

National Center on
INTENSIVE INTERVENTION

at American Institutes for Research



Version 2.0



*Select to complete Activity #4, #5, **or** #6, depending upon level of students.

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Module 2 Checklist $\frac{1}{2}$ 1_{2}^{3}

The purpose of this Activity Workbook is to help organize content for this Module. You will do some Activities on your own to help you engage with and think about the content. You will not be required to submit your responses for those activities. There are other activities, however, that you will submit online and apply in your classroom. The activities that you must submit before completing this Module are listed in the "Online" column below.

Section	Assignment	To Be Completed In Activity Workbook	To Be Completed Online	To Be Completed With Coach
Intro	Video		Watch Module 2 Introduction Video Presentation	
	Video		Watch Module 2 Part 1 Video Presentation	
rt 1	Activity 1	General Outcome and Single- Skill Measures		
Ра	Activity 2	Using a Diagnostic Assessment		
	Activity 3	Assessment Survey		
	Video		Watch Module 2 Part 2 Video Presentation	
	Activity 4*	Score Measures and Graph Scores		
Part 2	Activity 5*	Computation Measure		
	Activity 6*	Concepts and Applications Measure		
	Activity 7	NCII Tools Chart		
	Journal		 Journal Entry: Progress Monitoring Practices 	
	Video		Watch Module 2 Part 3 Video Presentation	
	Activity 8	Early Numeracy Measure		
æ	Activity 9	Decision Making Based on Data		
Part	Activity 10	Setting Goals and Making Decisions Based on Data		
-	Discussion		 Discussion Board: Current Structure for Decisions Write Your Response Respond to 2 Others 	
ct ps	Video		Watch Module 2 Closing Video Presentation	
Nex Stel	Classroom Application			Collect and Use Data for DBI

*Do one of these activities.





Part 1

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Activity #1



Look at the examples of formative assessments.

Is each an example of a general outcome measure or single-skill measure?

1			
5 + 6 =	7 + 8 =	2 + 4 =	3 + 6 =
9 + 5 =	4 + 7 =	1 + 8 =	9 + 3 =

2. ____

26	47.3	$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{5} =$	403
<u>× 14</u>	<u>+ 21.8</u>		<u>- 27</u>
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} =$	83.5 <u>– 23.6</u>	37.3 <u>+ 7.23</u>	3



• Part 1



• Activity #1 (cont.)

3			
2 <u>+ 5</u>	12 <u>- 3</u>	83 <u>+ 12</u>	62 <u>- 21</u>
9 + 5 =	14 <u>+ 28</u>	37 <u>- 15</u>	11 – 3 =

4. _____

39)6247	24)4289	43)8192	52)4623
61)1729	81)9261	57)4389	27)1239



Module 2 •

- Part 1
- Activity #2 •



Look at the sample diagnostic assessment score report.

- What are the student's strengths?
- What are the student's weaknesses?

Diagnostic Score Report for 4th grader Tyler Johns (MOY):

Subtest	Raw Score	Standard Score	Grade Equivalency
Whole Number Operations	35	80	3.3
Addition and Subtraction	17	82	3.5
Multiplication and Division	13	78	2.9
Comparisons	5	85	3.5
Algebraic Thinking	12	69	1.9
Rational Numbers	37	73	2.5
Addition and Subtraction	13	73	2.5
Multiplication and Division	15	75	2.7
Comparisons	9	71	2.1
Geometry	18	84	3.8
Data and Measurement	18	85	3.6
Problem Solving	22	72	2.6
Concepts	12	73	2.5
Applications	10	71	2.2

Strengths:

Weaknesses:



Module 2Part 1



• Activity #3

You will conduct a survey of the assessments available at your school.

Fill in the table about your current formative, diagnostic, and summative assessments.

Then, fill in your assessment needs for DBI.

Assessments We Have

Assessment Name	Formative	Diagnostic	Summative	Helpful for DBI?

Assessments We Need

Assessment Name	Formative	Diagnostic	Summative	Helpful for DBI?

Notes/Comments:



- Part 2
- Activity #4

eo Module 2 Activity 4a Ben Number Identification

https://youtu.be/2YidrJ3zabQ

Use this video and score along with the teacher.



Watch the videos and score each early numeracy measure.

Early Numeracy Indicators: Number Identification

Date:			Nu	Numb nber Corre	er Ident ect	ification-	–1, Fal
Direct	ion: Wri	te the nun	nber th	at the stud	ent says	in the bla	ank.
1	(6)	2	(4)	3.	(2)	4	(9)
5	(16)	б	_(5)	7	(18)	8.	(8)
9	(39)	10	(8)	11	(26)	12	(0)
13	(18)	14	(30)	15	(16)	16	(2)
17	(18)	18	(94)	19	(17)	20	(22)
21	_(7)	22	(64)	23	(47)	24	_(9)
25.	(1)	26.	(34)	27.	(24)	28.	(97)
29.	(11)	30.	(63)	31.	(3)	32.	(49)
33	_(15)	34	(20)	35	(42)	36	_(14)
37	(3)	38	(0)	39.	(6)	40.	_(11)
41	(10)	42.	(4)	43.	(3)	44.	(13)
45	(8)	46	(0)	47	(20)	48	(49)
49	(57)	50	_(1)	51	(12)	52	_(42)
53.	(38)	54.	(11)	55.	(43)	56.	(33)
57	(3)	58.	(82)	59.	(0)	60.	(20)
61	(25)	62.	(14)	63.	(100)	64	(33)
65	(6)	66	_(2)	67	(9)	68	_(14)
69	(20)	70	(78)	71.	(4)	72	_(1)
73.	(32)	74.	(7)	75.	(12)	76.	(8)
77.	(17)	78.	(4)	79.	(8)	80.	(14)
81	(16)	82.	_ (0)	83	(19)	84	(8)



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https://www.progressmonitoring.org/



Early Numeracy Indicators: Quantity Discrimination





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https://www.progressmonitoring.org/



Use this video and score along with the teacher.

https://youtu.be/tof8mNnzvZw



Early Numeracy Indicators: Missing Number

Date:		N	Mis Jumber Correct	ssing Num t	ber—1, Fall
Direction: W	Vrite the	number	that the studen	it says in th	e blank.
1	(9)	2.	(6)	3.	(5)
4	(60)	5	(4)	б	(6)
7	(2)	8.	(20)	9	(9)
10.	(3)	11	(9)	12	(7)
13	(25)	14	(8)	15	(1)
16	(6)	17	(5)	18	(8)
19.	(2)	20.	(0)	21.	(60)
22.	(7)	23.	(50)	24.	(7)
25	(6)	26.	(4)	27	(1)
28	(10)	29.	(40)	30	(60)
31	(2)	32.	(4)	33	(3)
34	(9)	35	(8)	36.	(1)
37	_ (5)	38	(35)	39	(6)
40.	(9)	41.	(2)	42.	(6)
43.	(6)	44	(3)	45	(4)
46.	(3)	47	(7)	48.	(5)
49	_ (0)	50	(1)	51	(5)
52.	_ (2)	53.	(90)	54	(3)
55.	(20)	56.	(7)	57	(25)
58.	(9)	59.	(1)	60.	(3)
61.	_ (4)	62	(40)	63	(6)



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https://www.progressmonitoring.org/



Use this video and score along with the teacher.

https://youtu.be/CxeZ35d6h18





- Part 2
- Activity #5



Look at this Computation measure.

- 1. Score the measure by **problems correct**.
- 2. Score the measure by **digits correct**.
- 3. Graph the **digits correct** score on the student's graph.

2 26 x 14 44	47.3 +21.8 68.11	$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{8}$	403 <u>- 27</u> 424	Total Number of Problems Correct:
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$	83.51 - 2 <u>3.6</u> 60.11	37.3 + <u>7.23</u> 44.53	$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{12}$	Total Number of Digits Correct:
574 + <u>739</u> 1,311	$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{7}$	8 111 921.4 - <u>262.03</u> 1,311.43	118 r, 3 5)593 <u>-5</u> 43 <u>-40</u> 3	
$\frac{2}{1}$ $\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{3}$	- 52)4623	4 87 <u>x 56</u> 442	$\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} =$	
12)6523	262.7 + <u>38.5</u>	7062 - <u>947</u> 7,925	$\frac{7}{9} - \frac{5}{6} =$	

- Module 2
- Part 2
- Activity #5 (cont.)

26 <u>x 14</u> 364	47.3 <u>+21.8</u> 69.1	2 /3 + 4 /5 = 1 7/15	403 <u>- 27</u> <u>376</u>	
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$	83.51 <u>- 23.6</u> 59.91	37.3 <u>+ 7.23</u> 44.46	$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = 3/12$	
574 <u>+ 739</u> 1,313	$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} = 1 \frac{5}{12}$	921.4 - <u>262.03</u> 659.37	118 R. 3 5)593	
$\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{1}{2} = 1 \frac{1}{3}$	<u>88</u> R. 47 52)4623	87 <u>x 56</u> 4,872	$\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = 3/7$	
543 R. 7 12)6523	262.7 +38.5 301.2	7062 <u>- 947</u> <u>6,115</u>	<u>7</u> - <u>5</u> = 1 11/18	



$\begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & $	• Module 2 • Part 2 • Activity #6				
Look at this Concepts and Applications measure. 1. Score the measure by blanks correct. 2. Graph the blanks correct score on the student's graph.					
 Which shape below is a triangle? A	3. What number does B stand for? A B C + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +				
вC					
 2. Write the answer in each blank. Of these numbers 629 615 657 642 642 is greater than 629 and 657 	 4. What fraction of the squares is shaded? <l< th=""></l<>				
3. Write + or – in the blank. $48 + 0r_{6} = 54$	5. Fill in the blanks. 174 = 1hundreds 7 tens 4 ones				
 4. Write the answer in the blank. What number is 210 more than 150? 300_ 	6. Write "less" or "greater" in the blank. less or 465 is greater 465 is than 456				

3. Write the time. 11, 12, 1, 2 9, 4, 3 8, 7, 6, 5	14. Savannah has 3 pencils, Bella has 5 pencils. How many pencils do Savannah and Bella have in all?
8 90	
4. Starting with the number 0 and counting left to right,	15. What number does C stand for?
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Write the second number 2 Write the eighth number 12 Write the fifth number 8	
 There are 12 jelly beans in a dish. Molly eats 3 of them. How many jelly beans are left? 	16. How much money is pictured below?
15	\$_ 1.35
6. Fill in the blanks.	17. Counting by 3's, fill in the blanks.
234 = 2 hundreds 34 tens ones	51, 54, 57, <u>3</u> , <u>6</u>
7. How much money is pictured below?	18. Write the time.
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
\$	/ 03



- Part 2
- Activity #6 (cont.)



- Module 2
- Part 2
- Activity #6 (cont.)



Total Number of **Blanks** Correct:



- Part 2
- Activity #6 (cont.)





Module 2Part 2

- ¢
- Activity #7

Visit the Academic Progress Monitoring Tools Chart.

Note: In the video/presentation, Dr. Powell refers to an older version of the tools chart than is currently available on the NCII website. We've updated this activity so that the content discussed in the video/presentation aligns with the language on new tools chart.

- 1. Fill in the table for the mathematics measures available for the grade levels you teach.
- 2. Consider the **Psychometrics** of the measures.
- 3. Consider the use for **Progress Monitoring**.
- 4. Consider the use for **Data-based Individualization**.

Measure	Psychometrics		Progress Monitoring		Data-based Individualization		
Category referred to in the			Alternate	Sensitive to	Change	Increase	Teacher
video/presentation	Reliable	Valid	Forms	Improvement	Instruction	Goals	Planning
Where to locate the	"Performance Level		"Growth Standards" Tab				"Usability"
information on the new	Standards" Tab		*note that sensitivity is now included for both				Tab
tools chart			reliability and validity of the slope			be	

Notes/Comments:



• Part 2

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Journal Entry

Reflect upon your current progress monitoring practices.

- 1. What measures are available to you?
- 2. How do you administer measures with fidelity?
- 3. What measures would you like to use?
- 4. How can you improve upon your progress monitoring practices?
- 5. Why is progress monitoring an essential part of DBI?

(This space is for organizing your ideas.)



Module 2Part 3



Activity #8

a. Create a graph with the provided Quantity Discrimination scores for Lincoln. Assume there are 20 weeks of intervention for Lincoln.

Lincoln's first 9 scores: 14, 16, 13, 10, 17, 15, 18, 14, 19



a. Using Lincoln's graph, mark the benchmark with a "B" using the provided information. Benchmark for Quantity Discrimination: 25



b. Using Lincoln's graph, mark the goal using slope (ROI) with an "S" using the provided information.

Rate of Improvement for Quantitity Discrimination: 0.50

- 1. Locate slope (i.e., rate of improvement ROI)
- 2. Multiply ROI by number of weeks left in intervention
- 3. Add to baseline of progress monitoring scores
- 4. Mark goal on student graph with an "S"
- 5. Draw goal-line from baseline progress monitoring scores to S

c. Using Lincoln's graph, mark the goal for the intra-individual framework with an "I."

1. Identify student's (slope) using the formula: 3^{rd} median – 1^{st} median

data points - 1

- 2. Multiply slope by 1.5
- 3. Multiply by number of weeks until end of intervention
- 4. Add to student's baseline score
- 5. Mark goal on student graph with an "I"
- 6. Draw goal-line from baseline progress monitoring scores to I



Look at the graphs for these students. What decisions would you make about the progress of each student?



Decision:





Decision:



Decision:





- Activity #10

Look at the graphs for these students. What decisions would you make about the progress of each student?



- 1. Using the Benchmark, ROI, or Intra-individual framework, determine a goal for Tristan and draw your goal line.
- 2. Then add the following scores: Week 5 = 11, Week 6 = 13, Week 7 = 12, and Week 8 = 15.
- 3. Determine whether to increase the goal, continue to monitor progress, or to make an adaptation.

Decision: _____



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- 1. Using the Benchmark, ROI, or Intra-individual framework, determine a goal for Monique and draw your goal line.
- 2. Then add the following scores: Week 5 = 16, Week 6 = 17, Week 7 = 19, and Week 8 = 22.
- 3. Determine whether to increase the goal, continue to monitor progress, or to make an adaptation.

Decision: _____



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- 1. Using the Benchmark, ROI, or Intra-individual framework, determine a goal for Maria and draw your goal line.
- 2. Then add the following scores: Week 5 = 17, Week 6 = 18, Week 7 = 16, and Week 8 = 18.
- 3. Determine whether to increase the goal, continue to monitor progress, or to make an adaptation.

Decision: _____



- Part 3
- Discussion



Share your current structure for making DBI decisions.

- Who administers progress monitoring measures?
- Who makes the decisions about response?
- When and how are decisions made?

Write an original post on the Discussion Board and respond to two peers.

(This space is for organizing your ideas.)





(1) Start (or continue) implementing progress monitoring measures on a weekly basis.

Goals: **Evidence of progress:** (2) Start (or continue) graphing data. Goals: Evidence of progress: (3) Start (or continue) making decisions about progress. Goals: Evidence of progress: