

Nanotechnology for water treatment and desalination

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Chair in Nanotechnology
Sultan Qaboos University
Oman

Concerns in water crisis

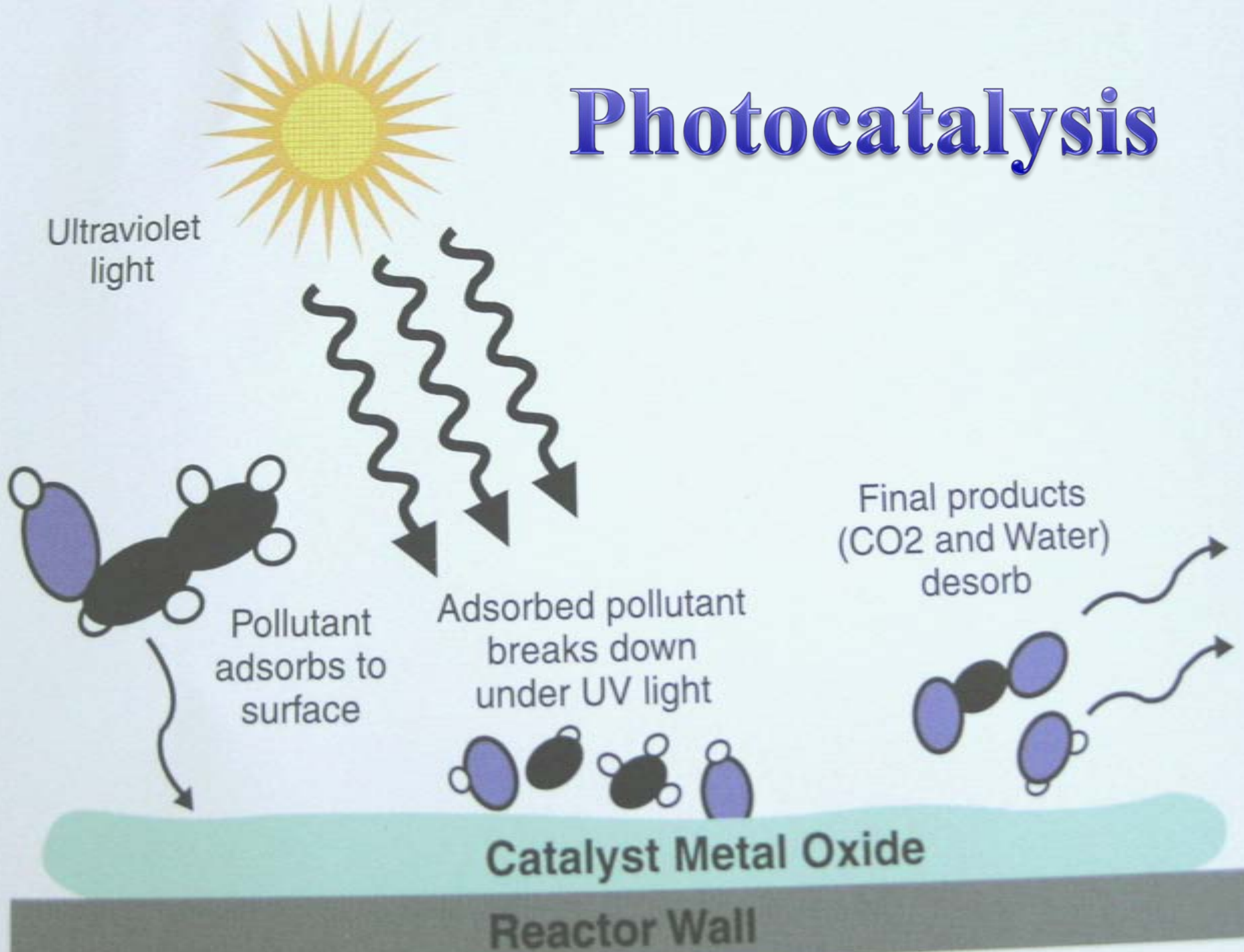
- ❑ **Drinking water production:** Disinfection: extensive chemicals treatments, e.g., chlorine, and high power UV expose.
- ❑ **Waste water treatment (industrial and municipal):** Decontamination (metal ions): extensive chemicals treatments , e.g., chelating chemicals, and absorbents, or membrane technology
- ❑ **Seawater desalination:** reverse osmosis membrane

Engineering “natural” systems for water purification

- Next-generation systems: **low-environmental-impact, low-energy-intensive, and high efficiency**
 - **Solar photocatalytic detoxification and disinfection:** solar reactors, photocatalysts, hybrid photocatalytic-biological process, and photocatalytic membrane process.
 - **Micro/nanotechnology in water purification:** carbon nanotubes membranes, nanofiber membranes, nanoporous ceramics, clays, and micro/nanofluidics.

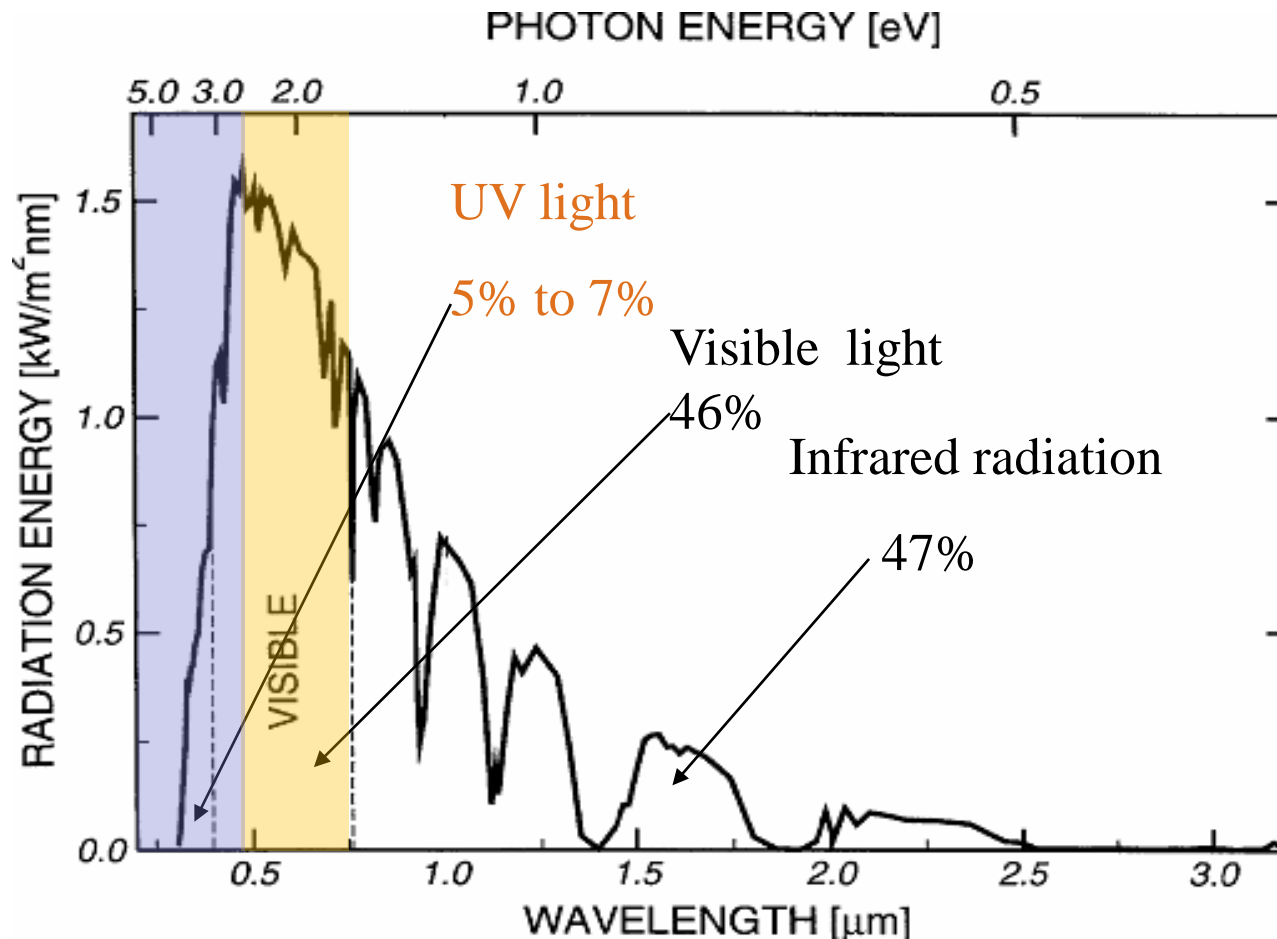
Peters, et al. *Chem. Eng. Technol.* 2010, **33**, 1233–1240. Shannon, et al. *Nature*, 2008, **452**, 301-310. Hochstrat, et. al. *Desalination and water treatment*, 2010, **18**, 96-102. Valli, et al. *Int. J. Nuclear Desalination*, 2010 , **4**, 49-57. Blanco-Galvez, et al. *J Solar Energy Engineering*. 2007, **129**, 4-15.

Photocatalysis

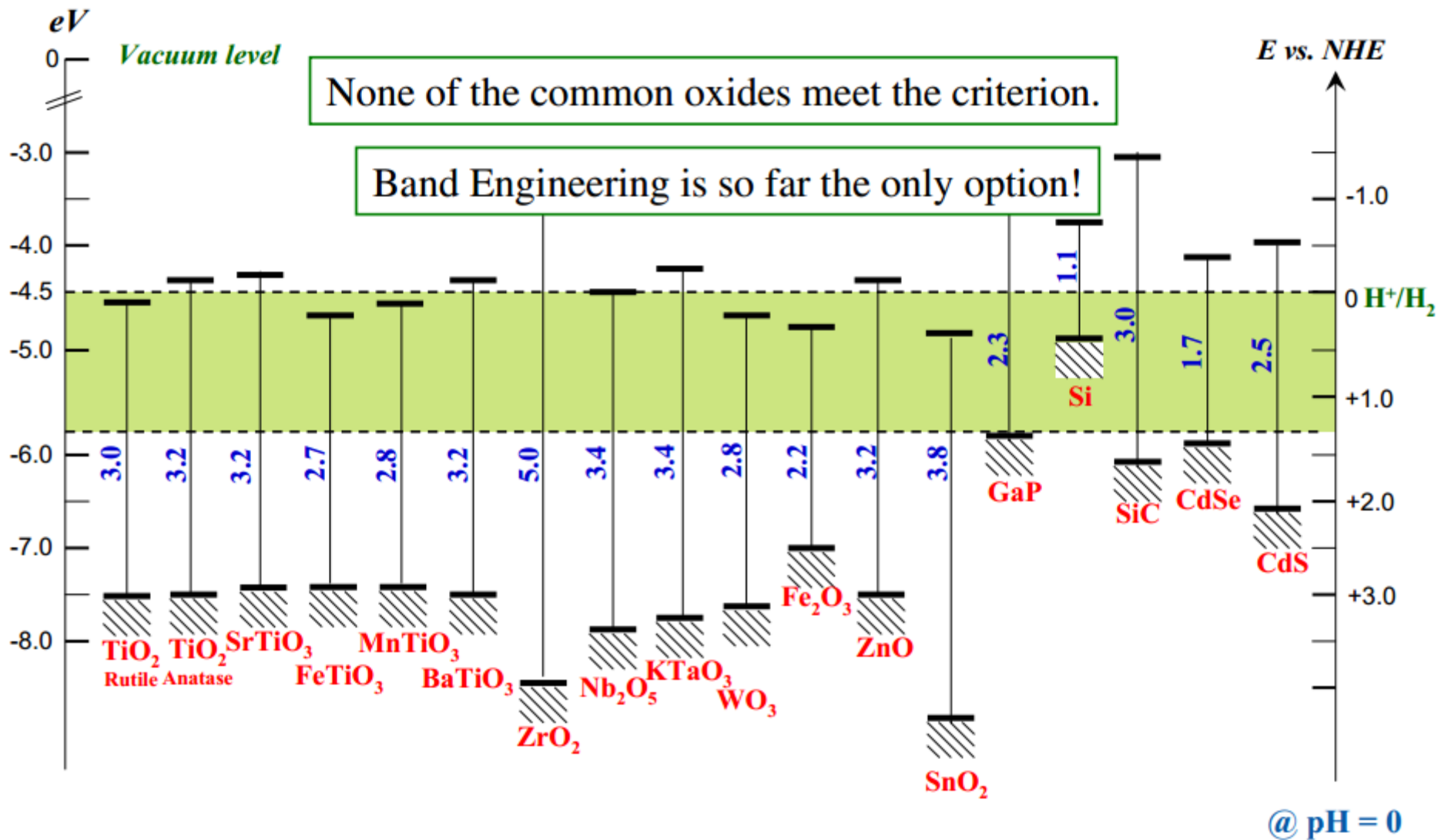


Solar spectra

86,000 TW/year energy on earth
(World consumption 15 TW/year)



Band Gap Positions in Various Semiconductors

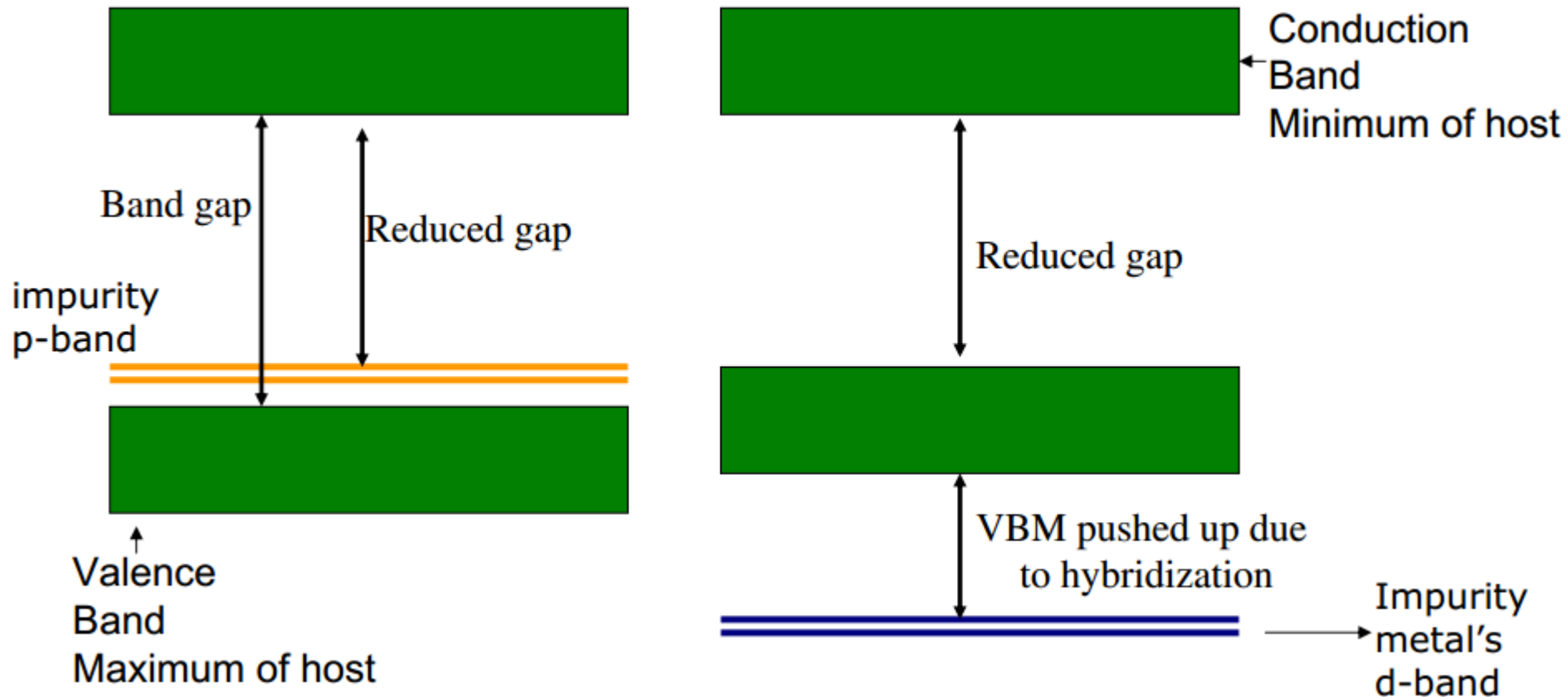


TiO₂, ZnO, Cu₂O, CuO, Fe₂O₃, CaO, MgO,
BaO, La₂O₃, Ta₂O₅, PbO, SnO₂, Bi₂O₃, WO₃,
CeO₂, In₂O₃,
Nb₂O₅, SiO₂, Al₂O₃, ZrO₂, Cr₂O₃, Ga₂O₃

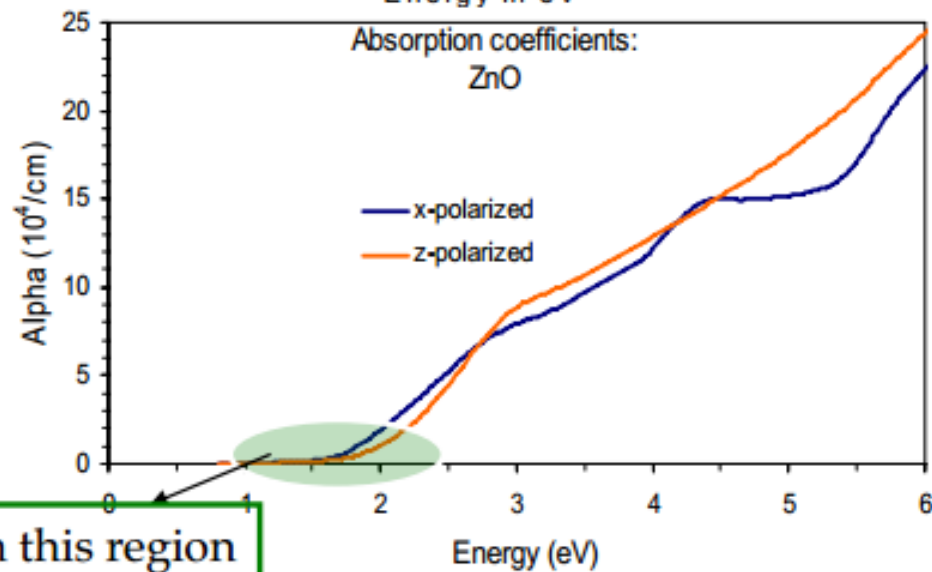
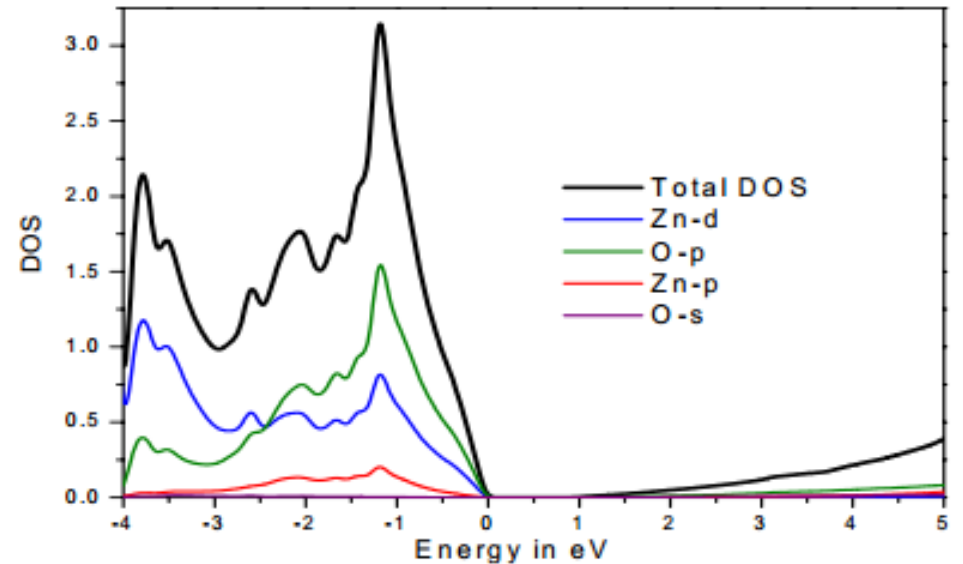
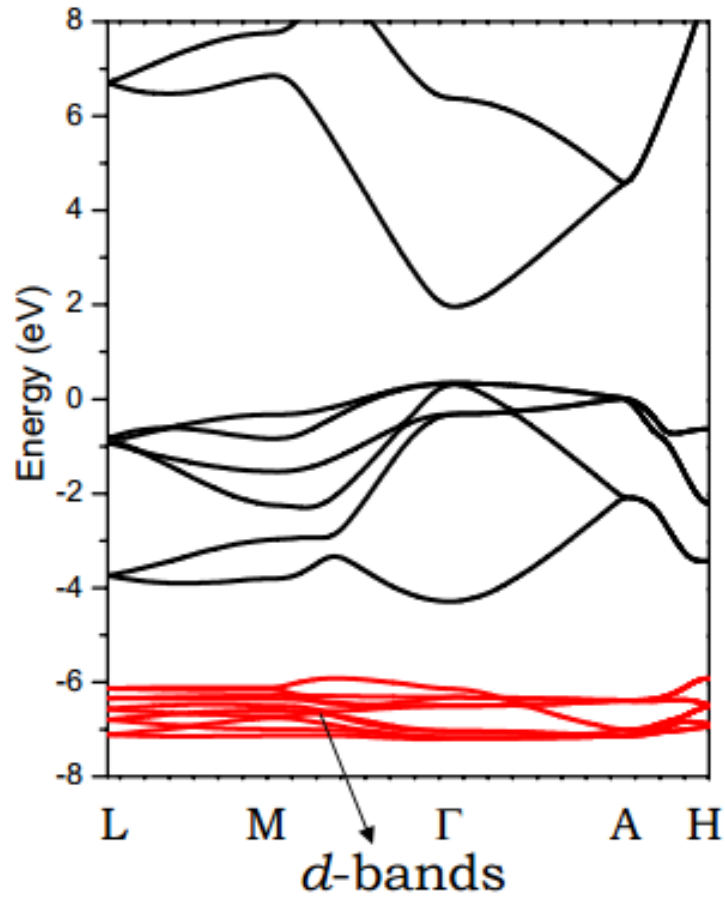
“There are easily 50,000 combinations of ternary oxides and almost 2 million quaternary oxides.”

What do we mean by “band engineering”?

- Reduce the band gap.
- Have the right position of the band-edges.



Band engineering of ZnO



Goal is to improve absorption in this region

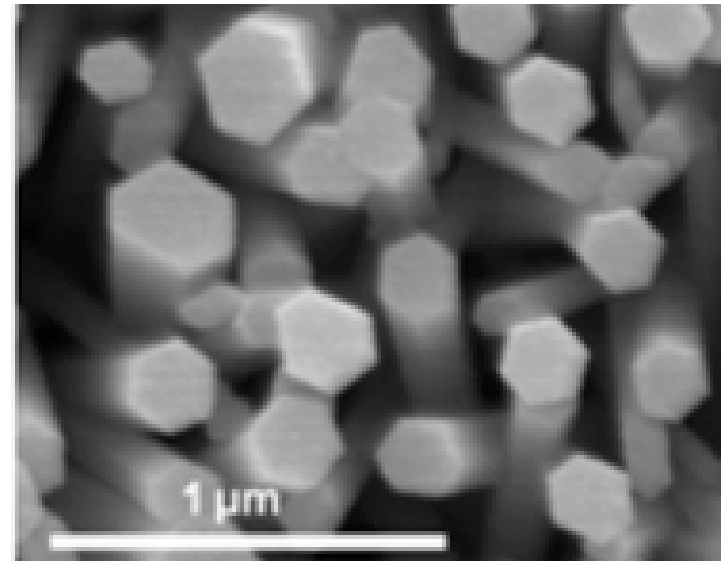
Defects...not always bad!



Corundum



Ruby



Beryl



Emerald

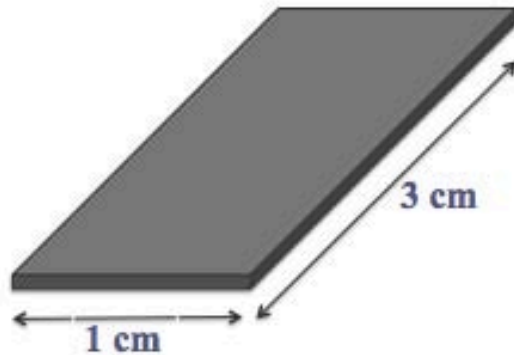
ZnO nanocrystal
can make it absorb
visible light

Baruah, S, Rafique R F and Dutta, J (2008) *Nano3* 399–407, IF 1.1

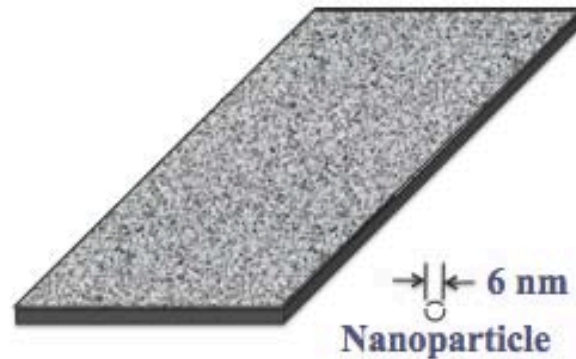
<http://www.sciencesway.com/vb/t17685.html>

Catalyst on support

Surface area: crucial for photocatalysis !

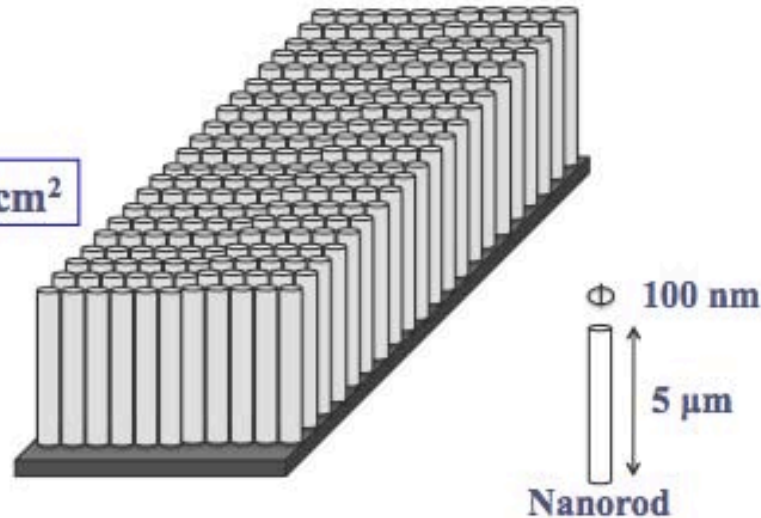


Surface area = 3 cm^2



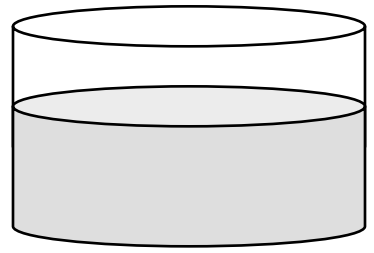
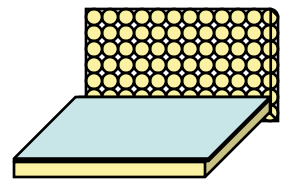
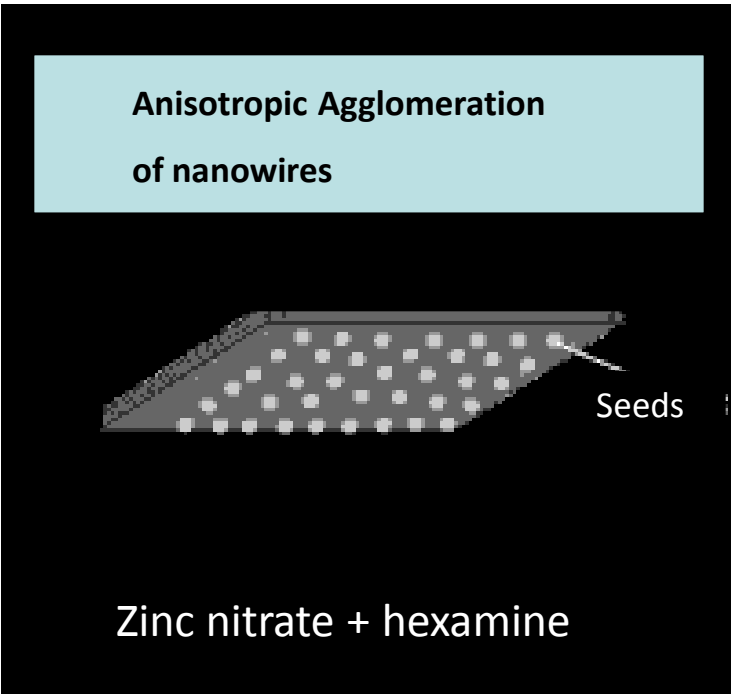
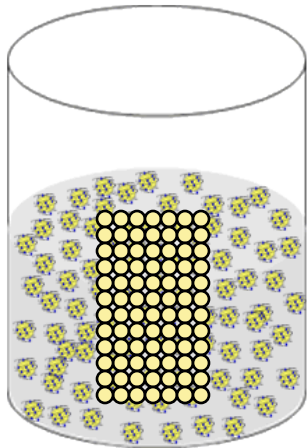
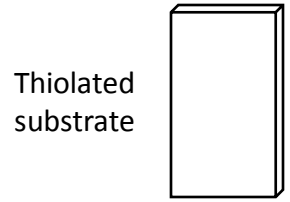
Surface area = 6.732 cm^2

Surface area = 631.14 cm^2



Growth of ZnO nanowires

Poor Man's Nanotechnology

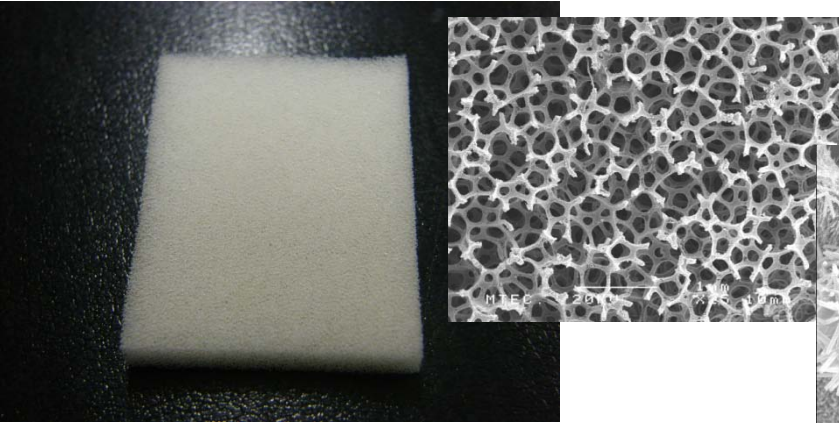


Sintered at 250° C to remove residues

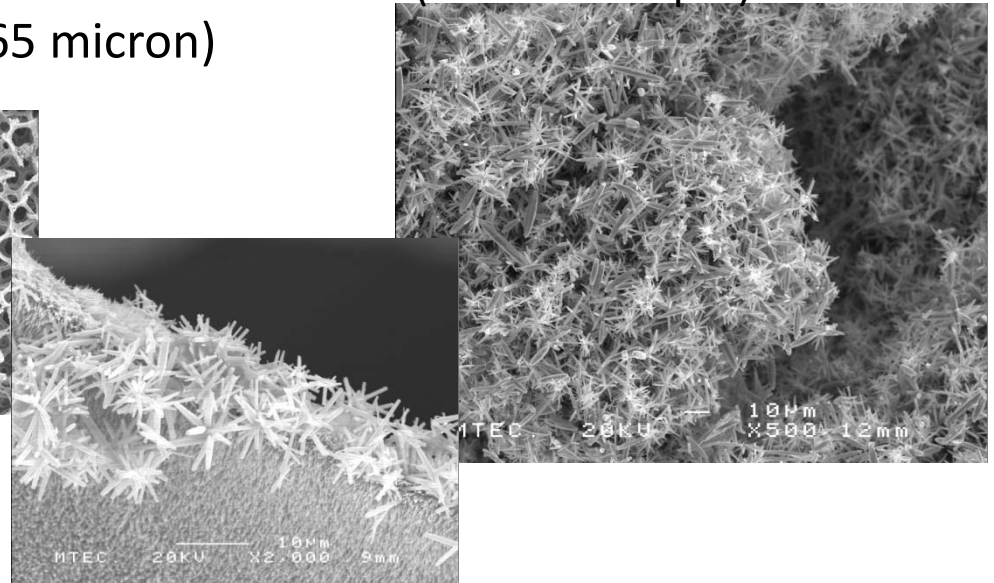
90° C

ZnO nanowires on CATALYST SUPPORTS

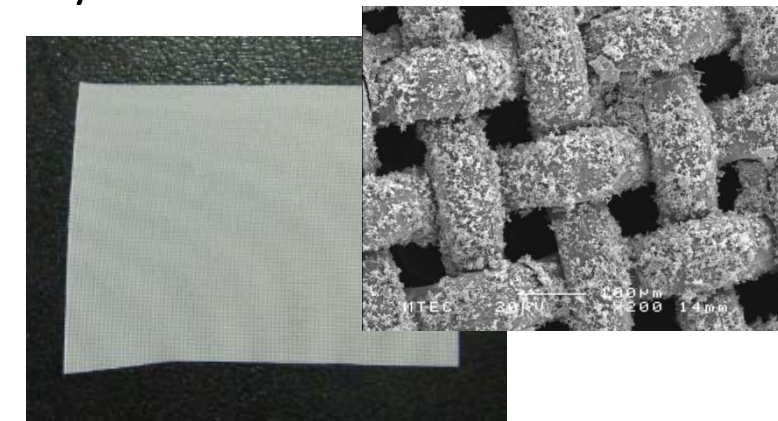
Polyurethane Foam (Pore size: 55-65 micron)



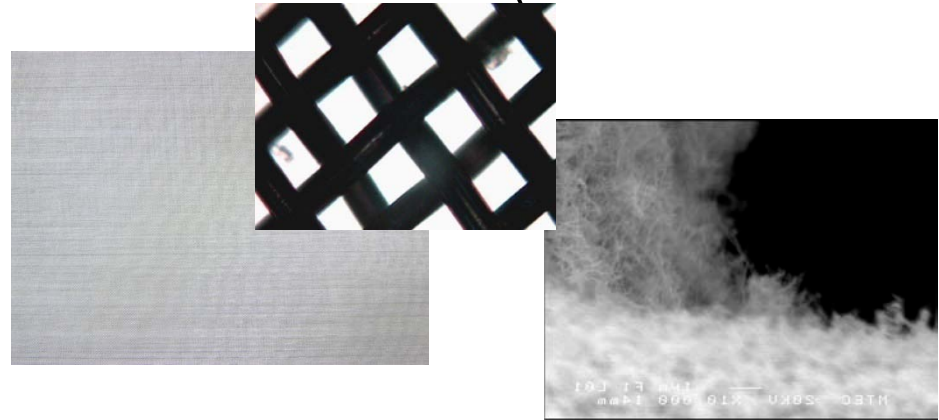
Stainless Steel Porous Metal
(Pore size: 40 μ m)



Polyester Scrim-woven



Stainless Steel Screen (Mesh size: 150 x 150 μ m)



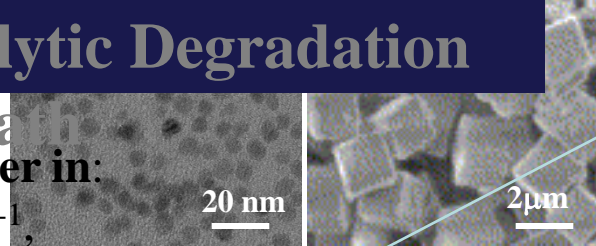
Photocatalysis

Designer Photocatalyst

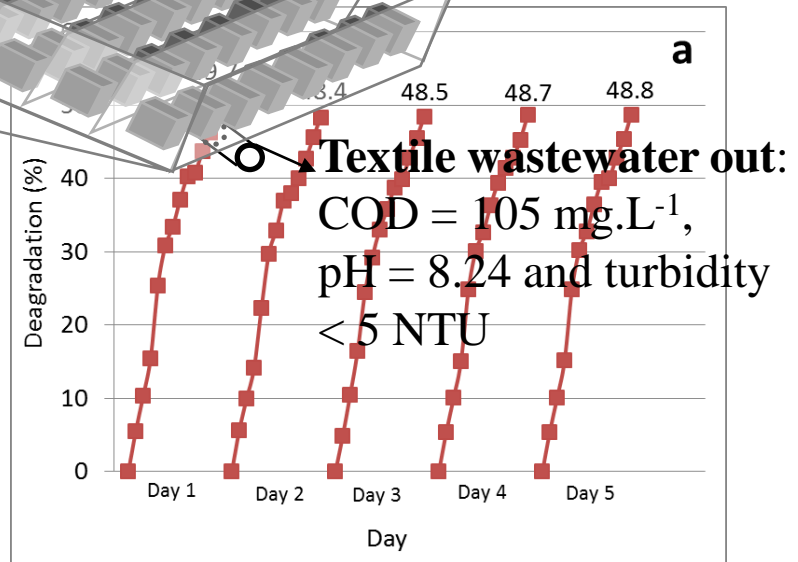
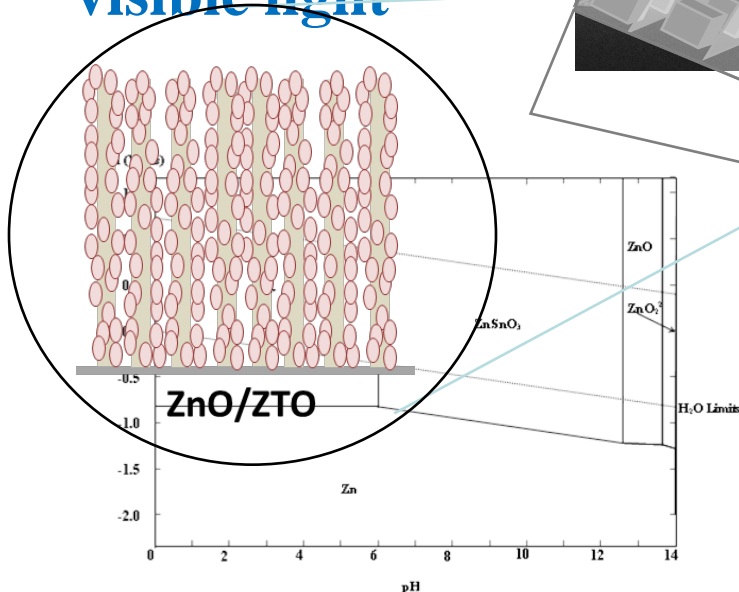
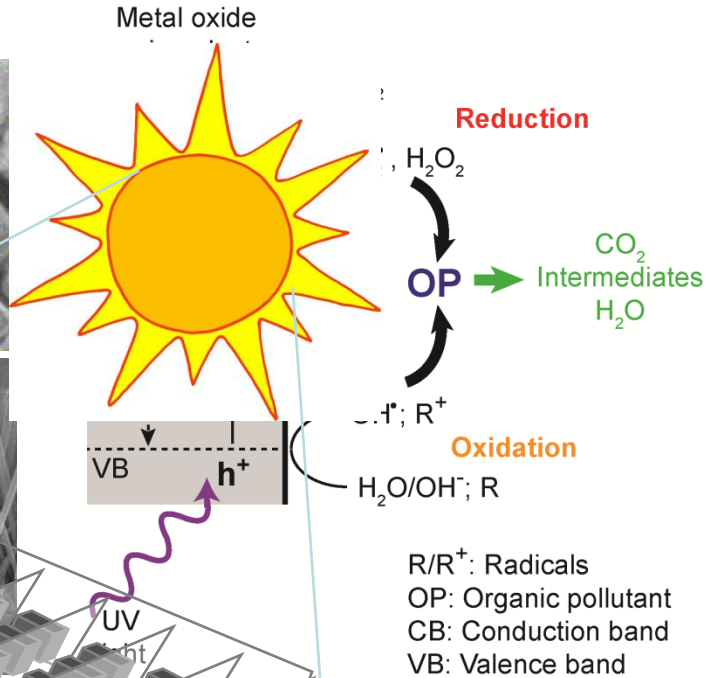
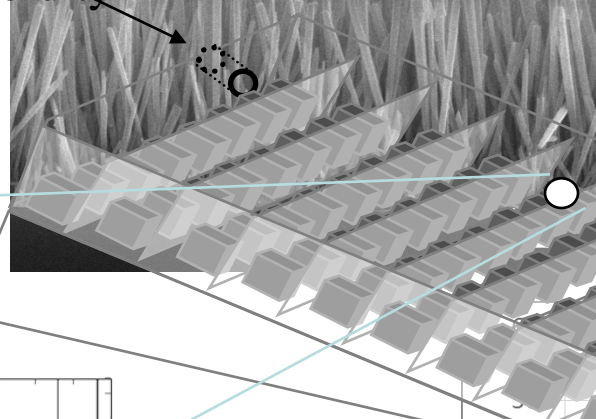
- ✓ **Solar Photocatalytic Degradation**
- ✓ **Active against** **Basic organic pollutants, microplastics**
- ✓ **Active under visible light**

Textile wastewater in:
 COD = 465 mg.L⁻¹,
 pH = 8.37 and turbidity = 60 NTU

ZnO Nanoparticles ZnSnO₃ Cubes



ZnO Nanorods



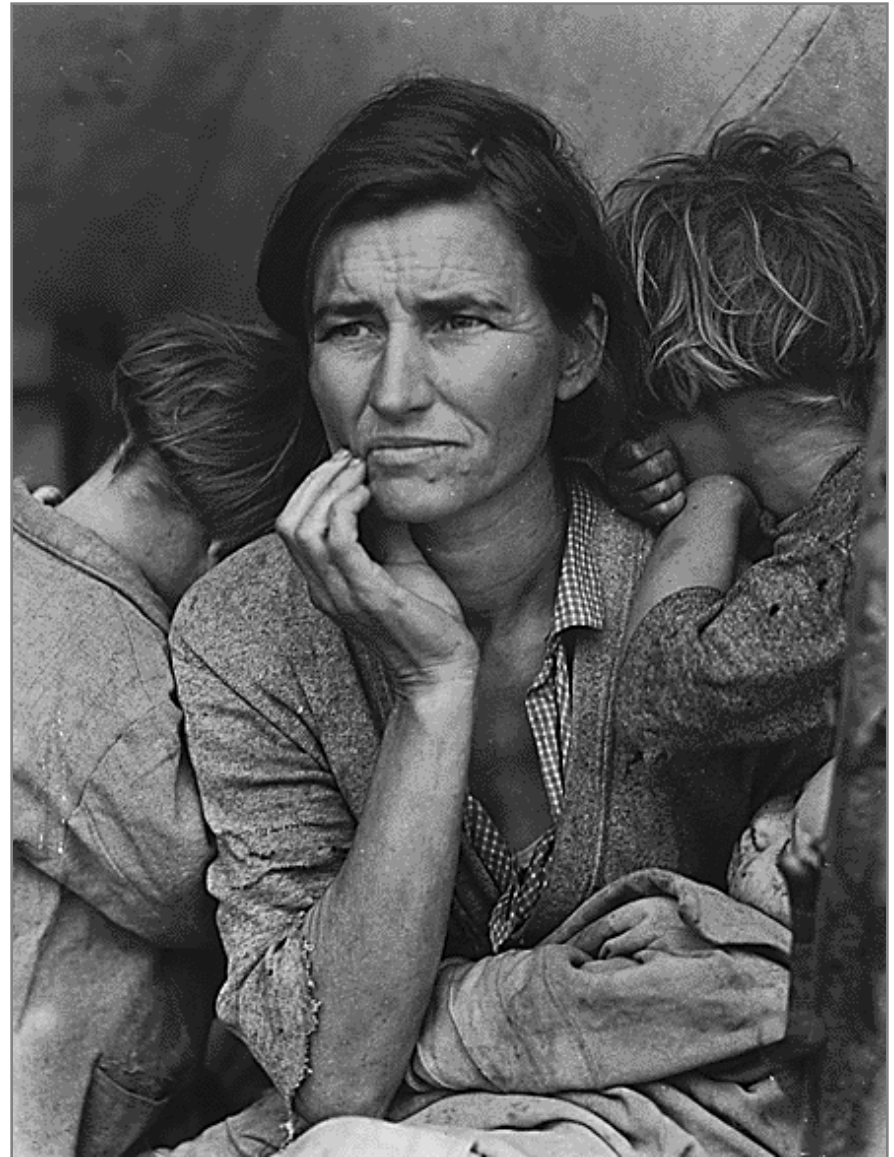
Microbes in water?

49

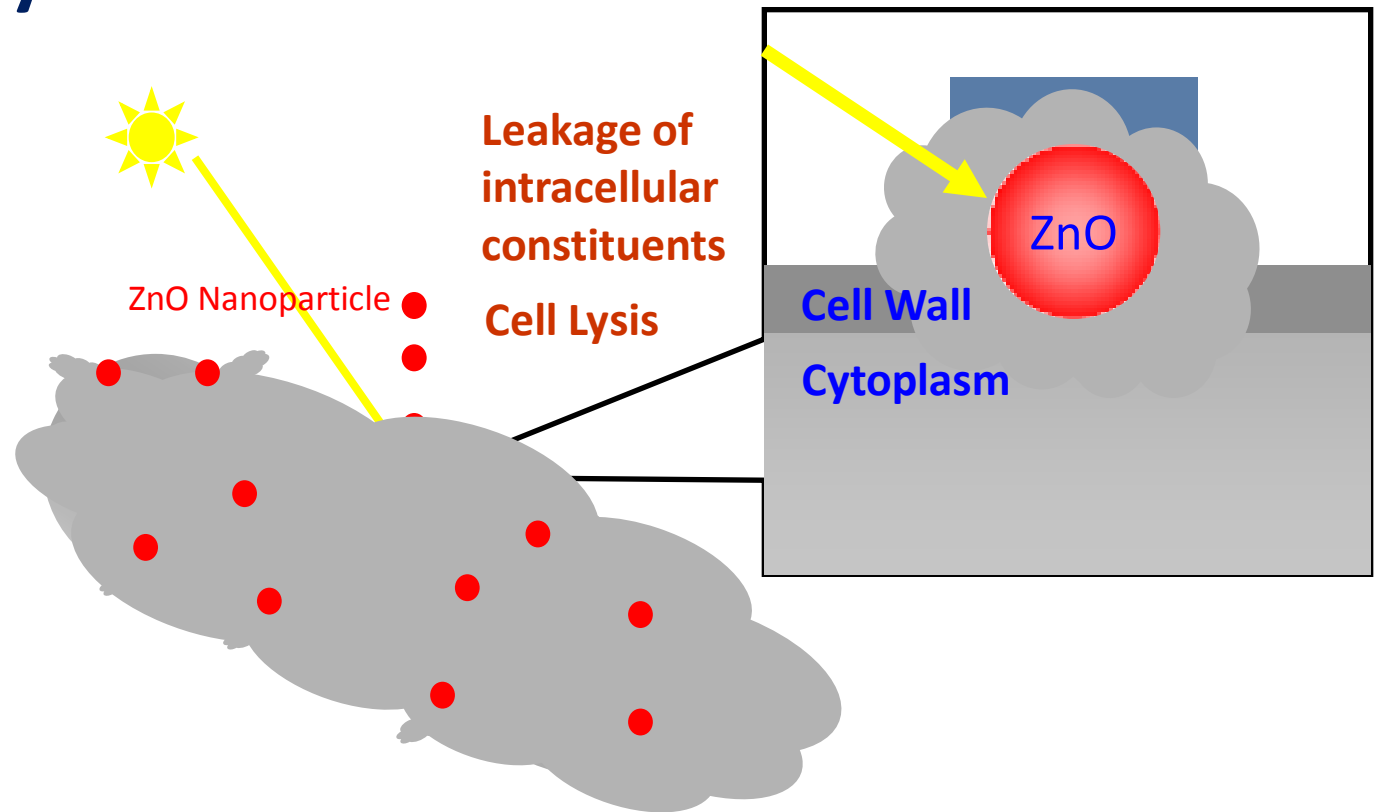
people

DIE

over **15 min** in the world
due to pathogen-contaminated water



Mechanism of Microbial Inactivation by Photocatalysis

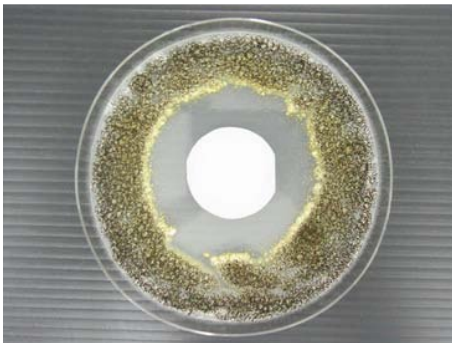
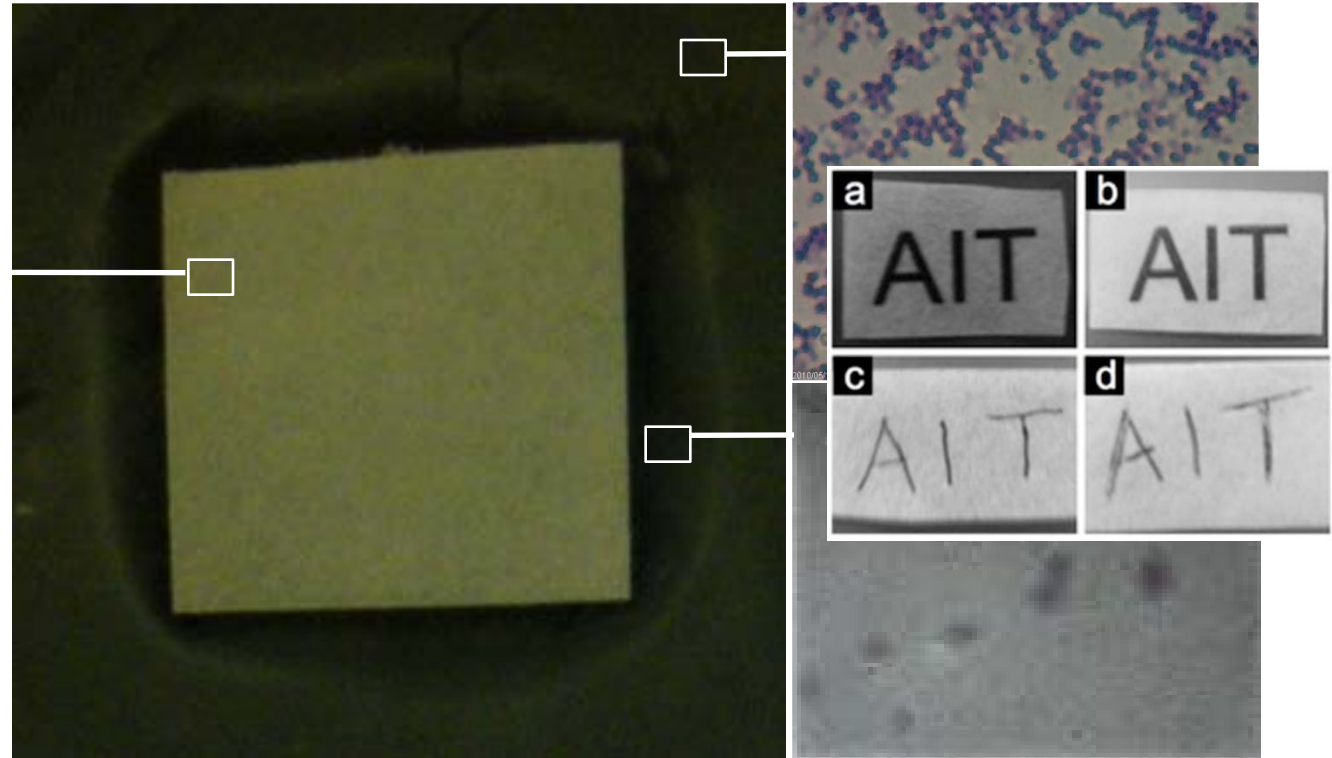
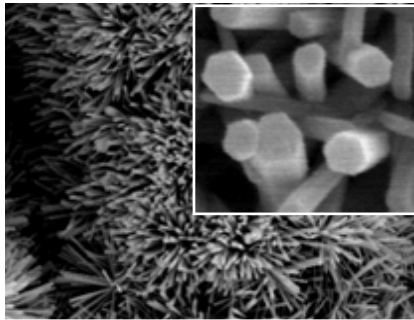


- Photocatalyst should be in contact with the cell surface for membrane damage to occur

Ajaya Sapkota, Alfredo J Anceno, Sunandan Baruah, Oleg V Shipin and Joydeep Dutta, Nanotechnology 22 (2011) 215703 (7pp)

S Baruah, M Jaisai, J Dutta, Catal. Sci. Technol. 2 (2012), 918-921

Photocatalytic paper: ZnO nanorods on cellulose supports



Baruah, S, Jaisai, M, Imani, R, Nazhad, M M and Dutta, J (2010) *Science and Technology of Advanced Materials* **11** 055002

R. Imani, M. Talaiepour, J. Dutta, M. R. Ghobadinezhad, A. H. Hemmasi and M. M. Nazhad, *BioResources* **6** (2011) 891-900

M Jaisai, S Baruah, J Dutta, *Beilstein Journal of Nanotechnology* **3** (2012), 684-691

ZnO nanorods based water purifier

The vision:



Mohammed Abbas Mahmood, Sunandan Baruah, Anil Kumar Anal and Joydeep Dutta
Environmental Chemistry for a Sustainable World Vol. 2: Remediation of Air and Water Pollution,
Eds. Eric Lichtfouse, Jan Schwarzbauer and Didier Robert (2012), Springer, ISBN 978-94-007-2438-9

MA Mahmood, S Baruah, AK Anal, J Dutta, Environmental Chemistry Letters 10 (2012), 145-151
S Baruah, M Jaisai, J Dutta, Catal. Sci. Technol. 2 (2012), 918-921

Impact of biofouling

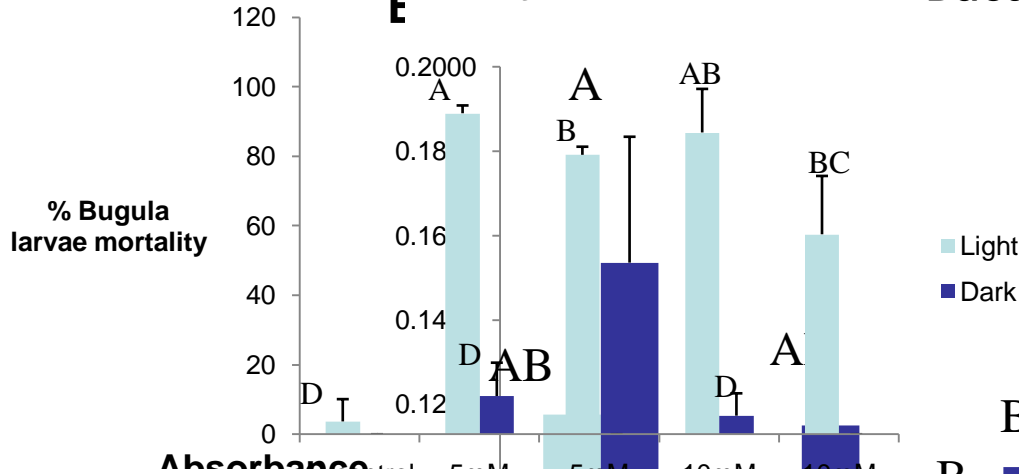
- **Ships / submarines:** increase fuel consumption and corrosion
- **Membranes and pipes:** blockage
- **Floating equipment:** decrease buoyancy
- Destroy **fishnets** and cages
- **Sonar equipment:** create turbulence / barrier of acoustic transmission
- **Heat exchanges:** affect quality and performance



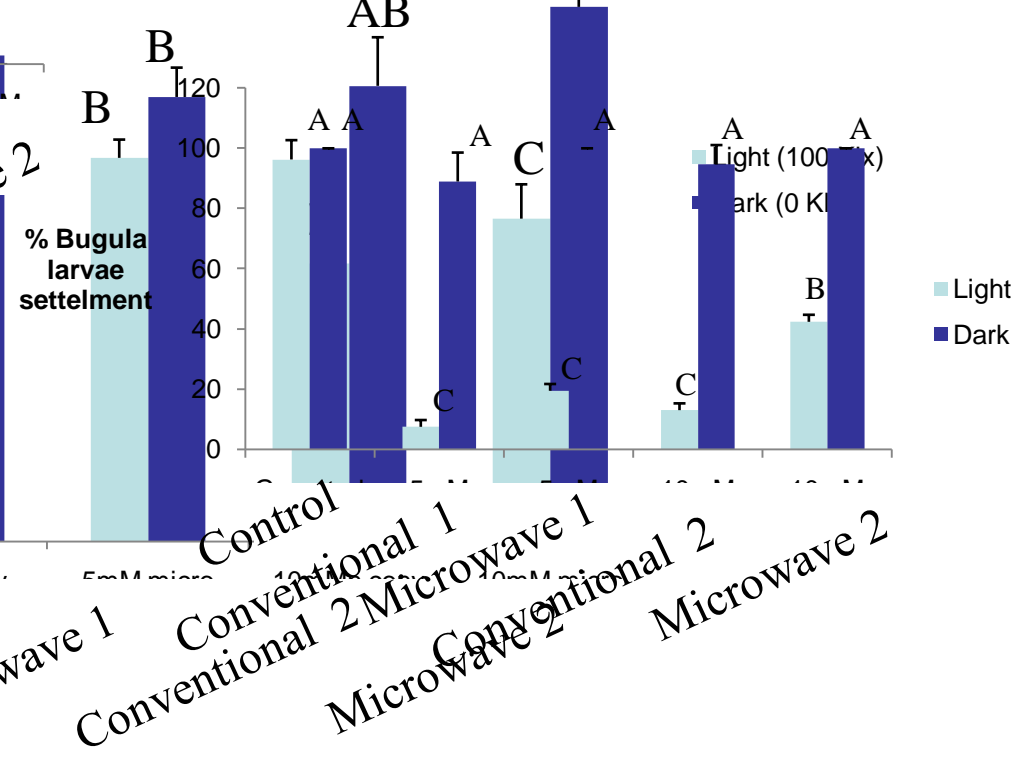
Anti-larval assay

Bacterial density

% Mortality after 5 hours (50 Klx)



% Settlement after 5 hours (50 Klx)



Dead larvae

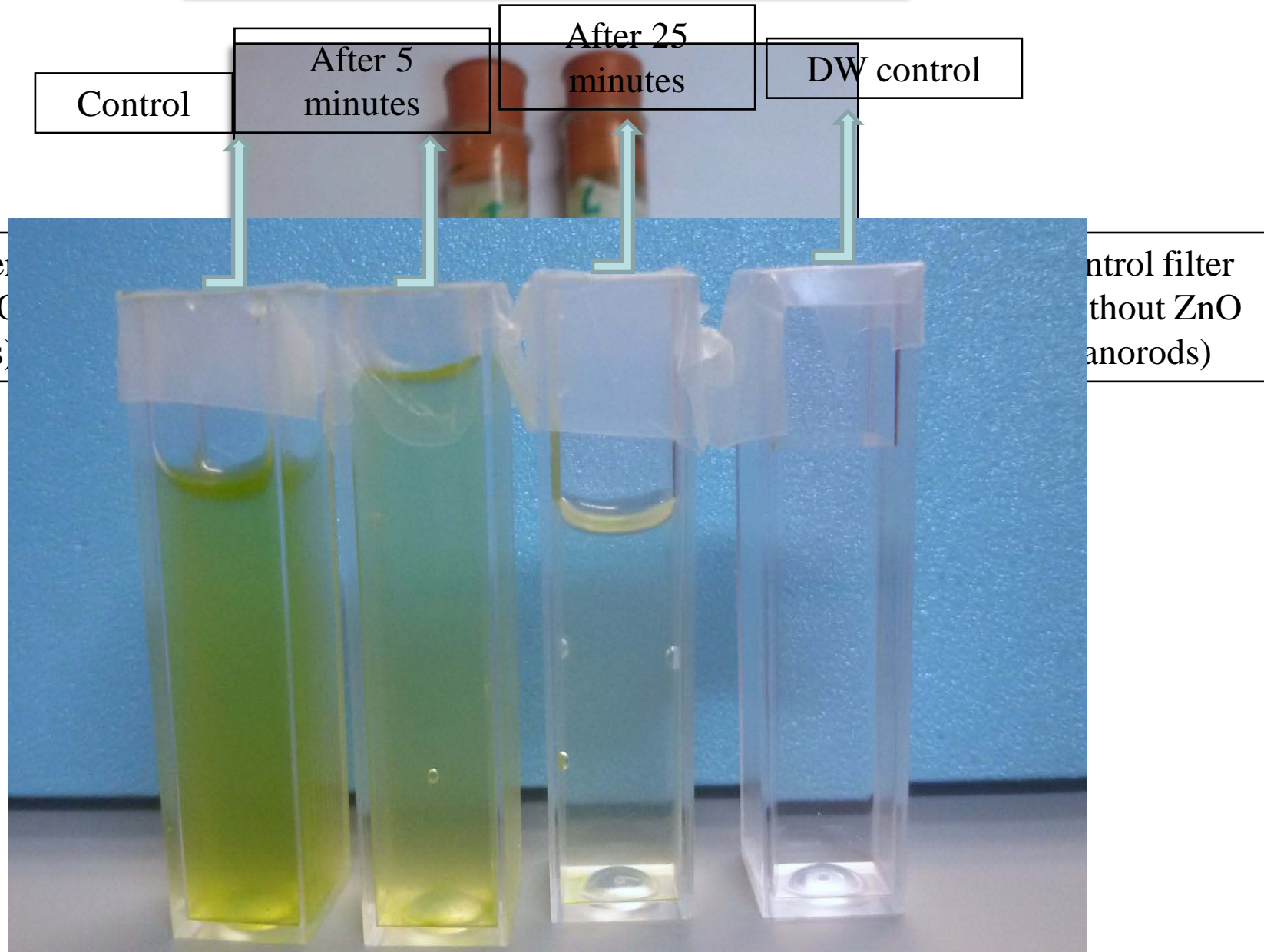


Settled larvae

Control
Conventional 1
Microwave 1
Conventional 2
Microwave 2

Control
Conventional 1
Microwave 1
Conventional 2
Microwave 2

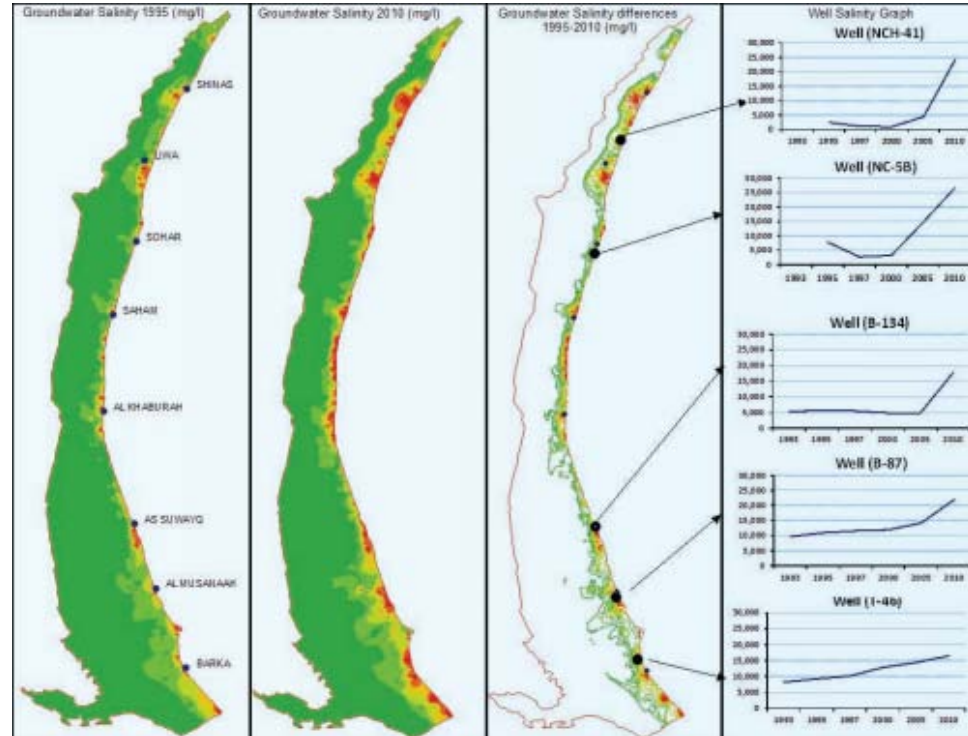
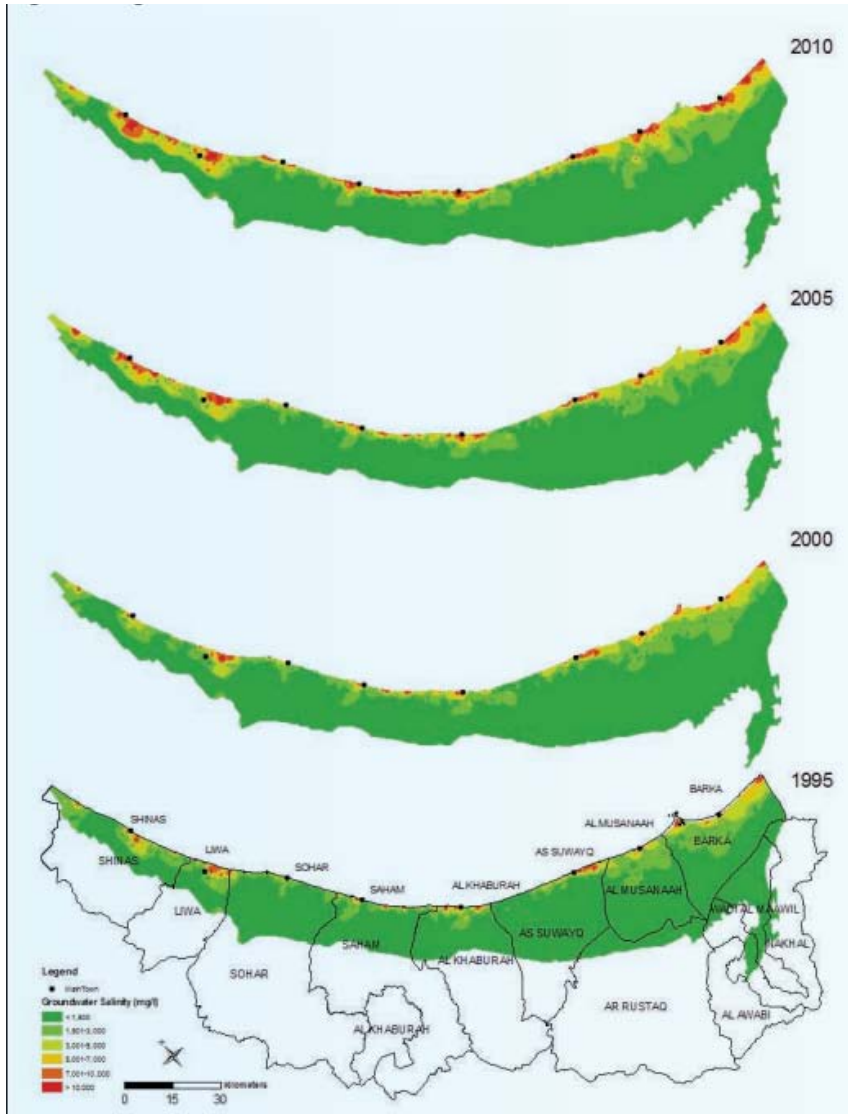
Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs)



Test filter
(With ZnO
nanorods)

Control filter
(without ZnO
nanorods)

Saline water seepage



Source: GWI desaldata

Capacitive De-ionization



Discharge → electro desorption



Charge → electro sorption

Outlet

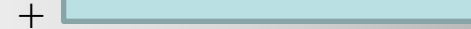


Inlet



Saline water

Outlet



Inlet

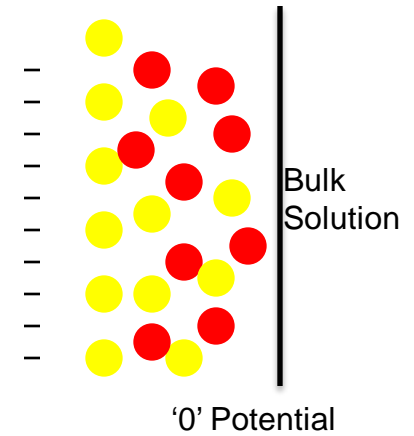
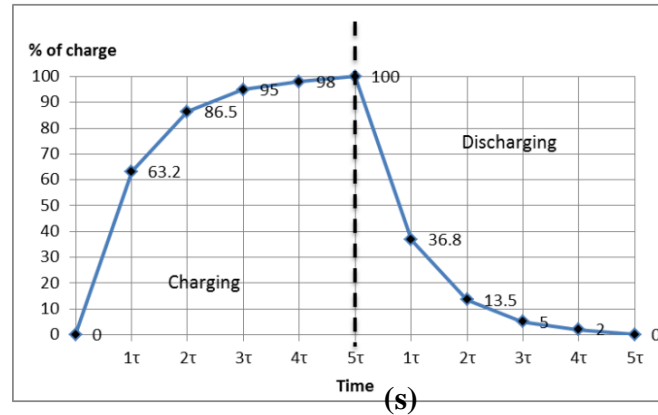
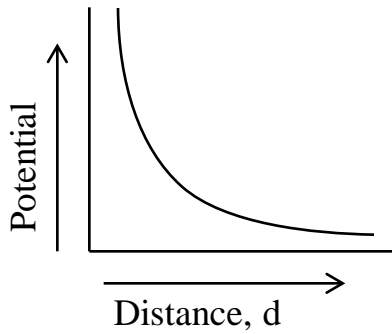


Saline water

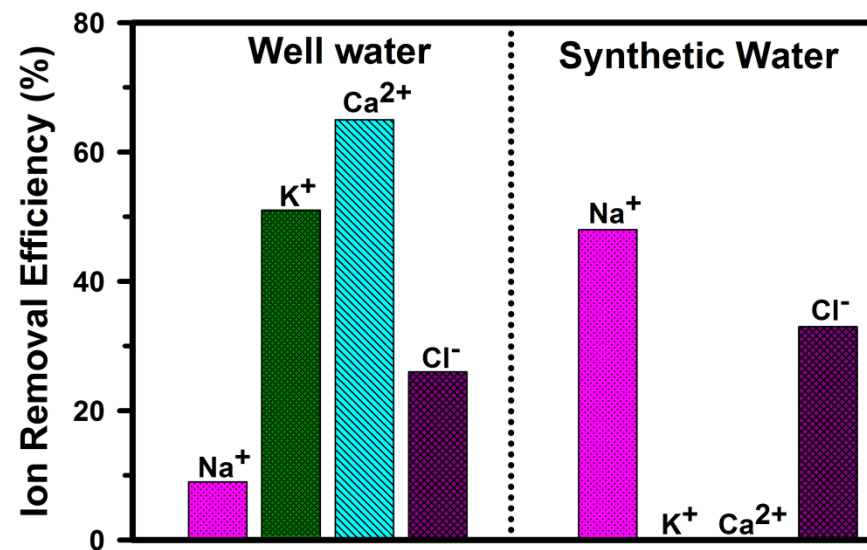
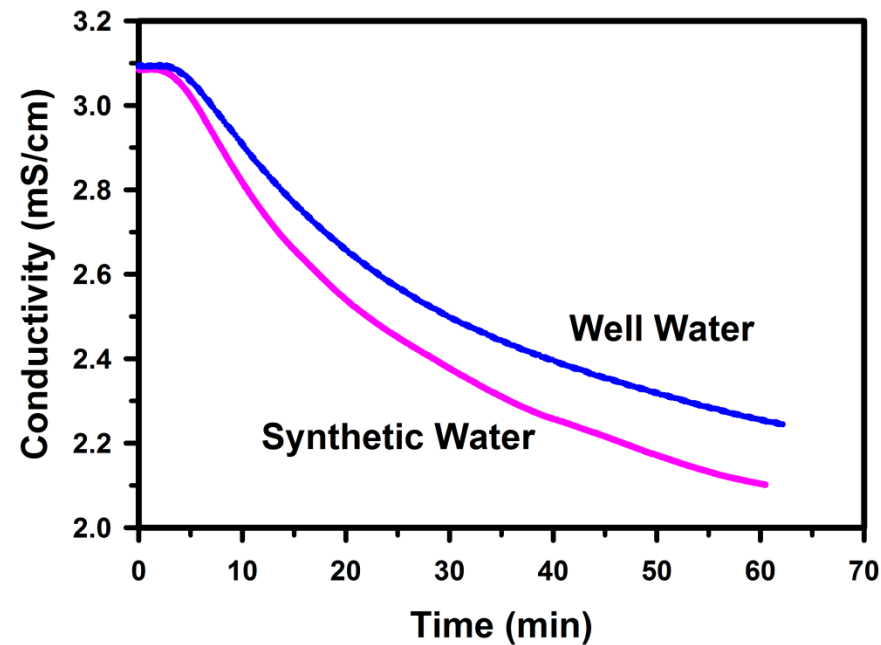
Brine water



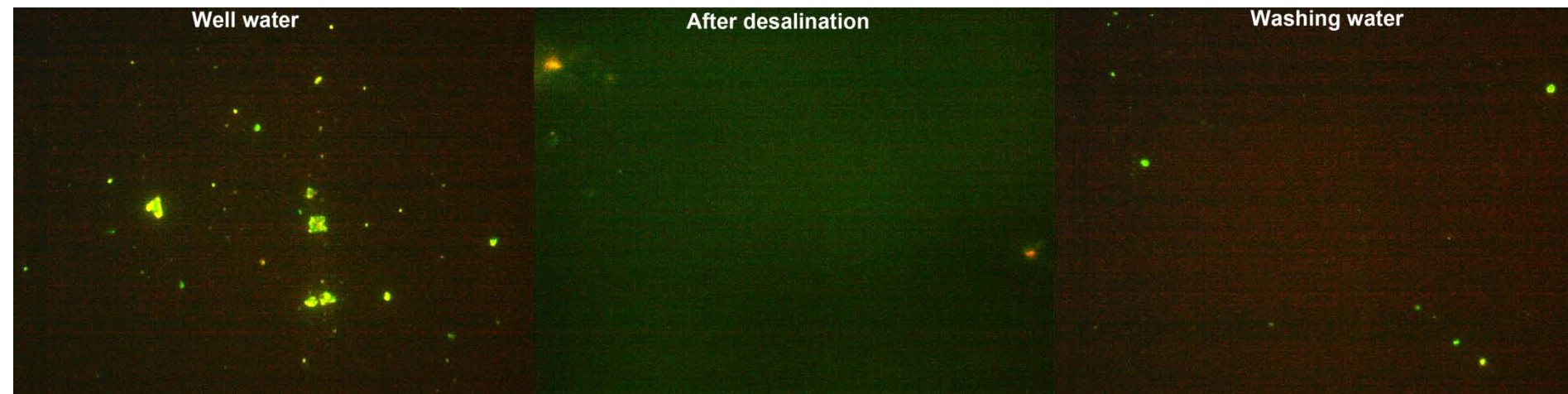
$$\text{Capacitance, } C = \frac{\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 A}{d}$$



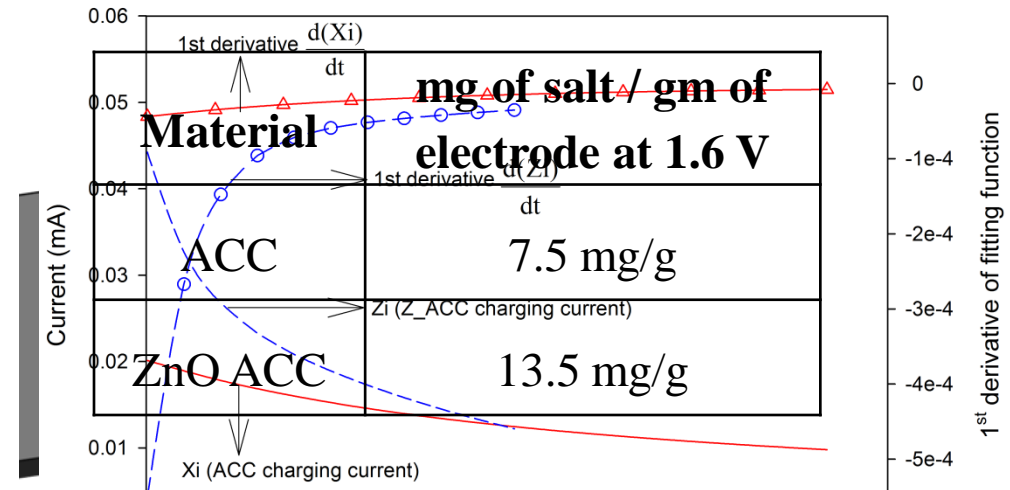
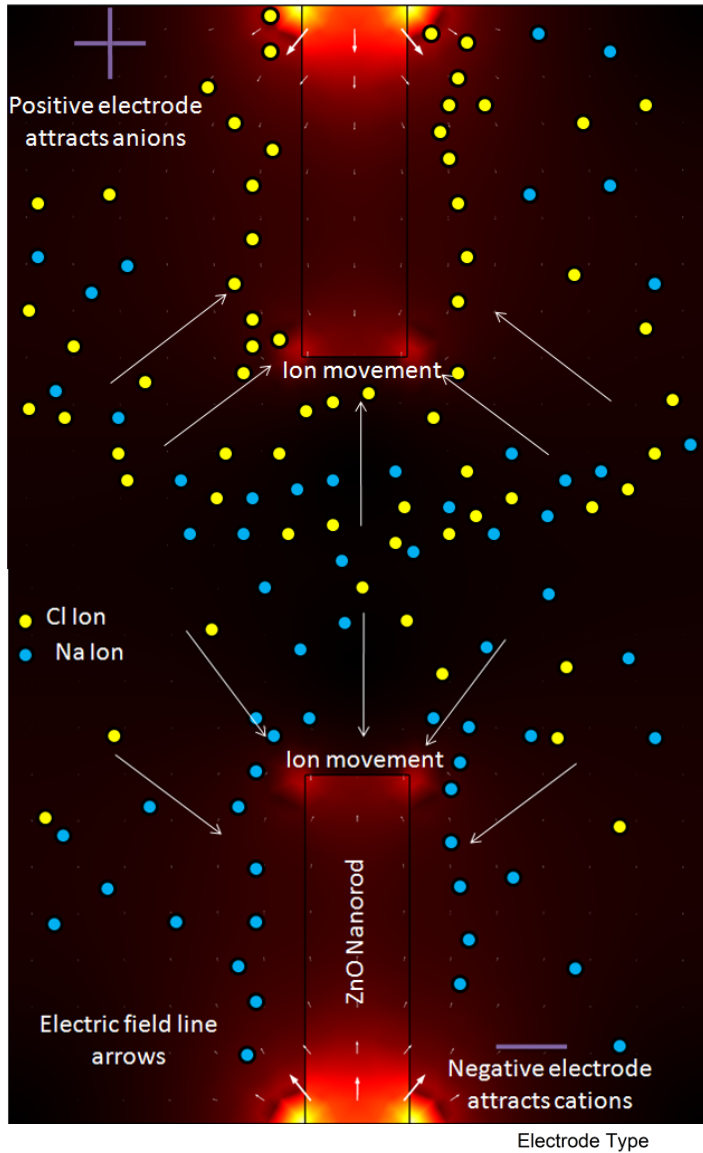
Al Musannah well water desalination



Disinfection Properties

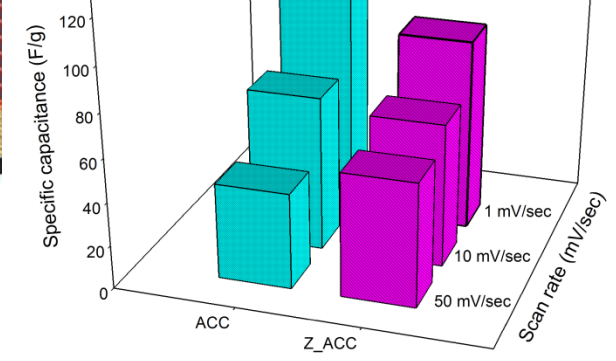


Desalination Results

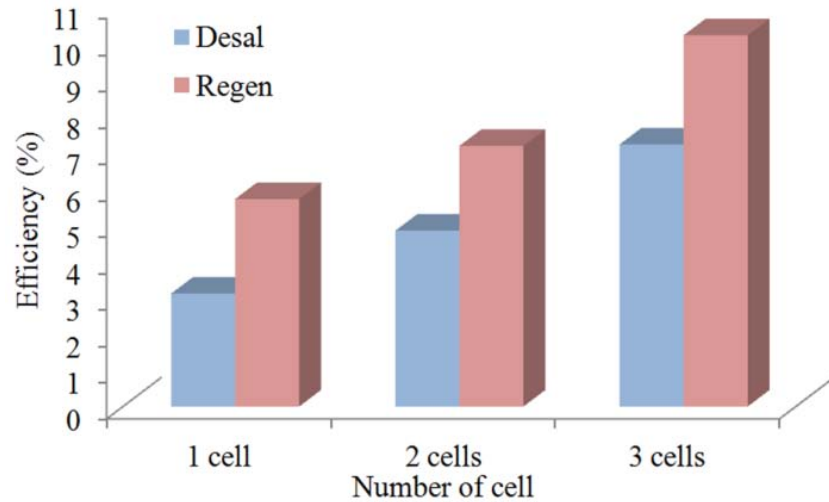
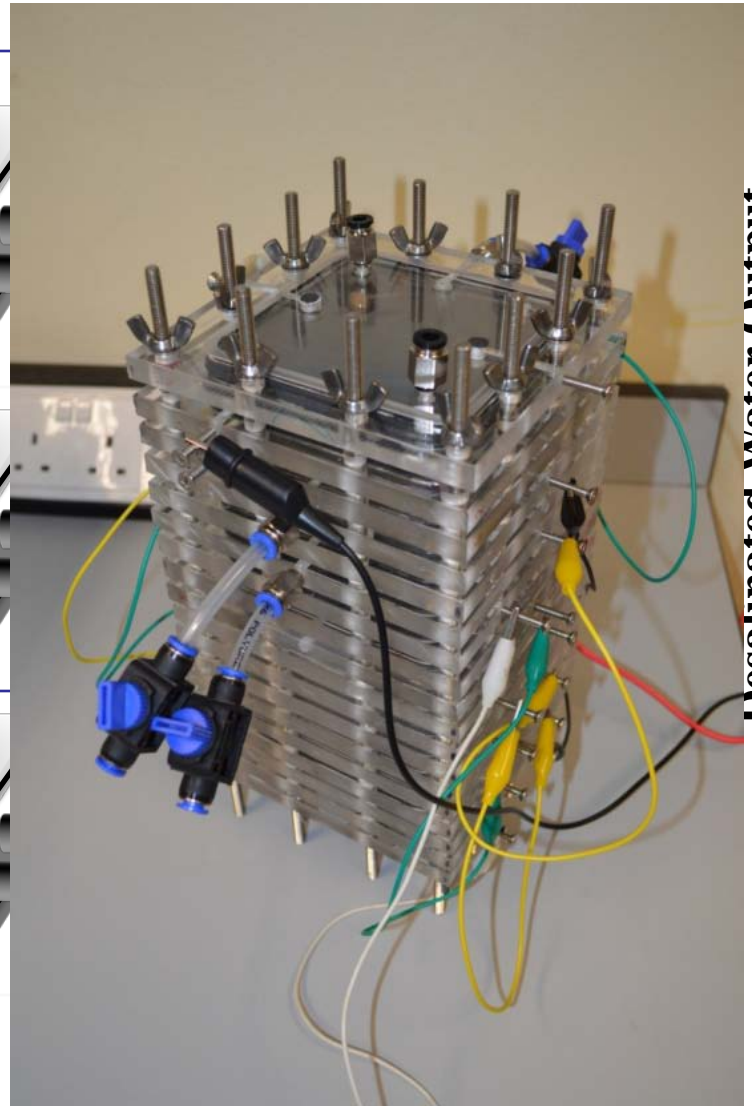
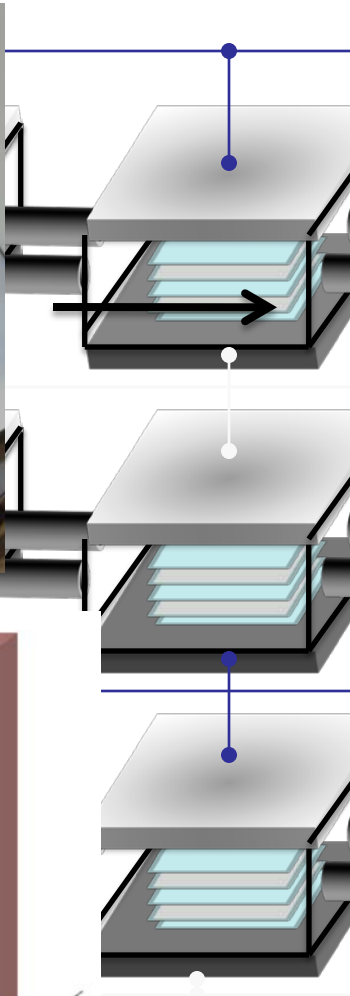
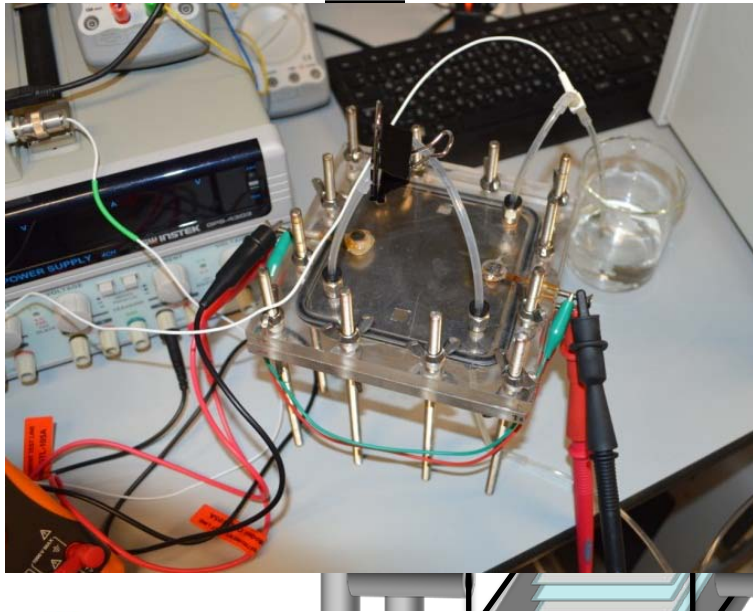


% Desalination for different concentrations of NaCl (mM)

Electrode Material	2 mM	17 mM	50 mM	100 mM
ACC	39%	28%	11%	5%
Z_ACC	53%	43%	16%	9%



Desalination performance enhancement

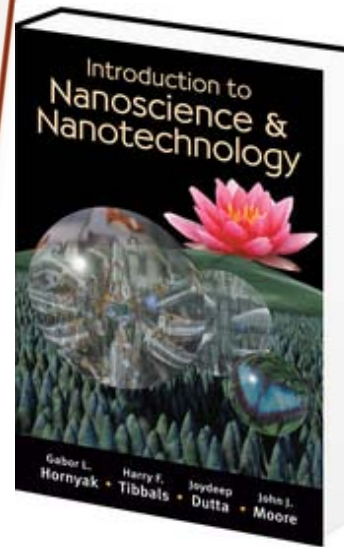
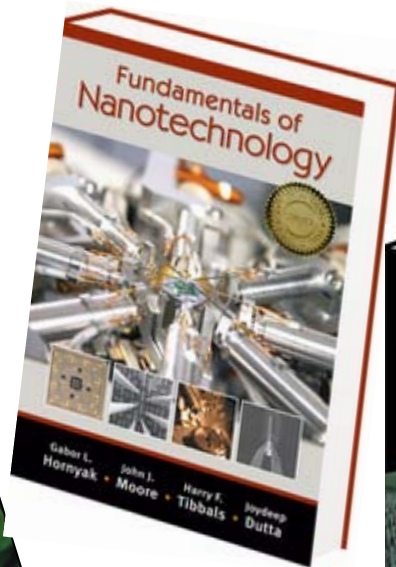


Desalinated Water Output

Thank You

Nanotechnology is the Future

- be a part of
the revolution



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