AMX®

Operation/Reference Guide

Enova DVX-3150HD/3155HD
10x4 All-in-One Presentation Switcher

DVX-3150HD-SP
DVX-3150HD-T
DVX-3155HD-SP
DVX-3155HD-T

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Important Safety Instructions

1. Read the instructions.
2. Keep the instructions.
3. Heed all warnings.
4. Follow the instructions.
5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
6. Clean this apparatus only with a dry cloth.
7. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
8. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
9. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the grounding type plug. The grounding plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
10. Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
11. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
12. The appliance coupler is used as the disconnect device and shall remain readily operable.
13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
14. Refer all servicing to qualified personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

WARNING: This apparatus shall be connected to a MAINS socket outlet with a protective earthing connection.

This product contains a lithium cell battery. This product shall not be exposed to excessive heat such as sunshine, fire or the like.

CAUTION: Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.
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Safety Symbol Definitions	
	The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the product.
	The lightning flash with arrowhead symbol within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of non-insulating, dangerous voltage within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.

Table of Contents

Overview

The Enova DVX-3150HD-SP (**FG1905-15**), DVX-3150HD-T (**FG1905-17**), DVX-3155HD-SP (**FG1905-16**), and DVX-3155HD-T (**FG1905-18**) All-In-One Presentation Switcher combines all of the components you need to control/automate any environment into a simple, flexible, comprehensive solution including control, analog and digital audio/video inputs, audio and video switching, video scaling, local and remote distribution, plus audio mixing, and amplification - all in a single box (FIG. 1).

FIG. 1 Enova DVX-3150HD-SP

Common Application

The DVX-3150HD and DVX-3155HD are ideal solutions when used to simplify A/V control and distribution in sophisticated presentation environments and conference rooms, including those supporting audio and video conferencing. It also fits well in classrooms and auditoriums that need multiple displays, or video previewing.

Audio Processing

The DVX-3150HD and DVX-3155HD feature built-in audio mixing and amplification that outputs two channels at 25 Watts each into 8-ohms after passing through a mixer and an integrated equalizer to accommodate the size, furnishings, surfaces, and functional requirements in every room. There are also three stereo line level outputs each with its own mixing and equalization settings.

Integrated Control

The DVX-3150HD and DVX-3155HD include the equivalent of a NetLinx 3101 central controller. The DVX also includes a front control panel for an added level of convenience. The DVX features standard RS-232, IR, digital I/O, and relay control ports for control over environment and third-party equipment.

DVX-3150HD/DVX-3155HD Specifications

DVX-3150HD/DVX-3155HD Specifications	
Power:	100-240V, 47/63 Hz AC supply
Power Consumption:	• 90 Watts typical without amplifier • 95 to 100 Watts typical average with amplifier • 30 Watts typical in low-power mode
Memory:	• 256 MB SDRAM • 1 MB Non-volatile RAM (NVRAM) • 256 MB Flash
Amplifier:	• 2 x 25W into 8 Ohms Class D stereo amplifier (capable of driving loads in the range of 2-8 ohms) (-SP models only) • 70V or 100V at 75W amplified variable mono audio (-T models only)
Integrated Controller:	Equivalent of a NetLinx 3101-SIG central controller on-board.
Front Panel Components:	
LEDs:	• LINK/ACT (green) - Link/Activity LED lights when the Ethernet cables are connected and terminated correctly and blinks when receiving Ethernet data packets. • STATUS (green) - Status LED blinks to indicate that the system is programmed and communicating properly. • INPUT (yellow) - Input LED blinks to indicate that the Controller is receiving data. • OUTPUT (red) - Output LED blinks to indicate that the Controller is transmitting data. • RS-232/422/485 (red/yellow) - 6 sets of LEDs indicate that RS-232/422/485 Ports (1-6) are transmitting or receiving data. • RELAYS (red) - 8 LEDs indicate relay channels 1-8 are active (closed) on Port 8. • IR/SERIAL (red) - 8 LEDs indicate that IR/Serial channels 1-8 are transmitting control data on Ports 9-16. • I/O (yellow) - 8 LEDs indicate that I/O channels 1-8 are active on Port 17.
LCD display:	Liquid crystal display (2 lines with 20 characters per line) indicates current volume level and displays the Video, Audio, and Status menus. See the *LCD Display* section on page 11 for details.
SWITCH pushbutton:	Press to access the Switch menu on the LCD display. Use the menu to choose to switch audio, video or both from any input to any output.
TAKE pushbutton:	While in the Switch menu, press to implement an audio/video switch.
VIDEO MENU pushbutton:	Press to access the Video menu on the LCD display. There are two video menus (VIDEO OUTPUT and VIDEO INPUT) and both are accessible by using this button. Multiple presses cycle through the various VIDEO menus.
AUDIO MENU pushbutton:	Press to access the Audio menu on the LCD display. There are three audio menus (AUDIO OUTPUT, AUDIO INPUT, and MIC) and all are accessible by using this button. Multiple presses cycle through the various AUDIO menus.
Navigational pushbuttons:	4 directional buttons for navigating the options in the Switch, Video, Audio, and Status menus (on the LCD display).
STATUS pushbutton:	Press to access the STATUS menu on the LCD display on which you can view system status and other system information.
EXIT pushbutton:	Press to exit the current menu and return to the default menu page, Main Amp Output/Volume.
VIDEO MUTE pushbutton:	Press to mute/un-mute (enable/disable) all video output displays. Video Mute results in a blank screen on the output displays.
AUDIO MUTE pushbutton:	Press to mute/un-mute all audio outputs.

DVX-3150HD/DVX-3155HD Specifications (Cont.)

Rear Panel Components:

RS-232/422/485 (PORT 1-6):	RS-232/422/485 Ports 1-6 provide serial control via DB9 (male) connectors. See the *RS232/422/485 Serial Port Connectors (PORTS 1-6)* section on page 26 for more information.
RELAYS (PORT 8):	1 relay port (Port 8) provides Relay control via 8-pin 3.5 mm captive-wire connectors. See the *RELAYS (PORT 8)* section on page 27 for more information.
IR/SERIAL (PORTS 9-16):	8 IR/Serial ports (Ports 9-16) provide IR/Serial control via 2-pin 3.5 mm captive-wire connectors. See the *IR/SERIAL (PORTS 9-16)* section on page 28 for more information.
I/O (PORT 17):	Port 17 provides an 8-channel binary I/O port for contact closure with each input being capable of voltage sensing. See the *I/O (PORT 17)* section on page 27 for more information.
AUDIO INPUTS:	8 analog audio inputs: • 4 female 1/8" stereo mini-phono jacks receive up to four unbalanced line-level audio inputs. See the *AUDIO INPUTS (1-4)* section on page 15 for more information. • 4 3.5mm 5-pin captive-wire connector provides for fixed or variable, balanced or unbalanced line-level audio inputs. See the *AUDIO INPUTS (11-14)* section on page 15 for more information.
MIC INPUTS:	2 3.5mm 3-pin captive-wire connectors receive up to 2 mono microphones (balanced or unbalanced audio and switchable Phantom Power). See the *MIC INPUTS (1-2)* section on page 17 for more information.
AMP OUT:	• 1 5mm 4-position captive wire connector provides amplified audio output with volume control (-SP models only). • Two 2-position captive wire connectors provide 70V or 100V mono amplified audio output (-T models only). See the *AMP OUT* section on page 18 for more information.
AUDIO OUTPUTS:	3 3.5mm 5-pin captive-wire connector provides for balanced or unbalanced, mono or stereo line-level audio output. See the *AUDIO OUTPUTS* section on page 19 for more information.
S/PDIF OUTPUT:	1 Coaxial RCA connector provides digital S/PDIF audio output that can mirror any of the 4 analog audio outputs or the 4 HDMI outputs.
MULTI FORMAT VIDEO INPUTS:	4 DVI-I input connectors provide analog and digital video inputs for up to four video sources. Each MULTI FORMAT VIDEO INPUT connector supports VGA, S-Video, composite video, component video, DVI, or HDMI video input. See the *Available Pixel Display and Refresh Rates* section on page 113 for information on supported video formats and resolutions. See the *Cable Details and Pinout Information* section on page 35 for information about wiring conversion cables.
HDMI INPUTS:	• 6 HDMI inputs (5-10) receive digital audio and video from up to six video sources. (DVX-3150HD only) • 4 HDMI inputs (5-8) receive digital audio and video from up to four video sources. (DVX-3155HD only) All HDMI inputs are HDCP compatible. See the *HDMI INPUTS (5-10)* section on page 22 for more information.
DXLINK INPUTS:	2 RJ-45 inputs (9-10) provide support for digital video, audio, Ethernet, bi-directional control and power over Category Cable from any DXLink transmitter. (DVX-3155HD only). See the *DXLink INPUTS (9-10)* section on page 23 for more information.
VIDEO OUTPUTS:	• 4 HDMI Output connectors (1-4) each provide HDMI digital audio and video output. • 2 DXLink RJ-45 outputs (1, 3) mirror HDMI outputs 1 and 3. See the *VIDEO OUTPUTS (1-4)* section on page 24 for more information and important cable recommendations.

DVX-3150HD/DVX-3155HD Specifications (Cont.)	
Rear Panel Components: (Cont.)	
CONFIG DIP Switch:	8-position Master configuration DIP switch allows setting the Serial Programming port baud rate and onboard Master execution mode (PRD or normal). See the *CONFIG DIP Switch* section on page 29 for more information.
PROGRAM Port:	DB9 connector (male) connects to a DB9 serial port on a PC, for serial communication. This connection is used to configure system settings. ***Note***: *This port is not recommended for firmware updates or large file transfers. Any large data-intensive operations are better handled via Ethernet.* See the *PROGRAM Port* section on page 30 for more information.
ID Pushbutton:	Black ID pushbutton sets the NetLinx Device ID assignments of the Internal Control Device. See the *ID Pushbutton* section on page 31 for more information.
LAN Port:	RJ-45 connector provides TCP/IP communication. See the *LAN (RJ-45)* section on page 31 for more information.
AxLink Port:	1 3.5 mm 4-pin captive-wire connector provides data and power to external control devices. The AxLink LED (green) indicates the state of the AxLink port. The AxLink port can be used to supply power to downstream AxLink-compatible devices as long as the maximum current draw is less than 1 Amp. ***Note:*** *The AxLink port provides only limited power to connected AxLink devices. It is recommended to use an alternate power source when connecting AxLink devices to the DVX.* ***Note:*** *When using the DVX with the NXA-PDU-1508-8 power distribution unit, do NOT connect +12V power from any of the NXA-PDU's AxLink ports to the AxLink power pin.* See the *AxLink Port and LED (4-pin captive-wire)* section on page 32 for more information.
Power Connector:	IEC Power cord connector: 100-240V AC, 47-63Hz
Operating Environment:	• Storage temperature: -10º C to 70º C (14º F to 158º F) • Operating Temperature: 0º C to 40º C (32º F to 104º F) • Operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 85% non-condensing
Supported Video Resolutions:	HD resolutions up to 1080p and RGB resolutions up to 1920x1200@60Hz. Higher resolutions are supported in pass-through mode. See the *Available Pixel Display and Refresh Rates* section on page 113 for a complete listing of all supported video resolutions.
Dimensions (HWD):	5 3/16" x 17" x 14" (13.2 cm x 43.2 cm x 35.6 cm)
Weight:	18.2 lb (8.26 kg)
Enclosure:	Metal with black matte finish
Certifications:	• FCC Part 15 Class A • IC CISPR 22 Class A • C-Tick CISPR 22 Class A • CE EN 55022 Class A and EN 55024 • LVD EN 60950-1 • IEC 60950-1 • cULus UL 60950-1

DVX-3150HD/DVX-3155HD Specifications (Cont.)	
Included Accessories:	• 1 Power Cord, Universal (64-0009)
	• 2 Connector, Phoenix2, M, TH, R/A, BLACK, 5.08mm (41-0158-SA)
	• 7 Connector, Phoenix5, F, BLACK (41-0336)
	• 2 Connector, Phoenix3, F, BLACK (41-0338)
	• 1 Commoning Strip, Cypher, 8 Pos., 3.5 mm, Phoenix Connector (41-2105-01)
	• 1 Connector, Phoenix4, F, TH, BLACK, 3.5mm (41-5047)
	• 2 Connector, Phoenix, 8-pin, FEM, BLACK (41-5083)
	• 1 Connector, Phoenix, 10-pin, FEM, BLACK (41-5107)
	• 2 Front Rack Mounting Brackets (62-1905-16 and 62-1905-17)
	• 8 Screw, #8-32 x .375, PFH, Undercut, BLACK (80-0145)
	• 2 CC-NIRC, IR Emitter with 3.5mm Phoenix Connector (**FG10-000-11**)
	• 1 CC-DVIM-VGAF, DVI to HD-15 Female Adapter (**FG10-2170-13**)
Optional Accessories:	• CC-DVI-5BNCM DVI to 5 BNC adapter cable (**FG10-2170-08**)
	• CC-DVI-RCA3M DVI to 3 Male RCA adapter cable for component and composite connections (**FG10-2170-09**)
	• CC-DVI-SVID DVI to S-Video adapter cable (**FG10-2170-10**)
	• CC-DVIM-VGAF DVI to HD15 female adapter cable (**FG10-2170-13**)
	• CC-3.5ST5-RCA2F 2 RCA Female to 5-Pin Phoenix Cable (**FG10-003-20**)
	• AVB-RX-DXLINK-HDMI DXLink™ HDMI Receiver Module (**FG1010-500**)
	• AVB-TX-HDMI-DXLINK DXLink HDMI Transmitter Module (**FG1010-300**)
	• AVB-TX-MULTI-DXLINK DXLink Multi-Format Transmitters (**FG1010-310**)
	• AVB-WP-TX-MULTI-DXLINK DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate Transmitters (**FG1010-320-BL/WH**)

Mounting the DVX into an Equipment Rack

The DVX occupies three rack units in a standard equipment rack. The following steps apply to mounting the DVX.

1. Discharge any static electricity from your body by touching a grounded metal object.
2. Position and install the mounting brackets, as shown in FIG. 2, using the supplied mounting screws.

NOTE *The left and right mounting brackets are not identical. Please install in the orientation shown.*

FIG. 2 displays how the brackets should be attached to the DVX:

Brackets attach at the side toward the front of the unit
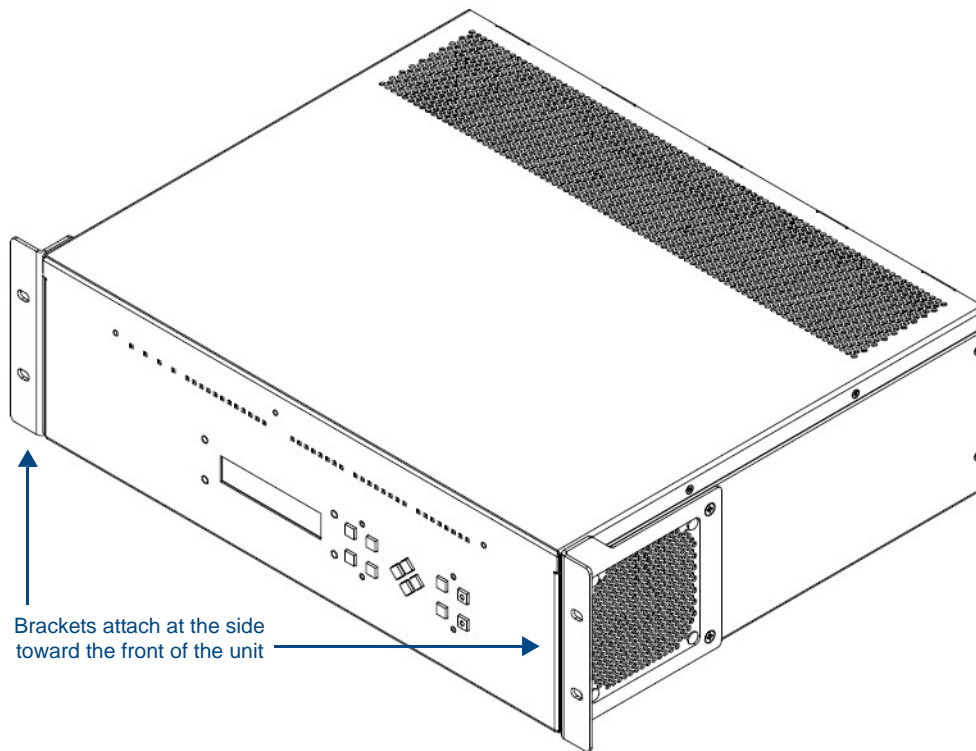
FIG. 2 Rack mounting the DVX

3. Install the DVX in the mounting rack by using the mounting screws to affix the unit to the rack.
4. Connect any applicable wires to the DVX. Refer to the *Wiring and Device Connections* section on page 9 for wiring diagrams and pinout descriptions.

   Connect the unit only to a properly-rated supply circuit.

WARNING *DO NOT stand other units directly on top of the DVX when it is rack mounted, as this will place excessive strain on the mounting brackets.*

Ventilation

ALWAYS ensure that the rack enclosure is adequately ventilated. Do not block any ventilation openings. Sufficient airflow must be achieved (by convection or forced-air cooling) to satisfy the ventilation requirements of all the items of equipment installed within the rack.

The maximum operating ambient temperature is 40°C (104°F).

When installing equipment into a rack, distribute the units evenly. Otherwise, hazardous conditions may be created by an uneven weight distribution.
Reliable earthing (grounding) of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.

The DVX should not be installed in enclosed spaces. It is recommended that you leave 1 RU of space above the DVX when you install it in a rack.

Wiring and Device Connections

Overview

This chapter provides functional details for each item on the front and rear panel of the DVX. Wiring specifications are also provided, when applicable.

FIG. 3 displays the front panel of the DVX-3150HD and DVX-3155HD:
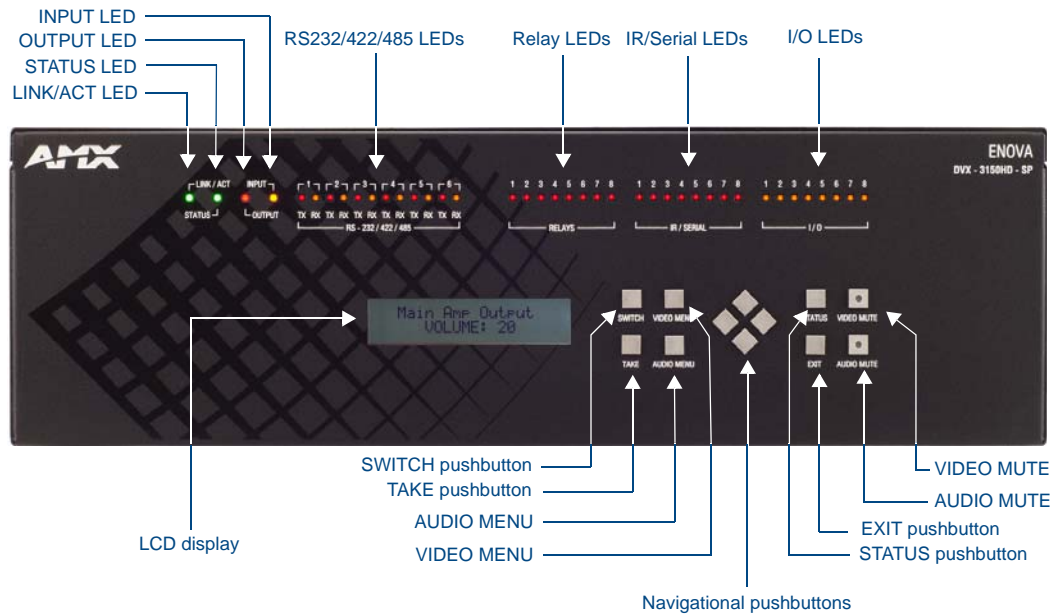
FIG. 3 DVX-3150HD-SP front panel

FIG. 4 displays the rear panel of the DVX-3150HD-SP:
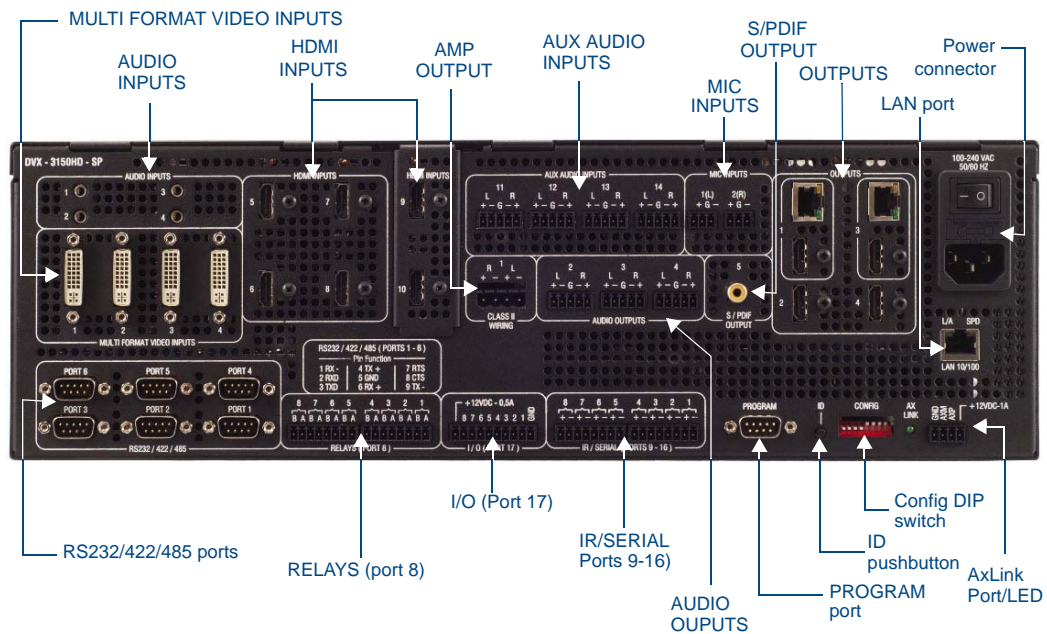
FIG. 4 DVX-3150HD-SP rear panel

The DVX-3155HD-SP features the same options on the rear panel as the DVX-3150HD-SP with the exception that two DXLink inputs appear in place of two of the HDMI inputs. FIG. 5 displays the rear panel of the DVX-3150HD-T:
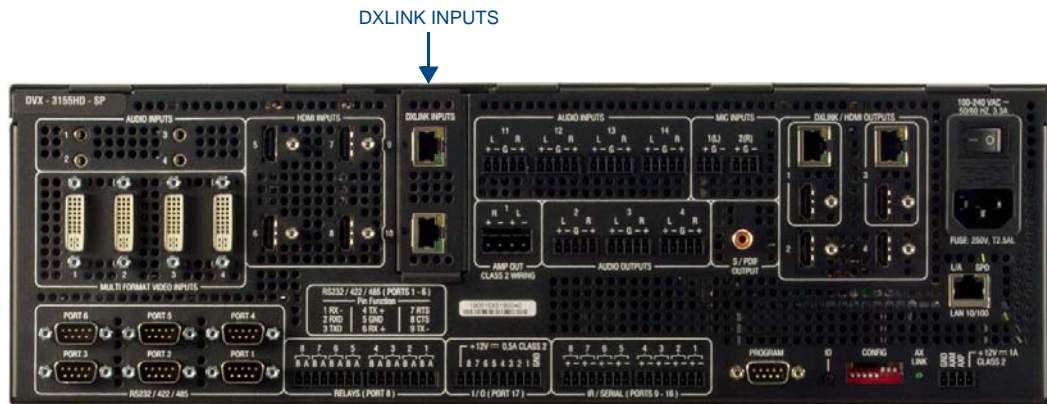

FIG. 5 DVX-3155HD-SP rear panel

Front Panel Controls and Indicators

The following sub-sections describe each component on the front panel of the DVX. Refer to FIG. 3 on page 9 for the component layout of the front panel.

LEDs

The LEDs on the front panel (FIG. 6) indicate the communications status of several different connections, as described in the table below:
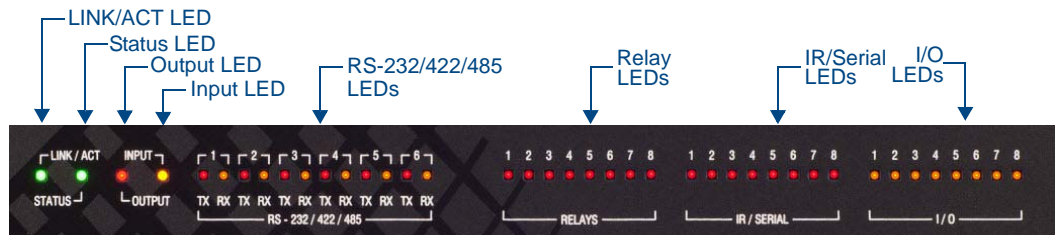
FIG. 6 Front Panel - LEDs

Front Panel LEDs		
Label	**Color**	**Description**
LINK/ACT	green	Blinks when receiving LAN data packets.
STATUS	green	Blinks to indicate that the system is programmed and communicating properly.
INPUT	yellow	Blinks to indicate that the Controller is receiving data.
OUTPUT	red	Blinks to indicate that the Controller is transmitting data.
RS-232/422/485 (1-6)	red/yellow	6 sets of LEDs indicate that RS-232/422/485 Ports (1-6) are transmitting or receiving data. • Red = transmitting data • Yellow = receiving data
RELAYS (1-8)	red	Lights to indicate that one or more of the relay channels (1-8) of port 8 are currently active (closed).
IR/SERIAL (1-8)	red	Lights to indicate that one or more of the IR/Serial channels (1-8) of ports 9-16 are currently transmitting control data.
I/O (1-8)	yellow	Lights to indicate that one or more of the I/O channels (1-8) of port 17 are currently active.

LCD Display

During normal operation, the 2 x 20 line LCD display (FIG. 7) indicates output volume information. The LCD backlight on the display turns off after 35 seconds of inactivity.

FIG. 7 LCD display

The LCD Display also displays VIDEO menus (Video Output and Video Input), AUDIO menus (Audio Output, Audio Input, and Mic Input), SWITCH menu, and STATUS menu selections (see the *Audio/Video Configuration* section on page 45 for more information), and indicates current status of any adjustments made to settings within these menus.

SWITCH Pushbutton

Press the SWITCH pushbutton (FIG. 8) to access the SWITCH menu on the LCD display. Press this button to switch the audio, video, or both from any input to any output. Press the TAKE pushbutton to implement the switch.

FIG. 8 SWITCH pushbutton

TAKE Pushbutton

Press the TAKE pushbutton (FIG. 9) to implement an audio/video switch while you are in the Switch menu on the LCD display. When in an audio or video menu, press the button to cycle through audio and video inputs or outputs (depending on the menu.) This button does not access the menus or change the currently selected menu.

FIG. 9 TAKE pushbutton

VIDEO MENU Pushbutton

Press the VIDEO MENU pushbutton (FIG. 10) to access the video options, displayed on the LCD display. There are two video menus (VIDEO OUTPUT and VIDEO INPUT) and both are accessible by using this button. Multiple presses cycle through the various VIDEO menus.

FIG. 10 VIDEO MENU button

The Video menu enables you to see and adjust most parameters of the video input and output signals.

- Use the UP and DOWN navigational buttons to traverse the various configuration parameters.
- Use the LEFT and RIGHT navigational buttons to adjust the selected video parameter.

Adjustments take effect immediately (some parameter changes may exhibit a slight delay) and are saved when you advance to another option or exit the menu. The menu exits automatically after no user interaction on the front panel for 30 seconds.

See the *Video Settings* section on page 46 for a listing of all available options and instructions on how to change the settings.

AUDIO MENU Pushbutton

Press the AUDIO MENU pushbutton (FIG. 11) to access the audio options, displayed on the LCD display. There are three audio menus (AUDIO OUTPUT, AUDIO INPUT, and MIC) and all are accessible by using this button. Multiple presses cycle through the various AUDIO menus.

FIG. 11 AUDIO MENU button

The Audio menu enables you to see and adjust most parameters of the audio input and output signals.

- Use the UP and DOWN navigational buttons to traverse the various parameters.
- Use the LEFT and RIGHT navigational buttons to adjust the selected audio parameter.

Adjustments take effect immediately and are saved when you advance to another option or exit the menu. The menu exits automatically after no user interaction on the front panel for 30 seconds.

See the *Audio Settings* section on page 49 for a listing of all available options and instructions on how to change the settings.

Navigation Pushbuttons

The four directional navigation buttons (Left/Right/Up/Down) enable you to navigate through and adjust the configurable parameters shown on the LCD display. The UP and DOWN navigation buttons are used to move between configurable parameters within a menu. Pressing UP takes you to the previous configuration parameter. Pressing DOWN takes you to the next configuration parameter. These buttons do not change the currently selected menu.

The LEFT and RIGHT navigation buttons are used to change the setting of the displayed parameter. If the parameter is read-only the value cannot change. Pressing LEFT decreases the value displayed if the setting is numeric, or goes to the previously set item if the setting is a set selection. Pressing RIGHT increases the value displayed if the setting is numeric, or goes to the next set item if the setting is a set selection. These buttons do not change the currently selected menu.
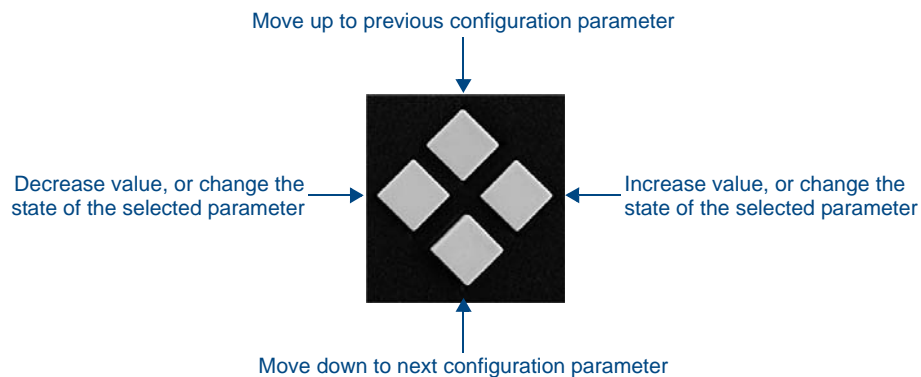

FIG. 12 Navigation buttons

STATUS Pushbutton

Press the STATUS pushbutton (FIG. 13) to access the STATUS menu on the LCD display.

FIG. 13 STATUS pushbutton

The STATUS menu enables you to see status information such as IP address and installed firmware versions as well as adjust LCD and LED backlight intensity.

- Use the UP and DOWN navigational buttons to traverse the various options.
- Use the LEFT and RIGHT navigational buttons to adjust the selected LCD and LED backlight intensity (when selected).

Adjustments take effect immediately and are saved when you advance to another option or exit the menu. The menu exits automatically after no user interaction on the front panel for 30 seconds.

See the *Status Menu* section on page 52 for a listing of all available options and instructions on how to change the settings.

EXIT Pushbutton

Press the EXIT pushbutton (FIG. 14) to exit any menu on the LCD display.

FIG. 14 EXIT pushbutton

VIDEO/AUDIO MUTE Pushbuttons

- Press the VIDEO MUTE button to enable or disable video on all output displays.
- Press the AUDIO MUTE button to enable or disable audio for all audio outputs.

Press to toggle mute (blank) video all display outputs

Press to toggle mute audio on all audio outputs
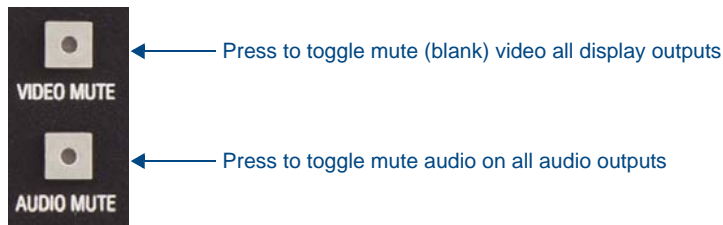
FIG. 15 VIDEO/AUDIO MUTE pushbuttons

The pushbuttons light (red) to indicate that Video and/or Audio muting is active.

Rear Panel Audio Inputs and Outputs

The following sub-sections describe each component on the rear panel of the DVX. Refer to FIG. 4 on page 10 for the component layout of the rear panel.

AUDIO INPUTS (1-4)

The four AUDIO INPUTS connectors are female 1/8" stereo mini-phono jacks that receive up to four unbalanced audio inputs (FIG. 16). These connectors feature the following specifications:

- Nominal input level: +4 dBu (1.228 Vrms) or -10 dBu (0.3162 Vrms) unbalanced
- Maximum input level: 2 Vrms
- Input impedance: >12k ohms unbalanced, >12k ohms balanced, DC coupled

FIG. 16 AUDIO INPUTS connectors

HDMI INPUTS (5-10)

The six HDMI INPUT connectors (ports 5-10) on the rear panel routes digital audio (and video) from connected source input devices to the connected output devices. These inputs support the following audio formats:

Supported Audio Formats		
SA-CD	Dolby Digital Plus	DST (as used in SA-CD)
DVD-Audio	MPEG1-layerI*	DSD (as used in SA-CD)
DTS-HD Master Audio™	MPEG1-layerII	DTS
Dolby TrueHD	MP3*	ATRAC*
LPCM	MPEG2*	WMA Pro*
Dolby Digital (AC-3)	AAC LC*	MLP (as used in DVD-Audio)
- Not available as a compressed format, but supported when output as LPCM.		

For more information about these connectors, including wiring, see the *HDMI INPUTS (5-10)* section on page 22. If you are using a DVX-3155HD, you have two DXLink input ports, which support embedded audio, in place of HDMI input ports 9-10. See the *DXLink INPUTS (9-10)* section on page 23 for more information.

AUDIO INPUTS (11-14)

The four AUDIO INPUTS connectors are 3.5 mm 5-position captive-wire terminals that can be wired for either balanced (differential) or unbalanced (single-ended) stereo audio (FIG. 17). Since the DVX-3150HD-SP allows independent switching of video and audio, video and audio inputs of the same number do not have to be connected to the same source equipment. These connectors feature the following specifications:

- Nominal input level: +4 dBu (1.228 Vrms) balanced or -10 dBu (0.3162 Vrms) unbalanced
- Maximum input level: 2 Vrms
- Input impedance: >12k ohms unbalanced, >12k ohms balanced, DC coupled
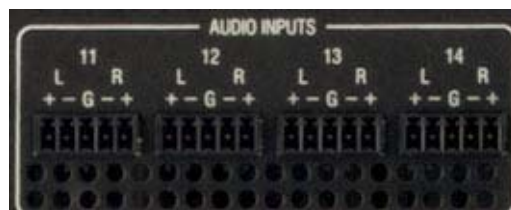
FIG. 17 AUDIO INPUTS connectors

Source devices require either balanced (differential) or unbalanced (single-ended) connections. FIG. 18 illustrates options for wiring between sources and input connectors. More than one option can be used in the same system.
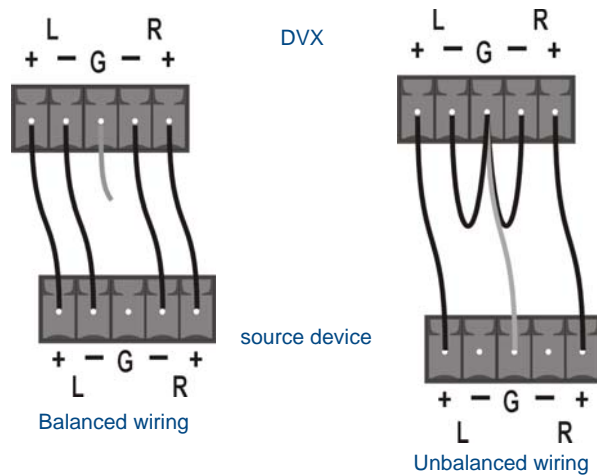
FIG. 18 Stereo 5-terminal wiring

FIG. 19 provides details for wiring from an audio input to a an unbalanced source device that has RCA connectors. Positive and ground wires connect to the source. You also can use a CC-3.5ST5-RCA2F 2 RCA Female to 5-Pin Phoenix Cable (**FG10-003-20**) for this type of connection.
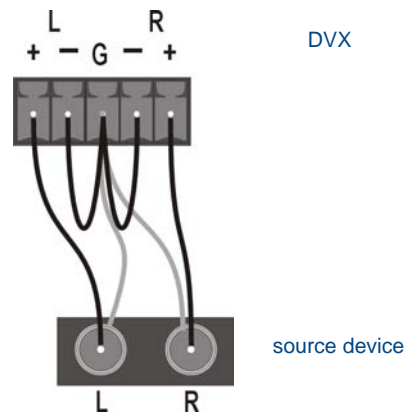
FIG. 19 RCA Stereo audio source wiring

Do not connect the negative terminals to the source connector. Doing so can cause damage to your device.

WARNING

MIC INPUTS (1-2)

Two 3.5mm 3-pin captive-wire MIC INPUT connectors (FIG. 20) allow up to two mono microphones to be connected to the DVX. Each microphone input supports balanced and unbalanced audio. Each input supports up to 48V of phantom power.
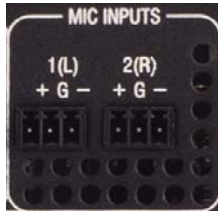
FIG. 20 MIC INPUTS

FIG. 21 illustrates wiring connections between the DVX and a mono RCA output and an XLR output.
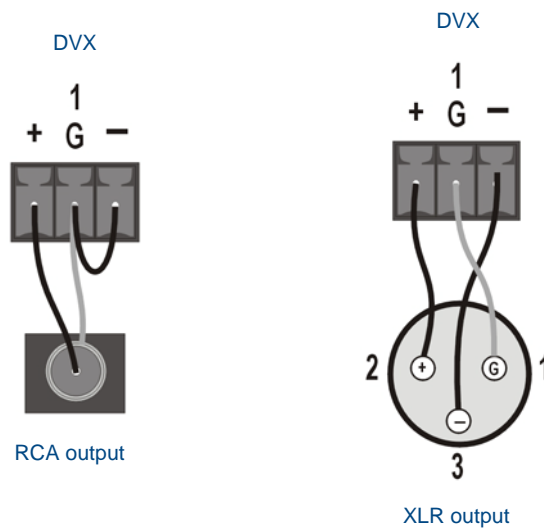
FIG. 21 RCA (mono) and XLR output wiring

AMP OUT

The AMP OUT amplified audio output (FIG. 22) differs according to the DVX model you are using:

- The 4-position captive wire connector for -SP models provides amplified, variable, mono or stereo audio output.
- The two 2-position captive wire connectors for -T models provide 70V or 100V mono amplified audio output. Connect a speaker to either the 70V or 100V terminal, but not both simultaneously.

-SP models   -T models

FIG. 22 AMP OUT CLASS 2 WIRING Output

On -SP models, connect speakers to the AMP OUT output as displayed in FIG. 23.
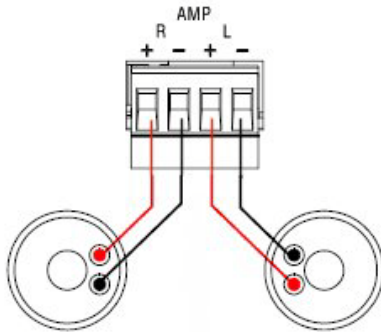
FIG. 23 Connecting speakers to the Amplified Audio output (-SP models)

On -T models, connect a speaker to either the 70V or 100V terminals as displayed in FIG. 24.
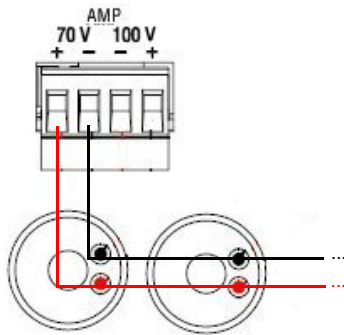
FIG. 24 Connecting speakers to the Amplified Audio output (-T models)

AUDIO OUTPUTS

The Line Level audio outputs provide balanced or unbalanced, mono or stereo line-level audio output.
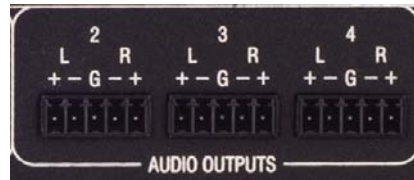
FIG. 25 Audio outputs

Destination devices require either balanced (differential) or unbalanced (single-ended) connections. FIG. 26 illustrates options for wiring between output connectors and the destinations.
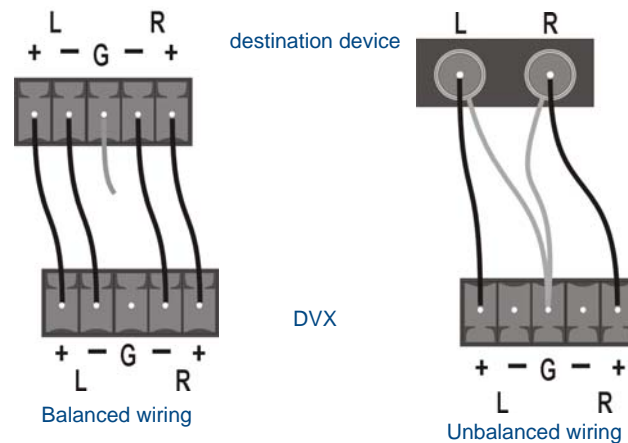

FIG. 26 Stereo 5-terminal wiring

Do not connect the negative terminals to the source connector. Doing so can cause damage to your device.

S/PDIF OUTPUT

The S/PDIF OUTPUT provides digital S/PDIF audio output that can mirror any of the 4 analog audio outputs or 4 HDMI outputs.

FIG. 27 S/PDIF Output

Rear Panel Video Inputs and Outputs

The following sub-sections describe each component on the rear panel of the DVX. All digital inputs and outputs on the DVX support HDCP. Refer to FIG. 4 on page 10 for the component layout of the rear panel.

MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUTS (1-4)

The four MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUT connectors on the rear panel are used to connect video source input devices to the DVX (FIG. 28). The DVX routes video from connected source input devices to the connected output devices.
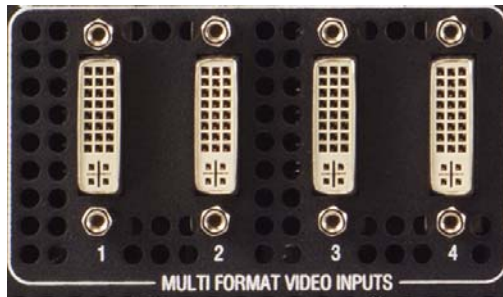

FIG. 28 MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUTS (DVI-I connectors)

These numbered inputs correspond to the input port number of the video signal when making a switch or adjusting video input parameters.

The MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUT connectors on the DVX are DVI-I (integrated digital/analog) connectors. These connectors support both DVI-A (analog) and DVI-D (digital) inputs.

The following table describes the pinout configuration of the MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUT connectors:

MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUT Connectors - Pinouts and Signals					
Pin	**Signal**	**Pin**	**Signal**	**Pin**	**Signal**
1	TMDS Data2-	9	TMDS Data1-	17	TMDS Data0-
2	TMDS Data2+	10	TMDS Data1+	18	TMDS Data0+
3	TMDS Data2/4 Shield	11	TMDS Data1/3 Shield	19	TMDS Data0/5 Shield
4	n/c	12	n/c	20	n/c
5	n/c	13	n/c	21	n/c
6	DDC Clock [SCL]	14	+5 V Power	22	TMDS Clock Shield
7	DDC Data [SDA]	15	Ground (for +5 V)	23	TMDS Clock +
8	Analog vertical sync	16	Hot Plug Detect	24	TMDS Clock -
C1	Analog Red				
C2	Analog Green				
C3	Analog Blue				
C4	Analog Horizontal Sync				
C5	Analog Ground				

If a DVI source is attached before setting the input to DVI, you may need to reboot the source for it to recognize the DVI input description information required by the DVI standard.

Each MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUT connector supports HDMI and DVI-D, as well as RGBHV, S-Video, Composite, Component, and VGA inputs, using the appropriate conversion cables. Refer to the *Cable Details and Pinout Information* section on page 35 for cable details and pinout information for each cable type:

- *DVI-D Male to DVI-D Male Single-Link Cable* section on page 36
- *DVI-A Male to 5-BNC Male Cable* section on page 37
- *DVI-A Male to Triple RCA Male Cable* section on page 38
- *DVI-A Male to S-Video Male Cable* section on page 40
- *DVI-A Male to HD15 (VGA) Male Adapter* section on page 41
- *HDMI Male to DVI-D Male Cable* section on page 43

The DVX and the adapter cables listed above utilize industry-standard pinouts. The only adapter cable that is unique to AMX is the CC-DVI-SVID (DVI-to-S-Video) cable. The others are generally available to purchase from other vendors, assuming that they also utilize industry standard (or equivalent) pinouts.

The following table displays the supported video settings for each type of input connection:

Supported Video Settings						
Type	**Phase**	**Shift**	**Hue**	**Saturation**	**Contrast**	**Brightness**
S-Video	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔
Composite	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔
Component	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔
RGB	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
DVI	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔
HDMI	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔

Deep Color pass-through is not supported on the MULTI-FORMAT VIDEO INPUTS.

HDMI INPUTS (5-10)

The six HDMI INPUT connectors (ports 5-10) on the rear panel are used to connect source input devices to the DVX-3150HD-SP (FIG. 29). The DVX routes digital video and audio from connected source input devices to the connected output devices. These ports support HDMI (with 3D and Deep Color) and HDCP.
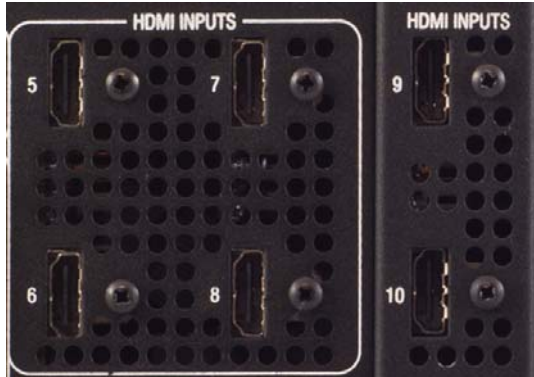

FIG. 29 HDMI INPUTS connectors

The following table describes the pinout configuration of the HDMI INPUTS connectors:

HDMI INPUT Connectors - Pinouts and Signals			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	TMDS Data 2+	11	TMDS Clock Shield
2	TMDS Data 2 Shield	12	TMDS Clock-
3	TMDS Data 2-	13	CEC
4	TMDS Data 1+	14	Reserved, HEC Data
5	TMDS Data 1 Shield	15	SCL
6	TMDS Data 1-	16	SDA
7	TMDS Data 0+	17	DDC/CEC/HEC Ground
8	TMDS Data 0 Shield	18	+5V Power (max 50mA)
9	TMDS Data 0-	19	Hot Plug Detect, HEC Data+
10	TMDS Clock+		

FIG. 30 displays the pin locations for the HDMI INPUTS:
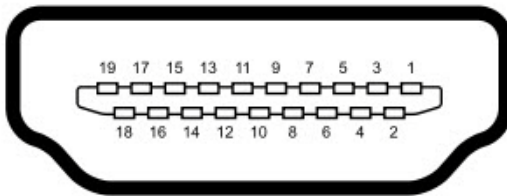
FIG. 30 HDMI pinouts

To connect HDMI input source devices (DVI and HDMI) to the HDMI INPUT connectors, the following (optional) adapter cables are required:

DVI Input Adapter Cables			
Name	**Description**	**Length**	**FG#**
HDMI Interface Cable	HDMI Male to HDMI Male	6 1/2' (2m)	FG10-2178-05
HDMI to DVI Cable	HDMI Male to DVI Male (See the *HDMI Male to DVI-D Male Cable* section on page 43 for more information on HDMI-to-DVI cable wiring.)	6' (1.828m)	FG10-2179

The following table displays the supported video settings for each type of input connection compatible with the HDMI INPUT connectors:

Supported Video Settings						
Type	**Phase**	**Shift**	**Hue**	**Saturation**	**Contrast**	**Brightness**
DVI	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔
HDMI	X	X	✔	✔	✔	✔

DXLink INPUTS (9-10)

Two DXLink (RJ-45) connectors (9-10) transport digital video, embedded audio, Ethernet (ICSP commands only), and bi-directional control over twisted pair cable to DXLink devices or boards, including digitally transcoded analog video signals. Both inputs support HDCP. These connectors are only available on the DVX-3155HD.

FIG. 31 DXLINK INPUTS (9-10)

See the *Important Cable Recommendations* section on page 25 for information about cable requirements for these ports.

VIDEO OUTPUTS (1-4)

The VIDEO OUTPUTS includes 2 different types of connectors:

- 4 HDMI Output connectors (1-4) each provide digital DVI video and HDMI audio and video output.
- 2 DXLink Twisted Pair outputs (1, 3) mirror HDMI outputs 1 and 3. They provide digital video, audio, Ethernet, and bi-directional control over Category Cable to DXLink Receivers. See the *Important Cable Recommendations* section below for information about cable requirements.

On Video outputs 1 and 3, if you are using both DXLink and HDMI outputs, it is recommended that they have the same native resolution. In this situation, the EDID from the HDMI display is used to determine the SmartScale resolution and timing.

FIG. 32 displays the HDMI and DXLink audio/video output ports.
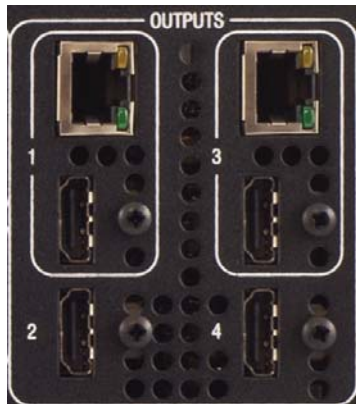
FIG. 32 VIDEO OUTPUTS

All video output ports support HDCP.

FIG. 33 displays male and female RJ-45 connectors. You can connect the DVX to the DXLink receivers via Category cabling.
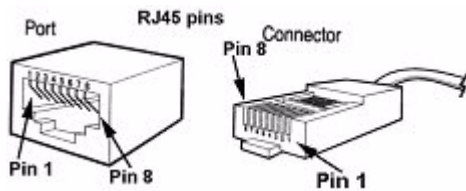

FIG. 33 RJ-45 Pinouts

Twisted Pair Cable Pinouts

AMX supports both the T568A and T568B pinout specifications for termination of the twisted pair cable used between the DVX and the DXLink receiver.


T568A

```
8. Brown
7. Brown/White
6. Orange
5. Blue/White
4. Blue
3. Orange/White
2. Green
1. Green/White
```

Up to 100 m

T568B

```
8. Brown
7. Brown/White
6. Green
5. Blue/White
4. Blue
3. Green/White
2. Orange
1. Orange/White
```

Up to 100 m
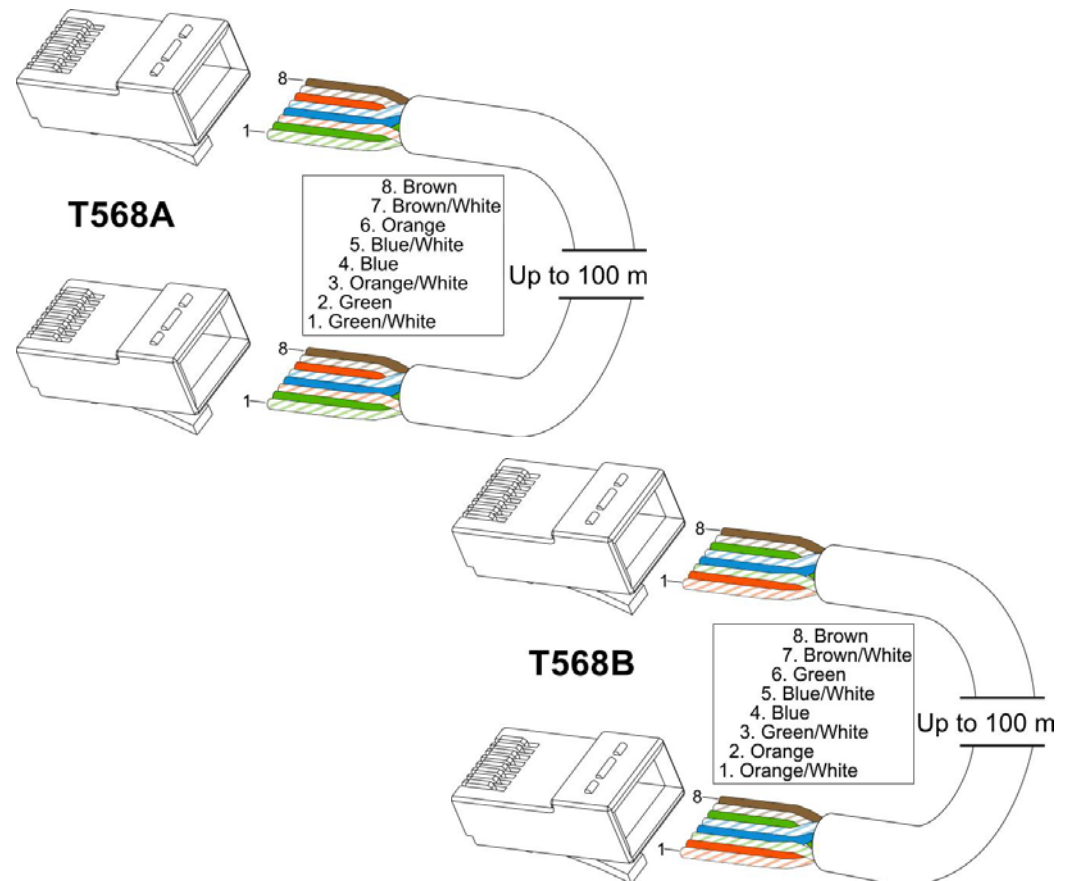
FIG. 34 Twisted pair cable pinouts for T568A (recommended) and T568B specifications

Important Cable Recommendations

Cable runs with a minimum specification of ANSI/TIE/EIA 568A-5 and ratings of 250MHz or better may be used with DXLink equipment. However, cable run topology and environmental influences can affect the overall successful distance capabilities of these runs. For successful deployments up to 100 meters without consideration to outside variables, AMX recommends the use of shielded category cable (STP) or Cat6A (or better) versions of unshielded or shielded twisted pair (UTP/STP) for DXLink runs. For more details and helpful cabling information, please contact your AMX representative for a copy of the white paper titled "Cabling for Success with DXLink".

Rear Panel Control and Power

The following sub-sections describe each component on the rear panel of the DVX. Refer to FIG. 4 on page 10 for the component layout of the rear panel.

RS232/422/485 Serial Port Connectors (PORTS 1-6)

The RS232/422/485 serial device ports (FIG. 35) are used for A/V sources and displays. These ports support most standard RS-232, RS-422, and RS-485 communication protocols for data transmission.

FIG. 35 RS-232/422/485 Device Port connectors

These connectors feature the following specifications:

- XON/XOFF (transmit on/transmit off)
- CTS/RTS (clear to send/ready to send)
- 300-115,200 baud

FIG. 36 provides wiring specifications for the RS-232/422/485 connectors.
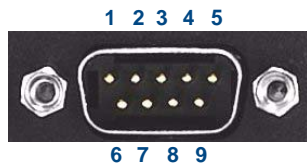
DB9 Serial Port pinouts (male connector)

RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
Pin 2: RX signal	Pin 1: RX -	Pin 1: A (strap to 9)
Pin 3: TX signal	Pin 4: TX +	Pin 4: B (strap to 6)
Pin 5: GND	Pin 5: GND	Pin 5: GND
Pin 7: RTS	Pin 6: RX +	Pin 6: B (strap to 4)
Pin 8: CTS	Pin 9: TX -	Pin 9: A (strap to 1)

FIG. 36 RS-232/422/485 (DB9 - male) connector pinouts

RS-232/422/485 Port Wiring Specifications					
Pin	Signal	Function	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	RX-	Receive data		X	X (strap to pin 9)
2	RXD	Receive data	X		
3	TXD	Transmit data	X		
4	TX+	Transmit data		X	X (strap to pin 6)
5	GND	Signal ground	X	X	X
6	RX+	Receive data		X	X (strap to pin 4)
7	RTS	Request to send	X		
8	CTS	Clear to send	X		
9	TX-	Transmit data		X	X (strap to pin 1)

*When wiring the connections, **do not** use pre-made 9-wire cable or connect the wire in the cable to any connection that will not be used by the DB9 serial port. **Only use wiring that connects the necessary pins.***

WARNING

RELAYS (PORT 8)

You can connect up to eight independent external relay devices to the Relay connectors on the device
(FIG. 37). When a relay is "OFF", terminals A and B are open-circuit. When a relay is "ON", terminals A and
B are shorted together.

FIG. 37 RELAYS connectors

- Each relay is isolated and normally open.
- A metal commoning strip is supplied with each device to simplify the connection of multiple relays
  to a common reference if needed.
- 8-channel single-pole single-throw relay ports
- Each relay is independently controlled
- Supports up to 8 independent external relay devices
- Channel range = 1-8
- Each relay can switch up to 24 VDC or 28 VAC peak @ 1 A
- Two 8-pin 3.5mm mini-Phoenix (female) connector provides relay termination

I/O (PORT 17)

The I/O port (FIG. 38) responds to switch closures and voltage level (high/low) changes, or can be used for
logic-level outputs.

FIG. 38 I/O connectors

- A contact closure between the GND and an I/O port is detected as a Push.
- When used for voltage inputs, the I/O port detects a low signal (0 - 1.5 VDC) as a Push, and a high
  signal (3.5 - 5 VDC) as a Release (*this I/O port uses 5V logic but can handle up to 12V without
  harm*).
- When used for outputs, the I/O port acts as a switch to GND and is rated for 200mA @ 12 VDC.
- The PWR pin provides +12 VDC @ 200 mA and is designed as a power output for the PCS Power
  Current Sensors, VSS2 Video Sync Sensors (or equivalent).
- The GND connector is a common ground and is shared by all I/O ports.
- The input format is software selectable with interactive power sensing for IR ports.
- Channel range = 1-8
- One 10-pin 3.5mm mini-Phoenix (female) connector provides I/O connection

IR/SERIAL (PORTS 9-16)

You can connect up to eight IR- or Serial-controllable devices to the IR/SERIAL connectors (FIG. 39).

FIG. 39 IR/SERIAL connectors

- The IR/SERIAL connectors accept an IR Emitter (CC-NIRC) that mounts onto the controlled device's IR window, or a mini-plug (CC-NSER) that connects to the controlled device's control jack.
- You can also connect a data (0 - 5 VDC) device.
- Supports high-frequency carriers of up to 1.142 MHz.
- 8 IR/Serial data signals can be generated simultaneously.

The IR/Serial connector wiring specifications are listed in the following table.

IR/Serial Connector Wiring Specifications (per Port)			
IR connections	**Port #**	**Signal**	**Function**
1	9	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 1 (+)	IR/Serial data
2	10	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 2 (+)	IR/Serial data
3	11	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 3 (+)	IR/Serial data
4	12	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 4 (+)	IR/Serial data
5	13	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 5 (+)	IR/Serial data
6	14	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 6 (+)	IR/Serial data
7	15	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 7 (+)	IR/Serial data
8	16	GND (-)	Signal GND
		Signal 8 (+)	IR/Serial data

CONFIG DIP Switch

Use the Configuration DIP switch to set the information used by the PROGRAM Port for communication or to set the on-board Master to *Program Run Disable* (**PRD**) mode.

Position 1 UP (ON) = PRD mode enabled
Position 1 DOWN (OFF) = Normal (default) mode - PRD mode disabled

Switch position 1 sets PRD mode (UP = ON)

FIG. 40 CONFIG DIP switch

Baud Rate Settings

Before programming the on-board Master, make sure the baud rate you set matches the communication parameters set on both your PC's COM port and those set through your NetLinx Studio v 3.x.

By default, the baud rate is set to **38,400** (bps).

Baud Rate Settings on the Configuration DIP Switch					
Baud Rate	**Position 5**	**Position 6**	**Position 7**	**Position 8**	
9600 bps	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
38,400 bps (**default**)	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
57,600 bps	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	
115,200 bps	ON	ON	ON	ON	

Note the orientation of the Configuration DIP Switch and the ON position label.
DIP switches 2,3, and 4 must remain in the OFF position at all times.

Program Run Disable (PRD) Mode

You can also use the PROGRAM port's Configuration DIP switch to set the on-board Master to Program Run Disable (**PRD**) mode according to the settings listed in the table below.

PRD Mode Settings		
PRD Mode	**Position 1**	
Normal mode (default)	OFF	
PRD Mode	ON	

PRD mode prevents the NetLinx program stored in the on-board Master from running during the device's power-up. This mode should be used if the resident NetLinx program is causing inadvertent communication and/or control problems.

If necessary, place the on-board Master in PRD mode and cycle power, then use the NetLinx Studio v 3.x program to resolve the communication and/or control problems with the resident NetLinx program. After doing so, download the corrected program, reset the configuration DIP switch to normal mode, recycle power, and try again.

To set the CONFIG DIP Switch:

1. Turn off the power switch on the rear of the unit.

2. Set the CONFIG DIP switch (refer to FIG. 40).

3. Turn on the power switch.

Think of the PRD Mode (On) equating to a PC's SAFE Mode setting. This mode allows you to continue powering a unit, update the firmware, and download a new program while circumventing any problems with a currently downloaded program. Power must be cycled to the unit after activating or deactivating this mode on the Configuration Port DIP switch #1.

PROGRAM Port

The PROGRAM port is a DB-9 male RS-232 port that connects the DVX to a communication port on a PC, and is intended primarily to be used to configure system settings (FIG. 41).

FIG. 41 PROGRAM port

The following table shows the rear panel Program Port connector (male), pinouts, and signals.

Program Port, Pinouts, and Signals		
Program Port Connector	**Pin**	**Signal**
	2	RX
	3	TX
	5	GND
	7	RTS
	8	CTS

The PROGRAM port is not recommended for firmware updates or large file transfers. Any large data-intensive operations are better handled via LAN.

ID Pushbutton

The ID pushbutton (FIG. 42) sets the NetLinx ID assignments of the Internal Control Device. It has no effect on the Internal Switcher Device. Only the 5001 ID can be changed. It is not possible to change the 5002 device ID.

FIG. 42 ID Pushbutton

LAN (RJ-45)

The LAN RJ-45 port provides 10/100 Mbps communication via Category cable. This is an Auto MDI/MDI-X enabled port, which allows you to use either straight-through or crossover Ethernet cables.
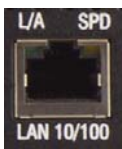
FIG. 43 LAN port

The LAN port automatically negotiates the connection speed (10 Mbps or 100 Mbps), and whether to use half duplex or full duplex mode. This communication is reflected via the front ICSP LED.

FIG. 44 provides the pinouts and signals for the LAN connector and cable.
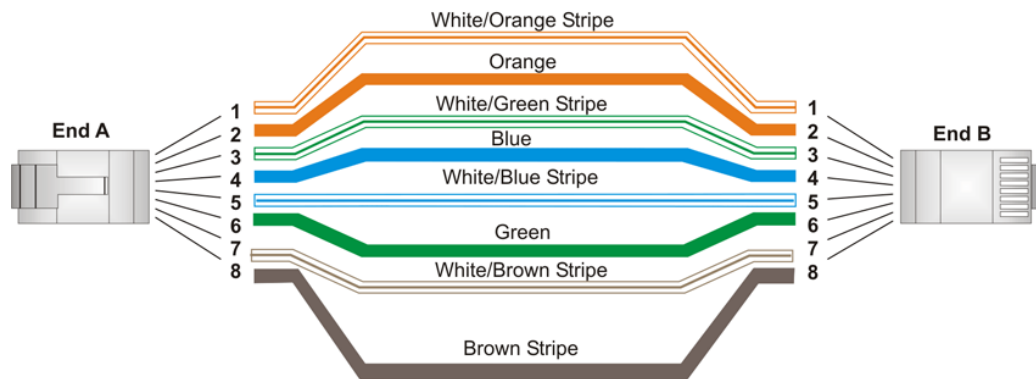
FIG. 44 RJ-45 wiring diagram

FIG. 45 describes the blink activity for the LAN connector and cable.

L/A - Activity LED (green) lights when receiving or transmitting LAN data packets

SPD - Link LED (amber) lights when the LAN cables are connected and terminated correctly.
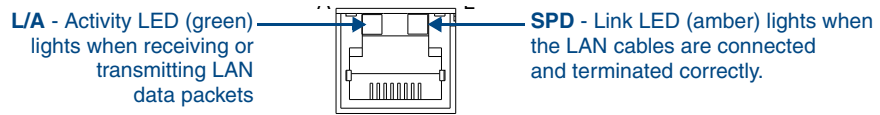
FIG. 45 LAN connector / LEDs

AxLink Port and LED (4-pin captive-wire)

The AxLink port (FIG. 46) allows the DVX to support AMX AxLink devices.
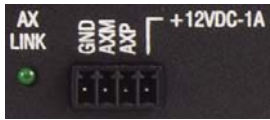
FIG. 46 AxLink Port and LED

The (green) AxLink LED indicates AxLink data activity:

- **Off** - No power, or the controller is not functioning properly.
- **1 blink per second** - Normal operation.
- **3 blinks per second** - AxLink bus error. Check all AxLink bus connections.

The AxLink port can be used to supply power to downstream AxLink-compatible devices as long as the maximum current draw is *less than* 1 Amp. To isolate the DVX from high inrush current, AxLink devices, or potential power faults on the AxLink bus, it is strongly recommended that you power external AxLink devices from an independent power supply.

The AxLink port provides only limited power to connected AxLink devices. It is recommended to use an alternate power source when connecting AxLink devices to the DVX.

When using the DVX with the NXA-PDU-1508-8 power distribution unit, do NOT connect +12V power from any of the NXA-PDU's AxLink ports to the AxLink power pin.

Refer to the following table for the wiring length information used with the DVX:

Wiring Guidelines	
Wire size	**Maximum wiring length**
18 AWG	154.83 feet (47.19 meters)
20 AWG	98.30 feet (29.96 meters)
22 AWG	63.40 feet (19.32 meters)
24 AWG	38.68 feet (11.79 meters)

FIG. 47 provides wiring requirements for the AxLink connector:
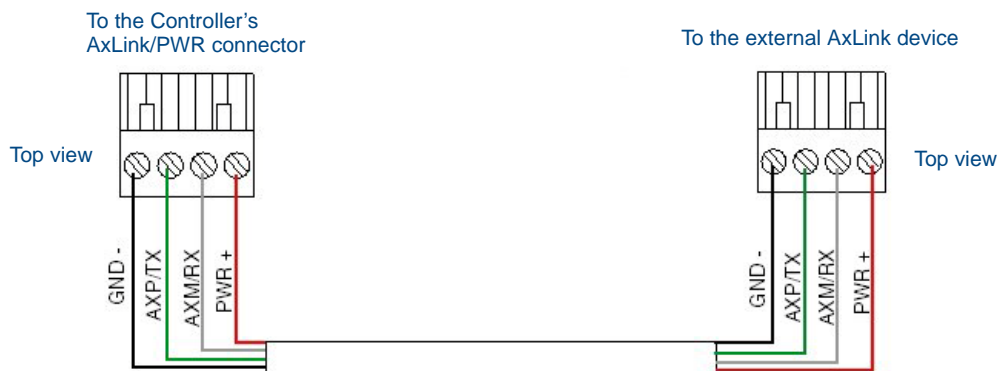
FIG. 47 Mini-Phoenix connector wiring diagram (direct data and power)

To use the 4-pin 3.5 mm mini-Phoenix (female) captive-wire connector for data communication and power transfer, the incoming PWR and GND cable from the 12 VDC-compliant power supply must be connected to the AxLink cable connector going to the All-In-One Presentation Switcher. FIG. 48 shows the wiring diagram.
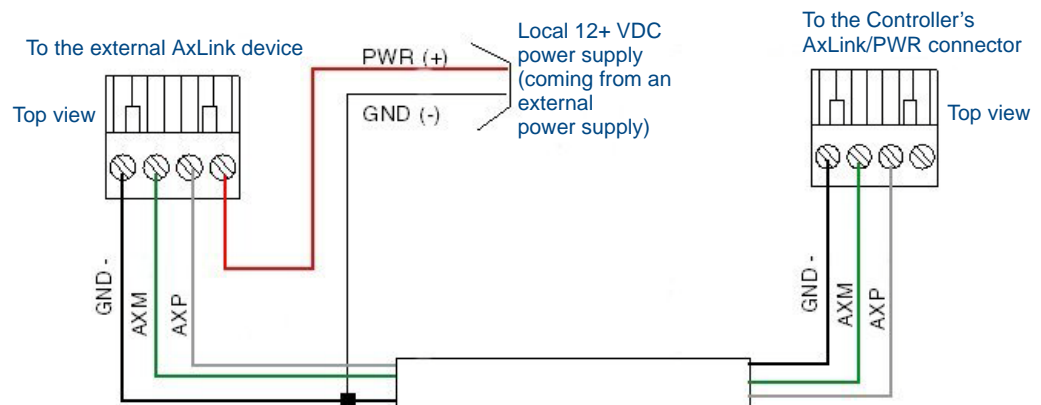
FIG. 48 4-pin mini-Phoenix connector wiring diagram (using external power source)

*When you connect an external power supply, do not connect the wire from the PWR terminal (coming from the external device) to the PWR terminal on the Phoenix connector attached to the Controller unit. Make sure to connect **only** the AXM, AXP, and GND wires to the Controller's Phoenix connector when using an external power supply.*

Make sure to connect only the GND wire on the AxLink/PWR connector when using a separate 12 VDC power supply. Do not connect the PWR wire to the AxLink connector's PWR (+) opening.

Power Connector/Switch/Fuse

FIG. 49 displays the power switch and connector for the DVX.
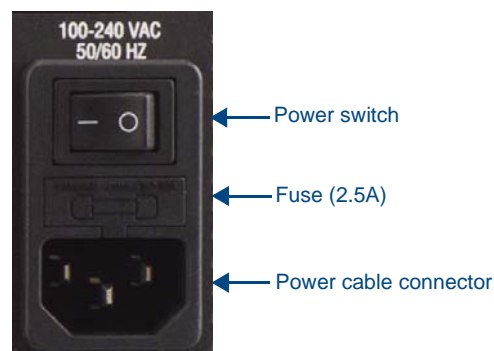
FIG. 49 Power Connector/Switch/Fuse

This unit should only have one source of incoming power.
Using more than one source of power to the Controller can result in damage to the internal components and a possible burn out.
Apply power to the unit only after installation is complete.

Cable Details and Pinout Information

Overview

The DVI-I Input connectors on the rear panel are used to connect video source input devices to the DVX (FIG. 50). The DVX routes video from connected source input devices to the connected output device. Each connector supports HDMI and DVI as well as VGA, S-Video, Composite, and Component inputs.
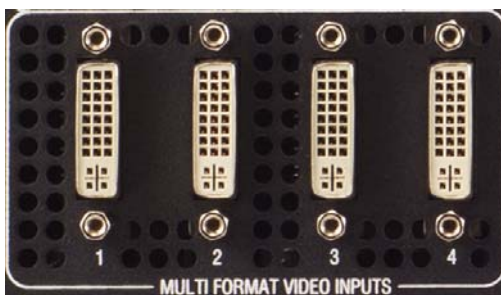
FIG. 50 DVI Inputs

To connect non-DVI input source devices (S-Video, Composite, VGA, Component, and HDMI) to the DVI Input connectors, the following (optional) adapter cables are required:

DVI Input Adapter Cables			
Name	**Description**	**Length**	**FG#**
CC-DVI-5BNCM	DVI-to-5 BNC Male **Note**: Used for VGA, Component, or Composite inputs. When used for composite inputs, connect the green plug on the adapter cable to the composite video output jack on the source device.	6' (1.828m)	FG10-2170-08
CC-DVI-RCA3M	DVI-to-3 RCA Male **Note**: Used for Component or Composite inputs. When used for composite inputs, connect the green plug on the adapter cable to the composite video output jack on the source device.	6' (1.828m)	FG10-2170-09
CC-DVI-SVID	DVI-to-S-Video	9' (2.743m)	FG10-2170-10
CC-DVIM-VGAF	DVI-to-VGA (up to 1920x1200)	6' (1.828m)	FG10-2170-13

DVI-D Male to DVI-D Male Single-Link Cable

Cable to be composed of the following:

- Four UL20276 (28AWG twisted pair + drain wire + aluminum foil/mylar shield) for TMDS signals and shields
- Five UL1589 (28AWG) for DDC_CLK, DDC_DATA, Hot_Plug_Detect, +5VDC, and GROUND
- The above bundles jacketed together in aluminum foil shield and 85% (minimum) braid
- EMI shield metal can on both DVI connectors and connected to braid

DVI-to-DVI Cable Pinout Information

DVI-to-DVI Cable Pinout Information				
DVI-D Connector Pin	**Signal Name**	**Signal Name**	**DVI-D Connector Pin**	**Notes:**
1	TMDS DATA 2 N	TMDS DATA 2 N	1	28AWG twisted pair 2
2	TMDS DATA 2 P	TMDS DATA 2 P	2	28AWG twisted pair 2
3	TMDS SHIELD 2/4	TMDS SHIELD 2/4	3	28AWG twisted pair 2 drain
4	TMDS DATA 4 N	TMDS DATA 4 N	4	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
5	TMDS DATA 4 P	TMDS DATA 4 P	5	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
6	DDC CLOCK	DDC CLOCK	6	28AWG
7	DDC DATA	DDC DATA	7	28AWG
8	ANALOG VERTICAL SYNC	ANALOG VERTICAL SYNC	8	Pin populated in DVI-D connector, but not connected for this cable
9	TMDS DATA 1 N	TMDS DATA 1 N	9	28AWG twisted pair 1
10	TMDS DATA 1 P	TMDS DATA 1 P	10	28AWG twisted pair 1
11	TMDS SHIELD 1/3	TMDS SHIELD 1/3	11	28AWG twisted pair 1 drain
12	TMDS DATA 3 N	TMDS DATA 3 N	12	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
13	TMDS DATA 3 P	TMDS DATA 3 P	13	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
14	+5VDC	+5VDC	14	28AWG
15	GROUND	GROUND	15	28AWG
16	HOT PLUG DETECT	HOT PLUG DETECT	16	28AWG
17	TMDS DATA 0 N	TMDS DATA 0 N	17	28AWG twisted pair 0
18	TMDS DATA 0 P	TMDS DATA 0 P	18	28AWGtwisted pair 0
19	TMDS SHIELD 0/5	TMDS SHIELD 0/5	19	28AWGtwisted pair 0 drain
20	TMDS DATA 5 N	TMDS DATA 5 N	20	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
21	TMDS DATA 5 P	TMDS DATA 5 P	21	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
22	TMDS CLOCK SHIELD	TMDS CLOCK SHIELD	22	28AWG twisted pair CLK drain
23	TMDS CLOCK P	TMDS CLOCK P	23	28AWGtwisted pair CLK
24	TMDS CLOCK N	TMDS CLOCK N	24	28AWGtwisted pair CLK
C1	C1 ANALOG RED	C1 ANALOG RED	C1	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
C2	C2 ANALOG GREEN	C2 ANALOG GREEN	C2	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
C3	C3 ANALOG BLUE	C3 ANALOG BLUE	C3	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
C4	C4 ANALOG HSYNC	C4 ANALOG HSYNC	C4	Pin not populated in DVI-D connector
C5	C5 ANALOG GROUND	C5 ANALOG GROUND	C5	Pin populated in DVI-D connector, but not connected for this cable
BACKSHELL	SHIELD	SHIELD	BACKSHELL	Outer braid

DVI-A Male to 5-BNC Male Cable

*This cable type corresponds to the **CC-DVI-5BNCM** DVI-to-Component cable (**FG10-2170-08**), available from AMX.*

Cable to be composed of the following:

- Five 75ohm 28 AWG mini-coax cables for the Red, Green, Blue, VSync, and HSync signals and returns
- EMI shield metal can on DVI connector

DVI-to-5-BNC Cable Pinout Information

DVI-to-5-BNC Cable Pinout Information				
DVI-A Connector Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name	BNC connector pin	Notes:
1	TMDS DATA 2 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
2	TMDS DATA 2 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
3	TMDS SHIELD 2/4			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
4	TMDS DATA 4 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
5	TMDS DATA 4 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
6	DDC CLOCK			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
7	DDC DATA			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
8	ANALOG VERTICAL SYNC	VSync Signal	Black BNC center pin	
9	TMDS DATA 1 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
10	TMDS DATA 1 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
11	TMDS SHIELD 1/3			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
12	TMDS DATA 3 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
13	TMDS DATA 3 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
14	+5VDC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
15	GROUND	VSync, HSync Returns (shields)	Black/Grey BNC shields	
16	HOT PLUG DETECT			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
17	TMDS DATA 0 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
18	TMDS DATA 0 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
19	TMDS SHIELD 0/5			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
20	TMDS DATA 5 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
21	TMDS DATA 5 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
22	TMDS CLOCK SHIELD			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
23	TMDS CLOCK P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
24	TMDS CLOCK N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable

DVI-to-5-BNC Cable Pinout Information (Cont.)				
DVI-A Connector Pin	**Signal Name**	**Signal Name**	**BNC connector pin**	**Notes:**
C1	C1 ANALOG RED	Red Signal	Red BNC center pin	
C2	C2 ANALOG GREEN	Green Signal	Green BNC center pin	
C3	C3 ANALOG BLUE	Blue Signal	Blue BNC center pin	
C4	C4 ANALOG HSYNC	HSync Signal	Grey BNC center pin	
C5	C5 ANALOG GROUND	Red, Green, Blue Returns (shields)	Red/Green/Blue BNC shields	
BACKSHELL	SHIELD			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable

DVI-A Male to Triple RCA Male Cable

NOTE

*This cable type corresponds to the **CC-DVI-RCA3M** DVI-to-Component/Composite cable (**FG10-2170-09**), available from AMX.*

Cable to be composed of the following:

- Three 75ohm 28 AWG mini-coax cables for the Red, Green, and Blue signals and returns
- EMI shield metal can on DVI connector

DVI-to-Triple RCA Cable Pinout Information

DVI-to-Triple RCA Cable Pinout Information				
DVI-A Connector Pin	**Signal Name**	**Signal Name**	**RCA connector pin**	**Notes:**
1	TMDS DATA 2 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
2	TMDS DATA 2 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
3	TMDS SHIELD 2/4			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
4	TMDS DATA 4 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
5	TMDS DATA 4 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
6	DDC CLOCK			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
7	DDC DATA			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
8	ANALOG VERTICAL SYNC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
9	TMDS DATA 1 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
10	TMDS DATA 1 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
11	TMDS SHIELD 1/3			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
12	TMDS DATA 3 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
13	TMDS DATA 3 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector

DVI-to-Triple RCA Cable Pinout Information (Cont.)				
DVI-A Connector Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name	RCA connector pin	Notes:
14	+5VDC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
15	GROUND			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
16	HOT PLUG DETECT			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
17	TMDS DATA 0 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
18	TMDS DATA 0 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
19	TMDS SHIELD 0/5			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
20	TMDS DATA 5 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
21	TMDS DATA 5 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
22	TMDS CLOCK SHIELD			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
23	TMDS CLOCK P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
24	TMDS CLOCK N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
C1	C1 ANALOG RED	Component Pr / CVBS 1 Signal	Red RCA connector center pin	
C2	C2 ANALOG GREEN	Component Y / CVBS 2 Signal	Green RCA connector center pin	
C3	C3 ANALOG BLUE	Component Pb / CVBS 3 Signal	Blue RCA connector center pin	
C4	C4 ANALOG HSYNC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
C5	C5 ANALOG GROUND	Pr, Y, Pb / CVBS Returns (shields)	Red/Green/Blue RCA connector shields	
BACKSHELL	SHIELD			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable

DVI-A Male to S-Video Male Cable

*This cable corresponds to the **CC-DVI-SVID** DVI-to-S-Video adapter cable (**FG10-2170-10**), available from AMX.*

Cable to be composed of the following:

- Two 75ohm 28 AWG mini-coax cables for the Luminance (Y) and Chrominance (C) signals and returns
- EMI shield metal can on DVI connector

DVI-to-S-Video Cable Pinout Information

DVI-to-S-Video Cable Pinout Information				
DVI-A Connector Pin	**Signal Name**	**Signal Name**	**S-Video Connector Pin**	**Notes:**
1	TMDS DATA 2 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
2	TMDS DATA 2 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
3	TMDS SHIELD 2/4			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
4	TMDS DATA 4 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
5	TMDS DATA 4 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
6	DDC CLOCK			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
7	DDC DATA			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
8	ANALOG VERTICAL SYNC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
9	TMDS DATA 1 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
10	TMDS DATA 1 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
11	TMDS SHIELD 1/3			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
12	TMDS DATA 3 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
13	TMDS DATA 3 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
14	+5VDC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
15	GROUND			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
16	HOT PLUG DETECT			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
17	TMDS DATA 0 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
18	TMDS DATA 0 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
19	TMDS SHIELD 0/5			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
20	TMDS DATA 5 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
21	TMDS DATA 5 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
22	TMDS CLOCK SHIELD			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
23	TMDS CLOCK P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
24	TMDS CLOCK N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
C1	C1 ANALOG RED			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable

DVI-to-S-Video Cable Pinout Information (Cont.)

DVI-A Connector Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name	S-Video Connector Pin	Notes:
C2	C2 ANALOG GREEN	Luminance (Y) Signal (center conductor)	3	
C3	C3 ANALOG BLUE	Chrominance (C) Signal (center conductor)	4	
C4	C4 ANALOG HSYNC			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
C5	C5 ANALOG GROUND	Y, C Returns (shields)	1, 2	
BACKSHELL	SHIELD			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable

DVI-A Male to HD15 (VGA) Male Adapter

*This cable type corresponds to the **CC-DVIM-VGAF** DVI-to-VGA adapter (**FG10-2170-13**), available from AMX.*

Cable to be composed of the following:

- Three 75ohm 28 AWG mini-coax cables for the Red, Green, and Blue signals and returns
- Seven UL1589 (28AWG) for VSYNC, HSYNC, DDC_CLK, DDC_DATA, Hot_Plug_Detect, +5VDC, and GROUND
- The above bundles jacketed together in aluminum foil shield and 85% (minimum) braid
- EMI shield metal can on both DVI and HD15 connectors and connected to braid

DVI-to-VGA Cable Pinout Information

DVI-to-VGA Cable Pinout Information

DVI-A Connector Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name	HD15 (VGA) Pin	Notes:
1	TMDS DATA 2 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
2	TMDS DATA 2 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
3	TMDS SHIELD 2/4			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
4	TMDS DATA 4 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
5	TMDS DATA 4 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
6	DDC CLOCK	DDC CLOCK	15	28AWG
7	DDC DATA	DDC DATA	12	28AWG
8	ANALOG VERTICAL SYNC	VSYNC Signal	14	28AWG
9	TMDS DATA 1 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
10	TMDS DATA 1 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
11	TMDS SHIELD 1/3			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
12	TMDS DATA 3 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
13	TMDS DATA 3 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
14	+5VDC	+5VDC	9	28AWG
15	GROUND	GND, HS Return	5	28AWG
16	HOT PLUG DETECT	+5VDC	9	28AWG

DVI-to-VGA Cable Pinout Information (Cont.)				
DVI-A Connector Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name	HD15 (VGA) Pin	Notes:
17	TMDS DATA 0 N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
18	TMDS DATA 0 P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
19	TMDS SHIELD 0/5			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
20	TMDS DATA 5 N			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
21	TMDS DATA 5 P			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
22	TMDS CLOCK SHIELD			Pin not populated in DVI-A connector
23	TMDS CLOCK P			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
24	TMDS CLOCK N			Pin populated in DVI-A connector, but not connected for this cable
C1	C1 ANALOG RED	RED Coax Signal	1	Red mini-coax signal
C2	C2 ANALOG GREEN	GREEN Coax Signal	2	Green mini-coax signal
C3	C3 ANALOG BLUE	BLUE Coax Signal	3	Blue mini-coax signal
C4	C4 ANALOG HSYNC	HSYNC Signal	13	28AWG
C5	C5 ANALOG GROUND	RGB Coax, VSync/DDC Returns	6, 7, 8, 10, 11	Red, Green, Blue mini-coax returns; VSync/DDC return; NC used as GND
BACKSHELL	Braided Shield	Braided Shield	BACKSHELL	Outer braid, tied to 6, 7, 8, 10, 11

HDMI Male to DVI-D Male Cable

HDMI-to-DVI-D Cable Pinout Information

HDMI-to-DVI-D Cable Pinout Information				
HDMI Connector Pin	**Signal Name**	**Wire**	**DVI-D Pin**	**Notes:**
1	TMDS Data 2+	A	2	
2	TMDS Data Shield	B	3	
3	TMDS Data 2-	A	1	
4	TMDS Data 1+	A	10	
5	TMDS Data Shield	B	11	
6	TMDS Data 1-	A	9	
7	TMDS Data 0+	A	18	
8	TMDS Data 0 Shield	B	19	
9	TMDS Data 0-	A	17	
10	TMDS Clock+	A	23	
11	TMDS Clock Shield	B	22	
12	TMDS Clock-	A	24	
13	CEC	N.C.	N.C.	
14	Reserved	N.C.	N.C.	
15	SCL	C	6	
16	SDA	C	7	
17	DDC/CEC Ground	D	14	
18	+5V Power	5V	16	
19	Hot Plug Detect	C	15	

Audio/Video Configuration

You can access the configuration settings for the DVX by using one of the following methods:

- Using the front panel buttons
- Using a Web browser

Using the Front Panel Buttons

You can access the configuration settings for the All-In-One Presentation Switcher by using the VIDEO MENU, AUDIO MENU, SWITCH, and STATUS buttons on the front panel of the DVX. Pressing any button opens its respective menu on the LCD display on the front panel. FIG. 51 shows the LCD display. The LCD backlight on the display turns off after 35 seconds of inactivity.

FIG. 51 LCD display

Press the TAKE pushbutton to implement an audio/video switch while you are in the Switch menu on the LCD display. If you are in any menu other than Switch, press the button to cycle through audio and/or video inputs.

Use the Navigational buttons to traverse the available configuration parameters and change their settings. FIG. 52 displays the navigational function of each button.

Move up to previous menu configuration parameters

Decrease value, or toggle the state of the selected parameter

Increase value, or toggle the state of the selected parameter

Move down to next menu configuration parameters
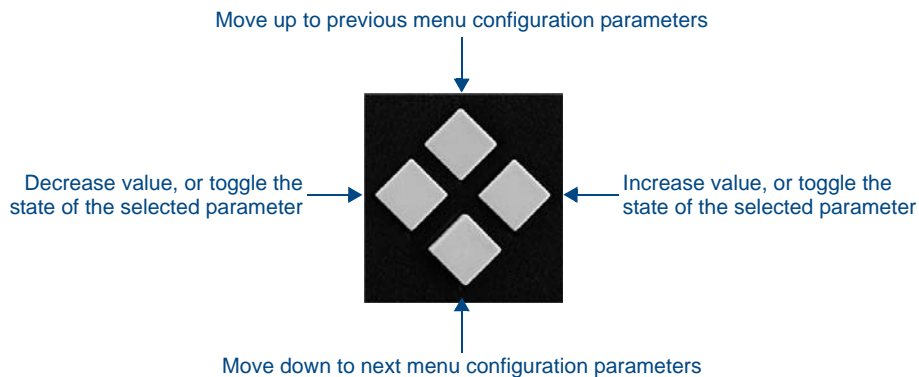
FIG. 52 Navigation buttons

Video Settings

The following table lists the Video Output menu options available by pressing the VIDEO MENU button.

Video Output Menu Options	
Output Select	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select which video output you want to use. You can choose from 1, 2, 3, 4, or ALL.
Scaling	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether you want to scale the output image. You can choose from AUTO, MANUAL, and BYPASS. The default setting is AUTO.
Resolution	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select the desired resolution and refresh rate of the selected output. For a complete list of output resolutions, see the *DVI and HDMI Supported Output Resolutions* section on page 117. Changing the output resolution automatically switches the scaling mode to MANUAL.
Aspect Ratio	Use the left and right navigation buttons to select how video inputs should be displayed when the input and output aspect ratio do not match. You can choose from the following options:
	MAINTAIN: Maintains the input aspect ratio while filling the screen either vertically or horizontally. Black bars may appear above and below or to the left and right of the image.
	STRETCH: Ignores the input aspect ratio and stretches the image to fill the screen in all directions.
	ZOOM: Maintains the input aspect ratio while zooming the image to fill the screen in all directions. Image data may be lost on the top and bottom or to the left and right of the displayed image.
	ANAMORPHIC: Use with anamorphic formatted video sources so that images appear correctly on the display.
	The default setting is STRETCH.
Logo/Test	Use the left and right navigational buttons to choose an output test pattern. Select Off to disable the test pattern and view video from the selected source. You can choose from Off, Color Bar, Gray Ramp, SMPTE Bar, HiLoTrak, Pluge, and Cross Hatch. If you have uploaded a logo to display on the output, you can also select the logo from this option. Logo images must be 24-bit color bitmap files at least 36x36 pixels in size.
Blank Screen	Use the left and right navigational buttons to select the color of the blank screen on the output. You can choose from Black or Blue. The default setting is Black. If you have uploaded a logo to display on the output, you can also select the logo from this option. Logo images must be at least 36x36 pixels in size.
OSD Overlay	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether you want the OSD overlay to be turned on or off. You can choose from Enabled or Disabled. When enabled, the input name and resolution displays in a small box in the upper left-hand corner of the screen whenever you select a new input source. The location of the input name and resolution can be changed using the OSD Position option. The default setting is Disabled.
OSD Position	Use the left and right navigational buttons to select the on-screen display's relative position so it is unobtrusive to video. You can choose from Top Left, Top Right, Bottom Left, and Bottom Right. The default setting is Top Left.
OSD Color	Use the left and right navigational buttons to select the background color for the on-screen display. You can choose from Black, White, Yellow, or Blue. The default setting is Black.
Source (Output Video Adjust):	
Brightness	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the brightness level adjustment applied to the selected output. You can set the brightness level from 0-100. The default setting is 50.
Contrast	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the contrast level adjustment applied to the selected output. You can set the contrast level from 0-100. The default setting is 50.
Horizontal Size	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the horizontal size of the image for the selected output. You can set the size from 25 to 800. The default setting is 100.
Horizontal Shift	Use the left and right navigational buttons to move the location of the video output from left to right. You can set the shift from -127 to 127. The default setting is 0.

Video Output Menu Options (Cont.)	
Vertical Size	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the vertical size of the image for the selected output. You can set the size from 25 to 800. The default setting is 100.
Vertical Shift	Use the left and right navigational buttons to move the location of the video output up and down. You can set the shift from -127 to 127. The default setting is 0.
Zoom	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the zoom on the video output image. Adjusting the zoom also adjusts the horizontal and vertical sizes of the video output. You can set the zoom from 25 to 800. The default setting is 100.
Freeze	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether you want the current image to freeze and remain on the screen. You can choose from On or Off. The default setting is Off.
Revert to Default	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate that you want to return all video options to their default settings. When the display indicates to "Press TAKE for YES", pressing the Take button reverts all configurable output image adjustments to their default values.

The following table lists the Video Input menu options available by pressing the VIDEO MENU button twice from the main volume screen.

Video Input Menu Options	
Input Select	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select which video input you want to use. You can choose any available input from 1-10.
Status	Use this option to view the status of the selected input. The status can read NO SIGNAL, SIGNAL OK, and UNKNOWN. This is a read-only field and pressing the left/right arrow keys will have no effect.
Type	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate the video format of the selected input. For Multi-Format inputs, you can choose from HDMI, DVI, VGA, Component, S-Video, and Composite. The default setting is Component. For HDMI inputs, you can choose from HDMI or DVI.
Auto Resolution	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether you want the video input resolution to be set automatically. The default setting is ON.
Resolution	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select the correct resolution and refresh rate of the selected output. For a complete list of output resolutions, see the *DVI and HDMI Supported Output Resolutions* section on page 117. Changing the input resolution will automatically switch the scaling mode to MANUAL.
EDID	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate the type of EDID data to be sent to the source or which output's EDID you would like to mirror to that source. You can choose All resolutions, Wide-Screen resolutions, Full-Screen resolutions, or to mirror the EDID from any of the HDMI outputs.
EDID Update	When the EDID is set to mirror one of the outputs, use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate whether you want the EDID going to the source to update anytime the output EDID changes or only when an update is requested manually. You can choose from AUTO and OFF. The default setting is AUTO.
Source (Input Video Adjust):	
Note: The following input video adjustments have no effect on the display of the internally generated test patterns. Refer to the Supported Video Settings table on page 21 for details on which settings apply to each input format type.	
Black & White	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether you want the video from the selected input to display in black and white. You can set the Black & White option to On or Off. The default setting is Off. This option is useful when displaying black & white content on a color document camera.
Brightness	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the brightness level adjustment applied to the selected input. You can set the brightness level from 0-100. The default setting is 50.
Contrast	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the contrast level adjustment applied to the selected input. You can set the contrast level from 0-100. The default setting is 50.

Video Input Menu Options (Cont.)	
Saturation	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the saturation level adjustment applied to the selected input. You can set the saturation level from 0-100. The default setting is 50.
Hue	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the hue adjustment applied to the selected input. You can set the hue level from 0-100. The default setting is 50.
Phase	Use the left and right navigational buttons to alter the phase adjustment for the selected input. This option is only available for RGB inputs. You can set the phase adjustment from 0-31. The default setting is 0.
H Shift	Use the left and right navigational buttons to shift the location of the video input from left to right. This option is only available for RGB inputs. You can set the shift from -50 to 50. The default setting is 0.
V Shift	Use the left and right navigational buttons to shift the location of the video input up and down. This option is only available for RGB inputs. You can set the shift from -10 to 10. The default setting is 0.
Revert to Default	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate that you want to return all video options to their default settings.

Setting the Video Type for a Video Input

Each video input type must be set manually. Perform these steps to set the video type for a video input:

1. Press the **VIDEO MENU** button on the front panel of the DVX two times to open the Video Input menu.
2. Press the left and right navigation buttons to select the input to change. You can select any input from 1-10.
3. Press the down navigational button until the Type option appears.
4. Use the left and right navigational buttons to select the video format for the selected input.

Changing the Video Output Resolution

Perform these steps to change the video output resolution:

1. Press the **VIDEO MENU** button on the front panel of the DVX to open the Video Output menu.
2. Press the left and right navigation buttons to select the output to change (ALL, 1, 2, 3, or 4).
3. Press the down navigational button until the Resolution option appears.
4. Use the left and right navigational buttons to locate the appropriate output resolution and refresh rate. You can also choose Auto to automatically detect the resolution and refresh rate.

Changing the Output Aspect Ratio

Perform these steps to change the output aspect ratio:

1. Press the **VIDEO MENU** button on the front panel of the DVX to open the Video Output menu.
2. Press the left and right navigation buttons to select the output to change (ALL, 1, 2, 3, or 4).
3. Press the down navigational button until the Aspect Ratio option appears.
4. Use the left and right navigational buttons to locate the appropriate aspect ratio.

Selecting a Video Test Pattern

Selecting a test pattern for your input source can help determine if the displays are connected correctly. Perform these steps the select a test pattern:

1. Press the **VIDEO MENU** button on the front panel of the DVX to open the Video Output menu.
2. Press the left and right navigation buttons to select the output on which to display the test pattern (ALL, 1, 2, 3, or 4).
3. Press the down navigational button until the Logo/Test option appears.
4. Use the left and right navigational buttons to select the appropriate output test pattern.

Audio Settings

The following tables list the audio options available on the LCD display by pressing the AUDIO MENU button on the front panel:

Audio Output Menu Options	
Audio Output Select	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select which video output you want to use. You can choose from 1, 2, 3, 4, or ALL.
Volume	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the volume of the selected audio output. You can set the volume from 0 to 100. The default setting is 20.
EQ Preset	Use the left and right navigational buttons to select a group of preset equalizer settings. You can choose from Voice, Movie, Music, and Off.
Balance	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the balance level of the selected audio output. You can set the balance level from -20 to +20. The default value is 0.
Format	Use the left and right navigational buttons to change the audio format of the selected audio input. You can set the audio format to Stereo or Mono. The default setting is Stereo.
SRC Mix	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the mix level of the audio input source in the overall mix. You can set the mix level from 0 to -100. The default setting is 0.
Mic1 Mix	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the mix level of microphone 1 in the overall mix. You can set the mix level from 0 to -100. The default setting is 0.
Mic2 Mix	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the mix level of microphone 2 in the overall mix. You can set the mix level from 0 to -100. The default setting is 0.
HDMI SRC	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate which analog audio output to embed in the selected HDMI output. You can choose from Out1, Out2, Out3, Out4, Pass-thru, and Off.
HDMI EQ	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether the equalizer settings for the selected analog output should be applied to the HDMI output. You can choose from On or Off. The default value is Off.
SPDIF SRC	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate the audio stream to output through the S/PDIF output. You can choose from any of the available audio outputs including the audio on the HDMI outputs.
Max Vol	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the maximum volume of the audio output. You can set the maximum volume from 0 to 100 in increments of 1. The default value is 100.
Min Vol	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the minimum volume of the audio output. You can set the minimum volume from 0 to 100 in increments of 1. The default value is 0.
Test Tone	Use the left and right navigational buttons to select an internally generated audible tone. The selected tone overrides any input source selection. Selecting 'Off' removes the override, allowing you to hear audio from the selected source.You can choose from Off, 60Hz, 250Hz, 400Hz, 1kHz, 3kHz, 5kHz, 10kHz, Pink Noise, and White Noise.
Delay	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the number of milliseconds to delay the audio. The default value is 32.
Ducking	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the ducking level of the audio output. You can choose from Off, Low, Med, High, and Custom. All detailed parameter adjustments for the Custom setting can be made from the web user interface. See the *Using a Web Browser* section on page 55 for more information. The default setting is Off.
Mic1 Thresh	Use the left and right navigational buttons to set the threshold of the ducker for microphone 1. You can set the threshold level from 0 to -60.
Revert to Default	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate that you want to return all audio output options to their default settings.

Audio Input Menu Options	
Audio Input Select	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select which video input you want to use. You can choose from any of the available audio inputs.
Gain	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the gain/attention level of the audio input. You can set the gain from -24 to +24dB in 1dB increments. The default setting is 0.
Format	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle the analog format for the audio input. You can choose from Stereo or Mono. The default setting is Stereo.
Compression	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the compression level of the selected audio input. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default value is Off.
Revert to Default	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate that you want to return all audio input options to their default settings.

Microphone Settings

The following table lists the microphone options available on the LCD display by pressing the AUDIO MENU button on the front panel:

Mic Input Menu Options	
Mic Mode	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select Single Stereo to adjust both microphone inputs or Dual Mono Mode to adjust the microphone settings individually. If you select Dual Mono Mode, be sure to select the desired microphone from the Mic Input Select option before adjusting the available settings for the microphone.
Mic Input Select	Use the left and right navigational buttons to manually select which microphone input you want to use. When in Dual Mode, you can choose from 1 or 2.
Enable	Use the left and right navigational buttons to toggle whether the selected microphone is active. You can choose from Off or On. The default setting is Off.
Preamp Gain	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the preamp gain level of the microphone input. You can set the gain from 0 to +65dB in 1dB increments. The default setting is 0.
Gain	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the gain/attention level of the microphone input. You can set the gain from -24 to +24dB in 1dB increments. The default setting is 0.
Compression	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the compression level of the selected microphone. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default value is Off.
Limiter	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the limiter function which suppresses loud noise bursts from dropping the mic and helps avoid feedback noise. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default setting is Off.
Gating	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the noise gate which filters background noise. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default setting is Off.
Phantom Power	Use the left and right navigational buttons to turn on or turn off phantom power for the selected microphone. You can set the Phantom Power to On or Off. The default setting is Off.
Revert to Default	Use the left and right navigational buttons to indicate that you want to return all microphone options to their default settings.

Selecting an Audio Test Tone

Selecting a test tone for your input source can help determine if you have your audio devices connected correctly. Perform these steps to select a test tone:

1. Press the **AUDIO MENU** button on the front panel of the DVX.
2. Press the left and right navigation buttons to select the output on which to play the test tone (ALL, 1, 2, 3, or 4).
3. Press the down navigational button until the Test Tone option appears.
4. Use the left and right navigational buttons to select an appropriate audio test tone.

Switch Menu

Press the SWITCH button to access the Switch menu for switching between the available audio and video devices. Use the UP and DOWN navigational buttons to scroll through the menu options. Use the RIGHT and LEFT navigational buttons to selected the desired input and output. Press the TAKE button to execute the switch.

Switch Menu	
Switch Level	Use the SWITCH button to indicate whether you want to switch the Video, Audio or Both. The subsequent options in this menu depend on your choice with this option (see below).
Select A+V Input	Use the SWITCH button to cycle through the available inputs. This option is only available if you select Both on the Switch Level option.
Select A+V Output	Use the SWITCH button to cycle through the available outputs. This option is only available if you select Both on the Switch Level option.
Select Video Input	Use the SWITCH button to cycle through the available video inputs. This option is only available if you select Video on the Switch Level option.
Select Video Output	Use the SWITCH button to cycle through the available video outputs. This option is only available if you select Video on the Switch Level option.
Select Audio Input	Use the SWITCH button to cycle through the available audio inputs. This option is only available if you select Audio on the Switch Level option.
Select Audio Output	Use the SWITCH button to cycle through the available audio outputs. This option is only available if you select Audio on the Switch Level option.

Status Menu

Press the STATUS button to access the Status menu and display system information on the LCD display. Use the UP and DOWN navigational buttons to scroll through the menu options. These options are view-only, except where noted.

Status Menu	
Vid Out	Displays which video input is associated with each output.
Aud Out	Displays which audio input is associated with each output.
Mic Out	Displays the active status of each microphone output.
System Number:	Displays the system number of the All-In-One Presentation Switcher.
Serial Number:	Displays the serial number of the All-In-One Presentation Switcher.
MAC Address:	Displays the MAC address of the All-In-One Presentation Switcher.
IP Address Type:	Displays whether the IP address is static or DHCP.
IP Address:	Displays the IP address of the network.
IP Subnet Mask:	Displays the subnet mask of the network.
IP Gateway:	Displays the gateway address of the network.
IP DNS Addr:	Displays the IP or DNS address of the device.
Master FW Version:	Displays the version number of the firmware the Master is using.
Device FW Version:	Displays the version number of the firmware the device is using.
DSP FW Version:	Displays the version number of the DSP firmware the All-In-One Presentation Switcher is using.
FPGA FW Version:	Displays the version number of the video FPGA the All-In-One Presentation Switcher is using.
Diagnostic Codes:	Displays informational codes useful for troubleshooting and diagnostics.
LCD Brightness:	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the backlight intensity of the LCD display. You can set the LCD Intensity between 0 and 100. The default setting is 50.
LED Brightness:	Use the left and right navigational buttons to adjust the backlight intensity of the front panel buttons. You can set the LED Intensity between 0 and 100. The default setting is 50.

DVX WebConsole

The DVX features an on-board WebConsole that allows you to configure the device and make various adjustments to audio/video and system settings. The WebConsole is accessed via a web browser on a PC that has network access to the DVX.

The DVX WebConsole can be divided into two primary parts:

- Audio/Video Switcher Configuration Settings
- Master Controller Configuration Options

Accessing the WebConsole

From any PC that has access to the LAN that the target DVX resides on:

1. Open a web browser and type the IP Address of the target DVX in the Address Bar.

2. Press **Enter** to access WebConsole for that DVX. The initial view is the *WebControl* page (FIG. 53).

System/Device info:
System (read-only): indicates the name of the System currently connected
Device: click the down-arrow to select from a list of all devices connected to this Master
Refresh: Click to refresh the Device list

Click to Login (only required if Master Security and HTTP Access security options are enabled on the target Master)

Click to access the three main sections of the WebConsole (initial view = WebControl)

Select this option to show/hide the Online Device Tree (showing all devices currently connected to this Master)

FIG. 53 Master Configuration Manager - WebControl Page (initial view)

Master Controller Configuration Options

The DVX features a NetLinx central controller, functionally equivalent to a NI-3101-SIG. Likewise, the DVX provides the same set of configuration pages that are available to the NI-3101-SIG.

All NI-Series NetLinx Masters (including the NI-3101-SIG that is internal to the DVX-3150HD) share a common WebConsole, as described in the NetLinx Integrated Controllers WebConsole & Programming Guide (available at www.amx.com).

WebConsole - Master Configuration Manager

The DVX (and all other NetLinx Masters) features a built-in WebConsole that allows you to make various configuration settings via a web browser on any PC that has access to the Master.

The webconsole consists of a series of web pages that are collectively called the "Master Configuration Manager" (FIG. 53).

The webconsole is divided into three primary sections, indicated by three control buttons across the top of the main page (FIG. 54):

FIG. 54 WebConsole Control Buttons

- **WebControl**: This is the option that is pre-selected when the WebConsole is accessed. Use the options in the *Manage WebControl Connections* page to manage G4WebControl connections.
- **Security**: Click to access the System Security page. The options in this page allow you to configure various aspects of NetLinx System and Security on the Master.
- **System**: Click to access the System Details page. The options on this page allow you to view and configure various aspects of the NetLinx System.

Master Configuration Manager - Additional Documentation

For a full description of all Master Configuration pages, refer to the *NetLinx Integrated Controllers WebConsole & Programming Guide*, available at *www.amx.com*.

Using a Web Browser

You can access the configuration settings for the All-In-One Presentation Switcher by using a web browser. (AMX supports any industry-standard web browser running Adobe Flash Player 10 or better.) The system configuration pages are available by entering the IP address of the NetLinx master into the location bar of your web browser. Entering your IP address into your web browser opens the Main WebControl page (FIG. 55).

FIG. 55 Main WebControl page

Perform these steps to access the configuration settings:

1. Open a web browser.

2. Enter the IP address of the All-In-One Presentation Switcher in the location bar of the web browser. (If you do not know your switcher's IP address, see the *Locating the IP Address of the DVX* section on page 56.) The Main WebControl page opens (FIG. 55).

WebControl requires that you install the latest version of the Adobe Flash Player plug-in for your browser. If your browser does not have the Flash Player plug-in installed, you will be prompted to install it.

3. Use the Device options menu at the top of the screen to select the *<DEVICE #> - DVX-315xHD-x Switch Device*. (Substitute the model number of your unit for x.) The Enova DVX Setup page opens (FIG. 57).

    If a web browser or Flash Player is not available, the All-In-One Presentation Switcher's front panel and NetLinx commands provide equivalent controls for audio/video configuration. See the *Using the Front Panel Buttons* section on page 45 for more information.

Locating the IP Address of the DVX

You can locate the IP address of the DVX by using the buttons on the front panel of the unit. The IP address appears on the LCD display on the front panel of the DVX. Perform these steps to locate the IP address of the unit:

1. Press the **STATUS** button on the front panel of the unit. The Status menu appears on the LCD display.

2. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** navigational arrow buttons to navigate through the options until you locate the All-In-One Presentation Switcher's IP address. Note the IP address for future reference.

You can use the Status Menu to verify current TCP/IP settings using the UP and DOWN navigational buttons.

General Options

The WebConsole Configuration page contains settings that are accessible from each tab. FIG. 56 indicates the universally accessible options available on the web pages.
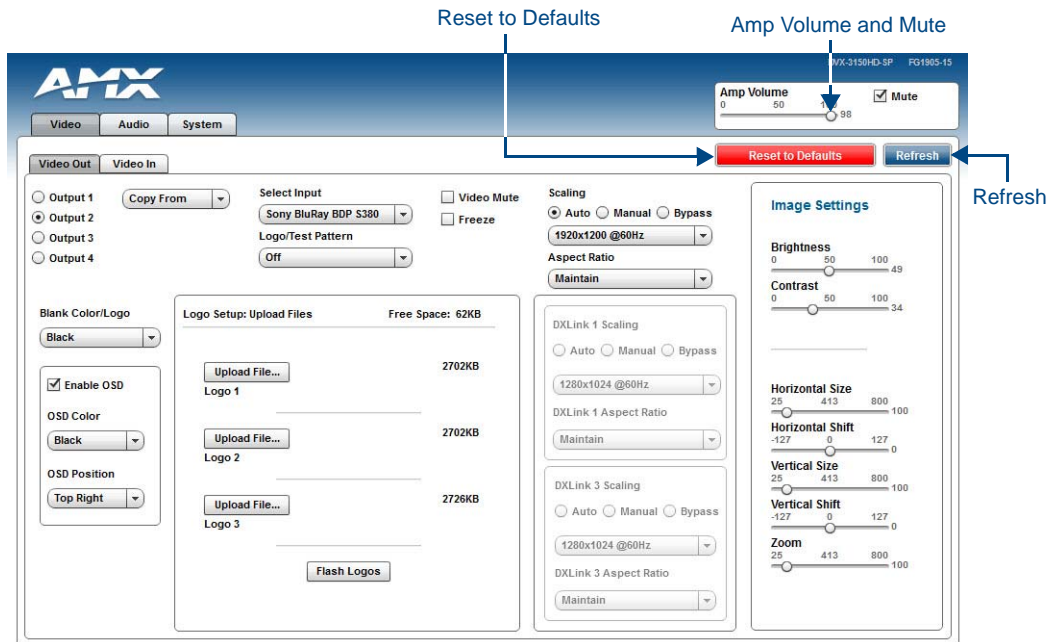
FIG. 56 WebConsole Configuration page

The following table lists the general options for the WebConsole Configuration page:

General Options	
Mute	Turns off the audio for the device.
Amp Volume	Sets the output volume.
Refresh	Click to reload all settings.
Reset to Defaults	Click to reset the current page's settings to its factory default.

Video Settings

The Video Out tab enables you to set the resolution, aspect ratio, and picture qualities of each individual video input. Any changes you make reflect instantaneously on your source input and output devices.

Video Out

FIG. 57 displays the Video Out page for the DVX.
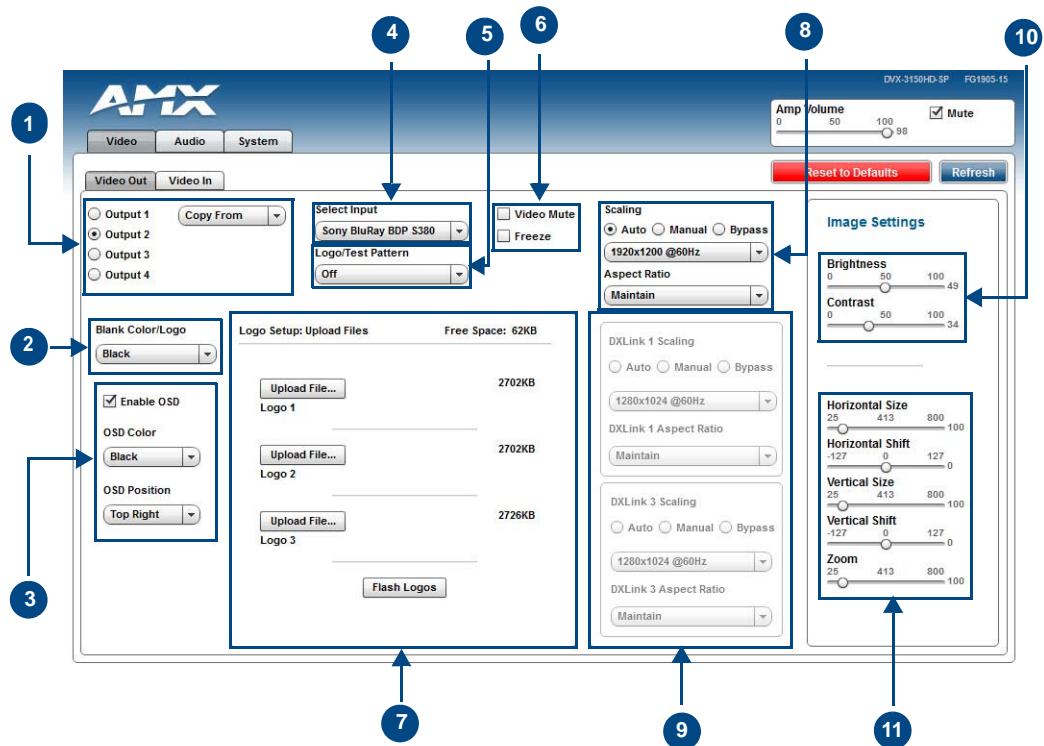
FIG. 57 WebConsole Configuration page - Video Out tab

1 - **Output Select**: Select the corresponding option button to select the video output to adjust. When you select an output, the other options on the page change to reflect the output's current settings. You can copy the settings from one output to the selected output by using the Copy From menu.

Note: If you have a Virtual device using the same port (5002) as the DVX, all notifications are routed to virtual device rather than the DVX. In this case, initial states for the video outputs will not be represented in the Web Console. When possible, avoid using virtual devices on the same port as the DVX.

2 - **Blank Color/Logo**: Use the drop-down menu to select the color of the blank screen on the output. If you have uploaded a logo to display on the output, you can also select the logo from this menu.

3 - **OSD**: This area allows you to activate the on-screen display. When enabled, the input name and resolution displays in a small box in a corner of the screen whenever you select a new input source. From the available menus in the same area, you can select the color scheme and location of the OSD.

4 - **Select Input**: Use the menu to select a video input to be switched to the selected video output.

5 - **Logo/Test Pattern**: Use the menu to choose an image logo or output test pattern to display on the video output. Select Off to disable the logo or test pattern and view video from the selected source. You can choose from Off, Color Bar, Gray Ramp, SMPTE Bar, HiLoTrak, Pluge, and Cross Hatch. If you have uploaded a logo to display on the output, you can also select the logo from this menu.

6 - **Video Mute**: Click to toggle whether the video is muted (blanked) on the video output.

   Freeze: Click the check box to freeze the current image so that it remains on the screen.

7 - **Logo Setup**: The Logo Setup area enables you to load up to three bitmap image files available for display on the video output. Click each Upload File button to locate and upload an image file to the unit's local memory, then click the Flash Logos button to load the image files into memory. Images must be 24-bit color bitmap files at least 36x36 pixels in size. There is 8192kb of flash memory available for storing the three image files. The amount of free space remaining appears on the screen. See the *Uploading an Image File* section on page 58 for more information.

Note: Large images can cause a slowdown in performance. Though images up to 1920x1200 are supported, AMX recommends using an image size no greater than 640x480.

8 - **Scaling**: Click Auto to have the unit automatically set the video resolution for the selected output display based on the EDID information received from the connected display device. Click Manual to manually override the video resolution for the output display. After choosing Manual, select a resolution and an aspect ratio from the corresponding menus. Select Bypass to disable scaling and send unscaled video from the selected input to the display.

9 - **DXLink**: This section enables you to establish scaling and aspect ratio settings for the DXLink outputs. If these outputs are not available on your unit, this area appears greyed-out.

10 - **Image Settings**: Use the sliders to set the brightness and contrast for the selected video output.

11 - **Video Adjustments**: Use the sliders to set the horizontal and vertical size and shift and the zoom for the selected video output.

Your video configuration is not affected by a power loss, restarting the unit, or upgrading the firmware.

NOTE

Uploading an Image File

You can upload static image files to the DVX and display the logo images on a video output. You can upload up to three images to the unit. There is 8192kb of flash memory available for storing the three image files. The amount of free space remaining appears on the Video Out tab. Images must be 24-bit color bitmap files at least 36x36 pixels in size.

Large images can cause a slowdown in performance. Though images up to 1920x1200 are supported, AMX recommends using an image size no greater than 640x480.

NOTE

Perform these steps to upload an image file:

1. Open a web browser.

2. Enter the IP address of the All-In-One Presentation Switcher in the location bar of the web browser. (If you do not know your switcher's IP address, see the *Locating the IP Address of the DVX* section on page 56.) The Main WebControl page opens (FIG. 55).

3. Use the Device options menu at the top of the screen to select the *<DEVICE #> - DVX-315xHD-xx Switch Device*. (Substitute the model number of your unit for x.) The Configuration page opens in a separate pop-up window (FIG. 57).

4. On the Video Out tab, click **Upload File**. (You can click any of the three available buttons.)

5. Select an image file from a location accessible to the DVX and click **OK**.

6. Once the file is uploaded, click **Flash Logos** to load the images files into memory.

Using concurrent web browsers or users while uploading or flashing image files can cause corruption in your images. It is a best practice to use only a single web browser when uploading or flashing an image file.

WARNING

Closing and restarting your web browser removes all current image file information from the Web Console page. However, if you completed uploading the image, the images are still loaded into the DVX's memory.

NOTE

Video In

FIG. 58 displays the Video In tab on the Video page. The Video In tab enables you to set the resolution, aspect ratio, and picture qualities of each individual video input. Any changes you make reflect instantaneously on your source input and output devices.
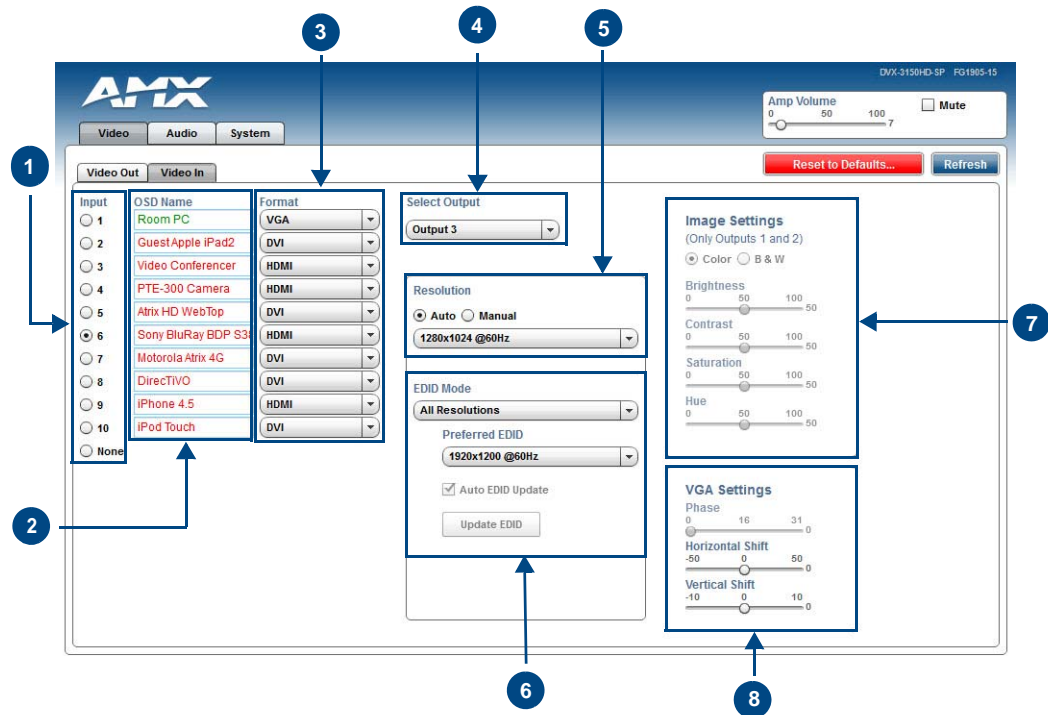
FIG. 58 WebConsole Configuration page - Video In tab

1 - **Input**: Select the corresponding option button to switch that video input to the selected output (see Select Output below). When you select an input, the other options on the page change to reflect the input's current settings. You can only select one video input at a time. Select None to send no signal to the selected output. You can click the Refresh button on the page to update the color coding on the Video Input Select Radio buttons. Click Refresh after connecting a new input or correcting a resolution on the input so you can be sure it is working.

2 - **OSD Name**: Enter a unique name for the device in the space provided to more easily identify each input. The name you enter here appears in the on-screen display (OSD), if enabled. The lettering changes color depending on whether video is detected on the selected input. Green indicates a signal is detected, grey indicates a signal is detected but cannot be identified, and red indicates no signal is detected. You can enter up to 63 characters for a single name. Space characters are valid, however, if they appear at the start of a name, they will be truncated. These fields are optional.

3 - **Format**: Use the drop-down menus to select the video format for each video input. The selection should indicate the type of connection used to connect the video source to the switcher. For Multi-Format inputs, you can choose from HDMI, DVI, VGA, Component, S-Video, and Composite. The default setting is Component. For HDMI inputs, you can choose from HDMI or DVI.

4 - **Select Output**: Use the menu to select the video output you want to use.

5 - **Resolution**: Click Auto to have the unit automatically detect the video resolution for the selected input signal, or click Manual to manually select the video resolution for the selected input signal. After clicking the Manual option button, select a resolution from the corresponding drop-down menu. The Auto option is selected by default.

6 - **EDID Mode**: Use the menus to indicate the desired EDID information to be sent to the selected video source. You can choose from one of the built-in EDID files which includes All Resolutions, only Full Screen Resolutions, or only Wide Screen Resolutions, or you can choose to mirror the EDID received from any connected display. The Preferred EDID menu is only available if you select one of the internal EDID files (All, Full, or Wide). In this mode you can select the specific preferred resolution to present to the connected source. The Auto EDID Update check box and the update EDID button are only available if you select to mirror the EDID from a connected display. Select the Auto EDID Update check box if you want the EDID sent to the source to update anytime the EDID received from the connected display changes. De-select this check box to prevent automatically updating the EDID sent to the source and only update the EDID when the Update EDID button is clicked.

7 - **Image Settings**: Click the Color or B&W option button to select a color setting for the video input. Use the sliders to alter the brightness, contrast, saturation, and hue for the video input.

8 - **VGA Settings**: Use the sliders to alter the phase, horizontal shift, and vertical shift settings for VGA inputs.

Audio Settings

The Audio page enables you to set the audio qualities for each audio input, microphone input, amplifier output, and line output. Any changes you make reflect instantaneously on your source input and output devices.

Audio Out

FIG. 59 displays the Audio Out page for the DVX.
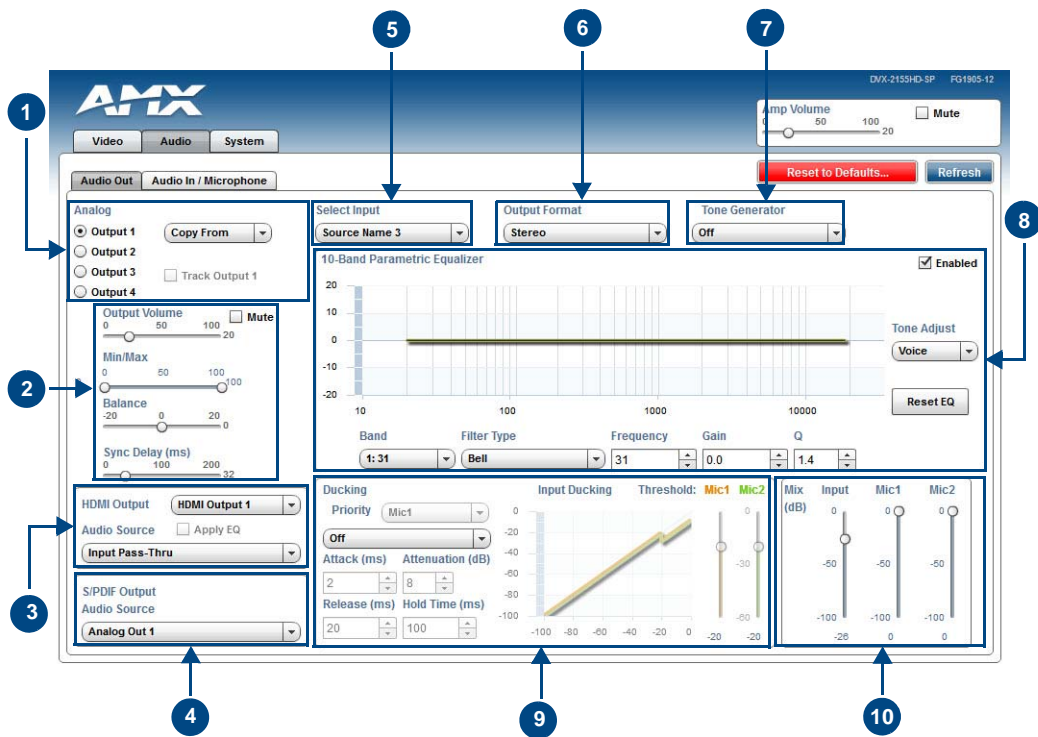
FIG. 59 WebConsole Configuration page - Audio Out tab

1 - **Analog Output**: Select the corresponding option button to select an audio output to adjust. You can only select one audio output at a time.

2 - **Output Volume**: Use the sliders to set the output levels for the selected audio output. You can set the following options for each audio output:

> **Output Volume**: Use the slider to set the volume of the selected audio output. You can set the volume from 0 to 100. The default setting is 20.

> **Min/Max**: Use the sliders to adjust the minimum and maximum volume of the audio output. There are separate sliders on this option for minimum and maximum volume. You can set the maximum volume from 0 to 100 in increments of 1. The default value is 100. You can set the minimum volume from 0 to 100 in increments of 1. The default value is 0.

> **Balance**: Use the slider to adjust the balance level of the selected audio output. You can set the balance level from -20 to +20. The default value is 0.

> **Sync Delay**: Use the slider to set the number of milliseconds to delay the audio. The default value is 32.

Additionally, you can silence the audio output by clicking the Mute check box.

3 - **HDMI Output**: Use the available options to configure the HDMI output.

> **HDMI Output**: Select the HDMI output for which you want to adjust the audio options.

> **Audio Source**: Select the audio stream to output through the selected HDMI output. You can choose from Input Pass-thru or any of the four available Analog Outputs.

> **Apply EQ**: Click the check box to toggle whether the volume and equalizer for the HDMI source port is active.

4 - **S/PDIF Output**: Select the audio stream to output through the S/PDIF output. You can choose from any of the available HDMI or Analog Outputs.

5 - **Select Input**: Use the menu to switch the audio input to the selected audio output.

6 - **Output Format**: Use the menu to change the audio format of the selected audio output. You can set the audio format to Stereo or Mono. The default setting is Stereo.

7 - **Tone Generator**: The tone generator provides an internally generated audible tone. The selected tone overrides any input source selection. Selecting 'Off' removes the override, allowing you to hear audio from the selected source. You can choose from Off, 60Hz, 250Hz, 400Hz, 1kHz, 3kHz, 5kHz, 10kHz, Pink Noise, and White Noise.

8 - **Equalizer**: The equalizer is a 10 band parametric equalizer enabling you to set any of the 10 default frequencies (31Hz, 62Hz, 125Hz, 250Hz, 500Hz, 1000Hz, 2000Hz, 4000Hz, 8000Hz, 16000Hz) to any value from 20Hz to 20KHz. Each band is set individually by selecting the band from the Band menu then adjusting the remaining settings. A dynamic graph displays the resulting frequency response of the equalizer band. Changing the Gain, Frequency, or Q settings can change the frequency response.

Use the following options to change the settings on the equalizer:

> **Band**: Use the menu to select which of the 10 equalizer bands you want to configure.

> **Filter Type**: Use the menu to set the filter type for the selected equalizer band. You can choose from Bell, Band Pass, Band Stop, High Pass, Low Pass, Treble Shelf, and Bass Shelf.

> **Frequency**: Use the up and down arrows or direct text entry to set the center frequency for the selected equalizer band. You can set the center frequency to any value between 20Hz and 20KHz.

> **Gain**: Use the up and down arrow buttons or direct text entry to adjust the gain/attention level of the selected band. You can set the gain from -12 to +12dB in 1dB increments. The default setting is 0.

> **Q**: Q factor adjusts the filter from wider to narrower smoothing between inflection points on the frequency response. The default setting is 1.4. The range is from 0.1 to 20.0 in 0.1 increment/decrement steps.

> **Tone Adjust**: Use the menu to select a fixed adjustment to the frequency response depending on the current use. You can choose from Off, Movie, Voice, and Music.

> **Enabled**: Click to enable or disable the equalizer settings.

9 - **Ducking**: Use the menu to set the ducking level of the audio output. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. Selecting Custom activates settings you can adjust for Threshold, Attack, Release, Attenuation, and Hold-time. The default setting is Off.

> **Priority**: Use this menu to set the ducking priority for the microphones. You can choose from Off or Mic1.

> **Threshold**: Use the sliders to adjust the threshold levels for each microphone. You can set the threshold to any value between 0 and -50.

10 - **Mix**: Use the sliders to set the mix levels for the audio input and the two microphones. Each device has its own mix level slider. You can set each level from 0 to 100dB.

Audio In/Microphone

FIG. 60 displays the Audio In/Microphone page for the DVX.
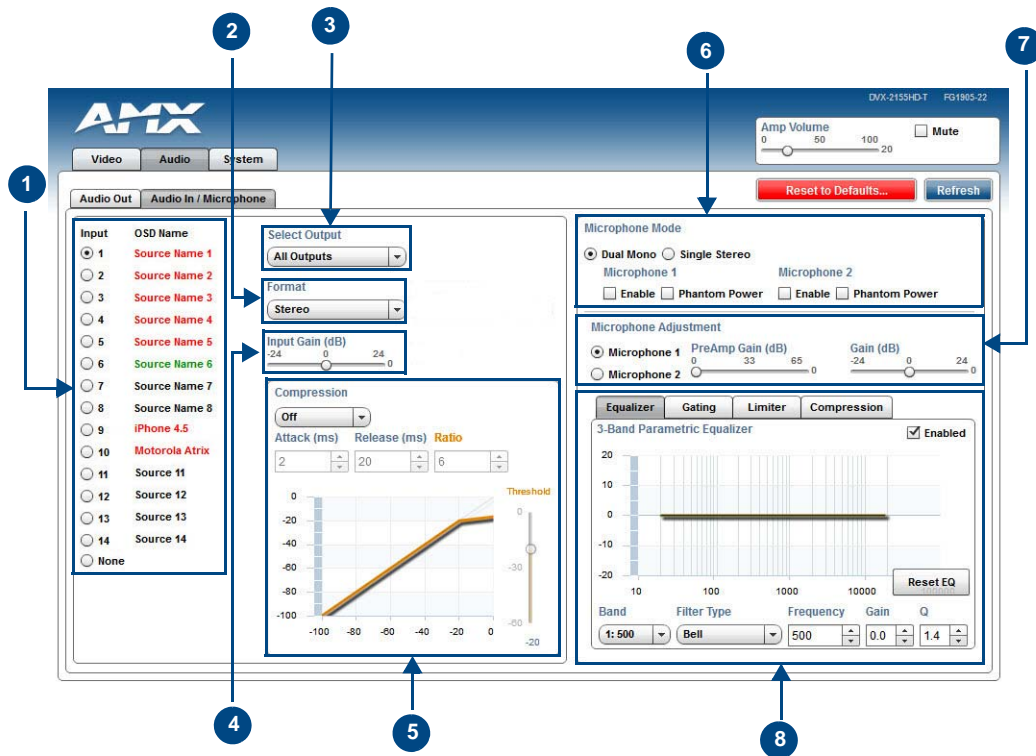
FIG. 60 WebConsole Configuration page - Audio In/Microphone tab

1 - **Audio Input**: Select the corresponding option button to switch that audio signal to the selected output. You can only select one audio input at a time. Select None if you do not want any audio.

2 - **Format**: Use the menu to select the analog format for the audio input. You can choose from Stereo or Mono.

3 - **Select Output**: Use the menu to select an audio output.

4 - **Input Gain**: Use the slider to adjust the gain level of the audio input. You can set the gain from -24 to +24dB in 1dB increments. The default setting is 0.

5 - **Compression**: Use the menu to select the compression level of the selected audio input. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default value is Off. Selecting any option other than Off enables you to adjust settings for Attack, Release, Ratio, and Threshold.

  Attack: Sets the duration, in milliseconds, of the attack phase while compressing. You can set a value between 1 and 2000.

  Release: Sets the duration, in milliseconds, of the release phase while compressing. You can set a value between 1 and 5000.

  Ratio: Sets the ratio while compressing. You can set a value between 1 and 20.

  Threshold: Sets the threshold while compressing. You can set a value between 0 and -60.

6 - **Microphone Mode**: Click Dual Mono when using independent microphones. Each mono microphone input is mixed onto both the right and left channels. Click Single Stereo when connecting a single stereo source. Microphone input 1 is mixed only onto the left channel and Microphone input 2 is mixed only onto the right channel. Click the check boxes to activate phantom power for each individual mic. The unit supports a supply of up to 48V of phantom power for each mic input.

Note: Enabling Phantom Power could damage some devices connected to the microphone input if the devices are not designed to accept it.

7 - Microphone Adjustment: There are two separate sections for configuring Mic 1 and Mic 2. If you select Single Stereo for the Microphone Mode, there is a single configuration that affects both microphones. Selecting Dual Mono allows independent configuration of each mic. You can set the following options for each microphone:

PreAmp Gain: Use the slider to set the preamp gain level for the mic. You can set the PreAmp Gain between 0 and 65 dB in 1 dB steps. Set the PreAmp Gain to 0 for line-level inputs.

Gain: Use the slider to set the input gain level for the mic. You can set the gain between -24 and +24 dB in 1 dB steps.

8 - This area contains a set of four tabs with different sets of options for more advanced microphone adjustments.

Equalizer: The equalizer is a 3-band parametric equalizer enabling you to set 3 frequencies to any value from 20Hz to 20KHz. The default center frequencies are 500Hz, 1000Hz, and 3000Hz. Each band is set individually by selecting the band from the Band menu then adjusting the remaining settings. A dynamics chart displays any activity on the equalizer band. Changing the Gain, Frequency, or Q settings can change the chart display.

Use the following options to change the settings on the equalizer:

Band: Use the menu to select which of the 3 equalizer bands you want to configure.

Filter Type: Use the menu to set the filter type for the selected equalizer band. You can choose from Bell, Band Pass, Band Stop, High Pass, Low Pass, Treble Shelf, and Bass Shelf.

Frequency: Use the up and down arrows or direct text entry to set the center frequency for the selected equalizer band. You can set the center frequency to any value between 20Hz and 20KHz.

Gain: Use the up and down arrow buttons or direct text entry to adjust the gain/attention level of the audio input. You can set the gain from -12 to +12dB in 1dB increments. The default setting is 0.

Q: Q factor adjusts the vector graph from wider to narrower smoothing between inflection points on the equalizer band. The default setting is 1.4. The range is from 0.1 to 20.0 in 0.1 increment/decrement steps.

Gating: Use the menu to select the gating level of the selected microphone input. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default value is Off. Selecting any option other than Off enables you to adjust settings for Attack, Release, Depth, Hold Off, and Threshold.

Limiter: Use the menu to select the Limiter settings of the selected microphone input. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default value is Off. Selecting any option other than Off enables you to adjust settings for Attack, Release and Threshold.

Compression: Use the menu to select the compression level of the selected Microphone input. You can choose from Off, Low, Medium, High, and Custom. The default value is Off. Selecting any option other than Off enables you to adjust settings for Attack, Release, Ratio, and Threshold.

The following settings serve identical purposes with identical ranges for each tab on which they appear:

Attack: Sets the duration, in milliseconds, of the attack phase. You can set a value between 1 and 2000.

Release: Sets the duration, in milliseconds, of the release phase. You can set a value between 1 and 5000.

Depth: Sets the depth in decibels. You can set a value between 0 and 20.

Ratio: Sets the ratio. You can set a value between 1 and 20.

Hold Off: Sets the gating hold off time. You can set a value between 0.25 and 4 seconds in 0.25 increments.

Enabled: Click to enable or disable the equalizer settings.

Your audio configuration is not affected by a power loss, restarting the unit, or upgrading the firmware.

NOTE

Setting Up Surround Audio

To pass surround audio from HDMI inputs to HDMI or S/PDIF outputs you must have an HDMI sink (display, AVR, etc.) that supports one or more surround formats. Follow these steps to configure the DVX to pass-through surround audio.

1. Connect a source that is capable of providing surround audio to an HDMI input on the DVX.

2. Connect a sink that supports surround audio to an HDMI output on the DVX.

3. See *Using a Web Browser* section on page 55 and follow the instructions to open the DVX Web Configuration page.

4. On the Video In tab, select the HDMI Input connected to the source.

5. Select Mirror Out x from the EDID Mode options menu where x is the output number connected to the surround-capable sink (see item 6 in the *Video In* section on page 59 for more information.)

6. In the HDMI Output section of the Audio Out tab, select the HDMI output that is the destination for surround audio and then Select Input Pass-Thru from the **Audio Source** options menu (see item 3 in the *Audio Out* section on page 60 for more information).

7. If sending surround audio to the S/PDIF output, select the same HDMI output used in step 6 above in the **S/PDIF Output Audio Source** options menu (see item 4 in the *Audio Out* section on page 60 for more information).

8. Route the video from the HDMI input connected to the surround audio source to the HDMI output selected in step 6 above.

Follow these same steps when receiving surround audio from a DXLink input and/or sending audio to DXLink outputs. Connect all DXLink transmitters/receivers to the DVX, connect sources and sinks to DXLink transmitters/receivers, and select the appropriate DXLink input/output on the DVX in the steps above.

Embedding Audio on an HDMI Output

Follow these steps to configure an HDMI, DXLink or S/PDIF output to embed audio from a stereo source:

1. Connect either a digital audio source on an HDMI input or an analog audio source on one of the analog audio inputs.

2. Connect an HDMI sink (display, AVR, etc.) that can accept audio over HDMI.

3. See *Using a Web Browser* section on page 55 and follow the instructions to open the DVX Web Configuration page.

4. In the HDMI Output section of the Audio Out tab, select the HDMI output that is the destination for audio and then select the analog output you want to embed from the **Audio Source** options menu. (See item 3 on *Audio Out* section on page 60 for more information).

5. Route the desired input audio (connected in step 2) to the analog output chosen in step 4, and it will automatically embed on the selected HDMI and/or S/PDIF output.

6. In the HDMI Output section, select the **Apply EQ** check box if you want the audio on the HDMI output to be affected by the DVX's Volume and Equalizer settings. De-select this box if you want un-equalized, unity gain audio on the HDMI output (recommended if adjusting volume and EQ at the downstream HDMI sink).

7. To send the same analog audio to the S/PDIF output, select the same Analog output used in step 4 above in the **S/PDIF Output Audio Source** options menu (see item 4 in the *Audio Out* section on page 60 for more information).

Mixing Microphones onto Analog and HDMI Outputs

Follow these steps to connect and mix audio from a microphone input onto the source audio being routed to an audio output. The Mic inputs can accept both Microphone level and Line level audio.

1. Connect an audio source to one of the microphone inputs on the DVX.

2. See *Using a Web Browser* section on page 55 and follow the instructions to open the DVX Web Configuration page.

3. On the Audio In / Microphone tab, select the appropriate Pre-Amp gain setting for the input type you are using (see item 7 in the *Audio In/Microphone* section on page 62 for more information):

- If the input source connected to the microphone input is a line-level signal, adjust the Pre-Amp Gain for that microphone input to 0.

- If the input source connected to the microphone input is a microphone-level signal, adjust the Pre-Amp Gain for that microphone to a setting above 0 (typical values are between 20 and 30 dB).

4. If the connected microphone requires phantom power, check the **Phantom Power** check box for that microphone input (see item 6 in the *Audio In/Microphone* section on page 62 for more information).

5. In the same section, turn on the connected microphone by checking the **Enable** check box for that microphone input.

6. On the Audio Output tab, select each analog audio output (see item 1 in the *Audio Out* section on page 60) and adjust the mix level as desired for each output (see item 10 in the *Audio Out* section on page 60).

- To hear both program audio and microphone audio on an analog output, start by setting the mix sliders for both the Input and the Mic all the way up and then make minor adjustments to these sliders to achieve the desired relative audio levels.

- To hear only the program audio on an analog output, set the microphone mix levels all the way down (-100) and the Input mix level all the way up.

- To hear only the microphone on an analog output, set the Input mix level all the way down (-100) and the Mic mix level all the way up.

7. To hear the microphone on an HDMI output, follow the instructions for *Embedding Audio on an HDMI Output* section on page 64 and select an analog output that has been mixed to receive microphone audio in step 6 above.

System Settings

FIG. 61 displays the System page. The System page allows you to switch any audio or video input to any output, set the front panel button lockout, adjust front panel LED and LCD intensity, and view the device information for the switcher.
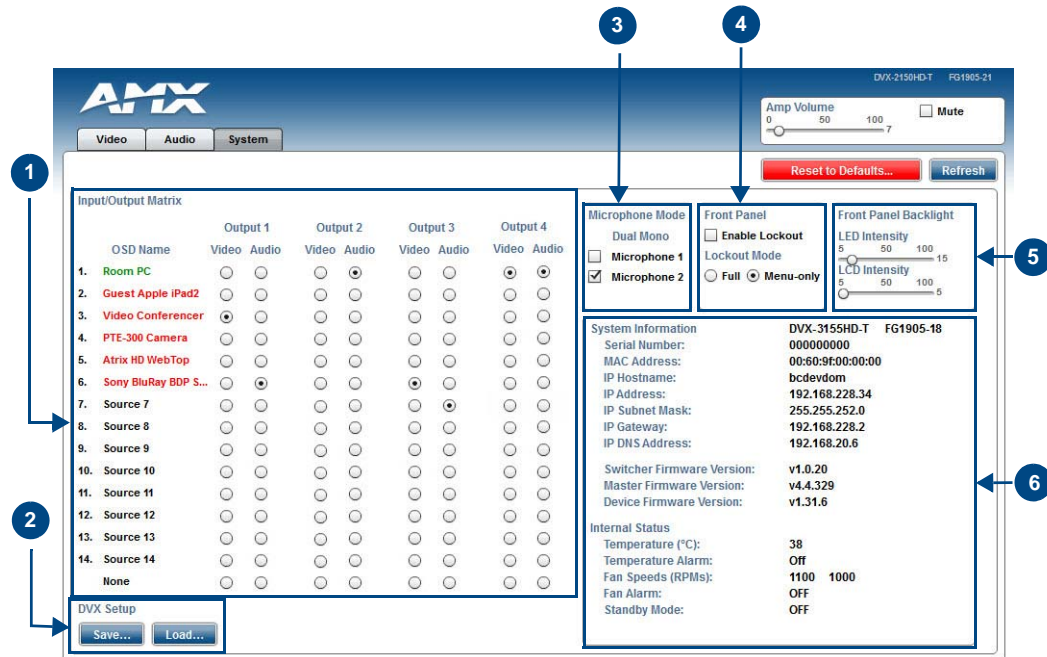
FIG. 61 WebConsole Configuration page - System page

1 - **Input/Output Matrix**: Select an option button under each output to switch video or audio from the corresponding input to that particular output. Green text indicates a signal is detected, grey indicates a signal is detected but cannot be identified, and red indicates no signal is detected. You can only select one video and audio input at a time per output. Select None if you do not want any video or audio on the selected output.

2 - **Save/Load**: Click the buttons to save or load your DVX settings. Files are saved as a .xdv file to any local or network drive of your specification.

Note: Due to the way many browsers manage file upload requests while in an authenticated session, it is not possible to load a DVX setup (.xdv) file with any web browser AMX has tested, except Microsoft Internet Explorer when HTTP Security is enabled on the DVX Master.

3 - **Microphone Mode**: Click the checkboxes to activate or deactivate the microphones connected to Mic Inputs 1 and 2 when in Dual Mode, or the L/R Microphone when in Single Stereo Mode.

4 - **Front Panel Lockout Mode**: Click the check box to activate a lockout of some or all of the buttons on the front panel. Select the type of lockout in the Lockout Mode section. Select Full Lockout if you want the lockout to block the use of all front panel buttons. Select Menu-only Lockout if you want the lockout to only block the use of the menu options on the front panel. The Switch, Take, Status, Volume, and Mute buttons are still available with this option.

5 - **Front Panel Backlight**: Use the sliders to adjust the backlight intensity of the LCD display and the LEDs on front panel buttons. You can set the backlight intensity for each option between 0 and 100. The default setting for each option is 50.

6 - **System Information**: This area provides the following read-only information about your unit:

• Serial number	• IP Gateway	• Temperature (ºC)
• MAC Address	• IP DNS Addresses	• Temperature Alarm
• IP Hostname	• Switcher Firmware Version	• Fan Speeds (RPMs)
• IP Address	• Master Firmware Version	• Fan Alarm
• IP Subnet Mask	• Device Firmware Version	• Standby Mode

NetLinx Firmware Upgrades

Overview

The NetLinx Studio software application (available for free download from www.amx.com) provides the ability to transfer KIT firmware files to a NetLinx device such as the DVX.

To send firmware files in NetLinx Studio, select **Tools > Firmware Transfers > Send to NetLinx Device**.

Before You Start

1. Verify you have the latest version of NetLinx Studio on your PC. Use the **Web Update** option in NetLinx Studio's Help menu to obtain the latest version. Alternatively, go to www.amx.com and login as a Dealer to download the latest version.

2. Go to **www.amx.com** and download the latest Firmware file. Firmware files are available to download from www.amx.com - on the product's page in the online catalog.

3. Verify that an Ethernet cable is connected from the DVX to the Ethernet Hub.

4. Verify that the DVX is powered On.

5. Determine the Device Number assigned to the target DVX.

    - By default, the Device Number assigned to the DVX is **0** (zero). (The Master device number is always 0 and cannot be changed.)
    - The Device Number can be viewed on the DVX Configuration Manager - Device Configuration page.

6. Launch NetLinx Studio and open the Online Device Tree.

Sending Firmware (*.KIT) Files to the DVX

Use the *Firmware Transfers* options in the Tools menu to update the firmware in the DVX. NetLinx Devices such as the DVX use KIT files for firmware upgrades.

A Kit file (.KIT) is a package of several files, all of which are required to upgrade the firmware, and are available online via www.amx.com. Firmware download links are provided in the relevant product page.*

- The Online Device Tree (Online Tree tab of the Workspace Window) displays information about each online device, including the current firmware version.
- Before attempting to upgrade the firmware, you must have the appropriate Kit file for your DVX-3150HD.
- The DVX contains three devices which each require a separate Kit file. These three devices must be kept at compatible firmware versions for proper operation.
    - Device ID 0: NetLinx Master Controller
    - Default Device ID 5001: Device Control Ports
    - Default Device ID 5002: A/V Switcher/Scaler

To update NetLinx firmware:

1. Choose **Tools > Firmware Transfers > Send to NetLinx Device** to open the *Send To NetLinx Device* dialog (FIG. 62).
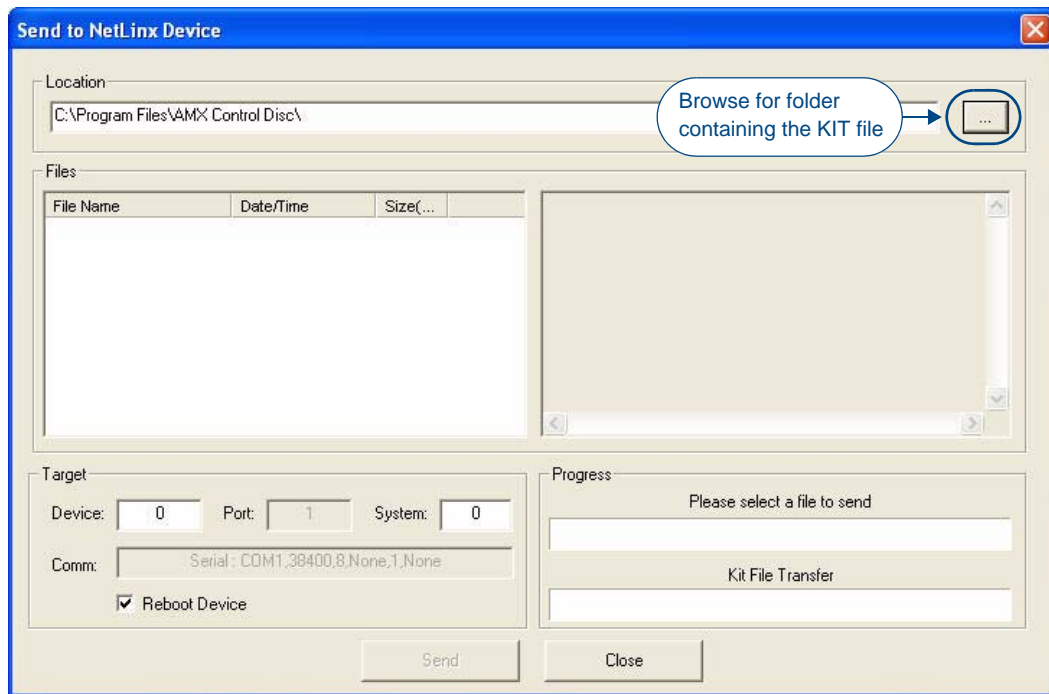
FIG. 62 Send To NetLinx Device dialog (NetLinx Studio)

2. Click the **Browse (...)** button to navigate to the target directory in the *Browse For Folder* dialog (FIG. 63).
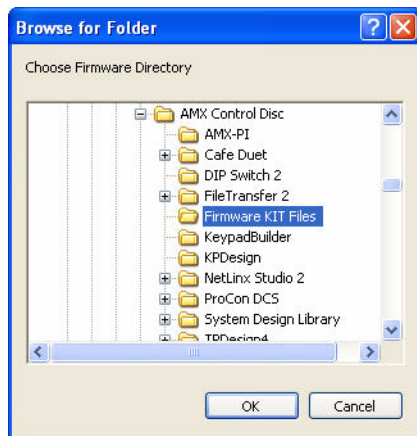
FIG. 63 Browse For Folder dialog (NetLinx Studio)

● The selected directory path is displayed in the *Send To NetLinx Device* dialog (*Location* text box).

- Assuming that the specified target directory contains one or more KIT files, the KIT files in the selected directory are displayed in the *Files* list box, with the file's last modified date and time (FIG. 64).
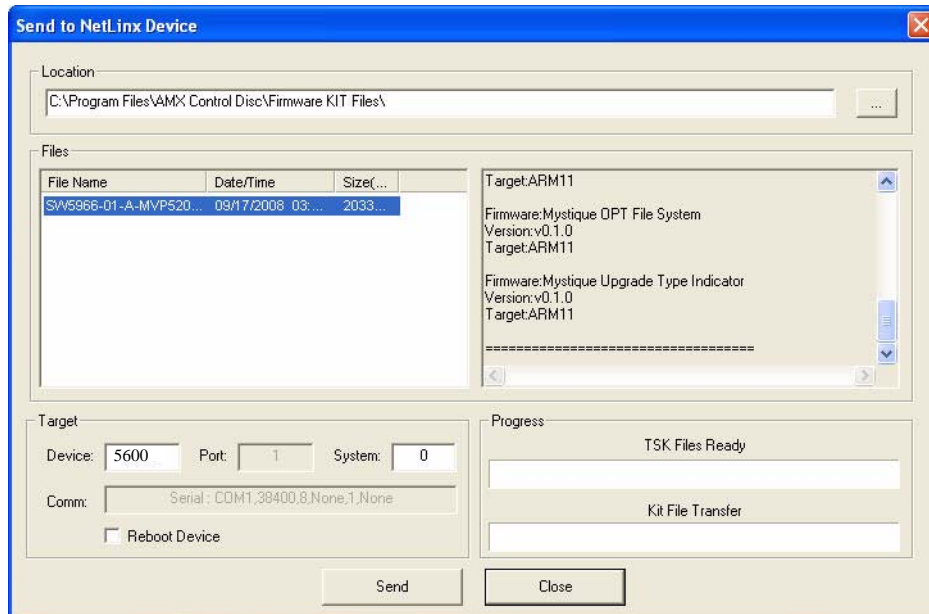
FIG. 64 Send To NetLinx Device dialog (NetLinx Studio)

3. Select the appropriate *.KIT file from the *Files* list.

NOTE

Always update DVX devices in the following order:

- Device 0 (NetLinx Master)
- Device 5001 (Integrated Control Ports)
- Device 5002 (A/V Switcher)

4. Enter the Device ID number of the integrated device to be upgraded in the **Device** text box and the System ID numbers for the DVX in the **System** text box.

- The device number of the NetLinx Master is **0**.
- By default, the Device number assigned to the integrated control ports is **5001**.
- By default, the Device Number assigned to the integrated A/V switcher is **5002**.
- Use the Online Device Tree to determine the device's assigned IDs, if it has been changed.

5. Review the File, Connection, Address, and Target Device information before you send.

6. Click the **Send** button. You can watch the progress of the transfer in the *Send to NetLinx Device* dialog.

   NetLinx Studio transfers the files to the DVX and then tells it to reboot. After it reboots, the DVX actually goes through the upgrade process.

   - During the upgrade process, the Status LED blinks, and the DVX stays offline.
   - Once the upgrade is complete, the LED will stop blinking and the DVX will be online.
   - Repeat the firmware update process for the next device until all devices are updated.

NOTE

Upgrading the Master or device firmware can take several minutes. If you are unsure of the progress of the upgrade, you can see the status of the upgrade on the LCD display on the front panel of the All-In-One Presentation Switcher.

If for any reason your Kit file transfer should fail, continue to retry the transfer until you are successful. DO NOT reboot the DVX, or change connections until the transfer is complete. Failure to complete this operation successfully may require a factory repair of the DVX.

Additional Documentation

For additional information on using NetLinx Studio, refer to the NetLinx Studio online help and Operation/Reference Guide (available at www.amx.com).

Programming

The chapter defines all programming commands available for the DVX.

This chapter lists programming commands unique to the DVX. Please consult the WebConsole & Programming Guide for NetLinx Integrated Controllers for more details on NetLinx controller commands. The DVX supports all commands compatible with the NI-3101-SIG.

Some DVX-2100HD commands operate under different names on the DVX-3150HD. The functionality of these commands are identical to their original counterparts.

The following table lists the commands which have changed and the new name of the command.

SEND_COMMAND Changes	
Original Command	**New Command**
AUDIO_MUTE	AUDOUT_MUTE
?AUDIO_MUTE	?AUDOUT_MUTE
INPUTEQ	AUDMIC_EQ
?INPUTEQ	?AUDMIC_EQ
PHANTOM_PWR	AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR
?PHANTOM_PWR	?AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR
OSD	VIDOUT_OSD
?OSD	?VIDOUT_OSD
VIDEO_MUTE	VIDOUT_MUTE
?VIDEO_MUTE	?VIDOUT_MUTE
VIDEO_TESTPATTERN	VIDOUT_TESTPAT
?VIDEO_TESTPATTERN	?VIDOUT_TESTPAT
VIDEO_RES_AUTO	VIDOUT_SCALE
?VIDEO_RES_AUTO	?VIDOUT_SCALE
VIDIN_COLOR	VIDIN_BW
?VIDIN_COLOR	?VIDIN_BW
VOLUME	AUDOUT_VOLUME
?VOLUME	?AUDOUT_VOLUME

NetLinx Channels and Levels

The following sections define the NetLinx channels and levels available for the DVX-3150HD-SP:

NetLinx Channels

NetLinx Channels		
Channel	**Ports**	**Description**
24	1-4	Volume Up
25	1-4	Volume Down
26	1-4	Volume Mute Cycle
31	1-4	Switches video input 1 to the video output specified in the DPS
32	1-4	Switches video input 2 to the video output specified in the DPS
33	1-4	Switches video input 3 to the video output specified in the DPS
34	1-4	Switches video input 4 to the video output specified in the DPS
35	1-4	Switches video input 5 to the video output specified in the DPS
36	1-4	Switches video input 6 to the video output specified in the DPS
37	1-4	Switches video input 7 to the video output specified in the DPS
38	1-4	Switches video input 8 to the video output specified in the DPS
39	1-4	Switches video input 9 to the video output specified in the DPS
40	1-4	Switches video input 10 to the video output specified in the DPS
41	1-4	Switches audio input 1 to the video output specified in the DPS
42	1-4	Switches audio input 2 to the video output specified in the DPS
43	1-4	Switches audio input 3 to the video output specified in the DPS
44	1-4	Switches audio input 4 to the video output specified in the DPS
45	1-4	Switches audio input 5 to the video output specified in the DPS
46	1-4	Switches audio input 6 to the video output specified in the DPS
47	1-4	Switches audio input 7 to the video output specified in the DPS
48	1-4	Switches audio input 8 to the video output specified in the DPS
49	1-4	Switches audio input 9 to the video output specified in the DPS
50	1-4	Switches audio input 10 to the video output specified in the DPS
51	1-4	Switches audio input 11 to the video output specified in the DPS
52	1-4	Switches audio input 12 to the video output specified in the DPS
53	1-4	Switches audio input 13 to the video output specified in the DPS
54	1-4	Switches audio input 14 to the video output specified in the DPS
70	1-4	Video Output Enable
71	1-2	Mic Enable
83	1-10	Video In Phase Ramp Up
84	1-10	Video In Phase Ramp Down
100	1	Standby Mode. See the *Standby Mode* section on page 73 for more information.
132	1-10	Video In V-Shift Ramp Up
133	1-10	Video In V-Shift Ramp Down
134	1-10	Video In H-Shift Ramp Up
135	1-10	Video In H-Shift Ramp Down
140	1-14	Gain Up
141	1-14	Gain Down
142	1-10	Black and White State

NetLinx Channels (Cont.)		
Channel	**Ports**	**Description**
143	1-14	Gain Mute
144	1-14	Gain Cycle
148	1-10	Video In Brightness Ramp Up
149	1-10	Video In Brightness Ramp Down
150	1-10	Video In Saturation Ramp Up
151	1-10	Video In Saturation Ramp Down
152	1-10	Video In Contrast Ramp Up
153	1-10	Video In Contrast Ramp Down
156	1-10	Video In Hue Ramp Up
157	1-10	Video In Hue Ramp Down
158	1-4	Output Zoom Ramp Up
159	1-4	Output Zoom Ramp Down
164	1-4	Balance Ramp Up
165	1-4	Balance Ramp Down
196	1-4	Source Cycle
199	1-4	Volume Mute Set and State
210	1-4	Video Mute State
213	1-4	Video Freeze State
216	1	Fan Alarm
217	1	Temperature Alarm
234	1-4	OSD State

Standby Mode

Standby Mode can be activated via channel 100 on the DVX. The following points apply to Standby Mode on the DVX:

- After exiting Standby Mode, the DVX cannot re-enter Standby Mode for a period of 20 seconds. Any attempt to re-enter standby mode within this 20 second window is ignored.
- When the DVX enters Standby Mode, all video and audio circuitry are turned off. The DVX does not produce a video or audio output signal in low power state.
- The 5002 Device stays online when Standby Mode is active.
- All switch and configuration commands sent while in Standby Mode are implemented, and any changes will be noticed after the DVX exits Standby Mode.
- All audio and video signals are restored in less than 10 seconds after exiting Standby Mode.
- The DVX exits Standby Mode on any power cycle or reboot.

NetLinx Levels

NetLinx Levels			
Level	**Ports**	**Range**	**Function**
1	1-4	0-100	Output volume
2	1-4	(-20)-(20)	Audio Output Balance
5	1-14	(-24)-(24)	Audio Input Gain
8	1		Temperature (read-only level)
10	1-10	0-100	Input Video Brightness
11	1-10	0-100	Input Video Saturation
12	1-10	0-100	Input Video Contrast
14	1-10	0-100	Input Video Hue
15	1-4	25-800	Video Output Zoom
17	1-10	(-50)-(50)	Video Input Horizontal Shift
19	1-10	(-10)-(10)	Video Input Vertical Shift
20	1-4	0-100	Video Output Brightness
22	1-4	0-100	Video Output Contrast
26	1-4	25-800	Video Output Horizontal Size
27	1-4	(-127)-(127)	Video Output Horizontal Shift
28	1-4	25-800	Video Output Vertical Size
29	1-4	(-127)-(127)	Video Output Vertical Shift
31	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 1
32	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 2
33	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 3
34	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 4
35	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 5
36	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 6
37	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 7
38	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 8
39	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 9
40	1-4	(-12)-(12)	Audio EQ Band 10
41	1-4	(-100)-0	Audio Program Source Mixing Level
42	1-4	(-100)-0	Audio Line Mic 1 Mixing Level
43	1-4	(-100)-0	Audio Line Mic 2 Mixing Level
50	1-4	0-10	Video Switching: Level 50 for each output port 1-4 will be a value from 0 to 10 indicating which video input is switched to that output. Changing the value of this level will result in a video switch.
51	1-4	0-14	Audio Switching: Level 51 for each output port 1-4 will be a value from 0 to 14 indicating which audio input is switched to that output. Changing the value of this level will result in an audio switch.
52	1-3	0-65	Audio Mic PreAmp Gain
53	1-3	(-24)-(24)	Audio Mic Gain
61	1-3	(-12)-(12)	Mic EQ Band 1
62	1-3	(-12)-(12)	Mic EQ Band 2
63	1-3	(-12)-(12)	Mic EQ Band 3

SEND_COMMANDS

The commands listed in the following sections are for the switcher only. For generic NetLinx commands, see the *NetLinx Integrated Controllers WebConsole and Programming Guide*.

- The commands derive their input/output port addressing from the target D:P:S.
- INPUT ports range from 5-14 for Audio and from 1-10 for Video. HDMI inputs are capable of carrying both digital audio and video signals
- The extra ports 1 and 2 on the Audio subsystem represent MIC1 and MIC2 respectively.
- There are four Audio output ports (05002:1:0, 05002:2:0, 05002:3:0, and 05002:4:0).
- Audio Output Port #1 is the Main Amp Output and most audio commands are addressed to this port.
- Audio Output Ports 2-4 are the Line Outputs and normally track the Main Amp Output port with small exceptions.
- There are four Video output ports (05002:1:0, 05002:2:0, 05002:3:0, and 05002:4:0).
- Input and Output functional distinctions are disambiguated from the overlapped port numbers by combining them with the command name.

The following table lists the port functionality mapping for the audio/video ports on the DVX:

Port Functionality Mapping		
Port Number	**Description**	**Address**
1	Audio/Video Input 1	05002:1:0
2	Audio/Video Input 2	05002:2:0
3	Audio/Video Input 3	05002:3:0
4	Audio/Video Input 4	05002:4:0
5	Audio/Video Input 5	05002:5:0
6	Audio/Video Input 6	05002:6:0
7	Audio/Video Input 7	05002:7:0
8	Audio/Video Input 8	05002:8:0
9	Audio/Video Input 9	05002:9:0
10	Audio/Video Input 10	05002:10:0
11	Audio Input 11	05002:11:0
12	Audio Input 12	05002:12:0
13	Audio Input 13	05002:13:0
14	Audio Input 14	05002:14:0
1	Mic In 1	05002:1:0
2	Mic In 2	05002:2:0
1	Audio Output 1 (Amplified)	05002:1:0
2	Audio Output 2	05002:2:0
3	Audio Output 3	05002:3:0
4	Audio Output 4	05002:4:0
1	Audio/Video Output1	05002:1:0
2	Audio/Video Output2	05002:2:0
3	Audio/Video Output3	05002:3:0
4	Audio/Video Output4	05002:4:0

AUDIO SEND_COMMANDs

The following table lists the audio SEND_COMMANDs available for the DVX:

Audio SEND_COMMANDs	

AI\<input\>O\<output\>
 	
Switches audio input port to audio output port
	Switches audio input port \<input\> to audio output port \<output\>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND "'AI<input>O<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  input = The source audio input number.
	
	  output = The audio output port number to switch to.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'AI2O1'"`
	
	Switch audio input port #2 to audio output #1.

?AUDIN_COMPRESSION
 	
Requests the compression setting for the audio port.
	Requests the setting of compression for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_COMPRESSION-\<setting\>.

AUDIN_COMPRESSION
 	
Sets the compression for the audio port.
	Sets the setting of compression for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION-<setting>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	  setting =off, low, medium, high, custom
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION-high'"`
	
	Sets the compression setting of the audio input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to high.

?AUDIN_COMPRESSION _ATTACK
 	
Requests the compression attack for the audio port.
	Requests the compression's attack phase.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_ATTACK'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_1, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_ATTACK'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_COMPRESSION_ATTACK-\<attack\>.

AUDIN_COMPRESSION _ATTACK
 	
Sets the duration of the compression attack for the audio port.
	Sets the duration of the attack phase while compressing for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_ATTACK-<attack>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	  attack = 1 to 2000
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_ATTACK-200'"`
	
	Sets the compression attack for the audio port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	
?AUDIN_COMPRESSION _RATIO Requests the compression ratio for the audio port.	Requests the compression's ratio. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RATIO'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RATIO'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RATIO-<ratio>.
AUDIN_COMPRESSION _RATIO Sets the compression ratio for the audio port.	Sets the ratio while compressing for the audio input port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RATIO-<ratio>'"</pre>Variable: ratio = 1 to 20 Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RATIO-5'"</pre>
?AUDIN_COMPRESSION _RELEASE Requests the compression release for the audio port.	Requests the compression's release. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RELEASE'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_1, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RELEASE'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RELEASE-<release>.
AUDIN_COMPRESSION _RELEASE Sets the compression release for the audio port.	Sets the duration of the release phase while compressing for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RELEASE-<release>'"</pre>Variable: release = 1 to 5000 Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_RELEASE-200'"</pre>Sets the compression release for the audio port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.
?AUDIN_COMPRESSION _THRESH Requests the compression threshold for the audio port.	Requests the compression's threshold. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_THRESH'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'?AUDIN_COMPRESSION_THRESH'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_COMPRESSION_THRESH-<threshold>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDIN_COMPRESSION _THRESH
 	
Sets the compression threshold for the audio port.
	Sets the threshold while compressing for the audio input port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_THRESH-`
	`<threshold>'"`
	
	Variable:
	threshold = 0 to -60 in dB
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'AUDIN_COMPRESSION_THRESH--`
	`10'"`
	
	Sets the threshold while compressing for the selected audio input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to -10dB.

?AUDIN_GAIN
 	
Requests the gain of the audio port.
	Requests the gain of the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_GAIN'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'?AUDIN_GAIN'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_GAIN-<gain>.

AUDIN_GAIN
 	
Sets the gain for the audio port.
	Sets the gain of the audio port addressed by the D:P:S to <gain>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDIN_GAIN-<gain>'"`
	
	Variable:
	gain = -24 to 24 in dB.
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1, "'AUDIN_GAIN-12'"`
	
	Sets the gain of the audio input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 12 dB.

?AUDIN_STEREO
 	
Requests the stereo setting of the input port.
	Requests to see if the audio port addressed by the D:P:S has the stereo setting enabled or disabled.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDIN_STEREO'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1,"'?AUDIN_STEREO'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDIN_STEREO-<setting>.

AUDIN_STEREO
 	
Sets the stereo setting on the input port.
	Enables or disables the stereo setting on the audio port addressed by the D:P:S. If enabled, the stereo setting is on. If disabled, then the stereo setting is off, which means it is mono.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'AUDIN_STEREO-<setting>'"`
	
	Variable:
	setting = stereo or mono
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_INPUT_1,"'AUDIN_STEREO-stereo'"`

?AUDIO_MUTE	See the *?AUDOUT_MUTE* section on page 92.
AUDIO_MUTE	See the *AUDOUT_MUTE* section on page 92.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	
?AUDMIC_COMPRESSION Requests the compression setting for the microphone.	Requests the setting of compression for a microphone. Syntax: `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_COMPRESSION'"` Example: `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'?AUDMIC_COMPRESSION'"` Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_COMPRESSION-<setting>.
AUDMIC_COMPRESSION Sets the compression setting for the microphone.	Sets the setting of compression of the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S to <setting>. Syntax: `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION-<setting>'"` Variable: setting = off, low, medium, high, custom Example: `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION-high'"` Sets the compression for the microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S) to high.
AUDMIC_COMPRESSION _ATTACK Sets the duration of the compression attack for the microphone port.	Sets the duration of the attack phase while compressing for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_ATTACK-<attack>'"` Variable: attack = 1 to 2000 Example: `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_ATTACK-200'"` Sets the compression attack for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.
AUDMIC_COMPRESSION _RATIO Sets the compression ratio for the microphone port.	Sets the ratio while compressing for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_RATIO-<ratio>'"` Variable: ratio = 1 to 20 Example: `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_RATIO-5'"` Sets the compression ratio for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 5.
AUDMIC_COMPRESSION _RELEASE Sets the compression release for the microphone port.	Sets the duration of the release phase while compressing for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_RELEASE-<release>'"` Variable: release = 1 to 5000 Example: `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_RELEASE-200'"` Sets the compression release for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDMIC_COMPRESSION _THRESH
 	
Sets the compression threshold for the microphone port.
	Sets the threshold while compressing for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_THRESH-`
	`<thresh>'"`
	
	Variable:
	thresh = 0 to -60
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_COMPRESSION_THRESH-`
	`-20'"`
	
	Sets the compression threshold for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to -20.

AUDMIC_DUCK_ATTACK
 	
Sets the ducking attack for the microphone port.
	Sets the duration of the attack phase while ducking for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_ATTACK-<attack>'"`
	
	Variable:
	attack = 1 to 2000
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_ATTACK-200'"`
	
	Sets the ducking attack for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

AUDMIC_DUCK_HOLD
 	
Sets the ducking hold for the microphone port.
	Sets the duration of the hold phase while ducking for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_HOLD-<hold>'"`
	
	Variable:
	hold = 0 to 2000
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_HOLD-200'"`
	
	Sets the ducking hold for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

AUDMIC_DUCK_LEVEL
 	
Sets the ducking level for the microphone port.
	Sets the level while ducking for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_LEVEL-<level>'"`
	
	Variable:
	level = 0 to 20
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_LEVEL-4'"`
	
	Sets the ducking level for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 4.

AUDMIC_DUCK _RELEASE
 	
Sets the ducking release for the microphone port.
	Sets the duration of the release phase while ducking from the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_RELEASE-<release>'"`
	
	Variable:
	release = 10 to 5000
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_DUCK_RELEASE-200'"`
	
	Sets the ducking release for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?AUDMIC_EQ
 	
Requests the equalizer setting of the band on the microphone port.
	Requests the equalizer setting of band <band> on the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Currently, only supported for the MIC1 and MIC2 inputs.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_EQ-<band>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND MIC_1,"'?AUDMIC_EQ-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_EQ-<band>=<value>.

AUDMIC_EQ
 	
Sets the equalizer setting of the band on the microphone port.
	Sets the equalizer band <band> on the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>. Currently, only supported for the MIC1 and MIC2 inputs.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_EQ-<band>=<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  band = 1..3 on the microphone inputs.
	  value = -12..12. The units are in dB.
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND MIC_1,"'AUDMIC_EQ-1=8'"`
	
	Sets band #1 of the microphone port equalizer to 8.

?AUDMIC_EQ_CF
 	
Requests the frequency for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port.
	Requests the frequency for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_EQ_CF-1'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDMIC_EQ_CF-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: EQUALIZER-<band>=<value>.

AUDMIC_EQ_CF
 	
Sets the frequency for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port.
	Sets the frequency for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_EQ_CF-1=<frequency>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	  frequency = 20 to 20,000 in Hz.
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_EQ_CF-1=1000'"`
	
	Sets the frequency for the first band of the equalizer for the selected microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S) to be 1000.

?AUDMIC_EQ_FT
 	
Requests the filter type of the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port.
	Requests the filter type of the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_EQ_FT-1'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDMIC_EQ_FT-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: EQUALIZER-<band>=<value>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDMIC_EQ_FT
 	
Sets the filter type of the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port.
	Set the filter type of the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_EQ_FT-1=<type>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	  <type> range is: {bell, band pass, band stop, high pass, low pass, treble shelf, bass shelf}.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_EQ_FT-1=band pass'"`
	
	Sets the filter type for the first band of the equalizer for the selected microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S) to band pass.

?AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN
 	
Requests the gain on the specified microphone band on the audio output port.
	Requests the gain on the microphone equalizer setting of band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN-<band>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: EQUALIZER-<band>=<value>.

AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN
 	
Sets the gain on the specified microphone band on the audio output port.
	Sets the gain on the microphone equalizer band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN-<band>=<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  band = 1..3
	  value = -12..12. The units are in dB.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN-1=8'"`
	
	Sets the gain on microphone band #1 of audio port 1 equalizer to 8.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_2,"'AUDMIC_EQ_GAIN-3=10'"`
	
	Sets the gain on microphone band #3 of audio port 2 equalizer to 10.

?AUDMIC_EQ_Q
 	
Requests the quality factor (Q) for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port.
	Requests the quality factor (Q) for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_EQ_Q-1'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDMIC_EQ_Q-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: EQUALIZER-<band>=<value>.

AUDMIC_EQ_Q
 	
Sets the quality factor (Q) for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port.
	Sets the quality factor (Q) for the first band of the equalizer for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_Q-1=<factor>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	  factor = 0.1 to 20.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_Q-1=1'"`
	
	Sets the quality factor for the first band of the equalizer for the selected microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 1.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?AUDMIC_GAIN
 	
Requests the gain of the microphone.
	Requests the gain setting for the microphone.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_GAIN'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'?AUDMIC_GAIN'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_GAIN-<gain>.

AUDMIC_GAIN
 	
Sets the gain for the microphone port.
	Sets the gain of the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S to <gain>.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GAIN-<gain>'"`
	Variable:
	  gain = -24 to 24 in dB
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GAIN-3'"`
	Sets the gain for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 3dB.

?AUDMIC_GATING
 	
Requests the gating setting for the microphone.
	Requests the setting of gating of a microphone.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_GATING'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'?AUDMIC_GATING'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_GATING-<setting>.

AUDMIC_GATING
 	
Sets the gating setting for the microphone port.
	Sets the setting of gating of the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S to <option>.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GATING-<setting>'"`
	Variable:
	setting = off, low, medium, high, custom
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GATING-low'"`
	Sets the gating for the microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S) to low.

**?AUDMIC_GATING
_ATTACK**
 	
Requests the attack phase while gating for the microphone port.
	Requests the duration of the attack phase while gating from the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_GATING_ATTACK'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MIC_1, "'?AUDMIC_GATING_ATTACK'"`
	Returns a string of the form: ?AUDMIC_GATING_ATTACK=<value>.

**AUDMIC_GATING
_ATTACK**
 	
Sets the gating attack for the microphone port.
	Sets the duration of the attack phase while gating from the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GATING_ATTACK-<attack>'"`
	Variable:
	  attack = 1 to 2000
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GATING_ATTACK-200'"`
	Sets the gating attack for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDMIC_GATING_DEPTH
 	
Sets the gating depth for the microphone port.
	Sets the depth while gating from the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GATING_DEPTH-<depth>'"`
	Variable:
	depth = 0 to 20
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GATING_DEPTH-8'"`
	Sets the gating depth for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 8.

AUDMIC_GATING_HOLD
 	
Sets the gating hold for the microphone port.
	Sets the duration of the hold phase while gating for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GATING_HOLD-<hold>'"`
	Variable:
	hold = 0 to 2000
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GATING_HOLD-200'"`
	Sets the gating hold for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

?AUDMIC_GATING _RELEASE
 	
Requests the release phase while gating for the microphone port.
	Requests the duration of the release phase while gating from the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_GATING_RELEASE'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MIC_1, "'?AUDMIC_GATING_RELEASE'"`
	Returns a string of the form: ?AUDMIC_GATING_RELEASE=<value>.

AUDMIC_GATING _RELEASE
 	
Sets the gating release for the microphone port.
	Sets the duration of the release phase while gating from the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GATING_RELEASE-<release>'"`
	Variable:
	release = 10 to 5000
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GATING_RELEASE-200'"`
	Sets the gating release for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

AUDMIC_GATING _THRESH
 	
Sets the gating threshold for the microphone port.
	Sets the threshold while gating for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_GATING_THRESH-<thresh>'"`
	Variable:
	thresh = 0 to -60
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_GATING_THRESH--20'"`
	Sets the gating threshold for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to -20.

?AUDMIC_LIMITER
 	
Requests the limiter setting for a microphone.
	Requests the setting of the limiter of a microphone.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_LIMITER'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MIC_1,"'?AUDMIC_LIMITER'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_LIMITER-<setting>

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	
AUDMIC_LIMITER Turns on or turns off the limiter function on the microphone.	Enables or Disables whether the microphone addressed by D:P:S has the Limiter functionality turned on. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'AUDMIC_LIMITER-<setting>'"</pre>Variable: 　setting = off, low, medium, high, custom Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND MIC_1,"'AUDMIC_LIMITER-off'"</pre>Turns off the limiter for the microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S).
AUDMIC_LIMITER _ATTACK Sets the limiter attack for the microphone port.	Sets the duration of the attack phase while limiting for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_LIMITER_ATTACK-<attack>'"</pre>Variable: 　attack = 1 to 2000 Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_LIMITER_ATTACK-200'"</pre>Sets the limiter attack for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.
AUDMIC_LIMITER _RELEASE Sets the limiter release for the microphone port.	Sets the duration of the release phase while limiting for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_LIMITER_RELEASE-<release>'"</pre>Variable: 　release = 10 to 5000 Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_LIMITER_RELEASE-200'"</pre>Sets the limiter release for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.
AUDMIC_LIMITER _THRESH Sets the limiter threshold for the microphone port.	Sets the threshold while limiting from the microphone for addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_LIMITER_THRESH-<thresh>'"</pre>Variable: 　thresh = 0 to -60 Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_LIMITER_THRESH--20'"</pre>Sets the limiter threshold for the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to -20.
?AUDMIC_ON Requests the status of the microphone port.	Requests the status of the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_ON'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'?AUDMIC_ON'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_ON-<setting>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDMIC_ON
 	
Turns on or turns off the microphone port.
	Enables or disables the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	  `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_ON-<setting>'"`
	Variable:
	  setting = on, off
	Example:
	  `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_ON-off'"`
	Disables the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S).

?AUDMIC_PHANTOM _PWR
 	
Requests the phantom power setting for the micro-phone.
	Requests the setting for phantom power for a microphone.
	Syntax:
	  `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR'"`
	Example:
	  `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'?AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR-<result>.

AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR
 	
Turns on or turns off the phantom power for the microphone port.
	Enables or disables phantom power for the microphone port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	  `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR-<setting>'"`
	Variable:
	  setting = on, off
	Example:
	  `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR-on'"`
	Allows phantom power for the microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S).

?AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN
 	
Requests the pre-amplifier gain setting on the microphone.
	Requests the gain of the microphone before the amplifier.
	Syntax:
	  `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN'"`
	Example:
	  `SEND_COMMAND MIC_1,"'?AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN-<gain>.

AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN
 	
Sets the pre-amplifier gain on the microphone.
	Sets the pre-amplifier gain of the microphone addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	Syntax:
	  `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN-<gain>'"`
	Variables:
	  gain = 0-100. The units are in %.
	Example:
	  `SEND_COMMAND MIC_1,"'AUDMIC_PREAMP_GAIN-50'"`
	Sets the pre-amplifier gain for the microphone port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50%.

?AUDMIC_STEREO
 	
Requests which microphones are in use.
	Requests the microphone port(s) that is/are in use.
	Syntax:
	  `SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDMIC_STEREO'"`
	Example:
	  `SEND_COMMAND MICROPHONE_1, "'?AUDMIC_STEREO'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDMIC_STEREO-<option>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDMIC_STEREO
 	
Sets the microphone to be used by the microphone port.
	Sets which microphone port addressed by the D:P:S to use.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDMIC_STEREO-<option>'"`
	
	Variable:
	  option = "dual mono" or "single stereo"
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND MIC_1, "'AUDMIC_STEREO-single stereo'"`
	
	Sets the microphone port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to use both the microphone inputs as dual mono.

?AUDOUT_BALANCE
 	
Requests the current balance setting for the audio port.
	Request the current balance setting for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_BALANCE'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_BALANCE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_BALANCE-<balance>.

AUDOUT_BALANCE
 	
Sets the balance for the audio port.
	Sets the left and right balance for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_BALANCE-<balance>'"`
	
	Variable:
	  balance = -20 to 20 in dB.
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_BALANCE-5'"`
	
	Sets the balance to favor the right speaker for audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) 5dB.

?AUDOUT_DELAY
 	
Requests the delay for the audio port.
	Requests the current delay for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_DELAY'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_DELAY'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_DELAY-<delay>.

AUDOUT_DELAY
 	
Sets the delay for the audio port.
	Sets the delay in regards to the input for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DELAY-<delay>'"`
	
	Variable:
	  delay = 0 to 200 in milliseconds
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DELAY-50'"`
	
	Sets the delay for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

AUDOUT_DUCK_ATTACK
 	
Sets the ducking attack for the output port.
	Sets the duration of the attack phase while ducking for the output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_ATTACK-<attack>'"`
	
	Variable:
	  attack = 1 to 2000
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_ATTACK-200'"`
	
	Sets the ducking attack for the output port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDOUT_DUCK_HOLD
 	
Sets the ducking hold for the output port.
	Sets the duration of the hold phase while ducking for the output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_HOLD-<hold>'"`
	
	Variable:
	`hold = 0 to 2000`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_HOLD-200'"`
	
	Sets the ducking hold for the output port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

AUDOUT_DUCK_LEVEL
 	
Sets the ducking level for the output port.
	Sets the level while ducking for the output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_LEVEL-<level>'"`
	
	Variable:
	`level = 0 to 20`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_LEVEL-4'"`
	
	Sets the ducking level for the output port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 4.

AUDOUT_DUCK _RELEASE
 	
Sets the ducking release for the output port.
	Sets the duration of the release phase while ducking from the output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_RELEASE-<release>'"`
	
	Variable:
	`release = 10 to 5000`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_RELEASE-200'"`
	
	Sets the ducking release for the output port (#1 based on the D:P:S) to 200.

?AUDOUT_DUCK_ THRESH
 	
Requests the ducking threshold for the microphones on the audio port.
	Requests the current ducking thresholds of both microphone ports for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_DUCK_THRESH'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_DUCK_THRESH'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_DUCK_THRESH-<mic1_thresh>,<mic2_thresh>.

AUDOUT_DUCK_THRESH
 	
Sets the ducking thresholds of both microphone ports for the audio port.
	Individually sets the ducking thresholds of both microphone ports for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_THRESH-<mic1_thresh>'"`
	
	Variables:
	`mic1_thresh = -60 to 0`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DUCK_THRESH--12'"`
	
	Sets the two microphone thresholds for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to -12.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	
?AUDOUT_DUCKING Requests the ducking setting for the audio port.	Requests the current setting of ducking for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.: Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_DUCKING'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_DUCKING'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_DUCKING-<setting>.
AUDOUT_DUCKING Sets the ducking for the audio port.	Sets the setting of ducking for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_DUCKING-<setting>'"</pre>Variable: setting = off, low, medium, high, custom Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_DUCKING-low'"</pre>Sets the ducking for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to low.
?AUDOUT_EQ_CF Requests the center frequency on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.	Requests the center frequency on the equalizer setting of band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_EQ_CF-<band>'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDOUT_EQ_CF-1'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_EQ_CF-<band>,<value>.

AUDOUT_EQ_CF
 	
Sets the center frequency on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.
	Sets the center frequency on the equalizer band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	Syntax:
	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_EQ_CF-<band>=<value>'"</pre>Variables:
	  band = 1..10 if on the audio output port.
	  value =20..20000. The units are in Hz.
	Example:
	<pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'AUDOUT_EQ_CF-1=80'"</pre>Sets the center frequency on band #1 of audio port 1 equalizer to 80.
	<pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_2,"'AUDOUT_EQ_CF-5=100'"</pre>Sets the center frequency on band #5 of audio port 2 equalizer to 100.

?AUDOUT_EQ_FT Requests the filter type on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.	Requests the filter type on a specific setting of band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S. Syntax: <pre>SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_EQ_FT-<band>'"</pre>Example: <pre>SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDOUT_EQ_FT-1'"</pre>Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_EQ_FT-<band>,<filter>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDOUT_EQ_FT
 	
Sets the filter type on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.
	Sets the filter type on the equalizer band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S to <filter type>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_EQ_FT-<band>=<filter type>'"`
	
	Variables:
	band = 1..10 if on the audio output port.
	filter type = Bell, Band Pass, Band Stop, High Pass, Low Pass, Treble Shelf, and Bass Shelf
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'AUDOUT_EQ_FT-1=Low Pass'"`
	
	Sets the filter type on band #1 of audio port 1 equalizer to Low Pass.

?AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN
 	
Requests the gain on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.
	Requests the gain on the equalizer setting of band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN-<band>'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUD-OUT_EQ_GAIN-<band>,<value>.

AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN
 	
Sets the gain on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.
	Sets the gain on the equalizer band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN-<band>=<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	band = 1..10 if on the audio output port.
	value = -12..12. The units are in dB.
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN-1=8'"`
	
	Sets the gain on band #1 of audio port 1 equalizer to 8.
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_2,"'AUDOUT_EQ_GAIN-5=-10'"`
	
	Sets the gain on band #5 of audio port 2 equalizer to -10.

?AUDOUT_EQ_MODE
 	
Requests the current mode of the equalizer.
	Request the current mode of the equalizer for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "?'AUDOUT_EQ_MODE'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_EQ_MODE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_EQ_MODE-<mode>.

AUDOUT_EQ_MODE
 	
Sets the mode for the equalizer for the audio port.
	Sets the mode for the equalizer for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_EQ_MODE-<mode>'"`
	
	Variables:
	mode = off, voice, music, movie
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_EQ_MODE-movie'"`
	
	Sets the equalizer to favor the sounds of a movie for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S).

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?AUDOUT_EQ_Q
 	
Requests the quality factor (Q) on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.
	Requests the quality factor (Q) on the equalizer setting of band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_EQ_Q-<band>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'?AUDOUT_EQ_Q-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_EQ_Q-<band>,<factor>.

AUDOUT_EQ_Q
 	
Sets the quality factor (Q) on the specified equalizer band on the audio output port.
	Sets the quality factor (Q) on the equalizer band <band> on the output audio port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_EQ_Q-<band>=<factor>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	band = 1-10 if on the audio output port.
	factor = range depends on filter type (AUDOUT_EQ_FT)
	Bell: range is 0.1 - 20.0
	Band Pass: range is 0.1 - 20.0
	Band Stop: range is 0.1 - 20.0
	High Pass: range is 0.5 - 1.4
	Low Pass: range is 0.5 - 1.4
	Treble Shelf: range is 0.5 - 1.0
	Bass Shelf: range is 0.5 - 1.0
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1,"'AUDOUT_EQ_Q-1=8'"`
	
	Sets the Q on band #1 of the audio port 1 equalizer to 8.

?AUDOUT_MAXVOL
 	
Requests the maximum volume for the audio port.
	Requests the current maximum volume for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_MAXVOL'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_MAXVOL'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_MAXVOL-<maximum>.

AUDOUT_MAXVOL
 	
Sets the maximum volume for the audio port.
	Sets the maximum volume for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_MAXVOL-<maximum>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	maximum = 0 to 100 in percent
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_MAXVOL-75'"`
	
	Sets the maximum for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 75%.

?AUDOUT_MINVOL
 	
Requests the minimum volume for the audio port.
	Requests the current minimum volume for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_MINVOL'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_MINVOL'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_MINVOL-<minimum>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDOUT_MINVOL
 	
Sets the minimum volume for the audio port.
	Sets the minimum volume for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`  SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_MINVOL-<minimum>'"`
	Variable:
	  minimum = 0 to 100 in percent.
	Example:
	`  SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_MINVOL-5'"`
	Sets the minimum for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 5%.

?AUDOUT_MUTE
 	
Requests audio mute status.
	Request the device if all audio output is muted. Device responds with "'AUD-OUT_MUTE-<setting>'" where setting is "ENABLE" or "DISABLE".
	Syntax:
	`  SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_MUTE'"`
	Example:
	`  SEND_COMMAND dxDev, "'?AUDOUT_MUTE'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_MUTE-<enable|disable>.

AUDOUT_MUTE
 	
Sets audio muting.
	Enable or disable audio muting on all ports.
	Syntax:
	`  SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'AUDOUT_MUTE-<setting>'"`
	Variables:
	  setting = desired mute state, either ENABLE or DISABLE
	Example:
	`  SEND_COMMAND dxDev,"'AUDOUT_MUTE-DISABLE'"`

?AUDOUT_STEREO
 	
Request if audio amp output is in stereo
	Device responds with "'AUDOUT_STEREO-<setting>'" where setting is "ENABLE" or "DISABLE".
	Syntax:
	`  SEND_COMMAND <device>, "'?AUDOUT_STEREO'"`
	Example:
	`  SEND_COMMAND dxDev, "'?AUDOUT_STEREO'"`

AUDOUT_STEREO
 	
Enables or disables audio amp output in stereo
	Syntax:
	`  SEND_COMMAND <device>, "'AUDOUT_STEREO-<setting>'"`
	Variables:
	  setting = Stereo setting, either "ENABLE" or "DISABLE"
	Example:
	`  SEND_COMMAND dxDev,"'AUDOUT_STEREO-ENABLE'"`

?AUDOUT_TESTTONE
 	
Requests the frequency of the test tone for the audio port.
	Requests the current frequency of test tone for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`  SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_TESTTONE'"`
	Example:
	`  SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?AUDOUT_TESTTONE'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_TESTTONE-<frequency>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

AUDOUT_TESTTONE
 	
Sets the frequency of a test tone for the audio port.
	Sets the frequency, if any, of a test tone for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_TESTTONE-<frequency>'"`
	
	Variable:
	frequency = off, 60Hz, 250Hz, 400Hz, 1KHz, 3KHz, 5KHz, 10KHz, PINK NOISE, WHITE NOISE
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'AUDOUT_TESTTONE-250Hz'"`
	
	Sets a test tone of 250Hz to play for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S).

?AUDOUT_VOLUME
 	
Request the volume setting of the specified audio output port.
	Requests the volume setting of the audio output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?AUDOUT_VOLUME'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDOUT_VOLUME_1, "'?AUDOUT_VOLUME'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: AUDOUT_VOLUME-<value>.

AUDOUT_VOLUME
 	
Sets the volume on the specified audio output.
	Sets the volume on the audio output addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'AUDOUT_VOLUME-<VALUE>'"`
	
	Variable:
	value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDOUT_VOLUME_1, "'AUDOUT_VOLUME-50'"`
	
	Sets the volume of audio output port #1 to 50.

?GAIN
 	
Query an audio port's input gain.
	The device responds with "'GAIN-<value>'", where value is the input gain for the audio port.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?GAIN'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND dxDev, "'?GAIN'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: GAIN-<value>.

GAIN
 	
Set an audio port's input gain.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'GAIN-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	value = gain value to set. Gain values must be in the range of -24 to 24.
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND dxDev, "'GAIN-10'"`

?HDMIOUT_AUDIO
 	
Requests the HDMI output port used by the audio port.
	Requests which HDMI output port is currently used by the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?HDMIOUT_AUDIO'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?HDMIOUT_AUDIO'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: HDMIOUT_AUDIO-<option>.

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

HDMIOUT_AUDIO
 	
Sets the output used by the HDMI output port.
	Determines which output the HDMI output port addressed by the D:P:S will use.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'HDMIOUT_AUDIO-<option>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	option = off, input pass-thru, analog out 1, analog out 2, analog out 3, analog out 4
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'HDMIOUT_AUDIO-input pass-thru"`
	
	Sets the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to use the audio associated with the HDMI source.

?HDMIOUT_EQ
 	
Requests the status of the HDMI equalizer for the audio port.
	Requests the current status of the HDMI equalizer for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?HDMIOUT_EQ'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?HDMIOUT_EQ'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: HDMIOUT_EQ-<option>.

HDMIOUT_EQ
 	
Enables the HDMI equalizer for the audio port.
	Enables or disables the HDMI equalizer for the audio port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'HDMIOUT_EQ-<option>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	option = off, on
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'HDMIOUT_EQ-on'"`
	
	Turns on the HDMI output equalizer for the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S).

?INPUTEQ	See the *?AUDMIC_EQ* section on page 81.
INPUTEQ	See the *AUDMIC_EQ* section on page 81.
?PHANTOM_PWR	See the *?AUDMIC_PHANTOM _PWR* section on page 86.
PHANTOM_PWR	See the *AUDMIC_PHANTOM_PWR* section on page 86.

?SPDIFOUT_AUDIO
 	
Requests to which output the audio port connects.
	Requests to which output the audio port addressed by the D:P:S is connected.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?SPDIFOUT_AUDIO'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'?SPDIFOUT_AUDIO'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: SPDIFOUT_AUDIO-<option>.

SPDIFOUT_AUDIO
 	
Sets the output the audio port is connected to.
	Selects which output the audio port should connect to.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'SPDIFOUT_AUDIO-<option>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	option = off, HDMI out 1, HDMI out 2, HDMI out 3, HDMI out 4, analog out 1, analog out 2, analog out 3, analog out 4
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_1, "'SPDIFOUT_AUDIO-HDMI out 1'"`
	
	Sets the audio of HDMI out 1 to play through the audio output port (#1 based on D:P:S).

Audio SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	
?VOLUME	See the *?AUDOUT_VOLUME* section on page 93.
VOLUME	See the *AUDOUT_VOLUME* section on page 93.

?XPOINT
 	
Requests the mix level of the input port.
	Requests the mix level contribution of the audio input port addressed by <input> to the audio output mixer addressed by <output>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?XPOINT-<input>,<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	input = LINE, MIC1, MIC2
	output = 1..4 where 1 is for the AMP output and 2, 3, and 4 are for the LINEOUT output.
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_2,"'?XPOINT-LINE,2'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: XPOINT-<value>,<input>,<output>.

XPOINT
 	
Sets the mix level of the audio input.
	Sets the mix level that the audio input addressed by the parameter <input> provides to the audio output <output> to <value>.
	
	Note: Audio input ports 1..10 share a setting across them for a specific output mixer's value.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'XPOINT-<value>,<input>,<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	value = -100..0
	input = 1, 2, 3 where 1=Selected audio input, 2=Mic1, and 3=Mic2
	output = 1..4 where 1 is for the AMP output and 2, 3, and 4 are for the LINEOUT 2-4 outputs.
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND AUDIO_OUTPUT_2,"'XPOINT--75,LINE,2'"`
	
	Sets the mix level of the selected input's contribution to the audio LINEOUT (2) output to -75.

Video SEND_COMMANDs

The following table lists the video SEND_COMMANDs available for the DVX:

Video SEND_COMMANDs	

CI\<input>O\<output>
 	
Switches both the audio and video input port to the output port
	Switches both the audio and video input to the output port.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'CI<input>O<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	input = The source input port number.
	output = The output port number to switch to.
	
	Examples:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CI2O1'"`
	
	Switch (audio/video) input port #2 to output #1.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CI4O2'"`
	
	Switch video input port #4 to video output #2. Also switches audio input port #4 to audio output port #2.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CI3O1,2'"`
	
	Switches video input port #3 to output video ports #1 and #2. Switches audio input port #3 to audio output port #1 and #2.

CL\<sl>I\<input>O\<output>
 	
Switches the audio or video (or both) inputs to the output port.
	Switches the audio or video (or both) inputs to the output port.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'CL<sl>I<input>O<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	sl = AUDIO or VIDEO or ALL. ALL = both AUDIO and VIDEO.
	input = The source input port number.
	output = The output port number to switch to.
	
	Examples:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CLALLI2O1'"`
	
	Switch audio and video inputs (port #2) to output #1.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CLVIDEOI3O1,2'"`
	
	Switch video input (port #3) to video output ports #1 and #2.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CLAUDIOI4O1'"`
	
	Switch audio input (port #4) to audio output port #1.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'CLALLI1O1,2'"`
	
	Switches video input (port #1) to video output ports #1 and #2. Switches audio input (port #1) to audio output port #1.

?INPUT
 	
Requests for the input connected to an output.
	Normally, if the output port is not connected to any input port then the reply will indicate this with an input port number of ZERO (0). For the DVX products, at this time, the output parameter is ignored and assumed to be 1.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?INPUT-<sl>,<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	sl = AUDIO or VIDEO.
	output = The output port number.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?INPUT-AUDIO,1'"`
	
	Think of it as asking: Which audio input port is connected to output port #1? Returns a COMMAND string of the form:
	SWITCH-L\<AUDIO|VIDEO>I\<input>O\<output>.

?OSD	See the *?VIDOUT_OSD* section on page 106.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	
OSD	See the *VIDOUT_OSD* section on page 106.

?OUTPUT
 	
Requests for the outputs connected to an input.
	If the input port is not connected to any output port then the reply will indicate this with an output port number of ZERO (0).
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?OUTPUT-<sl>,<input>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	sl = AUDIO, VIDEO, or ALL. ALL = both AUDIO -and- VIDEO.
	
	input = The source input port number.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?OUTPUT-AUDIO,1'"`
	
	Think of it as asking: Which audio output ports are connected to input port #1? Returns a COMMAND string of the form:
	SWITCH-L<AUDIO|VIDEO>I<input>O<output>.

VI<input>O<output>
 	
Switches video input port to video output port
	Switch input to one or more outputs for switcher level Video. Set <input> to 0 for disconnect.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VI<input>O<output>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	input = The source video input port number.
	
	output = The video output port number to switch to.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'VI2O1'"`
	
	Switch video input port #2 to video output #1.
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'VI3O1,2'"`
	
	Switch video input port #3 to video output ports #1 (DVI) and #2 (RGB).

?VIDEO_MUTE	See the *?VIDOUT_MUTE* section on page 106.
VIDEO_MUTE	See the *VIDOUT_MUTE* section on page 106.
?VIDEO_TESTPATTERN	See the *?VIDOUT_TESTPAT* section on page 108.
VIDEO_TESTPATTERN	See the *VIDOUT_TESTPAT* section on page 109.

?VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS
 	
Requests the input brightness of the video port.
	Requests the input brightness of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS-<value>.

VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS
 	
Sets the input brightness of the video port.
	Sets the input brightness of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_BRIGHTNESS-50'"`
	
	Sets the brightness of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?VIDIN_BW
 	
Requests whether the color setting is enabled on the video input port.
	Requests to see if the video port addressed by the D:P:S has the COLOR setting enabled or disabled.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_BW'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?VIDIN_BW'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_BW-<ENABLE|DISABLE>.

VIDIN_BW
 	
Enables the color setting for the video input port.
	Enables or disables the COLOR setting on the video port addressed by the D:P:S. If enabled, then the COLOR setting is true. If disabled, then the COLOR setting is false which means it's Black & White instead.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDIN_BW-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_BW-ENABLE'"`

?VIDIN_COLOR	See the *?VIDIN_BW* section on page 98 for more information.
VIDIN_COLOR	See the *VIDIN_BW* section on page 98 for more information.

?VIDIN_CONTRAST
 	
Requests the input contrast value of the video port.
	Requests the input contrast of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_CONTRAST'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_CONTRAST'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_CONTRAST-<value>.

VIDIN_CONTRAST
 	
Sets the input contrast of the video port.
	Sets the input contrast of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_CONTRAST-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_CONTRAST-50'"`
	
	Sets the contrast of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

?VIDIN_EDID
 	
Requests which EDID source the video input is mirroring.
	Requests the EDID source being mirrored by the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_EDID'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_EDID'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_EDID-<source>. See the *VIDIN_EDID* command for the list of potential sources.

VIDIN_EDID
 	
Sets the EDID source to mirror the video input.
	Sets the EDID source to mirror in video input port addressed by D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDIN_EDID-<source>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	source = All Resolutions, Wide-screen, Full-screen, Mirror Out 1, Mirror Out 2, Mirror Out 3, Mirror Out 4
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_EDID-MIRROR OUT 2'"`

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?VIDIN_EDID_AUTO
 	
Requests whether the EDID source for the video input updates the available list of resolutions at regular intervals.
	Requests the status of the EDID update setting for the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_EDID_AUTO'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_EDID_AUTO'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_EDID_AUTO-<status>.

VIDIN_EDID_AUTO
 	
Sets whether you want the EDID source for the video input to update the list of available resolutions at regular intervals.
	Enables or disables whether the video input port addressed by D:P:S is supposed to have its list of available resolutions for the EDID source auto detected.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDIN_EDID_AUTO-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_EDID_AUTO-ENABLE'"`

?VIDIN_FORMAT
 	
Requests the input format of the video port.
	Requests the input format of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_FORMAT'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_FORMAT'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_FORMAT-<format>.

VIDIN_FORMAT
 	
Sets the input format of the video port.
	Sets the input format of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <format>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_FORMAT-<format>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	format = HDMI, DVI, S-VIDEO, COMPONENT, COMPOSITE, RGB for Multi-Format inputs. HDMI and DVI only for HDMI inputs.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_FORMAT-COMPONENT'"`
	
	Sets the format of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to COMPONENT.

?VIDIN_HDCP
 	
Requests the HDCP Compliance setting of the video port.
	Queries the video input HDCP compliance setting of the video input port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'?VIDIN_HDCP'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_HDCP'"`
	
	Returns a string of the form: VIDIN_STATUS-<ENABLE|DISABLE>.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

VIDIN_HDCP
 	
Sets the video input HDCP compliance setting of the video input port.
	Sets the video input HDCP compliance setting of the video input port addressed by the D:P:S. When VIDIN_HDCP is disabled, the addressed video input will appear to any source as not being HDCP compliant. For computer sources that encrypt all video when connected to an HDCP compliant display, disabling HDCP compliance on the input will cause the computer to send non-encrypted video which can then be routed to non-compliant displays and video conferencing systems.
	
	This command is not available for DXLink input ports.
	
	Note: It may be necessary to disconnect and re-connect PC sources after changing this setting.
	
	WARNING: Disabling HDCP compliance for sources that do not support non-compliant displays (such as DVD and Blu-Ray players) is not recommended and may affect DVX performance.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_HDCP-<option>'"`
	Variables:
	option = ENABLE, DISABLE (default = ENABLE)
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_HDCP-ENABLE'"`
	Enables the HDCP compliance of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S).

?VIDIN_HSHIFT
 	
Requests the horizontal shift value of the VGA video input port.
	Requests the input Horizontal shift of the VGA video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_HSHIFT'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_HSHIFT'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_HSHIFT-<value>.

VIDIN_HSHIFT
 	
Sets the horizontal shifting of the VGA video input port.
	Sets the horizontal shift of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_HSHIFT-<value>'"`
	Variables:
	value = -50..50
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDIN_HSHIFT-2'"`
	Sets the Horizontal shifting of VGA video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 2 (shift to right).
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDIN_HSHIFT--3'"`
	Sets the horizontal shifting of VGA video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to -3 (shift to left).

?VIDIN_HUE
 	
Requests the input hue value of the video port.
	Requests the input hue of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_HUE'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_HUE'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_HUE-<value>.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

VIDIN_HUE
 	
Sets the input hue of the video port.
	Sets the input hue of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_HUE-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_HUE-50'"`
	
	Sets the hue of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

?VIDIN_NAME
 	
Requests the name of the video input.
	Requests the input name of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_NAME'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_NAME'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_NAME-<name>.

VIDIN_NAME
 	
Sets the input name of the video port.
	Sets the input name of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <name>. The <name> length is limited to 63 characters. Specifying a longer name will result in truncation to the 63 character length limit. Valid characters are:
	
	  a-z // lower case letters
	
	  A-Z // upper case letters
	
	  0-9 // numeric
	
	  #.-_=+ // special characters hash, period, dash, underscore, equal, plus
	
	  <space> // space characters at the beginning of a name are truncated
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_NAME-<name>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  name = A string name. e.g.: "PC 1"
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_NAME-MyPC'"`
	
	Sets the name of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to MyPC. This is used for the On Screen Display feature.

?VIDIN_PHASE
 	
Requests the input phase value of the video port.
	Requests the input phase of the video port addressed by the D:P:S. This command is valid only for inputs whose format is set to VGA.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_PHASE'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_PHASE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_PHASE-<value>.

VIDIN_PHASE
 	
Sets the input phase of the video port.
	Sets the input phase of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>. This command is valid only for inputs whose format is set to VGA.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_PHASE-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  value = 0..31
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_PHASE-23'"`
	
	Sets the phase of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 23.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?VIDIN_PREF_EDID
 	
Requests the preferred resolution of the EDID source for the video input.
	Requests the preferred resolution of the EDID source being mirrored by the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_PREF_EDID'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_PREF_EDID'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_PREF_EDID-<resolution>.

VIDIN_PREF_EDID
 	
Sets the preferred resolution for the EDID source for the video input.
	Sets the preferred resolution for the EDID source to mirror in video input port addressed by D:P:S. You can only set the preferred resolution if you use the VIDIN_EDID command to set the EDID source to All Resolutions, Wide-screen, or Full-screen.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDIN_PREF_EDID-<resolution>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_PREF_EDID-`
	`1280x1024,60'"`

?VIDIN_RES_AUTO
 	
Requests the status of the auto resolution setting on the video input port.
	Requests to see if the video input port addressed by the D:P:S has its auto resolution setting enabled or disabled.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_RES_AUTO'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_RES_AUTO'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form:
	VIDIN_RES_AUTO-<ENABLE|DISABLE>.

VIDIN_RES_AUTO
 	
Sets the status of the auto resolution setting on the video input port.
	Enables or disables whether the video input port addressed by D:P:S is supposed to have its resolution auto detected.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDIN_RES_AUTO-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_RES_AUTO-ENABLE'"`

?VIDIN_RES_REF
 	
Requests the resolution of the video input port.
	Requests to resolution of the video input port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_RES_REF'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_RES_REF'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_RES_REF-<h>x<v>,<rate>.

VIDIN_RES_REF
 	
Sets the resolution and refresh rate of the video input port.
	Sets the resolution and refresh rate of the video input port addressed by D:P:S. Invalid combinations are ignored by the SWITCHER.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDIN_RES_REF-`
	`<horizontal>x<vertical>,<refresh-rate>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	horizontal = An integer value representing the horizontal.
	
	vertical = An integer value representing the vertical. May have an additional qualifier such as 'i' or 'p'.
	
	refresh-rate = An integer value representing the refresh rate.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_RES_REF-1440x480i,59'"`
	
	For a list of supported resolutions, see the *Appendix A - Input Resolutions* section on page 113.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?VIDIN_SATURATION
 	
Requests the saturation level of the video input port.
	Requests the input saturation of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_SATURATION'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_SATURATION'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_SATURATION-<value>.

VIDIN_SATURATION
 	
Sets the saturation level of the video input port.
	Sets the input saturation of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_SATURATION-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'VIDIN_SATURATION-50'"`
	
	Sets the saturation of video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

?VIDIN_STATUS
 	
Requests the status of the video input port.
	Requests the video input status of the video input port addressed by the D:P:S
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'?VIDIN_STATUS'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_STATUS'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_STATUS-<status string>
	status string = NO SIGNAL, UNKNOWN SIGNAL, or SIGNAL IS OK.

?VIDIN_VSHIFT
 	
Requests the vertical shift value of the RGB video input port.
	Requests the input Vertical shifting of the RGB video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDIN_VSHIFT'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_INPUT_1,"'?VIDIN_VSHIFT'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDIN_VSHIFT-<value>.

VIDIN_VSHIFT
 	
Sets the vertical shifting of the RGB video input port.
	Sets the vertical shift of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDIN_VSHIFT-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	  value = -10..10
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDIN_VSHIFT-2'"`
	
	Sets the vertical shifting of RGB video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 2 (shift upward).
	
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDIN_VSHIFT--3'"`
	
	Sets the vertical shifting of RGB video input port (#1 based on D:P:S) to -3 (shift downward).

?VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO
 	
Requests the aspect ratio of the video output port.
	Requests the aspect ratio of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO-<ratio>.
	See the *VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO* command for the list of aspect ratios.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO
 	
Sets the aspect ratio of the video output port.
	Sets the aspect ratio of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S. Note that the \<ratio\> value is case sensitive.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO-<ratio>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	ratio = MAINTAIN, STRETCH, ZOOM, ANAMORPHIC
	
	Note: *This command also accepts FULL in place of MAINTAIN.*
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_ASPECT_RATIO-ZOOM'"`

?VIDOUT_BLANK
 	
Requests the image setting of the video blanking feature for the video output port.
	Requests the image setting of the video blanking feature on the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_BLANK'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_BLANK'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_BLANK-\<image\>. See the *VIDOUT_BLANK* command for the list of images.

VIDOUT_BLANK
 	
Sets the image of the video blanking feature for the video output port.
	Sets the image of the video blanking feature for the video output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_BLANK-<color>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	image = black, blue, logo 1, logo 2, logo 3
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_BLANK-logo 1'"`

?VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS
 	
Requests the output brightness value of the video port.
	Requests the output brightness of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS-\<value\>.

VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS
 	
Sets the output brightness of the video port.
	Sets the output brightness of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to \<value\>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_BRIGHTNESS-50'"`
	
	Sets the brightness of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

?VIDOUT_CONTRAST
 	
Requests the input contrast value of the video port.
	Requests the input contrast of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_CONTRAST'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_CONTRAST'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_CONTRAST-\<value\>.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

VIDOUT_CONTRAST
 	
Sets the output contrast of the video port.
	Sets the output contrast of the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_CONTRAST-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	value = 0..100
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_CONTRAST-50'"`
	
	Sets the contrast of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 50.

?VIDOUT_FREEZE
 	
Requests whether the freeze option is active on the video output port.
	Requests the status of the freeze option of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_FREEZE'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_FREEZE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_FREEZE-<ENABLE|DISABLE>.

VIDOUT_FREEZE
 	
Sets the freeze option on the video output port.
	Enables or disables the Freeze setting on the video port addressed by the D:P:S. If enabled, then the Freeze setting is on. If disabled, then the Freeze setting is off.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"' VIDOUT_FREEZE-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"' VIDOUT_FREEZE-ENABLE'"`

?VIDOUT_HSHIFT
 	
Requests the horizontal shift value of the video output port.
	Requests the horizontal shifting of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_HSHIFT'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_HSHIFT'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_HSHIFT-<value>.

VIDOUT_HSHIFT
 	
Sets the horizontal shift of the video output port.
	Sets the horizontal shift of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_HSHIFT-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	value = -127..127
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDOUT_HSHIFT-2'"`
	
	Sets the horizontal shifting of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 2 (shift to right).
	
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDOUT_VSHIFT--3'"`
	
	Sets the horizontal shifting of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to -3 (shift to left).

?VIDOUT_HSIZE
 	
Requests the horizontal size value of the image displayed on the video output port.
	Requests the horizontal size of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_HSIZE'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_HSIZE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_HSIZE-<value>.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

VIDOUT_HSIZE
 	
Sets the horizontal size of the image displayed on the video output port.
	Sets the horizontal size of the image on the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_HSIZE-<value>'"`
	Variables:
	  value = 25..800
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_HSIZE-100'"`
	Sets the horizontal size of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 100.

?VIDOUT_MUTE
 	
Requests if all-port video output is muted.
	Requests to see if VIDEO mute is enabled or disabled.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_MUTE'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?VIDOUT_MUTE'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_MUTE<ENABLE|DISABLE>

VIDOUT_MUTE
 	
Enable or disable video output display.
	Enables or disables VIDEO mute.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_MUTE-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'VIDOUT_MUTE-ENABLE'"`

?VIDOUT_ON
 	
Requests the active status of a video output.
	Requests to see if a video output is enabled or disabled.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_ON'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?VIDOUT_ON'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_ON-<ON|OFF>.

VIDOUT_ON
 	
Activates a video output display.
	Turns on or turns off a video display.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_ON-<ON|OFF>'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'VIDOUT_ON-ON'"`

?VIDOUT_OSD
 	
Requests whether the OSD setting is enabled.
	Requests whether the video port addressed by the D:P:S has the OSD setting enabled or disabled.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_OSD'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'? VIDOUT_OSD'"`
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_OSD-<ENABLE|DISABLE>.

VIDOUT_OSD
 	
Enables the OSD for the video port.
	Enables or Disables the On Screen Display (OSD) setting on the video port addressed by the D:P:S. If enabled, then the OSD setting is on. If disabled, then the OSD setting is off.
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>," VIDOUT_'OSD-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"' VIDOUT_OSD-ENABLE'"`

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR
 	
Requests the color of the OSD on the video port.
	Requests the On Screen Display (OSD) color on the display connected to the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'? VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'? VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR-<color>.

VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR
 	
Sets the OSD color scheme for the video port.
	Determines the On Screen Display (OSD) color scheme on the display connected to the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Variables:
	
	  color = black, blue, white, yellow
	
	Schemes:
	
	<table><tr><td><u>**Options**</u></td><td><u>**Background**</u></td><td><u>**Font**</u></td></tr><tr><td>Black</td><td>Black</td><td>White</td></tr><tr><td>Blue</td><td>Blue</td><td>Yellow</td></tr><tr><td>White</td><td>White</td><td>Black</td></tr><tr><td>Yellow</td><td>Yellow</td><td>Blue</td></tr></table>
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR-<color>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_OSD_COLOR-BLACK'"`

?VIDOUT_OSD_POS
 	
Requests the OSD position for the video port.
	Requests the On Screen Display (OSD) position on the display connected to the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_OSD_POS'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_OSD_POS'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_OSD_POS-<position>.

VIDOUT_OSD_POS
 	
Sets the OSD position for the video port.
	Determines the On Screen Display (OSD) position on the display connected to the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Variables:
	
	  position = TOP LEFT, TOP RIGHT, BTM RIGHT, BTM LEFT
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_OSD_POS-<position>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"' VIDOUT_OSD_POS-TOP LEFT"`

?VIDOUT_RES
 	
Requests the resolution of the video output port.
	Requests to resolution of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_RES'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_RES'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_RES-<h>x<v>,<rate>.

?VIDOUT_RES_AUTO	See the *?VIDOUT_SCALE* section on page 108.
VIDOUT_RES_AUTO	See the *VIDOUT_SCALE* section on page 108.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?VIDOUT_RES_REF
 	
Requests the resolution and refresh rate of the video output port.
	Requests the resolution and refresh rate of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_RES_REF'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_RES_REF'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_RES_REF-<h>x<v>,<rate>.

VIDOUT_RES_REF
 	
Sets the resolution and refresh rate of the video output port.
	Sets the resolution and refresh rate of the video output port addressed by D:P:S. Invalid combinations are ignored by the All-In-One Presentation Switcher.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_RES_REF-`
	`<horizontal>x<vertical>,<refresh-rate>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	horizontal = An integer value representing the horizontal.
	
	vertical = An integer value representing the vertical. May have an additional qualifier such as 'i' or 'p'.
	
	refresh-rate = An integer value representing the refresh rate.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_RES_REF-`
	`1280x1024,60'"`
	
	For a list of supported resolutions, see the *Appendix B - Output Resolutions* section on page 117.

?VIDOUT_SCALE
 	
Requests the status of the scaling mode of the video output port.
	Requests to see which scaling mode the video output port addressed by the D:P:S is using.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_SCALE'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_SCALE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_SCALE-<scale>.

VIDOUT_SCALE
 	
Sets the scaling mode on the video output port.
	Sets the scaling mode for the video output port addressed by D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'VIDOUT_SCALE-<scale>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	scale = Auto, Manual, or Bypass
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_SCALE-AUTO'"`

?VIDOUT_TESTPAT
 	
Requests the test pattern setting for the video output port.
	Requests the test pattern setting.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_TESTPAT'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_TESTPAT'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_TESTPAT-<pattern>. See the *VIDOUT_TESTPAT* command for the list of test patterns.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

VIDOUT_TESTPAT
 	
Sets the test pattern for the video output port.
	Sets the test pattern to display.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_TESTPAT-<pattern>'"`
	
	Variables:
	 pattern = Off, Color Bar, Gray Ramp, SMPTE Bar, HiLoTrak, Pluge, X-Hatch, Logo 1, Logo 2, Logo 3 (These options are *not* case sensitive.)
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_TESTPAT-X-Hatch'"`
	
	Sets the test pattern to display to 'X-Hatch'.

?VIDOUT_VSHIFT
 	
Requests the vertical shift value of the video output port.
	Requests the vertical shifting of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_VSHIFT'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_VSHIFT'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_VSHIFT-<value>.

VIDOUT_VSHIFT
 	
Sets the vertical shift of the video output port.
	Sets the vertical shift of the video output port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_VSHIFT-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	 value = -127..127
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDOUT_VSHIFT-2'"`
	
	Sets the vertical shifting of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 2 (shift upward).
	
	`SEND_COMMAND "'VIDOUT_VSHIFT--3'"`
	
	Sets the vertical shifting of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to -3 (shift downward).

?VIDOUT_VSIZE
 	
Requests the vertical size value of the image displayed on the video output port.
	Requests the vertical size of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_VSIZE'"`
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_VSIZE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_VSIZE-<value>.

VIDOUT_VSIZE
 	
Sets the vertical size of the image displayed on the video output port.
	Sets the vertical size of the image on the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Syntax:
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_VSIZE-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	 value = 25..800
	
	Example:
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_VSIZE-100'"`
	
	Sets the vertical size of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 100.

Video SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)

?VIDOUT_ZOOM
 	
Requests the zoom setting value for the video output port.
	Requests the zoom of the video port addressed by the D:P:S.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?VIDOUT_ZOOM'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'?VIDOUT_ZOOM'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: VIDOUT_ZOOM-<value>.

VIDOUT_ZOOM
 	
Sets the zoom for the video output port.
	Sets the zoom of the image on the video port addressed by the D:P:S to <value>.
	
	Note: *Adjusting the video output zoom also adjusts the horizontal and vertical sizes of the video output.*
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'VIDOUT_ZOOM-<value>'"`
	
	Variables:
	
	value = 25..800
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND VIDEO_OUTPUT_1,"'VIDOUT_ZOOM-100'"`
	
	Sets the zoom of video output port (#1 based on D:P:S) to 100.

Front Panel SEND_COMMANDs

The following table lists the front panel SEND_COMMANDs available for the DVX:

Front Panel SEND_COMMANDs

?FP_LOCKOUT
 	
Requests the status of the front panel lockout.
	Requests to see if the Front Panel is locked out.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?FP_LOCKOUT'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?FP_LOCKOUT'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: FP_LOCKOUT-<ENABLE|DISABLE>.

FP_LOCKOUT
 	
Sets the front panel lockout.
	Enables or Disables whether the Front Panel is supposed to be locked out.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'FP_LOCKOUT-<ENABLE|DISABLE>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'FP_LOCKOUT-ENABLE'"`

?FP_LOCKTYPE
 	
Requests the type of lockout set for the front panel.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?FP_LOCKTYPE'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?FP_LOCKTYPE'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: FP_LOCKTYPE-<Value>.
	Value = 1: lock out all menus; 2: reserved; 3: lockout configure menu only

FP_LOCKTYPE
 	
Sets the lockout type for front panel.
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'FP_LOCKTYPE-<value>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	value = 1: lock out all menus; 2: reserved; 3: lockout configure menu only
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"FP_LOCKTYPE-1'"`

Front Panel SEND_COMMANDs (Cont.)	

?INTENSITY_LCD
 	
Query LCD display light intensity
	Requests the intensity setting of the LCD screen on the Front Panel.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?INTENSITY_LCD'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?INTENSITY_LCD'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: INTENSITY_LCD-<value>.

INTENSITY_LCD
 	
Sets the LCD display light intensity
	Sets the intensity of the lighting/brightness of the LCD screen that is part of the Front Panel.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'INTENSITY_LCD-<intensity-value>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	intensity-value = An integer value in the range of 0-100 with 0 being no illumination and 100 being maximum illumination.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'INTENSITY_LCD-50'"`
	
	Sets the intensity of the LCD screen on the Front Panel to 50.

?INTENSITY_LEDS
 	
Query front panel light intensity.
	Requests the intensity setting of the LED buttons on the Front Panel.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?INTENSITY_LEDS'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?INTENSITY_LEDS'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: INTENSITY_LEDS-<value>.

INTENSITY_LEDS
 	
Sets the front panel light intensity
	Sets the intensity of the lighting/brightness of the LED buttons that are part of the Front Panel.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'INTENSITY_LEDS-<intensity-value>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	intensity-value = An integer value in the range of 0-100 with 0 being no illumination and 100 being maximum illumination.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'INTENSITY_LEDS-50'"`
	
	Sets the intensity of the LED buttons on the Front Panel to 50.

System SEND_COMMANDs

The following table lists the System SEND_COMMANDs available for the DVX:

System SEND_COMMANDs	

DXLINK_ETH
 	
Controls Ethernet traffic through the DXLINK output card.
	This command instructs the output DXLINK card to disable Ethernet traffic or go to auto mode. In Auto mode, Ethernet traffic is controlled after negotiation through PDIF.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'DXLINK_ETH-<auto|off>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'DXLINK_ETH-auto'"`

DXLINK_IN_ETH
 	
Controls Ethernet traffic through the DXLINK input card.
	This command instructs the input DXLINK card to disable Ethernet traffic or go to auto mode. In Auto mode, Ethernet traffic is controlled after negotiation through PDIF.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'DXLINK_IN_ETH-<auto|off>'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'DXLINK_IN_ETH-auto'"`

?FAN_SPEED
 	
Requests the speed of the fans.
	Requests the speed of the fans inside the unit.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>, "'?FAN_SPEED-<fan>'"`
	
	Variable:
	
	fan = The specific fan you want to check. Can be 1 or 2.
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND SWITCHER,"'?FAN_SPEED-1'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: FAN_SPEED-<fan1><fan2>.

?TEMP
 	
Requests the temperature inside the controller.
	Requests the temperature detected inside the controller. The temperature value returned is in Celsius.
	
	Syntax:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND <DEV>,"'?TEMP'"`
	
	Example:
	
	`SEND_COMMAND dvDev,"'?TEMP'"`
	
	Returns a COMMAND string of the form: TEMP-<temp value in C>.

Appendix A - Input Resolutions

Available Pixel Display and Refresh Rates

The available pixel display and refresh rates for the input devices on the DVX are listed in the following sections.

DVI, HDMI, and VGA Supported Input Resolutions

DVI, HDMI, and VGA Supported Input Resolutions							
Resolution Name	Horizontal Active Pixels	Vertical Active Lines	Refresh (Hz)	HDMI & DVI Support	VGA Support	Comments	Video Standard
640x400@85	640	400	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
640x480@60	640	480	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
640x480@72	640	480	72	✓	✓		VESA DMT
640x480@75	640	480	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
640x480@85	640	480	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
720x400@85	720	400	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
720x480p@60	720	480	60	✓	✓	480p	CEA 861
720x480p@120	720	480	120	✓	✓	480p	CEA 861
720x480p@240	720	480	240	✓	✓	480p	CEA 861
720x576p@50	720	576	50	✓	✓	576p	CEA 861
720x576p@100	720	576	100	✓	✓	576p	CEA 861
720x576p@200	720	576	200	✓	✓	576p	CEA 861
800x500@60	800	500	60	✓	✓		VESA CVT
800x600@56	800	600	56	✓	✓		VESA DMT
800x600@60	800	600	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
800x600@72	800	600	72	✓	✓		VESA DMT
800x600@75	800	600	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
800x600@85	800	600	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
848x480@60	848	480	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
848x480@75	848	480	75	✓	✓		VESA CVT
848x480@85	848	480	85	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1024x640@60	1024	640	60	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1024x768@60	1024	768	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1024x768@70	1024	768	70	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1024x768@75	1024	768	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1024x768@85	1024	768	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1152x864@75	1152	864	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x720@50	1280	720	50	✓	✓		CEA 861
1280x720@60	1280	720	60	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1280x720p@60	1280	720	60	✓	✓	720p	CEA 861
1280x720p@100	1280	720	100	✓	✓	720p	CEA 861
1280x720p@120	1280	720	120	✓	✓	720p	CEA 861
1280x768@59	1280	768	59	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1280x768@60	1280	768	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT

DVI, HDMI, and VGA Supported Input Resolutions (Cont.)							
Resolution Name	Horizontal Active Pixels	Vertical Active Lines	Refresh (Hz)	HDMI & DVI Support	VGA Support	Comments	Video Standard
1280x768@74	1280	768	74	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x768@75	1280	768	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x768@84	1280	768	84	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x768@85	1280	768	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x800@60	1280	800	60	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1280x960@60	1280	960	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x960@85	1280	960	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x1024@60	1280	1024	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x1024@75	1280	1024	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1280x1024@85	1280	1024	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1360x764@60	1360	764	60	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1360x768@60	1360	768	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1400x1050@60	1400	1050	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1400x1050@75	1400	1050	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1440x900@60	1440	900	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1440x900@75	1440	900	75	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1440x900@85	1440	900	85	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1600x1200@60	1600	1200	60	✓	✓		VESA DMT
1680x1050@60	1680	1050	60	✓	✓		VESA CVT
1920x1080i@50	1920	540	50	✓		HDMI & DVI only - 1080i	CEA 861
1920x1080i@60	1920	540	60	✓		HDMI & DVI only - 1080i	CEA 861
1920x1080p@25	1920	1080	25	✓	✓	1080p	CEA 861
1920x1080p@30	1920	1080	30	✓	✓	1080p	CEA 861
1920x1080p@50	1920	1080	50	✓	✓	1080p	CEA 861
1920x1080@60	1920	1080	60		✓	VGA only	VESA CVT
1920x1080p@60	1920	1080	60	✓	✓	1080p	CEA 861
1920x1200@60	1920	1200	60	✓	✓	Reduced Blanking	VESA CVT

Composite and S-Video Supported Input Resolutions

Composite and S-Video Supported Input Resolutions					
Resolution Name	Horizontal Active Pixels	Vertical Active Pixels	Refresh (Hz)	Comments	Video Standard
720x480i@60	720	240	60	480i	CEA
720x576i@50	720	288	50	576i	CEA

Component Video Supported Input Resolutions

Component Video Supported Input Resolutions					
Resolution Name	Horizontal Active Pixels	Vertical Active Pixels	Refresh (Hz)	Comments	Video Standard
720x480i@60	720	240	59.9	480i	CEA 770.2
720x480p@60	720	480	59.9	480p	SMPTE 293M CEA 770.2 ITU-R BT.1358
720x576i@50	720	288	50	576i	
720x576p@50	720	576	50	576p	ITU-R BT.1358
1280x720p@50	1280	720	50	720p50	SMPTE 296M
1280x720p@60	1280	720	59.9	720p	SMPTE 296M CEA 770.3
1440x960p@60	1440	960	59.9	960p	
1920x1080i@50	1920	540	50	1080i50	SMPTE 274M
1920x1080is@50	1920	540	50	1080i_S295M	SMPTE 295M
1920x1080i@60	1920	540	59.9	1080i	SMPTE 274M CEA 770.3
1920x1080p@50	1920	1080	50	1080p50	SMPTE 274M
1920x1080ps@50	1920	1080	50	1080p_S295M	SMPTE 295M
1920x1080p@60	1920	1080	59.9	1080p	SMPTE 274M

Appendix B - Output Resolutions

Available Pixel Display and Refresh Rates

The available pixel display and refresh rates for the output devices on the DVX are listed in the following section.

DVI and HDMI Supported Output Resolutions

DVI and HDMI Supported Output Resolutions					
Resolution Name	Horizontal Active Pixels	Vertical Active Pixels	Refresh (Hz)	Comments	Video Standard
640x480@60	640	480	60		VESA DMT
640x480@72	640	480	72		VESA DMT
640x480@75	640	480	75		VESA DMT
800x600@60	800	600	60		VESA DMT
800x600@72	800	600	72		VESA DMT
800x600@75	800	600	75		VESA DMT
1024x768@60	1024	768	60		VESA DMT
1024x768@70	1024	768	70		VESA DMT
1024x768@75	1024	768	75		VESA DMT
1280x720p@60	1280	720	60	720p	CEA 861
1280x768@60	1280	768	60		
1280x800@60	1280	800	60		VESA CVT
1280x1024@60	1280	1024	60		VESA DMT
1360x768@60	1360	768	60		VESA DMT
1440x900@60	1440	900	60		VESA CVT
1600x1200@60	1600	1200	60		VESA DMT
1680x1050@60	1680	1050	60		VESA CVT
1920x1080@60	1920	1080	60	1080	VESA CVT
1920x1080p@60	1920	1080	60	1080p	CEA 861
1920x1200@60	1920	1200	60	Reduced Blanking	VESA CVT-R

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