MODEL QUESTION PAPER (RS2)

PARAMEDICAL BOARD, BENGALURU

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY SUBJECT: BIOCHEMISTRY QP CODE: 6101

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

 $8 \times 5 = 40$

- 1. Explain laws, Parts, Choice of filter, formula and applications of Colorimeter.
- 2. Renal Clearance Tests
- 3. RIA
- 4. Pattern of Cardiac enzymes in Heart diseases
- 5. Explain principle, instrumentation, applications of flame photometer.
- 6. Automation in clinical chemistry: Principle, Instrumentation and benefits
- 7. Renal regulation of acid base balance
- 8. External quality control
- 9. Random access auto analyser
- 10. Explain the terms: Accuracy, Precision, Specificity and Sensitivity

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Benedict's Test
- 12. Specific gravity
- 13. Formation of Bilirubin
- 14. Lipid profile
- 15. Principle and advantages of Glucose oxidase method
- 16. Applications of electrophoresis
- 17. Biochemical findings in Prehepatic jaundice
- 18. Principle and applications of ELISA
- 19. Hypertension
- 20. Biuret Test
- 21. Principle and estimation of Blood gas analyser
- 22. Chloride shift
- 23. Give the normal serum levels of: Chloride, Na⁺, K⁺
- 24. Pre analytical factors in clinical chemistry
- 25. Percentage error in laboratory
- 26. Metabolic Acidosis and Metabolic Alkalosis
- 27. Reference values and Interpretations
- 28. list the causes of hypokalaemia
- 29. Post analytical factors in clinical chemistry
- 30. Principles of quality assurance

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY SUBJECT: PATHOLOGY OP CODE: 6103

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Importance of Differential Leucocyte count and Procedure
- 2. Different sites of bone marrow aspiration. Indication and Contraindication
- 3. Define and write in detail about procedure of Osmotic Fragility.
- 4. How do you investigate bleeding disorder.
- 5. Write about normal haemostasis, mechanism of Coagulation.
- 6. Write in detail about separation and uses of various blood components along with storage.
- 7. Define and write about Transfusion reactions and write about role of technician in transfusion reactions.
- 8. Hematoxylin and Eosin staining
- 9. Tissue Processing
- 10. Biological Hospital waste management and Universal precautions

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Foetal haemoglobin
- 12. Indications of Fibrinogen Estimation
- 13. Clotting time
- 14. Why validation of clinical laboratory instrument is needed?
- 15. What is meant by hospital Information system?
- 16. Causes of basopHilia
- 17. What do you mean by Shift to left
- 18. Anticoagulant used in collecting bone marrow particles
- 19. Importance of bone marrow examination
- 20. What is the importance of Osmotic Fragility?
- 21. Name 6 special stains done in Histopathology
- 22. Principle of Microwave tissue processing
- 23. Quality control in histopathology
- 24. Enumerate different types of mounting jars
- 25. How do you dispose vaccutainers
- 26. Forward and reverse grouping
- 27. Blood grouping system
- 28. Instruments used in Automated and manual tissue processing
- 29. Tissue embedding
- 30. Different types of Hematoxylin.

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY SUBJECT: MICROBIOLOGY OP CODE: 6105

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Laboratory diagnosis of dipHtheria
- 2. Pathogenesis of tuberculosis
- 3. Universal precautions for infection control
- 4. Collection and transportation of urine sample
- 5. Methods of preservation of stock cultures
- 6. Laboratory diagnosis of Candidiasis
- 7. Pathogenesis of HIV
- 8. Life cycle of Echinococcus granulosus
- 9. Antibiotic susceptibility testing
- 10. Stool examination for parasites

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Weil Felix test
- 12. Rapid plasma regain (RPR) test
- 13. Principle and uses of Immuno chromatograpHy (ICT) test
- 14. Principle and uses of ELISA test
- 15. Latex agglutination test
- 16. Segregation and disposal of infective pathological waste
- 17. Sterilisation control for hot air oven
- 18. Quality control for antibiotic susceptibility testing
- 19. Sample rejection criteria for sputum sample
- 20. Non suppurative complications of streptococcal infections
- 21. Bile solubility test
- 22. Classification of V cholerae
- 23. Montoux test
- 24. Hand hygiene to prevent infection
- 25. PropHylaxis for Enteric fever
- 26. Enumerate fungal staining techniques
- 27. Preparation of antibiotic discs
- 28. Labelled diagram of Hydatid cyst
- 29. QBC test
- 30. Screening and confirmatory tests for diagnosis of HIV infection

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN HEALTH INSPECTOR SUBJECT: PAPER I QP CODE: 6111

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Epidemiology of Dengue fever
- 2. Modes of HIV transmission
- 3. Scabies
- 4. First Aid in dog bite
- 5. Steps in investigation of an epidemics
- 6. Pulse polio Immunization
- 7. Add a note on vitamin A prophylaxis programme.\
- 8. Hazards of Obesity
- 9. Janani Suraksha yojana
- 10. Epidemiology of Typhoid.

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Enumerate mosquito borne diseases
- 12. Risk factors for Non Communicable diseases
- 13. Water borne diseases
- 14. Measles vaccine
- 15. Mention any four zoonotic diseases
- 16. Rule of halves in hypertension
- 17. Danger signals of Cancer
- 18. Integrated vector control measures
- 19. National Immunization schedule
- 20. Disease transmitted by faeco-oral route
- 21. ASHA
- 22. Write the causes of blindness
- 23. Harmful effects of tobacco on health
- 24. Integrated Counseling and Testing Centre (ICTC)
- 25. Domestic accidents
- 26. Vaccine vial monitor (VVM)
- 27. ORS
- 28. Self care in Diabetes mellitus
- 29. Epidemiology of tuberculosis
- 30. Mass drug administration in filariasis

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN HEALTH INSPECTOR
SUBJECT: PAPER II QP CODE: 6113

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Health problems of the aged people
- 2. School health appraisal
- 3. Intra- uterine devices
- 4. Postnatal Complications
- 5. Types of communication
- 6. Factors affecting fertility
- 7. MTP act
- 8. Antenatal advice
- 9. Baby friendly hospitals initiatives
- 10. Street children

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Advantages of condom
- 12. Target couple
- 13. Weaning
- 14. Audio-visual aids
- 15. Risk infants
- 16. Internet
- 17. Domiciliary care
- 18. Oral pills
- 19. Growth rate
- 20. Low birth weight
- 21. Age Pyramid
- 22. Sex ratio
- 23. Barriers of communication
- 24. Demographic cycle
- 25. Causes of Infant mortality rate
- 26. Abortion
- 27. Uses of growth chart
- 28. Child abuse
- 29. Condom
- 30. Essential drugs

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN HEALTH INSPECTOR SUBJECT: PAPER III QP CODE: 6115

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Write briefly about silicosis
- 2. Functions of primary health centre
- 3. Sickness Absenteeism
- 4. Planning Cycle
- 5. Indian Red Cross Society
- 6. World Health Day
- 7. Medical Benefits under ESI
- 8. Preplacement Examination
- 9. Junior health assistant female
- 10. Levels of Health Care

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Subcentre
- 12. FAO.
- 13. Define Ergonomics
- 14. Village Health Guide
- 15. Helmet
- 16. Types of Disasters
- 17. Farmer's Lung
- 18. Gram Panchayat
- 19. Referral System
- 20. GOBI-FFF
- 21. Gram Panchayat
- 22. Resources
- 23. Radiation Hazards
- 24. Appropriate technology
- 25. International Labour Organization
- 26. Rural development.
- 27. Bhore Committee.
- 28. Sources of Health Information System.
- 29. AYUSH
- 30. Social Security

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: RADIOGRAPHIC POSITIONING & RADIOGRAPHIC PHOTOGRAPHY (R I) QP CODE: 6121

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Collimator
- 2. Linear attenuation coefficient
- 3. Beam limiting devices
- 4. Grids
- 5. Hounsfield number
- 6. Alara concept.
- 7. Cardinal principles in protection.
- 8. Skull views.
- 9. Write a note on positioning aids
- 10. Radiation effects.

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Focal spot
- 12. Use of cones
- 13. Pixel and voxel
- 14. Kvp
- 15. Source to image distance
- 16. Occupational safety and health administration(osha)
- 17. Filters
- 18. Ct artifacts.
- 19. Lead masks
- 20. Film fog
- 21. Views for scaphoid
- 22. Orbtomeatal line and its significance in radiography
- 23. Sources of radiation
- 24. Nonstochastic effects of radiation.
- 25. Stochastic effects of ionising radiation
- 26. Sternum
- 27. Genetically significant dose.
- 28. Beam limiting devices.
- 29. Skyline view of patella
- 30. Claustrophobia

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: SPECIAL PROCEDURES, RADIOGRAPHIC PHOTOGRAPHY AND MEDICAL RECORDS (R II) OP CODE: 6123

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Discuss in details about radiographic contrasts
- 2. List out the cares to be taken in using of contrast media
- 3. What is Barium? Write note on Barium studies and their uses.
- 4. Briefly discuss various types of Cholangiography
- 5. Discuss the requirement of ultrasound for the special investigations of urinary system
- 6. Electro CardioGraphy
- 7. Need of UltraSonoGraphy as a special investigation for CVS
- 8. CT & MRI as special investigation in respiratory tract
- 9. Role of Magnetic Resonance Imaging in CNS investigations
- 10. Branchography

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Hypotonic Duodenography
- 12. Small Bowel Enema
- 13. Micturating Cysto Urethrography
- 14. Reterograde Pyeloureterography
- 15. Oral Cholecystography
- 16. Post Operative T tube Cholangiography
- 17. Percutaneous Transhepatic Choledochography
- 18. Percutaneous Nephrostomy
- 19. Intravenous Cholangiography
- 20. Pre Operative Cholangiography
- 21. Tomography
- 22. Lymphangiography
- 23. Myelography
- 24. Arthrography
- 25. Mobile Radiography
- 26. Sinography
- 27. Fistulography
- 28. Peripheral venography of upper limb
- 29. Bronchography
- 30. Sialography

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: RADIOGRAPHIC PHOTOGRAPHY AND IMAGE PROCESSING (R III) QP CODE: 6125

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. What are radiographic films? Draw the CS of a double emulsion film and label its contents.
- 2. What are the types of X-rays films?
- 3. Draw a typical film characteristic. Also label and define the following terms therein (a) Gamma (b) contrast (c) Speed & (d) Latitude
- 4. What are intensifying screen? What are the desirable properties of the phosphors used in an intensifying screen?
- 5. Discuss the structure, speed and uses of an intensifying screen
- 6. Working principle, technique & merits of Digital Radiography
- 7. Discuss in details various factors affecting the resolution of an image
- 8. Discuss in details different types of film faults and the procedures to prevent the same.
- 9. Different methods of film processing
- 10. Points to be considered while planning a dark room

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. Film grainness,
- 12. Dark room
- 13. safe storage of radiographic film
- 14. fluorescence
- 15. Speed of a film
- 16. Screen & non-screen film
- 17. Safelight
- 18. Loading & unloading of cassette
- 19. possible damages and maintenance of an intensifying screen
- 20. Storage of film materials and radiographs
- 21. Note on : Primary radiological image, Latent image & Visible image
- 22. Define magnification, Distortion & penumbra
- 23. What is an MLC? List the legal evidences provided by a MLC
- 24. Note on : Safe light
- 25. Write note on labeling & presentation of a radiograph
- 26. Note on: Dark room Technique
- 27. Points to be considered while planning a dark room
- 28. Exhausted processing solution
- 29. Replenishment
- 30. Note on: Film artifacts

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN OPERATION THEATER AND ANAESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY (RS2)

SUBJECT: ANAESTHESIA & ALLIED TOPICS Q P CODE: 6131

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1. Classify Intravenous Induction agents and write a brief note on Thiopentone
- 2. Blood grouping & typing and write briefly about Indications for blood transfusion.
- 3. Cnysballoits
- 4. Breathing systems
- 5. Safety features in anesthesia machine
- 6. Pre-operative Preparation of Patient
- 7. Effects of spinal anaesthesia on various body systems
- 8. Positioning of patient and anesthesia
- 9. Non Invasive Monitoring in anesthesia
- 10. Pre-operative Investigations.

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11. ETCO2
- 12. Succyuyl Choline
- 13. Consent
- 14. Pre-operative fasting
- 15. Tourniquet.
- 16. Halothane
- 17. Midazolam
- 18. Dexmedetomidine
- 19. Atropine
- 20. L. M. A.
- 21. 02 Flush
- 22. Epidural needle
- 23. Suction apparatus
- 24. Stylette
- 25. Guedel's airway
- 26. Pre-oxygenation
- 27. Contra indications for spinal anesthesia
- 28. Ringer Lactate Solution
- 29. Record keeping
- 30. Ondensetron

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN OPERATION THEATER AND ANAESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY (RS2)

Subject: OPERATIVE PROCEDURE Q P CODE: 6133

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions.

8 X 5 = 40

- 1) Types of Abdominal incisions & their uses
- 2) Mesh Hernioplasty
- 3) Appendectomy
- 4) Heller's Cardiomyotomy
- 5) Procedure for Fibroadenoma
- 6) Preparation of patient for emergency caesarean section
- 7) Tracheostomy
- 8) Fracture femur
- 9) MTP
- 10) Cataract surgery

II. Short answers $20 \times 3 = 60$

- 11) Lymph Node Biopsy
 - 12) Fissure in Ano
 - 13) Sitz bath
 - 14) Ryles tube
 - 15) Incision and drainage
 - 16) Care of Colostomy
 - 17) Complications of liver Abscess
 - 18) Complications of splenectomy
 - 19) Burst Abdomen
 - 20) Tension stitches for Abdominal Incisions
 - 21) Oro Pharyngeal airway
 - 22) Episiotomy
 - 23) Repair of tendons
 - 24) Foreign body nose
 - 25) External Fixator
 - 26) Suction drain
 - 27) Urinary Catheterisation
 - 28) Tonsillectomy
 - 29) Aspiration
 - 30) Types of Fractures

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RECORDS TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY Q P CODE: 6141

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions

8 x5 = 40

- 1. write the main elements of Medical terminology
- 2. Define prefix ,suffix & Roots
- 3. Define abortion and Name different types of abortion
- 4. Define Phobia
- 5. Define Fracture and what are the different types of Fracture
- 6. What is the purpose of studying Medical terminology.
- 7. Name bones of the Upper Arm
- 8. Name the Five commonly used Eponyms?
- 9. Name five planes of the Body?
- 10. Define Roots of Stem?

II. Short answers

20 x = 60

- 11. Differentiate between lymphadenitis & Lymphangitis?
- 12. Define (Abasis, Neonatal, Mortality)
- 13. Give the Meaning for Suffixes 1) Malacia 2) Rhexis 3) Pexy
- 14. Give Number, (Testiuis, Sisqui, Bini)
- 15. Write meaning for Medical Terms (Chondrom, Myorrhaphy, Heriotomy)
- 16. Expand (ABCD, LMP, RBC)
- 17. Give Meaning for operative Suffix for (Fixation, Suture, Crushing)
- 18. Write Correct Meaning for (Malacia, Pathy, Edema)
- 19. Give meaning for Prefix (Ab, Syn, Trans)
- 20. Name Root for (Cartilage, Brain, Intestine)
- 21. Analyse the following? (Lipectomy, Splenomalacia, Laryngoscope)
- 22. Name the Phobias (Fear of Colours, Fear of being locked, Fear of Heart disease)
- 23. Write Colours for (Flavus, Niger, Ruber)
- 24. Name the Study for Eye, Teeth, Heart disease
- 25. Give the Meaning for frequently used (Rx, SOS, Z3)
- 26. Name the Specialities (Urology, Oncology, Paediatrics)
- 27. Give the meaning for phobia a) Algo Phobia b) Bato Phobia c) Erythro Phobia
- 28. Write the Correct meaning
- a) Abnormal size of Finger& Toe.
- b) Excess of Calcium in the blood
- c) Thick Tongue
- 29. Say True or False
- a. BCG vaccine is administered to prevent Cancer.
- b. There are 21 pairs of Cranil nerves
- c. Recanlisation of the vas is done for infertility in men.

30. Match the following . a. Hysterectomy b. Hematemesis

c. Loss of sensation

Vomiting of Blood Anaesthesia Excision of Uters

MODEL QUESTION PAPER (RS2)

PARAMEDICAL BOARD, BENGALURU

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RECORDS TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: HOSPITAL ADMINISTRATION Q P CODE: 6143

I.	Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions	8 x5 = 40
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- 1. Functions of house-keeping services
- 2. Write a note on dietary services in hospitals
- 3. Functions of hospital administrator
- 4. Classification of hospitals
- 5. Role of hospital in primary health care
- 6. Hospital infection control committee
- 7. Health insurance
- 8. Describe the role of medical record department in teaching hospital
- 9. History of hospitals
- 10. Briefly describe organization of outpatient department

II. Short answers 20 x 3 = 60

- 11. Ambulance services
- 12. Deep burial pit
- 13. Characteristics of hospital administrator
- 14. Classification of hospital waste
- 15. Medico-social services department
- 16. Laundry services
- 17. Sources of hospital records
- 18. Role of pharmacy in hospital medical records department
- 19. Functions of hospital
- 20. Organisation of Nursing department
- 21. Functions of radiology department
- 22. Purchasing committee
- 23. Injection room
- 24. Planning of intensive care unit
- 25. Fire safety in hospitals
- 26. Corporate hospitals
- 27. Diagnostic services
- 28. Quality control
- 29. Delegation of power
- 30. Resources

MODEL QUESTION PAPER (RS2)

PARAMEDICAL BOARD, BENGALURU

Time: 1.30 HRS Max Marks:50

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RECORDS TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCES Q P CODE: 6145

I. Short notes, answer any FOUR questions

4 x5 = 20

- 1.List some common Statistics generated Annually, Monthly & Weekly?
- 2. Explain in detail about the Use of Hospital Information Management System at MRD?
- 3. Discuss the Role of Computers in OP & IP Department s?
- 4. What is Internet? Explain E-mail?
- 5. List out different reports that can be generated from the patient details recorded?

II. Short answers 10 x3 = 30

- 6. Applications of Computer
- 7, Explain the Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- 8. Write about External Memory Devices?
- 9. EMR, HIS paperless Hospital.
- 10. Write about types of Memory?
- 11. Write the uses of Computers in different fields?
- 12. Write about Network? List the type of Networks?
- 13. Briefly write about Generations of Computers?
- 14. List some Disadvantages of Computer?
- 15. Differentiate between Scanner & Printer?

Time: 1.00 HRS Max Marks:30

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RECORDS TECHNOLOGY (RS2) SUBJECT: MEDICAL / SURGICAL CODING Q P CODE: 6146

I. Short answers ANY TEN

10 x 3 = 30

- 1. Define Coding?
- 2. Why do we need to Code?
- 3. What is meant by ICD, ISCD, & RHP?
- 4. Discuss Coding procedure when the patient is pregnant?
- 5. Write briefly about the advantages of coding diseases?
- 6. Explain the procedure of Coding Malignant Condition?
- 7. Writ Basic Structure & Principles of Classification of ICD-10th Edition?
- 8. Explain Underlying Cause of Death?
- 9. Briefly explain History of Medical Coding?
- 10. International Classification of Operation for Coding Explain in detail?
- 11. Discuss the Coding procedure for external Injuries?
- 12. Write some Special points to remember while Coding?

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY (RS2) Subject: PAPER I Q P CODE: 6151

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions

8 x5 = 40

- 1. Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis(CAPD).
- 2. Newer CAPD solutions.
- 3. Indications and complications of plasmapheresis.
- 4. Sustained Low Efficiency Dialysis(SLED).
- 5. Heparin Protocal for continuos therapies(CRRT).
- 6. Hemoperfusion.
- 7. Hemodiafiltration and Hemofiltration.
- 8. Peritoneal Equilibration Test(PET).
- 9. Replacement solutions in Plasmapheresis.
- 10. Sorbent dialysis.

II. Short answers

20 x = 60

- 11. Three pore model in Peritoneal Dialysis.
- 12. Types of Chronic Peritoneal Dialysis Catheters.
- 13. Complications of acute Peritoneal Dialysis catheter insertion.
- 14. Tidal Peritoneal dialysis(TPD).
- 15. Signs and symptoms of Peritonitis.
- 16. Isolated Ultra Filtration.
- 17. Short daily Hemodialysis versus Nocturnal Hemodialysis.
- 18. Ultra Filtration failure
- 19. Advantages of CRRT.
- 20. Mention three antibiotics that are used to treat Peritonitis.
- 21. Foods Rich in Potassium.
- 22. Normal serum levels of Calcium, Phosphorus and Parathyroid hormone levels.
- 23. Three Immunosuppressive Drugs used in Renal Transplant Patients.
- 24. Factors determining clearance in Peritoneal Dialysis.
- 25. Molecular Adsorbents Recirculating system(MARS)
- 26. Causes of fluid overload in PD patients.
- 27. Residual Renal Function.
- 28. Cyclers.
- 29. Peritoneal Dialysis solution dextrose concentrations.
- 30. Comparison of membrane apheresis and centrifugal devices.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER (RS2)

PARAMEDICAL BOARD, BENGALURU

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY (RS2) Subject: PAPER II Q P CODE: 6153

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions

8 x5 = 40

- 1. Absolute indication to initiate Hemodialysis.
- 2. Hemodialysis circuit
- 3. Access Reirculation
- 4. Dialyzer Reuse
- 5. Beeps, buzzers and alarms during Hemodialysis.
- 6. Intradialytic Hypotension-causes and management.
- 7. Guidelines for obtaining the post dialysis plasma urea nitrogen sample.
- 8. Preoperative evaluation for A V Fistula.
- 9. Laboratory tests done in Hemodialysis patients.
- 10. Complications of central venous catheterization

II. Short answers 20 x3 = 60

- 11. Three potential sites for A V Fistula creation in human body.
- 12. Three causes of Acute kidney injury
- 13. Three types of dialyzer membrane.
- 14. Three water contaminants harmful to dialysis patients.
- 15. Mention three drugs removed by Hemodialysis
- 16. Three anti hypertensive drugs.
- 17. Normal values of serum sodium, potassium and calcium level
- 18. Signs of clotting in extracorporeal circuit
- 19. Three drugs that reduce serum phosphate levels.
- 20. Three drugs that reduce serum potassium levels
- 21. Dry weight
- 22. Three causes of muscle cramps during Hemodialysis
- 23. Structure of Dialyzer
- 24. Rule of sixes in AVF
- 25. Urea reduction ratio.
- 26. Three indications to stop Hemodialysis.
- 27. Three infections spreads through Hemodialysis
- 28. Three indications for Heparin free dialysis
- 29. Needle cannulation techniques
- 30. Three Erythropoietin preparations used in CKD patients.

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN OPHTHALMIC TECHNOLOGY (RS2) Subject: PAPER I Q P CODE: 6161

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions

8 x5 = 40

- 1. Methods of chemical sterilization.
- 2. What do you mean by Epilation and indications of Epilation.
- 3. Lacrimal syringing.
- 4. Method of eye wash.
- 5. Describe the method of eye pad preparation.
- 6. Describe A-scan biometry.
- 7. Write briefly on maintenance of slit lamp.
- 8. Calibration of applanation tonometer .
- 9. Gowning and glowing techniques.
- 10. Segregation of OT waste.

II. Short answers

20 x = 60

- 11. Cardiac monitor.
- 12Work culture in OT.
- 13. Short note on Retinoscope.
- 14. Maintenance ofkeratometer.
- 15. Maintenance of indirect ophthalmoscope 6. Name some surgical instruments used in cataract surgery.
- 16. Name some surgical instruments used in cataract surgery.
- 17. Practice of bed making.
- 18. Fumigation.
- 19. Suture material in ophthalmology.
- 20. Instrument sterilization in minor OT.
- 21. Postoperative dressing.
- 22 Technique of intravenous infusion.
- 23. How do you prepare emergency drug trolley.
- 24. Maintenance of operating microscope.
- 25. How do you council a patient for surgery.
- 26. Name some ophthalmic equipments used in cataract surgery.
- 27. Short notes on IV FLUIDS.
- 28. Cryo procedures.
- 29. Colour coding of gas cylinders.
- 30. Commonly used drugs in General anesthesia.

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN OPHTHALMIC TECHNOLOGY (RS2) Subject: PAPER II Q P CODE: 6163

I. Short notes, answer any EIGHT questions

8 x5 = 40

- 1. What is anaesthesia? mention types of anaesthesia in short
- 2. Peribulbar block, method, advantages, disadvantages
- 3. Describe different sites where I.V line can be secured? which are commonly used I.V fluids.
- 4. Retinoscopy and its principle?
- 5. A-scan biometry explain the procedure
- 6. Enumerate the causes sudden loss of vision.
- 7. Procedure of subconjunctival injection.
- 8. Uses of steroids in ophthalmology
- 9. Cycloplegics
- 10. Short note on oral Analgesics.

II. Short answers

20 x = 60

- 11. Mention the direction of retinoscopy reflexes in all refractive errors?
- 12. Name the lenses found in trial set
- 13. SRK formula
- 14. Color coding of OT disposal bins
- 15. Describe in brief how I.V line is taken care of
- 16. Parts of slit lamp biomicroscopy
- 17. Define blood pressure and instrument used to measure BP
- 18. Name 3 IV fluids
- 19. Scrubbing technique
- 20. Gloving
- 21. Timolol maleate
- 22. Estimation of anterior chamber depth.
- 23. Causes of pain in the eye.
- 24. Red eye
- 25. Fluorescein dye
- 26. Eye ointments
- 27. Intravenous drugs in ophthalmology.
- 28. Retrobulbar block.
- 29. Epiphora
- 30. Mention few signs of ophthalmology.

Time: 1.30 HRS Max Marks:50

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DENTAL MECHANICS (RS2)

SUB: Complete Denture Q P CODE: 6171

I. Short Notes, Answer Any FOUR Questions

4x5=20

- $1. \ What is an immediate dentures. \ Mention the advantages and disadvantages of immediate denture$
 - 2. Posterior palatal seal
 - 3. Balanced occlusion
 - 4. Fully adjustable articulator
 - 5. Relining in complete denture

II. Short Answers 10x3 = 30

- 6. Define curve of spee
- 7. Buccal shelf area
- 8. Define remounting
- 9. Different types of polishing agents used in dentistry
- 10. Non anatomical tooth
- 11. Define articulators
- 12. Index methods
- 13. Define occusal rims
- 14. Incisal guidance
- 15. Define impression

Time: 1.30 HRS Max Marks:50

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DENTAL MECHANICS (RS2) SUB: Partial Dentures, Orthodontia, Maxillofacial Prosthesis Q P CODE: 6172

I. Short Notes, Answer Any FOUR Questions

4x5=20

- 1. Kennedy's classification of Applegate's rules
- 2. Parts of FPD
- 3. Materials used in maxillofacial prosthesis
- 4. Types of indirect retainers
- 5. Types of bar clasp

II. Short Answers 10x3 = 30

- 6. Modifications of proximal plate area
- 7. Arbitrary blockout
- 8. Occlusal rest
- 9. Refractory cast
- 10. Activator
- 11. Colour coding in RPD
- 12. Uses of surveyor
- 13. Labial bow
- 14. Soldering
- 15. Adams Clasp

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DENTAL HYGIENE (RS2)

Q P CODE: 6181 SUBJECT: ETIOLOGY AND PATHOGENESIS OF PERIODONTAL DISEASES

ī	SHORT	NOTES	ANSWER	ANY FIGHT	OUESTIONS
	. JOURI	INCLES	HINDANEL	AINT EIGHT	OUESTIONS

8X5=40

- 1. Functions of periodontal ligament.
- 2. Composition and functions of saliva.
- 3. Drug induced gingival enlargement.
- 4. Define and classify Periodontal pocket.
- 5. Stages of dental plaque formation.
- 6. Extrinsic and Intrinsic dental stains.
- 7. Acute necrotizing ulurative gingivitis.
- 8. Difference between Supra and Sub gingival calculus.
- 9. Define Gingival recession and write the causes for gingival recession.
- 10. Periodontal abscess and management.

II. SHORT ANSWERS

20X3=60

- 11. Attached gingival.
- 12. Cemento enamel junction.
- 13. Principal fibers of periodontal ligament.
- 14. Alveolar bone proper
- 15. Pericorontis
- 16. Acute herpetic gingivo stomatitis
- 17. Supra ad sub gingival dental plaque.
- 18. Food impaction
- 19. Modes of attachments of dental calculus
- 20. Blood supply of gingival
- 21. Cellular cementum
- 22. Chronic Periodontics
- 23. Gingival Abscess
- 24. Radiographic feature of Aggressive periodontitics
- 25. Thrones of mineralization of calculus
- 26. Macroscopic feature of Gingival
- 27. Composition of calculus
- 28. Gingival fibers
- 29. Bundle bone
- 30. Havessian system.

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DENTAL HYGIENE (RS2)

Q P CODE: 6183 SUBJECT: DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF PERIODONTAL DISEASE

I. SHORT NOTES ANSWER ANY EIGHT QUESTIONS

8 X 5=40 MARKS

- 1. Define Trauma from occlusion. Write stages of tissue injury in trauma from occlusion.
- 2. Oral Hygiene index simplified.
- 3. Chemical plaque control methods.
- 4. Methods of tooth brushing.
- 5. Inter dental cleaning aids
- 6. Ultrasonic instruments.
- 7. Mouth breathing habit and effects on dental structures.
- 8. Management of medically compromises patients.
- 9. Principles of Instrumentation.
- 10. Sutures and Periodontal dressing.

II. SHORT ANSWERS

20 X 3= 60 MARKS

- 11. Syncope.
- 12. Oral irrigation devices.
- 13. Powered tooth brush
- 14. Gingival examination
- 15. Tongue thrusting habit
- 16. Shock.
- 17. Precautions to be taken in dental treatment of Hemophilia patient.
- 18. Management of pediatric patient.
- 19. Objectives of Dental hygiene.
- 20. Periodontal instruments maintenance.
- 21. Sharpening of periodontal instruments.
- 22. Dentifrices.
- 23. ADA Specification of tooth brush.
- 24. Intra oral periapical radiograph.
- 25. Periodontal probe.
- 26. Sub gingival instruments for sealing.
- 27. Explorers.
- 28. Management of pregnant patient.
- 29. Rules and regulations of Dental Hygiene.
- 30. Management of Diabetes Patients.

Time: 3.00 HRS Max Marks:100

COURSE: III DIPLOMA IN DENTAL HYGIENE (RS2)

Q P CODE: 6185 SUBJECT: PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY, ETHICS & JURISPRUDENCE, DENTAL MATERIALS

I. SHORT NOTES ANSWER ANY EIGHT QUESTIONS

8 X 5=40 MARKS

- 1. Water supply to community and their implications on dental health.
- 2. Aims and objectives of Dental Health Education.
- 3. Dentist's Act 1948 related to registration of Dental Hygienist.
- 4. Community Dentistry.
- 5. Environmental Health.
- 6. Oral cancer.
- 7. Child and parent counseling.
- 8. Instrument sterilization.
- 9. HIV associated periodontitis.
- 10. Professional ethnics and ethical matters related to health care.

II. SHORT ANSWERS

20 X 3= 60 MARKS

- 11. Plaster of paris.
- 12. Audio visual aids.
- 13. Charts and posters.
- 14. Dental stone.
- 15. Hepatitis B virus
- 16. Plaster Models
- 17. Impression compound
- 18. Die stone
- 19. Zinc oxide Eugenol paste
- 20. Silver Analgam
- 21. Zinc oxide Eugenol cement
- 22. Glass Ionomer cement
- 23. Water fluoridation.
- 24. Define Epidemiology
- 25. Cavity Varnish
- 26. Disclosing agents
- 27. Patients appointment
- 28. Name dental specialties
- 29. Flouride Varnish
- 30. Deflouridation of water