### Native American Literature



### Before the first Europeans arrived...

 There was no written literature among the more than 500 different Indian languages and tribal cultures that existed in North America. Literatures were primarily oral.

 Because of this, the literature is quite diverse.

# Religion

Tribes maintained their own religion.

 They worshipped gods, animals, plants or sacred persons.

 There are no long, standardized religious cycles about one supreme divinity.

#### Governments

 Systems of government ranged from democracies to councils of elders to theocracies\*.

\*Theocracy: government of a state by immediate divine guidance or by officials who are regarded as divinely guided.

## Generalizations among tribes..

 Native American stories glow with reverence for nature as a spiritual as well as physical mother.

Term to know:

**Earth Mother** – the earth viewed (as in primitive theology) as the divine source of terrestrial life.

### Generalizations, con't...

- Nature is alive and endowed with spiritual forces
- Main characters may be animals or plants, often totems\* associated with a tribe, group or individual
- \*Totem an object (as an animal or plant) serving as the emblem of a family or clan and often as a reminder of its ancestry; also: a usually carved or painted representation of such an object

#### Culture Heroes

 There are stories about culture heroes such as the Ojibwa tribe's Manabozho or the Navajo tribe's Coyote, tricksters that are treated with varying degrees of respect.

Term to know:

**Trickster tales** – folk tales that feature an animal or human character who engages in deceit, violence, and magic.

#### More about tricksters...

 Often trickster tales are mythic, explaining features of the world.

 A trickster usually has contradictory qualities: his is foolish yet clever, greedy yet helpful, immoral yet moral.

## Types of Literature...

- Examples of almost every oral genre can be found in Native American literature:
  - Lyrics
  - Chants
  - Myths
  - Fairy tales
  - Humorous anecdotes
  - Incantations
  - Riddles
  - Proverbs
  - Epics
  - Legendary histories

## Creation Myths

Terms to know:

Myth – A traditional story, passed down through generations, that explains why the world is the way it is. In myths, events usually result from the actions of supernatural beings.

Creation Myth – explains how the universe, earth, and life began.

#### More Terms to Know...

• **Legend** - a story coming down from the past, especially one popularly regarded as historical although not verifiable, i.e. the Fountain of Youth or Big Foot.

• **Folktale** - a characteristically anonymous, timeless, and placeless tale circulated orally among a people, i.e. Goldilocks and the Three Bears.

### Things we will read...

- "The World on the Turtle's Back"
  (Creation Myth)
- The Coyote Stories (Trickster Tales)
- Other various myths and tales.
- The Absolutely True Story of a Part-Time Indian by Sherman Alexie