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NEC Wind Ensemble, Symphonic Winds, and Chamber Singers

Charles Peltz and William Drury, conductors

with Scott Chamberlin, saxophone Winner, NEC Wind Ensemble Concerto Competition

> Tuesday, April 12, 2016 7:30 p.m. NEC's Jordan Hall

PROGRAM

Lento

Edison Denisov (1929–1996) arr. Dmitri Smirnov

Michael Weinstein (b. 1960)

Sonata for Alto Saxophone and Wind Ensemble Allegro

Allegro moderato Scott Chamberlin, saxophone

Winner, NEC Wind Ensemble Concerto Competition

Gott Hämmert (2015)

World premiere Marschlied Den Ausziehenden Die Schlacht bei Saarburg Heervolk Abschied Das Heerlager Zerschossener Baum Überfall Den Lebenden

> Meghan Jolliffe, soprano SarahAnn Duffy, alto Steven Keen Hyland, tenor Matthew O'Donnell, bass

NEC Chamber Singers Erica J. Washburn, director Graduate Assistants Holly Choe Boyang Yu

Flute

Oboe

Yinzi Zhou

Hyo Jin Park

Min Ha Kim

Mary O'Keefe

Andrew Port

Yousun Hah

Paul Hafley

Barret Ham

Bassoon

Alice Hsieh

HanYi Huang

Charles Tarver

Aleksis Martin

Nicholas Hooks

Clarinet

Daniel Calahorra Oliart

Department Assistant Maria Currie

Student Librarian Eric J. Rizzo

NEC Symphonic Winds

William Drury, conductor

French horn Megan Shusta **Reese Williams** Lorenzo Robb

Trumpet Mason Grainger Ray Liang Ivan Eremin Gavin Wright Marshall Kearse

Trombone Kyle Peck Robyn Smith Chet Stüssy Matthew Ethier

Cory Cheung Frank B. John II

Saxophone Chenguang Wang Chuze Sun Samuel Meyer

Percussion Harrison Honor Seth Burkhart Nathan Vendel

Wind Ensemble Graduate Assistants Holly Choe Boyang Yu

Department Assistant Maria Currie

Student Librarian Micah Gharavi

Tuba

NEC Wind Ensemble

Charles Peltz, conductor

Flute

Luis Roman Diaz II Feng-Chen Lu Jisun Oh Caitlin Oliver Holly Rudd Mona Sangesland HyeWon Suh Fanya Wyrick-Flax Wooyeon Milk Yoo Bi-le Zhang

Oboe

Nicole Caligiuri Jonathan Gentry Christine Soojin Kim Kyle Kurihara Elizabeth O'Neil Nicholas Tisherman Samuel Sise Waring

Clarinet

Nicholas Brown Matthew Griffith Ye Hu Somin Lee Daniel Parrette Brittnee Pool Stefan Van Sant Zi Hao Yang

Bassoon

Alex Amsel Andrea C. Baker Eric Tyler Barga Cheryl Fries Jesse Gardner Micah Gharavi Alexis Leon Kai Rocke Saxophone Scott Chamberlin Suzanne Grant Rachael Klavir Stephanie A. Muñoz Yijun Denis Ning Morgan Smallwood Wuxian Wen Jinhongmin Zhong Mike Zhou

French horn John Michael Adair Jessica Appolinario Alexandre Austin Andrew Bass Eileen Coyne **Julia Dombek** Hajime Goto Christian Gutierrez Lucy Olson Matt Pennington Alex Stening Seann Trull Trumpet Douglas Amos Shengduo Chen Maria Currie Gianluca Farina Matt Gaunitz Andrew Heath Justin Kohan Matthew McConnell Kevin F. Natoli Eric J. Rizzo Nathan Stoerzinger Samuel Thurston

Trombone **Taylor Blanton** Alfred Brewer Victoria Garcia Collin Griebling Kens Lui Harris Malasky lan Maser Bass Trombone Christopher Bassett Bryce Gillett David Hagee Tuba Ray Liu Nelson Woods Double Bass Boyang Yu Percussion Austin Allen Luis Herrera Albertazzi Andrew Johnson Rainice Lai Julian Loida Bryce Leafman Brian Maloney Charlie Rosmarin Mark Stein Sean Van Winkle Ye Young Yoon Harp Qiangian Chen Liwei Huang Elise Kolle Alix Raspé

Angelina Savoia Dana Schneider

Charles Ives (1874–1954)

(1874–1954) trans. Jonathan Elkus

Intermission

Decoration Day

NEC Wind Ensemble Charles Peltz, conductor

Brief pause

Symphonic Metamorphosis on Themes by Carl Maria von Weber Allegro

Turandot: Scherzo Andantino March

NEC Symphonic Winds William Drury, conductor

Paul Hindemith (1895–1963) trans. Keith Wilson

Denisov Sonata for Alto Saxophone and Wind Ensemble

Edison Denisov, although initially resolved to study physics and mathematics, earned a place as one of the leading composers of avant-garde music in the Soviet Union. He also served as an important link between many of his Russian colleagues and contemporary music in western Europe. This position led to an encounter with the French saxophone virtuoso Jean-Marie Londeix, and the creation of his *Sonate for Alto Saxophone and Piano* in 1970. This piece is now commonly regarded as among the finest sonatas in the saxophone repertoire and one of the first compositions to fully embrace the possibilities of the instrument in modern music.

The three movements provide striking contrast. Denisov embraces the idiomatic elements of many styles and the unique characteristics of the saxophone, all absorbed into his "post-serial" style. The first movement, with many angular shapes, abrupt outbursts, and interlocking textures, is contrasted with the subdued, meditative qualities of the second. This movement, almost entirely solo saxophone, is reminiscent of folk songs from the composer's native Siberia. Expressive micro-intervals and multiphonic sounds create splashes of color. The third movement has extraordinary rhythmic energy, with metric displacement, agitated rhythms and an obvious allusion to jazz. Despite their differences, some elements, mainly motivic shapes and gestures, are pervasive throughout the three movements. For example, the "DSCH" motif (pitches D-E \triangleright -C-B<code>\B</code>, a reference to the composer's teacher Dmitri Shostakovitch), can be heard clearly stated as the basis of the first and third movements.

The arrangement heard tonight was created by Dmitri Smirnov, for flute, two oboes, two clarinets, two bassoons, two horns, bass, and percussion. – Scott Chamberlin

Scott Chamberlin is an advocate for the saxophone in all music, new and old. He frequently performs in the Boston area with NEC ensembles, local orchestras, and as a chamber and solo musician. In addition to traditional performances at venues such as Jordan and Symphony Hall, he has presented and performed new music at institutions such as Boston University, Boston Conservatory, MIT, and many other music venues and community centers in the area. He has also recently given concerts in Austria, France, Germany, Poland, and the United Kingdom.

Promoting contemporary music is very important to Scott. He has

lves snatches us back into memory as a final plagal amen "breathes its benediction on the day". – Charles Peltz and Darryl Harper

Charles Peltz

Director of Wind Ensemble Activities

Besides his work with the NEC Wind Ensemble, Charles Peltz is music director of the Glens Falls Symphony, and his guest conducting has included the Syracuse Symphony, Buffalo Philharmonic, Merrick Symphony on Long Island, Pacific Symphony in Los Angeles, Hamilton (Canada) Philharmonic, and the New Jersey Ballet.

Peltz has recently had regular engagements with the Orquesta Nacional in Bogota, Colombia, and the Cross Border Orchestra of Ireland. He served for eleven seasons as Music Director and conductor of the orchestra at the Luzerne Summer Music Center. An award winning educator, he received NEC's Krasner Teaching Excellence Award and the 1992 Milton Plesure Excellence in Teaching Award from SUNY at Buffalo. His sixth CD on the Mode label features music from his 2000 appearance at the Lincoln Center Festival, where he conducted the New York-based Ensemble Sospeso as part of the festival's exploration of electronic music in the twentieth century.

William Drury

Director of Symphonic Winds

William Drury is NEC's Associate Conductor of Wind Ensembles and Director of the NEC Symphonic Winds. He is also Music Director and Conductor of the Southern New Hampshire University Orchestra and plays saxophone with the Jimmy Capone Big Band.

As a conductor, Drury has premiered works by composers such as Bell, Pinkham, Fletcher, Popkin, and Zorn; has conducted orchestras at Harvard, Brown, and Brandeis universities and numerous Air Force bands throughout the nation; and has previously been MIT's Assistant Conductor of Orchestras, conductor of the Boston Conservatory's Wind Ensemble, Assistant Conductor of the Civic Orchestra of Boston, and conductor of the Auros Chamber Orchestra. As a jazz saxophonist, Drury has performed with Natalie Cole, the Coasters, Dave Stewart and MFB, and played lead tenor sax with the Bob Curnow Big Band. Before entering undergraduate studies, he worked for five years as a track laborer for the Burlington Northern Railroad.

NEC Chamber Singers

Erica J. Washburn, Director of Choral Activities Ethan Lobenstine, graduate assistant conductors Sally Millar, administrator

Timothy Ayres-Kerr Kyle Bejnerowicz Isaac Roth Blumfield Vivian Buchanan Julia Anne Cohen SarahAnn Duffy Michael Alexander González Andrew Haig Anneke Harger Johan Hartman Steven Keen Hyland Meghan Jolliffe Joanna Kim Nicole Leung Ethan Lobenstine Matthew O'Donnell Wenceslas Ostasenko Bosba Panh Alexandra Chace Purdy Jonathan Richardson Richard Rivale Pepita Salim Pauline Ann Tan Öznur Tülüoğlu

Ives Decoration Day

"these..... holiday movements...are but attempts to make pictures in music of common events in the lives of common people....."

Decoration Day is the second movement in Charles Ives' A Symphony: New England Holidays. As its title suggests, each movement depicts a particular national holiday. In Ives' time, Decoration Day commemorated the dead of the Civil War and was the predecessor of what is now Memorial Day. This movement was the last of four movements to be finished (1913), and was set aside for many years before being performed. Ives revised the piece in 1931, and it has been performed and recorded many times since. It has become for many the most sophisticated, and still heartfelt, of those pieces attempting to honor those Americans who have made the ultimate sacrifice in wartime.

In this transcription (1962) by Jonathan Elkus, we hear the opening whisper of Adeste fidelis which used in Ives' time as a Decoration Day – not only Christmas – anthem. From this quote we hear a three note motive that rises and falls in a mystical texture, as if searching for the more concrete memories of the day. This first section ends as we hear Adeste in fuller form, followed by the ghosts of Civil War veterans as they sing their camp songs: Tenting on the Old Campground and Battle Cry of Freedom and Yankee Doodle. But we are roused from that reverie by a ginning up of the tempo and we rush headlong into the longest quote in all of Ives' music, The 2nd Regiment Connecticut March. But just as quickly as reality was bestowed, worked in various settings with many composers, including Felipe Pinto D'Aguiar, Peter Aldins, Claudio Gabriele, Michael Gandolfi, Felipe Lara, Terry Riley, Max Stern, Joan Tower, and others. This has resulted in a number of world premiere performances, such as an all-live saxophone ensemble version of Terry Riley's *Poppy Nogood and the Phantom Band* (in honor of the composers 80th birthday), and the European premier of Felipe Lara's *Capriccio*, for saxophone quartet, at the World Saxophone Congress (Strasbourg, France). Additionally, as a member of the Chagall Performing Arts Collective and as a solo artist, he has presented and promoted many works by local composers.

Scott is completing a master's degree at New England Conservatory, studying with Kenneth Radnofsky.

Weinstein Gott Hämmert

Gott Hämmert for chorus and wind ensemble is offered as a memorial tribute to the German Jewish veterans of the First World War. They served Kaiser and country in large numbers for the same patriotic reasons as their fellow Germans. One hundred years ago, at this exact time, the ultimate disaster of disasters at Verdun was in full swing. Ernst Toller was there briefly and never recovered from his experience in the front lines (today we call it PTSD). Alfred Lichtenstein and Walter Heymann were both killed in action on the Western front within the first year of the war. Their poems are terrifyingly prescient and poignant. The title for the piece comes from the poem "Heervolk" by Leo Sternberg published in 1916. The last line of the poem reads "Gott hämmert ein Volk" (God hammered a people). Above the poem there is a quotation from Nehemiah Chapter 4:18 about the Jews rebuilding the walls of Jerusalem after the Babylonian captivity in the 5th century. Their immediate neighbors were not happy with the idea, and the Jews were required to wear their swords even while climbing the scaffolds during the reconstruction work. This is a fairly obscure and late portion of the Old Testament, but I suspect Sternberg equated Germany's situation in 1914 with that of the Israelites. How ironic that the contributions of the German Jewish veterans were ultimately ignored and even suppressed by the Nazis as they came to power. In wartime the hammer strikes all people.

When I was growing up in Albany, NY during the 1960s and 70s my German mother befriended Hanna Gumpel (1902-1995). She and her physician husband Oscar had fled Germany in the 1930s; her parents died in the Holocaust. Frau Gumpel, as she was affectionately known, became our substitute mother/grandmother figure, and may she be of blessed memory. Knowing my interest in history, she gave me a WWI service medal given to some member of her family – it is in my pocket tonight and was on my music stand during the composition of this piece. On the face of the medal is a silhouette of Kaiser Wilhelm and Emperor Franz Joseph under the title EINIG UND STARK (*unified and strong*). She gave it away freely because I suspect it had lost meaning for her as her native Germany turned out to be yet another Babylon for the Jews.

The nine poems were written just before or during the war except for Toller's "Den Lebenden." The idea of walking through the gate towards a brighter tomorrow is a hopeful image.

I am grateful to Erica Washburn and Charles Peltz and the NEC Chamber Singers and Wind Ensemble for the opportunity to write a piece that I have been waiting my whole life to create. — *Michael Weinstein*

Michael H. Weinstein is a composer, theorist, educator, and hornist. He studied at S.U.N.Y. Purchase (B.F.A.), New England Conservatory (M.M.), and received his Ph.D in Composition and Theory from Brandeis University in 1991. He is the chair of the music department at the Cambridge School of Weston, an Assistant Professor of Composition at Berklee College of Music, and teaches theory classes at New England Conservatory's Preparatory Division. He is third horn with the Symphony New Hampshire. His works have been commissioned, performed, and recorded by organizations such as the NEC Wind Ensemble and Symphony Orchestra, the USAF Band (Washington, D.C.), the Boston Landmarks Orchestra, the Boston Classical Orchestra, the Symphony by the Sea, the Civic Symphony of Boston, the Boston Conservatory Symphony Orchestra, the MIT Wind Ensemble, the Washington Winds, the ars nova ensemble Berlin, the University of Washington Wind Ensemble, and the League ISCM - Boston among others. His music is published by Boosey & Hawkes and Micha Music. Recent performances have taken place in Seattle, New York, Washington, D.C., Boston, Berlin, Paris, and Moscow.

Überfall

Schon Untergang -Das war aber schnell ... Kaum Spur von Aufgang - -

Ich bin über die Welt gewachsen. Ich bin der Allgott geworden Und furchtbar wach. Und jetzt muß ich den Tod wegwerfen ...

Mein Sterben ist stumm Und ohne Bilder Ohne Erlösung —

Alfred Lichtenstein

Den Lebenden

Euch ziemt nicht Trauern, Euch ziemt nicht Verweilen. Euch ward Vermächtnis Getränkt Vom Herzblut der Brüder Euer Wartet die schaffende Tat Lastend Bedränget den Nacken Die Zeit Aufsprengt Dem helleren Morgen Die Tore!

Ernst Toller

Ambush

Twilight already -That was fast ... Hardly a trace of the dawn –

I have grown greater than the world. I have become the God of all things And terrifyingly awake, And now I must throw off death ...

My death is mute And without images Without salvation ---

To the Living

It is not seemly For you all to mourn, It is not seemly For you all to linger You have become the legacy Soaked From the lifeblood of the brothers Yours Wait the completed Deed Is burdening Is oppressing your necks Time Bursts open The gates To the bright morning!

Translations by Michael Weinstein and Gary Harger

Das Heerlager

Unser Erwachen: "Wie steht die Schlacht?" Wenn wir uns niederlegen: "Was wird sich entscheiden die Nacht?" Zum heerlager wurde die Welt ... Mit den Toten Seite an Seite liegen wir und traümen: Rauschen fahnen im Dunkeln? Die Sterne funkeln Schweigend ... flügelwehen der Boten

zwischen den himmlischen Räumen und der Schlacht...

Leo Sternberg

Zerschossener Baum

Der Baum am Meer gepeitscht vom Nordweste; der Baum starrt leer, reckt sturmzerschossene Äste senhsüchtig auf zur himmlischen Feste. Er hat den Stürmen, die ihn umwittert, nicht fallen müssen. Nun ist ihm von Schüssen vom Freund und Feind die Krone zersplittert. Entarmt und kahl, schwarz, karg, fahl, bettelt er Knospen vom Sternenheer.

Walter Heymann

The Encampment

Our awakening: "How goes the battle?" When we lie down: "What will happen in the night?" The world has become an army camp .. with the dead Side by side we lie together and dream: Do flags rustle in the dark? The stars shine Silently ... flapping wings of the messenger Between the celestial spaces And the battle...

Shot up Tree

The tree on the water Lashed from the northwest; The tree stares vacantly, Stretched storm-damaged branches Longing for heavenly protection. The storms That shrouded him Did not need to fall. Now the shots From friend and foe Have split the crown. Without arms and bald, black, austere, pale he begs for buds from the host of stars.

Marschlied

Wir Wandrer zum Tode, Der Erdnot geweiht, Wir kranzlose Opfer Zu Letztern bereit.

Wir Preis einer Mutter, Die nie sich erfüllt, Wir wunschlose Kinder Von Schmerzen gestillt,

Wir Tränen der Frauen, Wir lichtlose Nacht, Wir Waisen der Erde Ziehn stumm in die Schlacht.

Ernst Toller

Den Ausziehenden

Kennt keiner das Buch, in dem geschrieben steht,
daß dieser falle und jener heil heimwärts geht.
Doch später ist in Stein und Lied zu lesen,
die im Kampfe fielen, sind unsere Besten gewesen.

Viele aber glauben, es sei vorbestimmt,

Ob einen die Kugel ausläßt oder herübernimmt und bliebest du zu Hause und wärest nicht dabei, in Kriegszeiten irren viele Kugeln frei.

Marching Song

We walk towards death Given over to the world's urging We uncrowned offerings Ready to the last.

We prize of a mother Whose dream will never be fulfilled, We contented children Nursed by pain,

We tears of the women, We lightless night, We orphans of the Earth Go silently into the battle.

To the Departed

No one knows the book, in which it is written, That this one dies, and another goes home unscathed. Yet later we read in stone and song Those who fell in battle, were our best.

But many believe, that it is predetermined, Whether the bullet misses one or takes another – And were you to stay at home and were not there, In wartime many bullets miss their mark.

(The text continues on the following page. Please turn the page quietly.)

Wo aber steht es geschrieben, frag ich, daß von allen
ich übrig bleiben soll, ein andrer für mich fallen?
Wer immer von euch fällt, der stirbt gewiß für mich Und ich soll übrig bleiben? Warum denn ich!

Walter Heymann

Die Schlacht bei Saarburg

Die Erde verschimmelt im Nebel. Der Abend drückt wie Blei. Rings reißt elektrisches Krachen Und wimmernd bricht alles entzwei.

Wie schlechte Lumpen qualmen Die Dörfer am Horizont Ich liege gottverlassen In der knatternden Schützenfront.

Viel kupferne feindliche Vögelein Surren um Herz und Hirn. Ich stemme mich steil in das Graue Und biete dem Morden die Stirn.

Alfred Lichtenstein

Und die Bauleute hatten jeder sein Schwert um die hüfte gegürtet und baueten.

Nehemiah 4:18

But where is it written, I ask, that of everyone I should remain behind, and someone else fall for me? And whoever falls, you die for me -

And I should be left behind? Why me!

The Battle at Saarburg

The earth covered like mold in fog. The evening presses down like lead. All around the sound of electrical clicks And whimpering everything breaks in two.

Like trash heaps the villages Smolder on the horizon I lie godforsaken In the crackling frontlines.

Many copper enemy birds Zip around heart and head. I brace myself in the greyness And offer death my forehead.

And the workers each had their Sword girded around their hips and built.

Heervolk

Wir stehen als Wächter auf den Zinnen

das Baugerüsts; als Posten auf den Wällen

der Schienen und Schächte, mit gegürteten Sinnen am Werke des friedens, erwartend das Trompetengellen, das uns reißt zur Schlacht.

... Gott hämmert ein Volk.

Leo Sternberg

Abschied

Vorm Sterben mache ich noch mein Gedicht. Still, Kameraden, stört mich nicht.

Wir ziehn zum Krieg. Der Tod ist unser Kitt.O, heulte mir doch die Geliebte nit.

Was liegt an mir. Ich gehe gerne ein. Die Mutter weint. Man muß aus Eisen sein.

Die Sonne fällt zum Horizont hinab. Bald wirft man mich ins milde Massengrab.

Am Himmel brennt das brave Abendrot. Vielleicht bin ich in dreizehn Tagen tot.

Alfred Lichtenstein

Army Folk

We stand as watchmen on the pinnacle of the scaffolding, as sentinels on the ramparts of the rails and shafts, with girded senses doing the work of peace, waiting for the trumpet sounds that rouses us to battle.

... God hammered a people.

Taking leave

Before dying I still write my poem.

Quiet, Comrades, don't bother me.

We go to war. Death is our lot.

O, don't let my beloved cry.

What is it to me. I go gladly. The Mothers cry. One must be made out of Iron.

The sun goes down on the horizon. Soon someone will throw me into a mass grave.

In the sky sunset burns sweetly red. Perhaps in thirteen days I will be dead.