SIEMENS

Technical Instructions

Document No. 155-173P25 EA GCA-1 March 17, 2006

OpenAir[™]

GCA Series Spring Return 142 lb-in Electronic Damper Actuators





Features

- Brushless DC motor technology with stall protection
- Bi-directional fail-safe spring return
- Patented self-centering shaft coupling
- Manual override
- 142 lb-in (16 Nm) torque
- 5° preload as shipped from factory
- Offset and span adjustment models available
- Models with independently adjustable dual auxiliary switches available
- UL and cUL listed

Application

These actuators are designed for use in constant or variable air volume installations for the control of return air, mixed air, exhaust, and face and bypass dampers requiring up to 142 lb-in (16 Nm) torque. They are designed for applications that require the damper to return to a fail-safe position when there is a power failure.

Product Numbers

Table 1.

	Operating Voltage		Control			Cables		Built-in Control Options					
Product Number	24 Vac ± 20%	24 Vdc ±10%	120 Vac ± 10%	0 to 10 Vdc	2 to 10 Vdc or 0 to 10 Vdc	3-position	2-position	Standard	Plenum	Position Feedback	Dual Auxiliary Switches	Signal Inversion	Offset 0 to 5 Vdc Span 2 to 30 Vdc
GCA121.1U	•	•					•	•					
GCA121.1P	•	•					•		•				
GCA126.1U	•	•					•	•			•		
GCA126.1P	•	•					•		•		•		
GCA221.1U			•				•	•					
GCA226.1U			•				•	•			•		
GCA131.1U	•	•				•		•					
GCA131.1P	•	•				•			•				
GCA132.1U	•	•				•			•	•			
GCA132.1P	•	•				•		•		•			
GCA136.1U	•	•				•			•		•		
GCA136.1P	•	•				•		•			•		
GCA151.1U	•	•			•			•		•		•	
GCA151.1P	•	•			•				•	•		•	
GCA156.1U	•	•			•			•		•	•	•	
GCA156.1P	•	•			•				•	•	•	•	
GCA161.1U	•	•		•				•		•			
GCA161.1P	•	•		•					•	•			
GCA163.1U	•	•		•				•		•			•
GCA163.1P	•	•		•					•	•			•
GCA164.1U	•	•		•				•		•	•		•
GCA164.1P	•	•		•					•	•	•		•
GCA166.1U	•	•		•				•		•	•		
GCA166.1P	•	•		•					•	•	•		

Warning/Caution Notations

WARNING:	A	Personal injury/loss of life may occur if you do not perform a procedure as specified.
CAUTION:	A	Equipment damage may occur if you do not follow a procedure as specified.

Speci	ifications
-------	------------

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature

operation

-25°F to 130°F (-32°C to 55°C) storage and transport -40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)

Ambient humidity (non-condensing)

Agency certification

UL listed to UL60730

(to replace UL873)

cUL certified to Canadian Standard

C22.2 No. 24-93

95% rh

		022.2.33.2.30						
Power Supply		GCA16x	GCA15x	GCA13x	GCA12x	GCA22x		
	Operating Voltage (G-G0)	24 Vac ± 20% 24 Vdc ± 10%	24 Vac ± 20% 24 Vdc ± 10%	24 Vac± 20% 24 Vdc ± 10%	24 Vac ± 20% 24 Vdc ± 10%	120 Vac ± 10% —		
	Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz		
	Power Consumption							
	running	9 VA/7W	9 VA/7W	8 VA/6W	8 VA/6W	9 VA		
	holding	5 VA/7W	5 VA/4W	5 VA/4W	3 VA/3W	9 VA		
		GCA16x	GCA15x	GCA13x	GCA12x	GCA22x		
0 (1	Input Signal (Y–G0)	0 to 10 Vdc (max. 35 Vdc)	0 to 10 Vdc or 2 to 10 Vdc	3-Position	2-Position	2-Position		
Control Signal	voltage input		(max. 35 Vdc)					
	input resistance	>100K ohms	>100K ohms	_	_	_		
		GCA16x	GCA15x	GCA13x	GCA12X	GCA22x		
Feedback Signal	Position output signal (U-G0)	0 to 10 Vdc	0 to 10 Vdc	0 to 1000 ohms <10 Ma		_		
J.g	voltage output			(GCA 132x only) Load <1W				
	maximum output current	±1 mA	+1 mA,5 mA	_	_	_		
Function		Running/spring	return torque					
		Operating v Maximum torque			42 lb-in (16 Nm) 360 lb-in (40 Nm)			
		Runtime for 90° operating w	ith motor power loss) with spr		00 seconds 5 seconds typical			
Equipment rating		3 (1) (1)			Class 2, in accordance with UL/CSA			
Mounting		Nominal angle of	of rotation	g	90°			
wounting		Maximum angul		9	95°			
		Shaft size		3	3/8-inch to 1-inch (8 mm	to 25.6 mm) dia.		
				1	/4-inch to 5/8-inch (6 to	18 mm) square		
		Minimum shaft I	ength	3	3/4-inch (20 mm)			

Specifications,	Control signal adjustment			
continued	Offset (start point)	Between 0 Vdc to 5 Vdc		
	Factory setting	0 Vdc		
Auxiliary features	Span	Between 2 Vdc to 30 Vdc		
	Dual auxiliary switches			
	AC rating (Standard cable)	24 Vac to 250 Vac		
		AC 6A resistive		
		AC 2A FLA, 12LRA		
	AC rating (Plenum cable)	24 Vac		
		AC 4A resistive		
		AC 2A, FLA, 12 LRA		
	DC rating (Standard/Plenum cable)	12 Vdc to 30 Vdc		
		DC 2A		
	Switch Range			
	Switch A	0 to 90° with 5° intervals		
	Recommended range usage	0 to 45°		
	Factory setting	5°		
	Switch B	0 to 90° with 5° intervals		
	Recommended range usage	45° to 90°		
	Factory setting	85°		
	Switching hysteresis	2°		



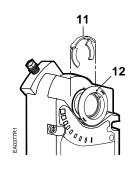
WARNING:

Apply only AC-line voltage from the same phase or only UL-Class 2 voltage to the switching outputs of both auxiliary switches A and B. Mixed operation is not permissible.

NOTE: With plenum cables, only UL-Class 2 voltage is permitted.

Specifications, continued	Enclosure	NEMA 2 in vertical to horizontal 90° See Figure 17.		
		NEMA 3R rated when installed with ASK75.1U Weather Shield in the vertical position. See Figure 18. See <i>Accessories</i> , Figure 9.		
Housing	Material Gear lubrication	Die cast aluminum alloy Silicone-free		
Miscellaneous	Pre-cabled connection	18 AWG		
	Cable length	3 feet (0.9 m)		
	Noise level	<45 dBA (running)		
	Life cycle	Designed for over 60,000 full strokes and a minimum of 1.5 million repositions at rated torque and temperature.		
	Dimensions	See Figure 29.		
	Weight	4.85 lb (2.2 kg)		
Actuator	~ &	Legend		

Actuator Components



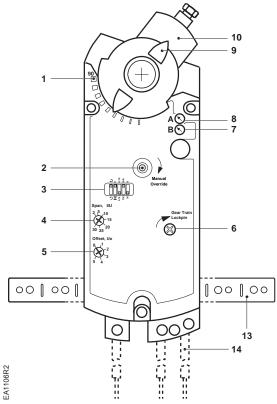


Figure 1. Modulating GCA Actuator.

NOTE: Not all features are on all models.

See Table 1 for a listing of features per

model.

- 1. Positioning scale for angle of rotation
- Manual override wrench opening and direction of rotation arrow
- 3. DIP switches
- 4. Span adjustment
- 5. Offset (start point) adjustment
- 6. Gear train lock pin
- 7. Auxiliary switch B
- 8. Auxiliary switch A
- 9. Position indicator
- 10. Self-centering shaft adapter
- 11. Shaft adapter locking clip
- 12. Position indicator adapter
- 13. Mounting bracket
- 14. Connection cables

Accessories

NOTE:

The control signal adjustment cannot be added in the field. Order the product number that includes the option(s).



Figure 2. Floor Mount Kit.

ASK71.1U: Allows foot mounting of OpenAir actuators. Should be used for in-the-air stream applications, and generally, anywhere a foot-mounted actuator can be mounted. Kit contains:

- Crank arm for changing angular rotation into a linear
- Support bearing ring to minimize side loading on the actuator's output bearing.
- Mounting bracket.
- Required mounting fasteners.

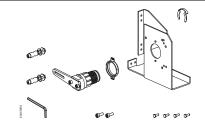


Figure 3. Frame Mount Kit.

ASK71.2U: Allows mounting OpenAir actuators directly to damper frame. Should be used with louvers and vents and in applications where floor mount kit is not possible. Kit contains:

- Crank arm for changing angular rotation into a linear
- Support bearing ring to minimize side loading on the actuator's output bearing.
- Mounting bracket.
- Required mounting fasteners.



ASK71.3: Allows direct-coupled actuator to provide an auxiliary linear drive. Crank arm kit can be used to simultaneously drive a set of opposing or adjacent dampers with single actuator. Kit includes:

- Crank arm to attach to the splined hub of the shaft adapter.
- Other required mounting fasteners.



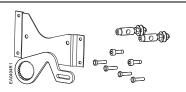


Figure 5. Crank Arm Kit with **Mounting Bracket.**

ASK71.4: Allows economical mounting of OpenAir actuator to a variety of surfaces. Kit should be used in applications where the actuator can be rigid-surface mounted and linear stroke output is required. Kit includes:

Crank arm to attach to the splined hub of the shaft adapter.

ASK73.1: Bracket provides an extended anti-rotation pin allowing two OpenAir actuators to directly drive a single

Mounting bracket.

damper shaft.

Other required mounting fasteners.

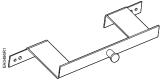
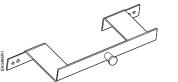


Figure 6. Tandem Mount Bracket.



ASK73.2U: Bracket provides an extended anti-rotation pin allowing two OpenAir modulating actuator to directly drive a single damper shaft. (For GCA16x Series only.)



Figure 7. Tandem Mount Bracket.

Accessories, Continued



Figure 8. Special Shaft Adapter.

ASK74.1U: Shaft adapter will attach to a 1.05-inch (26.6 mm) diameter shaft; the standard self-centering adapter will accept up to a one-inch (25.4 mm) diameter shaft.

- Adapter can be used for coupling to slightly oversized one-inch (25.4 mm) jackshafts.
- Shaft adapter is 13/16-inches (20 mm) shorter than the height of the self-centering shaft adapter.

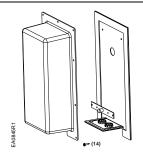


Figure 9. Weather Shield.

ASK75.1U: GCA actuators are UL listed to meet NEMA 3R requirements (a degree of protection against rain, sleet, and damage from external ice formation) when installed with ASK75.1U Weather Shield and outdoor-rated conduit fittings in the vertical position.

For dimensions, see Figure 28.

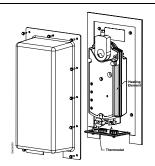


Figure 10. Heater/Weather Shield Assembly.

985-106: Provides protection for GIB, GBB and GCA OpenAir actuators down to temperatures of -58°F (-50°C). Assembly includes:

- · Weather Shield
- Heater Kit



985-124: Used for converting a 4 to 20 mA controller output signal into a 2 to 10 Vdc actuator signal.

Figure 11. 499 Ohm Resistor Assembly Kit.

Service Parts



985-003 Position indicators (10/pkg)



985-004 Standard shaft adapter



985-006Anti-rotation (mounting) bracket



985-008
Conduit adapter, 1/2-inch (12 mm) for 1/2-inch NPT connector.

Figure 12. Orderable Service Parts.

Operation

GCA12x and GCA22x: 2-Position Control

When power is applied, the actuator coupling moves toward the open position 90°.

GCA13x: 3-Position Control

A floating control signal controls the damper actuator. The actuator's angle of rotation is proportional to the length of time the signal is applied. A 24 Vac/dc control signal to Y1 causes the actuator coupling to rotate clockwise. A 24 Vac/dc control signal to Y2 causes the actuator coupling to rotate counterclockwise.

With no control voltage, the damper actuator holds its position.

GCA16x and GCA15x: Modulating Control

A continuous 0 to 10 Vdc or 2 to 10 Vdc signal from a controller to wire Y operates the damper actuator. The angle of rotation is proportional (or inverse proportional) to the control signal. A 0 to 10 Vdc, or 2 to 10 Vdc position feedback output signal is available between wires U and G0 (system neutral) to monitor the position of the damper actuator.

In the event of a power failure or when the operating voltage is shut off, all actuator models will return to the 0 position.

In the event of a blockage in a damper, actuators are overload protected over the full range to prevent damage to the actuators.

Life expectancy

An improperly tuned loop will cause excessive repositioning that will shorten the life of the actuator.

Implementation of DIP Switch Features (GCA15x Only)

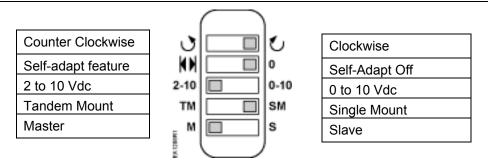


Figure 13. GCA15x Series.

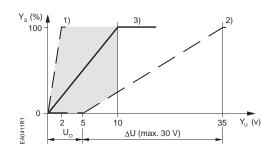
Control Signals

EA0287R1

Control Signal Adjustment

GCA 163 and GCA164

The offset (start point) and span of the control signal can be adjusted. The offset, Uo, can be adjusted between 0 to 5 Vdc. The span, ΔU , can be adjusted between 2 to 30 Vdc.



Ys Mechanical positioning range (100% = angle of rotation 90°)

Yu Control signal Uo Offset (start point)

∆U Span

Uo = 0V, Δ U = 2V The minimum working range for Ys = 100%

1. Uo = 5V, Δ U = 30V The maximum working range for Ys = 100%

mum working Setting for Ys = 100% 10V span 0V offset

2. Uo = 0V, $\Delta U \approx 10V$ Factory setting

Figure 14. The Minimum and Maximum Control Signal Adjustment.

Example:

Open the actuator from 0% to 50% (45°) using a control signal of Umin = 2V to Umax = 10V.

Calculating the value of ΔU :

$$\Delta U = \frac{100 \, [\%] \, (U \, max - U \, min)}{\text{Working angle of rotation in } \%} = \frac{100 \, x \, (10 - 2)}{50} = 16 V$$

Settings

Umin = minimum control signal Umax = maximum control signal

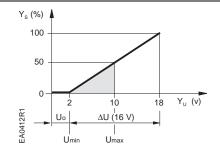
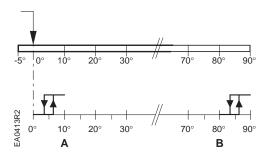


Figure 15. Example.

Dual Auxiliary Switch

GCAxx4, GCAxx6



Actuator rotary range with the shaft adapter mounted at position "0".

Setting range for switches A and B

Setting interval: 5°

Switching hysteresis: 2°

To change the settings of A and B:

- Make sure the actuator is in the "0", failsafe position. The scale is valid only in the "0" position.
- 2. Use a flat-blade screwdriver to turn the switch adjustment dials to the desired setting at which a signal is to be given.

Factory setting:

Switch A 5° Switch B 85°

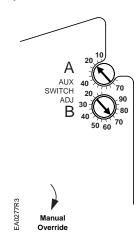


Figure 16. Dual Auxiliary Switch Dials.

NOTE: For GCA15x actuators with signal inversion switch set to Inverse Acting, 90° corresponds to either a 0 to 10 Vdc or a 2 to 10 Vdc. Vdc input signal depends on the input signal selection.

Sizing

The type of actuator required depends on several factors.

- 1. Obtain damper torque ratings (ft-lb/ft² or Nm/m²) from the damper manufacturer.
- Determine the area of the damper.
- 3. Calculate the total torque required to move the damper:

Total Torque =
$$\frac{\text{Torque Rating} \times \text{Damper Area}}{\text{SF}^1}$$

4. Select the actuator type using Table 2.

NOTE: Mechanically coupled actuators must all be of the exact same type except for the dual auxiliary switches and feedback potentiometer options. Make sure to use the correct tandem-mounting bracket. See Table 2.

¹ Safety Factor: When calculating the total torque required, a safety factor should be included for unaccountable variables such as slight misalignments, aging of the damper, etc. A suggested safety factor is 0.80.

Table 2.						
Sizing						
Total Torque Actuator						
<62 lb-in (7 Nm)	GMA					
>62 lb-in <142 lb-in (>7 Nm <16 Nm)	GCA					
>142 lb-in <284 lb-in	ASK73.2U*: Tandem mounting bracket with any combination of GCA16x.					
(>16 Nm <32 Nm)						
	ASK73.1U*: Tandem mounting bracket for all other GCAx actuators.					

NOTE: Used for tandem applications up to four actuators.*

Mounting and Installation

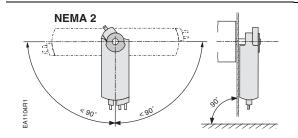


Figure 17.
Acceptable NEMA 2-Positions.

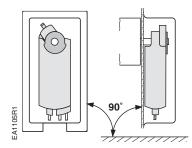


Figure 18.
Only Acceptable Position for NEMA Type 3R Rating Using ASK75.1U Weather Shield.

The GCA actuator is UL listed to meet NEMA Type 3R requirements (a degree of protection against rain, sleet, and damage from external ice formation) when installed with the Weather Shield (product number ASK75.1U) and outdoor-rated conduit fittings. Actuator must be in the vertical position.

- The shaft adapter and the position indicator can be mounted on either side of the actuator. The actuator mounting orientation and shaft length determine how they will be mounted on the actuator.
- The minimum damper drive shaft length is 3/4-inch (20 mm).
- See *Specifications* for the minimum and maximum damper shaft dimensions.
- The actuator is shipped from the factory with a 5° preload enabling tight close off of the damper in power-failclose applications.
- A mounting bracket is included with the actuator.
- The shaft adapter and mounting parts are shipped in a separate container with the actuator.
- See the detailed mounting instructions included with each actuator.

Flip the actuator to select either clockwise or counterclockwise fail-safe rotation of the damper shaft. Follow steps 1, 2, and 3 of Table 3 to determine the correct actuator mounting orientation.

1 Damper Type Determining the Actuator **Mounting Orientation** 2 Power Fail Close Open Close Open **Spring Return** Position 3 Actuator Mounting Orientation $Y = 10V \Omega$ GCA15x Using 2 to 10 **Modulating Control** Y = 2V Ω Open Close Close Open GCA15x or GCA16x Using 0 to 10 Y = 10V (or Y = Uo + ΔU) Y = 2V Q GCA15x Using 2 to 10 Y = 10V ົ Close Open Close Open EA1040R2 GCA15x or GCA16x Using 0 to 10 Y = 0V (or Y = Uo) Close Close Open Open 3-Position GCA13x Close Close Open Open Y2 · 2-Position GCA12x Power On Open Close Open Close GCA22x

Table 3. Actuator Mounting Orientation and Damper Control.

Manual override

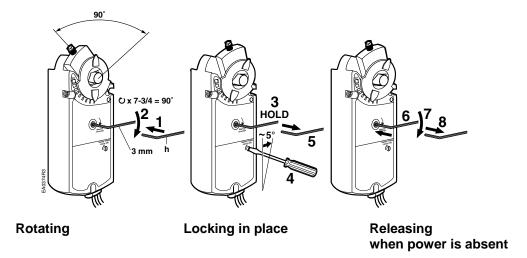


Figure 19. Manual Override.

Always turn the key in the direction of the arrow.



CAUTION:

When engaging the gear train lock pin, be careful to turn only about five degrees until you hear a click or meet slight resistance. Turning too far will strip the lock pin.

To release manual override, either restore power and send a control signal; or when power is absent, insert the 3 mm hex key in the override opening, turn the key in the direction of the arrow and remove the key.

Mechanical Range Adjustment

The angular rotation is adjustable between 0 and 90° at five-degree intervals. To limit the range of shaft movement, remove the locking clip and self-adjusting shaft adapter. Rotate the damper blade shaft to its failed position. Rotate the shaft coupling to the desired position. Insert the shaft adapter into the actuator and fasten it with the locking clip. See Figure 20.

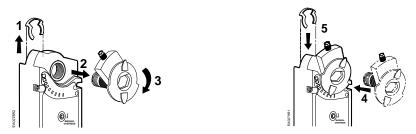


Figure 20. Mechanical Range Adjustment.

Wiring

All wiring must conform to NEC and local codes and regulations.

Use earth ground isolating step-down Class 2 transformers. Do not use autotransformers.

The maximum rating for a Class 2 step-down transformer is 100 VA. Determine the supply transformer rating by summing the VA ratings of all actuators and other components used. It is recommended that one transformer power not more than nine actuators (or 80% of its VA).



WARNING:

Mixed switch operation is not permitted to the switching outputs of both auxiliary switches (A and B).

Either AC line voltage from the same phase must be applied to all six outputs of the dual auxiliary switches, or UL-Class 2 voltage must be applied to all six outputs.

NOTE: With plenum cables, only UL-Class 2 voltage is permitted.

GCA15x.1x (0 to 10 Vdc or 2 to 10 Vdc) for Tandem Application (Master/Slave)

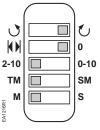


Figure 21. Tandem Application DIP Switch Settings.

- After setting the 4th DIP switch for TM (tandem mount) on all actuators used in the tandem application, one actuator must be identified as the Master by selecting the "M" on the 5th DIP switch.
- The rest of the actuators used in the application must have the "S" (slave) set on the 5th DIP switch.
- Connect all the 2 (black) Neutral wires and connect them to the power supply.
- Connect all the 1 (red) Supply wires together and connect them to the power supply.
- The Output Signal 9 (pink) wire, identified as the Master actuator, needs to be connected to all the Control Signal Wires 8 (gray) of the slave actuators used in the tandem application.

Wire Designations

Each wire has the standard symbol printed on it. See Table 4.

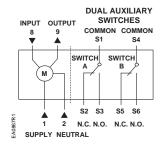


Figure 22. GCA15x, GCA16x, Modulating Control.

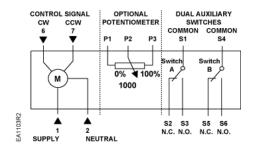


Figure 24. GCA13x, 3-Position Control.

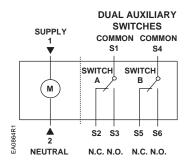


Figure 23. GCA12x, 2-Position Control.

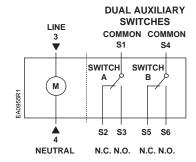


Figure 25. GCA22x, 2-Position Control.

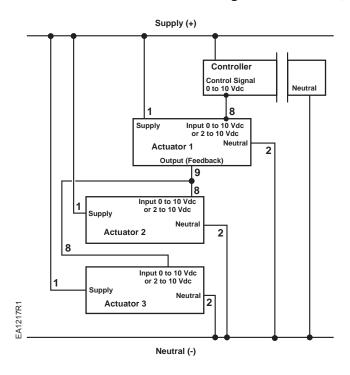


Figure 26. GCA15x.1x for Tandem Application (Master/Slave).

Table 4. Wire Designations.

Standard	ndard		Color		
Symbol	Function	Designations	Standard	Plenum	
1	Supply (SP)	G	Red	Red	
2	Neutral (SN)	G0	Black	Black	
3	Line (120 Vac)	L	Black	Black	
4	Neutral (120 Vac)	N	While	While	
6	Control Signal clockwise (GCA13x)	Y1	Violet	Violet	
7	Control Signal counterclockwise (GCA13x)	Y2	Orange	Orange	
8	Input signal: 0 to 10 Vdc (GCA16x) or 2 to 10 Vdc (GCA15x)	Υ	Gray	Gray	
9	Position output: 0 to 10 Vdc (GCA15x & GCA16x)	U	Pink	Pink	
S1	Switch A Common	Q11	Gray/red	Gray/red	
S2	Switch A NC	Q12	Gray/blue	Gray/blue	
S3	Switch A NO	Q14	Gray/pink	Gray/pink	
S4	Switch B Common	Q21	Black/red	Black/red	
S5	Switch B NC	Q22	Black/blue	Black/blue	
S6	Switch B NO	Q24	Black/pink	Black/pink	
P1	Feedback Potentiometer 0 to 100% P1 – P2	Α	White/red	Black	
P2	Feedback Potentiometer – Common	В	White/blue	Black	
P3	Feedback Potentiometer 100 to 0% P3 – P2	С	White/pink	Black	

Start-Up/ Commissioning GCA12x (24 Vac) GCA22x (120 Vac)

1. Check Operation:

- a. Switch on 24 Vac/dc power (or 120 Vac GCA22x).
- b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
- c. Switch off 24 Vac/dc power (or 120 Vac GCA22x).The actuator shaft coupling will return to the "0" position.

2. Check Spring Return:

- a. Switch on 120 Vac power.
- b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate halfway.
- c. Switch off 120 Vac power.

The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail "0" position.

3. Check the Auxiliary Switch A:

- a. Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- b. Connect wires S1 and S3 to the DMM.

The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.

c. Switch on 120 Vac power.

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.

d. Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM.

The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.

e. Switch off 120 Vac power.

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.

4. Check the Auxiliary Switch B:

- Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- b. Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM.

The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.

c. Switch on 24 Vac power.

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

d. Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM.

The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.

e. Switch off 24 Vac power.

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

Start-Up/ Commissioning, Continued — GCA13x

1. Check Operation:

- a. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to 24 Vdc power supply.
- Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 6 (violet).
- c. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
- d. Stop applying a control signal to wire 6 (violet).
- e. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 7 (orange).
- f. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 90 to 0°.

2. Check Spring Return:

- a. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 6 (violet).
- b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate half way.
- c. Disconnect wire 1 (red).
- d. The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail "0" position.
- e. Connect wire 1 (red). The actuator shaft coupling begins to move.

3. Check Feedback:

- a. Set the digital multimeter (DMM) dial to ohms.
- b. Connect wires P1 and P2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate a resistive value.
- c. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 6 (violet).
 - The reading of the DMM should increase.
- d. Stop applying a control signal to wire 6 (violet).
- e. Connect wires P2 and P3 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate a resistive value.
- f. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 7 (orange).
 - The reading of the DMM should increase.

4. Check the Auxiliary Switch A:

- a. Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- b. Connect wires S1 and S3 to DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
- c. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 6 (violet).
 - The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
- d. Stop applying a control signal to wire 6 (violet).
- e. Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
- f. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 7 (orange).
 - The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator actuator-shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.

5. Check the Auxiliary Switch B:

- a. Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- b. Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
- c. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 6 (violet).
 - The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator actuator-shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.
- d. Stop applying a control signal to wire 6 (violet).
- e. Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
- f. Apply a control signal (24 Vac/dc) to wire 7 (orange).
 - The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator actuator-shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

Start-Up/ Commissioning, Continued— GCA15x GCA16x

- 1. Check Operation:
 - Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to the 24 Vac or 24 Vdc power supply.

NOTE: With no input signal present, the GCA15x actuator with signal inversion switch set to Inverse Acting will start driving towards 90°.

- b. Use a Digital Multimeter (DDM) and set the dial to Vdc for the actuator input signal.
- c. Connect wires 2 (black) and 8 (gray) to the DMM.
- d. Apply to input signal wire 8 (gray):
 - $Y = 10 \text{ Vdc or } Y = \text{Uo} + \Delta \text{U} (GCA16x)$
 - Y = 10 Vdc (GCA15x in direct-acting mode)
 - Y = 2 Vdc (GCA15x in inverse-acting mode)
- e. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90.
- f. Apply to input signal wire 8 (gray):
 - Y = 0 Vdc or Y = Uo (GCA16x)
 - Y = 2 Vdc (GCA15x in direct acting mode)
 - Y = 10 Vdc (GCA15x in inverse acting mode)

The shaft coupling returns to the "0" position.

- 2. Check Spring Return:
 - a. Set the DMM dial to Vdc.
 - b. Connect wires 2 (black) and 8 (gray) to the DMM.
 - c. Apply to input signal wire 8 (gray):
 - Y = 5 Vdc or Y = Uo + $1/2 \Delta U$ (GCA16x)
 - Y = 6 Vdc (GCA15x)
 - d. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate halfway.
 - e. Disconnect wire 1 (red).

The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail "0" position.

- f. Connect wire 1 (red) and the actuator moves.
- 3. Check Feedback:
 - a. Set the DMM dial to Vdc.
 - Attach wires 2 (black) and 9 (pink) to the DMM.
 - Apply the input signal as in Step 1d, to wire 8 (gray).

The reading at the DMM should increase (decrease for GCA15x in inverse acting mode).

d. Apply the input signal as in Step 1f, to wire 8 (gray).

The reading at the DMM should decrease (increase for GCA15x in inverse acting mode) and the actuator shaft coupling returns to the fail "0" position.

- 4. Check the Auxiliary Switch A:
 - Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
 - b. Connect wires S1 and S3 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
 - Apply the input signal as in Step 1d, to wire 8 (gray).

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.

- d. Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- e. Apply the input signal as in Step 1f, to wire 8 (gray).

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.

Start-Up Commissioning, GCA15X GCA16X Continued—

Check the Auxiliary Switch B:

- a. Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- c. Apply the input signal as in Step 1d, to wire 8 (gray).

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

- d. Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- e. Apply the input signal as in Step 1f, to wire 8 (gray).

The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

Special Application

Modulating 4 to 20 mA control with GCA15x and an external 499-ohm resistor (985-124, See *Accessories*).

NOTE: 985-124 is provided with the GCA15x actuator.

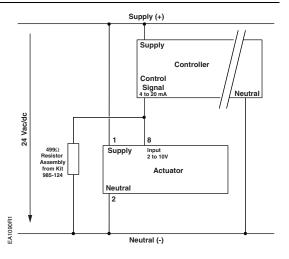


Figure 27.
Wiring Diagram for Converting
4 to 20 mA into 2 to 10 Vdc.

Service



WARNING:

Do not open the actuator. If the actuator is inoperative, replace the unit.

Troubleshooting



WARNING:

To avoid injury or loss of life, pay attention to any hazardous voltage (for example, 120 Vac) when performing checks.

- Check that wires are connected correctly.
- Check that offset (start point) and span are set correctly, if used.
- Use a Digital Multimeter (DMM) to verify that the operating voltage is within range.
- If the actuator is not working, check the damper for blockage. If blocked, remove the
 obstacle and cycle the actuator power off and on. The actuator should resume
 normal operating mode.

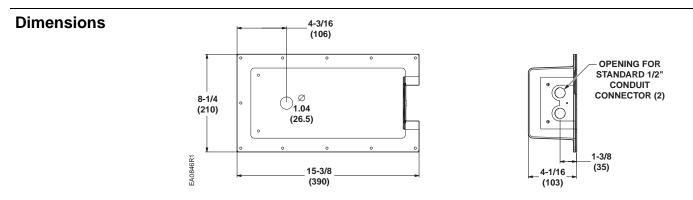


Figure 28. Dimensions of the ASK75.1U Weather Shield in Inches (Millimeters).

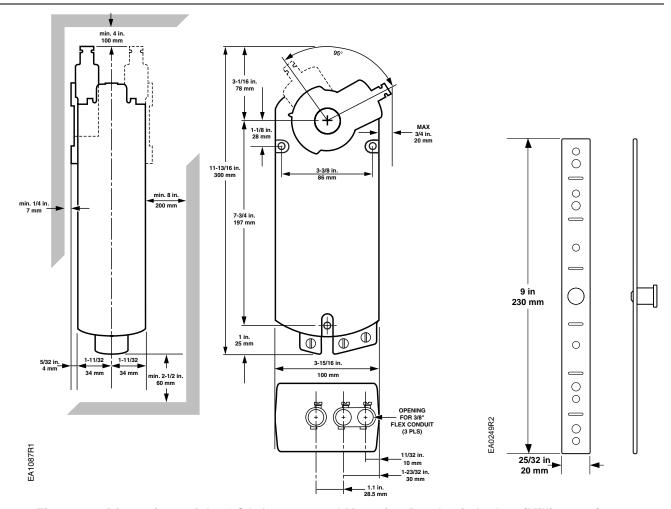


Figure 29. Dimensions of the GCA Actuator and Mounting Bracket in Inches (Millimeters).

Information in this publication is based on current specifications. The company reserves the right to make changes in specifications and models as design improvements are introduced. Other product or company names mentioned herein may be the trademarks of their respective owners. © 2006 Siemens Building Technologies, Inc.