

National Education Policy 2020 (NEP 2020)

A REPORT ON THE CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR FOUR-YEAR UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAM AND MASTER PROGRAM IN UNIVERSITES OF KARNATAKA STATE UNDER NEP-2020 IN ECONOMICS

Submitted to

KARNATAKA STATE HIGHER EDUCATION COUNCIL 30, Prasanna Kumar Block, Bengaluru City University Campus, Y Ramachandra Road, Gandhinagara, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560009

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PREAMBLE

Education empowers Mankind. A holistic education paradigm will effectively focus on developing knowledge, employable skill sets, appropriate attitudes and an overall personality. NEP is focused towards imparting such an education system.

India's first education policy of the 21st century is 'National Education Policy 2020' proposes the revision and revamping of all aspects of the education structure, including its regulation and governance. It seeks to create a new system that is aligned with the developmental aspirations & goals of 21st century education, including SDG4, while building upon India's traditions and value systems.

NEP aims for India to have an education system by 2040 that is second to none, with equitable access to the highest-quality education for all learners regardless of social or economic background and seeks to *"ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all" by 2030*. *"*

Vision of the National Education Policy 2020

- ✓ An education system that contributes to an equitable and vibrant knowledge society, by providing high-quality education to all.
- ✓ Develops a deep sense of respect towards the fundamental rights, duties and Constitutional values, bonding with one's country, and a conscious awareness of one's role and responsibilities in a changing world.
- ✓ Instils skills, values, and dispositions that support responsible commitment to human rights, sustainable development and living, and global well-being, thereby reflecting a truly global citizen.

As India is enjoying the demographic dividend, which will last till 2055 and to reap the benefits, a good education policy was the need of the hour. Hence there is lot of hopes on the NEP, which has come as cure the edu-ailments and to plug the shortcomings of the education system which marred for 36 years and strengthen our education system. Expectations on NEP is high. As every good policy success lies in the implementation and active participation of its stake holders, so is the NEP. The success or failure of NEP lies in all our hands. Hence Let all of us join our hands in making the NEP successful.

As enshrined in the National Education Policy-2020 vision of introducing course curriculum for undergraduate studies under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS), the main objective of framing this curriculum of BA/B.Sc. (Basic/Hons) in Economics is to impart the students a holistic understanding of the subject giving substantial weightage to the core contents, skill, value-based and ability enhancement. The syllabus has given due importance on the main streams of the body of knowledge on Economics" with due recognition of its wide spectrum. The ultimate goal of the syllabus is to enable the students to have an indepth knowledge on the subject and enhance their scope of employment at every level of exit. Adequate emphasis has been given on the new and emerging techniques and understanding of the subject under the changing regime and global context.

There is a need to strengthen the students to understand essential aspects of economics in diverse subject areas not only in social sciences, but also among other natural and physical sciences. The curriculum lays focus on creating new knowledge, acquiring new skills and capabilities in Economics producing an intelligent human resource serving the Economy and society

Sl.no	Name & Organization	Designation
1.	Dr. B.P. Veerabhadrappa Vice-Chancellor, Kuvempu University, Shankaraghatta	Chairperson
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3.	Dr. D.V. Gopalappa Professor, University of Mysore, Mysuru	Member
4.	Dr. S.T. Bagalkoti Professor, Karnatak University, Dharwad	Member
5.	Dr. S. R. Keshava Professor, Bangalore University, Bengaluru.	Member
6.	Dr. Viswanatha Professor, Mangalore University, Konaje	Member
7.	Dr. Dasharath Naik Professor, Gulbarga University, Kalaburgi.	Member
8.	Dr. Jayasheela Professor, Tumkur University, Tumakuru.	Member
9.	Dr. D.N. Patil Professor, Rani Channamma University, Belagavi	Member
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18.	Dr. Prasanna Pandhari GFGC, Rajnagar, Hubballi	Member
19.	Dr. Tejaswini B. Yakkundimath Special Officer, Karnataka State Higher Education Council	Member Convener

PREFACE

The course curriculum for undergraduate studies under choice-based credit system (CBCS) for BA/B.Sc. in Economics (Basic/Hons) is framed in this document. As a first step the first and second semester Syllabus and the entire course structure is prepared in this document. This exercise was undertaken as part of the nationwide curriculum restructuring initiative by the National Educational Policy-2020. Many online and offline meetings both formal and informal meetings were held by the committee taking the inputs from number of colleagues from the universities and colleges, who helped with crucial inputs as to the content of the course. This curriculum is a fresh exercise, but also represents a continuous effort of deliberations with various stake holders.

A graduate is the one who acquires skills of identifying a problem and factors responsible for the problem; acquires and appreciates problem solving skills; logically employs problem solving tools, spatially and temporally; identifies timely needs of the community and contributes to them; takes the community together creating an equitable ecosystem; works towards creating employment opportunities and work domains for different skill sets and knowledge disciplines; blends with various social and economic situations making life happier for the self and of the communities; envisages and employs various attitudes and skill sets for the betterment of the Nation, blending local and regional variations and utilises them to benefit the economy.

Economics is a domain which seamlessly connects the sciences with day-to-day economic demands of the people and policy making issues of the Government. Proposing and developing a curriculum for the subject of Economics is unique in many ways. Hence, a competent subject expert committee was constituted by Karnataka State Higher Education Council, Government of Karnataka. The assigned task of this committee was to design a model curriculum structure and syllabus for both under graduate and post graduate programmes of Economics.

Due efforts are taken to incorporate subject matter that seeks to create students with the ability of the problem-solving critical thinking, analytical thinking, model building, doing estimations, team work and collaboration etc. It is hoped that a student after a rigorous training in the BA/B.Sc. Economics (Hons) degree will have host of employment opportunities and will be an asset to the nation.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Chairman and Members of the NEP 2020 Curriculum Development Committee in Economics are grateful to Dr. C.N. Ashwathanarayan, Hon'ble Minister for Higher Education, Science and Technology, IT and BT, Skill Development, Government of Karnataka for offering an opportunity to deliberate such vital issue of state importance in the area of Economics and to develop model curriculum.

The Chairman and the Members of the Curriculum Committee are also thankful to Prof. B.Thimme Gowda, Chairman, Task Force Sub-Committee on Curricular Reforms in Higher Education, Vice Chairman, KSHEC, Prof. Gopalakrishna Joshi, Executive Director, KSHEC and the office of KSHEC, Bangalore for their support during the preparation and development of New Curriculum Framework.

The Chairman and the Members of the Curriculum Committee are also thankful to the BOS Chairpersons and members of all the state Universities and all the stake holders who gave their valuable inputs during the preparation of the model structure of the syllabus and model syllabus.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Economics is the study to understand the ways to make accurate choices. By studying economics one can make the efficient choices in managing scarce resources such as money and time. It is not only helpful to increase the standard of living of the individual and their households and also in the policy decisions for the economic development of the Nation. Overall, the objective of Economics is to improve well-being of Indians and thereby developing Indian Economy, since it serves as a centre for developing ideas and innovations.

The economic graduates will be trained to make the best choices among these seemingly infinite possibilities. These rigoursly trained economists will play a vital role in the Economic Development of the nation.

The implementation of NEP 2020 has given the great opportunity to make the structure and syllabus of Economics more dynamic and rigorous. Hence the Curriculum committee in Economics has prepared the model structure and syllabus for the first two semesters as the first step towards it.

The committee though has taken the confidence and suggestions of the BOS chairpersons of all the state Universitas, it is reiterated that the complete autonomy to the respective BOS of the Universities/Institutes remains intact even as per HEC. The committee has identified different category of courses to be studied by the Economics Students namely Discipline Specific Core Course (DSCC), Ability Enhancement Courses (AECC), Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC), GE (Generic Electives), Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) etc., by keeping wide choices by considering the present context.

The members of the committee strongly felt that rigorous training, continuous assessment is the key to improve the quality of the economics students and the fellow fraternity members should leave no stone unturned to ensure it in total.

Introduction

Economics is a popular and much sought-after course owing to its policy relevance and application to business as well as real life situations. However, in the conventional graduate programmes, Economics education was more class-room based with very less practical orientation. Further, with changing technology, emergence of newer issues like uncertainty, pandemics, climate change and business data analytics; the skill requirements are changing. New business models demand newer skills to successfully manage the change. Therefore, keeping in mind the aspirations of the NEP, the emerging skill matrix and the progression of the student at various levels, the Curriculum Committee of Economics finalized the following programme structure to be taught for BA/B.Sc. (Basic and Honors).

Program Outcome

The four-year Bachelor of Arts and Science (B.A./ B.Sc Basic/Honors) in Economics programme and MA/MSc in economics is designed with option for multiple entry and exit. The students will be taught theory as well as the practical aspects of Economic Science. They would begin with fundamental concepts and then as they progress to higher semesters they would be introduced to more sophisticated and intricate concepts.

The main focus would be on conceptual clarity and practical usage of the knowledge gained. To make the students to 'think like an economist' is the main motto of the curriculum. They will also be exposed to quantitative approaches and tools to understand the economic relationships and also to analyse the data for framing as well as evaluating socio-economic policies. With varied electives and approaches to study socio-economic problems and policies, the graduates will be prepared to review and evaluate policies. The whole process aims at making them more inquisitive about the economic phenomena. After graduation, the students can apply their knowledge, skills and competencies across a broad range of occupations. They enjoy a rewarding career in academic, business, corporate, science, health care, government, or any field that uses the information to answer critical questions and inform decision-making.

Learning Objectives

The Graduates will demonstrate:

- ✓ Knowledge of the principles, methodologies, value systems, and thought processes employed in understanding economic behaviour of human beings;
- ✓ Ability to solve problems in microeconomics and macroeconomics;

- Understanding of contemporary economic issues and the impact of public and social policies to resolve them;
- ✓ Understanding of markets and how they function;
- Ability to identify, formulate and solve problems related to global, national and local socio-economic development.
- ✓ Ability to design and conduct Social and Behavioural experiments;
- ✓ Ability to design Questionnaires and other Survey tools.
- ✓ Ability to structure and analyse economic data with statistical tools, software and equipment;
- \checkmark Ability to critically evaluate academic and policy research in economics;
- ✓ Ability to visualize and work on multidisciplinary tasks;
- ✓ knowledge of professional and ethical responsibilities;
- \checkmark Ability to communicate effectively in both verbal and written form;
- ✓ Confidence for self-education and ability for life-long learning.
- Participation and success in competitive examinations like UPSC/KPSC Civil Services, Indian Economic Services etc.;
- ✓ Ability to prepare and understand simple financial statements

Program Outcomes

The Programme outcomes (POs) are expected to be as under:

- Students will be able to understand economic vocabulary, methodologies, tools and analysis procedures.
- Students will be familiar with the knowledge and application of micro economics for the formulation of policies and planning.
- Students will learn to apply economic theories and concepts to contemporary social issues, as well as analysis of policies.
- Students will be able to understand the impact of government policies and will be able to assess the consequences of the policies on the parties involved.
- As the programme along with economics contains like statistics, mathematics, it enhances them to compute and assess the real situation of the economy including the size and changes of population, income pattern, and rate of development with pattern of savings and investments and social security measures adopted in the country.
 - > Understand the basics of Quantitative techniques their applications

- > Critically evaluate the ongoing economic developments in India and abroad
- Understand research methods in economics
- Student develops an awareness of career choices and the option for higher studies.

NEED FOR CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

As per the NEP 2020 initiatives, it is intended to formulate Curriculum to eliminate the disparities among the students studying in different Universities/Institutes. The need for the curriculum development in Economics emerges due to the following reasons

- Changing Economic Scenario; The Indian Economy is witnessing a radical amount of the changes in the economic polices since the introduction of the New Economic policy in 1991, followed by second and third generation reforms. India is not only inviting the FDI but at the same time also promoting Atmanirbhar Abhiyaan (A Self-reliant India). Market economy has expanded creating new opportunities and hence a new economics curriculum is prepared which helps the student to utilize the emerging.
- 2. **Credit transfer:** Credit transfer is approved by the UGC and the Government that allows the allows students to transfer course from their existing university to a new UGC approved university. The same number of credits in all the Universities in Karnataka is the first step to towards the credit transfer from University to University.
- 3. **Different Syllabus for BA and BSC in Economics: All** these years the BA and BSC in Economics had the same syllabus and as a path breaking the committee has prepared the separate syllabus for BA and BSC in Economics which suits to the needs of the changing time.
- 4. Skill Enhancement: The new curriculum focuses more on hands on training, internship and thereby enhancing the skills of the students. The papers like data analytics etc further helps to develop the skills in the students.

PEDAGOGY

The goal of economics pedagogy is to awaken a student's critical consciousness and empower them with economic tools that helps them in taking the crucial decision which helps them with economic tools through which they can make the efficient choices in managing scarce resources such as resources, money and time.

- 1. **Importance to theory as well as application:** all these years economics curriculum was concentrating more on teaching theoretical aspects, but the new curriculum gives importance to application through many hands-on training, case studies, empirical studies etc.
- 2. Utilisation of ICT: in order to make the Critical and creative thinking among the students better the ICT tools will be used.it includes case studies of research-led teaching, via presentations, websites and other media
- 3. **Research-based and research-led teaching:** The theories will be explained with application. In order to give more hands-on training, the Projects and internships are introduced in the economics curriculum. The students will do the research project of their choice under the supervision of the research guide.
- 4. Exposure to maths and statistics: in today's world, economics is using more of statistics and mathematics in economic analysis. Hence the curriculum is designed in such a way which gives more exposure to maths and statistics training.
- 5. **Brain Storming Approach:** Students will be deliberately involved either in groups or as individuals to deliberately discuss the possible implications or solutions to the Indian economic problems. The teacher will guide the process and help the students to think in right perspective and direction. This will help the teachers understand the extent of the student understanding and take corrective steps, but also helps in student involvement in the curriculum.
- 6. **Prominence to Indian economic contribution and Indian examples;** The western economic theories was taught ignoring the contribution of Indian economists. The new curriculum also emphasis on the Indian economist contribution, their theories and application. The teachers may highlight the Indian economic contribution and Indian examples in the pedagogy.

Exit Options and Credit Requirements

A Certificate / Diploma/ Bachelor Degree or Bachelor Degree with Honours in Economics both in BA / B.Sc. in Economics is awarded at the completion of every progressive year.

Exit Option with	Certificate/ Diploma/ Degree/ Honors
Successful completion of First year (two semesters) of the	Certificate in Economics (Arts/
four years multidisciplinary undergraduate degree	Science)
programme.	
Successful completion of second year (four semesters) of	Diploma in Economics (Arts/
the four years multidisciplinary undergraduate degree	Science)
programme	
Successful completion of three year (six semesters) of the	Bachelor of Arts/Science
four years multidisciplinary undergraduate degree	Degree in Economics
programme	
Successful completion of four year (eight semesters) of	Bachelor of Arts/ Science
the four years multidisciplinary undergraduate degree	Degree with Honours in
programme	Economics
Successful completion of Five year (Ten semesters) of the	Master of Arts/ Science Degree
five years multidisciplinary degree programme	with Honours in Economics

A student will be allowed to enter/re-enter only after the odd semester and they can only exit after even semester. Re-entry at various as lateral academic programmes based on the above mentioned earned proficiency test records.

The validity of the eared credit will be for a maximum period year or as specified by the academic bank of credits (ABC).

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION AND SEMESTER END EXAMINATION

Total marks for each course shall be based on continuous assessments and term end examinations. As per the decision of the Karnataka State Higher Education Council, it is necessary to have uniform pattern of 30: 70 for CIA and Semester End examinations respectively, among all the Universities, their affiliated and autonomous colleges. The committee deliberated on the same and suggested the following pattern for the CIE Marks.

Sl.No.	Parameters for the Evaluation	Marks
	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)	
Α	Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	10 Marks
В	Internal Assessment Tests (IAT)	20 Marks
	Total of CIE (A+B)	30 Marks
С	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70 Marks
	Total of CIE and SEE (A + B + C)	100 Marks

Evaluation process of IA marks may be as follows:

- The first component (C1), of assessment is for 15 marks. This shall be based on test, assignment, seminar, case study, field work, project work etc. This assessment and score process should be completed after completing 50% of syllabus of the course/s and within the first half of the semester.
- The second component (C2), of assessment is for 15 marks. This shall be based on test, assignment, seminar, case study, field work, internship / industrial practicum / project work etc. This assessment and score process should be based on completion of the remaining 50 percent of syllabus of the courses of the semester.
- During the 17th 20th week of the semester, a semester end examination of 3 hours duration shall be conducted by the University for each course. This forms the third and final component of assessment (C3) and the maximum marks for the final component will be 70%.
- In case of a student who has failed to attend the C1 or C2 on a scheduled date, it shall be deemed that the student has dropped the test. However, in case of a student who could not take the test on scheduled date due to genuine reasons, such a candidate may appeal to the concerned teacher/ Program Coordinator / HOD and suitable decision taken accordingly.
- For assignments, tests, case study analysis etc., of C1 and C2, the students should bring their own answer scripts (of A4 size), graph sheets etc., required for such tests / assignments and these be stamped by the concerned department using their department seal at the time of conducting tests / assignment / work etc.

The outline for continuous assessment activities for Component-I (C1) and Component-II (C2) of a course shall be as under:

Activities	C1	C2	Total Marks
Session Test	10 marks	10 marks	20
Seminars etc.	05 marks		05
Case study / Assignment /		05 marks	05
Field work / Project work/			
Academic Economics Quiz/			
Review of the Book/ etc			
Total	15 marks	15marks	30

Outline for continuous assessment activities for C1 and C2

Suggestive Template for IAT

Internal Assessment Test

BA/B.Sc. and MA/MSc in Economics

Name of the Paper:

Course Code: Duration: 90 Minutes

Total Marks: 35

SECTION-A

Answer any two of the following questions. Questions for testing conceptual clarity) (5 X 2=10)

1.

2.

3.

SECTION-B

Answer any one of the following questions. (Questions for testing the knowledge of theories and application) (10X1= 10)
5.
6.

SECTION-C

Answer any one of the following questions. Questions for testing the critical ability of understanding) (15X1=15) 7.

8

Structure of BA/B.Sc., BA/B.Sc Honors and MA/M.Sc.

In

Economics

Acro	onyms Expanded
AECC	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course
DSCC	Discipline Specific Core Course
SEC/SB/VB	Skill Enhancement Course- Skill Based/Value Based
OEC	Open Elective Course
DSE	Discipline Specific Elective

B.A PROGRAM

Proposed Scheme of Teaching and Evaluation for B.A (Basic/Hons) with Economics as Major

Semester –I								
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C1	Basic Economics –I	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
2	Economics- C2	Contemporary Indian Economy	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
3	Open Electives- Economics	 Kautilya's Arthshastra Pre-reforms Indian Economy Development Studies 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
		Sub	- Total					09

Semester – II								
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C3	Basic Economics -II	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
2	Economics- C4	Karnataka Economy	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
3	Open Electives- Economics	 Contemporary Indian Economy Sustainable Development Economics of Business Environment 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
	Sub- Total							
		Exit option wit	h Certificate (48Credits)				

	Semester -III							
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C5	Micro Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
2	Economics- C6	Mathematical Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
3	Open Electives- Economics	 Rural Economics Economics of Insurance Economics of Human Development 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
			Sub- Total					09

Semester -1V								
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C7	Macro Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
2	Economics- C8	Statistics for Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
3	Open Electives- Economics	 Karnataka Economy Entrepreneurial Economics Economics and Law 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
F •			Sub- Total			A A		25

Exit option with Diploma (96 credits)/ Choose one Discipline as Major, the other as Minor

			Semester -V					
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Categor y of Courses	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SE E	CI E	Total Mark s	Credit s
1	Economics -C9	Public Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics -C10	Development Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics	 Agricultural Economics Industrial Economics Financial Economics (choose 1) 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics	Vocational Course – 1 1. Entrepreneurial Economics 2. Digital Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
		SI	ıb- Total					14

		Sem	ester -VI					
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C11	International Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics- C12	Indian Public Finance	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics	 Labour Economics Economics of Non-Farm Sector Tertiary Economics (Choose 1) 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics	Vocational Course – 2 1. Micro Entrepreneurses Development 2. Project Planning & Management (Choose 1)	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
		Sub- To	tal					14

Exit option with Bachelor of Arts, B.A/ Bachelor of Science, B.Sc. Basic Degree (136 credits}

		Seme	ster -VII					
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C13	Advanced Microeconomics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics- C14	Financial Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics C15	Econometrics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics	 Population Studies Urban Economics Economics of Infrastructure (Choose 1) 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5	Economics	 Economics of Governance Gender Economics Economics of Health & Education (Choose 1) 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
6	B.A 7. 6	Research Methodology for Economics	DSC	2+1+0				3
		Sub- Tot	al					20

		Sem	ester - VIII					
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C16	Economics and Data Analytics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics- C17	Behavioural Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics C18	Environmental Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics	 Institutional Economics International Finance Co-operative Economics 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5	B.A 8.5	Research Project	-					6
			Sub- Total					20

Award of Bachelor of Arts Honours, B.A. (Hons.)/ Bachelor of Science Honours, B.Sc. (Hons) Degree in Economics (176 credits)

Semester -IX										
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits		
1	Economics- C16	Economic Policy Analysis	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4		
2	Economics- C17	Experimental Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4		
3	Economics C18	Computer Applications in Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3		
4	Economics	 Economics and Law Global Economic Environment Managerial Economics 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3		
5	B.A 8.5	Internship	-					6		
		Sub- Total	l					20		

Semester - X										
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits		
1	Economics- C16	Game Theory and its Applications in Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4		
2	Economics- C17	Economics of Corporate Finance	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4		
3	Economics C18	International Finance	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3		
4	Economics	 Economics of Financial Statement Analysis Stock Market Analysis Economics of Information Communication and Technology 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3		
5	B.A 8.5	Research Project	-					6		
		Sub- Total						20		

Award of Master of Arts /Master of Science Degree in Economics (216 credits)

Note:

- 1. In lieu of the research project, two additional elective papers/ Internship may be offered.
- 2. One Hour of Lecture is equal to 1 Credit
- 3. Two Hours of Practical is equal to 1 Credit
- 4. One Hour of Tutorial is equal to 1 Credit (Except Languages)

Program Structure

Proposed Scheme of Teaching and Evaluation for B. Sc. with Economics as Core Subject

Discipline	Core:	Economics
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Total Credits:

		Sen	nester -I								
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits			
1											
2											
3	Economics- C1	Microeconomics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3			
4	Economics- C2	Mathematics for economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3			
5											
6											
7	O E 1	 Kautilya's Arthshastra Development Studies Managerial Economics 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3			
8											
		Sub- Total						9			

	Semester -11										
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits			
1											
2											
3	Economics- C3	Macroeconomics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3			
4	Economics- C4	Statistics for Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3			
5											
6											
7	O E 2	 4. Contemporary Indian Economy 5. Sustainable Development 6. Economics of Business Environment 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3			
8											
9											
		Sub- Total						9			

Exit option with Certificate (48 credit)

		Semes	ster -1II					
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1								
2								
3	Economics- C5	Factor pricing and Welfare Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics- C6	Basic Econometrics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5								
6								
7	O E 3	 Rural Economics Economics of Insurance Economics of Human Development 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
8								
		Sub- Total						9

		Seme	ster -1V					
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1								
2								
3	Economics- C7	Monetary Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics- C8	Time series Econometrics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5								
6								
7	OE 4	 4. Karnataka Economy 5. Entrepreneurial Economics 6. Economics and Law 	OEC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
8								
9								
		Sub- Total						9

Exit option with Diploma (96 credits)/ Choose any one Discipline as Major, the other as the Minor

		Semes	ster -V					
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C9	Public economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics- C10	International economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics DSE-1 (Choose-1)	 Environmental Economics Economics of Information Operations Research in Economics 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics DSC-1 (Choose-1)	Vocational Course – 1 1. Entrepreneurial Economics 2. Digital economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5								
6								
		Sub- Total						14

		Semest	er -VI					
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics-C11	Economics of Growth & Development	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics-C12	Indian Economy	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics DSE-2 (Choose-1)	 Experimental economics Game theory Economics of Artificial Intelligence 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics DSC-2 (Choose-1)	Vocational Course – 2 1. Micro Entrepreneur Development 2. Project Planning & Management	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5								
6								
		Sub- Total						14

Exit option with Bachelor of Science, B.Sc. Basic Degree (136 credits}

	Semester -VII							
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics-C13	Advanced Micro economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics-C14	Financial Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics C15	Computer application in economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics DSE-3 (Choose-1)	 Agricultural Economics Health Economics Monitory Economics 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5	Economics DSE-4 (Choose-1)	 Economics of Climate Change Financial Econometrics 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
6	Economics DSC-3	Research Methodology	DSC	2+1+0				3
		Sub- Total						20

	Semester -VIII							
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C16	Advanced Macroeconomics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics- C17	Economic and Business Analytics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics C18	Programming with R for Economists	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics DSE-5 (Choose-1)	 Industrial Economics Economics of Education Economics of Artificial Intelligence and Machine learning 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5	Economics DSC-4	Research Project	-					6
		Sub- Total						20
	Grand Tot	al (I to VIII) (Only Economi	cs)					104

Exit option with Bachelor of Science, B.Sc. Basic (Hons) Degree (176 credits}

		Ser	nester -IX					
Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics- C19	International Trade and Finance	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics- C20	Advanced Econometrics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics C21	Advanced Research Methodology	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics DSE-6 (Choose-1)	 Labour Economics International Finance Stock Market Analysis 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5	Economics DSC-5	Internships	DSC					6
		Sub- Total						20

	Semester -X							
Sl No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours /Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
1	Economics -C22	Contemporary Indian Economy	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
2	Economics -C23	Advanced Development Economics	DSC	4+0+0	70	30	100	4
3	Economics C18	Advanced Public Economics	DSC	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
4	Economics DSE-7 (Choose-1)	 Behavioral Economics Corporate Finance Big Data Analytics 	DSE	3+0+0	70	30	100	3
5	Economics DSC-7	Project Work	-					6
		Sub- Total						20
	Grand T	Total (I to X) (Only Economics)					146

Students who earn 216 credits will get M Sc. in Economics

Open Elective Papers
7. Kautilya's Arthshastra
8. Development Studies
9. Managerial Economics
7. Contemporary Indian Economy
8. Sustainable Development
9. Economics of Business Environment
7. Rural Economics
8. Economics of Insurance
9. Economics of Human Development
7. Karnataka Economy
8. Entrepreneurial Economics
9. Economics and Law

List of Open Electives

SYLLABUS FOR FIRST TWO SEMESTERS OF BA AND BA HONORS In ECONOMICS

BA (Hons) Economics Semester 1

DSC 1.2: Basic Economics – I (Economic Analysis -I) 3 credits Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Identify the facets of an economic problem.
- 2. Learn basic economic concepts and terms.
- 3. Explain the operation of a market system;
- 4. Analyse the production and cost relationships of a business firm;
- 5. Evaluate the pricing decisions under different market structures; and

6. Use basic cost-benefit calculations as a means of decision making (i.e., thinking like an economist)

Content of Basic Economics 1	42 Hrs
Unit – 1 Basic Concepts in Economics	14
Chapter No. 1 Nature and Scope of Economics	5
Meaning of Economics	
Nature of Economics	
Scope of Economics	
Methods of Economics	
Why Study Economics?	
Chapter No. 2 Thinking Like an Economist	
Thinking Like an Economist	
The Economist as Scientist	4
The Economist as Policy Adviser	4
Economic Policy	
Chapter No. 3 Economic System	
Types of Economic Activities	
Organisation of Economic Activities	5
Circular Flow of Economic Activities	5
• Evolution of the Present Economic Systems	
Practicum: 1. Group Discussions on Choice Problem	
2. Assignment on Types of Economic Systems	
Unit – 2 Demand, Supply and Markets	14
Chapter No. 4. Firms and Household	
Meaning of Firms and Household	4
Relationship Between Firms and Household	
Input Markets	
Output Markets	
Chapter No. 5. Demand and Supply	5
Individual Demand	
Market Demand	
Demand Determinants	
Supply and its Determinants	
Market Equilibrium	

Chapter No. 6. Elasticity and its Measurement	5				
Types of Elasticity of Demand					
Price, Income and Cross Elasticities					
Measurement of Elasticity of Demand					
 Determinants of Elasticity of Demand 					
Practicum: 1. Estimation of demand and supply elasticities					
2. solving an equilibrium problem					
Unit – 3 Cost and Market Structures	14				
Chapter No. 7 Production and Costs	4				
Production Function					
Total Production Cost					
Marginal Production Cost					
Average Production Cost					
Revenue Functions					
Chapter No. 8. Accounting and Economic Costs	_				
• Cost in the Short run	5				
Fixed Costs and Variable Costs					
Marginal Costs					
• Long run AC and MC					
• TR, MR, AR					
Chapter No. 9. Market Structures					
• Markets	5				
Perfect and Imperfect Competition	C				
Features of Perfect Competition					
 Monopoly, Oligopoly and Monopolistic Competition 					
Pricing Strategies					
Practicum: 1. Calculation of various costs and comparing them with production					
concepts; a mini-project can be taken up wherever possible					
2. Studying the real-life pricing mechanism through a project/ case studies					
References (indicative)					
1. Cohen, A.J. (2020). <i>Macroeconomics for Life: Smart Choices for All?</i> + <i>MyLab</i> <i>Economics with Pearson eText</i> (updated 2 nd ed.). Toronto, ON: Pearson Canada Inc.					
Type: Textbook: ISBN: 9780136716532					
2. Cohen, A.J. (2015). <i>Microeconomics for Life: Smart Choices for You + MyLab</i>					
<i>Economics with Pearson eText</i> (2 nd ed.). Toronto, ON: Pearson Canada Inc.					
Type: Textbook: ISBN: 9780133899368					
3. Case Karl E. and Fair Ray C. Principles of Economics, Pearson Education Asia,					
2014.					
4. Mankiw N. Gregory. Principles of Economics, Thomson, 2013.					
5. Stiglitz J.E. and Walsh C.E. Principles of Economics, W.W. Norton & Co, New					
York, 2011.					

Semester II

Course Title: DSC 1.3: Contemporary Indian Economy					
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3				
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs				
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70				

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- i. Understand the current problems of Indian Economy
- ii. Identify the factors contributing to the recent growth of the Indian economy
- iii. Evaluate impact of LPG policies on economic growth in India
- iv. Analyze the sector specific policies adopted for achieving the aspirational goals
- v. Review various economic policies adopted

Content of Course 1				
Unit – 1 LPG POLICIES, ECONOMIC REFORMS AND AGRICULTURE	14			
Chapter No. 1 Recent Issues	4			
Genesis and Impact of LPG				
 India's population policy 				
Demographic Dividend				
 India's human development in global perspective 				
Chapter No. 2 Urbanization and governance				
Urbanization and Smart City Mission				
Informal sector	4			
Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic				
Atma Nirbhara Bharat Abhiyan				
Chapter No. 3 Economic Reforms and Agriculture				
• Agriculture and WTO				
Price policy and Subsidies				
Commercialisation and Diversification	6			
Public Distribution System	Ŭ			
• Impact of public expenditure on agricultural growth				
• Agrarian Crisis, Doubling Farm Incomes, MGNREGS				
Practicum				
1. Mini-project to ascertain the impact of pandemic on lives of different sections of population				
2. Field visits to understand the agrarian situation				
Unit – 2 INDUSTRY, BUSINESS, FISCAL POLICY	14			
Chapter No. 4. Industrial Policy				
New Industrial Policy and changes	4			
Public sector reform				
Privatisation and Disinvestment				

Competition Policy				
Chapter No. 5. Business	5			
• Ease of Doing Business	-			
• Performance of MSMEs	1			
 Role of MNC's in Industrial Development 				
 Make in India, development of economic and social infrastructure 				
 National Monetization Pipeline 	1			
(The teacher should include the latest policy of the government)	1			
Chapter No. 6. Fiscal Policy	1			
• Tax, Expenditure, Budgetary deficits	1			
 Pension and Fiscal Reforms 	1			
Public debt management and reforms	1			
• Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (FRBM) Act	1			
• GST, Fiscal Federalism and Fiscal Consolidation	1			
 Recommendations of the Current Finance Commission 	1			
Practicum : Mini-projects to assess the business climate	F			
	5			
Unit – 3 MONETARY POLICY, FOREIGN TRADE AND INVESTMENT	14			
Chapter No. 7 Monetary Policy	3			
 Organisation of India's money market 	1			
Financial sector reforms	1			
Interest rate policy				
Review of monetary policy of RBI	1			
Chapter No. 8. Money and Capital Markets	1			
Working of SEBI in India	~			
Changing roles of the Reserve Bank of India	5			
Commercial banks,	1			
Development Fnance Institutions	1			
 Foreign banks and Non-banking financial institutions 	1			
• Analysis of price behaviour in India, Anti-inflationary measures	1			
• Demonetization and its impact	1			
Chapter No. 9. Foreign Trade and Investment	1			
• India's foreign trade				
• India Balance of payment since 1991	1			
• New Exchange Rate Regime: Partial and full convertibility	6			
• Capital account convertibility	~			
• FDI – Trends and Patterns	1			
• New EXIM policy, WTO and India	1			
Bilateral and Multilateral Trade Agreements and Associations				
Practicum:	1			
1. Computation and analysis of Wholesale Price Index, Consumer Price Index:	1			
components and trends.	1			
2. Group Discussions on India's trade policies and trade agreements	1			
References	1			
• Bardhan, P.K. (9th Edition) (1999), The Political Economy of Development in India,	1			
Oxford University Press, New Delhi.				
 Bhaduri Amit, (2015), A Model of Development By Dispossession, Fourth Foundation 				
 Bradult Anni, (2013), A Model of Development By Dispossession, Fourth Foundation Byres Terence J. (ed.), (1998), The State, Development Planning and Liberalisation 'in 				
India, Delhi, OUP	1			
 Dutt Ruddar and K.P.M Sundaram (2001): Indian Economy, S Chand & Co. Ltd. New 	ļ			
Dutt Ruddar and R.I. M Sundaram (2001). Indian Economy, 5 Chand & Co. Etd. New				

Delhi.

- Frankel Francine R., (2004), India's Political Economy, Delhi. OUP Jenkins Rob, 2000, Economic Reform in India, Cambridge, CUP
- Jalan, B. (1996), India's Economic Policy- Preparing for the Twenty First Century, Viking, New Delhi.
- Joshi Vijaya and L.M.D. Little, (1998), India's Economic Reform 1991-2001, Delhi, OUP.
- Kapila Uma: Indian Economy: Policies and Performances, Academic Foundation
- Mishra S.K & V.K Puri (2001) "Indian Economy and –Its development experience", Himalaya Publishing House.
- Mukharji Rahul (ed.) (2007), India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms, edited by Rahul Mukherji, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Stuart and John Harris, (2000), Reinventing India, Cambridge Polity

Pedagogy

Formative Assessment					
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks				
Internal Test	50%				
Assignment	20%				
Presentation/Project	30%				
Total	100				

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Subject Committee Chairperson

Semester I

Course Title: OEC 1.5: Kautilya's Arthashastra (OEC)					
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3				
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs				
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70				

Course Pre-requisite(s): 12th Standard Pass

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

1. This course will enlighten the students about the ancient fundamentals about political and economic constituents, which will frame out a basic land of understanding the modern trends. This will help them to understand the upcoming needs in the area of policy making for states at national and international level.

2. This treatise deals with the science of Governance, so it projects out all the dimensions needed to be understood by students about the present socio-economic and political rules and regulations of the state.

Unit	Description	Hours
Ι	Chapter 1: Introduction to the Arthashastra,	2
	Chapter 2: Various disciplines of Indian Education System,	2
	Chapter 3: Place of Kautilya Arthashastra among them,	2
II	Chapter 4: Importance of science dealing with governance - Introduction to	5
	Tantrayuktis – The methods of preparing a compendium, tools and techniques of	
	writing a compendium.	
	Chapter 5: Governance Procedure- Appointment of the ministers, duties of	5
	Government superintendents, treasury, spies, royal writ, punishment- Vakparushya	
	and Dandaparushya;	
	Chapter 6: Laws of Inheritance – Determination of forms of Agreements,	5
	determination of legal disputes, Division of inheritance, Special shares in	
	inheritance, Distinction between sons	
III	Chapter 7: Economic Dimension- Body of income of the state, collection of	9
	revenue, duties of a Chamberlin (koshadhyksha), forty ways of embezzlement of the	
	revenue, punishment for the embezzlement of revenue, expenditure, Loss and Profit,	
	Keeping up the Accounts, Recovery of Debts, Deposits of the state, Resumption of	
	the gifts, Remission of Taxes	
	Chapter 8: Political Dimension- Six-fold Policy- War, Combination of Powers,	
	Agreement of Peace with or without definite terms, Double Policy, Circle of States,	9
	Conduct of Corporations, Secret means, Plan of treatise,	
	Chapter 9: Defence and Warfare: Planning of different Vyuhas in War	
		3
Suggested readings:		
1. Arthashastra of Kautilya by T. Ganapati Shastri, Chaukhambha Surbharti Prakashana, Varanasi,		

India, 2005.

2. Arthashastra of Kautilya by Sri. Vacaspati Gairola, Chaukhambha Vidyabahavan, Varanasi, India, 2013.

3. Kautilya, The Arthashastra by L.N. Rangarajan, Penguin Books Ltd, London.

4. Kautilya's Arthashastra: The Way of Financial Management and Economic Governance, Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai, India.

Pedagogy

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Internal Test	50%	
Assignment	20%	
Presentation/Project	30%	
Total	100	

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Semester 1

Course Title: OEC 1.5: Pre-Reforms Indian Economy (OEC)		
Total Contact Hours: 42Course Credits: 3		
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs	
Model Syllabus Authors: Summative Assessment Marks: 70		

Course Pre-requisite(s): 12th Standard Pass

Course Outcomes (COs):

- i. Trace the evolution of Indian Economy
- ii. Identify the structural features and constraints of the Indian economy
- iii. Evaluate planning models and strategy adopted in India
- iv. Analyze the sector specific problems and contributions towards overall economic growth
- v. Review various economic policies adopted

Unit	t Description H		
Ι	Features and problems of Indian Economy		
	Chapter 1: Features of Indian Economy	4	
	• India as a developing economy,		
	Demographic features		
	• Human Development (HDI),		
	• Problems of Poverty, Unemployment, Inflation, income inequality		
	Chapter 2: Issues in Agriculture sector in India	-	
	Land reforms	6	
	Green Revolution		
	Agriculture marketing in India		
	Agricultural price policy		
	Chapter 3: Industrial and Service Sector		
	• Industrial development;	5	
	 Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, 	5	
	Industrial Policy		
	• Performance of public sector in India,		
	• Service sector in India.		
	Practicum: 1. Identifying economic problems and their causes;		
	2. Mini-project on any aspect of Indian agriculture, industry, service and public		
	sectors		
II	Economic Policies	13	
	Chapter 4: Planning	5	
	Mixed Economy		
	Bombay Plan		
	Gandhian Model		
	Nehru Mahalanobis Model		
	 Objectives and achievements of economic planning in India 		
	Chapter 5: Monetary policy in India		
	Instruments of Monetary Policy	2	

	Black money in India – Magnitude and Impact		
	Chapter 6: Fiscal Policy in India		
	• Tax Revenue	6	
	Public expenditure		
	Budgetary deficits		
	Fiscal reforms		
	 Public debt management and reforms 		
	 Centre state Finance Relations and Finance commissions in India. 		
	Practicum: Assignment on successes and failures of India's planning; Monetary		
	and Fiscal Policy instruments		
III	External sector and Nature of Reforms in India	14	
	Chapter 7: India's foreign trade	6	
	• Salient features	-	
	 Value, composition and direction of trade 		
	 Balance of payments 		
	 Goal of self-reliance based on import substitution and protection 		
	 Tariff policy 		
	 Exchange rate 		
	Chapter 8: Post-1991 strategies	6	
	 Stabilisation and structural adjustment packages 		
	 Liberalisation Privatisation Globalisation (LPG) Model 		
	 Impact of LPG Policies on Indian Economy 	_	
	Chapter 9: NITI Ayog	2	
	Organization		
	• Functions		
	Practicum: Calculation of BoP and evaluating trade policies; Assignment and group		
	discussion on the impact of LPG Policies		
Sugge	sted Readings:		
	t Ruddar and K.P.M Sundaram (2001): Indian Economy, S Chand & Co. Ltd. New Del	hi.	
	2. Mishra S.K & V.K Puri (2001) "Indian Economy and –Its development experience", Himalaya		
	hing House.	-	
	ila Uma: Indian Economy: Policies and Performances, Academic Foundation		
	dhan, P.K. (9th Edition) (1999), The Political Economy of Development in India, Oxfo	ord	
	rsity Press, New Delhi.		
	n, B. (1996), India's Economic Policy- Preparing for the Twenty First Century, Viking	, New	
Delhi.			

Pedagogy

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Internal Test	50%	
Assignment	20%	
Presentation/Project	30%	
Total	100	

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Semester 1		
Course Title: OEC 1.5: Development Studies (OEC)		
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs	
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

Semester 1

Course Pre-requisite(s): 12th Standard Pass

Course Outcomes (COs):

- i. Graduates will be able to excel in higher studies and/or to succeed in profession.
- ii. Graduates will get a solid foundation of fundamentals required to solve socioeconomic problems and also to pursue higher studies.
- iii. Graduates will demonstrate knowledge to appreciate of the dimensions of contemporary development issues, to generate sensitivity to problems concerning ethics and human values to develop orientation towards effective communication and critical analysis, and to appreciate the interrelationships among disciplines as they relate to everyday realities.
- iv. Graduates will cultivate professional and ethical attitude, effective Communication skills, teamwork skills, multidisciplinary approach, and to facilitate an advanced understanding and appreciation of the principles, methodologies, value systems, and thought processes employed in human inquiries.

Unit	Description	Hrs
Ι	Development: Meaning and Current Challenges	9
	Chapter 1: Meaning of Development	3
	• The concept of development,	
	Growth and Development	
	Transition from quantitative to qualitative indices	
	Chapter 2: Modern economic growth	3
	Characteristics of modern economic growth	
	Regional and global disparities	
	• Common characteristics and dissimilarities among developing countries.	2
	Chapter 3: Current Development Challenges	3
	• Inequality	
	• Migration	
	• Conflicts	
	Practicum:	
II	Approaches to Development	12
	Chapter 4: Development Ethics	2
	Concept and meaning	
	 Principles and importance of Development Ethics 	
	Chapter 5: Assessing Development	4
	Per capita income	
	• PQLI	
	Choice and Capabilities	
	• HDI	6
	Chapter 6: Approaches of Development	6
	Adam Smith	

Marx			
Schumpeter			
 Structuralist approach 			
	IMF and structural adjust	ment	
Capabilities App	e e		
Practicum:			
III Theories and Current I	ssues in Development		21
Chapter 7: Theories of Development 6			6
-			
Capitalist World System			
	thought on poverty reduc	ction	
	es and Their Legacies		5
Chapter 8: The Industr			3
Genesis and Spr			
	cialization of Labour/Ind	ustry	
Industrial Labou			
ILO and its active Chapter 9: Environment	vities to promote labour st	andards	10
-	-	ment – water and air pollution and	
deforestation		ment – water and an ponution and	
 Depletion of glo 	bal commons		
	elopment - concept and m	easures	
SDGs			
 SDOS Climate Change – Causes, Impact, Measures of Mitigation and Adaptations 			
Practicum:			
Suggested Readings:			
1. Crocker, D. (2008). Ethics and development theory-practice, Ethics of Global Development			
	Agency, Capability, and Deliberative Democracy, 67-106		
		evelopment Ethics: Development, 8, 99).
481-9, Elsevier Science, 1, pp.10		ent and Participation, second edition.	
Oxford: Oxford University Press		ent and Participation, second edition.	
•		conomism to human development.	
Edinburgh: Edinburgh Universit			
0	•	dernization, development and politics.	
Comparative Politics, 3.			
		rnal of Economic Issues 8(4):729-736.	
		f Development: Contentions, Argument	s,
Alternatives (2nd edition). New			
8. Sen, Amartya (1999) Develop	oment as Freedom. New Y	ork: Anchor Books.	
Pedagogy		l	
Formative Assessment			
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks		
Internal Test	50%		
Assignment	20%		
Presentation/Project	30%		
Total	100		

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Semester II

Course Title: DSC 2.2: Basic Economics II	
Total Contact Hours: 42 Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs
Model Syllabus Authors: Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

Course Pre-requisite(s): Basic Economics I

Course Outcomes (COs):

- 1. Understand the operation of the overall economic system;
- 2. Calculate national income and related aggregates
- 3. Explain the relationship between macroeconomic aggregates;
- 4. Analyse the nature of business cycles and policies towards controlling them;
- 5. Evaluate the macroeconomic policies for solving major problems like poverty and unemployment

Unit	Description	Hrs
Ι	Macroeconomic Concepts and Relationships	12
	Chapter 1: Macroeconomy	5
	Introduction to National Income Accounting	
	• Concepts of GDP, GNP and national income	
	• Approaches to calculating GDP, personal income, Nominal and real GDP	
	• Limitations of the GDP concept	
	Chapter 2: Monetary economy	
	Characteristics	4
	• The demand for money	
	• The supply of money and overall liquidity position	
	• credit creation	
	Chapter 3: Inflation	
	Meaning and causes of inflation	3
	Calculating inflation rate	5
	• Impact of inflation	
	Practicum: 1. Understanding the relationships between various NI concepts used	
	in India's NI accounting;	
	2. Estimating the components of money supply and interpreting the various price	
	indices	
II	Macroeconomic Challenges and Policies	12
	Chapter 4: Macroeconomic challenges	3
	• Unemployment	
	Economic Growth	
	Business Cycles	2
	Chapter 5: Monetary Policy	3
	• Objectives	
	• Instruments	
	Chapter 6: Fiscal Policy	6
	• Public finance vs. Private finance	6
	 Fiscal functions and role of government: allocation, distribution and stabilisation 	
	 Characteristics of public goods, 	

		1	
	Rationale of public provision of public goods		
Practicum: 1. Reviewing the monetary policy of RBI;			
2. A project to identify the nature and causes of poverty and the latest central			
	budget		
III	Public Policy and Globalization	18	
	Chapter 7: Poverty and public policy	6	
	• Meaning, measurement and types of poverty		
	• Poverty alleviation strategies in India		
	Chapter 8: International Trade	9	
	• The economic basis for trade—absolute advantage and comparative		
	advantage,		
	• terms of trade		
	• exchange rates		
	• Trade Barriers-tariffs, subsidies and quotas		
Balance of Payments-The current and capital account		_	
Chapter 9: Globalization		3	
	Meaning		
	• Importance		
	Pros and cons of Globalization		
	Practicum: Survey on identification of poor; Calculating the components of BoP of		
	India		
Refere	nces (indicative)	•	
1. Coh	nen, A.J. (2020). Macroeconomics for Life: Smart Choices for All? + MyLab Economic	cs with	
Pearson eText (updated 2 nd ed.). Toronto, ON: Pearson Canada Inc. Type: Textbook: ISBN:			
	9780136716532		
2. Cohen, A.J. (2015). Microeconomics for Life: Smart Choices for You + MyLab Economics with			
Pearson eText (2 nd ed.). Toronto, ON: Pearson Canada Inc.			
	Type: Textbook: ISBN: 9780133899368		

- 3. Case Karl E. and Fair Ray C. Principles of Economics, Pearson Education Asia, 2014.
- 4. Mankiw N. Gregory. Principles of Economics, Thomson, 2013.
- 5. Stiglitz J.E. and Walsh C.E. Principles of Economics, W.W. Norton & Co, New York, 2011.

Pedagogy

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Internal Test	50%	
Assignment	20%	
Presentation/Project	30%	
Total	100	

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Semester II

Course Title: DSC 2.3: Karnataka Economy		
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs	
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

1. Understand the nature of economic growth and problems of Karnataka state.

2. Explain the process of structural growth in Karnataka economy;

3. Evaluate the policies and programmes undertaken by the Govt. of Karnataka for bringing about socio-economic development

Unit	Description				
Ι	Characteristics of Karnataka Economy				
	Chapter 1: State Income	2			
	State Domestic Product and PCI				
	Measures to redress regional imbalances				
	Chapter 2: Human and Natural Resources				
	Population				
	Human Development Index				
	 Poverty and Unemployment– Anti-Poverty and Employment generation Programmes 				
	 Functioning of Panchayat Raj Institutions 				
	Chapter 3: Natural Resources in Karnataka				
	 Land, Water, Forest and mineral resources in Karnataka Karnataka 	4			
	Sustainable Development Goals				
	 Karnataka environmental Policy 				
	Practicum:				
II	Agriculture and Industries in Karnataka	18			
	Chapter 4: Agriculture in Karnataka	9			
	Importance of Agriculture				
	Problems in Agriculture				
	• Land Reforms				
	Cropping Pattern				
	• Irrigation				
	Watershed Development				
	• Dry Land Farming				
	• Farmers Suicide – causes and solutions				
	Chapter 5: Rural Development	3			
	Public Distribution System				
	Rural Development Programmes.	6			
	Chapter 6: Industries in Karnataka	0			

Form	ative Assessment		
Peda	gogy		
	ttaswamiah K. Karnataka	Economy, Two Volumes	
		bects of Karnataka Economy.	
		ataka Economy, Spandana Publications, Bangalore	
7. Har	umantha Rao. Regional D	Disparities and Development in Karnataka.	
	vernment District Develop	•	
	·	(Eds) Karnataka Economy.	
	, New Delhi.	induka Deonomy Growin. Issues and Development, rimat	.ya 1 u0.
		rnataka Economy Growth: Issues and Development, Himala	iva Pub
		Publication, Government of Karnataka.	
		onomic Survey [Various Issues] Publication, Government of Karnataka.	
	rences (indicative)	onomio Sumar [Various Issues]	
Daf-	Practicum:		
	• State Budget		
	• State Finance Co	ommission	
	• States Indebtedn		
	Expenditure Sou		
	-	al Taxes and Grand-in-Aid	
	• GST – Impact ar		
		nue: Direct and Indirect Taxes	
	Chapter 9: State Finan		
	 Social Security i 		4
	Health and Educ		
	 Housing 		
	 Drinking Water, 	Sanitation	
	Chapter 8: Social Infrast		4
	Information and	Communication Technology facilities;	
	• Transportation: I	Road, Rail, Water and Air Transport	3
	Chapter 7: Infrastructu	ıre in Karnataka	
III	Infrastructure and Fina	ances	12
	Practicum:		
	Industrial Policy		
	 Industrial Finance 		
	 INISINES - FIORE IT Industries in 1 		
	MSMEs Proble	in Karnataka - Problems and Prospects ems and Measures	

Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Internal Test	50%
Assignment	20%
Presentation/Project	30%
Total	100

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Semester II

Course Title: OEC 2.5: Contemporary Indian Economy		
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs	
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs):

- vi. Understand the current problems of Indian Economy
- vii. Identify the factors contributing to the recent growth of the Indian economy
- viii. Evaluate impact of LPG policies on economic growth in India
- ix. Analyze the sector specific policies adopted for achieving the aspirational goals
- x. Review various economic policies adopted

Content of Course		
Unit – 1 LPG POLICIES, ECONOMIC REFORMS AND AGRICULTURE		
Chapter No. 1 Recent Issues	4	
Genesis and Impact of LPG		
India's population policy		
Demographic Dividend		
India's human development in global perspective		
Chapter No. 2 Urbanization and governance		
Urbanization and Smart City Mission	4	
Informal sector	4	
Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic		
Atma Nirbhara Bharat Abhiyan		
Atma Nironara Bharat Abniyan Chapter No. 3 Economic Reforms and Agriculture		
• Agriculture and WTO		
Price policy and Subsidies		
Commercialisation and Diversification	6	
• Public Distribution System	Ũ	
• Impact of public expenditure on agricultural growth		
• Agrarian Crisis, Doubling Farm Incomes, MGNREGS		
Practicum		
3. Mini-project to ascertain the impact of pandemic on lives of different		
sections of population		
4. Field visits to understand the agrarian situation		
Unit – 2 INDUSTRY, BUSINESS, FISCAL POLICY	14	
Chapter No. 4. Industrial Policy		
New Industrial Policy and changes	4	
Public sector reform		
Privatisation and Disinvestment		
Competition Policy		

Chapter No. 5. Business	5
Ease of Doing Business	
• Performance of MSMEs	
Role of MNC's in Industrial Development	
Make in India, development of economic and social infrastructure	
National Monetization Pipeline	
(The teacher should include the latest policy of the government)	
Chapter No. 6. Fiscal Policy	5
• Tax, Expenditure, Budgetary deficits	5
Pension and Fiscal Reforms	
Public debt management and reforms	
• Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (FRBM) Act	
GST, Fiscal Federalism and Fiscal Consolidation	
Recommendations of the Current Finance Commission	
Practicum: Mini-projects to assess the business climate	_
Unit – 3 MONETARY POLICY, FOREIGN TRADE AND INVESTMENT	14
Chapter No. 7 Monetary Policy	3
 Organisation of India's money market 	
Financial sector reforms	
Interest rate policy	
Review of monetary policy of RBI	
Chapter No. 8. Money and Capital Markets	
Working of SEBI in India	5
Changing roles of the Reserve Bank of India	5
• Commercial banks,	
Development Fnance Institutions	
Foreign banks and Non-banking financial institutions	
Analysis of price behaviour in India, Anti-inflationary measures	
• Demonetization and its impact	
Chapter No. 9. Foreign Trade and Investment	
India's foreign tradeIndia Balance of payment since 1991	
	6
 New Exchange Rate Regime: Partial and full convertibility Capital account convertibility 	6
 FDI – Trends and Patterns 	
 New EXIM policy, WTO and India 	
 Bilateral and Multilateral Trade Agreements and Associations 	
Practicum:	
3. Computation and analysis of Wholesale Price Index, Consumer Price Index:	
components and trends. 4. Group Discussions on India's trade policies and trade agreements	
References	
• Bardhan, P.K. (9th Edition) (1999), The Political Economy of Development in India,	
Oxford University Press, New Delhi.	
 Bhaduri Amit, (2015), A Model of Development By Dispossession, Fourth Foundation 	
 Byres Terence J. (ed.), (1998), The State, Development Planning and Liberalisation 'in 	
India, Delhi, OUP	
 Dutt Ruddar and K.P.M Sundaram (2001): Indian Economy, S Chand & Co. Ltd. New 	
Delhi.	

• Frankel Francine R., (2004), India's Political Economy, Delhi. OUP Jenkins Rob, 2000, Economic Reform in India, Cambridge, CUP	
• Jalan, B. (1996), India's Economic Policy- Preparing for the Twenty First Century, Viking,	
New Delhi.	
• Joshi Vijaya and L.M.D. Little, (1998), India's Economic Reform 1991-2001, Delhi, OUP.	
Kapila Uma: Indian Economy: Policies and Performances, Academic Foundation	
• Mishra S.K & V.K Puri (2001) "Indian Economy and –Its development experience",	
Himalaya Publishing House.	
• Mukharji Rahul (ed.) (2007), India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms, edited	
by Rahul Mukherji, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.	
• Stuart and John Harris, (2000), Reinventing India, Cambridge Polity	

Pedagogy

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Internal Test	50%	
Assignment	20%	
Presentation/Project	30%	
Total	100	

Date

Course Co-ordinator

Semester II

Course Title: OEC 2.5: Sustainable Development Goals		
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs	
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs):

- i. Understand the basic concept of Sustainable Development (SD), the environmental, social and economic dimensions.
- ii. Know the history of the SD idea.
- iii. Be able to discuss the conflicts which are involved in the SD concept on the national as well as on the global scale.
- iv. Be able to discuss the (dis-)advantages of instruments for SD;
- v. Evaluate the sustainable development goals and their attainments

Un	Unit Description	
I	Environment, Development and Pollution	15
	Chapter 1: Meaning Characteristics of Environmental Goods and Services	3
	Relationship between Environment and Development	
	• Environmental Kuznets Curve – Meaning and Evidence	
	• Sustainable Development – Meaning and Indicators	
	Chapter 2: Resource Use and Management	
	Resource Taxonomy – Renewable and nonrenewable resources	
	Economic Theory of Depletable Resources	
	Optimal Use of Renewable Resources	6
	Resource Scarcity and Economic Growth – Limits to Growth Model	6
	Tragedy of Commons and common property Resources	
	Resource Pricing and Resource Conservation	
	Chapter 3: Sustainable Development	
	Definitions, Objectives and Principles	
	Processes and Indicators of Sustainable Development	6
	Approaches and Strategies for Sustainable Development	
	Environmental accounting Measures	
	Practicum: Miniproject on impact of development on local environment	
II	Sustainable Development Goals	10
	Chapter 4: Introduction and History	3
	Brundtland Committee Recommendations	_
	Rio Summit and Agenda 21	
	• SDGs: Goals, Targets and Indicators	
	Chapter 5: Government and the SDGs	4
	• Planning	4
	• Localizing the SDGs	
	• SDG Policy Instruments	
	• Industrial Policies and the SDGs	
	Chapter 6: Financing the SDGs	3

	• Types of	f financing		
		ancing mechanisms	and global funds	
Prac			s in attainment of various SDGs in India and	
her s	states			
III Issu	es in Imple	menting SDGs		17
Cha	pter 7: Mea	ans to Realizing the	SDGs	8
	 Degrow 	th and circular econo	omy	
	 Sustaina 	able production and c	onsumption	
		ble cities and transpo		
	 Sustaina 	ble designs, technologi	ogy, digital revolution and innovation	
	• Renewa	ble energy		
Cha	pter 8: Imp	olementing SDGs		
	• governa	nce and policy tools		5
	-	s, participation and a	-	_
		eness and coherence;		
	 India's f 	ramework for sustain	hable development	
Cha	pter 9: Oth	er Issues		
	Social b	usiness, CSOs, and o	operations	4
	• Develop	ment Assistance		-
	• Cross-B	order Cooperation		
Prac	e ticum: Gro	oup Discussion on cas	se studies on sustainable practices and	
proc	esses			
Suggested F	Readings:			
• Baumol,	W.J. and	W.E. Oates (1988)	: The Theory of Environmental Policy (2e),	CUP,
Cambrid	ge.			
	-		Economics: An Indian Perspective, OUP, New I	Delhi.
-		÷	nable Development Goals: Global Governance	
-	es. Routledg	-		
-), Innovating in uncertain markets: 10 lessons for ent Review, 52.4: 37-45.	r
• Elliott, Je	ennifer. An i	introduction to sustai	nable development. Routledge, 2012.	
			ustainable development in engineering: a review	' of
principle	s and definit	tion of a conceptual t	framework. Working Paper 08-18, 2008.	
		nd White (1997): 1	Environmental Economics in Theory and Pr	actice,
Macmilla				
-	· · · ·	: Environmental Eco		
			onomics of Natural Resource Use and Enviro	nment,
-	okins Press,			
		-	levelopment. Columbia University Press, 2015	
	rg, 1. (1994): Environmental Eco	onomics and Policy, Harper Collins, NY.	
Pedagogy				
Formative Asse				
Assessment Oc	casion/ type	Weightage in Marks		
Internal	Test	50%		

weightage in Marks
50%
20%
30%
100

Date Course Co-ordinator

Semester II

Course Title: OEC 2.5: Business Environment	
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 3
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 70

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs):

- i. Explain the elements of Business environment.
- ii. Identify the environmental constraints in the growth of a business firm.
- iii. Analyze the ways to utilize the current environmental conditions to achieve higher business growth.

Uni	UnitContent of Course 4	
I	Introduction to Business Environment	12
	Chapter 1: Introduction	3
	• Meaning and definition, objectives, importance and uses of study of business environment. Environmental analysis	
	• Meaning, process of environmental analysis, limitations of environmental analysis, environmental factors	
	• The Micro environment of business and the macro environment of business.	
	Chapter 2: Economic Environment	6
	Meaning of Economic Environment	0
	Characteristics of Indian economy	
	• Impact of Liberalization Privatization & Globalization of Indian Business.	
	 Monetary policy – Meaning, objectives 	
	• Fiscal policy – Meaning, objectives, budget and importance	
	• EXIM policy – meaning and objectives	
	• Industrial policy – meaning, objectives (Latest Policy Measures).	
	Chapter 3: Global Business Environment	3
	• Meaning	
	Globalization: Nature and Impact of globalization	
	Challenges of international business	
	GATT and WTO and its implications on Indian economy.	
	Practicum	
	1. Identification of the impact of business environment through surveys	
	2. Group discussion on WTO and its impact on Indian business	
II	Non-Economic Environment	10
	Chapter 4: Social and Cultural Environment	4
	Business and Society	
	Social Objectives of Business	
	Corporate Social Responsibility	
	Consumer Rights & Corporate Governance	
	Business Ethics	2
	Chapter 5: Technological Environment:	2
	• Meaning	

	• Technological changes – R & D in India	
	• Public and Private Investment in R and D.	
	Chapter 6: Financial Environment	4
	Introduction and Meaning	
	An Overview of Indian Financial System	
	• Financial Institutions and their Roles	
	Role of Foreign Direct Investment and its impact on Indian Business	
	Practicum: Students are expected to analyze the major economic and financial indicators	
	such as GDP, Inflation, CPI, BSE, NSE, Currency, Gold rate, Oil barrel price etc., for a	
	particular period of time and submit the report on the same.	
II	I Government and Business in India	22
	Chapter 7: Political Environment	4
	Introduction and Meaning	
	Political Environment and the Economic system	
	Government and Business Relationship in India	
	Provisions of Indian Constitution for Business	
	Chapter 8: Legal Environment of Business	8
	Indian Company Law	0
	Competition policy and law	
	Patents & Trademarks	
	Industrial Policy- An overview	
	• Labor Laws & Social Security,	
	• Environmental Laws.	
	Chapter 9: Current Issues	
	• Ease of Doing Business	10
	• Performance of MSMEs	
	• Make in India,	
	• Development of economic and social infrastructure	
	National Monetization Pipeline	
	(The teacher should include the latest policy of the government)	
	Practicum: Students are expected to give a report on how the economic environment	
	has affected the performance of any five large Indian Business Houses.	
	EFERENCES:	
	ancis Cherunilam: Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.	
	V. Sivayya and VBM Das: Indian Industrial Economy, Sulthan Chand Publications, Delhi.	
	. Adhikari: Economic Environment of Business, Sulthan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.	
Ra	aj Agarwal: Business Environment, Excel Publications, New Delhi.	

Pedagogy

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Internal Test	50%
Assignment	20%
Presentation/Project	30%
Total	100

Date

Course Co-ordinator

SYLLABUS FOR FIRST TWO SEMESTERS OF BS.C AND BS.C HONORS In ECONOMICS

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Science (B. Sc)

Course Coe: B. Sc. 1.1

Name of the Course: Microeconomics

Course Credits	Number of Hours per Week	Total No of Teaching H	ours
3 Credits	3 Hours	42 Hrs	
 Analyse the econo Explain the relation output, price of the 	accessful completion of the course, to omic behaviour of the consumer and onship between various variables su e product and quantity demand and or pricing under different market str	I the firm ch as Input and output, cost so on	and
Unit – 1 : Introduction (to Economics, Demand and Suppl	y	14
Concepts in econor	to Economics: Nature and sconics, Importance of study of Econics ten principles of economics	1	7
The Law of Demar	Meaning and Determinants of Dema ad Exceptions to the Law of Dema rice, Income and Cross Elasticity,	nd, Elasticity of Demand:	6
Chapter- 3: Supply: Co Supply.	oncept of Supply, the Law of Sup	oply, and Determinants of	1
Unit – 2 Theory of Dem	and and Production function		14
-	nalysis : Utility: Law of diminishi nsumer's equilibrium, Consumer sur	• • • •	3
Chapter-5. Ordinal and Indifference Map, position, Income, P	<i>lysis:</i> Meaning of Indifference curv properties of Indifference curves rice and substitution effects -inferio ed preference theory	es- Indifference Schedule- Budget line-Equilibrium	6
Chapter-6. Production	Function Production Function		
Proportion - the Law	w of Returns to Scale- Least cost co	mbination of Inputs	5
Unit – 3: Cost, Revenu Markets	e, Price and Output determinatio	n under different	14
Chapter No. 7 Cost Cor run	ncepts, Cost output relationship in	n the short-run and long-	4
	s of Revenue: Total, Average and M d Output determination under d	e e	1
and features of perf	ect competitive market, Monopoly, and Output determination under th	Monopolistic competition	9

Text Books

Ahuja H.L (2017) Advanced Economic Theory, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi. Koutsoyiannis A, (2008) Modern Microeconomics, Macmillan, London.

References

- Dominick Salvatore (2002) Theory and Problems of Microeconomic Theory, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Singapore.
- Ferguson C.E and Maurice S. Charles, (1978) Economic Analysis-Theory and Applications, Richard D. Irwin Inc. USA.
- Hubbard R. Glenn and Anthony Patrick O'Brien, (2016) Microeconomics, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Pindyck Robert S., and Daniel L. Rubinfeld, (2012) Microeconomics, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Varian, H. R., "Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach", W. W. Norton and Company, 8th Edition, 2010

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Seminar and Case analysis

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	10 Marks	
Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	20 Marks	
Semester End Exam (SEE)	70 Marks	
Total	100 Marks	

Date

Course Co-coordinator

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Science (B. Sc)

Course Coe: B. Sc. 1.2

Name of the Course: Mathematical for Economics

Course Credits	Number of Hours per Week	Total No of Teaching	Hours
3 Credits	3 Hours	42 Hrs	
 Perform basic ope Calculate limits, c 	accessful completion of the course erations in Vectors and Matrix algeb lerivatives and integrals of function for constrained and unconstrained of	ra. s of multiple variables.	
Unit – 1: Basics of Math applications	nematical Economics, Vectors, Ma	trices and Their	14
Economics and its Variables, Constant	Mathematical Economics: Na applications in Economic Analysis s, Parameters, Equations and Ident ad infinite sets, laws of set operation	s -Mathematical Model: ities- Sets: Set notation,	5
Meaning and type rational functions	nd Functions : Ordered pairs, ress of functions- constant function and non-algebraic functions. Sinces, linear dependence	, polynomial functions,	4
Multiplication, Cor Inverse Matrix - De	Matrix Operations- Addition an nmutative, Associative and Distril eterminants: Properties, Rank of Ma ivation and its Applications in Econ	outive laws-Transpose - atrix, Minor, Co-factor -	5
Unit – 2: Comparative S	Statics and Derivatives		14
Chapter- 4. Nature of Co concept of limit, lin	omparative Statics, Rate of Change nit theorems	and the Derivative -The	3
of a function, Con Functions, Produc	and Differentiability of a function - stant Functions, Linear, Power, So t of Functions, Quotient of F garithmic Functions	ums and Differences of	5
Partial Derivatives, – One and two	f Two or More Variables - Partial D the Chain Rule and Total Derivativ variables- Differential Equation ons- Nonlinear First Order Differe ential Equations	es- Maxima and Minima s- First Order Linear	6
Unit – 3: Integration ar	nd Optimization Techniques		14
Chapter - 7 Concept of I and summation – Inc	Integration -Rules of Integration – I lefinite Integration.	Definite Integrals – Area	4
	ns integrations in Economic Analy btaining primitive function from ma	-	5

Chapter - 9. Concept of optimisation - Unconstrained Optimization - Lagrangian	5
Multiplier, Constrained Optimization.	

Text Books

- Chiang, A. C. and Wainwright, K., "Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics", McGraw-Hill/Irwin, 4th Edition, 2005.
- Sydsaeter, K and Hammond, P., Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational Asia, 4th Edition, 2002.

References

Allen R.G.D., (2015) Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan.

- Bose D., (2003) An Introduction of Mathematical Economics, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- Sydsaeter, K and Hammond, P., Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational Asia, 4th Edition, 2002.

Dowling, E. T., "Introduction to Mathematical Economics", McGraw-Hill, 2001.

- Hoy, M., Livernois, J. McKenna, C, Rees, R. and Stengos, T., "Mathematics for Economics", MIT Press, 3rd Edition, 2011
- Yamane Taro, (2002) Mathematics for Economists An Implementer Analysis, Phi Learning Publishers.

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	10 Marks	
Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	20 Marks	
Semester End Exam (SEE)	70 Marks	
Total	100 Marks	

Date

Course Co-coordinator

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Science (B. Sc)

Course Coe: B. Sc. 2.1

Name of the Course: Macroeconomics

Course Credits	Number of Hours per Week	Total No of Teaching	Hours
3 Credits	3 Hours	42 Hrs	
 Explain the conce Analyse the relation 	uccessful completion of the course opt of National Income and methods onship between Macroeconomic va etermination of income and employn	of its estimation riables	ŗ
Unit – 1:Introduction to	Macroeconomics and National I	ncome accounting	14
-	n to Macroeconomics: Nature of ators of Macro Economic Activity -		3
curve, Aggregate S in National Incom	cks of Macroeconomic Analysis: Jupply (AS) curve, Sources of shift in and Price level, Unemployment mployment, Circular flow of Incomployment, Circular flow	n AD an AS, Equilibrium and National Income,	4
Chapter-3 National In Economic Perform GNP, GDP, NNP, deflator- <i>Method oj</i> method-Value adde	come Accounting: Measurement ance: National Income Accounting NDP, NI, PI, DPI- Real GDP vers <i>f estimating National Income</i> - Expect of or Net Product method- Difficu- s in GDP in India -GNP and Quality come.	g - <i>Important Concepts</i> : sus Nominal GDP- GDP enditure Method- Income lities in National Income	7
Unit – 2: Classical and	Keynesian Macroeconomics		14
Assumptions of th Output, Employme Equilibrium Outp	eory: Introduction to classical theory e Classical School- Say's law of the ent, Savings, Investment, Wages, but and Employment-Implication 1-Critical Evaluation.	Market- Determinants of Prices, Interest Rate -	5
Chapter - 5. Keynesian Macroeconomics: Principle of effective demand- Keynesian theory of output, income and employment- Equilibrium Income and Output in Simple Two Sector Model, Three Sector & Four Sector Models		4	
Keynesian theorie permanent income	chological law of consumption- s of consumption: absolute in & life cycle hypothesis- Multiplier ncy of Capital- Relevance and	come, relative income, and Accelerator Analysis	5
Unit – 3 Recent Debate	s in Macroeconomics		14

Chapter - 7 Supply side Economics	4
Chapter - 8. Money market and Goods market equilibrium-IS-LM model-Business cycle- Concept and theories	5
Chapter - 9. Macroeconomic policies; Monitory Policy and Fiscal Policy-Relative effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policy	5

Text Books

Ahuja H L (2013) Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy, S Chand & Company Pvt Ltd. New Delhi

Mankiw N. Gregory, (2012) Macroeconomics, Worth Publishers, New York.

Shapiro Edward, (2004) Macroeconomic Analysis, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

References

Ackley Gardner, (1978) Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy, Macmillan, New York

Dornbusch, R., Fischer, S. and Startz, R., "Macroeconomics", McGraw-Hill, 11th Ed 2010

D'Souza E., "Macroeconomics", Pearson Education, 2009

- Froyen Richard T. (2013) Macroeconomics-Theories and Policies, Macmillan Pub., Company, NY.
- Hubbard R. Glenn and Anthony Patrick O'Brien, (2012) Macroeconomics, Pearson Prentice, New Jersey, USA.

Oliver Blanchard, (2016) Macroeconomics, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA.

Pedagogy : Classroom lecture, tutorials, Seminar and Case analysis

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	10 Marks	
Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	20 Marks	
Semester End Exam (SEE)	70 Marks	
Total	100 Marks	

Date

Course Co-coordinator

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Science (B. Sc) Course Coe: B. Sc. 2.2

Name of the Course: Statistics for Economics

Course Credits	Number of Hours per Week	Total No of Teachi	ng Hours
3 Credits	3 Hours	42 Hrs	5
 Calculate basic de Interpret descripti 	accessful completion of the course escriptive and inferential statistics. ve and inferential statistics. ss of hypothesis testing	e, the student will be a	ble to;
Unit – 1: Basics of Stati and dispersion	stics for economics, Measures o	f central tendency	14
Chapter-1 Basics of Importance of Stati -Data - Elements, Qualitative and Qu	Statistics for Economics: Why stics in Economics- Descriptive and Variables, and Observations, Scale antitative Data - Cross-Sectional a puters and Statistical Analysis	d Inferential statistics es of Measurement -	4
.	Central Tendency: Arithmetic r nd Harmonic mean measurement		5
dispersion -Measur	dispersion- Meaning and signifi- mement and applications of Range andard deviation, variance and coef	, quartile deviation,	5
Unit – 2 Correlation, Re	egression, Time Series Analysis an	d Index Numbers	14
methods of comput Spearman's rank co	n and Regression: Meaning and ation of correlation coefficient –Kaprrelation method- Regression –measis, simple regression lines and equation	arl Pearson's method, aning and importance	6
Chapter - 5. Time Serie	es: Nature and Decomposition of T Average Method, Least-Square Met	-	3
Index Numbers: Pr Simple and Aggreg Marshall and Edge Factor Reversal Tes	abers : Nature and Purpose of Index rice Index - Quantity Index, Link gate Index Numbers -Laspyre's Index eworth's Index - Fisher's Index – sts-Deflation and Splicing of Index of Index Numbers - Limitation of Index	k and Chain Index - lex, Paasche's Index, Time- Reversal and Numbers - Problems	5
Unit - 3 Introduction to	Probability Distributions and Hy	pothesis Testing	14
	y: Basic Concepts- Properties of I Probability Random Variables: Dis		3
-	ty Distributions - Probability De ution Functions – Expected values	•	6

Binomial Probability Distribution, Poisson and Normal Distribution	
Chapter - 9. Hypothesis Testing: Meaning of Hypothesis testing-Null and Alternative hypothesis, level of significance, One-tailed and two-tailed tests, Type I, Type II errors - Approaches to Hypothesis Testing - Confidence Interval Approach -Test of Significance Approach	5

Text Books

Gupta S P. (2012) Statistical Methods, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.

References

Anderson, Sweeney & Williams, (2002) *Statistics for Business & Economics*, Thomson South-Western, Bangalore.

Daniel and Terrel: Business Statistics for Management and Economics; Hoaghton Mifflin Co., Boston, Toronts, 7th Edition, 1995, PP 1 to 972 + 6 Appendices

Medhi, J., Statistical Methods: An Introductory Text, Wiley, 1992

Morris H. Degroot and Mark J. Schervish, "Probability and Statistics", 4th edition, 2012.

Teresa Bradley, Essential Statistics for Economics, Business and Management, John Willey Publisher, 2007

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	10 Marks	
Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	20 Marks	
Semester End Exam (SEE)	70 Marks	
Total	100 Marks	

Date

Course Co-coordinator

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Science (B. Sc) Course Coe: B. Sc. 1.7.3 (OE)

Name of the Course: Managerial for Economics

Course Credits	Number of Hours per Week	Total No of Teachi	ng Hours
3 Credits	3 Hours	42 Hrs	
 Forecast the dema Analyse the effici 	accessful completion of the course and for goods and services ency of resource use in the producti letermination of price and output g in practice	on	
	Content of Course 1		42 Hrs
Unit – 1 Introduction to Forecasting	Managerial economics, Demanc	l analysis and	14
	re and scope of Managerial Econor Objectives of business firms	nics- Organisation of	3
	n of Basic Economic Princip Discounting, Time Perspective, C	6	5
Chapter-3: Demand and its determinants- Elasticity of demand; Meaning, types and determinants-Meaning and Objective Demand Forecasting - Methods of demand forecasting and their usefulness and limitations		6	
Unit – 2 : Production Ar	nalysis, Cost Analysis and Deterr	nination of price	14
their applications -Least co Chapter - 5. Cost conc usefulness in production d	put determination in various markets	ut relationship and its	
Unit – 3: Pricing Metho Budgeting	ds in Practice, Profit Managemer	nt and Capital	14
Pricing Practices: Cost-	ethods in Practices: Specific Pricin Oriented Pricing, Cost-Plus Prici oad Pricing, Price over the Life C g of Multiple Products	ng and Other Price	5
	Analysis: Meaning of Profit - Ad Even Analysis - Problems, Break-e fit, Safety Margin.		5
	Budgeting : Meaning and Impor Present Value (NPV) Method.	tance - Techniques:	4

Text Books

- Salvatore Dominick, (2014) Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, McGraw Hill Inc., New York.
- Mehta P.L., (2007) Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.

References

- Mc Guigon R. James, R. Charles Moyer, Frederick H Deb, Harris (2017) Managerial Economics: Applications, Strategy and Tactics, South Western, USA
- Keat Paul G. and Philip K.Y. Young, (2003) Managerial Economics- Economic Tools for Today's Decision Makers, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Petersen H. Craig and W. Cris Lewis, (2006) Managerial Economics, Maxwell Macmillan International Editions, New York.
- Samuelson William F, and Stephen G. Marks, (2006) Managerial Economics, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New Jersey

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Seminar and Case analysis

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	10 Marks	
Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	20 Marks	
Semester End Exam (SEE)	70 Marks	
Total	100 Marks	

Date

Course Co-coordinator