional child tax
	"See the Form 5695 instructions to see if line 30 (nonbusiness energy properties)."	erty credit) applies for 2015,

Perim 2106-EZ Department of the Treasury Internal Pievenue Service (98) Your name Donald L. Hall You Can Use This Fo

Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses

► Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.

► Information about Form 2106 and its separate instructions is available at www.irs.gov/form2106.

OMB No. 1545-0074
20 15
Attachment
Sequence No. 129/

Donald L. Hall Occupation in which you incurred expenses Minister Social security number 482 11 6043

You Can Use This Form Only if All of the Following Apply.

- You are an employee deducting ordinary and necessary expenses attributable to your job. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field of trade, business, or profession. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your business. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.
- You do not get reimbursed by your employer for any expenses (amounts your employer included in box 1 of your Form W-2 are not considered reimbursements for this purpose).
- . If you are claiming vehicle expense, you are using the standard mileage rate for 2015.

Caution: You can use the standard mileage rate for 2015 only if: (a) you owned the vehicle and used the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or (b) you leased the vehicle and used the standard mileage rate for the portion of the lease period after 1997.

e Part II. Multiply line 8a by 57.5¢ (.575). Enter the result here			
	1	2,613	
	2		
opense while away from home overnight, including lodging, airplane, car rental, etc. Do de meals and entertainment	3	514	
expenses not included on lines 1 through 3. Do not include meals and ment	4	640	
and entertainment expenses: $$878$ \times 50\%$ (.50). (Employees subject to ent of Transportation (DOT) hours of service limits: Multiply meal expenses incurred ay from home on business by 80% (.80) instead of 50%. For details, see instructions.)	5	439	
penses. Add lines 1 through 5. Enter here and on Schedule A (Form 1040), line 21 (or edule A (Form 1040NR), line 7). (Armed Forces reservists, fee-basis state or local ent officials, qualified performing artists, and individuals with disabilities: See the ens for special rules on where to enter this amount.)	6	4,206	
ormation on Your Vehicle. Complete this part only if you are claiming vehicle ex	pense	on line 1.	
d you place your vehicle in service for business use? (month, day, year) ►01 /_01		08	
tal number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2015, enter the number of miles you use	ed your	vehicle for:	
b Commuting (see instructions) 2,432 c O	ther 2,	177 (Sch. C Re	lated
r vehicle available for personal use during off-duty hours?		. X Yes	No
remote dramatic for personal designing off-daty floats:		. X Yes	No
•		. X Yes] No
or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?		Ves	No
	or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?	or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?	or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?

Lines 1, 3, 4, 5 – See allocations on page 61.

Line 6 - The total expenses on this line are carried forward to Form 1040, Schedule A, line 21.

•	3903	Moving Expenses		OMB No. 1545-007	
ecertn	interment of the Treesury and Revenue Service (99) Information about Form 3903 and its instructions is available at www.irs.gov/form3903 . Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.		2015 Attachment Sequence No. 1		
ame(s	s) shown on return Donald L. H		Your	social security numb 482-11-6043	
efo	re you begin	Yes the Distance Test and Time Test in the instructions to find out if you can expenses.	dedu	ct your moving	
1	Transportation	on and storage of household goods and personal effects (see instructions)	1	1,183	
2		ding lodging) from your old home to your new home (see instructions). Do not cost of meals	2		
3	Add lines 1 a	and 2		1,183	
4	not included	tal amount your employer paid you for the expenses listed on lines 1 and 2 that is lin box 1 of your Form W-2 (wages). This amount should be shown in box 12 of your ith code P	4		
5	Is line 3 mor	e than line 4?			
		ou cannot deduct your moving expenses. If line 3 is less than line 4, subtract line 3 om line 4 and include the result on Form 1040, line 7, or Form 1040NR, line 8.			
		ubtract line 4 from line 3. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 26, or Form	5	1,183	

Computation of expenses related to honoraria on Sample Return No. 2/page 49

	Dec	luctible	Nondeductible
Airfare	\$2,042 x	61% = 1,246	796
Auto	2,177 x 57.5¢ x	61% = 764	488
Lodging	400 x	61% = 244	156
Supplies	x	61% = 427	273
	4,394 x	61% = 2,680	1,714

Form **8880**

Credit for Qualified Retirement Savings Contributions

OMB No. 1545-0074

2015

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service ► Attach to Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR.

Information about Form 8880 and its instructions is at www.irs.gov/form8880.

Attachment Sequence No. **54**

Donald L. Hall

Your social security number 482-11-6043

A

You cannot take this credit if either of the following applies.

- The amount on Form 1040, line 38; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040NR, line 37 is more than \$30,500 (\$45,750 if head of household; \$61,000 if married filing jointly).
- The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1998, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2015 tax return, or (c) was a student (see instructions).

					(a) You		(D) T	our spouse
Traditional a contributions		tributions for 2015. I	Do not include rollover	1				
employee co	ntributions, and	501(c)(18)(D) plan	nployer plan, voluntary contributions for 2015		500			
(see instructi	,			2	500	_		
Add lines 1 a	nd 2			3	500	_	_	
(including ex married filing	tensions) of yo jointly, include	our 2015 tax return both spouses' amo	before the due date (see instructions). If tunts in both columns.					
					500			
In each colu	nn, enter the sm	aller of line 5 or \$2.	000	6	500			
		zero, stop ; you can				. 7		500
			orm 1040A, line 22; or					
Form 1040N	R, line 37			8	27,834			
Enter the ap	licable decimal	amount shown below	w:		,			
If lin	e 8 is—		And your filing status	is-				
	T	Married	Head of	Single	, Married filing			
If lin	But not over—	Married filing jointly	Head of household	Single	parately, or			
Over-	But not over—	Married filing jointly Enter o	Head of household	Single	parately, or ying widow(er)			
Over-	But not over— \$18,250	Married filing jointly Enter o	Head of household on line 9—	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5	-		
Over— \$18,250	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750	Married filing jointly Enter o .5 .5	Head of household on line 9—	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2			
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375	Married filing jointly Enter o .5 .5 .5	Head of household on line 9— .5 .5 .5	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5	Head of household In line 9— .5 .5 .5 .5	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5	Head of household on line 9— .5 .5 .5	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	Head of household In line 9— .5 .5 .5 .5	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5	Head of household In line 9— .5 .5 .5 .5 .1	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	Head of household on line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	Head of household on line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .	Head of household on line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1	Single	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .1 .1 .1	Head of household In line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1	Single sej Qualif	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0	9		x.5
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000 	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .1 .1 .0	Head of household In line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0	Single sej Qualif	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 .0	. 10		
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000 Note: If	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .1 .1 .0 Iine 9 is zero, stop;	Head of household In line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 you cannot take this cree	Single sej Qualif	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	. 10		x.5 250
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000 Multiply line Limitation b	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000 Note: If	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .1 .1 .0 Iine 9 is zero, stop;	Head of household in line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 .you cannot take this cre	Single sej Qualif	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	. 10		250
Over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000 Multiply line Limitation binstructions	But not over— \$18,250 \$19,750 \$27,375 \$29,625 \$30,500 \$36,500 \$39,500 \$45,750 \$61,000 Note: If 7 by line 9 ased on tax lia	Married filing jointly Enter of .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .1 .1 .0 Iine 9 is zero, stop;	Head of household in line 9— .5 .5 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 .you cannot take this cre	Single sej Qualif	parately, or ying widow(er) .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	. 10		

"See Pub. 590-A for the amount to enter if you are filing Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563 or you are excluding income from Puerto Rico.

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

Cat. No. 33394D

Form **8880** (2015)

Form 8962

Premium Tax Credit (PTC)

2015 Attachment Sequence No. 73

► Attach to Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040NR. Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Sequence No. 73 Information about Form 8962 and its separate instructions is at www.irs.gov/form8962. Your social security numb 482-11-6043 Donald L. Hall You cannot claim the PTC if your filing status is married filing separately unless you are eligible for an exception (see instructions). If you qualify, check the box. Annual and Monthly Contribution Amount Tax family size. Enter the number of exemptions from Form 1040 or Form 1040A, line 6d, or Form 1040NR, line 7d Modified AGI. Enter your modified b Enter the total of your dependents' 2a 27,834 2a modified AGI (see instructions) 2b AGI (see instructions) 27,834 3 Federal poverty line. Enter the federal poverty line amount from Table 1-1, 1-2, or 1-3 (see instructions). Check the appropriate box for the federal poverty table used. a 🗌 Alaska 🛮 b 🗎 Hawaii 🗸 🛣 Other 48 states and DC 23,850 117 % Household income as a percentage of federal poverty line (see instructions) 5 Did you enter 401% on line 5? (See instructions if you entered less than 100%.) X No. Continue to line 7. Yes. You are not eligible to receive PTC. If advance payment of the PTC was made, see the instructions for how to report your excess advance PTC repayment amount. Applicable Figure. Using your line 5 percentage, locate your "applicable figure" on the table in the instructions . . . 0.0201 Annual contribution amount, Multiply b Monthly contribution amount. Divide line 8a by 559 47 8a 8b line 3 by line 7. 12. Round to whole dollar amount Part II Premium Tax Credit Claim and Reconciliation of Advance Payment of Premium Tax Credit Are you allocating policy amounts with another taxpayer or do you want to use the alternative calculation for year of marriage (see instructions)? Yes. Skip to Part IV, Shared Policy Allocation, or Part V, Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage. X No. Continue to line 10. See the instructions to determine if you can use line 11 or must complete lines 12 through 23. X Yes. Continue to line 11. Compute your annual PTC. Then skip lines 12-23 ■ No. Continue to lines 12-23. Compute your monthly PTC and continue to line 24. and continue to line 24. (d) Annual maximum (b) Annual applicable SLCSP premium (Form(s) 1095-A, (a) Annual enrollment (o) Annual (e) Annual promium tax (f) Annual advance payment of PTC (Form (a) 1095-A, line S3c) Annual premium assistance contribution amount (subtract (c) from (b), if Calculation 1095-A, line 33a) (ine 8a) (smaller of (a) or (d)) line 83b) zero or less, enter -0-) 9,586 559 9,027 9,027 11 Annual Totals 9,586 9,104 (c) Monthly (b) Monthly applicable a) Monthly enrollment (d) Monthly maximum (f) Monthly advance. contribution amount (e) Monthly premium ta: Monthly premiums (Form(s) SLCSP promium /Form premium assistance ment of PTC (Form(s) (amount from line 8b. 1095-A, lines 21-32, (s) 1095-A, lines 21-32, 1095-A, lines 21-32, Calculation (subtract (c) from (b), if or alternative marriage (smaller of (a) or (d)) column a) column b) zero or less, enter -0-) column c) monthly contribution) 12 January 13 February 14 March 15 April 16 May 17 June 18 July 19 August 20 September 21 October 22 November 23 9,027 Total premium tax credit. Enter the amount from line 11(e) or add lines 12(e) through 23(e) and enter the total here 9,104 25 25 Advance payment of PTC. Enter the amount from line 11(f) or add lines 12(f) through 23(f) and enter the total here Net premium tax credit. If line 24 is greater than line 25, subtract line 25 from line 24. Enter the difference here and on Form 1040, line 69; Form 1040A, line 45; or Form 1040NR, line 65. If you elected the alternative calculation for marriage, enter zero. If line 24 equals line 25, enter zero. Stop here. If line 25 is greater than line 24, leave this line blank and continue to line 27 26 Part III Repayment of Excess Advance Payment of the Premium Tax Credit Excess advance payment of PTC. If line 25 is greater than line 24, subtract line 24 from line 25. Enter the difference here 27

Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Enter the smaller of line 27 or line 28 here and on Form 1040, line

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

46: Form 1040A, line 29: or Form 1040NR, line 44

Repayment limitation (see instructions)

28

Cst. No. 37784Z

77 Form **8962** (2015)

600

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Attachment 1. Computation of expenses, allocatable to tax-free ministerial income, that are nondeductible

		<u>Taxable</u>	Tax-Free	<u>Total</u>
Salary as a minister (less housing allowance designation				
and 403(b) contributions)		\$ 8,500		\$ 8,500
Special occasion gifts		500		500
Reimbursement of self-employment tax		2,100		2,100
Expense allowance under nonaccountable plan		1,700		1,700
Housing allowance:				
Amount designated and paid by church	\$ 2,000			
Actual expenses	1,000			
Taxable portion of allowance	\$ 1,000	1,000	\$ 1,000	2,000
Fair rental value of home (including furnishings and utilities)			11,150	11,150
Schedule C gross income from ministry		5,200		5,200
Ministerial income		\$ 19,000	\$ 12,150	\$ 31,150
% of nondeductible expenses: \$12,150/\$31,150 = 39%				

Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses		(10/	2004
		61% Deductible	39% Not Deductible
Business mileage:		<u>Beductible</u>	110t Deduction
7,450 x 57.5¢ per mile		\$ 2,613	\$ 1,671
Travel expense:			
Airfare		412	263
Lodging		102	65
Business expenses:			
Subscriptions		122	78
Books and supplies		213	137
Continuing education tuition		305	195
Meals and entertainment expenses:			
Meals	\$ 233		
Entertainment	1,207		
	\$1,440 x 50% = \$720	439	281
Form 2106-EZ		\$ 4,206	<u>\$2,690</u>

Attachment 2.

Net earnings from self-employment (attachment to Schedule SE, Form 1040)

Salary paid by church as reflected on Form W-2, Box 1	\$ 12,800
Net profit or loss as reflected on Schedule C or C-EZ (includes speaking honoraria, offerings	
you receive for weddings, baptisms, funerals, and other fees)	2,520
Housing allowance excluded from salary on Form W-2	2,000
Fair rental value of church-provided housing (including paid utilities)	11,150
	28,470
Less:	
Unreimbursed ministerial business and professional expenses or reimbursed expenses paid	
under a nonaccountable plan	
A. Deductible on Schedule A before the 2% of AGI limitation	4,206
B. Not deductible on Form 2106/2106 EZ (\$2,690) or Schedule C/C-EZ (\$1,714)	
because expenses were allocated to taxable/nontaxable income	4,404
Total deductions	8,610
Net earnings from self-employment (to Schedule SE) (See page 50)	\$ 19,860

Housing Allowance Worksheet

Clergy Living in Housing Owned or Rented by the Congregation

Name: Donald L. Hall					
For the period January 1, 20_15 to	De	ecember 31	, 2	0_15	
Date designation approved December 20		, 20_14			
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current	incom	ne)			
		Estimated Expenses		<u>Actual</u>	
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	\$ _		\$.		_
Local telephone expense (base charge)	-	250	-	275	_
Decoration and redecoration	-		-		_
Structural maintenance and repair	-		-		_
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control	-				_
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)	-	1,218	-	460	_
Personal property insurance on minister-owned contents	-	200	-	190	_
Personal property taxes on contents	-	150	-	75	_
Umbrella liability insurance	-		-		_
Subtotal	-	1,818			
10% allowance for unexpected expenses	-	182			
TOTAL	\$	2,000	\$	1,000	= (A)
Properly designated housing allowance			\$	2,000	= (B)
The amount excludable from income for federal income tax	x purp	poses is the lov	ver of	A or B.	

Because actual housing expenses are less than the designated allowance, the housing exclusion is limited to \$1,000. The \$1,000 difference between the designation and the exclusion is reported as excess housing allowance on Form 1040, line 7 (see page 47).

Descriptoyer identification number (EIN) 25-7921873 Employer's name, address, and ZIP code Lancaster Community Church 1425 Spencer Avenue Wabash, IN 46992 Descriptoyer's first name and initial Donald L. Bould associated the security to the security t	22222 Void 🗌 * E	imployee's social security number 482-11-6043	For Official U		•		
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2015 Filing Dates

2016 Filing Dates

January

15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (last payment for prior tax period)

February

18 W-4 (if claimed an exemption, to continue same exemption in current year)

April

- 15 Personal tax returns due
- 15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes, if not paid with return (first payment for current tax year)

June

15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (2nd payment for current tax year)

September

15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (3rd payment for current tax year)

October

15 If you had an automatic extension to file your individual income tax return, it is now due

Citations 65

Citations

The Tax System for Clergy

 Employees v. self-employed for income tax purposes
 Treas. Reg. 31.3401(c)-1(b)-(c)

> Weber v. Commissioner, 103 T.C.M. 19 (1994), Affirmed 4th Cir., 94-2609 (1995)

Shelley v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 432 (1994)

Rev. Rul. 87-41

- Exempt from income tax withholding Code Sec. 3401(a)(9)
- Qualifying tests for ministerial status Treas. Reg. 1.1402(c)-5

Ltr. Rul. 199910055

Mosley v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 457 (1994)

Knight v. Commissioner 92 T.C.M. 12 (1989)

 Voluntary withholding of income tax for clergy Rev. Rul. 68-507

The Housing Allowance

 Designation of housing allowance Treas. Reg. 1.107-1(b)

Whittington v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 296 (2000)

Mosley v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 457 (1994)

Determination of housing exclusion amount

Clergy Housing Allowance Clarification Act, Public Law 107-181

Warren v. Commissioner, 114 T.C., No. 23 (1998) Appeal to the Ninth Cir. Court of Appeals (Feb. 2000), case dismissed by Ninth Cir. Court of Appeals (Aug. 2002)

 Housing allowances for retired clergy Rev. Proc. 92-3

Rev. Rul. 75-22

Compensation and Fringe Benefits

• 403(b) plans Code Sec. 403(b)

Code Sec. 1402(a)

 Healthcare flexible spending account Code Sec. 105(b), (e)

Health reimbursement arrangements

Code Sec. 105(b), (e)

Rev. Rul. 2002-41

IRS Notice 2002-45

IRS Policy 80,600

 Health savings accounts Code Sec. 233

IRS Notice 2004-2

Rev. Proc. 2004-22

IRS Notice 2004-23

Rev. Rul. 2004-38

IRS Notice 2004-50

 Highly compensated employees Code Sec. 414(q)

Treas. Reg. 1.132-8(f)(1)

 Medical insurance premiums paid by the congregation Code Sec. 106(a)

Code Sec. 4980B

- Nontaxable fringe benefits Code Sec. 132
- Property transfers
 Treas. Reg. 1.61-2(d)(2)
- Reimbursement payments excludable from recipient's income Letter Ruling 9112022

 Retirement gifts Code Sec. 102(c)

Commissioner v. Duberstein, 363 U.S. 278, 285 (1960)

Rev. Rul. 55-422

 Sabbatical Pay Kant v. Commissioner, T.C. Memo 1997-217

- Social security reimbursements Rev. Rul. 68-507
- Special occasion gifts
 Goodwin v. U.S.,
 94-2 U.S.T.C. (S.D. Iowa 1994)
 Affirmed 8th Cir. Ct. of Appeals

Business and Professional Expenses

Accountable expense reimbursement plans

Treas. Reg. 1.62-2

Treas. Reg. 1.274-5T(f)

Allocation of unreimbursed business expenses

McFarland v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 440 (1992)

Dalan v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 106 (1988)

Deason v. Commissioner, 41 T.C. 465 (1964)

 Educational expenses Ltr. Rul. 9431024

> Burt v. Commissioner, 40 T.C.M. 1164 (1980)

 Personal computer expenses Code Sec. 280F

Rev. Rul. 86-129

• Traveling/commuting Rev. Rul. 94-47

Rev. Rul. 90-23

Walker v. Commissioner, 101 T.C.M. 537 (1993

Social Security Taxes

 Opting out of social security Code Sec. 1402(e)

Treas. Reg. 1.1402(e)-3A

• Social security coverage for clergy Code Sec. 1402(c)(2) and (4)

Code Sec. 3121(b)(8)(A)

Code Sec. 3401(a)(9)

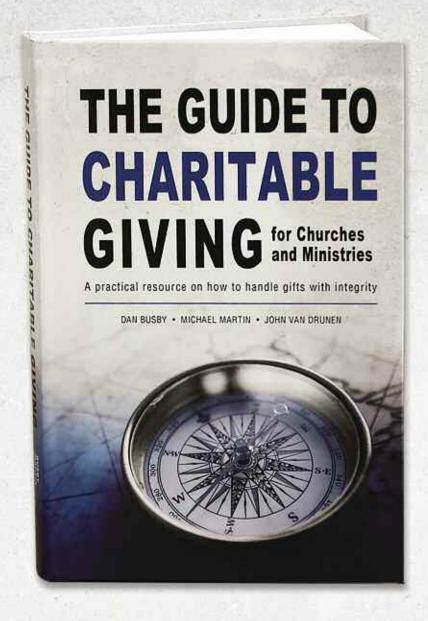
Rev. Rul. 80-110

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Craig Groeschel, Senior Pastor, Life. Church, Edmond, OK

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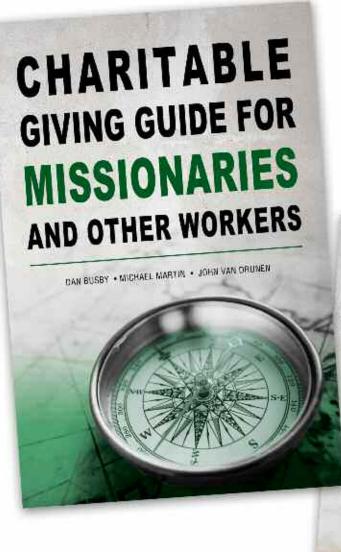


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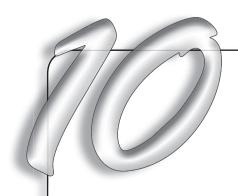


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DAN BUSBY - MICHAEL MARTIN - JOHN VAN DRUMEN



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Biggest Tax Mistakes Made By Clergy

- Improperly treating congregation payments for out-of-pocket medical expenses as tax-free when the congregation has not established a proper plan.
- **2.** Filing as self-employed for income tax purposes on your congregation salary, using tax benefits only available to employees, and leaving yourself vulnerable to reclassification by the IRS to employee status upon audit.
- 3. Failing to have at least a modest housing allowance designated when living in a congregation-provided housing.
- **4.** Failure to understand and apply the fair rental test for the housing allowance relating to clergy-provided housing.
- **5.** Confusing the fair rental value of a congregation-provided parsonage (only includible for social security purposes) with the designation of a portion of your salary as housing allowance (providing an exclusion for income tax purposes).
- **6.** Failing to keep a log of miles driven for personal use v. congregation purposes.
- 7. Claiming office-in-the-home treatment rarely justified under present law.
- **%.** Not documenting business expenses to reflect business purpose, business relationship, cost, time, and place.
- **9.** Failure of clergy to use an accountable reimbursement plan.
- 10. Improperly opting out of social security because you don't believe it is a good investment.



The Zondervan Church & Nonprofit Tax & Financial Guide

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